### **HOUSE BILL No. 1002**

### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 2-2.1-3; IC 2-2.2; IC 2-7; IC 3-8; IC 3-13-5-3; IC 4-2-6; IC 5-14-7; IC 21-36-1-3.

**Synopsis:** Ethics. Reenacts the legislative ethics statute in a different Indiana Code location and makes the following changes: (1) Provides that an individual ("filer") filing a legislative statement of economic interests ("statement") must disclose the name of any business entity in which the filer, the filer's spouse, or the filer's unemancipated children own stock, stock options, or other interest having a fair market value of more than \$5,000. (Under current law, the threshold amount is \$10,000.) (2) Requires a filer to describe the nature of the business of each business entity reported on the filer's statement in such a way to make it clear to an individual of ordinary understanding the nature of the business entity. (3) Requires a filer to report the name of any person from which the filer derived 25% or more of the filer's income. (Under current law, a filer must report the name of such a person only if the filer receives 33% or more of the filer's income.) (4) Requires a filer to report the name of a lobbyist who is a close relative of the filer. (5) Requires a member of the general assembly, not later than January 20 of each year, to file an affidavit with any lobbyist who has provided more than 25% of the member's nonlegislative income during the previous year. (Under current law, the threshold is one-third of a member's nonlegislative income.) (6) Eliminates the requirement that a code of ethics be adopted each year by both the house and the senate. Provides that a code of ethics remains in effect until the code of ethics is amended by the house to which the code applies, notwithstanding the occurrence of an election for the house or the senate. (7) Requires the ethics committee of each house to provide for the review of each statement of economic interests. Provides that the ethics committee (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2015.

2015

# Bosma, Pelath, Steuerwald, Kersey

 ${\it January\,15,2015, read\,first\,time\,and\,referred\,to\,Committee\,on\,Government\,and\,Regulatory\,Reform.}$ 



#### Digest Continued

may require a filer to provide additional information about any matter reported or required to be reported in the filer's statement. (8) Requires the ethics rules to require each member to receive training in the ethics requirements of the ethics rules, the ethics statute, and any other relevant statutes. Provides that a member's failure to receive the training constitutes disorderly conduct under the Indiana Constitution. (9) Establishes the office of legislative ethics in the legislative services agency. (10) Eliminates the requirement that an individual registering as a lobbyist provide the individual's Social Security number and other information relating to the lobbyist's temporary residence in Marion County. (11) Eliminates the reporting of lobbying expenditures by legislative liaisons in the executive branch and for state educational institutions. (12) Requires state educational institutions to report certain expenses related to lobbying by their employees and related foundations. (13) Provides that post employment restrictions on employees of the executive branch may be waived only if certain requirements are met. (14) Makes changes to the restrictions on post employment activity of state officers, employees, and special state appointees. (15) Provides that a state officer, state employee, or special state appointee may not use state materials, funds, property, personnel, facilities, or equipment for purposes other than official state business unless the use is expressly permitted by a general written policy or regulation that has been approved by the state ethics commission. (16) Provides that a state officer, a state employee, or a special state appointee may not use state materials, funds, property, personnel, facilities, or equipment for a political purpose. Makes technical amendments to reflect the changes described. Repeals the existing legislative ethics statute.



First Regular Session of the 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

## **HOUSE BILL No. 1002**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state offices and administration.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 2-2.1-3 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
2	2015]. (Legislative Ethics).
3	SECTION 2. IC 2-2.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A
4	NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
5	2015]:
6	ARTICLE 2.2. LEGISLATIVE ETHICS
7	Chapter 1. Definitions
8	Sec. 1. The definitions in this chapter apply throughout this
9	article.
0	Sec. 2. "Business entity" refers to any of the following:
l 1	(1) A sole proprietorship.
12	(2) A professional practice.
13	(3) An unincorporated association.
14	(4) A partnership.



1	(5) A limited partnership.
2	(6) A limited liability partnership.
3	(7) A corporation.
4	(8) A professional corporation.
5	(9) A limited liability company.
6	(10) A trust.
7	(11) A business trust.
8	(12) A real estate investment trust.
9	(13) Any other form of organization permitted under Indian
10	law for business purposes.
11	Sec. 3. "Close relative" has the meaning set forth in
12	IC 2-7-1-1.7.
13	Sec. 4. "Compensation" means any money, thing of value, o
14	economic benefit conferred on, or received by, a person in return
15	for services rendered, or for services to be rendered, whether by
16	that person or another person.
17	Sec. 5. "Ethics committee" refers to either of the following:
18	(1) The house legislative ethics committee established by
19	IC 2-2.2-3-1(a).
20	(2) The senate legislative ethics committee established by
21	IC 2-2.2-3-1(b).
21 22	Sec. 6. "Filer" refers to an individual who files a statement o
23	economic interests under IC 2-2.2-2.
24	Sec. 7. (a) "Honorarium" means a payment of money for a
25	appearance or a speech.
26 27	(b) The term does not include the following:
27	(1) Payment or reimbursement of travel expenses.
28	(2) An item given as an award or that has nominal value.
29	Sec. 8. "House" refers to the Indiana house of representatives
30	Sec. 9. "Information of a confidential nature" mean
31	information:
32	(1) obtained by reason of a position or office held; and
33	(2) that has not been, or will not be, communicated to th
34	general public.
35	Sec. 10. "Legislative matter" means a bill, a resolution, an issue
36	or a proposal presented in, or considered by, the house or senate o
37	any committee or subcommittee of the house or the senate.
38	Sec. 11. "Lobbyist" refers to a lobbyist (as defined in
39	IC 2-7-1-10) registered under IC 2-7-2.
40	Sec. 12. "Member" refers to either of the following:
41	(1) A member of the house.

(2) A member of the senate.



