

HOUSE BILL No. 1281

DIGEST OF HB 1281 (Updated February 3, 2015 3:00 pm - DI 87)

Citations Affected: IC 5-13; IC 36-1.

Synopsis: Local government investments. Provides that if the proceeds from the sale of a capital asset owned by a political subdivision exceed \$50,000,000, the fiscal body of the political subdivision may do the following: (1) Require some or all of the proceeds to be deposited into a separate fund. (2) Authorize the proceeds to be invested in the same manner as money in the next generation trust fund may be invested, and if so invested, all money that is in a deposit account and not in some other form of investment must be deposited in one or more designated depositories of the political subdivision in the same manner as other public funds of the political subdivision are deposited. Specifies that an expenditure or transfer of any money that is part of the principal of the fund may be made only if the expenditure or transfer is approved by each member of the fiscal body of the political subdivision and by each member of the executive of the political subdivision. Provides that in the case of a county that receives or will receive at least \$50,000,000 from the sale of a capital asset, the county legislative body and the county fiscal body may, by adopting substantially similar ordinances, establish a charitable nonprofit foundation to hold some or all of the proceeds of the sale of the capital asset in trust for the benefit of the county. Requires the political subdivision and the foundation to enter into an agreement with a registered investment advisor regarding investment of the proceeds and the agreement must be a fee-for-service agreement. Specifies that the board of trustees of the foundation consists of the members of the (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2015.

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January 13, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Government and Regulatory Reform.

February 5, 2015, amended, reported — Do Pass.



Digest Continued

county legislative body and the members of the county fiscal body. Provides the following if a foundation is established: (1) Money must be invested in accordance with the terms of an investment policy statement developed by the board of trustees with the investment advisor. (2) The investment policy statement must require diversification, risk management, and other fiduciary requirements common to the management of charitable foundations, including that the funds of the foundation must be invested according to the prudent investor rule. The investment policy statement may not allow the foundation to invest in any investments in which the political subdivision that established the foundation is not permitted to invest under the Constitution of the State of Indiana. (3) Money held by the foundation may be invested in any legal, marketable securities, and is not subject to any other investment limitations in the law (other than the limitations contained in the statute authorizing such an investment and the restrictions contained in the investment policy statement). (4) The total amount of the funds invested by the foundation in equity securities may not exceed 55% of the total portfolio value. (5) The foundation must be audited annually by an independent third party auditor. (6) The board of trustees must meet at least quarterly to receive a quarterly compliance and performance update from the investment advisor. (7) Three nonvoting advisors who are officers of different county designated depositories shall be appointed by those depositories to attend the quarterly meetings and assist the board of trustees in reviewing the compliance and performance report and the annual audit. Provides that an expenditure or transfer of any money that is part of the principal of the donation may be made only upon unanimous approval of the board of trustees. Provides that to the extent that investment income earned on the principal amount of the donation during a calendar year exceeds 5% of the amount of the principal at the beginning of the calendar year, that excess investment income shall be added to and be considered a part of the principal amount of the



First Regular Session of the 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1281

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 5-13-9.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE

2	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2015]:
4	Chapter 9.3. Investment of Proceeds Received From the Sale of
5	Certain Capital Assets
6	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "capital asset" means a building,
7	a fixture, a structure, an improvement, or land.
8	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "fund" means a fund established
9	under section 4 of this chapter.
10	Sec. 3. (a) Subject to the requirements of this chapter, the fiscal
11	body of a political subdivision may adopt an ordinance (in the case
12	of a county or municipality) or a resolution (in the case of any
13	other political subdivision) to authorize the investment of proceeds
14	from the sale of a capital asset owned by the political subdivision.



