



General Assembly

February Session, 2020

Raised Bill No. 5448

LCO No. 2618



Referred to Committee on JUDICIARY

Introduced by:
(JUD)

AN ACT CONCERNING A RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR WARRANT.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Section 29-38c of the general statutes is repealed and the
2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2020*):

3 (a) Upon complaint on oath by any state's attorney or assistant state's
4 attorney or [by any two police officers] police officer or other
5 complainant who is a family or household member or a medical
6 professional, to any judge of the Superior Court, that such [state's
7 attorney or police officers have] complainant has probable cause to
8 believe that [(1)] a person poses a risk of imminent personal injury to
9 himself or herself or to other individuals, [(2)] (1) the judge may issue a
10 risk protection order prohibiting such person from acquiring or
11 possessing a firearm or ammunition, and (2) as part of or following the
12 issuance of such order, if there is probable cause to believe that (A) such
13 person possesses one or more firearms, and [(3)] (B) such firearm or
14 firearms are within or upon any place, thing or person, such judge may
15 issue a warrant commanding a proper officer to enter into or upon such
16 place or thing, search the same or the person and take into such officer's

17 custody any and all firearms and ammunition. [Such] No state's
18 attorney or police [officers shall not] officer may make such complaint
19 unless such state's attorney or police [officers have] officer has
20 conducted an independent investigation and [have] determined that
21 such probable cause exists and that there is no reasonable alternative
22 available to prevent such person from causing imminent personal injury
23 to himself or herself or to others with [such] a firearm.

24 (b) A risk protection order or warrant may issue only on affidavit
25 sworn to by the complainant [or complainants] before the judge and
26 establishing the grounds for issuing the order or warrant. [, which] In
27 the case of a warrant, the affidavit shall be part of the seizure file. In
28 determining whether grounds for the application exist or whether there
29 is probable cause to believe [they] such grounds exist, the judge shall
30 consider: (1) Recent threats or acts of violence by such person directed
31 toward other persons; (2) recent threats or acts of violence by such
32 person directed toward himself or herself; and (3) recent acts of cruelty
33 to animals as provided in subsection (b) of section 53-247 by such
34 person. In evaluating whether such recent threats or acts of violence
35 constitute probable cause to believe that such person poses a risk of
36 imminent personal injury to himself or herself or to others, the judge
37 may consider other factors including, but not limited to (A) the reckless
38 use, display or brandishing of a firearm by such person, (B) a history of
39 the use, attempted use or threatened use of physical force by such
40 person against other persons, (C) prior involuntary confinement of such
41 person in a hospital for persons with psychiatric disabilities, and (D) the
42 illegal use of controlled substances or abuse of alcohol by such person.
43 If the judge is satisfied that the grounds for the application exist or that
44 there is probable cause to believe that [they] such grounds exist, such
45 judge shall issue a risk protection order or warrant naming or describing
46 the person, and, in the case of the issuance of a warrant, the place or
47 thing to be searched. The order or warrant shall be directed to any police
48 officer of a regularly organized police department or any state police
49 officer. [It] The order or warrant shall state the grounds or probable
50 cause for [its] issuance of the order or warrant and, [it] in the case of a

51 warrant, the warrant shall command the officer to search within a
52 reasonable time the person, place or thing named for any and all
53 firearms and ammunition. A copy of the order or warrant shall be given
54 to the person named [therein] in the order or warrant together with a
55 notice informing the person that such person has the right to a hearing
56 under this section and the right to be represented by counsel at such
57 hearing.

58 (c) [The] In the case of a warrant, the applicant for the warrant shall
59 file a copy of the application for the warrant and all affidavits upon
60 which the warrant is based with the clerk of the court for the
61 geographical area within which the search will be conducted no later
62 than the next business day following the execution of the warrant. Prior
63 to the execution and return of the warrant, the clerk of the court shall
64 not disclose any information pertaining to the application for the
65 warrant or any affidavits upon which the warrant is based. The warrant
66 shall be executed and returned with reasonable promptness consistent
67 with due process of law and shall be accompanied by a written
68 inventory of all firearms and ammunition seized.