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1	Sec. 13. "Minority leader" refers to the leader of the caucus of
2	the party of the house or the senate that has the greatest number
3	of members fewer than the caucus of the house or senate that has
4	the greatest number of members.
5	Sec. 14. "Person" refers to an individual, a business entity, a
6	nonprofit corporation, a governmental agency, or a political
7	subdivision.
8	Sec. 15. "Presiding officer" refers to the following:
9	(1) For the house, the speaker of the house.
10	(2) For the senate, the president pro tempore of the senate.
1	Sec. 16. "Principal administrative officer" refers to the
12	following:
13	(1) For the house, the principal clerk of the house.
14	(2) For the senate, the principal secretary of the senate.
15	Sec. 17. "Senate" refers to the Indiana senate.
16	Sec. 18. (a) "State agency" has the meaning set forth in
17	IC 4-13-1-1(b).
18	(b) The term does not include a state educational institution or
19	an agency of a political subdivision (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13).
20	<b>Chapter 2. Statement of Economic Interests</b>
21	Sec. 1. (a) Not later than seven (7) calendar days following the
22	first session day in January of each year, each member shall file
23	with the principal administrative officer a written statement of the
24	member's economic interests for the preceding calendar year.
25	(b) The legislative council shall prescribe the form of the
26	statement of economic interests.
27	Sec. 2. (a) This section applies only to an individual who:
28	(1) is not a member; and
29	(2) wants to be a candidate for election to the general
30	assembly.
31	(b) Before an individual described in subsection (a) files the
32	individual's declaration of candidacy, declaration of intent to be a
33	write-in candidate, or petition of nomination for office or is
34	selected as a candidate for the office under IC 3-13-1 or IC 3-13-2,
35	the individual shall file with the principal administrative officer a
36	statement of economic interests for the preceding calendar year.
37	Sec. 3. (a) A statement of economic interests filed under this
38	chapter must include the following information:
39	(1) The following information about employers:
10	(A) The name of each of the filer's employers. If:
11	(i) the house or the senate is the filer's sole employer; or

(ii) the filer is retired;



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1	the filer must state that fact.
2	(B) The name of each of the filer's spouse's employers. If
3	the filer's spouse is retired, the filer must state that fact.
4	(C) The nature of the business of an employer named
5	under clause (A) or (B).
6	(2) The following information about business entities:
7	(A) The name of each business entity:
8	(i) owned or operated by the filer or the filer's spouse;
9	(ii) in which the filer or the filer's spouse is a member;
10	(iii) in which the filer or the filer's spouse is an officer or
11	a director; or
12	(iv) in which the filer, the filer's spouse, or the filer's
13	unemancipated children own stock, stock options, or
14	other interest having a fair market value of more than
15	five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
16	(B) The nature of the business of each business entity
17	reported under this subdivision. The filer must provide
18	sufficient detail about the nature of the business entity to
19	make it clear to an individual of ordinary understanding
20	the nature of the business entity.
21	(3) The name of any person, other than the general assembly,
22	from which the filer derived twenty-five percent (25%) or
23	more of the filer's income. If a person reported is a business
24	entity, the filer must provide sufficient detail about the nature
25	of the business entity to make it clear to an individual of
26	ordinary understanding the nature of the business entity.
27	(4) The name of a state agency or the supreme court of
28	Indiana, if the state agency or the supreme court licenses or
29	regulates any of the following:
30	(A) The filer's or the filer's spouse's profession or
31	occupation.
32	(B) A business entity reported under subdivision (2). The
33	filer must also report the nature of the licensure or
34	regulation.
35	For purposes of this subdivision, a requirement to file certain
36	reports with the secretary of state or to register with the
37	department of state revenue as a retail merchant,
38	manufacturer, or wholesaler is not considered as licensure or
39	regulation.
40	(5) The following information about a lobbyist who is a
41	member, an officer, a director, or a manager of a business
	monitor, an officer, a director, or a manager of a publicos

entity that employs the filer or the filer has reported under



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1	subdivision (2):
2	(A) The name of the lobbyist.
3	(B) A description of the legislative matters that are the
4	object of the lobbyist's activity.
5	(6) The name of a lobbyist who is a close relative of the filer.
6	(7) The following information about a person on whose behalf
7	the filer has appeared before, contacted, or transacted
8	business with a state agency or official of the state agency:
9	(A) The name of the person.
10	(B) The name of the state agency.
11	(C) The nature of the appearance, contact, or transaction,
12	and the cause number, if any.
13	A report is not required under this subdivision if the filer
14	rendered services to the person without compensation.
15	(8) If the filer is registered with an agency of the federal
16	government or a state other than Indiana because the filer
17	engages in the business of influencing legislative or executive
18	decision making of the federal government or the other state.
19	The filer must report the name of each agency of the federal
20	government or the government of the other state with which
21	the filer is registered.
22	(b) A filer must enter information in each blank of the form. If
23	information requested by the form is inapplicable to the filer, the
24	filer must enter "not applicable", "none", or a similar response in
25	the blank.
26	Sec. 3.4. (a) Notwithstanding section 1 of this chapter, each
27	member shall file a statement under section 3 of this chapter not
28	later than August 1, 2015, covering calendar year 2014.
29	(b) This section expires January 1, 2017.
30	Sec. 4. A filer is not required to report under section 3 of this
31	chapter the name of a church in which the filer, the filer's spouse,
32	or the filer's unemancipated child is a member, an officer, or a
33	director.
34	Sec. 5. A filer is not required to report a business entity under
35	section 3 of this chapter if the filer's, the filer's spouse's, or the
36	filer's unemancipated child's only interest in the business entity is
37	any of the following:
38	(1) A time or demand deposit in a financial institution.
39	(2) An insurance policy issued by the business entity.
40	(3) A mutual fund.
41	Sec. 6. A filer may file an amended statement upon discovery of

additional information required to be reported.



