SENATE BILL No. 439

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 12-15; IC 12-23-19.

Synopsis: Controlled substances. Prohibits the office of Medicaid policy and planning (office) from reimbursing under Medicaid for Subutex and Suboxone if the drug was prescribed for the treatment of pain management, and places limitations for these drugs when prescribed for Medicaid recipients for the treatment of substance abuse. Requires the office to compare Medicaid enrollment with the Indiana scheduled prescription electronic collection and tracking program (INSPECT) to identify Medicaid recipients who filled controlled substance prescriptions without using Medicaid. Requires the certification of opioid treatment providers, and sets forth requirements for these providers. Establishes the opioid treatment provider fund for purposes of administering opioid treatment provider certification.

Effective: July 1, 2015.

Hershman

January 20, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Health & Provider Services.



First Regular Session 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 439

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning human services.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 12-15-35-35 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 35. (a) Except as
3	provided in IC 12-15-35.5-9, before the board develops a program to
4	place a single source drug on prior approval, restrict the drug in its use,
5	or establish a drug monitoring process or program to measure or restrict
6	utilization of single source drugs other than in the SURS program, the
7	board must meet the following conditions:
8	(1) Make a determination, after considering evidence and credible
9	information provided to the board by the office and the public
10	that placing a single source drug on prior approval or restricting
11	the drug's use will not:
12	(A) impede the quality of patient care in the Medicaid
13	program; or
14	(B) increase costs in other parts of the Medicaid program,
15	including hospital costs and physician costs.
16	(2) Meet to review a formulary or a restriction on a single source



drug after the office provides at least fifteen (15) days notification

to the public that the board will review the formulary or restriction on a single source drug at a particular board meeting.

4	The notification shall contain the following information:
5	(A) A statement of the date, time, and place at which the board
6	meeting will be convened.
7	(B) A general description of the subject matter of the board
8	meeting.
9	(C) An explanation of how a copy of the formulary to be
10	discussed at the meeting may be obtained.
11	The board shall meet to review the formulary or the restriction on
12	a single source drug at least fifteen (15) days but not more than
13	sixty (60) days after the notification.
14	(3) Ensure that:
15	(A) there is access to at least two (2) alternative drugs within
16	each therapeutic classification, if available, on the formulary;
17	and
18	(B) a process is in place through which a Medicaid recipient
19	has access to medically necessary drugs.
20	(4) Reconsider the drug's removal from its restricted status or
21	from prior approval not later than six (6) months after the single
22	source drug is placed on prior approval or restricted in its use.
23	(5) Ensure that the program provides either telephone or FAX
24	approval or denial Monday through Friday, twenty-four (24) hours
25	a day. The office must provide the approval or denial within
26	twenty-four (24) hours after receipt of a prior approval request.
27	The program must provide for the dispensing of at least a
28	seventy-two (72) hour supply of the drug in an emergency
29	situation or on weekends.
30	(6) Ensure that any prior approval program or restriction on the
31	use of a single source drug is not applied to prevent acceptable
32	medical use for appropriate off-label indications.
33	(b) The board shall advise the office on the implementation of any
34	program to restrict the use of brand name multisource drugs.
35	(c) The board shall consider:
36	(1) health economic data;
37	(2) cost data; and
38	(3) the use of formularies in the non-Medicaid markets;
39	in developing its recommendations to the office.
40	SECTION 2. IC 12-15-35.5-9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
41	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
42	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 9. (a) The office may not



1	reimburse under Medicaid for the following drugs of an equivalent
2	or generic of the drug if the drug was prescribed for the treatment
3	of pain or pain management:
4	(1) Subutex.
5	(2) Suboxone.
6	(b) The following apply to a prescription drug described in
7	subsection (a) for a Medicaid recipient if the prescription is for the
8	treatment of substance abuse:
9	(1) Prior authorization is not required for the initial
10	prescription, and the prescription must be:
11	(A) treated as an initial prescription for a mental health
12	drug; and
13	(B) documented in the Medicaid data base with the
14	information concerning dispensing of the prescription
15	drug.
16	(2) Except as provided in subdivision (3), the office may not
17	reimburse for the prescription drug for more than six (6)
18	months if the drug is prescribed for the treatment of
19	substance abuse.
20	(3) The office may reimburse for the prescription drug for
21	more than six (6) months for a Medicaid recipient only if:
22	(A) the drug is prescribed for the treatment of substance
23	abuse; and
24	(B) the prescriber is either:
25	(i) treating as part of an opioid treatment program
26	approved and certified under and meets the
27	requirements of IC 12-23-18; or
28	(ii) certified under and meets the requirements of
29	IC 12-23-19.
30	SECTION 3. IC 12-15-35.5-10 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
31	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
32	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 10. (a) Before March 1 of each
33	year, the office shall, for the previous calendar year, compare a list
34	of Medicaid recipients with entries in the Indiana scheduled
35	prescription electronic collection and tracking (INSPECT)
36	program established by IC 25-1-13-4 to identify any Medicaid
37	recipient who filled a prescription for a controlled substance that
38	was not reimbursed by Medicaid during the time that the
39	individual was eligible to receive Medicaid reimbursement for the
40	prescription.
41	(b) The office shall review the information obtained under this

