AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 15, 2013 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 19, 2013

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2013-14 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 187

Introduced by Assembly-Member Members Bonta and Dickinson

January 28, 2013

An act to amend Section 1656.1 of the Civil Code, to add Title 7 (commencing with Section 14001) to Part 4 of the Penal Code, and to add Section 6012.4 to, and to add Part 14.5 (commencing with Section 33001) to Division 2-of of, the Revenue and Taxation Code, relating to taxation, to take effect immediately, tax levy.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 187, as amended, Bonta. Taxation: ammunition: *School-Based Early Mental Health Intervention and Prevention Services Matching Grant Program:* Public Safety Emergency Prevention Fund.

Existing sales and use tax laws impose taxes on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state, or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state.

Existing law, the School-Based Early Mental Health Intervention and Prevention Services Matching Grant Program, authorizes the Director of Mental Health, in consultation with the Superintendent of Public Instruction, to award matching grants to local educational agencies to pay the state share of the costs of providing programs that provide school-based early mental health intervention and prevention services

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to eligible pupils at schoolsites of eligible pupils, in accordance with specified criteria.

This bill would impose a tax upon retailers for the privilege of selling ammunition at the rate of 10% of the gross receipts of any retailer from the sale of ammunition sold at retail in this state on or after January July 1, 2014. It would also impose a comparable excise tax on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of ammunition purchased from a retailer for the storage, use, or other consumption in this state, as provided. The taxes would be collected pursuant to the Fee Collection Procedures Law. This bill would require that revenues collected pursuant to these taxes be deposited in the Ammunition Tax Fund, which this bill would create. This bill would require, upon appropriation by the Legislature, moneys in the Ammunition Tax Fund to be allocated in specified percentages to the School-Based Early Mental Health Intervention and Prevention Services Matching Grant Program, and to the Public Safety Emergency Prevention Fund, which the bill would create. The This bill would require the moneys in the fund would be allocated Public Safety Emergency Prevention Fund, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to be expended by the Office of Emergency Services to fund public safety programs in high crime municipalities.

Because this bill would expand the scope of the Fee Collection Procedures Law, the violation of which is a crime, and would create crimes for specified retailer misconduct, it would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

This bill would include a change in state statute that would result in a taxpayer paying a higher tax within the meaning of Section 3 of Article XIII A of the California Constitution, and thus would require for passage the approval of $\frac{2}{3}$ of the membership of each house of the Legislature.

This bill would take effect immediately as a tax levy.

Vote: $\frac{2}{3}$. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

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The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the following:

- (a) (1) California recognizes a clearly defined nexus between the use of guns in violent crime and access to guns and ammunition.
 - (b)
- (2) While many factors can contribute to an increase in gun crime, one important way to reduce crime is through proper funding of public safety services.
- 10 (c)

- (3) Communities, such as Oakland and Stockton, have been suffering from spikes in violent crime with 131 and 71 homicides reported in 2012, respectively, in conjunction with reductions in public safety budgets and street-level police forces. There is a clear and compelling risk to the safety of the public in these communities.
 - (d)
- (4) The Legislature, therefore, finds and declares that providing a source of stable revenue through a tax on the sale of ammunition to fund vital public safety programs in high crime municipalities will serve California's best interest by likely reducing acts of violence committed with a deadly weapon in the state and thereby promoting the health and safety of the state's residents.
- (b) (1) People with mental illness are no more likely to commit violent acts than are others. California law, however, does restrict the ownership of guns by individuals who have been adjudicated as being a danger to themselves or others because of mental illness.
- (2) The ability of mental health professionals to predict any particular mental disorder or disordered individual as being likely responsible for or likely to commit an act of violence with a deadly weapon is weak. Nonetheless, recent tragic events involving mass shootings in Connecticut, Colorado, Arizona, and elsewhere are revealing a pattern of young individuals who are suffering from some form of mental illness that progressed from mild or moderate to more serious conditions, when those individuals' mental illness was not identified and treated at an early age.
- (3) Research has found that there is a clear relationship between early adjustment problems and later adolescent problems, and

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that many of these adjustment problems are due to mild to
 moderate mental disorders among schoolage children. In many
 cases, signs of these problems can be detected in early school
 grades.