69 (d) Not later than fourteen days after the issuance of a risk protection
70 order or execution of a warrant under this section, the court for the
71 geographical area where the person named in the order or warrant
72 resides shall hold a hearing to determine whether the risk protection
73 order should continue to apply and whether the firearm or firearms and
74 any ammunition seized should be returned to the person named in the
75 warrant or should continue to be held by the state. At such hearing the
76 state shall have the burden of proving all material facts by clear and
77 convincing evidence. If, after such hearing, the court finds by clear and
78 convincing evidence that the person poses a risk of imminent personal
79 injury to himself or herself or to other individuals, the court may order
80 that the risk protection order continue to apply and that the firearm or
81 firearms and any ammunition seized pursuant to the warrant issued
82 under subsection (a) of this section continue to be held by the state [for
83 a period not to exceed one year, otherwise] until such time that the court
84 shall order the lifting of the risk protection order and the firearm or

85 firearms and any ammunition seized to be returned to the person named
86 in the warrant pursuant to subsection (e) of this section. If the court finds
87 that the person poses a risk of imminent personal injury to himself or
88 herself or to other individuals, the court shall give notice to the
89 Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services which may take
90 such action pursuant to chapter 319i as [it] the department deems
91 appropriate.

92 (e) A risk protection order shall continue to apply and the firearm or
93 firearms and any ammunition held pursuant to subsection (d) of this
94 section shall continue to be held by the state until such time that the
95 person named in the order or warrant can prove by a preponderance of
96 the evidence at a hearing of the court that such person no longer poses
97 an immediate risk of personal injury to themselves or other individuals.
98 The person named in the order or warrant may first petition the court
99 for a hearing at least one hundred eighty days after the hearing held
100 pursuant to subsection (d) of this section. If the court denies a person's
101 petition under this section, the person may not file a subsequent petition
102 until at least one hundred eighty days after the date on which the court
103 denied the petition.

104 ~~[(e)]~~ (f) Any person whose firearm or firearms and ammunition have
105 been ordered seized pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, or such
106 person's legal representative, may transfer such firearm or firearms and
107 ammunition in accordance with the provisions of section 29-33 or other
108 applicable state or federal law, to [any person eligible to possess such
109 firearm or firearms and ammunition] a federally-licensed firearm
110 dealer. Upon notification in writing by such person, or such person's
111 legal representative, and the [transferee] dealer, the head of the state
112 agency holding such seized firearm or firearms and ammunition shall
113 within ten days deliver such firearm or firearms and ammunition to the
114 [transferee] dealer.

115 ~~[(f)]~~ (g) For [the] purposes of this section, "ammunition" means a
116 loaded cartridge, consisting of a primed case, propellant or projectile,
117 designed for use in any firearm, and (1) "family or household member"

118 means a person who is a: (A) (i) Spouse, (ii) parent, (iii) child, (iv) sibling,
119 (v) grandparent, (vi) grandchild, (vii) step-parent, (viii) step-child, (ix)
120 step-sibling, (x) mother or father-in-law, (xi) son or daughter-in-law, or
121 (xii) brother or sister-in-law of the person subject to a complaint
122 pursuant to this section; (B) person residing with the person subject to
123 the complaint; (C) person who has a child in common with the person
124 subject to the complaint; (D) dating or intimate partner of the person
125 subject to the complaint; or (E) legal guardian or former legal guardian
126 of the person subject to the complaint, and (2) "medical professional"
127 means any person who has examined the respondent and who is a
128 physician or physician assistant licensed under chapter 370, an
129 advanced practice registered nurse licensed under chapter 378 or a
130 psychologist licensed under chapter 383.

131 Sec. 2. Subsection (a) of section 46b-15e of the general statutes is
132 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*
133 *1, 2020*):

134 (a) (1) The Chief Court Administrator shall revise and simplify the
135 process for filing an application for relief under section 46b-15. The
136 Chief Court Administrator shall ensure that any person seeking to file
137 an application for relief is provided with a one-page, plain language
138 explanation of how to apply for relief under section 46b-15.

139 (2) The Chief Court Administrator shall develop and make available
140 to the public educational materials concerning the [warrant process] risk
141 protection order and warrant processes set forth in section 29-38c, as
142 amended by this act, relating to a person who poses a risk of imminent
143 personal injury to himself or herself or to other individuals. The Chief
144 Court Administrator shall develop and make available to the public in
145 hard copy and electronically on the Internet web site of the Judicial
146 Branch a form to enable a person to apply to have a risk protection order
147 issued naming a family or household member or medical professional,
148 each as defined in section 29-38c, as amended by this act, and a one-
149 page, plain language explanation of how to apply for such order.

