## **Introduced by Senator Calderon**

February 14, 2013

An act to add Section 10271.2 to amend Sections 10271.1 and 10292 of the Insurance Code, relating to life insurance.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 281, as amended, Calderon. Life insurance.

Existing law governs the business of insurance, and defines various types of insurance for these purposes, including life insurance and disability insurance. Existing law generally makes the requirements imposed on disability insurance contracts inapplicable to life insurance, endowment, and annuity contracts, or supplemental contracts thereto, that provide additional benefits in case of death or dismemberment or loss of sight by accident, that operate to safeguard contracts against lapse, or give a special surrender benefit, or a special benefit, as specified.

This bill would specify that the term "special benefit" for purposes of those provisions means an accelerated death benefit that is added to a life insurance contract to provide for the advance payment of any part of the death proceeds to the insured upon the occurrence of certain qualifying events, including if the insured requires continuous confinement in an eligible institution and is expected to remain there for the rest of his or her life.

Existing law requires supplemental contracts or, if a supplemental contract is an integral part of a life insurance contract, life insurance contracts to be submitted for approval by the Insurance Commissioner before the contracts are delivered or issued for delivery in this state.

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This bill would require a life insurance contract or supplemental contract that includes an accelerated death benefit and that is submitted for approval by the Insurance Commissioner to be submitted for approval with specified additional information, including a statement of the types of policy forms with which the benefit will be offered.

Existing law governs the business of insurance and defines various types of insurance for these purposes, including life insurance and disability insurance.

This bill would define an "accelerated death benefit" for purposes of certain provisions governing life and disability insurance to mean a benefit that is added to a life insurance policy to provide for the advance payment of any part of the death proceeds payable upon the occurrence of a qualifying event.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: <del>no</del> yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 10271.1 of the Insurance Code is amended 2 to read:

10271.1. (a) (1) Provisions or supplemental contracts that operate to safeguard life insurance contracts against lapse are defined as a waiver of premium benefit or a waiver of monthly deduction benefit, as applicable, in which the insurer waives the premium or monthly deduction for a life insurance contract when the insured becomes totally disabled, as defined in the contract or supplemental contract, and where the waiver continues until the end of the insured's disability, or until the attainment of an age established by the insurer.

- (2) For purposes of this subdivision, total disability shall not be less favorable to the insured than the following:
- (A) During the first 24 months of total disability, the insured is unable to perform with reasonable continuity the substantial and material duties of his or her job due to sickness or bodily injury.
- (B) After the first 24 months of total disability, the insured, due to sickness or bodily injury, is unable to engage with reasonable continuity in any other job in which he or she could reasonably be expected to perform satisfactorily in light of his or her age, education, training, experience, station in life, or physical and mental capacity.

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(3) The definition of total disability may also include presumptive total disability, such as the insured's total and permanent loss of sight of both eyes, hearing of both ears, speech, the use of both hands, both feet, or one hand and one foot.

- (4) The insurer may require total disability to continue for an uninterrupted period of time specified in the contract or supplemental contract, or the insurer may allow separate periods of disability to be combined.
- (5) The waiver of premium or monthly deduction benefit shall continue for the period specified in the contract or supplemental contract, but shall not be less favorable to the insured than the following:
- (A) If the insured's total disability begins before the insured attains 60 years of age, the insurer shall waive all premiums or monthly deductions due for the period of the total disability, and if the total disability extends to the insured's attainment of 65 years of age, the insurer shall waive all further premiums or monthly deductions due.
- (B) If the insured's total disability begins after the age specified in subparagraph (A), the insurer shall waive all premiums or monthly deductions due for the period that the insured continues to be totally disabled up to 65 years of age.
- (b) "Special surrender benefit" is defined as a "waiver of surrender charge benefit" wherein the insurer waives the surrender charge usually charged for a withdrawal of funds from the cash value of a life insurance contract or the account value of an annuity contract if the owner, insured, or annuitant, as applicable, meets any of the following criteria:
- (1) Develops any medical condition where the owner's, insured's, or annuitant's life expectancy is expected to be less than or equal to a limited period of time that shall not be restricted to a period of less than 12 months or greater than 24 months.
- (2) Is receiving, as prescribed by a physician, registered nurse, or licensed social worker, home care or community-based services, as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 10232.9, or is confined in a skilled nursing facility, convalescent nursing home, or extended care facility, which shall not be defined more restrictively than as in the Medicare program, or is confined in a residential care facility or residential care facility for the elderly, as defined in the Health and Safety Code. Out-of-state providers of services shall be defined

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as comparable in licensure and staffing requirements to California
providers.

- (3) Has any medical condition that would, in the absence of treatment, result in death within a limited period of time, as defined in the provision or supplemental contract, but that shall not be restricted to a period of less than six months.
  - (4) Is totally disabled, as follows:
- (A) During the first 24 months of total disability, the owner, insured, or annuitant, as applicable, is unable to perform with reasonable continuity the substantial and material duties of his or her job due to sickness or bodily injury.
- (B) After the first 24 months of total disability, the owner, insured, or annuitant, as applicable, due to sickness or bodily injury, is unable to engage with reasonable continuity in any other job in which he or she could reasonably be expected to perform satisfactorily in light of his or her age, education, training, experience, station in life, or physical and mental capacity.
- (C) The definition of total disability may also include presumptive total disability, such as the insured's total and permanent loss of sight of both eyes, hearing of both ears, speech, the use of both hands, both feet, or one hand and one foot.
- (D) The insurer may require the total disability to continue for an uninterrupted period of time specified in the contract or supplemental contract, or the insurer may allow separate periods of disability to be combined.
- (5) Has a chronic illness as defined pursuant to either subparagraph (A) or (B):
  - (A) Either of the following:
- (i) Impairment in performing two out of seven activities of daily living, as set forth in subdivisions (a) and (g) of Section 10232.8, meaning the insured needs human assistance, or needs continual substantial supervision.
- (ii) The insured has an impairment of cognitive ability, meaning a deterioration or loss of intellectual capacity due to mental illness or disease, including Alzheimer's disease or related illnesses, that requires continual supervision to protect oneself or others.
  - (B) Either of the following:
- (i) Impairment in performing two out of six activities of daily living as described in subdivisions (b), (d), (e), and (f) of Section 10232.8 due to a loss of functional capacity to perform the activity.

