SENATE BILL No. 355

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 3-5-2; IC 3-8; IC 3-9; IC 3-10-2-7.5; IC 3-11-2-12; IC 3-12; IC 3-13; IC 4-2-6; IC 5-8; IC 20-18-2-19; IC 20-19-2; IC 34-29-2-1.

Synopsis: Election of state board of education members. After December 31, 2016, reestablishes the state board of education (state board) consisting of: (1) the state superintendent of public instruction; (2) one member elected from each Indiana congressional district; and (3) a teacher, principal, and school superintendent, all appointed by the state superintendent from lists of nominees submitted by the leaders of each political party in the general assembly. Provides that candidates for election to the state board are nominated at state political party conventions. Provides that a vacancy in the office of elected state board member is to be filled by a caucus comprised of the precinct committeemen of the political party whose precincts are within the congressional district where the vacancy has occurred. Makes conforming amendments. Makes a technical correction.

Effective: July 1, 2014.

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January 14, 2014, read first time and referred to Committee on Education and Career Development.



Second Regular Session 118th General Assembly (2014)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word NEW will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2013 Regular Session and 2013 First Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 355

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 3-5-2-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 17. "Elected office" means a federal
3	office, state office, state board of education office, legislative office,
4	school board office, or local office. Political party offices (such as
5	precinct committeeman and state convention delegate) are not
6	considered to be elected offices.
7	SECTION 2. IC 3-5-2-47.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
8	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
9	1, 2014]: Sec. 47.8. "State board of education office" refers to the
10	office of a member of the state board of education elected under
11	IC 20-19-2-2.6.
12	SECTION 3. IC 3-8-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2013,
13	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. (a) This section does not apply to a candidate
15	for any of the following offices:
16	(1) Judge of a city court.



1	(2) Judge of a town court.
2	(b) A person is not qualified to run for:
3	(1) a state office;
4	(2) a state board of education office;
5	(2) (3) a legislative office;
6	(3) (4) a local office; or
7	(4) (5) a school board office;
8	unless the person is registered to vote in the election district the person
9	seeks to represent not later than the deadline for filing the declaration
10	or petition of candidacy or certificate of nomination.
l 1	SECTION 4. IC 3-8-1-10.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
12	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
13	1, 2014]: Sec. 10.7. A candidate for membership on the state board
14	of education must have resided:
15	(1) in Indiana for at least two (2) years before the election;
16	and
17	(2) in the district in which the candidate is seeking election for
18	at least one (1) year before the election.
19	SECTION 5. IC 3-8-1-33, AS AMENDED BY P.L.90-2012,
20	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 33. (a) A candidate for an office listed in
22	subsection (b) must file a statement of economic interests.
23 24	(b) Whenever a candidate for any of the following offices is also
24	required to file a declaration of candidacy or is nominated by petition,
25	the candidate shall file a statement of economic interests before filing
26	the declaration of candidacy or declaration of intent to be a write-in
27	candidate, before the petition of nomination is filed, before the
28	certificate of nomination is filed, or before being appointed to fill a
29	candidate vacancy under IC 3-13-1 or IC 3-13-2:
30	(1) Governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, auditor of
31	state, treasurer of state, attorney general, and state superintendent
32	of public instruction, and an elected member of the state board
33	of education, in accordance with IC 4-2-6-8.
34	(2) Senator and representative in the general assembly, in
35	accordance with IC 2-2.1-3-2.
36	(3) Justice of the supreme court, judge of the court of appeals,
37	judge of the tax court, judge of a circuit court, judge of a superior
38	court, judge of a probate court, and prosecuting attorney, in
39	accordance with IC 33-23-11-14 and IC 33-23-11-15.
10	(4) A candidate for a local office or school board office, in
11	accordance with IC 3-8-9, except a candidate for a local office

described in subdivision (3).



1	SECTION 6. IC 3-8-2-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 5. A declaration of candidacy for:
3	(1) a federal office;
4	(2) a state office;
5	(3) a state board of education office;
6	(3) (4) a legislative office; or
7	(4) (5) the local office of:
8	(A) judge of a circuit, superior, probate, county, or small
9	claims court; or
10	(B) prosecuting attorney of a judicial circuit;
l 1	shall be filed with the secretary of state.
12	SECTION 7. IC 3-8-4-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
13	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2. (a) A political party shall conduct
14	a state convention to nominate the candidates of the political party for
15	the following offices to be voted on at the next general election:
16	(1) Lieutenant governor.
17	(2) Secretary of state.
18	(3) Auditor of state.
19	(4) Treasurer of state.
20	(5) Attorney general.
21	(6) Superintendent of public instruction.
22	(7) State board of education members elected under
23	IC 20-19-2-2.6.
24	(b) The convention shall also:
25	(1) nominate candidates for presidential electors and alternate
26	electors; and
27	(2) elect the delegates and alternate delegates to the national
28	convention of the political party.
29	SECTION 8. IC 3-8-8-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.230-2005, SECTION
30	32, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
31	2014]: Sec. 1. (a) This chapter applies only to a candidate for election
32	to any of the following:
33	(1) A legislative office.
34	(2) A state office other than a judicial office.
35	(3) A state board of education office.
36	(b) This chapter applies notwithstanding any other law relating to
37	challenges to the qualifications of a candidate to be elected at a general
38	election.
39	SECTION 9. IC 3-9-1-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.225-2011,
10	SECTION 41, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 12. (a) A committee may disband at any time in
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1	(b) The commission or a county election board may administratively
2	disband a committee in the manner prescribed by this section.
3	(c) The commission has exclusive jurisdiction to disband any of the
4	following:
5	(1) A candidate's committee for state office.
6	(2) A candidate's committee for state board of education
7	office.
8	(2) (3) A candidate's committee for legislative office.
9	(3) (4) A legislative caucus committee.
10	(4) (5) A political action committee that has filed a statement or
11	report with the election division.
12	(5) (6) A regular party committee that has filed a statement or
13	report with the election division.
14	(d) A county election board has exclusive jurisdiction to disband
15	any of the following:
16	(1) A candidate's committee for a local office.
17	(2) A candidate's committee for a school board office.
18	(3) A political action committee that has filed a statement or
19	report with the election board, unless the political action
20	committee has also filed a report with the election division.
21	(4) A regular party committee that has filed a statement or report
22	with the election board, unless the regular party committee has
23	also filed a report with the election division.
24	(e) The commission or a county election board may administratively
25	disband a committee in the following manner:
26	(1) Not later than the last Friday of January of each year, the
27	election division or county election board shall review the list of
28	committees that have filed statements of organization with the
29	division or board under this article.
30	(2) If the election division or county election board determines
31	both of the following, the election division or county election
32	board may begin a proceeding before the commission or board to
33	administratively disband the committee:
34	(A) The committee has not filed any report of expenditures
35	during the previous three (3) calendar years.
36	(B) The committee last reported cash on hand in an amount
37	that does not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000), if the
38	committee filed a report under this article.
39	(3) The election division or county election board shall provide
40	notice of the proceeding by certified mail to the last known
41	address of the chairman and treasurer of the committee.



