# SENATE BILL No. 441

### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 6-1.1; IC 6-1.5-5-1; IC 6-2.5; IC 6-3; IC 6-3.1; IC 6-3.5; IC 6-5.5-1-2; IC 6-6; IC 6-8.1; IC 8-24-17-14; IC 21-12-7-4.

**Synopsis:** Eliminates certain tax deductions and credits. Eliminates the World War I veteran property tax deduction for property taxes imposed for an assessment date after 2015. Eliminates the enterprise zone investment deduction for qualified investments made after May 1, 2016. Eliminates the double direct test for the gross retail tax exemption for various transactions involving various types of tangible personal property. Specifies that the exemption applies if the tangible personal property is acquired for direct use or consumption in the production of tangible personal property when the person acquiring the property is occupationally engaged in the business of producing tangible personal property. Eliminates various add backs for purposes of determining Indiana adjusted gross income. Provides that business income is all income apportionable to the state under the Constitution of the United States. Eliminates various income tax deductions and exemptions. Broadens the add back to Indiana adjusted gross income related to intercompany interest expenses. Eliminates various income tax credits. Provides for a tax amnesty program. Makes technical corrections and conforming amendments.

**Effective:** July 1, 2015; January 1, 2016; January 1, 2017.

# Hershman

January 12, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Tax & Fiscal Policy.



#### First Regular Session 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

# SENATE BILL No. 441

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-12-17.4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2009,
SECTION 32, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 17.4. (a) This section applies only to property
taxes imposed for an assessment date before January 1, 2016.
(a) (b) Except as provided in section 40.5 of this chapter, a World

- (a) (b) Except as provided in section 40.5 of this chapter, a World War I veteran who is a resident of Indiana is entitled to have the sum of eighteen thousand seven hundred twenty dollars (\$18,720) deducted from the assessed valuation of the real property (including a mobile home that is assessed as real property), mobile home that is not assessed as real property or manufactured home that is not assessed as real property the veteran owns or is buying under a contract that requires the veteran to pay property taxes on the real property, if the contract or a memorandum of the contract is recorded in the county recorder's office, if:
  - (1) the real property, mobile home, or manufactured home is the veteran's principal residence;



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(2) the assessed valuation of the real property, mobile home, or manufactured home does not exceed two hundred six thousand
five hundred dollars (\$206,500);
(3) the veteran owns the real property, mobile home, or
manufactured home for at least one (1) year before claiming the
deduction; and
(4) the veteran:
(A) owns the real property, mobile home, or manufactured home; or
(B) is buying the real property, mobile home, or manufactured
home under contract;
on the date the statement required by section 17.5 of this chapter
is filed.
(b) (c) An individual may not be denied the deduction provided by
this section because the individual is absent from the individual's
principal residence while in a nursing home or hospital.
(e) (d) For purposes of this section, if real property, a mobile home,
or a manufactured home is owned by a husband and wife as tenants by
the entirety, only one (1) deduction may be allowed under this section.
However, the deduction provided in this section applies if either spouse
satisfies the requirements prescribed in subsection (a). (b).
(d) (e) An individual who has sold real property, a mobile home not
assessed as real property, or a manufactured home not assessed as real
property to another person under a contract that provides that the
contract buyer is to pay the property taxes on the real property, mobile

### (f) This section expires January 1, 2017.

manufactured home.

SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-12-17.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.183-2014, SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 17.5. (a) Except as provided in section 17.8 of this chapter and subject to section 45 of this chapter, a veteran who desires to claim the deduction provided in section 17.4 of this chapter (before its expiration) must file a sworn statement, on forms prescribed by the department of local government finance, with the auditor of the county in which the real property, mobile home, or manufactured home is assessed. With respect to real property, the veteran must complete and date the statement in the calendar year for which the veteran wishes to obtain the deduction and file the statement with the county auditor on or before January 5 of the immediately succeeding calendar year. With respect to a mobile home that is not assessed as real property or a

home, or manufactured home may not claim the deduction provided

under this section with respect to that real property, mobile home, or



manufactured home that is not assessed as real property, the statement must be filed during the twelve (12) months before March 31 of each year for which the individual wishes to obtain the deduction. The statement may be filed in person or by mail. If mailed, the mailing must be postmarked on or before the last day for filing.

- (b) The statement required under this section shall be in affidavit form or require verification under penalties of perjury. The statement shall be filed in duplicate if the veteran has, or is buying under a contract, real property in more than one (1) county or in more than one (1) taxing district in the same county. The statement shall contain:
  - (1) a description and the assessed value of the real property, mobile home, or manufactured home;
  - (2) the veteran's full name and complete residence address;

government finance may require.

(3) the record number and page where the contract or memorandum of the contract is recorded, if the individual is buying the real property, mobile home, or manufactured home on a contract that provides that the individual is to pay property taxes on the real property, mobile home, or manufactured home; and (4) any additional information which that the department of local

SECTION 3. IC 6-1.1-12-17.8, AS AMENDED BY THE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS BILL OF THE 2015 GENERAL ASSEMBLY, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 17.8. (a) An individual who receives a deduction provided under section 1, 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, 17.4 (before its **expiration),** or 37 of this chapter in a particular year and who remains eligible for the deduction in the following year is not required to file a statement to apply for the deduction in the following year. However, for purposes of a deduction under section 37 of this chapter, the county auditor may, in the county auditor's discretion, terminate the deduction for assessment dates after January 15, 2012, if the individual does not comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired January 1, 2015), as determined by the county auditor, before January 1, 2013. Before the county auditor terminates the deduction because the taxpayer claiming the deduction did not comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired January 1, 2015) before January 1, 2013, the county auditor shall mail notice of the proposed termination of the deduction to:

- (1) the last known address of each person liable for any property taxes or special assessment, as shown on the tax duplicate or special assessment records; or
- (2) the last known address of the most recent owner shown in the



transfer book.