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1	Sec. 7. (a) The principal administrative officer shall do the
2	following:
3	(1) Provide to a filer the forms prescribed for a statement of
4	economic interests.
5	(2) Keep a statement of economic interests for five (5) years
6	after the expiration of the term during which the statement
7	was filed.
8	(3) Provide for public inspection of statements of economic
9	interests.
10	(4) Provide copies of statements of economic interests to any
11	person for a reasonable fee.
12	(5) Provide for posting of the statements of economic interests
13	of all filers on the general assembly's Internet web site.
14	(b) Before July 1 each year, the Indiana lobby registration
15	commission shall furnish to each principal administrative officer
16	a complete list of the lobbyists registered for the previous twelve
17	(12) month period. The principal administrative officer shall make
18	available to a filer a copy of the list in the office of the principal
19	administrative officer or as otherwise directed by the legislative
20	council.
21	Sec. 8. (a) A member of the general assembly shall, not later
22	than January 20 of each year, file an affidavit with any lobbyist
23	who has provided more than twenty-five percent (25%) of the
24	member's nonlegislative income during the previous year.
25	(b) An affidavit required by this section must state the
26	following:
27	(1) The name and address of the member of the general
28	assembly.
29	(2) That the lobbyist provided more than twenty-five percent
30	(25%) of the member's nonlegislative income.
31	(3) The position or service for which the lobbyist provided the
32	income.
33	Chapter 3. Legislative Ethics Committees
34	Sec. 1. (a) The house legislative ethics committee is established.
35	(b) The senate legislative ethics committee is established.
36	Sec. 2. (a) An ethics committee consists of the following:
37	(1) Three (3) members appointed by the presiding officer.
38	(2) Three (3) members appointed by the minority leader.
39	(b) The presiding officer shall designate a member of the ethics
40	committee as chair of the committee. The presiding officer, upon
41	the recommendation of the minority leader, shall designate a

member of the ethics committee as vice chair of the ethics



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1	committee.
2	Sec. 3. (a) A member of the ethics committee serves as a member
3	of the ethics committee during the member's term as a member of
4	the general assembly.
5	(b) A vacancy on an ethics committee shall be filled in the same
6	manner as the original appointment.
7	Sec. 4. (a) The ethics committee may propose amendments to the
8	code of ethics for adoption by its respective chamber.
9	(b) A code of ethics recommended by the ethics committee must
10	be consistent with the Constitution of the State of Indiana, this
11	article, and any other applicable law.
12	(c) Notwithstanding the occurrence of an election for the house
13	or the senate, the code of ethics remains in effect until amended by
14	the chamber to which the code of ethics applies.
15	Sec. 4.1. (a) The code of ethics in effect on July 1, 2015, remains
16	the code of ethics in effect until it is amended as provided in section
17	4 of this chapter.
18	(b) This section expires July 1, 2017.
19	Sec. 5. The ethics committee may do any of the following:
20	(1) Act as an advisory body to the general assembly and to
21	members on questions relating to possible conflicts of interest.
22	(2) Render opinions interpreting this article and the code of
23	ethics.
24	(3) Receive and hear any complaint that alleges:
25	(A) a breach of any privilege of the ethics committee's
26	house;
27	(B) misconduct of a member; or
28	(C) a violation of the code of ethics;
29	regardless of when the breach, misconduct, or violation is
30	alleged to have occurred.
31	(4) Obtain information with respect to a complaint filed under
32	this section. The ethics committee may compel the attendance
33	and testimony of witnesses and the production of relevant
34	documents.
35	(5) Recommend whatever sanction is appropriate with respect
36	to a particular member as will best maintain the trust,
37	respect, and confidence of the public in the general assembly.
38	(6) Recommend legislation relating to the conduct and ethics
39	of members.
40	(7) Meet in executive session if the purpose of the meeting is
41	to consider confidential matters.

Sec. 6. The ethics committee shall conduct an investigation as



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- (1) When a complaint is filed with the ethics committee, a copy shall be sent promptly to the following:
  - (A) The person alleged to have committed the violation.
  - (B) The presiding officer.
- (2) If the ethics committee determines the complaint does not allege facts sufficient to constitute a code or statutory violation, the complaint shall be dismissed and the complainant and respondent notified of the dismissal of the complaint.
- (3) If the ethics committee determines the complaint does allege facts sufficient to constitute a code or statutory violation, it shall promptly investigate the alleged violation. If, after a preliminary investigation the ethics committee finds that probable cause does not exist to support an alleged violation, the complaint shall be dismissed and the complainant and respondent notified of the dismissal of the complaint.
- (4) If the ethics committee finds that probable cause exists to support an alleged violation, it shall convene a hearing on the matter not later than thirty (30) days after making this finding. The ethics committee may meet in executive session to conduct a preliminary investigation and to determine whether probable cause exists to support an alleged violation. All ethics committee investigations and records relating to the preliminary investigation are confidential.
- (5) If the ethics committee holds a hearing, the respondent shall be allowed to examine and make copies of all evidence in the committee's possession relating to the complaint. At the hearing, a respondent shall be afforded appropriate due process protection consistent with state administrative procedures, including the right to be represented by counsel, the right to call and examine witnesses, the right to introduce exhibits, and the right to cross examine opposing witnesses.
- (6) After the hearing, the ethics committee shall state its findings of fact. If the committee, based on competent and substantial evidence, finds the respondent has violated a code or statutory provision, it shall state its findings in writing in a report to the presiding officer. The report must be supported and signed by a majority of the committee members. If the committee finds the respondent has not violated a code or statutory provision, it shall dismiss the



1	ahayaas
2	charges.
3	Sec. 7. An ethics committee member may not participate in any matter in which the committee member is involved, except as a
4	•
5	respondent.
	Sec. 8. (a) The ethics committee shall provide for the review of each statement of economic interests filed under IC 2-2.2-2.
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	(b) The ethics committee may require a filer of a statement of
8	economic interests to provide additional information about any
9	matter reported or required to be reported in the filer's statement of economic interests.
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1	Sec. 9. (a) Each member shall receive instruction in the ethics
2	requirements of this article, the ethics rules, and any other relevant
3	statutes.
4	(b) Each member must complete not less than one (1) hour of
5	ethics instruction each year as determined by the presiding officer.
6	(c) Each member shall comply with the training requirements
7	of the ethics rules established under this section.
8	Chapter 4. Office of Legislative Ethics
9	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "agency" refers to the legislative
20	services agency established by IC 2-5-1.1-7.
21	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "director" refers to the director
22	of the office appointed under section 6 of this chapter.
	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "legislative council" refers to the
24	legislative council established by IC 2-5-1.1-1.
25	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "office" refers to the office of
26	legislative ethics established by section 5 of this chapter.
27	Sec. 5. The office of legislative ethics is established within the
28	agency.
.9	Sec. 6. The following shall jointly appoint a director for the
0	office:
1	(1) The chairman of the legislative council.
2	(2) The vice chairman of the legislative council.
3	(3) The minority leader of the house of representatives.
4	(4) The minority leader of the senate.
5	Sec. 7. Appointment of staff members of the office is subject to
6	the approval of the legislative council.
7	Sec. 8. The office shall do the following:
8	(1) Assist and advise members in understanding the ethics
9	rules of their respective houses.
-0	(2) Assist and advise members in completing the statement of
-1	economic interests required by IC 2-2.2-2.
-2	(3) Assist and advise the ethics committees.