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(4) The commission or board may issue an order administratively

1	dissolving the committee if the commission or board makes the
2	following findings:
3	(A) There is no evidence that the committee continues to
4	receive contributions, make expenditures, or otherwise
5	function as a committee.
6	(B) According to the best evidence available to the
7	commission or board, the dissolution of the committee will not
8	impair any contract or impede the collection of a debt or
9	judgment by any person.
10	(5) If the commission or board:
11	(A) administratively dissolves a committee under subdivision
12	(4); and
13	(B) finds that the prudent use of public resources makes
14	further efforts to collect any outstanding civil penalty imposed
15	against the committee wasteful or unjust;
16	the commission or board may also waive the outstanding civil
17	penalty previously imposed by the commission or board against
18	the committee.
19	(6) The election division shall arrange for the publication in the
20	Indiana Register of an order administratively disbanding a
21	committee. A county election board shall publish a notice under
22	IC 5-3-1 stating that the board has disbanded a committee under
23	this subsection. The notice must state the date of the order and the
24	name of the committee, but the board is not required to publish
25	the text of the order.
26	(7) An order issued under this subsection takes effect immediately
27	upon its adoption, unless otherwise specified in the order.
28	(f) If the chairman or treasurer of a committee wishes to disband the
29	committee, the committee must do either of the following:
30	(1) Give written notification of the dissolution and transfer a
31	surplus of contributions less expenditures to any one (1) or a
32	combination of the following:
33	(A) One (1) or more regular party committees.
34	(B) One (1) or more candidate's committees.
35	(C) The election division.
36	(D) An organization exempt from federal income taxation
37	under Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code.
38	(E) Contributors to the committee, on a pro rata basis.
39	(2) Use the surplus in any other manner permitted under
40	IC 3-9-3-4.
41	(g) Except as provided in subsection (e) concerning the waiver of
42	civil penalties, a dissolution or transfer of funds does not relieve the



1	committee or the committee's members from any:
2	(1) civil liability, including the liability of the committee's
3	chairman or treasurer for the payment of any debts incurred by or
4	on behalf of the committee; or
5	(2) criminal liability.
6	SECTION 10. IC 3-9-2-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.58-2010,
7	SECTION 31, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 12. (a) This section does not apply to:
9	(1) a member of the general assembly; or
10	(2) a candidate's committee of a member of the general assembly;
11	with respect to an office other than a legislative office or a state office
12	to which the member seeks election.
13	(b) As used in this section, "affected person" refers to any of the
14	following:
15	(1) An individual who holds a legislative office.
16	(2) A candidate for a legislative office.
17	(3) An individual who holds a state office.
18	(4) A candidate for a state office.
19	(5) An individual who holds a state board of education office.
20	(6) A candidate for a state board of education office.
21	(c) As used in this section, "prohibited period" means the period:
22	(1) beginning on the day in January in each odd-numbered year
23	the general assembly reconvenes under IC 2-2.1-1-2; and
24	(2) through the day the general assembly adjourns sine die in an
25	odd-numbered year under IC 2-2.1-1-2.
26	(d) During the prohibited period, an affected person, an affected
27	person's candidate's committee, and a legislative caucus committee may
28	not do any of the following:
29	(1) Solicit campaign contributions.
30	(2) Accept campaign contributions.
31	(3) Conduct other fundraising activities. This subdivision does not
32	prohibit an affected person from participating in party activities
33	conducted by a regular party committee.
34	SECTION 11. IC 3-9-4-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2006,
35	SECTION 61, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
36	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 4. (a) The election division shall develop a filing
37	and coding system consistent with the purposes of this article. The
38	election division and each county election board shall use the filing and
39	coding system. The coding system must provide:
40	(1) not more than ten (10) codes to account for various campaign
41	expenditure items; and
42	(2) a clear explanation of the kinds of expenditure items that must



be accounted for under each code.
(b) The election division shall develop and use a computer system
to store campaign finance reports required to be filed under IC 3-9-5-6,
IC 3-9-5-10, and IC 3-9-5-20.1. The computer system must enable the
election division to do the following:
(1) Identify all candidates or committees that received
contributions from a contributor over the past three (3) years.
(2) Identify all contributors to a candidate or committee over the
past three (3) years.
(3) Provide for electronic submission, retrieval, storage, and
disclosure of campaign finance reports of candidates for the
following:
(A) Legislative office.
(B) State office.
(C) State board of education office.
The election division shall provide training at no cost to
candidates to enable candidates described in this subdivision to
file campaign finance reports electronically.
(c) The election division shall notify each candidate's committee
that the election division will provide at the committee's request at no
cost a standardized software program to permit the committee to install
the software on a computer and generate an electronic version of the
reports and statements required to be filed with the election division
under this article. However, the election division is not required to
provide or alter the software program to make the program compatible
for installation or operation on a specific computer.
(d) This subsection applies to the following committees:
(1) A committee for a candidate seeking election to a state office
or a state board of education office.
(2) A political action committee that has received more than fifty
thousand dollars (\$50,000) in contributions since the close of the
previous reporting period.
The committee must file electronically the report or statement required
under this article with the election division using a standardized
software program supplied to the committee without charge under
subsection (c) or another format approved by the election division. An
electronic filing approved by the election division under this subsection
may not require manual reentry into a computer system of the data
contained in the report or statement in order to make the data available
to the general public under subsection (g).
(e) This subsection applies to an electronic submission under
subsection (b)(3). An electronic submission must be in a format



previously approved by the commission that permits the election
division to print out a hard copy of the report after the receipt of the
electronic submission from the candidate. Filing of a report occur-
under IC 3-5-2-24.5 on the date and at the time electronically recorded
by the election division's computer system. If a discrepancy exists
between the text of the electronic submission and the printed report, the
text of the printed report prevails until an amendment is filed under this
article to correct the discrepancy.

- (f) The election division is not required to accept an electronic submission unless the submission complies with subsection (b)(3). Upon receiving approval from the commission, the election division may accept an electronic submission from candidates, committees, or persons described in subsection (b)(3).
- (g) The election division shall make campaign finance reports stored on the computer system under subsection (b) available to the general public through an on-line service.

SECTION 12. IC 3-9-5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2. The following persons, whenever required to file a report, notice, or other instrument by this article, shall file it with the election division:

- (1) Candidates for state office and their candidate's committees.
- (2) Candidates for state board of education office and their candidate's committees.
- (2) (3) The following central committees:
 - (A) State committees.
 - (B) Congressional district committees.
- (3) (4) Other regular party committees that propose to influence the election of a candidate for state or legislative office or the outcome of a public question for or against which the electorate of the whole state may vote.
- (4) (5) Political action committees that propose to influence the election of a candidate for state or legislative office or the outcome of a public question for or against which the electorate of the whole state may vote.
- (5) (6) Legislative caucus committees.