- (4) Treating mental illness in a timely manner before conditions become more severe, in conjunction with restricting gun ownership by individuals adjudicated as being a danger to themselves or others, may be a productive approach for reducing the extent to which some people suffering from mental illness commit a violent act with the use of a deadly weapon.
- (5) In 1991 California enacted the School-Based Early Mental Health Intervention and Prevention Services Matching Grant Program (EMHI). This program is intended to ensure that pupils will receive the benefits of school-based early mental health intervention and prevention services that will enhance the mental health and social development of children.
- (6) Scientific evaluation of EMHI has shown dramatic improvements in adjustment behavior among children in grades 1 to 3, inclusive, and success in reducing the incidence of early mild to moderate mental illness. Further, the improvement in children's behavior has been shown to continue through their later school years.
- (7) Due to state budget constraints EMHI was defunded in the 2012–13 Budget Act. The Legislature, therefore, finds and declares that providing a source of stable revenue to continue the EMHI matching grants is in California's best interest, both in economic and human terms, to identify and treat the minor and moderate mental difficulties that children experience before they become serious mental disorders. The Legislature further finds and declares that a reduction in the incidence of mental illness is likely to reduce acts of violence committed with a deadly weapon in our state, and therefore a tax on the sale of ammunition is a means of refunding the EMHI program.
- SEC. 2. Section 1656.1 of the Civil Code is amended to read: 1656.1. (a) Whether a retailer may add sales tax reimbursement to the sales price of the tangible personal property sold at retail to a purchaser depends solely upon the terms of the agreement of sale. It shall be presumed that the parties agreed to the addition of sales tax reimbursement to the sales price of tangible personal property sold at retail to a purchaser if:

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(1) The agreement of sale expressly provides for—such that addition of sales tax reimbursement;

- (2) Sales tax reimbursement is shown on the sales check or other proof of sale; or
- (3) The retailer posts in his or her premises in a location visible to purchasers, or includes on a price tag or in an advertisement or other printed material directed to purchasers, a notice to the effect that reimbursement for sales tax will be added to the sales price of all items or certain items, whichever is applicable.
- (b) It shall be presumed that the property, the gross receipts from the sale of which is subject to the sales tax, is sold at a price which includes tax reimbursement if the retailer posts in his or her premises, or includes on a price tag or in an advertisement, whichever is applicable, one of the following notices:
- (1) "All prices of taxable items include sales tax reimbursement computed to the nearest mill."
- (2) "The price of this item includes sales tax reimbursement computed to the nearest mill."
- (c) (1) The State Board of Equalization shall prepare and make available for inspection and duplication or reproduction a sales tax reimbursement schedule which shall set forth the various rates of tax then in effect as applied to price ranges from one cent (\$0.01) to at least one dollar (\$1).
- (2) Reimbursement on sales prices in excess of those shown in the schedules prepared pursuant to paragraph (1) may be computed by applying the applicable tax rate to the sales price, rounded off to the nearest cent by eliminating any fraction less than one-half cent and increasing any fraction of one-half cent or over to the next higher cent.
- (3) If sales tax reimbursement is added to the sales price of tangible personal property sold at retail, the retailer shall use a schedule provided by the board, or a schedule approved by the board.
- (d) The presumptions created by this section are rebuttable presumptions.
- (e) For purposes of this section, as applied to Part 14.5 (commencing with Section 33001) of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, sales tax reimbursement shall refer to reimbursement for the tax imposed by that part, and tangible

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personal property shall include ammunition as defined under that 2 part.

SEC. 3. Title 7 (commencing with Section 14001) is added to Part 4 of the Penal Code, to read:

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TITLE 7. PUBLIC SAFETY EMERGENCY PREVENTION **FUND**

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14001. The Public Safety Emergency Prevention Fund is hereby created in the State Treasury. All moneys raised pursuant to the taxes imposed by Sections 33021 and 33022 of the Revenue and Taxation Code shall be deposited in the Public Safety Emergency Prevention Fund.

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- 14002. All moneys in the fund shall, upon appropriation by the Legislature, be expended by the Office of Emergency Services to support public safety programs in high crime municipalities.
- SEC. 4. Section 6012.4 is added to the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read:
- 6012.4. For purposes of this part, "gross receipts" shall not include the amount of any tax imposed upon ammunition pursuant to Part 14.5 (commencing with Section 33001).

22 SEC. 4.

> SEC. 5. Part 14.5 (commencing with Section 33001) is added to Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, to read:

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PART 14.5. AMMUNITION TAX LAW

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Chapter 1. General Provisions and Definitions

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- 33001. This part shall be known and may be cited as the Ammunition Tax Law.
 - 33002. For purposes of this part:

- (a) "Ammunition" includes, but is not limited to, any bullet, cartridge, or projectile capable of being fired from a firearm with a deadly consequence. "Ammunition" does not include blanks.
- (b) "Firearm" means a device, designed to be used as a weapon, from which is expelled through a barrel, a projectile by the force of an explosion or other form of combustion.
- (c) "Retailer engaged in business in this state" has the same meaning as defined in Section 6203.