section in identifying fraud, abuse, or overutilization of a



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1	prescription drug under the Medicaid program by a Medicaid
2	recipient.
3	SECTION 4. IC 12-23-19 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
4	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2015]:
6	Chapter 19. Opioid Treatment Provider Certification
7	Sec. 1. An opioid treatment provider shall not operate in
8	Indiana unless:
9	(1) the opioid treatment provider is certified by the division;
10	and
11	(2) the opioid treatment provider complies with state and
12	federal law.
13	Sec. 2. (a) The division shall establish and administer a
14	certification for opioid treatment providers.
15	(b) Subject to federal law and consistent with standard medical
16	practice in opioid treatment of drug abuse, the division shall adopt
17	rules under IC 4-22-2 concerning opioid treatment by an opioid
18	treatment provider, including the following:
19	(1) Regular in person appointments between the patient and
20	the opioid provider.
21	(2) Specific counseling requirements.
22	(3) Serious behavior problems of the patient.
23	(4) Stable home environment of the patient.
24	(5) Safe storage capacity of opioid treatment medications
25	within the patient's home.
26	(6) Medically recognized testing protocols to determine
27	legitimate opioid treatment medication use.
28	(7) Provider responsibilities for preparing and implementing
29	a diversion control plan.
30	(c) Not later than February 28 of each year, an opioid treatment
31	provider shall submit to the division a diversion control plan. The
32	diversion control plan must:
33	(1) meet the requirements of this chapter; and
34	(2) include the provider's drug testing procedure for testing
35	a patient during the patient's treatment by the program.
36	(d) Not later than May 1 of each year, the division shall review
37	and determine whether to approve a plan submitted under
38	subsection (c). If the division denies a plan submitted under this
39	section, the opioid treatment provider must submit another plan
40	not later than sixty (60) days after the denial of the plan.
41	Sec. 3. (a) An opioid treatment provider shall periodically and

randomly test, including before receiving treatment, a patient for



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1	the following during the patient's treatment by the provider:
2	(1) Methadone.
3	(2) Cocaine.
4	(3) Opiates.
5	(4) Amphetamines.
6	(5) Barbiturates.
7	(6) Tetrahydrocannabinol.
8	(7) Benzodiazepines.
9	(8) Any other suspected or known drug that may have been
10	abused by the patient.
11	(b) If a patient tests positive under a test described in subsection
12	(a) for:
13	(1) a controlled substance other than a drug for which the
14	patient has a prescription or that is part of the patient's
15	treatment plan with the provider; or
16	(2) an illegal drug other than the drug that is part of the
17	patient's treatment plan with the provider;
18	the opioid treatment provider and the patient shall comply with the
19	requirements under subsection (c).
20	(c) If a patient tests positive under a test for a controlled
21	substance or illegal drug that is not allowed under subsection (a)
22	the following conditions must be met:
23	(1) The opioid treatment provider shall perform a clinical
24	evaluation not more than ten (10) days after the date of the
25	patient's positive test. The physician shall consult with
26	behavioral staff to conduct the evaluation. The clinical
27	evaluation must recommend a remedial action for the patient
28	that may include termination of treatment by the provider or
29	require a higher level of supervision.
30	(2) The opioid treatment provider may not allow the patient
31	to take any opioid treatment medications from the provider's
32	office until the patient has completed a clinical evaluation
33	under subdivision (1) and has passed a random drug test. The
34	patient shall report to the provider's office daily, except when
35	the provider's office is closed, until the provider determines
36	that daily treatment is no longer necessary.
37	(3) The patient shall take a weekly random drug test until the
38	patient passes a test under subsection (a).
39	(d) An opioid treatment provider must conduct all tests required
40	under this section in an observed manner to assure that a false
41	sample is not provided by the patient.