1	(4) Other duties relating to legislative ethics assigned by the
2	legislative council.
3	Sec. 9. The director may request guidance from the appropriate
4	ethics committee regarding any matter that comes to the office.
5	Sec. 10. The director shall provide that the staff of the office
6	remain current regarding all aspects relating to legislative ethics
7	at the state and national levels.
8	Chapter 5. Prohibitions and Violations
9	Sec. 1. The following constitute disorderly behavior and may be
10	punished by the house or senate as provided in Article 4, Section 14
11	of the Constitution of the State of Indiana:
12	(1) Knowing or intentional failure to file a required statement
13	by the deadline prescribed in IC 2-2.2-2.
14	(2) Knowing or intentional filing a false statement prescribed
15	by IC 2-2.2-2.
16	(3) Knowing or intentional failure to comply with the ethics
17	training requirements established under IC 2-2.2-3-9.
18	(4) Knowing or intentional violation of section 2, 3, or 4 of this
19	chapter.
20	Sec. 2. A member may not accept any compensation from any
21	employment, transaction, or investment that was entered into or
22	made as a result of material information of a confidential nature.
23	Sec. 3. A member may not receive an honorarium for an
24	appearance or a speech made or given in the member's capacity as
25	a legislator.
26	Sec. 4. A member may not receive compensation for the sale or
27	lease of any property or service that substantially exceeds that
28	which the member would charge in the ordinary course of business
29	from any person whom the member knows or, in the exercise of
30	reasonable care and diligence should know, has an economic
31	interest in a legislative matter.
32	Chapter 6. Miscellaneous
33	Sec. 1. This article does not prohibit a member from
34	distributing literature that is:
35	(1) available to residents of Indiana without cost from the
36	state; and
37	(2) stamped "Distributed by (insert the name of the
38	member)".
39	SECTION 3. IC 2-7-1-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
40	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
41	1, 2015]: Sec. 3.5. "Family business" means a business entity in
42	which an individual and the individual's spouse own at least eighty



1	percent (80%) of the business, either of the voting stock or other
2	measure of ownership of that type of business entity, regardless of
3	whether all or a portion is owned jointly or severally.
4	SECTION 4. IC 2-7-1.6-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 9. Nothing in This
6	chapter affects does not affect the committees established under
7	<del>IC 2-2.1-3-5.</del> IC <b>2-2.2-3.</b>
8	SECTION 5. IC 2-7-2-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
9	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 3. The registration statement of
10	each lobbyist who is compensated for lobbying shall must include the
11	following:
12	(1) his The name, social security number, residence address and
13	telephone number, and business address and telephone number
14	of the lobbyist. and the addresses and telephone numbers of any
15	temporary living or business quarters he has in Marion County.
16	(2) The name, business address, telephone number, and kind of
17	business of each person (including the names of each officer or
18	partner) who compensates him; the lobbyist.
19	(3) his <b>The lobbyist's</b> primary occupation and the name or names
20	of his the lobbyist's employers if different than those specified in
21	subdivision (2). <del>and</del>
22	(4) The subject matter of his the lobbyist's lobbying.
23	(5) The name of any member who is a close relative of the
24	lobbyist.
25	SECTION 6. IC 2-7-2-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
26	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 4. The registration statement of
27	each lobbyist who compensates a person for lobbying shall must
28	include the following:
29	(1) his <b>The lobbyist's</b> full name, business address and telephone
30	number, kind of business, and the full name of the individual who
31	controls the business, the partners, if any, and officers.
32	(2) The full name, and business address and telephone number of
33	each person compensated by him the lobbyist as a lobbyist.
34	(3) The subject matter for which he the lobbyist has employed or
35	contracted with a lobbyist.
36	(4) The name of any member who is a close relative of the
37	lobbyist.
38	SECTION 7. IC 2-7-3-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.225-2011.
39	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 3. (a) The activity reports of each lobbyist shall
41	include the following information:
	<del>-</del>

(1) A complete and current statement of the information required



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1	to be supplied under IC 2-7-2-3 and IC 2-7-2-4.
2	(2) Total expenditures on lobbying (prorated, if necessary) broken
3	down to include at least the following categories:
4	(A) Compensation to others who perform lobbying services.
5	(B) Reimbursement to others who perform lobbying services.
6	(C) Receptions.
7	(D) Entertainment, including meals.
8	(E) Gifts made to a legislative person.
9	(3) Subject to section 3.5 of this chapter, a statement of each:
10	(A) expenditure for entertainment (including meals and drink);
11	or
12	(B) gift;
13	that equals fifty dollars (\$50) or more in one (1) day, or
14	expenditures for entertainment (including meals and drink) or
15	gifts that together total more than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250)
16	during the reporting year, if the expenditures and gifts are made
17	by the lobbyist or the lobbyist's agent to benefit a specific
18	legislative person.
19	(4) A list of the general subject matter of each bill or resolution
20	concerning which a lobbying effort was made within the
21	registration period.
22	(5) The name of each member of the general assembly from
23	whom the lobbyist has received an affidavit required under
21 22 23 24 25	<del>IC 2-2.1-3-3.5.</del> <b>IC 2-2.2-2-8.</b>
25	(b) In the second semiannual report, when total amounts are
26	required to be reported, totals shall be stated both for the period
27	covered by the statement and for the entire reporting year.
28	(c) An amount reported under this section is not required to include
29	the following:
30	(1) Overhead costs.
31	(2) Charges for any of the following:
32	(A) Postage.
33	(B) Express mail service.
34	(C) Stationery.
35	(D) Facsimile transmissions.
36	(E) Telephone calls.
37	(F) Electronic communications.
38	(3) Expenditures for the personal services of clerical and other
39	support staff persons who are not lobbyists.
40	(4) Expenditures for leasing or renting an office.
41	(5) Expenditures for lodging, meals, and other personal expenses
42	of the lobbyist.