150 Sec. 3. Subsection (b) of section 29-28 of the general statutes is
151 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*
152 *1, 2020*):

153 (b) Upon the application of any person having a bona fide permanent
154 residence within the jurisdiction of any such authority, such chief of
155 police, warden or selectman may issue a temporary state permit to such
156 person to carry a pistol or revolver within the state, provided such
157 authority shall find that such applicant intends to make no use of any
158 pistol or revolver which such applicant may be permitted to carry under
159 such permit other than a lawful use and that such person is a suitable
160 person to receive such permit. No state or temporary state permit to
161 carry a pistol or revolver shall be issued under this subsection if the
162 applicant (1) has failed to successfully complete a course approved by
163 the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection in the
164 safety and use of pistols and revolvers including, but not limited to, a
165 safety or training course in the use of pistols and revolvers available to
166 the public offered by a law enforcement agency, a private or public
167 educational institution or a firearms training school, utilizing instructors
168 certified by the National Rifle Association or the Department of Energy
169 and Environmental Protection and a safety or training course in the use
170 of pistols or revolvers conducted by an instructor certified by the state
171 or the National Rifle Association, (2) has been convicted of (A) a felony,
172 or (B) on or after October 1, 1994, a violation of section 21a-279 or section
173 53a-58, 53a-61, 53a-61a, 53a-62, 53a-63, 53a-96, 53a-175, 53a-176, 53a-178
174 or 53a-181d, (3) has been convicted as delinquent for the commission of
175 a serious juvenile offense, as defined in section 46b-120, (4) has been
176 discharged from custody within the preceding twenty years after
177 having been found not guilty of a crime by reason of mental disease or
178 defect pursuant to section 53a-13, (5) (A) has been confined in a hospital
179 for persons with psychiatric disabilities, as defined in section 17a-495,
180 within the preceding sixty months by order of a probate court, or (B) has
181 been voluntarily admitted on or after October 1, 2013, to a hospital for
182 persons with psychiatric disabilities, as defined in section 17a-495,
183 within the preceding six months for care and treatment of a psychiatric

184 disability and not solely for being an alcohol-dependent person or a
185 drug-dependent person as those terms are defined in section 17a-680,
186 (6) is subject to a restraining or protective order issued by a court in a
187 case involving the use, attempted use or threatened use of physical force
188 against another person, including an ex parte order issued pursuant to
189 section 46b-15 or 46b-16a, (7) is subject to a firearms seizure order issued
190 pursuant to subsection (d) of section 29-38c, as amended by this act, after
191 notice and hearing, or a risk protection order issued pursuant to section
192 29-38c, as amended by this act, (8) is prohibited from shipping,
193 transporting, possessing or receiving a firearm pursuant to 18 USC
194 922(g)(4), (9) is an alien illegally or unlawfully in the United States, or
195 (10) is less than twenty-one years of age. Nothing in this section shall
196 require any person who holds a valid permit to carry a pistol or revolver
197 on October 1, 1994, to participate in any additional training in the safety
198 and use of pistols and revolvers. No person may apply for a temporary
199 state permit to carry a pistol or revolver more than once within any
200 twelve-month period, and no temporary state permit to carry a pistol or
201 revolver shall be issued to any person who has applied for such permit
202 more than once within the preceding twelve months. Any person who
203 applies for a temporary state permit to carry a pistol or revolver shall
204 indicate in writing on the application, under penalty of false statement
205 in such manner as the issuing authority prescribes, that such person has
206 not applied for a temporary state permit to carry a pistol or revolver
207 within the past twelve months. Upon issuance of a temporary state
208 permit to carry a pistol or revolver to the applicant, the local authority
209 shall forward the original application to the commissioner. Not later
210 than sixty days after receiving a temporary state permit, an applicant
211 shall appear at a location designated by the commissioner to receive the
212 state permit. The commissioner may then issue, to any holder of any
213 temporary state permit, a state permit to carry a pistol or revolver within
214 the state. Upon issuance of the state permit, the commissioner shall
215 make available to the permit holder a copy of the law regarding the
216 permit holder's responsibility to report the loss or theft of a firearm and
217 the penalties associated with the failure to comply with such law. Upon
218 issuance of the state permit, the commissioner shall forward a record of

219 such permit to the local authority issuing the temporary state permit.
220 The commissioner shall retain records of all applications, whether
221 approved or denied. The copy of the state permit delivered to the
222 permittee shall be laminated and shall contain a full-face photograph of
223 such permittee. A person holding a state permit issued pursuant to this
224 subsection shall notify the issuing authority within two business days
225 of any change of such person's address. The notification shall include
226 the old address and the new address of such person.