SECTION 13. IC 3-9-5-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2006, SECTION 62, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 6. (a) This subsection applies to a candidate's committee other than a candidate's committee of a candidate for a state office or a state board of education office. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, each committee, the committee's treasurer, and each candidate shall complete a report required by this chapter



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1	current and dated as of the following dates:
2	(1) Twenty-five (25) days before the nomination date.
3	(2) Twenty-five (25) days before the general, municipal, or
4	special election.
5	(3) The annual report filed and dated as required by section 10 of
6	this chapter.
7	(b) This subsection applies to a regular party committee. Except as
8	otherwise provided in this chapter, each committee and the committee's
9	treasurer shall complete a report required by this chapter current and
10	dated as of the following dates:
11	(1) Twenty-five (25) days before a primary election.
12	(2) Twenty-five (25) days before a general, municipal, or special
13	election.
14	(3) The date of the annual report filed and dated as required under
15	section 10 of this chapter.
16	(c) This subsection applies to a legislative caucus committee.
17	Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, each committee and the
18	committee's treasurer shall complete a report required under this
19	chapter current and dated as of the following dates:
20	(1) Twenty-five (25) days before a primary election conducted in
21	an even-numbered year.
22	(2) Twenty-five (25) days before a general election conducted in
23	an even-numbered year.
24	(3) The date of the annual report filed and dated as required under
25	section 10 of this chapter.
26	A legislative caucus committee is not required to file any report
27	concerning the committee's activity during an odd-numbered year other
28	than the annual report filed and dated under section 10 of this chapter.
29	(d) This subsection applies to a political action committee. Except
30	as otherwise provided in this chapter, each committee and the
31	committee's treasurer shall complete a report required by this chapter
32	current and dated as of the following dates:
33	(1) Twenty-five (25) days before a primary election.
34	(2) Twenty-five (25) days before a general, municipal, or special
35	election.
36	(3) The date of the annual report filed and dated as required under
37	section 10 of this chapter.
38	(e) This subsection applies to a candidate's committee of a candidate
39	for a state office or a state board of education office. A candidate's
40	committee is not required to file a report under section 8.2, 8.4, or 8.5

of this chapter. For a year in which an election to the state office is

held, the treasurer of a candidate's committee shall file the following



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1	reports:
2	(1) A report covering the period from January 1 through March 31
3	of the year of the report. A report required by this subdivision
4	must be filed not later than noon April 15 of the year covered by
5	the report.
6	(2) A report covering the period from April 1 through June 30 of
7	the year of the report. A report required by this subdivision must
8	be filed not later than noon July 15 of the year covered by the
9	report.
0	(3) A report covering the period from July 1 through September
1	30 of the year of the report. A report required by this subdivision
2	must be filed not later than noon October 15 of the year covered
3	by the report.
4	(4) A report covering the period from October 1 of the year of the
5	report through the date that is fifteen (15) days before the date of
6	the election. A report required by this subdivision must be filed
7	not later than noon seven (7) days before the date of the election.
8	(5) A report covering the period from the date that is fourteen (14)
9	days before the date of the election through December 31 of the
20	year of the report. A report required by this subdivision must:
21	(A) provide cumulative totals from January 1 through
.2	December 31 of the year of the report; and
2.3	(B) be filed not later than the deadline specified in section 10
22 23 24 25	of this chapter.
	SECTION 14. IC 3-9-5-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2006,
26	SECTION 63, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
27	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 8. (a) This section:
28	(1) applies to a candidate for nomination to an office in a
.9	convention who becomes a candidate less than twenty-five (25)
0	days before the nomination date for a candidate chosen at a
1	convention; and
52	(2) does not apply to a candidate for nomination to a state office
3	or a state board of education office by a political party at a
4	convention conducted under IC 3-8-4.
5	(b) A candidate is not required to file a report in accordance with
6	section 6(a)(1) of this chapter. The candidate shall file the candidate's
7	first report not later than noon twenty (20) days after the nomination
8	date for a candidate chosen at a convention.
9	(c) The reporting period for the first report required for a candidate
-0	begins on the date that the individual became a candidate and ends on
-1	the day following the adjournment of the convention.
-2	SECTION 15. IC 3-9-5-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2005,



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1	SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 9. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and
3	(c), in a year in which a candidate is not a candidate for election to an
4	office to which this article applies or does not seek nomination at a
5	caucus or state convention for election to an office to which this article
6	applies, the treasurer of the candidate's committee shall file only the
7	report required by section 10 of this chapter.
8	(b) This subsection applies to a candidate who holds one (1) office
9	and is a candidate for a different office (or has filed a statement of
10	organization for an exploratory committee without indicating that the
11	individual is a candidate for a specific office). The treasurer of the
12	candidate's committee for the office the candidate holds shall file the
13	following reports:
14	(1) If the committee spends, transfers in, or transfers out at least
15	ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) from January 1 until twenty-five

- (1) If the committee spends, transfers in, or transfers out at least ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) from January 1 until twenty-five (25) days before the primary election, the treasurer shall file a preprimary report under section 6 of this chapter.
- (2) If the committee spends, transfers in, or transfers out at least ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) from twenty-five (25) days before the primary election until twenty-five (25) days before the general election, the treasurer shall file a pregeneral election report under section 6 of this chapter.
- (3) The report required under section 10 of this chapter.
- (c) This subsection applies to a candidate who is required to file a preprimary report or preconvention report under section 6 of this chapter and who:
 - (1) is defeated at the primary election or convention; or
 - (2) withdraws or is disqualified as a candidate before the general election.

The treasurer of a candidate's committee described by this subsection is not required to file a pregeneral election report under section 6 of this chapter but shall file the report required by section 10 of this chapter.

- (d) This subsection applies to a candidate for election to a city office or a town office. If a municipal primary is not conducted in the municipality by one (1) or more parties authorized to conduct a primary, the candidate must file a report in accordance with the schedule set forth in section 6 of this chapter as if the primary were conducted. If a municipal election is not conducted in the municipality, the candidate must file a report in accordance with section 6 of this chapter as if the municipal election were conducted.
 - (e) This subsection applies to a candidate's committee of a candidate



1	for a state office or a state board of education office. For a year in
2	which an election to the state office is not held, the treasurer of a
3	candidate's committee shall file the following reports in addition to any
4	other report required by this article:
5	(1) A report covering the period from January 1 through June 30
6	of the year of the report. A report required by this subdivision
7	must be filed not later than noon July 15 of the year covered by
8	the report.
9	(2) A report covering the period from July 1 through December
10	31 of the year of the report. A report required by this subdivision
11	must:
12	(A) provide cumulative totals from January 1 through
13	December 31 of the year of the report; and
14	(B) be filed by the deadline specified in section 10 of this
15	chapter.
16	SECTION 16. IC 3-9-5-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2005,
17	SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 10. (a) The treasurer of each committee shall file
19	a report each year that is complete as of December 31 of the previous
20	year and covers the period since the last report. This annual report is
21	due by noon:
22	(1) the third Wednesday in January, in the case of:
23	(A) a candidate's committee;
24	(B) a legislative caucus committee; or
25	(C) a political action committee; or
26	(2) March 1, in the case of a regular party committee.
27	(b) A candidate's committee of a candidate for a state office or a
28	state board of education office that files a report:
29	(1) under section $6(e)(5)$ or $9(e)(2)$ of this chapter; and
30	(2) by the deadline specified under subsection (a) for filing a
31	candidate's committee report;
32	is not required to file an additional report under this section.
33	SECTION 17. IC 3-9-5-20.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2005,
34	SECTION 26, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 20.1. (a) This section:
36	(1) applies only to a large contribution that is received by a
37	candidate, the candidate's committee, or the treasurer of the
38	candidate's committee; and
39	(2) does not apply to a candidate for a state office or a state
40	board of education office, the candidate's committee, or the
41	treasurer of the candidate's committee.
42	(b) As used in this section, "election" refers to any of the following:



1	(1) A primary election.
2	(2) A general election.
3	(3) A municipal election.
4	(4) A special election.
5	(5) For candidates nominated at a state convention, the state
6	convention.
7	(c) As used in this section, "large contribution" means contributions:
8	(1) that total at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000); and
9	(2) that are received:
10	(A) not more than twenty-five (25) days before an election;
11	and
12	(B) not less than forty-eight (48) hours before an election.
13	(d) The treasurer of a candidate's committee shall file a
14	supplemental large contribution report with the election division or a
15	county election board not later than forty-eight (48) hours after the
16	contribution is received. A candidate for a legislative office shall file
17	a report required by this section with the election division and the
18	county election board as required by section 3 of this chapter. A report
19	filed under this section may be filed by facsimile (fax) transmission.
20	(e) A report required by subsection (d) must contain the following
21	information for each large contribution:
22	(1) The name of the person making the contribution.
23	(2) The address of the person making the contribution.
24	(3) If the person making the contribution is an individual, the
25	individual's occupation.
26	(4) The total amount of the contribution.
27	(5) The dates and times the contributions making up the large
28	contribution were received by the treasurer, the candidate, or the
29	candidate's committee.
30	(f) The commission shall prescribe the form for the report required
31	by this section.
32	SECTION 18. IC 3-9-5-22, AS ADDED BY P.L.221-2005,
33	SECTION 27, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 22. (a) This section applies only to a large
35	contribution that is received by a candidate for a state office or a state
36	board of education office, the candidate's committee, or the treasurer
37	of the candidate's committee.
38	(b) As used in this section, "election" refers to any of the following:
39	(1) For a candidate nominated at a primary election, the primary
40	election.

(2) For a candidate nominated at a state convention, the state



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convention.

1	(3) A general election.
2	(c) As used in this section, "large contribution" means either of the
3	following:
4	(1) Contributions:
5	(A) that total at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000); and
6	(B) that are received:
7	(i) after the end of a reporting period and before the deadline
8	for the candidate's committee to file a report under section
9	6 of this chapter; and
10	(ii) not less than forty-eight (48) hours before an election.
11	(2) A single contribution that is at least ten thousand dollars
12	(\$10,000) that is received at any time.
13	(d) The treasurer of a candidate's committee shall file a
14	supplemental large contribution report with the election division not
15	later than:
16	(1) forty-eight (48) hours after a contribution described by
17	subsection (c)(1) is received; or
18	(2) noon seven (7) days after a contribution described by
19	subsection (c)(2) is received.
20	(e) A report filed under this section may be filed by facsimile
21	transmission or as an electronic report when the requirements of
22	IC 3-9-4 or this chapter have been met. A report required by subsection
23	(d) must contain the following information for each large contribution:
24	(1) The name of the person making the contribution.
25	(2) The address of the person making the contribution.
26	(3) If the person making the contribution is an individual, the
27	individual's occupation.
28	(4) The total amount of the contribution.
29	(5) The dates and times the contributions making up the large
30	contribution described in subsection (c)(1) or a large contribution
31	described in subsection (c)(2) were received by the treasurer, the
32	candidate, or the candidate's committee.
33	(f) The commission shall prescribe the form for the report required
34	by this section.
35	SECTION 19. IC 3-10-2-7.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
36	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
37	1, 2014]: Sec. 7.5. (a) As used in this section, "state board" refers
38	to the state board of education established by IC 20-19-2-2 (before
39	January 1, 2017) and by IC 20-19-2-2.5 (after December 31, 2016).
40	(b) As used in this section, "state board of education district"
41	refers to a congressional district established under IC 3-3 that is

associated with a state board of education office under



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1	IC 20-19-2-2.5(b)(2).
2	(c) The successors to the appointed members of the state board
3	who are serving on December 31, 2016, shall be elected at the 2016
4	general election as follows:
5	(1) A member elected from an odd-numbered state board of
6	education district shall take office on January 1, 2017, and
7	serve a four (4) year term.
8	(2) A member elected from an even-numbered state board of
9	education district shall take office on January 1, 2017, and
10	serve a two (2) year term.
11	(d) A successor to a member of the state board described in
12	subsection (c)(1) shall be elected in 2020 and every four (4) years
13	thereafter.
14	(e) A successor to a member of the state board described in
15	subsection (c)(2) shall be elected in 2018 and every four (4) years
16	thereafter.
17	SECTION 20. IC 3-11-2-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.6-2012,
18	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 12. The following offices shall be placed on the
20	general election ballot in the following order after the public questions
21	described in section 10(a) of this chapter:
22	(1) Federal and state offices:
23	(A) President and Vice President of the United States.
24	(B) United States Senator.
25	(C) Governor and lieutenant governor.
26	(D) Secretary of state.
27	(E) Auditor of state.
28	(F) Treasurer of state.
29	(G) Attorney general.
30	(H) Superintendent of public instruction.
31	(I) United States Representative.
32	(2) Legislative offices:
33	(A) State senator.
34	(B) State representative.
35	(3) State board of education offices.
36	(3) (4) Circuit offices and county judicial offices:
37	(A) Judge of the circuit court, and unless otherwise specified
38	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
39	one (1) judge of the circuit court.
40	(B) Judge of the superior court, and unless otherwise specified
41	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than
42	one (1) judge of the superior court.



1	(C) Judge of the probate court.
2	(D) Prosecuting attorney.
3	(E) Clerk of the circuit court.
4	(4) (5) County offices:
5	(A) County auditor.
6	(B) County recorder.
7	(C) County treasurer.
8	(D) County sheriff.
9	(E) County coroner.
10	(F) County surveyor.
11	(G) County assessor.
12	(H) County commissioner.
13	(I) County council member.
14	(5) (6) Township offices:
15	(A) Township assessor (only in a township referred to in
16	IC 36-6-5-1(d)).
17	(B) Township trustee.
18	(C) Township board member.
19	(D) Judge of the small claims court.
20	(E) Constable of the small claims court.
21	(6) (7) City offices:
22	(A) Mayor.
23	(B) Clerk or clerk-treasurer.
24	(C) Judge of the city court.
25	(D) City-county council member or common council member.
26	(7) (8) Town offices:
27	(A) Clerk-treasurer.
28	(B) Judge of the town court.
29	(C) Town council member.
30	SECTION 21. IC 3-12-5-12.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
31	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
32	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 12.5. (a) Not later than noon on
33	the second Monday following an election for a state board of
34	education office, each circuit court clerk shall:
35	(1) prepare a certified statement under the clerk's seal
36	specifying the number of votes received in the county by each
37	candidate for a state board of education office; and
38	(2) send the statement by certified mail, return receipt
39	requested, or hand deliver the statement to the election
40	division.
41	(b) The election division shall provide a copy of each statement
42	received under subsection (a) to each candidate listed on the



1	statement.
2	(c) After receiving the certified statement under subsection (a),
3	the election division shall:
4	(1) immediately total all certified statements from each state
5	board of education district; and
6	(2) promptly prepare and transmit to the candidate receiving
7	the highest number of votes for each state board of education
8	office a certificate of the candidate's election.
9	(d) The secretary of state shall sign the certificates prepared by
10	the election division under subsection (c). However, if two (2) or
11	more candidates receive the highest and equal number of votes
12	according to the tabulation prepared by the election division, the
13	secretary of state shall immediately certify the tie vote to the
14	governor.
15	SECTION 22. IC 3-12-9-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.230-2005,
16	SECTION 59, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. (a) Whenever a tie vote at an election for:
18	(1) a federal office;
19	(2) a state office (other than governor and lieutenant governor);
20	or e
21	(3) a state board of education office; or
22	(3) (4) a legislative office;
23	occurs, a special election shall be held.
24	(b) Whenever a tie vote occurs at a primary election for the
25	nomination of a candidate to be voted for at the general or municipal
26	election, IC 3-13-1-17 applies.
27	SECTION 23. IC 3-12-9-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
28	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 5. Whenever a tie vote
29	at an election for:
30	(1) a state office;
31	(2) a state board of education office;
32	(2) a state board of education office;
33	(2) (3) a local office; (3) (4) a school board office;
34	occurs, the incumbent public official remains in office in accordance
35	with Article 15, Section 3 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana
36	until a successor is elected under this chapter and qualified.
37	SECTION 24. IC 3-12-10-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2013,
38	SECTION 83, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
39	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 18. (a) Any party to a final determination of the
40	state recount commission concerning:
41	(1) a nomination subject to IC 3-12-11; or
42	(2) an election to a state office other than governor or lieutenant



