

SENATE BILL No. 168

DIGEST OF SB 168 (Updated January 14, 2015 11:04 am - DI 104)

Citations Affected: IC 35-48.

Synopsis: Access to controlled substance data base. Permits physicians who hold a temporary medical license to have access to confidential information in the Indiana scheduled prescription electronic collection and tracking (INSPECT) program.

Effective: July 1, 2015.

Miller Patricia, Brown L, Arnold J

January 6, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Health & Provider Services. January 14, 2015, reported favorably — Do Pass.



First Regular Session 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 168

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 35-48-7-11.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.131-2014,
SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 11.1. (a) Information received by the INSPECT
program under section 8.1 of this chapter is confidential.
(b) The board shall carry out a program to protect the confidentiality

- (b) The board shall carry out a program to protect the confidentiality of the information described in subsection (a). The board may disclose the information to another person only under subsection (c), (d), or (g).
- (c) The board may disclose confidential information described in subsection (a) to any person who is authorized to engage in receiving, processing, or storing the information.
- (d) Except as provided in subsections (e) and (f), the board may release confidential information described in subsection (a) to the following persons:
 - (1) A member of the board or another governing body that licenses practitioners and is engaged in an investigation, an adjudication, or a prosecution of a violation under any state or



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1	federal law that involves a controlled substance.
2	(2) An investigator for the consumer protection division of the
3	office of the attorney general, a prosecuting attorney, the attorney
4	general, a deputy attorney general, or an investigator from the
5	office of the attorney general, who is engaged in:
6	(A) an investigation;
7	(B) an adjudication; or
8	(C) a prosecution;
9	of a violation under any state or federal law that involves a
10	controlled substance.
11	(3) A law enforcement officer who is an employee of:
12	(A) a local, state, or federal law enforcement agency; or
13	(B) an entity that regulates controlled substances or enforces
14	controlled substances rules or laws in another state;
15	that is certified to receive controlled substance prescription drug
16	information from the INSPECT program.
17	(4) A practitioner or practitioner's agent certified to receive
18	information from the INSPECT program.
19	(5) A controlled substance monitoring program in another state
20	with which Indiana has established an interoperability agreement.
21	(6) The state toxicologist.
22	(7) A certified representative of the Medicaid retrospective and
23	prospective drug utilization review program.
24	(8) A substance abuse assistance program for a licensed health
25	care provider who:
26	(A) has prescriptive authority under IC 25; and
27	(B) is participating in the assistance program.
28	(9) An individual who holds a valid temporary medical permit
29	issued under IC 25-22.5-5-4 or IC 25-22.5-5-4.6.
30	(e) Information provided to an individual under:
31	(1) subsection (d)(3) is limited to information:
32	(A) concerning an individual or proceeding involving the
33	unlawful diversion or misuse of a schedule II, III, IV, or V
34	controlled substance; and
35	(B) that will assist in an investigation or proceeding; and
36	(2) subsection (d)(4) may be released only for the purpose of:
37	(A) providing medical or pharmaceutical treatment; or
38	(B) evaluating the need for providing medical or
39	pharmaceutical treatment to a patient.
40	(f) Before the board releases confidential information under
41	subsection (d), the applicant must be approved by the INSPECT
42	program in a manner prescribed by the board.



1	(g) The board may release to:
2	(1) a member of the board or another governing body that licenses
3	practitioners;
4	(2) an investigator for the consumer protection division of the
5	office of the attorney general, a prosecuting attorney, the attorney
6	general, a deputy attorney general, or an investigator from the
7	office of the attorney general; or
8	(3) a law enforcement officer who is:
9	(A) authorized by the state police department to receive
10	controlled substance prescription drug information; and
11	(B) approved by the board to receive the type of information
12	released;
13	confidential information generated from computer records that
14	identifies practitioners who are prescribing or dispensing large
15	quantities of a controlled substance.
16	(h) The information described in subsection (g) may not be released
17	until it has been reviewed by:
18	(1) a member of the board who is licensed in the same profession
19	as the prescribing or dispensing practitioner identified by the data:
20	or
21	(2) the board's designee;
22	and until that member or the designee has certified that further
23	investigation is warranted. However, failure to comply with this
24	subsection does not invalidate the use of any evidence that is otherwise
25	admissible in a proceeding described in subsection (i).
26	(i) An investigator or a law enforcement officer receiving
27	confidential information under subsection (c), (d), or (g) may disclose
28	the information to a law enforcement officer or an attorney for the
29	office of the attorney general for use as evidence in the following:
30	(1) A proceeding under IC 16-42-20.
31	(2) A proceeding under any state or federal law that involves a
32	controlled substance.
33	(3) A criminal proceeding or a proceeding in juvenile court that
34	involves a controlled substance.
35	(j) The board may compile statistical reports from the information
36	described in subsection (a). The reports must not include information
37	that identifies any practitioner, ultimate user, or other person
38	administering a controlled substance. Statistical reports compiled under
39	this subsection are public records.
40	(k) Except as provided in IC 25-22.5-13, this section may not be
41	construed to require a practitioner to obtain information about a patient
42	from the data base.



(l) A practitioner is immune from civil liability for an injury, death,
or loss to a person solely due to a practitioner seeking or not seeking
information from the INSPECT program. The civil immunity described
in this subsection does not extend to a practitioner if the practitioner
receives information directly from the INSPECT program and then
negligently misuses this information. This subsection does not apply to
an act or omission that is a result of gross negligence or intentional
misconduct.

- (m) The board may review the records of the INSPECT program. If the board determines that a violation of the law may have occurred, the board shall notify the appropriate law enforcement agency or the relevant government body responsible for the licensure, regulation, or discipline of practitioners authorized by law to prescribe controlled substances.
- (n) A practitioner who in good faith discloses information based on a report from the INSPECT program to a law enforcement agency is immune from criminal or civil liability. A practitioner that discloses information to a law enforcement agency under this subsection is presumed to have acted in good faith.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Health & Provider Services, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 168, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill DO PASS.

(Reference is to SB 168 as introduced.)

MILLER PATRICIA, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0