1	(d) A report of an expenditure under subsection (a)(3) must state the
2	following information:
3	(1) The name of the lobbyist making the expenditure.
4	(2) A description of the expenditure.
5	(3) The amount of the expenditure.
6	SECTION 8. IC 2-7-3-3.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.165-2013,
7	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 3.3. (a) This section does not apply to gifts made
9	between close relatives.
10	(b) A lobbyist shall file a written report whenever the lobbyist
11	makes a gift with respect to a legislative person that is required to be
12	included in a report under section 3(a)(3) of this chapter.
13	(c) A report under this section must state the following:
14	(1) The name of the lobbyist making the gift.
15	(2) A description of the gift.
16	(3) The amount of the gift.
17	(d) A lobbyist shall file a copy of a report required by this section
18	with the commission and the legislative person with respect to whom
19	the report is made.
20	(e) A lobbyist shall file a report required by this section not later
21	than fifteen (15) business days after making the gift. A report filed
22	under this section is confidential and is not available for public
23	inspection or copying until ten (10) business days after the report is
24	filed with the commission.
25	(f) After the expiration of the confidentiality period prescribed in
26	subsection (e), the commission shall provide a copy of a gift report to
27	the following:
28	(1) The principal clerk of the house of representatives, if the
29	legislative person is a member of, or a candidate for election to,
30	the house of representatives.
31	(2) The secretary of the senate, if the legislative person is a
32	member of, or candidate for election to, the senate.
33	(g) Subject to subsections (h) and (i), the commission shall
34	impose a late report fee of not more than one hundred dollars
35	(\$100) per day for each day after the deadline until the report is
36	filed.
37	(h) The late report fee shall not exceed four thousand five
38	hundred dollars (\$4,500).
39	(i) The commission may waive all or part of the late report fee
10	if the commission determines that the circumstances make
11	imposition of the fee inappropriate.
12	SECTION 9. IC 2-7-3-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.165-2013,



1	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 7. (a) This section does not apply to a purchase by
3	a lobbyist from a member's or candidate's business made in the
4	ordinary course of business at prices that are available to the general
5	public.
6	(b) As used in this section, "purchase" refers to a purchase of goods
7	or services for which the lobbyist paid more than one hundred dollars
8	(\$100) from any of the following:
9	(1) A member or candidate.
10	(2) A member's or candidate's sole proprietorship.
11	(3) A member's or candidate's family business, regardless of the
12	manner of the family business's legal organization.
13	(c) A lobbyist shall file a written report with respect to a member or
14	candidate whenever the lobbyist makes a purchase.
15	(d) A report required by this section must state the following:
16	(1) The name of the lobbyist making the purchase.
17	(2) A description of the purchase.
18	(3) The amount of the purchase.
19	(e) A lobbyist shall file a copy of a report required by this section
20	with the commission and the member or candidate with respect to
21	whom the report is made.
22	(f) A lobbyist shall file a report required by this section not later
23	than fifteen (15) business days after making the purchase. A report
24	filed under this section is confidential and is not available for public
25	inspection or copying until ten (10) business days after the report is
26	filed with the commission.
27	(g) After the expiration of the confidentiality period prescribed in
28	subsection (f), the commission shall provide a copy of a purchase
29	report filed under this section to the following:
30	(1) The principal clerk of the house of representatives, if the
31	member or candidate is a member of, or a candidate for election
32	to, the house of representatives.
33	(2) The secretary of the senate, if the member or candidate is a
34	member of, or candidate for election to, the senate.
35	(h) Subject to subsections (i) and (j), the commission shall
36	impose a late report fee of not more than one hundred dollars
37	(\$100) per day for each day after the deadline until the report is
38	filed.
39	(i) The late report fee shall not exceed four thousand five
40	hundred dollars (\$4,500).

(j) The commission may waive all or part of the late report fee

if the commission determines that the circumstances make



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1	imposition of the fee inappropriate.
2	SECTION 10. IC 2-7-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
3	AS A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	JULY 1, 2015]:
5	Chapter 3.5. Reporting of Certain Expenditures by State
6	<b>Educational Institutions</b>
7	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "affiliated entity" refers to a
8	foundation or other entity established to benefit a state educational
9	institution.
10	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "reportable expenditure" refers
11	to an expenditure:
12	(1) that is made by:
13	(A) a state educational institution;
14	(B) an affiliated entity of a state educational institution; or
15	(C) an employee of:
16	(i) a state educational institution; or
17	(ii) an affiliated entity of the state educational
18	institution;
19	that is reimbursed by the state educational institution or
20	by an affiliated entity of the state educational institution;
21	(2) made for lobbying activities; and
22	(3) of a kind reportable under IC 2-7-3 by a lobbyist.
23 24	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "state educational institution"
	has the meaning set forth in IC 21-7-13-32.
25	Sec. 4. (a) Each state educational institution shall annually file
26	a report of all reportable expenditures.
27	(b) A report required by this chapter must:
28	(1) be filed with the commission not later than November 30
29	of each year; and
30	(2) cover the period from November 1 of the previous year
31	through October 31 of the year in which the report is filed.
32	(c) The first report required by this chapter must:
33	(1) be filed with the commission not later than November 30,
34	2016; and
35	(2) cover the period from November 1, 2015, through October
36	31, 2016.
37	Sec. 5. If a state educational institution has no reportable
38	expenditures, a statement of that fact is required and is sufficient
39 40	to comply with the reporting requirements of this chapter.
40 41	Sec. 6. (a) Subject to subsections (b) and (c), the commission
41	shall impose a late report fee of not more than one hundred dollars
42	(\$100) per day for each day after the deadline until the report is