227 Sec. 4. Subsection (b) of section 29-36f of the general statutes is
228 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*
229 *1, 2020*):

230 (b) The Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection
231 shall issue an eligibility certificate unless said commissioner finds that
232 the applicant: (1) Has failed to successfully complete a course approved
233 by the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection in
234 the safety and use of pistols and revolvers including, but not limited to,
235 a safety or training course in the use of pistols and revolvers available
236 to the public offered by a law enforcement agency, a private or public
237 educational institution or a firearms training school, utilizing instructors
238 certified by the National Rifle Association or the Department of Energy
239 and Environmental Protection and a safety or training course in the use
240 of pistols or revolvers conducted by an instructor certified by the state
241 or the National Rifle Association; (2) has been convicted of a felony or
242 of a violation of section 21a-279 or section 53a-58, 53a-61, 53a-61a, 53a-
243 62, 53a-63, 53a-96, 53a-175, 53a-176, 53a-178 or 53a-181d; (3) has been
244 convicted as delinquent for the commission of a serious juvenile offense,
245 as defined in section 46b-120; (4) has been discharged from custody
246 within the preceding twenty years after having been found not guilty of
247 a crime by reason of mental disease or defect pursuant to section 53a-13;
248 (5) (A) has been confined in a hospital for persons with psychiatric
249 disabilities, as defined in section 17a-495, within the preceding sixty
250 months by order of a probate court; or (B) has been voluntarily admitted
251 on or after October 1, 2013, to a hospital for persons with psychiatric
252 disabilities, as defined in section 17a-495, within the preceding six

253 months for care and treatment of a psychiatric disability and not solely
254 for being an alcohol-dependent person or a drug-dependent person as
255 those terms are defined in section 17a-680; (6) is subject to a restraining
256 or protective order issued by a court in a case involving the use,
257 attempted use or threatened use of physical force against another
258 person, including an ex parte order issued pursuant to section 46b-15 or
259 section 46b-16a; (7) is subject to a firearms seizure order issued pursuant
260 to subsection (d) of section 29-38c, as amended by this act, after notice
261 and hearing, or a risk protection order issued pursuant to section 29-38c,
262 as amended by this act; (8) is prohibited from shipping, transporting,
263 possessing or receiving a firearm pursuant to 18 USC 922(g)(4); or (9) is
264 an alien illegally or unlawfully in the United States.

265 Sec. 5. Subsection (b) of section 29-37p of the general statutes is
266 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October*
267 *1, 2020*):

268 (b) The Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public Protection
269 shall issue a long gun eligibility certificate unless said commissioner
270 finds that the applicant: (1) Has failed to successfully complete a course
271 approved by the Commissioner of Emergency Services and Public
272 Protection in the safety and use of firearms including, but not limited to,
273 a safety or training course in the use of firearms available to the public
274 offered by a law enforcement agency, a private or public educational
275 institution or a firearms training school, utilizing instructors certified by
276 the National Rifle Association or the Department of Energy and
277 Environmental Protection and a safety or training course in the use of
278 firearms conducted by an instructor certified by the state or the National
279 Rifle Association; (2) has been convicted of (A) a felony, or (B) on or after
280 October 1, 1994, a violation of section 21a-279 or section 53a-58, 53a-61,
281 53a-61a, 53a-62, 53a-63, 53a-96, 53a-175, 53a-176, 53a-178 or 53a-181d; (3)
282 has been convicted as delinquent for the commission of a serious
283 juvenile offense, as defined in section 46b-120; (4) has been discharged
284 from custody within the preceding twenty years after having been
285 found not guilty of a crime by reason of mental disease or defect
286 pursuant to section 53a-13; (5) has been confined in a hospital for