1	governor; or
2	(3) an election to a state board of education office;
3	may appeal the final determination to the court of appeals for errors of
4	law under the same terms, conditions, and standards that govern
5	appeals in ordinary civil actions. An assignment of errors that the
6	commission's final determination is contrary to law is sufficient to
7	present both the sufficiency of the facts found to sustain the
8	commission's determination and the sufficiency of the evidence to
9	sustain the findings of facts upon which the commission's
10	determination was rendered.
11	(b) If the court of appeals finds that a party has been substantially
12	prejudiced by commission action that is:
13	(1) arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not
14	in accordance with law;
15	(2) contrary to constitutional right, power, privilege, or immunity;
16	(3) in excess of statutory jurisdiction, authority, or limitations, or
17	short of statutory right; or
18	(4) without observance of procedure required by law;
19	the court may set aside the final determination of the commission. The
20	court may remand the case to the commission for further proceedings
21	and compel commission action that has been unreasonably delayed or
22	unlawfully withheld.
23	SECTION 25. IC 3-12-11-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.194-2013,
24	SECTION 84, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in subsection (d), any
26	candidate:
27	(1) in a presidential primary election;
28	(2) for nomination to a federal, state, or legislative office in a
29	primary election; or
30	(3) for a federal, state, state board of education , or legislative
31	office;
32	is entitled to have the votes cast for that office recounted or to contest
33	the nomination or election of a candidate under this chapter. A recount
34	may be conducted in one (1) or more of the precincts in which votes
35	were cast for the office.
36	(b) This subsection applies to an election for a federal, or state, or
37	state board office. Except as provided in subsection (d), if a candidate
38	who is entitled to file a petition for a recount or contest under this
39	chapter does not file a petition within the period established by section
40	2 of this chapter, the state chairman of the candidate's political party
41	may file a petition to:
42	(1) have the votes recounted in one (1) or more precincts; or
-T <i>∠</i>	(1) have the voices reconficed in one (1) of more preclicts, of



1	(2) contest the nomination or election of a candidate.
2	(c) This subsection applies to an election for a legislative office.
3	Except as provided in subsection (d), if a candidate who is entitled to
4	file a petition for a recount or contest under this chapter does not file
5	a petition within the period established by section 2 of this chapter, a
6	county chairman who:
7	(1) resides in a county located within the election district in which
8	the recount or contest is desired; and
9	(2) is a member of the same political party as the candidate
10	entitled to petition for a recount or contest under this chapter;
11	may file a petition to have the votes recounted in one (1) or more
12	precincts or to contest the nomination or election of a candidate.
13	(d) The nomination of a candidate in a primary election who has
14	been certified as deceased under IC 3-8-7-1 may not be contested under
15	this chapter.
16	SECTION 26. IC 3-12-11-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2005,
17	SECTION 122, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
18	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2. (a) A candidate who desires:
19	(1) a recount of votes cast for a nomination or election subject to
20	this chapter; or
21	(2) to contest a nomination subject to this chapter or the election
22	of a state office other than governor or lieutenant governor, or a
23	state board of education office;
24	must file a verified petition with the election division not later than
25	noon fourteen (14) days after election day.
26	(b) A state or county chairman who is entitled to and desires to file
27	a petition for a recount or contest under this chapter must file a verified
28	petition with the election division not later than noon seventeen (17)
29	days after election day.
30	SECTION 27. IC 3-12-11-23 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 23. (a) If a recount is
32	made:
33	(1) in a presidential primary election;
34	(2) for nomination to a federal, state, or legislative office in a
35	primary election;
36	(3) in an election to a federal office; or
37	(4) in an election to a state office other than governor and
38	lieutenant governor; or
39	(5) in an election to a state board of education office;
40	the election division shall determine whether the votes in the precincts
41	shown by the recount certificate differ from the votes that were
42	tabulated by any county election board. If the election division



previously included in a tabulation the votes cast for the office as returned by the county election board, the election division shall correct the tabulation in accordance with the certificate.

(b) The election division shall provide a copy of the corrected tabulation for each precinct to the office.

SECTION 28. IC 3-12-11-25, AS AMENDED BY P.L.225-2011, SECTION 78, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 25. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), whenever the commission makes a final determination under section 18 of this chapter that the candidate who is subject to a contest proceeding is not eligible to serve in the office to which the candidate is nominated or elected, the candidate who received the second highest number of votes for the office is entitled to a certificate of nomination or certificate of election even though a certificate may have been issued to another candidate upon the tabulation of the votes.

- (b) This subsection applies to a contest proceeding for a **state board** of education office and a state office other than the offices of governor, lieutenant governor, justice of the supreme court, judge of the court of appeals, and judge of the tax court. Whenever the commission makes a final determination under section 18(b) of this chapter that the candidate who is subject to a contest proceeding is not eligible to serve in the office to which the candidate is elected the following apply:
 - (1) This subdivision does not apply to the filling of a state office following a contest proceeding or court action that resulted from an election held before January 1, 2011. The office is considered vacant, and the governor shall fill the vacancy as provided in IC 3-13-4-3(e) by the appointment of a person of the same political party as the candidate who is not eligible to serve.
 - (2) The commission's determination that the candidate is not eligible to serve in the office does not affect the votes cast for the candidate for purposes of determining the number or percentage of votes cast for purposes of other statutes, including IC 3-5-2-30, IC 3-6-2-1, IC 3-6-4.1-6, IC 3-6-5.2-7, IC 3-6-6-8, IC 3-6-7-1, IC 3-6-8-1, IC 3-8-4, IC 3-8-6, IC 3-10-1-2, IC 3-10-2-15, IC 3-10-4-2, IC 3-10-6, IC 3-10-7-26, IC 3-11-2-6, IC 3-11-13-11, IC 3-11-14-3.5, IC 3-13-9-4.5, IC 6-9-2-3, IC 20-23-7-12, and IC 36-4-1.5-2.

SECTION 29. IC 3-13-1-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 5.5. A candidate vacancy for a state board of education office shall be filled by a caucus comprised of the



precinct committeemen of the political party whose precincts are within the state board of education district (as defined in IC 3-10-2-7.5).

SECTION 30. IC 3-13-2-4.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 4.5. A candidate vacancy for a state board of education office shall be filled by a majority vote of the county chairperson of the political party for all of the counties that have territory in the state board of education district (as defined in IC 3-10-2-7.5).

SECTION 31. IC 3-13-4-4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: **Sec. 4. (a) This section applies to a vacancy that occurs in a state board of education office.**

- (b) A state board of education member who wants to resign from office must resign as provided in IC 5-8-3.5.
- (c) A vacancy that occurs in a state board of education office because of the death of a state board of education member may be certified to the secretary of state under IC 5-8-6.
- (d) A vacancy that occurs in a state board of education office other than by resignation or death shall be certified by the circuit court clerk of the county in which the member resided to the state chairperson of the political party that elected or selected the person who held the vacated seat.
- (e) The vacancy shall be filled as provided under IC 3-13-5 for vacancies in legislative offices.

