HOUSE BILL No. 1308

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 20-23; IC 20-26-4.

Synopsis: School boards. Requires that the members of the governing body of a school corporation be elected. Repeals statutes providing for the option of appointment of members of a governing body, and repeals superseded statutes relating to election of members of a governing body.

Effective: Upon passage; January 1, 2016.

Harman

January 13, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections and Apportionment.



First Regular Session of the 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1308

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 20-23-4-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.179-2011
2	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 12. (a) In formulating a preliminary
4	reorganization plan and with respect to each of the community school
5	corporations that are a part of the reorganization plan, the county
6	committee shall determine the following:
7	(1) The name of the community school corporation.
8	(2) Subject to subsection (e), a general description of the
9	boundaries of the community school corporation.
0	(3) With respect to the board of school trustees, the following:
1	(A) Whether the number of members is:
2	(i) three (3);
3	(ii) five (5); or
4	(iii) seven (7).
5	(B) Whether the members are elected or appointed.



1	(C) If the members are appointed:
2	(i) when the appointments are made; and
3	(ii) who makes the appointments.
4	(D) (B) If the members are elected, That the election is at the
5	general election at which county officials are elected.
6	(E) (C) Subject to sections 21 and 22 of this chapter, the
7	manner in which members are elected. or appointed.
8	(4) The compensation, if any, of the members of the regular and
9	interim board of school trustees, which may not exceed the
10	amount provided in IC 20-26-4-7.
11	(5) Subject to subsection (f), qualifications required of the
12	members of the board of school trustees, including limitations on:
13	(A) residence; and
14	(B) term of office.
15	(6) If an existing school corporation is divided in the
16	reorganization, the disposition of assets and liabilities.
17	(7) The disposition of school aid bonds, if any.
18	(b) If existing school corporations are not divided in the
19	reorganization, the:
20	(1) assets;
21	(2) liabilities; and
22	(3) obligations;
23	of the existing school corporations shall be transferred to and assumed
24	by the new community school corporation of which they are a part,
25	regardless of whether the plan provides for transfer and assumption.
26	(c) The preliminary plan must be supported by a summary statement
27	of the following:
28	(1) The educational improvements the plan's adoption will make
29	possible.
30	(2) Data showing the:
31	(A) assessed valuation;
32	(B) number of resident students in ADA in grades 1 through
33	12;
34	(C) assessed valuation per student referred to in clause (B);
35	and
36	(D) property tax levies;
37	of each existing school corporation to which the plan applies.
38	(3) The:
39	(A) assessed valuation;
40	(B) resident ADA; and
41	(C) assessed valuation per student;
42	data referred to in subdivision 2(A) through 2(C) that would have



1	applied for each proposed community school corporation if the
2	corporation existed in the year the preliminary plan is prepared or
3	notice of a hearing or hearings on the preliminary plan is given by
4	the county committee.
5	(4) Any other data or information the county committee considers
6	appropriate or that may be required by the state board in its rules.
7	(d) The county committee:
8	(1) shall base the assessed valuations and tax levies referred to in
9	subsection (c)(2) through (c)(3) on the valuations applying to
0	taxes collected in:
1	(A) the year the preliminary plan is prepared; or
2	(B) the year notice of a hearing or hearings on the preliminary
3	plan is given by the county committee;
4	(2) may base the resident ADA figures on the calculation of the
5	figures under the rules under which they are submitted to the state
6	superintendent by existing school corporations; and
7	(3) shall set out the resident ADA figures for:
8	(A) the school year in progress if the figures are available for
9	that year; or
20	(B) the immediately preceding school year if the figures are
21	not available for the school year in progress.
22	The county committee may obtain the data and information referred to
23	in this subsection from any source the committee considers reliable. If
24	the county committee attempts in good faith to comply with this
25	subsection, the summary statement referred to in subsection (c) is
26	sufficient regardless of whether the statement is exactly accurate.
27	(e) The general description referred to in subsection (a)(2) may
28	consist of an identification of an existing school corporation that is to
29	be included in its entirety in the community school corporation. If a
80	boundary does not follow the boundary of an existing civil unit of
31	government or school corporation, the description must set out the
32	boundary:
3	(1) as near as reasonably possible by:
34	(A) streets;
35	(B) rivers; and
86	(C) other similar boundaries;
37	that are known by common names; or
88	(2) if descriptions as described in subdivision (1) are not possible,
9	by section lines or other legal description.
10	The description is not defective if there is a good faith effort by the
1	county committee to comply with this subsection or if the boundary
12	may be ascertained with reasonable certainty by a person skilled in the



1	area of real estate description. The county committee may require the
2	services of the county surveyor in preparing a description of a boundary
3	line.
4	(f) A member of the board of school trustees:
5	(1) may not serve an appointive or elective a term of more than
6	four (4) years; and
7	(2) may serve more than one (1) consecutive appointive or
8	elective term.
9	SECTION 2. IC 20-23-4-16, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005,
10	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 16. The form of a preliminary or final
12	comprehensive plan of reorganization is sufficient if the plan contains
13	in its own terms or by reference the following for each proposed
14	community school corporation:
15	(1) The name of the proposed community school corporation.
16	(2) A general description of the boundaries of the community
17	school corporation as provided in section 12 of this chapter.
18	(3) The number of members of the board of school trustees. and
19	whether the members are elected or appointed.
20	(4) The manner in which the board of school trustees, other than
21	the interim board, is elected. or appointed.
22	(5) If a school corporation is divided as part of the reorganization,
23	the disposition of assets and liabilities of the school corporation.
24	(6) The statement required by section 12 of this chapter if that
25	statement is submitted or adopted with the plan.
26	SECTION 3. IC 20-23-4-19, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2006,
27	SECTION 93, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 19. (a) If the creation of a community school
29	corporation out of an existing corporation:
30	(1) would not involve a change in its territorial boundaries or in
31	its board of school trustees or other governing body, other than a
32	change in the time of election or appointment or the time the
33	board members take office; and
34	(2) is consistent with the standards set up under this chapter and
35	the standards set out in this section;
36	the state board may on its own motion or on petition of the governing
37	body of the existing school corporation at any time with hearing in the
38	county where the school corporation is located, after notice by
39	publication at least once in one (1) newspaper of general circulation

published in the county where the school corporation is located, at least

ten (10) but not more than thirty (30) days before the date of a hearing,

and without action of the county committee declare the existing school



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corporation to be a community school corporation by adopting a
resolution to this effect. The existing school corporation qualifies as to
size and financial resources if it has an ADA of at least two hundred
seventy (270) students in grades 9 through 12 or at least one thousand
(1,000) students in grades 1 through 12, and has an assessed valuation
per student of at least five thousand dollars (\$5,000).