287 persons with psychiatric disabilities, as defined in section 17a-495,
288 within the preceding sixty months by order of a probate court; (6) has
289 been voluntarily admitted to a hospital for persons with psychiatric
290 disabilities, as defined in section 17a-495, within the preceding six
291 months for care and treatment of a psychiatric disability and not solely
292 for being an alcohol-dependent person or a drug-dependent person as
293 those terms are defined in section 17a-680; (7) is subject to a restraining
294 or protective order issued by a court in a case involving the use,
295 attempted use or threatened use of physical force against another
296 person, including an ex parte order issued pursuant to section 46b-15 or
297 46b-16a; (8) is subject to a firearms seizure order issued pursuant to
298 subsection (d) of section 29-38c, as amended by this act, after notice and
299 hearing, or a risk protection order issued pursuant to section 29-38c, as
300 amended by this act; (9) is prohibited from shipping, transporting,
301 possessing or receiving a firearm pursuant to 18 USC 922(g)(4); or (10)
302 is an alien illegally or unlawfully in the United States.

303 Sec. 6. Section 53a-217 of the 2020 supplement to the general statutes
304 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
305 *October 1, 2020*):

306 (a) A person is guilty of criminal possession of a firearm, ammunition
307 or an electronic defense weapon when such person possesses a firearm,
308 ammunition or an electronic defense weapon and (1) has been convicted
309 of a felony committed prior to, on or after October 1, 2013, or of a
310 violation of section 21a-279, 53a-58, 53a-61, 53a-61a, 53a-62, 53a-63, 53a-
311 96, 53a-175, 53a-176, 53a-178 or 53a-181d committed on or after October
312 1, 2013, (2) has been convicted as delinquent for the commission of a
313 serious juvenile offense, as defined in section 46b-120, (3) has been
314 discharged from custody within the preceding twenty years after
315 having been found not guilty of a crime by reason of mental disease or
316 defect pursuant to section 53a-13, (4) knows that such person is subject
317 to (A) a restraining or protective order of a court of this state that has
318 been issued against such person, after notice has been provided to such
319 person, in a case involving the use, attempted use or threatened use of
320 physical force against another person, or (B) a foreign order of

321 protection, as defined in section 46b-15a, that has been issued against
322 such person in a case involving the use, attempted use or threatened use
323 of physical force against another person, (5) (A) has been confined on or
324 after October 1, 2013, in a hospital for persons with psychiatric
325 disabilities, as defined in section 17a-495, within the preceding sixty
326 months by order of a probate court, or with respect to any person who
327 holds a valid permit or certificate that was issued or renewed under the
328 provisions of section 29-28, as amended by this act, or 29-36f, as
329 amended by this act, in effect prior to October 1, 2013, such person has
330 been confined in such hospital within the preceding twelve months, or
331 (B) has been voluntarily admitted on or after October 1, 2013, to a
332 hospital for persons with psychiatric disabilities, as defined in section
333 17a-495, within the preceding six months for care and treatment of a
334 psychiatric disability, unless the person (i) was voluntarily admitted
335 solely for being an alcohol-dependent person or a drug-dependent
336 person as those terms are defined in section 17a-680, or (ii) is a police
337 officer who was voluntarily admitted and had his or her firearm,
338 ammunition or electronic defense weapon used in the performance of
339 the police officer's official duties returned in accordance with section 7-
340 291d, (6) knows that such person is subject to a firearms seizure order
341 issued pursuant to subsection (d) of section 29-38c, as amended by this
342 act, after notice and an opportunity to be heard has been provided to
343 such person, or a risk protection order issued pursuant to section 29-38c,
344 as amended by this act, or (7) is prohibited from shipping, transporting,
345 possessing or receiving a firearm pursuant to 18 USC 922(g)(4). For the
346 purposes of this section, "convicted" means having a judgment of
347 conviction entered by a court of competent jurisdiction, "ammunition"
348 means a loaded cartridge, consisting of a primed case, propellant or
349 projectile, designed for use in any firearm, and a motor vehicle violation
350 for which a sentence to a term of imprisonment of more than one year
351 may be imposed shall be deemed an unclassified felony.

352 (b) Criminal possession of a firearm, ammunition or an electronic
353 defense weapon is a class C felony, for which two years of the sentence
354 imposed may not be suspended or reduced by the court, and five

355 thousand dollars of the fine imposed may not be remitted or reduced by
356 the court unless the court states on the record its reasons for remitting
357 or reducing such fine.