1	filed.
2	(b) The late report fee shall not exceed four thousand five
3	hundred dollars (\$4,500).
4	(c) The commission may waive all or part of the late report fee
5	if the commission determines that the circumstances make
6	imposition of the fee inappropriate.
7	Sec. 7. (a) The commission shall post reports received under this
8	chapter on the commission's Internet web site.
9	(b) If the commission does not receive a report from a state
10	educational institution under this chapter, the commission shall
11	notify the state educational institution and post a copy of the notice
12	on the commission's Internet web site.
13	SECTION 11. IC 2-7-6-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.158-2013,
14	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 2. (a) This section does not apply to filing a late
16	report or statement or failure to file a report or statement under
17	any of the following:
18	(1) IC 2-7-2-2.
19	(2) IC 2-7-3-2.
20	(3) IC 2-7-3-3.3.
21	(4) IC 2-7-3-7.
22	(a) (b) Any person who knowingly or intentionally violates any
23	provision of IC 2-7-2, IC 2-7-3, or IC 2-7-5 commits unlawful
24	lobbying, a Level 6 felony. In addition to any penalty imposed on the
25	defendant under IC 35-50-2-7 for unlawful lobbying, the court may
26	order the defendant not to engage in lobbying for a period of up to ten
27	(10) years, IC 2-7-5-6 notwithstanding.
28	(b) (c) Any person who lobbies in contravention of a court order
29	under subsection (a) of this section commits a Level 6 felony.
30	SECTION 12. IC 3-8-1-33, AS AMENDED BY P.L.90-2012,
31	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 33. (a) A candidate for an office listed in
33	subsection (b) must file a statement of economic interests.
34	(b) Whenever a candidate for any of the following offices is also
35	required to file a declaration of candidacy or is nominated by petition,
36	the candidate shall file a statement of economic interests before filing
37	the declaration of candidacy or declaration of intent to be a write-in
38	candidate, before the petition of nomination is filed, before the
39	certificate of nomination is filed, or before being appointed to fill a
40	candidate vacancy under IC 3-13-1 or IC 3-13-2:
41	(1) Governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, auditor of
42	state, treasurer of state, attorney general, and state superintendent



1	of public instruction, in accordance with IC 4-2-6-8.
2	(2) Senator and representative in the general assembly, in
3	accordance with <del>IC 2-2.1-3-2.</del> <b>IC 2-2.2-2.</b>
4	(3) Justice of the supreme court, judge of the court of appeals,
5	judge of the tax court, judge of a circuit court, judge of a superior
6	court, judge of a probate court, and prosecuting attorney, in
7	accordance with IC 33-23-11-14 and IC 33-23-11-15.
8	(4) A candidate for a local office or school board office, in
9	accordance with IC 3-8-9, except a candidate for a local office
10	described in subdivision (3).
11	SECTION 13. IC 3-8-2-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013,
12	SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 11. (a) A declaration of candidacy may be made
14	by mail and is considered filed as of the date and hour the filing occurs
15	in the manner described by IC 3-5-2-24.5 in the office of the election
16	division or circuit court clerk.
17	(b) A declaration is not valid unless filed in the office of the election
18	division or circuit court clerk by noon on the seventy-fourth day before
19	a primary election.
20	(c) This subsection applies to a candidate required to file a
21	statement of economic interests under IC 2-2.1-3-2 IC 2-2.2-2 or
22	IC 33-23-11-15 or a financial disclosure statement under IC 4-2-6-8.
23	This subsection does not apply to a candidate for a local office or
24	school board office required to file a statement of economic interests
25	under IC 3-8-9. The election division shall require the candidate to
26	produce a:
27	(1) copy of the statement, file stamped by the office required to
28	receive the statement of economic interests; or
29	(2) receipt or photocopy of a receipt showing that the statement
30	has been filed;
31	before the election division accepts the declaration for filing. The
32	election division shall reject a filing that does not comply with this
33	subsection.
34	(d) This subsection applies to a candidate for a local office or school
35	board office required to file a statement of economic interests under
36	IC 3-8-9. The circuit court clerk shall reject a declaration of candidacy
37	that does not include a statement of economic interests.
38	SECTION 14. IC 3-13-5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.225-2011,
39	SECTION 85, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 3. (a) The state chairman or a person designated
41	by the state chairman shall preside over a caucus meeting held under



this chapter.

1	(b) A person who desires to be a candidate to fill a vacancy unde
2	this chapter must file:
3	(1) a declaration of candidacy with the chairman of the caucus
4	and
5	(2) a statement of economic interests under IC 2-2.1-3-2
6	IC 2-2.2-2 with the secretary of the senate or principal clerk o
7	the house of representatives;
8	at least seventy-two (72) hours before the time fixed for the caucus.
9	(c) In addition to the procedures prescribed by this chapter, the
10	chairman and precinct committeemen may adopt rules of procedure
11	that are necessary to conduct business.
12	SECTION 15. IC 4-2-6-5.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.89-2006
13	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 5.5. (a) A current state officer, employee, o
15	special state appointee shall may not knowingly do any of the
16	following:
17	(1) Accept other employment involving compensation o
18	substantial value if the responsibilities of that employment are
19	inherently incompatible with the responsibilities of public office
20	or require the individual's recusal from matters so central o
21	critical to the performance of the individual's official duties that
21 22	the individual's ability to perform those duties would be
23	materially impaired.
24	(2) Accept employment or engage in business or professiona
25	activity that would require the individual to disclose confidentia
26	information that was gained in the course of state employment. o
27	(3) Use or attempt to use the individual's official position to
28	secure unwarranted privileges or exemptions that are:
29	(A) of substantial value; and
30	(B) not properly available to similarly situated individual
31	outside state government.
32	(b) A written advisory opinion issued by the commission or the
33	individual's appointing authority or agency ethics officer granting
34	approval of stating that an individual's outside employment does no
35	violate subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) is conclusive proof that an
36	individual is not in violation of the individual's outside employmen
37	<b>does not violate</b> subsection $(a)(1)$ or $(a)(2)$ .
38	SECTION 16. IC 4-2-6-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.222-2005
39	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 9. (a) A state officer, an employee, or a special
41	state appointee may not participate in any decision or vote, or matter
12	relating to that decision or vote if the state officer employee of