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1	A fiscal body may adopt an ordinance under this subsection before
2	after, or at the time of the sale of the capital asset.
3	(b) Proceeds from the sale of a capital asset owned by a political
4	subdivision may be invested as provided in this chapter only if:
5	(1) the total amount received (either before July 1, 2015, or
6	after June 30, 2015) or that will be received from the sale of
7	the capital asset exceeds fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000);
8	and
9	(2) the fiscal body of the political subdivision has adopted an
10	ordinance or a resolution, as described in subsection (a), that
11	applies to the investment of proceeds from the sale of that
12	particular capital asset.
13	Sec. 4. (a) If the fiscal body of a political subdivision adopts an
14	ordinance or a resolution under section 3 of this chapter for a
15	particular capital asset, the fiscal officer of the political subdivision
16	shall establish a separate fund into which some or all of the
17	proceeds from the sale of the capital asset shall be deposited. All
18	interest and other income earned on investments of money in the
19	fund shall be deposited in the fund. The ordinance or resolution
20	under section 3 of this chapter must require that the investing
21	officer of the political subdivision shall contract with a registered
22	investment advisor concerning the investment of the proceeds in
23	the fund with the expanded investment authority granted to the

- (b) Notwithstanding IC 5-13 or any other law, the investing officer of the political subdivision may invest money in the fund in the same manner as money in the next generation trust fund may be invested under IC 8-14-15-8(b). A political subdivision shall enter into an agreement with a registered investment advisor to provide advice regarding investment of money in the fund. The political subdivision shall, with the advice of the registered investment advisor, enter into agreements with investment managers for the investment of the funds. These agreements:
 - (1) must be a fee-for-service agreement; and

political subdivision under this section.

- (2) may not provide that the compensation of the investment management professionals or investment advisors is determined in whole or in part by the amount or percentage of the investment income earned on money in the fund.
- (c) Money in the fund may not be expended or transferred from the fund, except as provided in this chapter.
 - Sec. 5. The following apply to money deposited in the fund:
 - (1) The principal of the fund consists of:



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1	(A) the amount deposited in the fund as the proceeds from
2	the sale of the capital asset; plus
3	(B) any investment income that is:
4	(i) earned on money in the fund; and
5	(ii) added to the principal of the fund as provided in
6	subdivision (2).
7	(2) To the extent that investment income earned on money in
8	the fund during a calendar year exceeds five percent (5%) of
9	the amount of the principal at the beginning of the calendar
10	year, that excess investment income shall, for purposes of this
11	chapter, be added to and be considered a part of the principal
12	of the fund.
13	(3) Money may be expended from the fund only upon
14	appropriation by the fiscal body of the political subdivision.
15	Money may be transferred from the fund to another fund of
16	the political subdivision only if the fiscal body of the political
17	subdivision authorizes the transfer by ordinance (in the case
18	of a county or municipality) or by resolution (in the case of
19	any other political subdivision). However, an expenditure or
20	transfer of any money that is part of the principal of the fund
21	may be made only if the expenditure or transfer is approved:
22	(A) by each member of the fiscal body of the political
23	subdivision; and
24	(B) by each member of the executive of the political
25	subdivision.
26	(4) All money in the fund that is in a deposit account and not
27	in some other form of investment shall be deposited in one (1)
28	or more designated depositories of the political subdivision in
29	the same manner as other public funds of the political
30	subdivision are deposited under IC 5-13-9.
31	Sec. 6. The department of local government finance may not
32	reduce a political subdivision's property tax levy under
33	IC 6-1.1-18.5 or any other law on account of money deposited in a
34	fund established under this chapter.
35	SECTION 2. IC 36-1-14-3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
36	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
37	1, 2015]: Sec. 3. (a) This section applies to a county in which the
38	total amount received by the county (either before July 1, 2015, or
39	after June 30, 2015) or that will be received by the county from the
40	sale of a capital asset exceeds fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000).

(b) As used in this section, "foundation" mean a charitable

nonprofit foundation established under subsection (c).



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- (c) The county legislative body and the county fiscal body may, by adopting substantially similar ordinances, establish a charitable nonprofit foundation to hold some or all of the proceeds of the sale of the capital asset in trust for the benefit of the county. A county legislative body and a county fiscal body may adopt ordinances under this subsection before, after, or at the time of the sale of the capital asset. The members of the county legislative body and the members of the county fiscal body shall serve as the board of trustees of a foundation established under this section. A member's term on the board of trustees expires when the member's term on the county legislative body or the county fiscal body expires.
- (d) The board of trustees of a foundation established under this section shall contract with investment managers, investment advisors, investment counsel, trust companies, banks, or other finance professionals to assist the board in its investment program. Money held by the foundation must be invested in accordance with the terms of an investment policy statement developed by the board of trustees with an investment advisor that:
 - (1) is approved by the board of trustees; and
 - (2) complies with the diversification, risk management, and other fiduciary requirements common to the management of charitable foundations, including that the funds of the foundation must be invested according to the prudent investor rule. However, the investment policy statement may not allow the foundation to invest in any investments in which the political subdivision that established the foundation is not permitted to invest under the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The investment policy statement must include the limitation on the investment in equities specified in subsection (f).
 - (e) Money held by the foundation:
 - (1) may be invested in any legal, marketable securities; and
 - (2) is not subject to any other investment limitations in the law, other than the limitations under this section and the limitations in the investment policy statement.
- (f) The total amount of the funds invested by a foundation in equity securities under this section may not exceed fifty-five percent (55%) of the total value of the portfolio of funds invested by the foundation under this section. However:
 - (1) an investment that complies with this subsection when the investment is made remains legal even if a subsequent change in the value of the investment or a change in the value of the