358 Sec. 7. Section 53a-217c of the 2020 supplement to the general statutes
359 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
360 *October 1, 2020*):

361 (a) A person is guilty of criminal possession of a pistol or revolver
362 when such person possesses a pistol or revolver, as defined in section
363 29-27, and (1) has been convicted of a felony committed prior to, on or
364 after October 1, 2013, or of a violation of section 21a-279, 53a-58, 53a-61,
365 53a-61a, 53a-62, 53a-63, 53a-96, 53a-175, 53a-176, 53a-178 or 53a-181d
366 committed on or after October 1, 1994, (2) has been convicted as
367 delinquent for the commission of a serious juvenile offense, as defined
368 in section 46b-120, (3) has been discharged from custody within the
369 preceding twenty years after having been found not guilty of a crime by
370 reason of mental disease or defect pursuant to section 53a-13, (4) (A) has
371 been confined prior to October 1, 2013, in a hospital for persons with
372 psychiatric disabilities, as defined in section 17a-495, within the
373 preceding twelve months by order of a probate court, or has been
374 confined on or after October 1, 2013, in a hospital for persons with
375 psychiatric disabilities, as defined in section 17a-495, within the
376 preceding sixty months by order of a probate court, or, with respect to
377 any person who holds a valid permit or certificate that was issued or
378 renewed under the provisions of section 29-28, as amended by this act,
379 or 29-36f, as amended by this act, in effect prior to October 1, 2013, such
380 person has been confined in such hospital within the preceding twelve
381 months, or (B) has been voluntarily admitted on or after October 1, 2013,
382 to a hospital for persons with psychiatric disabilities, as defined in
383 section 17a-495, within the preceding six months for care and treatment
384 of a psychiatric disability, unless the person (i) was voluntarily admitted
385 solely for being an alcohol-dependent person or a drug-dependent
386 person as those terms are defined in section 17a-680, or (ii) is a police
387 officer who was voluntarily admitted and had his or her firearm,
388 ammunition or electronic defense weapon used in the performance of

389 the police officer's official duties returned in accordance with section 7-
 390 291d, (5) knows that such person is subject to (A) a restraining or
 391 protective order of a court of this state that has been issued against such
 392 person, after notice has been provided to such person, in a case
 393 involving the use, attempted use or threatened use of physical force
 394 against another person, or (B) a foreign order of protection, as defined
 395 in section 46b-15a, that has been issued against such person in a case
 396 involving the use, attempted use or threatened use of physical force
 397 against another person, (6) knows that such person is subject to a
 398 firearms seizure order issued pursuant to subsection (d) of section 29-
 399 38c, as amended by this act, after notice and an opportunity to be heard
 400 has been provided to such person, or a risk protection order issued
 401 pursuant to section 29-38c, as amended by this act, (7) is prohibited from
 402 shipping, transporting, possessing or receiving a firearm pursuant to 18
 403 USC 922(g)(4), or (8) is an alien illegally or unlawfully in the United
 404 States. For the purposes of this section, "convicted" means having a
 405 judgment of conviction entered by a court of competent jurisdiction.

406 (b) Criminal possession of a pistol or revolver is a class C felony, for
 407 which two years of the sentence imposed may not be suspended or
 408 reduced by the court, and five thousand dollars of the fine imposed may
 409 not be remitted or reduced by the court unless the court states on the
 410 record its reasons for remitting or reducing such fine.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>October 1, 2020</i>	29-38c
Sec. 2	<i>October 1, 2020</i>	46b-15e(a)
Sec. 3	<i>October 1, 2020</i>	29-28(b)
Sec. 4	<i>October 1, 2020</i>	29-36f(b)
Sec. 5	<i>October 1, 2020</i>	29-37p(b)
Sec. 6	<i>October 1, 2020</i>	53a-217
Sec. 7	<i>October 1, 2020</i>	53a-217c

Statement of Purpose:

To establish a risk protection order and to expand upon the list of persons who may be complainants for purposes of issuance of a risk

warrant; to require the Judicial Branch to develop and make available a form and explanatory materials (1) to persons applying for a risk protection order; (2) to disqualify persons subject to a standing risk protection order from possessing firearms or ammunition; and (3) to penalize any such possession.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]