- (b) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the following meanings:
 - (1) "County tax" means a property tax:
 - (A) that is levied at an equal rate in the entire county in which any school corporation is located, other than a tax qualifying as a countywide tax within the meaning of Acts 1959, c.328, s.2, or any similar statute; and
 - (B) for which the net proceeds of which are distributed to school corporations in the county.
 - (2) "Assessed valuation" of any school corporation means the net assessed value of its real and personal property as of March 1, 1964, adjusted in the same manner as the assessed valuation is adjusted for each county by the department of local government finance under Acts 1949, c.247, s.5, as amended, unless that statute has been repealed or no longer provides for an adjustment. If a county has a county tax, the assessed valuation of each school corporation in the county shall be increased by the amount of assessed valuation, if any, that would be required to raise an amount of money, equal to the excess of the amount distributed to any school corporation from the county tax over the amount collected from the county tax in the school corporation, using total taxes levied by the school corporation in terms of rate:
 - (A) excluding the countywide tax under Acts 1959, c.328, s.2, or any similar statute; and
 - (B) including all other taxes levied by or for the school corporation.

The increased valuation shall be based on the excess distributed to the school corporation from the county tax levied for the year 1964 and the total taxes levied for the year, or if the county tax is first applied or is raised for years after 1964, then the excess distributions and total taxes levied for the year in which the tax is first applied or raised. If the excess distribution and total taxes levied cannot be determined accurately on or before the adoption of the resolution provided in this section, excess distribution and taxes levied shall be estimated by the department of local government finance using the last preceding assessed valuations



- and tax rates or such other information as that department determines, certifying the increased assessment to the state board before such time. In all cases, the excess distribution shall be determined upon the assumption that the county tax is one hundred percent (100%) collected and all collections are distributed.
- (3) "Assessed valuation per student" of any school corporation means the assessed valuation of any school corporation divided by its ADA in grades 1 through 12.
- (4) "ADA" in any school corporation means the average daily attendance of students who are residents in the school corporation and in the particular grades to which the term refers for the school year 1964-1965 in accordance with the applicable regulations of the state superintendent, used in determining average daily attendance in the distribution of the tuition funds by the state to its various school corporations where funds are distributed on such basis and irrespective of whether the figures are the actual resident daily attendance of the school for the school year.
- (c) The community school corporation automatically comes into being on either July 1 or January 1 following the date of approval, whichever is earlier. The state board shall mail by certified mail, return receipt requested, a copy of the resolution certified by the county committee's chairperson or secretary to:
 - (1) the recorder of the county from which the county committee having jurisdiction of the existing school corporation was appointed; and
 - (2) the county committee.

The resolution may change the time of election or appointment of the board of trustees of the school corporation or the time the trustees take office. The recorder shall without cost record the certified resolution in the miscellaneous records of the county. The recording constitutes a permanent record of the action of the state board and may be relied on by any person. Unless the resolution provides that an interim member of the board of trustees shall not be appointed, the board of trustees in office on the date of the action continues to constitute the board of trustees of the school corporation until their successors are qualified, and the terms of their respective office and board membership remain unchanged except to the extent the resolution otherwise provides. For purposes of this chapter and IC 20-23-16-1 through IC 20-23-16-11, a community school corporation shall be regarded as a school corporation created under section 16 of this chapter.

SECTION 4. IC 20-23-4-20, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005,



1	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 20. (a) After the state board approves a
3	comprehensive plan or partial plan for reorganization of school
4	corporations as submitted to the state board by a county committee, the
5	state board shall promptly, by certified mail with return receipt
6	requested, give written notice of the approval to:
7	(1) the chairperson of the county committee submitting the plan;
8	and
9	(2) the judge of the circuit court of the county from which the
0	county committee was appointed.
1	(b) After notice is given under subsection (a), a community school
2	corporation proposed by a plan referred to in subsection (a) may be
3	created:
4	(1) by petition as provided in this section;
.5	(2) by election as provided in section 21 of this chapter; or
6	(3) under section 22 of this chapter.
7	(c) After receipt of the plan referred to in subsection (a) by the
8	county committee and before or after the election described in section
9	21 of this chapter, a community school corporation proposed by a plan
20	referred to in subsection (a) may be created by a petition. The petition
21	must be signed by at least fifty-five percent (55%) of the registered
22	voters residing in the community school corporation, determined in the
23	manner set out in this section, and filed by any signer or by the county
24	committee with the clerk or clerks of the circuit court or courts of the
25	county or counties where the voters reside. The petition must state that
26	the signers request the establishment of a community school
27	corporation and must contain the following information:
28	(1) The name of the proposed community school corporation.
29	(2) A general description of the boundaries as set out in the plan.
30	(3) The number of members of the board of school trustees.
31	(4) The manner in which:
32	(A) the permanent board of school trustees will be elected;
33	and
34	(B) if covered in the plan, the interim board of school trustees
35	will be elected or appointed.
86	(5) The compensation, if any, of the members of:
37	(A) the permanent board of school trustees; and
88	(B) if covered in the plan, the interim board of school trustees.
39	(6) The disposition, if any, of assets and liabilities of each existing
10	school corporation that:
1	(A) is included in the proposed community school corporation;



