

SENATE BILL No. 229

DIGEST OF SB 229 (Updated January 22, 2014 11:38 am - DI 84)

Citations Affected: IC 35-47.

Synopsis: Firearm buyback programs. Specifies that a law enforcement agency having possession of a firearm may not destroy the firearm unless the serial number of the firearm has been obliterated. Prohibits a local unit of government, including a law enforcement agency, from conducting a firearm buyback program. Establishes a procedure to permit certain individuals whose firearms have been retained by a law enforcement agency to have the firearms sold at auction and the proceeds, less the costs of sale, returned to the individual.

Effective: July 1, 2014.

Tomes, Steele

January 9, 2014, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary. January 23, 2014, reported favorably — Do Pass.



Second Regular Session 118th General Assembly (2014)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2013 Regular Session and 2013 First Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 229

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning public safety.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 35-47-3-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.119-2012,
SECTION 167, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2. (a) This section applies only to
firearms which are not required to be registered in the National
Firearms Registration and Transfer Record.

- (b) Firearms shall be returned to the rightful owner at once following final disposition of the cause if a return has not already occurred under the terms of IC 35-33-5. If the rightful ownership is not known the law enforcement agency holding the firearm shall make a reasonable attempt to ascertain the rightful ownership and cause the return of the firearm. However, nothing in this chapter shall be construed as requiring the return of firearms to rightful owners who have been convicted for the misuse of firearms. In such cases, the court may provide for the return of the firearm in question or order that the firearm be at once delivered:
 - (1) except as provided in subdivision (2), to the sheriff's



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1	department of the county in which the offense occurred; or
2	(2) to the city or town police force that confiscated the firearm. if:
3	(A) a member of the city or town police force confiscated the
4	firearm; and
5	(B) the city or town has a population of more than two
6	thousand five hundred (2,500) and less than six hundred
7	thousand (600,000).
8	(c) The receiving law enforcement agency shall dispose of firearms
9	under subsection (b), at the discretion of the law enforcement agency,
10	not more than one hundred twenty (120) days following receipt by use
11	of any of the following procedures:
12	(1) Public sale of the firearms to the general public as follows:
13	(A) Notice of the sale shall be:
14	(i) posted for ten (10) days in the county courthouse in a
15	place readily accessible to the general public; and
16	(ii) advertised in the principal newspaper of the county for
17	two (2) days in an advertisement that appears in the
18	newspaper at least five (5) days prior to the sale.
19	(B) Disposition of the firearm shall be by public auction in a
20	place convenient to the general public, with disposition going
21	to the highest bidder. However, no firearm shall be transferred
22	to any bidder if that bidder is not lawfully eligible to receive
23	and possess firearms according to the laws of the United States
24	and Indiana.
25	(C) All handguns transferred under this subdivision shall also
26	be transferred according to the transfer procedures set forth in
27	this article.
28	(D) Money collected pursuant to the sales shall first be used to
29	defray the necessary costs of administering this subdivision
30	with any surplus to be:
31	(i) deposited into the receiving law enforcement agency's
32	firearms training fund, if the law enforcement agency is a
33	county law enforcement agency, or into a continuing
34	education fund established under IC 5-2-8-2, if the law
35	enforcement agency is a city or town law enforcement
36	agency other appropriate training activities fund, or any
37	other fund that may be used by the receiving law
38	enforcement agency for the purchase and maintenance
39	of firearms, ammunition, vests, and other law
40	enforcement equipment; and
41	(ii) used by the agency exclusively for the purpose of
42	training to train law enforcement officers in the proper use



1	of firearms or other law enforcement duties, and to
2	purchase and maintain firearms, ammunition, vests, and
3	other law enforcement equipment. if the law enforcement
4	agency is a county law enforcement agency, or for law
5	enforcement purposes, if the law enforcement agency is a
6	city or town law enforcement agency.
7	A law enforcement agency may not sell a firearm to the
8	general public if the firearm is unsafe to operate because it
9	has been damaged or altered.
10	(2) Sale of the firearms to a licensed firearms dealer as follows:
11	(A) Notice of the sale must be:
12	(i) posted for ten (10) days in the county courthouse in a
13	place readily accessible to the general public; and
14	(ii) advertised in the principal newspaper of the county for
15	two (2) days in an advertisement that appears in the
16	newspaper at least five (5) days before the sale.
17	(B) Disposition of the firearm shall be by auction with
18	disposition going to the highest bidder who is a licensed
19	firearms dealer.
20	(C) Money collected from the sales shall first be used to defray
21	the necessary costs of administering this subdivision and any
22	surplus shall be:
23	(i) deposited into the receiving law enforcement agency's
24	firearms training fund, or other appropriate training
25	activities fund, or any other fund that may be used by the
26	receiving law enforcement agency for the purchase and
27	maintenance of firearms, ammunition, vests, and other
28	law enforcement equipment; and
29	* *
30	(ii) used by the agency exclusively for the purpose of
31	training to train law enforcement officers in the proper use
	of firearms or other law enforcement duties, and to
32	purchase and maintain firearms, ammunition, vests, and
33	other law enforcement equipment.
34	A law enforcement agency may sell a firearm to a licensed
35	firearms dealer for salvage or repair, even if the firearm is
36	unsafe to operate because it has been damaged or altered.
37	(3) Sale or transfer of the firearms to another law enforcement
38	agency.
39	(4) Release to the state police department laboratory or other
40	forensic laboratory administered by the state or a political
41	subdivision (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13) for the purposes of
42	research, training, and comparison in conjunction with the