SECTION 32. IC 4-2-6-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.114-2012, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. (a) The following apply as used in this chapter, and unless the context clearly denotes otherwise:

- (1) "Advisory body" means an authority, a board, a commission, a committee, a task force, or other body designated by any name of the executive department that is authorized only to make nonbinding recommendations.
- (2) "Agency" means an authority, a board, a branch, a bureau, a commission, a committee, a council, a department, a division, an office, a service, or other instrumentality of the executive, including the administrative, department of state government. The term includes a body corporate and politic set up as an instrumentality of the state and a private, nonprofit, government related corporation. The term does not include any of the following:



1	(A) The judicial department of state government.
2	(B) The legislative department of state government.
3	(C) A state educational institution.
4	(D) A political subdivision.
5	(3) "Appointing authority" means the following:
6	(A) Except as provided in clause (B), the chief administrative
7	officer of an agency. The term does not include a state officer.
8	(B) For purposes of section 16 of this chapter, "appointing
9	authority" means:
10	(i) an elected officer;
11	(ii) the chief administrative officer of an agency; or
12	(iii) an individual or group of individuals who have the
13	power by law or by lawfully delegated authority to make
14	appointments.
15	(4) "Assist" means to:
16	(A) help;
17	(B) aid;
18	(C) advise; or
19	(D) furnish information to;
20	a person. The term includes an offer to do any of the actions in
21	clauses (A) through (D).
22	(5) "Business relationship" includes the following:
23	(A) Dealings of a person with an agency seeking, obtaining,
24	establishing, maintaining, or implementing:
25	(i) a pecuniary interest in a contract or purchase with the
26	agency; or
27	(ii) a license or permit requiring the exercise of judgment or
28	discretion by the agency.
29	(B) The relationship a lobbyist has with an agency.
30	(C) The relationship an unregistered lobbyist has with an
31	agency.
32	(6) "Commission" refers to the state ethics commission created
33	under section 2 of this chapter.
34	(7) "Compensation" means any money, thing of value, or financial
35	benefit conferred on, or received by, any person in return for
36	services rendered, or for services to be rendered, whether by that
37	person or another.
38	(8) "Direct line of supervision" means the chain of command in
39	which the superior affects, or has the authority to affect, the terms
40	and conditions of the subordinate's employment, including
41	making decisions about work assignments, compensation,
42	grievances, advancements, or performance evaluation.



1	(9) "Employee" means an individual, other than a state officer,
2	who is employed by an agency on a full-time, a part-time, a
3	temporary, an intermittent, or an hourly basis. The term includes
4	an individual who contracts with an agency for personal services.
5	(10) "Employer" means any person from whom a state officer or
6	employee or the officer's or employee's spouse received
7	compensation. For purposes of this chapter, a customer or client
8	of a self-employed individual in a sole proprietorship or a
9	professional practice is not considered to be an employer.
10	(11) "Financial interest" means an interest:
11	(A) in a purchase, sale, lease, contract, option, or other
12	transaction between an agency and any person; or
13	(B) involving property or services.
14	The term includes an interest arising from employment or
15	prospective employment for which negotiations have begun. The
16	term does not include an interest of a state officer or employee in
17	the common stock of a corporation unless the combined holdings
18	in the corporation of the state officer or the employee, that
19	individual's spouse, and that individual's unemancipated children
20	are more than one percent (1%) of the outstanding shares of the
21	common stock of the corporation. The term does not include an
22	interest that is not greater than the interest of the general public
23	or any state officer or any state employee.
24	(12) "Information of a confidential nature" means information:
25	(A) obtained by reason of the position or office held; and
26	(B) which:
27	(i) a public agency is prohibited from disclosing under
28	IC 5-14-3-4(a);
29	(ii) a public agency has the discretion not to disclose under
30	IC 5-14-3-4(b) and that the agency has not disclosed; or
31	(iii) is not in a public record, but if it were, would be
32	confidential.
33	(13) "Person" means any individual, proprietorship, partnership,
34	unincorporated association, trust, business trust, group, limited
35	liability company, or corporation, whether or not operated for
36	profit, or a governmental agency or political subdivision.
37	(14) "Political subdivision" means a county, city, town, township,
38	school district, municipal corporation, special taxing district, or
39	other local instrumentality. The term includes an officer of a
40	political subdivision.

(15) "Property" has the meaning set forth in IC 35-31.5-2-253. (16) "Relative" means any of the following:



1	(A) A spouse.
2	(B) A parent or stepparent.
3	(C) A child or stepchild.
4	(D) A brother, sister, stepbrother, or stepsister.
5	(E) A niece or nephew.
6	(F) An aunt or uncle.
7	(G) A daughter-in-law or son-in-law.
8	For purposes of this subdivision, an adopted child of an individual
9	is treated as a natural child of the individual. For purposes of this
10	subdivision, the terms "brother" and "sister" include a brother or
11	sister by the half blood.
12	(17) "Represent" means to do any of the following on behalf of a
13	person:
14	(A) Attend an agency proceeding.
15	(B) Write a letter.
16	(C) Communicate with an employee of an agency.
17	(18) "Special state appointee" means a person who is:
18	(A) not a state officer or employee; and
19	(B) elected or appointed to an authority, a board, a
20	commission, a committee, a council, a task force, or other
21	body designated by any name that:
22	(i) is authorized by statute or executive order; and
23	(ii) functions in a policy or an advisory role in the executive
24 25	(including the administrative) department of state
	government, including a separate body corporate and politic
26	(19) "State officer" means any of the following:
27	(A) The governor.
28	(B) The lieutenant governor.
29	(C) The secretary of state.
30	(D) The auditor of state.
31	(E) The treasurer of state.
32	(F) The attorney general.
33	(G) The superintendent of public instruction.
34	(H) An elected member of the state board of education.
35	(20) The masculine gender includes the masculine and feminine
36	(21) The singular form of any noun includes the plural wherever
37	appropriate.
38	(b) The definitions in IC 4-2-7 apply throughout this chapter.
39 40	SECTION 33. IC 4-2-6-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.23-2011,
40	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
41	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 8. (a) The following persons shall file a written
42	financial disclosure statement:



1	(1) The governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, auditor
2	of state, treasurer of state, attorney general, and state
3	superintendent of public instruction, and an elected member of
4	the state board of education.
5	(2) Any candidate for one (1) of the offices in subdivision (1) who
6	is not the holder of one (1) of those offices.
7	(3) Any person who is the appointing authority of an agency.
8	(4) The director of each division of the department of
9	administration.
10	(5) Any purchasing agent within the procurement division of the
11	department of administration.
12	(6) Any agency employee, special state appointee, former agency
13	employee, or former special state appointee with final purchasing
14	authority.
15	(7) The chief investment officer employed by the Indiana public
16	retirement system.
17	(8) Any employee of the Indiana public retirement system whose
18	duties include the recommendation, selection, and management
19	of:
20	(A) the investments of the funds administered by the Indiana
21	public retirement system;
22	(B) the investment options offered in the annuity savings
23	accounts in the public employees' retirement fund and the
24	Indiana state teachers' retirement fund;
25	(C) the investment options offered in the legislators' defined
26	contribution plan; or
27	(D) investment managers, investment advisors, and other
28	investment service providers of the Indiana public retirement
29	system.
30	(9) An employee required to do so by rule adopted by the
31	inspector general.
32	(b) The statement shall be filed with the inspector general as
33	follows:
34	(1) Not later than February 1 of every year, in the case of the state
35	officers and employees enumerated in subsection (a).
36	(2) If the individual has not previously filed under subdivision (1)
37	during the present calendar year and is filing as a candidate for a
38	state office listed in subsection (a)(1), before filing a declaration
39	of candidacy under IC 3-8-2 or IC 3-8-4-11, petition of
40	nomination under IC 3-8-6, or declaration of intent to be a
41	write-in candidate under IC 3-8-2-2.5, or before a certificate of
42	nomination is filed under IC 3-8-7-8, in the case of a candidate for