and

1	(D) has been divided
1	(B) has been divided. (7) The disposition of school aid hands if any
2	(7) The disposition of school aid bonds, if any.
3	(d) The petition referred to in subsection (c) must show:
4	(1) the date on which each person signed the petition; and
5	(2) the person's residence address on that date.
6	The petition may be executed in several counterparts, the total of which
7	constitutes the petition described in this section. An affidavit of the
8	person circulating a counterpart must be attached to the counterpart.
9	The affidavit must state that each signature appearing on the counterpart was affixed in the person's presence and is the true and
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1	lawful signature of the signer. Each signer on the petition may
2	withdraw the signer's signature from the petition before the petition is
3	filed with the clerk of the circuit court. Names may not be added to the
4	petition after the petition is filed with the clerk of the circuit court.
5	(e) After receipt of the petition referred to in subsection (c), the clerk of the circuit court shall make a certification under the clerk's
.6	hand and seal of the clerk's office as to:
.7 .8	
	(1) the number of signers of the petition;
9	(2) the number of signers of the petition who are registered voters residing in:
20	e
21	(A) the proposed community school corporation; or
22 23	(B) the part of the school corporation located in the clerk's county;
24	as disclosed by the voter registration records of the county;
2 4 25	(3) the number of registered voters residing in:
26	(A) the proposed community school corporation; or
27	(B) the part of the school corporation located in the clerk's
28	county;
.o 29	as disclosed by the voter registration records of the county; and
30	(4) the date of the filing of the petition with the clerk.
81	If a proposed community school corporation includes only part of a
32	voting precinct, the clerk of the circuit court shall ascertain from any
33	means, including assistance from the county committee, the number of
34	registered voters residing in the part of the voting precinct.
35	(f) The clerk of the circuit court shall make the certification referred
86	to in subsection (e):
37	(1) not later than thirty (30) days after the filing of the petition
88	under subsection (c), excluding from the calculation of that period
89	the time during which the registration records are unavailable to
10	the clerk; or
11	(2) within any additional time as is reasonably necessary to permit
12	the clerk to make the certification.
r ∠	the cicix to make the certification.



1	In certifying the number of registered voters, the clerk shall disregard
2	any signature on the petition not made in the ninety (90) days that
3	immediately precede the filing of the petition with the clerk as shown
4	by the dates set out in the petition. The clerk shall establish a record of
5	the certification in the clerk's office and shall return the certification to
6	the county committee.
7	(g) If the certification or combined certifications received from the
8	clerk or clerks disclose that the petition was signed by at least fifty-five
9	percent (55%) of the registered voters residing in the community
10	school corporation, the county committee shall publish a notice in two
11	(2) newspapers of general circulation in the community school
12	corporation. The notice must:
13	(1) state that the steps necessary for the creation and
14	establishment of the community school corporation have been
15	completed; and
16	(2) set forth:
17	(A) the number of registered voters residing in the community
18	school corporation who signed the petition; and
19	(B) the number of registered voters residing in the community
20	school corporation.
21	(h) A community school corporation created by a petition under this
22	section takes effect on the earlier of:
23	(1) July 1; or
24	(2) January 1;
25	that next follows the date of publication of the notice referred to in
26	subsection (g).
27	(i) If a public official fails to perform a duty required of the official
28	under this chapter within the time prescribed in this section and
29	sections 21 through 24 of this chapter, the omission does not invalidate
30	the proceedings taken under this chapter.
31	(j) An action:
32	(1) to contest the validity of the formation or creation of a
33	community school corporation under this section;
34	(2) to declare that a community school corporation:
35	(A) has not been validly formed or created; or
36	(B) is not validly existing; or
37	(3) to enjoin the operation of a community school corporation;
38	may not be instituted later than thirty (30) days after the date of
39	publication of the notice referred to in subsection (g).
40	SECTION 5. IC 20-23-4-27, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005,
41	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
42	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 27. (a) Subsections (b) and (c) do not apply



1	to a community school corporation created before March 12, 1965. A
2	community school corporation created before March 12, 1965, shall
3	operate in accordance with the plan under which it was created and the
4	statutes applicable to that plan, as if Acts 1965, c.336, s.4 had not been
5	enacted.
6	(b) If the members of a governing body are elected, The members
7	shall be elected in accordance with one (1) of the options set forth in
8	subsection (c) or in accordance with section 35 of this chapter. The
9	options must be set out in the plan with sufficient description to permit
10	the plan to be operable with respect to the community school
11	corporation. The description may be partly or wholly by reference to
12	the applicable option.
13	(c) The options described in subsection (b) are the following:
14	(1) Members of a governing body:
15	(A) may reside anywhere in the school corporation; and
16	(B) shall be voted upon by all registered voters living within
17	the school corporation voting at any governing body member
18	election.
19	(2) The community school corporation shall be divided into two
20	(2) or more residence districts with one (1) or more members of
21	the governing body resident within each of the residence districts.
22	The plan may also provide that one (1) or more members of the
23	governing body may reside anywhere in the community school
24	corporation. The plan:
25	(A) must set out the number of members to be elected from
26	each district;
27	(B) may provide for the election of an equal number of
28	members from each district; and
29	(C) must set out the number, if any, to be elected at large
30	without reference to governing body member districts.
31	Under this option, all candidates must be voted on by all
32	registered voters of the community school corporation voting at
33	any governing body member election.
34	(3) The community school corporation shall be divided into three
35	(3) residence districts of approximately equal population. In a
36	district divided into three (3) residence districts, if:
37	(A) the governing body consists of three (3) members, one (1)
38	member must reside in each residence district;
39	(B) the governing body consists of five (5) members, two (2)
40	members may not reside in any one (1) residence district; and
41	(C) the governing body consists of seven (7) members, at least
42	two (2) shall be elected from each residence district.



1	Candidates shall be voted on by all registered voters of the
2	community school corporation voting at any governing body
3	member election.
4	(4) The community school corporation shall be divided into two
5	(2) or more electoral districts. Each member:
6	(A) serves from one (1) electoral district;
7	(B) must be a resident of the district; and
8	(C) must be voted upon by the registered voters residing
9	within the electoral district and voting at any governing body
10	member election.
11	The plan must set out the number to be elected from each
12	electoral district and may provide for election of an equal number
13	of members from each district. The plan must provide that not
14	less than one (1) less than a majority of the governing body may
15	reside anywhere in the community school corporation and must
16	be voted upon by all its registered voters voting at any governing
17	body member election.
18	(5) The community school corporation consists of one (1)
19	electoral district that must embrace the entire community school
20	corporation from which a majority of the members of the
21	governing body shall be elected by all the registered voters of the
22	community school corporation voting at a governing body
23	member election. The other electoral districts must be
24	subdivisions of the community school corporation. Each of the
25	remaining members of the governing body:
26	(A) serves from one (1) of the latter electoral districts;
27	(B) must be a resident of that district; and
28	(C) must be voted upon by registered voters voting at a
29	governing body member election.
30	The plan must set out the number to be elected from each district
31	and may provide for the election of an equal number of members
32	from the district.
33	(6) The community school corporation shall be divided into two
34	(2) or more electoral districts. Each member:
35	(A) serves from one (1) electoral district;
36	(B) must be a resident of that district; and
37	(C) must be voted upon only by the registered voters residing
38	within that district who vote at a governing body election.
39	The plan must set out the number of members to be elected from
40	each electoral district in the school corporation and may provide
41	for election of an equal number of members from each district.
42	SECTION 6. IC 20-23-4-28 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE



1	JANUARY 1, 2016]. Sec. 28. (a) Subsections (b) through (g) do no
2	apply to a community school corporation created before March 12
3	1965. A community school corporation created before March 12, 1965
4	shall operate in accordance with the plan under which it was created
5	and the statutes applicable to that plan, as if Acts 1965, c.336, s.4 had
6	not been enacted.
7	(b) If the members of the governing body are to be appointed, they
8	shall be appointed in accordance with one (1) of the options described
9	in subsection (c). The option must be set out in the plan with sufficien
10	description to permit the plan to be operable with respect to each
11	community school corporation. The description may be partly or wholly
12	by reference to the applicable option provided in this section.
13	(c) The options described in subsection (b) are the following:
14	(1) Members of the governing body may reside anywhere in the
15	community school corporation.
16	(2) The community school corporation shall be divided into two
17	(2) or more governing body member districts, any one (1) or
18	which may embrace the entire community school corporation
19	Each member:
20	(A) serves from a particular district; and
21	(B) must be a resident of the district.
22	The plan must set out the number to be appointed from each
23	district and may provide for an equal number of members from
24	each district.
25	(d) The plan, under either option in subsection (c), may provide tha
26	the first appointments of the governing body members are for staggered
27	terms of not more than four (4) years. Thereafter, appointments shall
28	be made for terms of four (4) years. All terms of office for appointive
29	governing body members expire June 30 in the applicable year.
30	(e) A plan providing for the appointment of members of the
31	governing body must designate the appointing authority. The authority
32	may be the same for each governing body member and must be one (1)
33	or more of the following:
34	(1) The judge of the circuit or superior court.
35	(2) The city executive.
36	(3) The legislative body of a city.
37	(4) The board of commissioners of a county.
38	(5) The county fiscal body.
39	(6) The town legislative body.
40	(7) The township executive.
41	(8) The township legislative body.
42	(9) A township executive and legislative body jointly.



1	(10) Wore than one (1) township executive and registative body
2	jointly.
3	(f) If an appointment is to be made by:
4	(1) a body, the appointment must be made by a majority vote of
5	the body in official session;
6	(2) township executives, the appointment must be made by a
7	majority vote of the executives taken in joint session; and
8	(3) township legislative bodies, the appointment must be made by
9	a majority vote of the total number of township legislative body
10	members by a majority vote of the members, taken in joint
11	session.
12	(g) If a member of the governing body, whether of the interim
13	governing body or regular governing body, is to be appointed, and the
14	beginning of the appointive member's term of office coincides with the
15	date an individual assumes the office of the official who is to make the
16	appointment, the appointment shall be made by the latter individual. If
17	the appointing official or body fails to appoint a member of the first
18	governing body within five (5) days after a community school
19	corporation comes into being, or, for members appointed after the first
20	board is appointed, within five (5) days after a member is to take office,
21	the member of the governing body shall be appointed:
22	(1) by the judge of the circuit court; or
23	(2) in the case of a united school corporation, by the judge of the
24	circuit court of the county having the most students enrolled in the
25	united school corporation.
26	SECTION 7. IC 20-23-4-30, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013,
27	SECTION 78, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 30. (a) This section applies to each school
29	corporation.
30	(b) If a tie vote occurs among any of the candidates, the tie vote
31	shall be resolved under IC 3-12-9-4.
32	(c) If after the first governing body takes office, there is a vacancy
33	on the governing body for any reason, including the failure of the
34	sufficient number of petitions for candidates being filed, whether the
35	vacating member was elected or appointed, the remaining members of
36	the governing body, whether or not a majority of the governing body,
37	shall by a majority vote fill the vacancy by appointing a person from
38	within the boundaries of the community school corporation to serve for
39	the term or balance of the term. An individual appointed under this
40	subsection must possess the qualifications provided for a regularly
41	elected or appointed governing body member filling the office. If:

(1) a tie vote occurs among the members of the governing body



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1	under this subsection or IC 3-12-9-4; or
2	(2) the governing body fails to act within thirty (30) days after any
3	vacancy occurs;
4	the judge of the circuit court in the county where the majority of
5	registered voters of the school corporation reside shall make the
6	appointment.
7	(d) A vacancy in the governing body occurs if a member ceases to
8	be a resident of any community school corporation. A vacancy does not
9	occur when the member moves from a district of the school corporation
10	from which that the member was elected or appointed represents if
11	the member continues to be a resident of the school corporation.
12	(e) At the first general election in which members of the governing
13	body are elected:
14	(1) a simple majority of the candidates elected as members of the
15	governing body who receive the greatest number of votes shall be
16	elected for four (4) year terms; and
17	(2) the balance of the candidates elected as members of the
18	governing body receiving the next greatest number of votes shall
19	be elected for two (2) year terms.
20	Thereafter, all school board members shall be elected for four (4) year
21	terms.
22	(f) Elected governing body members take office and assume their
23	duties on the date set in the school corporation's organization plan. The
24	date set in the organization plan for an elected member of the
25	governing body to take office may not be more than fourteen (14)
26	months after the date of the member's election. If the school
27	corporation's organization plan does not set a date for an elected
28	member of the governing body to take office, the member takes office
29	January 1 immediately after the member's election.
30	SECTION 8. IC 20-23-4-31, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005,
31	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 31. (a) This section applies to each school
33	corporation.
34	(b) If the plan provides for the election of members of the governing
35	body of the community school corporation:
36	(1) The judge of the circuit court or,
37	(2) in the case of a united school corporation, the judge of the
38	circuit court of the county having the most students enrolled in the
39	united school corporation
40	shall appoint interim governing body members in accordance with the
41	plan approved by the county committee and the state board.
42	(c) The members of the governing body appointed serve until their