1	special state appointee has knowledge that any of the following has a
2	financial interest in the outcome of the matter:
3	(1) The state officer, employee, or special state appointee.
4	(2) A member of the immediate family of the state officer,
5	employee, or special state appointee.
6	(3) A business organization in which the state officer, employee,
7	or special state appointee is serving as an officer, a director, a
8	member, a trustee, a partner, or an employee.
9	(4) Any person or organization with whom the state officer,
10	employee, or special state appointee is negotiating or has an
11	arrangement concerning prospective employment.
12	(b) A state officer, an employee, or a special state appointee who
13	identifies a potential conflict of interest shall notify the person's
14	appointing authority and ethics officer in writing and do either of the
15	following:
16	(1) Seek an advisory opinion from the commission by filing a
17	written description detailing the nature and circumstances of the
18	particular matter and making full disclosure of any related
19	financial interest in the matter. The commission shall:
20	(1) (A) with the approval of the appointing authority, assign
21	the particular matter to another person and implement all
22	necessary procedures to screen the state officer, employee, or
23	special state appointee seeking an advisory opinion from
23 24 25	involvement in the matter; or
25	(2) (B) make a written determination that the interest is not so
26	substantial that the commission considers it likely to affect the
27	integrity of the services that the state expects from the state
28	officer, employee, or special state appointee.
29	(2) File a written disclosure statement with the commission
30	that:
31	(A) details the conflict of interest;
32	(B) describes and affirms the implementation of a screen
33	established by the ethics officer;
34	(C) is signed by both:
35	(i) the state officer, employee, or special state appointee
36	who identifies the potential conflict of interest; and
37	(ii) the agency ethics officer;
38	(D) includes a copy of the disclosure provided to the
39	appointing authority; and
10	(E) is filed not later than seven (7) days after the conduct
11	that gives rise to the conflict.
12	A written disclosure filed under this subdivision shall be



1	posted on the inspector general's Internet web site.
2	(c) A written determination under subsection (b)(2) (b)(1)(B
3	constitutes conclusive proof that it is not a violation for the state
4	officer, employee, or special state appointee who sought an advisor
5	opinion under this section to participate in the particular matter. A
6	written determination under subsection (b)(2) (b)(1)(B) shall be file
7	with the appointing authority.
8	SECTION 17. IC 4-2-6-10.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.222-2005
9	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVI
0	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 10.5. (a) Subject to subsection (b), a state officer
1	an employee, or a special state appointee may not knowingly have
2	financial interest in a contract made by an agency.
3	(b) The prohibition in subsection (a) does not apply to (1) a state
4	officer, an employee, or a special state appointee who:
5	(1) does not participate in or have official contracting
6	responsibility for any of the activities of the contracting agency
7	<del>if.</del>
8	(A) the contract is made after public notice or, where
9	applicable, through competitive bidding;
0.	(B) the state officer, employee, or special state appointee file
1	with the commission a statement making full disclosure of al
22	related financial interests in the contract;
23	(C) the contract can be performed without compromising the
4	performance of the official duties and responsibilities of the
25	state officer, employee, or special state appointee; and
26	(D) in the case of a contract for professional services, the
27	appointing authority of the contracting agency makes and file
8.	a written certification with the commission that no other stat
9	officer, employee, or special state appointee of that agency i
0	available to perform those services as part of the regular dutie
1	of the state officer, employee, or special state appointee; or
2	(2) a state officer, an employee, or a special state appointee who
3	acting in good faith, learns of an actual or prospective violation o
4	the prohibition in subsection (a), if, not later than thirty (30) day
5	after learning of the actual or prospective violation, the stat
6	officer, employee, or special state appointee:
7	(A) makes a full written disclosure of any financial interests to
8	the contracting agency and the commission; and
9	(B) terminates or disposes of the financial interest.
0	and
-1	(2) files a written statement with the inspector general befor
.2	the state officer employee or special state appointee execute



1	the contract with the state agency.
2	(c) A statement filed under subsection (b)(2) must include the
3	following for each contract:
4	(1) An affirmation that the state officer, employee, or special
5	state appointee does not participate in or have contracting
6	responsibility for the contracting agency.
7	(2) An affirmation that the contract:
8	(A) was made after public notice and, if applicable
9	through competitive bidding; or
10	(B) was not subject to notice and bidding requirements and
11	the basis for that conclusion.
12	(3) A statement making full disclosure of all related financia
13	interests in the contract.
14	(4) A statement indicating that the contract can be performed
15	without compromising the performance of the official duties
16	and responsibilities of the state officer, employee, or specia
17	state appointee.
18	(5) In the case of a contract for professional services, ar
19	affirmation by the appointing authority of the contracting
20	agency that no other state officer, employee, or special state
21	appointee of that agency is available to perform those services
22	as part of the regular duties of the state officer, employee, or
23	special state appointee.
24	A state officer, employee, or special state appointee may file ar
25	amended statement upon discovery of additional information
26	required to be reported.
27	(d) A state officer, employee, or special state appointee who:
28	(1) fails to file a statement required by rule or this section; or
29	(2) files a deficient statement;
30	before the contract start date is, upon a majority vote of the
31	commission, subject to a civil penalty of not more than ten dollars
32	(\$10) for each day the statement remains delinquent or deficient
33	The maximum penalty under this subsection is one thousand
34	dollars (\$1,000).
35	SECTION 18. IC 4-2-6-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2007
36	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 11. (a) As used in this section, "particular matter"
38	means any of the following:
39	(1) An application.
40	(2) A business transaction.
41	(3) A claim.
42	(4) A contract.