1	forensic examination of firearms evidence.
2	(5) Destruction of the firearms. firearm if the serial number on
3	the firearm has been obliterated.
4	(d) Notwithstanding the requirement of this section mandating
5	disposal of firearms not more than one hundred twenty (120) days
6	following receipt, the receiving law enforcement agency may at its
7	discretion hold firearms it may receive until a sufficient number has
8	accumulated to defray the costs of administering this section if a delay
9	does not exceed one hundred eighty (180) days from the date of receipt
10	of the first firearm in the sale lot. In addition, the receiving law
11	enforcement agency may, at its discretion, jointly sell firearms it
12	has received with another law enforcement agency, or permit
13	another law enforcement agency to sell firearms it has received on
14	behalf of the receiving law enforcement agency. In any event, all
15	confiscated firearms shall be disposed of as promptly as possible.
16	(e) When a firearm is delivered to the state police department
17	laboratory or other forensic laboratory under subsection (c)(4) and the
18	state police department laboratory or other forensic laboratory
19	determines the laboratory has no further need for the firearm in
20	question, the laboratory shall return the firearm to the law enforcement
21	agency for disposal under subsection (c).
22	SECTION 2. IC 35-47-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
23	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	JULY 1, 2014]:
25	Chapter 3.5. Firearm Buyback Programs Prohibited
26	Sec. 1. This chapter applies to a unit (as defined in
27	IC 36-1-2-23), including a law enforcement agency of a unit.
28	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "firearm buyback program"
29	means a program to purchase privately owned firearms from
30	individual firearm owners for the purpose of:
31	(1) reducing the number of firearms owned by civilians; or
32	(2) permitting civilians to sell a firearm to the government
33	without fear of prosecution.
34	The term does not include the purchase of firearms from a licensed
35	firearms dealer or a program to purchase firearms for law
36	enforcement purposes.
37	Sec. 3. A unit, including a law enforcement agency of a unit, may
38	not conduct a firearm buyback program.
39	Sec. 4. (a) A unit having possession of a firearm obtained from
40	a firearm buyback program shall transfer the firearm to a law
41	enforcement agency of the unit.

(b) A law enforcement agency of a unit that has possession of a



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firearm obtained under subsection (a), or otherwise as the result of a firearm buyback program, shall dispose of the firearm in accordance with IC 35-47-3.

SECTION 3. IC 35-47-14-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2006, SECTION 537, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 9. If at least five (5) years have passed since a court conducted the first hearing to retain a firearm under this chapter, the court, after giving notice to the parties and conducting a hearing, may order the law enforcement agency having custody of the firearm to destroy or otherwise permanently dispose of the firearm in accordance with IC 35-47-3.

SECTION 4. IC 35-47-14-10 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: **Sec. 10. (a)** If a court has ordered a law enforcement agency to retain an individual's firearm under section 6 of this chapter, the individual may request the court to order the law enforcement agency to sell the firearm at auction under IC 35-47-3-2 and return the proceeds to the individual.

- (b) An individual may make the request described in subsection (a):
 - (1) at the retention hearing described in section 9 of this chapter; or
 - (2) at any time before the retention hearing described in section 9 of this chapter is held.
- (c) If an individual timely requests a sale of a firearm under subsection (a), the court shall order the law enforcement agency having custody of the firearm to sell the firearm at auction under IC 35-47-3-2, unless the serial number of the firearm has been obliterated.
- (d) If the court issues an order under subsection (c), the court's order must require:
 - (1) that the firearm be sold not more than one (1) year after receipt of the order; and
 - (2) that the proceeds of the sale be returned to the individual who owns the firearm. However, the law enforcement agency may retain not more than eight percent (8%) of the sale price to pay the costs of the sale, including administrative costs and the auctioneer's fee.
- (e) A law enforcement agency may destroy a firearm if the serial number of the firearm has been obliterated. If a firearm is unsafe to operate because it has been damaged or altered, a law enforcement agency may only sell the firearm to a licensed



1 firearms dealer for salvage or repair under IC 35-47-3-2(c)(2).



COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 229, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill DO PASS.

(Reference is to SB 229 as introduced.)

Committee Vote: Yeas 6, Nays 2

Senator Steele, Chairperson