1	total portfolio of funds invested by the foundation causes the
2	percentage of investments in equity securities to exceed the
3	fifty-five percent (55%) limit on equity securities; and
4	(2) if the total amount of the funds invested by a foundation in
5	equity securities exceeds the fifty-five percent (55%) limit on
6	equity securities because of a change described in subdivision
7	(1), the investments by the foundation must be rebalanced to
8	comply with the fifty-five percent (55%) limit on equity
9	investments not later than one hundred twenty (120) days
10	after the equity investments first exceed that limit.
11	(g) The following apply if a foundation is established under this
12	section:
13	(1) The county legislative body shall determine the amount of
14	the proceeds from the sale of the capital asset that shall be
15	transferred by the county fiscal officer to the foundation.
16	(2) The principal amount of the donation to the foundation
17	consists of the following:
18	(A) The amount transferred to the foundation under
19	subdivision (1).
20	(B) Any donations, gifts, or other money received from any
21	private source.
22	(C) Any investment income that is:
23	(i) earned on the principal of the donation; and
24	(ii) added to the principal of the donation as provided in
25	subdivision (3).
26	(3) To the extent that investment income earned on the
27	principal amount of the donation during a calendar year
28	exceeds five percent (5%) of the amount of the principal at the
29	beginning of the calendar year, that excess investment income
30	shall, for purposes of this section, be added to and be
31	considered a part of the principal amount of the donation.
32	(4) An expenditure or transfer of any money that is part of the
33	principal amount of the donation may be made only upon
34	unanimous approval of the board of trustees.
35	(5) The foundation must be audited annually by an
36	independent third party auditor.
37	(6) The board of trustees must meet at least quarterly to
38	receive a quarterly compliance and performance update from
39	the investment advisor. Three (3) nonvoting advisors who are
40	officers of different county designated depositories shall
41	attend the quarterly meetings in an advisory capacity to assist
42	the board of trustees:



1	(A) in reviewing the compliance and performance report
2	from the investment advisor; and
3	(B) in reviewing the annual audit required by subdivision
4	(5).
5	The three (3) nonvoting advisors may not vote on any action
6	of the board of trustees. The board of trustees shall by
7	majority vote select the three (3) depositories from which the
8	three (3) nonvoting advisors will be chosen. Each of the three
9	(3) depositories selected under this subdivision shall select an
10	officer of the depository to serve as one (1) of the three (3)
11	nonvoting advisors. Each nonvoting advisor shall serve a term
12	of three (3) years, and the nonvoting advisor shall continue to
13	serve until a successor is selected. However, to provide for
14	staggered terms, the board of trustees shall provide that the
15	initial term of one (1) nonvoting advisor is one (1) year, the
16	initial term of one (1) nonvoting advisor is two (2) years, and
17	the initial term of one (1) nonvoting advisor is three (3) years.
18	For purposes of avoiding a conflict of interest, a financial
19	institution for which a nonvoting advisor is an officer (and
20	any affiliate of such a financial institution) may not receive a
21	commission or other compensation for investments made by
22	the foundation under this section.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Government and Regulatory Reform, to which was referred House Bill 1281, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Delete AM1281 #1 adopted by the Committee on Government and Regulatory Reform on January 27, 2015.

Page 2, line 7, delete "twenty-five" and insert "fifty".

Page 2, line 8, delete "(\$25,000,000);" and insert "(\$50,000,000);".