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(ii) Impairment of cognitive ability, meaning the insured needs substantial supervision due to severe cognitive impairment, as described in subdivisions (b) and (e) of Section 10232.8.

(6) Has become involuntarily or voluntarily unemployed.

- (c) (1) "Special benefit," as used in this chapter, means an accelerated death benefit that is added to a life insurance policy to provide for the advance payment of any part of the death proceeds payable upon the occurrence of a qualifying event.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, "qualifying event" means any one the following:
- (A) A medical condition that is reasonably expected to result in a drastically limited life span for the insured.
- (B) A medical condition that requires extraordinary medical intervention, such as major organ transplant or continuous artificial life support, without which the insured would die.
- (C) A condition that usually requires continuous confinement in a qualified institution and the insured is expected to remain there for the rest of his or her life.
- (D) A specified medical condition that, in the absence of extensive or extraordinary medical treatment, would result in a drastically limited life.
- (E) A chronic illness or permanent severe cognitive impairment and similar forms of dementia.
- (3) A life insurance contract or supplemental contract submitted for the approval of the commissioner pursuant to Section 10292 shall be submitted with the following additional information if the contract includes an accelerated death benefit:
- (A) A statement of the types of policy forms with which this benefit will be offered, any underwriting restrictions involving face amount or age, and whether the benefit is intended for use with new issues or in force business.
- (B) A specimen issue of the statement regarding the effect of the accelerated death benefit payment on other benefit provisions, to be provided to the owner prior to, or concurrent with, the election of the accelerated death benefit option, and an explanation of how and when the statement will be provided. The statement shall demonstrate the effect of the acceleration of the death benefit on the policy cash value, death benefit, premium, cost of insurance charges, and loans and liens, as applicable. The statement shall be based only on guaranteed values. The statement shall also

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include a disclosure that receipt of an accelerated death benefit may affect eligibility for Medicaid or other governmental benefits or entitlements and may have tax consequences.

- (C) An actuarial memorandum prepared, dated, and signed by a member of the American Academy of Actuaries that includes the following information:
- (i) A description of the accelerated death benefit, including the effects of payment of the accelerated death benefit on all policy benefits, premium payments, cost of insurance rates, and values, including any outstanding loan, if applicable, for all types of forms with which the accelerated death benefit will be used.
- (ii) A description of, and justification for, expense charges associated with the accelerated death benefit and the maximum expense charges.
- (iii) A description of the interest rate or interest rate methodology used in any present value calculation or in accruing interest on the amount of the accelerated death benefit, which shall not exceed the greater of: (I) the current yield on 90-day treasury bills, or (II) a variable rate determined in accordance with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) Model Policy Loan Interest Rate Bill No. 590.
- (iv) A description of the mortality basis and methodology, including the period of time applicable to any mortality discount, used in any present value calculation of the accelerated death benefit.
- (v) A description of the mortality and morbidity basis and methodology used in the determination of any separate premium or costs of insurance for the accelerated death benefit.
- (vi) The formula used to determine the accelerated death benefit, including any limitations on the amount of the benefit, and the formula used to determine the postacceleration premium.
- (vii) A sample calculation of the accelerated death benefit. If the policy contains a loan provision, the example shall assume that there is an outstanding loan on the date of acceleration. All policy benefits, premium payments, cost of insurance charges and values, including the outstanding loan, if applicable, immediately before and immediately after acceleration shall be shown in the example.
- (viii) If an accelerated death benefit may be paid in installments, the basis used in the calculation of the minimum periodic payment

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for the payment period and a sample calculation of a minimum periodic payment, and the basis used and a sample calculation of the lump sum payable if the insured dies before all periodic payments for the payment period are made.

- (ix) For any accelerated death benefit of the type other than a terminal illness, a certification that the value and premium of the accelerated death benefit is incidental to the life coverage.
- SEC. 2. Section 10292 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:
- 10292. (a) A supplemental contract described in Section 10271 shall not be delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this state until a copy of the form thereof is submitted to, and approved by, the commissioner. If the supplemental contract is an integral part of a contract of life insurance or annuity, the entire contract shall be submitted to the commissioner, but his or her power of approval or disapproval is limited to the supplemental portion and any other portions that relate to the supplemental portion.
- (b) A supplemental contract described in Section 10271.1 shall be considered an integral part of a contract for purposes of this section. To facilitate the review of a supplemental contract, the insurer shall submit, for informational purposes, a sample copy of the life insurance or annuity contract with which the supplemental contract will be used. To facilitate the location of the required provisions as stated in paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 10271, the insurer shall provide the sample copy page reference for the provisions that appear in the contract.
- (c) The commissioner may adopt reasonable rules and regulations as are necessary to administer and carry out the purposes of Sections 10271 and 10271.5, 10271.1, and this section.

SECTION 1. Section 10271.2 is added to the Insurance Code, to read:

10271.2. "Accelerated death benefit," as used in this chapter, means a benefit that is added to a life insurance policy to provide for the advance payment of any part of the death proceeds payable upon the occurrence of a qualifying event.