1	one (1) of the state offices (unless the statement has already been
2	filed when required under IC 3-8-4-11).
3	(3) Not later than sixty (60) days after employment or taking
4	office, unless the previous employment or office required the
5	filing of a statement under this section.
6	(4) Not later than thirty (30) days after leaving employment or
7	office, unless the subsequent employment or office requires the
8	filing of a statement under this section.
9	The statement must be made under affirmation.
10	(c) The statement shall set forth the following information for the
11	preceding calendar year or, in the case of a state officer or employee
12	who leaves office or employment, the period since a previous statement
13	was filed:
14	(1) The name and address of any person known:
15	(A) to have a business relationship with the agency of the state
16	officer or employee or the office sought by the candidate; and
17	(B) from whom the state officer, candidate, or the employee,
18	or that individual's spouse or unemancipated children received
19	a gift or gifts having a total fair market value in excess of one
20	hundred dollars (\$100).
21	(2) The location of all real property in which the state officer,
22	candidate, or the employee or that individual's spouse or
23	unemancipated children has an equitable or legal interest either
24	amounting to five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or more or
25	comprising ten percent (10%) of the state officer's, candidate's, or
26	the employee's net worth or the net worth of that individual's
27	spouse or unemancipated children. An individual's primary
28	personal residence need not be listed, unless it also serves as
29	income property.
30	(3) The names and the nature of the business of the employers of
31	the state officer, candidate, or the employee and that individual's
32	spouse.
33	(4) The following information about any sole proprietorship
34	owned or professional practice operated by the state officer,
35	candidate, or the employee or that individual's spouse:
36	(A) The name of the sole proprietorship or professional
37	practice.
38	(B) The nature of the business.
39	(C) Whether any clients are known to have had a business
40	relationship with the agency of the state officer or employee or
41	the office sought by the candidate.
42	(D) The name of any client or customer from whom the state



1	officer, candidate, employee, or that individual's spouse
2	received more than thirty-three percent (33%) of the state
3	officer's, candidate's, employee's, or that individual's spouse's
4	nonstate income in a year.
5	(5) The name of any partnership of which the state officer,
6	candidate, or the employee or that individual's spouse is a member
7	and the nature of the partnership's business.
8	(6) The name of any corporation (other than a church) of which
9	the state officer, candidate, or the employee or that individual's
0	spouse is an officer or a director and the nature of the
1	corporation's business.
2	(7) The name of any corporation in which the state officer,
3	candidate, or the employee or that individual's spouse or
4	unemancipated children own stock or stock options having a fair
5	market value in excess of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
6	However, if the stock is held in a blind trust, the name of the
7	administrator of the trust must be disclosed on the statement
8	instead of the name of the corporation. A time or demand deposit
9	in a financial institution or insurance policy need not be listed.
0.0	(8) The name and address of the most recent former employer.
21	(9) Additional information that the person making the disclosure
22	chooses to include.
23	Any such state officer, candidate, or employee may file an amended
22 23 24	statement upon discovery of additional information required to be
	reported.
25 26	(d) A person who:
27	(1) fails to file a statement required by rule or this section in a
28	timely manner; or
9	(2) files a deficient statement;
0	upon a majority vote of the commission, is subject to a civil penalty at
1	a rate of not more than ten dollars (\$10) for each day the statement
2	remains delinquent or deficient. The maximum penalty under this
3	subsection is one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
4	(e) A person who intentionally or knowingly files a false statement
5	commits a Class A infraction.
6	SECTION 34. IC 5-8-3.5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. (a) An officer who
8	wants to resign shall give written notice of the officer's resignation as
9	follows:
0	(1) The governor and lieutenant governor shall notify the
-1	principal clerk of the house of representatives and the principal
-2	secretary of the senate to act in accordance with Article 5, Section



1	10 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The clerk and the
2	secretary shall file a copy of the notice with the office of the
3	secretary of state.
4	(2) A member of the general assembly shall notify the following,
5	whichever applies:
6	(A) A member of the senate shall notify the president pro
7	tempore of the senate.
8	(B) A member of the house of representatives shall notify the
9	speaker of the house of representatives.
10	(3) The following officers commissioned by the governor under
11	IC 4-3-1-5 shall notify the governor:
12	(A) An elector or alternate elector for President and Vice
13	President of the United States.
14	(B) The secretary of state, auditor of state, treasurer of state,
15	superintendent of public instruction, or attorney general.
16	(C) An officer elected by the general assembly, the senate, or
17	the house of representatives.
18	(D) A justice of the Indiana supreme court, judge of the
19	Indiana court of appeals, or judge of the Indiana tax court.
20	(E) A judge of a circuit, city, county, probate, superior, town,
21	or township small claims court.
22	(F) A prosecuting attorney.
23	(G) A circuit court clerk.
24	(H) A county auditor, county recorder, county treasurer,
25	county sheriff, county coroner, or county surveyor.
26	(4) An elected member of the state board of education shall
27	notify the secretary of state.
28	(4) (5) An officer of a political subdivision (as defined by
29	IC 36-1-2-13) other than an officer listed in subdivision (3) shall
30	notify the circuit court clerk of the county containing the largest
31	percentage of population of the political subdivision.
32	(5) (6) An officer not listed in subdivisions (1) through (4) (5)
33	shall notify the person or entity from whom the officer received
34	the officer's appointment.
35	(b) A person or an entity that receives notice of a resignation and
36	does not have the power to fill the vacancy created by the resignation
37	shall, not later than seventy-two (72) hours after receipt of the notice
38	of resignation, give notice of the vacancy to the person or entity that
39	has the power to:
40	(1) fill the vacancy; or
41	(2) call a caucus for the purpose of filling the vacancy.
42	SECTION 35. IC 5-8-6-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.119-2005,



1	SECTION 29, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "officeholder" refers to
3	a person who holds a state office, state board of education office,
4	legislative office, local office, or school board office (as those terms are
5	defined in IC 3-5-2).
6	SECTION 36. IC 5-8-6-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.119-2005,
7	SECTION 29, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 3. (a) A person who knows of the death of an
9	officeholder may certify the death to the following:
10	(1) The governor, in the case of the death of any of the following:
11	(A) An individual who holds a state office (as defined in
12	IC 3-5-2-48).
13	(B) An individual who is a judge of a circuit, superior, probate,
14	county, or city court.
15	(2) The secretary of state, in the case of the death of either of the
16	following:
17	(A) An individual who holds a legislative office (as defined in
18	IC-3-5-2-28).
19	(B) An individual who holds a state board of education
20	office (as defined in IC 3-5-2-47.8).
21	(3) The circuit court clerk of the county in which the officeholder
22	resided, in the case of the death of an officeholder of a county,
23	city, town, township, or school corporation not covered under
24	subdivision (1).
25	(b) A person who certifies the death of an officeholder shall:
26	(1) state the information that causes the person to believe the
27	officeholder has died; and
28	(2) certify, under the penalties for perjury, that to the best of the
29	person's knowledge and belief, the information stated is true.
30	SECTION 37. IC 5-8-6-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.119-2005,
31	SECTION 29, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 5. (a) When the secretary of state:
33	(1) obtains information concerning the death of an individual who
34	holds:
35	(A) a legislative office (as defined in IC 3-5-2-28); or
36	(B) a state board of education office (as defined in
37	IC 3-5-2-47.8); and
38	(2) is reasonably satisfied that the information described in
39	subdivision (1) is true;
40	the secretary of state shall give notice of the death to the state chairman
41	of the political party that elected or selected the deceased individual.
42	(b) The secretary of state shall give the notice required by