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33012. Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions provided in Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 6001) of Part 1 govern the construction of this part.

CHAPTER 2. IMPOSITION OF TAX

- 33021. In addition to the tax imposed under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 6051) of Part 1, for the privilege of selling ammunition at retail there is hereby imposed a tax upon all retailers at the rate of 10 percent of the gross receipts of any retailer from the sale of all ammunition sold at retail in this state on or after January July 1, 2014.
- 33022. (a) In addition to the tax imposed under Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 6201) of Part 1, an excise tax is hereby imposed on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of ammunition purchased from any retailer on or after—January July 1, 2014, for storage, use, or other consumption in this state at the rate of 10 percent of the sales price of the ammunition.
- (b) Every person storing, using, or otherwise consuming in this state ammunition purchased from a retailer is liable for the tax. His or her liability is not extinguished until the tax has been paid to this state except that a receipt from a retailer engaged in business in this state or from a retailer who is authorized by the board, under the rules and regulations as it may prescribe, to collect the tax and who is, for the purposes of this part relating to the use tax, regarded as a retailer engaged in business in this state, given to the purchaser pursuant to subdivision (c) is sufficient to relieve the purchaser from further liability for the tax to which the receipt refers.
- (c) Every retailer engaged in business in this state and making sales for storage, use, or other consumption in this state, not exempted under Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 33031), shall, at the time of making the sales or, if the storage, use, or other consumption of ammunition is not then taxable hereunder, at the time the storage, use, or other consumption becomes taxable, collect the tax from the purchaser and give to the purchaser a receipt therefor in the manner and form prescribed by the board.
- (d) The tax required to be collected by the retailer and any amount unreturned to the customer which is not tax but was collected from the customer under the representation by the retailer that it was tax constitutes debts owed by the retailer to this state.

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> (e) It is unlawful for any retailer to advertise or hold out or state to the public or to any customer, directly or indirectly, that the tax or any part thereof will be assumed or absorbed by the retailer or that it will not be added to the selling price of the property ammunition sold or that if added it or any part thereof will be refunded.

- (f) The tax required to be collected by the retailer from the purchaser shall be displayed separately from the list price, the price advertised in the premises, the marked price, or other price on the sales check or other proof of sales.
- (g) Any person violating subdivision (c), (e), or (f) is guilty of a misdemeanor.

CHAPTER 3. EXEMPTION

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33031. There are exempted from the taxes imposed by this part, the sale of, or the storage, use, or other consumption of, ammunition purchased by any peace officer required to carry or use a firearm that uses ammunition while on duty, or by any governmental law enforcement agency employing-that a peace officer, officer for use by that peace officer in the normal course of employment.

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CHAPTER 4. COLLECTION AND ADMINISTRATION

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33041. The board shall administer and collect the tax taxes imposed by this part pursuant to the Fee Collection Procedures Law (Part 30 (commencing with Section 55001)). For purposes of this part, the references in the Fee Collection Procedures Law to "fee" shall include the tax taxes imposed by this part and references to "feepayer" shall mean any person liable for the payment of the taxes imposed under this part and collected pursuant to that law.

33042. The taxes imposed by this part are due and payable to the board quarterly on or before the last day of the month next succeeding each quarterly period of three months.

33043. On or before the last day of the month following each quarterly period a return for the preceding quarterly period shall be filed with the board.

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Chapter 5. Disposition of Proceeds

- 33051. All amounts required to be paid under this part shall be made in remittances to the board, and those revenues, net of refunds and costs of administration, and shall be deposited in the Public Safety Emergency Prevention Fund, established pursuant to Section 14001 of the Penal Code. Ammunition Tax Fund, which is hereby created in the State Treasury. Upon appropriation by the Legislature, the moneys in the fund shall be allocated as follows:
- (a) Thirty-three and one-third percent to the School-Based Early Mental Health Intervention and Prevention Services Matching Grant Program (Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 4380) of Part 4 of Division 4 of the Welfare and Institutions Code).
- (b) Sixty-six and two-thirds percent to the Public Safety Emergency Prevention Fund, established pursuant to Section 14001 of the Penal Code for the purposes described in Section 14002 of the Penal Code.

SEC. 5.

SEC. 6. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution.

29 SEC. 6.

SEC. 7. This act provides for a tax levy within the meaning of Article IV of the Constitution and shall go into immediate effect.