1	(5) A determination.
2	(6) An enforcement proceeding.
3	(7) An investigation.
4	(8) A judicial proceeding.
5	(9) A lawsuit.
6	(10) A license.
7	(11) An economic development project. or
8	(12) A public works project.
9	The term does not include the proposal or consideration of a legislative
10	matter or the proposal, consideration, adoption, or implementation of
11	a rule or an administrative policy or practice of general application.
12	(b) This subsection applies only to a person who served as a state
13	officer, employee, or special state appointee after January 10, 2005. A
14	former state officer, employee, or special state appointee may not
15	accept employment or receive compensation:
16	(1) as a lobbyist;
17	(2) from an employer if the former state officer, employee, or
18	special state appointee was:
19	(A) engaged in the negotiation or the administration of one (1)
20	or more contracts with that employer on behalf of the state or
21	an agency; and
22	(B) in a position to make a discretionary decision affecting the:
23	(i) outcome of the negotiation; or
24	(ii) nature of the administration; or
25	(3) from an employer if the former state officer, employee, or
26	special state appointee made a regulatory or licensing decision
27	that directly applied to the employer or to a parent or subsidiary
28	of the employer;
29	before the elapse of at least three hundred sixty-five (365) days after
30	the date on which the former state officer, employee, or special state
31	appointee ceases to be a state officer, employee, or special state
32	appointee.
33	(c) A former state officer, employee, or special state appointee may
34	not represent or assist a person in a particular matter involving the state
35	if the former state officer, employee, or special state appointee
36	personally and substantially participated in the matter as a state officer,
37	employee, or special state appointee, even if the former state officer,
38	employee, or special state appointee receives no compensation for the
39	representation or assistance.
40	(d) A former state officer, employee, or special state appointee may
41	not accept employment or compensation from an employer if the
42	circumstances surrounding the employment or compensation would



1	lead a reasonable person to believe that:
2	(1) employment; or
3	(2) compensation;
4	is given or had been offered for the purpose of influencing the former
5	state officer, employee, or special state appointee in the performance
6	of his or her the individual's duties or responsibilities while a state
7	officer, an employee, or a special state appointee.
8	(e) A written advisory opinion issued by the commission certifying
9	that:
0	(1) employment of;
1	(2) representation by; or
2	(3) assistance from;
3	the former state officer, employee, or special state appointee does not
4	violate this section is conclusive proof that a former state officer,
5	employee, or special state appointee is not in violation of this section.
6	(f) Subsection (b) does not apply to <b>the following:</b>
7	(1) A special state appointee who serves only as a member of an
8	advisory body.
9	(2) A former state officer, employee, or special state appointee
0.	who has:
21	(A) not negotiated or administered any contracts with that
22 23 24	employer in the two (2) years before the beginning of
2.3	employment negotiations with that employer;
.4	(B) any contract that:
2.5	(i) the former state officer, employee, or special state
26	appointee may have negotiated or administered before
27	the two (2) years preceding the beginning of employment
8	negotiations; and
9	(ii) is no longer active; and
0	(C) not had any contact with the intended employer for the
1	two (2) years before the beginning of employment
2	negotiations.
3	(g) An employee's or a special state appointee's state officer or
4	appointing authority may waive application of subsection (b) or (c) in
5	individual cases when consistent with the public interest. Waivers must
6	be in writing and filed with the commission. A waiver must satisfy all
7	of the following:
8	(1) The waiver must be signed by an employee's or a special
9	state appointee's:
0	(A) state officer or appointing authority authorizing the
-1 -2	waiver; and (B) agency ethics officer attesting to form.
· _	(D) agency ethics officer affesting to form.



1	(2) The waiver must include the following information:
2	(A) Whether the employee's prior job duties involved
3	substantial decision making authority over policies, rules,
4	or contracts.
5	(B) The nature of the duties to be performed by the
6	employee for the prospective employer.
7	(C) Whether the prospective employment is likely to
8	involve substantial contact with the employee's former
9	agency and the extent to which any such contact is likely to
10	involve matters where the agency has the discretion to
11	make decisions based on the work product of the employee.
12	(D) Whether the prospective employment may be
13	beneficial to the state or the public, specifically stating how
14	the intended employment is consistent with the public
15	interest.
16	(E) The extent of economic hardship to the employee if the
17	request for a waiver is denied.
18	(3) The waiver must be filed with and presented to the
19	commission by the state officer or appointing authority
20	authorizing the waiver.
21	(4) The waiver must be limited to an employee or a special
22	state appointee who obtains the waiver before engaging in the
23	conduct that would give rise to a violation of subsection (b) or
24	(c).
25	The commission may conduct an administrative review of a waiver
26	and approve a waiver only if the commission is satisfied that the
27	information provided under subdivision (2) is specifically and
28	satisfactorily articulated. The inspector general may adopt rules
29	under IC 4-22-2 to establish criteria for post employment waivers.
30	(h) Subsection (b) applies to a former state officer, employee, or
31	special state appointee who:
32	(1) made decisions as an administrative law judge; or
33	(2) presided over information gathering or order drafting
34	proceedings;
35	that directly applied to the employer or to a parent or subsidiary
36	of the employer.
37	(i) A former state officer, employee, or special state appointee
38	who forms a sole proprietorship or a professional practice and
39	engages in a business relationship with an entity that would
40	otherwise violate this section must file a disclosure statement with
41	the commission not later than one hundred eighty (180) days after
42	separation from state service. The disclosure must:



1	(1) be signed by the former state officer, employee, or special
2	state appointee;
3	(2) certify that the former state officer, employee, or special
4	state appointee is not an employee of the entity; and
5	(3) state in detail the treatment of taxes, insurance, and any
6	other benefits between the entity and the former state officer,
7	employee, or state appointee.
8	(j) The inspector general may not seek a state elected office
9	before the elapse of at least three hundred sixty-five (365) days
10	after leaving the inspector general position.
11	SECTION 19. IC 4-2-6-17 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
12	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
13	1, 2015]: Sec. 17. (a) Subject to subsection (b), a state officer, an
14	employee, or a special state appointee may not use state materials,
15	funds, property, personnel, facilities, or equipment for purposes
16	other than official state business unless the use is expressly
17	permitted by a general written agency, departmental, or
18	institutional policy or regulation that has been approved by the
19	commission. The commission may withhold approval of a policy or
20	rule that violates the intent of Indiana law or the code of ethics,
21	even if Indiana law or the code of ethics does not explicitly prohibit
22	that policy or rule.
23	(b) A state officer, an employee, or a special state appointee may
24	not use state materials, funds, property, personnel, facilities, or
25	equipment for a political purpose.
26	(c) An individual who violates this section is subject to action
27	under section 12 of this chapter.
28	SECTION 20. IC 5-14-7 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
29	2015]. (Legislative Liaisons).
30	SECTION 21. IC 21-36-1-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2007,
31	SECTION 277, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
32	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 3. "State agency" has the meaning

[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 3. "State agency" has the meaning

set forth in <del>IC 2-2.1-3-1.</del> **IC 2-2.2-1-18.** 



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