Sec. 4. (a) The opioid provider treatment fund is established to



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1	implement this chapter. The fund shall be administered by the
2	division.
3	(b) Before May 15 of each year, each opioid treatment provider
4	shall submit to the division a fee that is:
5	(1) an amount established by the division by rule under
6	IC 4-22-2; and
7	(2) not more than necessary to recover the costs of
8	administering this chapter.
9	The division shall deposit the collected fees in the fund established
10	under subsection (a).
l 1	(c) The expenses of administering the fund shall be paid from
12	money in the fund.
13	(d) The treasurer of state shall invest money in the fund in the
14	same manner as other public money may be invested.
15	(e) Money in the fund at the end of the state fiscal year does not
16	revert to the state general fund.
17	Sec. 5. (a) The division shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to
18	establish the following:
19	(1) A requirement that an opioid treatment provider obtain
20	prior authorization from the division for any patient receiving
21	more than seven (7) days of opioid treatment medications at
22	one (1) time and that the division may approve the
23 24	authorization only under the following circumstances:
24	(A) An opioid treatment provider registered under this
25	chapter has issued an order for the opioid treatment
26	medication.
27	(B) The patient has not tested positive under a drug test for
28	a drug for which the patient does not have a prescription
29	for a period set forth by the division.
30	(C) The opioid treatment provider has determined that the
31	benefit to the patient in receiving the take home opioid
32	treatment medication outweighs the potential risk of
33	diversion of the take home opioid treatment medication.
34	(2) Minimum requirements for an opioid treatment provider's
35	regular physical evaluation and progress evaluation of each
36	opioid treatment patient.
37	(3) Clinical standards for the appropriate tapering of a
38	patient on and off an opioid treatment medication.
39	(4) Fees to be paid by an opioid treatment provider for
10	certification under this chapter and for deposit in the fund
11	established under section 4 of this chapter.

(5) Standards and protocols for an opioid treatment provider



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1	to do the following:
2	(A) Assess new opioid treatment patients to determine the
3	most effective opioid treatment medications to start the
4	patient's opioid treatment.
5	(B) Ensure that each patient voluntarily chooses
6	maintenance treatment and that relevant facts concerning
7	the use of opioid treatment medications are clearly and
8	adequately explained to the patient.
9	(C) Have appropriate opioid treatment patients who are
10	receiving methadone for opioid treatment move to
11	receiving other approved opioid treatment medications.
12	(b) The division may use the rules adopted under IC 12-23-18-5
13	or IC 12-23-18-7 to satisfy the requirements of subsection (a) if the
14	division determines that the rules meet the standards and
15	requirements of subsection (a).
16	Sec. 6. The division may conduct an annual onsite visit of an
17	opioid treatment provider's facility to assess compliance with this
18	chapter.
19	Sec. 7. (a) An opioid treatment provider shall, at least monthly,
20	provide to the division information required by the division
21	concerning patients currently served by the opioid treatment
22	provider.
23	(b) The division shall maintain the information provided under
24	subsection (a) in the central registry maintained by the division
25	under IC 12-23-18-5.6.
26	(c) Information that could be used to identify an opioid
27	treatment patient and that is:
28	(1) contained in; or
29	(2) provided to the division and related to;
30	the central registry is confidential.
31	Sec. 8. (a) This section is subject to the federal patient
32	confidentiality requirements under 42 CFR Part 2.
33	(b) If an opioid treatment provider dispenses a controlled
34	substance designated by the Indiana board of pharmacy under
35	IC 35-48-2-5 through IC 35-48-2-10, the opioid treatment provider
36	shall provide the following information upon request from the
37	division:
38	(1) The medications dispensed by the provider.
39	(2) The medication delivery process, including whether the
40	medication was in liquid, film, or another form.
41	(3) The number of doses dispensed of each medication.

(4) The dosage quantities for each medication.



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1	(5) The number of patients receiving take home medications.
2	(6) The number of days of supply dispensed.
3	(7) Patient demographic information for each medication,
4	including gender, age, and time in treatment.
5	(8) The dispenser's United States Drug Enforcement Agency
6	registration number.
7	(c) An opioid treatment provider shall provide the information
8	required under this section to the division in a manner prescribed
9	by the division.
10	(d) The division shall include the information collected under
11	this section in the report required in IC 12-23-18-8(d).
12	Sec. 9. (a) The director of the division may take any of the
13	following actions based on any grounds described in subsection (b):
14	(1) Issue a letter of correction.
15	(2) Reinspect an opioid treatment provider's facility.
16	(3) Deny renewal of, or revoke certification of an opioid
17	treatment provider.
18	(4) Impose a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed ten
19	thousand dollars (\$10,000).
20	(b) The director of the division may take action under
21	subsection (a) based on any of the following grounds:
22	(1) Violation of this chapter or rules adopted under this
23	chapter.
24	(2) Permitting, aiding, or abetting the commission of any
25	illegal act in an opioid treatment provider's facility.
26	(3) Conduct or practice found by the director to be
27	detrimental to the welfare of an opioid treatment program
28	patient.
29	(c) IC 4-21.5 applies to an action under this section.