1	subsection (a) not later than seventy-two (72) hours after the
2	requirements of subsection (a)(1) and (a)(2) are satisfied.
3	SECTION 38. IC 20-18-2-19, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005,
4	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 19. "State board" refers to the Indiana state board
6	of education established by IC 20-19-2-2 (before January 1, 2017)
7	and by IC 20-19-2-2.5 (after December 31, 2016).
8	SECTION 39. IC 20-19-2-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005,
9	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2. (a) The Indiana state board of education is
11	established. The state board consists of:
12	(1) the state superintendent; and
13	(2) ten (10) members appointed by the governor.
14	(b) The following provisions apply to members of the state board
15	appointed by the governor:
16	(1) At least four (4) of the members must be actively employed in
17	the schools in Indiana and hold a valid teaching license.
18	(2) At least one (1) member must be appointed from each
19	congressional district in Indiana.
20	(3) Not more than six (6) members of the state board may be
21	appointed from the membership of any one (1) political party.
22	(4) The term of office of a member begins on July 1. Except as
23	provided in subdivision (5), the term of office of a member is four
24	(4) years.
25	(5) The governor may dismiss a member for just cause.
26	(6) The governor may appoint a member to fill a vacancy
27	occurring on the state board. A member appointed under this
28	subdivision serves for the remainder of the unexpired term.
29	(c) A quorum consists of six (6) members of the state board. An
30	action of the state board is not official unless the action is authorized
31	by at least six (6) members.
32	(d) The state superintendent serves as chairperson of the state board.
33	(e) This section expires January 1, 2017.
34	SECTION 40. IC 20-19-2-2.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
35	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
36	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2.5. (a) This section applies after
37	December 31, 2016.
38	(b) The Indiana state board of education is established. The
39	state board consists of:
40	(1) the state superintendent;
41	(2) nine (9) members, with one (1) member elected from each
42	Indiana congressional district as provided in section 2.6 of this



1	chapter; and
2	(3) three (3) members appointed by the state superintendent
3	as provided in section 2.8 of this chapter.
4	(c) A quorum consists of seven (7) members of the state board.
5	An action of the state board is not official unless the action is
6	authorized by at least seven (7) members.
7	(d) The state superintendent serves as chairperson of the state
8	board.
9	SECTION 41. IC 20-19-2-2.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
10	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
11	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2.6. (a) This section applies to
12	members of the state board described in section 2.5(b)(2) of this
13	chapter.
14	(b) The members shall be elected as provided in IC 3-10-2-7.5.
15	(c) One (1) member shall be elected from each Indiana
16	congressional district. A member must reside in the district from
17	which the member is elected.
18	(d) Except as provided in IC 3-10-2-7.5(c)(2), the term of office
19	of a member is four (4) years.
20	(e) The term of office of a member begins on January 1 after
21	election and continues until a successor is elected and qualified.
22	SECTION 42. IC 20-19-2-2.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
23	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
24	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2.8. (a) This section applies to
25	members of the state board described in section 2.5(b)(3) of this
26	chapter.
27	(b) The state superintendent shall appoint the following three (3)
28	members of the state board from lists submitted as provided in
29	subsection (c):
30	(1) One (1) member who is a teacher.
31	(2) One (1) member who is a principal.
32	(3) One (1) member who is a school superintendent.
33	(c) The leaders of each political party in the general assembly,
34	from both the senate and the house of representatives, shall jointly
35	nominate as their party's candidates five (5) individuals for each of
36	the categories listed in subsection (b). Each party shall submit the
37	party's lists to the state superintendent. Lists of nominees for the
38	initial appointments to the state board must be submitted not later
39	than January 1, 2017.
40	(d) The state superintendent shall appoint one (1) member to the
41	state board in each of the categories listed in subsection (b) from
42	the lists submitted by each political party. The state superintendent



- shall make the initial appointments to the state board under this subsection not later than January 15, 2017.
- (e) Not more than two (2) members of the state board appointed by the state superintendent may be members of the same political party.
- (f) The individuals nominated under subsection (c) must be actively employed in schools in Indiana and hold a valid teaching license.
- (g) The members of the state board appointed under this section serve at the pleasure of the state superintendent.

SECTION 43. IC 20-19-2-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.73-2011, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 7. (a) **This subsection applies before January 1, 2017.** Each member of the state board who is not an officer or employee of the state is entitled to an annual salary of two thousand dollars (\$2,000).

- (b) This subsection applies after December 31, 2016. Each member of the state board, except the state superintendent or an employee of the state, is entitled to an annual salary of two thousand dollars (\$2,000).
- (b) (c) Each member of the state board is entitled to reimbursement for traveling expenses and other expenses actually incurred in connection with the member's duties, as provided in the state travel policies and procedures established by the Indiana department of administration and approved by the budget agency. The compensation of members employed in the public schools may not be decreased because of regular service on the state board.

SECTION 44. IC 20-19-2-21 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 21. (a) All powers, duties, liabilities, property, equipment, records, rights, and contracts of the state board established by IC 20-19-2-2 are transferred to or assumed by the state board established by IC 20-19-2-2.5 on January 1, 2017.

- (b) The state board established by IC 20-19-2-2.5 shall provide indemnification of the state board established by IC 20-19-2-2 as necessary or appropriate in regard to any liabilities of the state board established by IC 20-19-2-2 assumed by the state board established by IC 20-19-2-2.5.
- (c) Rules of the state board established by IC 20-19-2-2 in effect before January 1, 2017, are considered, after December 31, 2016, rules of the state board established by IC 20-19-2-2.5.



1	SECTION 45. IC 34-29-2-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 1. The following
3	persons are privileged from arrest on civil process, and from obeying
4	any subpoena to testify:
5	(1) All officers of the general assembly during their attendance,
6	at the general assembly and during the time they are going to, and
7	returning from the place of meeting, not to exceed one (1) day for
8	every twenty-five (25) miles of the usually traveled route.
9	(2) All voters during attendance at, going to, and returning from
10	elections.
11	(3) Members of the board of county commissioners, during the
12	session of their board, and while going to and returning from the
13	session of the board.
14	(4) Justices, while engaged in hearing or determining any trial.
15	(5) All persons while engaged in necessary attendance at a court
16	and in going to and returning from the court.
17	(6) The governor, treasurer of state, secretary of state, auditor of
18	state, and superintendent of public instruction.
19	(7) This subdivision applies after December 31, 2016. Elected
20	members of the state board of education, during a meeting of
21	the state board, and while going to and returning from a
22	meeting of the state board.
23	(7) (8) All persons while actually engaged in the discharge of
24	military duty.