Page 2, line 19, after "fund." insert "The ordinance or resolution under section 3 of this chapter must require that the investing officer of the political subdivision shall contract with a registered investment advisor concerning the investment of the proceeds in the fund with the expanded investment authority granted to the political subdivision under this section."

Page 2, line 23, delete "However, if a" and insert "A".

Page 2, line 24, delete "enters" and insert "shall enter".

Page 2, line 24, delete "investment management".

Page 2, line 25, delete "professionals or" and insert "a registered".

Page 2, line 25, delete "advisors" and insert "advisor to provide advice".

Page 2, line 26, after "fund" delete ", the agreement:" and insert ". The political subdivision shall, with the advice of the registered investment advisor, enter into agreements with investment managers for the investment of the funds. These agreements:".

Page 3, between lines 18 and 19, begin a new line block indented and insert:

"(4) All money in the fund that is in a deposit account and not in some other form of investment shall be deposited in one (1) or more designated depositories of the political subdivision in the same manner as other public funds of the political subdivision are deposited under IC 5-13-9.".

Page 3, line 28, delete "twenty-five" and insert "fifty".

Page 3, line 29, delete "(\$25,000,000)." and insert "(\$50,000,000).".

Page 3, line 31, delete "community".

Page 3, line 34, delete "community".

Page 4, line 3, delete "may" and insert "shall".

Page 4, line 3, after "managers," insert "investment advisors,".

Page 4, line 7, after "policy" insert "statement developed by the board of trustees with an investment advisor".

Page 4, line 9, delete "restrictions and requirements set forth" and



insert "diversification, risk management, and other fiduciary requirements common to the management of charitable foundations, including that the funds of the foundation must be invested according to the prudent investor rule. However, the investment policy statement may not allow the foundation to invest in any investments in which the political subdivision that established the foundation is not permitted to invest under the Constitution of the State of Indiana. The investment policy statement must include the limitation on the investment in equities specified in subsection (f)."

Page 4, delete lines 10 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(e) Money held by the foundation:
 - (1) may be invested in any legal, marketable securities; and
 - (2) is not subject to any other investment limitations in the law, other than the limitations under this section and the limitations in the investment policy statement.
- (f) The total amount of the funds invested by a foundation in equity securities under this section may not exceed fifty-five percent (55%) of the total value of the portfolio of funds invested by the foundation under this section. However:
 - (1) an investment that complies with this subsection when the investment is made remains legal even if a subsequent change in the value of the investment or a change in the value of the total portfolio of funds invested by the foundation causes the percentage of investments in equity securities to exceed the fifty-five percent (55%) limit on equity securities; and
 - (2) if the total amount of the funds invested by a foundation in equity securities exceeds the fifty-five percent (55%) limit on equity securities because of a change described in subdivision (1), the investments by the foundation must be rebalanced to comply with the fifty-five percent (55%) limit on equity investments not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the equity investments first exceed that limit."

Page 5, delete lines 1 through 30.

Page 6, after line 12, begin a new line block indented and insert:

- "(5) The foundation must be audited annually by an independent third party auditor.
- (6) The board of trustees must meet at least quarterly to receive a quarterly compliance and performance update from the investment advisor. Three (3) nonvoting advisors who are officers of different county designated depositories shall



attend the quarterly meetings in an advisory capacity to assist the board of trustees:

- (A) in reviewing the compliance and performance report from the investment advisor; and
- (B) in reviewing the annual audit required by subdivision (5).

The three (3) nonvoting advisors may not vote on any action of the board of trustees. The board of trustees shall by majority vote select the three (3) depositories from which the three (3) nonvoting advisors will be chosen. Each of the three (3) depositories selected under this subdivision shall select an officer of the depository to serve as one (1) of the three (3) nonvoting advisors. Each nonvoting advisor shall serve a term of three (3) years, and the nonvoting advisor shall continue to serve until a successor is selected. However, to provide for staggered terms, the board of trustees shall provide that the initial term of one (1) nonvoting advisor is one (1) year, the initial term of one (1) nonvoting advisor is two (2) years, and the initial term of one (1) nonvoting advisor is three (3) years. For purposes of avoiding a conflict of interest, a financial institution for which a nonvoting advisor is an officer (and any affiliate of such a financial institution) may not receive a commission or other compensation for investments made by the foundation under this section.".

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1281 as introduced.)

LUCAS

Committee Vote: yeas 9, nays 2.