1	successors are elected and qualified.
2	(d) Instead of appointment, the plan may provide for an alternative
3	method of appointing the members of the interim governing body of a
4	community or united school corporation. The appointment under this
5	subsection must be made by one (1) or more of the class of officials
6	listed in section 28(e) of this chapter. following:
7	(1) The judge of the circuit or a superior court.
8	(2) The city executive.
9	(3) The legislative body of a city.
10	(4) The board of commissioners of a county.
11	(5) The county fiscal body.
12	(6) The town legislative body.
13	(7) The township executive.
14	(8) The township legislative body.
15	(9) A township executive and legislative body jointly.
16	(10) More than one (1) township executive and legislative
17	body jointly.
18	SECTION 9. IC 20-23-4-34 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
19	JANUARY 1, 2016]. Sec. 34. (a) This section applies to a community
20	school corporation located in a county containing a consolidated city.
21	(b) The same method used to east votes for all other offices for
22	which candidates have qualified to be on the election ballot must be
23	used for the school board offices on the election ballot.
24	SECTION 10. IC 20-23-4-36 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
25	JANUARY 1, 2016]. Sec. 36. (a) This section applies to a school
26	corporation located in a county containing a consolidated city.
27	(b) The same method used to east votes for all other offices for
28	which candidates have qualified to be on the election ballot must be
29	used for the governing body offices on the election ballot.
30	SECTION 11. IC 20-23-4-44 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
31	JANUARY 1, 2016]. Sec. 44. (a) This section applies only to a school
32	corporation with territory in a county having a population of more than
33	one hundred seventy thousand (170,000) but less than one hundred
34	seventy-five thousand (175,000).
35	(b) This section applies if there is a:
36	(1) tie vote in an election for a member of the governing body of
37	a school corporation; or
38	(2) vacancy on the governing body of a school corporation.
39	(c) Notwithstanding any other law, if a tie vote occurs among any of
40	the candidates for the governing body or a vacancy occurs on the
41	governing body, the remaining members of the governing body, even

if the remaining members do not constitute a majority of the governing



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1	body, shall by a majority vote of the remaining members:
2	(1) select one (1) of the candidates who shall be declared and
3	certified elected; or
4	(2) fill the vacancy by appointing an individual to fill the vacancy.
5	(d) An individual appointed to fill a vacancy under subsection
6	(c)(2):
7	(1) must satisfy all the qualifications required of a member of the
8	governing body; and
9	(2) shall fill the remainder of the unexpired term of the vacating
10	member.
11	(e) If a tie vote occurs among the remaining members of the
12	governing body or the governing body fails to act within thirty (30)
13	days after the election or the vacancy occurs, the fiscal body (as
14	defined in IC 3-5-2-25) of the township in which the greatest
15	percentage of population of the school district resides shall break the
16	tie or make the appointment. A member of the fiscal body who was a
17	candidate and is involved in a tie vote may not east a vote under this
18	subsection.
19	(f) If the fiscal body of a township is required to act under this
20	section and a vote in the fiscal body results in a tie, the deciding vote
21	to break the tie vote shall be cast by the executive.
22	SECTION 12. IC 20-23-5-11, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005,
23	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 11. (a) Within sixty (60) days after the
25	annexation takes place, the governing body of the acquiring school
26	corporation and losing school corporation shall adopt a plan
27	determining the manner in which the governing body shall be
28	constituted. The plan shall be adopted in accordance with the
29	requirements and procedures of IC 20-23-8, except as set out in
30	subsection (b).
31	(b) The adoption of a plan by the governing body in accordance with
32	IC 20-23-8-10 and its submission to the state board under
33	IC 20-23-8-15 are the only procedures required when an existing plan
34	is changed as follows:
35	(1) All governing body members are elected at large, and there
36	are no governing body member residency districts.
37	(2) Governing body members are elected from governing body
38	member residency districts, and the annexed territory is added to
39	or deleted from one (1) or more districts.
40	(3) A governing body member is appointed from a given area or
41	district, and the annexed territory is added to or deleted from one
42	(1) or more districts or areas.



(4) (3) A governing body member is elected solely by the voters in a school governing body member district, but the addition or deletion of the annexed territory to or from an existing district does not constitute a denial of equal protection of the laws.

If a school corporation elects or appoints members of its governing body both from a school governing body member district encompassing the entire school corporation and from smaller districts, the governing body of the acquiring school corporation shall add the annexed territory both to the district consisting of the entire school corporation and to one (1) or more smaller districts. In a comparable situation, the losing school corporation shall delete the annexed territory both from the district consisting of the entire school corporation and from any smaller district or districts. The change in the plan becomes effective upon its approval by the state board. The application of this subsection does not limit the initiation of, or further changes in, any plan under IC 20-23-8.

SECTION 13. IC 20-23-6-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 3. (a) If the governing bodies of at least two (2) school corporations desire to consolidate school corporations, the governing bodies may meet together and adopt a joint resolution declaring intention to consolidate school corporations. The resolution must set out the following information concerning the proposed consolidation:

- (1) The name of the proposed new school corporation.
- (2) The number of members on the governing body and the manner in which they shall be elected. or appointed.
 - (A) If members are to be elected, The resolution must provide for:
 - (i) (A) the manner of the nomination of members;
 - (ii) (B) who shall constitute the board of election commissioners;
 - (iii) (C) who shall appoint inspectors, judges, clerks, and sheriffs; and
 - (iv) (D) any other provisions desirable in facilitating the election.
- (B) Where applicable and not in conflict with the resolution, the election is governed by the general election laws of Indiana, including the registration laws.
- (3) Limitations on residences, term of office, and other qualifications required of the members of the governing body. A resolution may not provide for an appointive or elective a term of more than four (4) years. A member may succeed himself or



herself in office.

(4) Names of present school corporations that are to be merged together as a consolidated school corporation.

In addition, the resolution may specify the time when the consolidated school corporation comes into existence.

- (b) The number of members on the governing body as provided in the resolution may not be less than three (3) or more than seven (7). However, the joint resolution may provide for a board of nine (9) members if the proposed consolidated school corporation is formed out of two (2) or more school corporations that:
 - (1) have entered into an interlocal agreement to construct and operate a joint high school; or
 - (2) are operating a joint high school that has an enrollment of at least six hundred (600) in grades 9 through 12 at the time the joint resolution is adopted.
- (c) The members of the governing body shall, after adopting a joint resolution, give notice by publication once each week for two (2) consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation, if any, in each of the school corporations. If a newspaper is not published in the school corporation, publication shall be made in the nearest newspaper published in the county in which the school corporation is located. The governing bodies of school corporations shall meet one (1) week following the date of the appearance of the last publication of notice of intention to consolidate. If a protest has not been filed, as provided in this chapter, the governing bodies shall declare by joint resolution the consolidation of the school corporations to be accomplished, to take effect as provided in section 8 of this chapter. However, on or before the sixth day following the last publication of the notice of intention to consolidate, twenty percent (20%) of the legal voters residing in any school corporation may petition the governing body of the school corporations for an election to determine whether or not the majority of the voters of the school corporation is in favor of consolidation.
- SECTION 14. IC 20-23-6-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2006, SECTION 95, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 6. (a) On the day and hour named in the notice filed under section 5 of this chapter, polls shall be opened and the votes of the registered voters shall be taken upon the public question of consolidating school corporations. The election shall be governed by IC 3, except as provided in this chapter.
- (b) The county election board shall conduct the election. The public question shall be placed on the ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-9-4 and must state "Shall (here insert the names of the school



1	corporations that the resolution proposes to consolidate) be
2	consolidated into a consolidated school corporation?".
3	(c) A brief statement of the provisions in the resolution for
4	appointment or election of a governing body may be placed on the
5	ballot in the form prescribed by IC 3-10-9-4. A certificate of the votes
6	cast for and against the consolidation of the school corporations shal
7	be filed with:
8	(1) the governing body of the school corporations subject to the
9	election;
10	(2) the state superintendent; and
11	(3) the county recorder of each county in which a consolidated
12	school corporation is located;
13	together with a copy of the resolution.
14	(d) If a majority of the votes cast at each of the elections is in favor
15	of the consolidation of two (2) or more school corporations, the trustees
16	of the school corporations shall proceed to consolidate the schools and
17	provide the necessary buildings and equipment. In any schoo
18	corporation where a petition was not filed and an election was not held
19	the failure on the part of the voters to file a petition for an election shall
20	be considered to give the consent of the voters of the school
21	corporation to the consolidation as set out in the resolution.
22	(e) If the special election is not conducted at a primary or genera
23	election, the expense of the election shall be borne by the schoo
24	corporation or each of the school corporations subject to the election
25	and shall be paid out of the school general fund.
26	SECTION 15. IC 20-23-6-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2006
27	SECTION 96, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 8. (a) Consolidated schools are under the
29	control and management of the consolidated governing body created
30	under this chapter, and a new consolidated school corporation comes
31	into existence:
32	(1) at the time specified in the resolutions provided in section 3
33	or 4 of this chapter; or
34	(2) if a time is not specified, at the following times:
35	(A) If a protest has not been filed and the creation is
36	accomplished by the adoption of a joint resolution following
37	publication of notice as provided in section 3 of this chapter
38	thirty (30) days after the adoption of the joint resolution.
39	(B) If the creation is accomplished after an election as



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provided in section 6 of this chapter, thirty (30) days after the

(b) The members of the governing body shall:

election.

1	(1) take an oath to faithfully discharge the duties of office; and
2	(2) meet at least five (5) days before the time the new
3	consolidated school corporation comes into existence to organize.
4	(c) The governing body shall meet to reorganize on August 1 of
5	each year and at any time the personnel of the board is changed. At the
6	organization or reorganization meeting, the members of the governing
7	body shall elect the following:
8	(1) A president.
9	(2) A secretary.
10	(3) A treasurer.
11	(d) The treasurer, before starting the duties of the treasurer's office,
12	shall execute a bond to the acceptance of the county auditor. The fee
13	for the bond shall be paid from the school general fund of the
14	consolidated school corporation. Any vacancy occurring in the
15	membership in any governing body, other than vacancy in the office of
16	an ex officio member, shall be filled in the following manner:
17	(1) If the membership was originally made by appointment, the
18	vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the legislative body of
19	the:
20	(A) city;
21	(B) town;
22	(C) township; or
23	(D) other body;
24	or other official making the original appointment.
25	(2) If the membership was elected, the vacancy shall be filled by
26	a majority vote of the remaining members of the governing body
27	of the consolidated school corporation.
28	(e) The members of the governing body, other than the township
29	executive or ex officio member, shall receive compensation for services
30	as fixed by resolution of the governing body. The members, other than
31	the township executive or any ex officio member, may not receive more
32	than two hundred dollars (\$200) annually. Any:
33	(1) township executive; or
34	(2) ex officio member of the governing body;
35	shall serve without additional compensation.
36	(f) The governing body of a consolidated school corporation may
37	elect and appoint personnel it considers necessary.
38	SECTION 16. IC 20-23-6-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.113-2006,
39	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 9. (a) When any:
41	(1) school town;
12	(2) school city:



1	(3) school township;
2	(4) joint school; or
3	(5) consolidated school;
4	has become consolidated by resolution or election and the new
5	governing body has been appointed and legally organized, the former
6	school township, school town, school city, joint school, or consolidated
7	school is considered abandoned.
8	(b) All school:
9	(1) property;
10	(2) rights;
11	(3) privileges; and
12	(4) any indebtedness;
13	from the abandoned school is considered to accrue to and be assumed
14	by the new consolidated school corporation.
15	(c) The title of property shall pass to and become vested in the new
16	consolidated school corporation. All debts of the former school
17	corporations shall be assumed and paid by the new consolidated school
18	corporation. All the privileges and rights conferred by law upon the
19	former:
20	(1) school town;
21	(2) school city;
22	(3) school township;
23	(4) joint school; or
24	(5) consolidated school;
25	are granted to the newly consolidated school corporation.
26	(d) This subsection applies when the consolidated governing body
27	of a consolidated school corporation decides that property acquired
28	under subsection (b) from a township is no longer needed for school
29	purposes. The governing body shall offer the property as a gift for park
30	and recreation purposes to the township that owned the property before
31	the school was consolidated. If the township board accepts the offer,
32	the governing body shall give the township a quitclaim deed to the
33	property. The deed must state that the township is required to use the
34	property for park and recreation purposes. If the township board refuses
35	the offer, the governing body may sell the property in the manner
36	provided in subsection (e).
37	(e) This subsection provides the procedure for the sale of school
38	property that is no longer needed for school purposes by the governing
39	body of a consolidated school corporation. The governing body shall
40	cause the property to be appraised at a fair cash value by:
41	(1) one (1) disinterested resident freeholder of the school
42	corporation offering the property for sale; and



1	(2) two (2) disinterested appraisers licensed under IC 25-34.1;
2	who are residents of Indiana. One (1) of the appraisers described under
3	subdivision (2) must reside not more than fifty (50) miles from the
4	property. The appraisals shall be made under oath and spread of record
5	upon the records of the governing body. A sale may not be made for
6	less than the appraised value, and the sale must be made for cash. The
7	sale shall take place after the governing body gives notice under
8	IC 5-3-1 of the terms, date, time, and place of sale.
9	(f) Proceeds from a sale under subsection (e) shall be placed in a
10	capital projects fund of the consolidated school corporation or other
11	fund designated as the fund that is available for capital outlay of the
12	school corporation.
13	SECTION 17. IC 20-23-7-9 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
14	JANUARY 1, 2016]. Sec. 9. (a) This section applies to a metropolitan
15	or consolidated school corporation located in a county containing a
16	consolidated city.
17	(b) The same method used to cast votes for other offices for which
18	candidates have qualified to be on the election ballot shall be used for
19	the school board offices on the election ballot.
20	SECTION 18. IC 20-23-8-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005,
21	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "plan" means the
23	manner in which the governing body of a school corporation is
24	constituted, including the number, qualifications, length of terms,
25	manner, and time of selection either by appointment or by election of
26	the members of the governing body.
27	SECTION 19. IC 20-23-8-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.119-2012,
28	SECTION 146, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
29	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 7. (a) A plan or proposed plan
30	must contain the following items:
31	(1) The number of members of the governing body, which shall
32	be:
33	(A) three (3);
34	(B) five (5); or
35	(C) seven (7);
36	members.
37	(2) Whether the governing board shall be elected, appointed, or
38	both.
39	(3) If appointed, when and by whom, and a general description of
40	the manner of appointment that conforms with the requirements
41	of IC 20-23-4-28.
42	(4) (2) A provision that the members of an elected a governing



1	board shall be elected at the general election at which county
2	officials are elected.
3	(5) If the governing board will have members who are elected and
4	members who are appointed, the following information:
5	(A) The number of appointed members.
6	(B) When and by whom each of the appointed members are
7	appointed.
8	(C) A general description of the manner of appointment that
9	conforms with the requirements of IC 20-23-4-28.
10	(D) The number of elected members.
11	(E) A general description of the manner of election that
12	conforms with the requirements of IC 20-23-4-27.
13	(6) (3) The limitations on:
14	(A) residence;
15	(B) term of office; and
16	(C) other qualifications;
17	required by members of the governing body.
18	(7) (4) The time the plan takes effect.
19	A plan or proposed plan may have additional details to make the
20	provisions of the plan workable. The details may include provisions
21	relating to the commencement or length of terms of office of the
22	members of the governing body taking office under the plan.
23	(b) Except as provided in subsection (a)(1), in a city having a
24	population of more than fifty-five thousand (55,000) but less than sixty
25	thousand (60,000), the governing body described in a plan may have up
26	to nine (9) members.
27	SECTION 20. IC 20-23-8-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013,
28	SECTION 81, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 8. (a) A plan is subject to the following
30	limitations:
31	(1) A member of the governing body may not serve for a term of
32	more than four (4) years, but a member may succeed himself or
33	herself in office. This limitation does not apply to members who
34	hold over during an interim period to effect a new plan awaiting
35	the selection and qualification of a member under the new plan.
36	(2) The plan if the members are:
37	(A) to be elected, shall conform with one (1) of the types of
38	board organization permitted by IC 20-23-4-27. or
39	(B) appointed, shall conform with one (1) of the types
40	permitted by IC 20-23-4-28.
41	(3) The terms of the members of the governing body, either
42	elected to or taking office on or before the time the plan takes



1	effect, may not be shortened. The terms of the members taking
2	office under the plan may be shortened to make the plan workable
3	on a permanent basis.
4	(4) If the plan provides for electoral districts, where a member of
5	the governing body is elected solely by the voters of a single
6	district, the districts must be as near as practicable equal in
7	population. The districts shall be reapportioned and their
8	boundaries:
9	(A) changed, if necessary; or
0	(B) recertified, if changes are not necessary;
1	by resolution of the governing body not later than December 31
2	of the year next following the year in which a decennial census is
3	taken to preserve the equality of the governing body.
4	(5) The plan shall comply with the:
.5	(A) Constitution of the State of Indiana; and
6	(B) Constitution of the United States;
7	including the equal protection clauses of both constitutions.
8	(6) The provisions of IC 20-23-4-26 through IC 20-23-4-33
9	relating to the board of trustees of a community school
20	corporation and to the community school corporation, including
21	provisions relating to powers of the board and corporation and
22	provisions relating to the mechanics of selection election of the
23	board, where elected and where appointed, apply to a governing
24	body set up by a plan under this chapter and to the school
25	corporation.
26	(b) The limitations set forth in this section do not have to be
27	specifically set forth in a plan but are a part of the plan. A plan shall be
28	construed, if possible, to comply with this chapter. If a provision of the
29	plan or an application of the plan violates this chapter, the invalidity
30	does not affect the other provisions or applications of the plan that can
31	be given effect without the invalid provision or application. The
32	provisions of a plan are severable.
33	SECTION 21. IC 20-23-8-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.119-2012,
34	SECTION 147, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
35	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 13. (a) This section applies to
86	a school corporation located in a city having a population of more than
37	eighty thousand (80,000) but less than eighty thousand four hundred
88	(80,400).
39	(b) The city legislative body may adopt an ordinance to increase the

membership of the governing body of a school corporation to seven (7)

(c) The ordinance must provide the following:



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members.

1	(1) The initial additional members of the governing body are to
2	be appointed by the city executive.
3	(2) If the plan is subsequently changed to provide for the election
4	of governing body members:
5	(A) the membership of the governing body may not be less
6	than seven (7); and
7	(B) (2) After appointment of the initial additional members,
8	all the members of the governing body are to be elected.
9	(3) The initial terms of the members appointed under this section.
10	(4) The effective date of the ordinance.
11	(d) An ordinance adopted under this section:
12	(1) supersedes a part of the plan that conflicts with the ordinance;
13	(2) must be filed with the state superintendent under section 22 of
14	this chapter; and
15	(3) may only be amended or repealed by the city legislative body
16	SECTION 22. IC 20-23-8-21, AS AMENDED BY P.L.179-2011,
17	SECTION 19, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 21. An election may not be held under this
19	chapter more than once each eighteen (18) months. A plan for a
20	governing body may not be adopted more than once each six (6) years,
21	except if either of the following applies:
22	(1) A unless the plan adopted is declared or held to be invalid by
23	a binding judgment or order in a United States or an Indiana court
24	that no appeal or further approval can be taken.
25	(2) The plan provides solely for changes in items specified in
26	section $7(a)(5)$ of this chapter.
27	SECTION 23. IC 20-26-4-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013,
28	SECTION 91, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 4. (a) This section does not apply to a school
30	city of the first class or to a school corporation succeeding to all or the
31	major part in area of a school city of the first class.
32	(b) The commencement and termination of terms of members of a
33	governing body are as follows:
34	(1) Except as provided in subdivisions subdivision (2), and (3),
35	the governing body of each school corporation shall determine
36	whether the term of office for the governing body's members
37	extends from January 1 to December 31 or from July 1 to June 30.
38	A governing body that makes a change in the commencement date
39	of the governing body's members' terms shall report the change to
40	the state board before August 1 preceding the year in which the
41	change takes place. An ex officio member of a governing body
42	shall take office at the time the ex officio member takes the oath



1	of the office by virtue of which the ex officio member is entitled
2	to become an ex officio member.
3	(2) Except as provided in subdivision (3), in a county having a
4	population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000), the
5	terms of office for the members of a governing body who are
6	appointed commence on July 1 of the year in which the members
7	are to take office under the plan, resolution, or law under which
8	the school corporation is established, and terminate on the June
9	30 of the final year of the term for which the members are to serve
10	under the plan, resolution, or law.
11	(3) (2) An elected member of a governing body takes office on the
12	date set in the school corporation's organization plan. The date set
13	in the organization plan for an elected member of the governing
14	body to take office may not be more than fourteen (14) months
15	after the date of the member's election. If the school corporation's
16	organization plan does not set a date for an elected member of the
17	governing body to take office, the member takes office January 1
18	immediately after the member's election.
19	(c) If a vacancy in the membership of a governing body occurs for
20	any reason (including the failure of a sufficient number of petitions for
21	candidates for governing body membership being filed for an election),
22	and whether the vacancy was of an elected or appointed member), the
23	remaining members of the governing body shall by majority vote fill
24	the vacancy by appointing a person from within the boundaries of the
25	school corporation, with the residence and other qualifications
26	provided for a regularly elected or appointed board member filling the
27	membership, to serve for the term or the balance of the term. However,
28	this subsection does not apply to a vacancy
29	(1) of a member who serves on a governing body in an ex officio
30	capacity. or
31	(2) a vacancy in an appointed board membership if a plan,
32	resolution, or law under which the school corporation operates
33	specifically provides for filling vacancies by the appointing
34	authority.
35	SECTION 24. IC 20-26-4-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005,
36	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 7. (a) Except as provided in IC 20-25-3-3,
38	the governing body of a school corporation by resolution has the power
39	to pay each member of the governing body a reasonable amount for
40	service as a member, not to exceed:

(1) two thousand dollars (\$2,000) per year; and (2) a per diem not to exceed the rate approved for members of the



1	board of school commissioners under IC 20-25-3-3(d).
2	(b) If the members of the governing body are totally comprised o
3	appointed members, the appointive authority under IC 20-23-4-28(e
4	shall approve the per diem rate allowable under subsection (a)(2
5	before the governing body may make the payments.
6	(c) To make a valid approval under subsection (b), the appointive
7	authority must approve the per diem rate with the same endorsemen
8	required under IC 20-23-4-28(f) to make the appointment of the
9	member.
.0	SECTION 25. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) This
.1	SECTION applies to members of the governing body of a school
2	corporation who, before January 1, 2016, are appointed.
3	(b) After December 31, 2015, the members of the governing
4	body shall be elected as provided in IC 20-23-4-29.1.
.5	(c) Before January 1, 2016, the governing body shall amend the
.6	school corporation's plan to provide for the election of the
7	members of the governing body as provided in IC 20-23-4-27, a
.8	amended by this act, and IC 20-23-4-29.1. The amendment mus
9	provide that the successor of an appointed member shall be elected
20	at the general election at which county officials are elected that is
21	held immediately before that member's term of office is scheduled
22	to expire.
23	(d) If the governing body fails to amend the school corporation'
24	plan as required by subsection (c), the following apply:
25	(1) The successor of each appointed member of the governing
26	body shall be elected at the general election at which county
27	officials are elected and that is held:
28	(A) in the year in which the appointed member's term
29	expires, if the appointed member's term expires July 1; o
30	(B) the year ending immediately before the appointed
31	member's term expires, if the appointed member's tern
32	expires January 1.
33	(2) The successor elected at the general election takes office or
34	January 1 following the successor's election.
35	(3) The school corporation's plan is considered to provide
86	that:
37	(A) the members of the governing body shall be elected a
88	a general election at which county officials are elected; and
39	(B) a member of the governing body takes office January
10	1 after the member's election.
1	(e) This SECTION expires July 1, 2020.
12	SECTION 26. An emergency is declared for this act.