- (b) An individual who receives a deduction provided under section 1, 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, or 17.4 (before its expiration) of this chapter in a particular year and who becomes ineligible for the deduction in the following year shall notify the auditor of the county in which the real property, mobile home, or manufactured home for which the individual claims the deduction is located of the individual's ineligibility in the year in which the individual becomes ineligible. An individual who becomes ineligible for a deduction under section 37 of this chapter shall notify the county auditor of the county in which the property is located in conformity with section 37 of this chapter.
- (c) The auditor of each county shall, in a particular year, apply a deduction provided under section 1, 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, 17.4 (**before its expiration**), or 37 of this chapter to each individual who received the deduction in the preceding year unless the auditor determines that the individual is no longer eligible for the deduction.
- (d) An individual who receives a deduction provided under section 1, 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, 17.4 (before its expiration), or 37 of this chapter for property that is jointly held with another owner in a particular year and remains eligible for the deduction in the following year is not required to file a statement to reapply for the deduction following the removal of the joint owner if:
  - (1) the individual is the sole owner of the property following the death of the individual's spouse;
  - (2) the individual is the sole owner of the property following the death of a joint owner who was not the individual's spouse; or
  - (3) the individual is awarded sole ownership of the property in a divorce decree.

However, for purposes of a deduction under section 37 of this chapter, if the removal of the joint owner occurs before the date that a notice described in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired January 1, 2015) is sent, the county auditor may, in the county auditor's discretion, terminate the deduction for assessment dates after January 15, 2012, if the individual does not comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired January 1, 2015), as determined by the county auditor, before January 1, 2013. Before the county auditor terminates the deduction because the taxpayer claiming the deduction did not comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired January 1, 2015) before January 1, 2013, the county auditor shall mail notice of the proposed termination of the deduction to the last known address of each person liable for any property taxes or special assessment, as shown on the tax duplicate or special assessment records or the last



1	known address of the most recent owner shown in the transfer book.
2	(e) A trust entitled to a deduction under section 9, 11, 13, 14, 16,
3	17.4 (before its expiration), or 37 of this chapter for real property
4	owned by the trust and occupied by an individual in accordance with
5	section 17.9 of this chapter is not required to file a statement to apply
6	for the deduction, if:
7	(1) the individual who occupies the real property receives a
8	deduction provided under section 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, 17.4 (before
9	its expiration), or 37 of this chapter in a particular year; and
0	(2) the trust remains eligible for the deduction in the following
1	year.
2	However, for purposes of a deduction under section 37 of this chapter,
3	the individuals that qualify the trust for a deduction must comply with
4	the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired January 1, 2015)
5	before January 1, 2013.
6	(f) A cooperative housing corporation (as defined in 26 U.S.C. 216)
7	that is entitled to a deduction under section 37 of this chapter in the
8	immediately preceding calendar year for a homestead (as defined in
9	section 37 of this chapter) is not required to file a statement to apply for
20	the deduction for the current calendar year if the cooperative housing
21	corporation remains eligible for the deduction for the current calendar
	year. However, the county auditor may, in the county auditor's
22	discretion, terminate the deduction for assessment dates after January
.3 24	•
	15, 2012, if the individual does not comply with the requirement in
25	IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired January 1, 2015), as determined by the
26	county auditor, before January 1, 2013. Before the county auditor
27	terminates a deduction because the taxpayer claiming the deduction did
28	not comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired
.9	January 1, 2015) before January 1, 2013, the county auditor shall mail
0	notice of the proposed termination of the deduction to:
1	(1) the last known address of each person liable for any property
2	taxes or special assessment, as shown on the tax duplicate or
3	special assessment records; or
4	(2) the last known address of the most recent owner shown in the
5	transfer book.
6	(g) An individual who:
7	(1) was eligible for a homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9
8	(repealed) for property taxes imposed for the March 1, 2007, or
9	January 15, 2008, assessment date; or
-0	(2) would have been eligible for a homestead credit under
-1	IC 6-1.1-20.9 (repealed) for property taxes imposed for the March
-2	1, 2008, or January 15, 2009, assessment date if IC 6-1.1-20.9 had



not been repealed;

is not required to file a statement to apply for a deduction under section 37 of this chapter if the individual remains eligible for the deduction in the current year. An individual who filed for a homestead credit under IC 6-1.1-20.9 (repealed) for an assessment date after March 1, 2007 (if the property is real property), or after January 1, 2008 (if the property is personal property), shall be treated as an individual who has filed for a deduction under section 37 of this chapter. However, the county auditor may, in the county auditor's discretion, terminate the deduction for assessment dates after January 15, 2012, if the individual does not comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired January 1, 2015), as determined by the county auditor, before January 1, 2013. Before the county auditor terminates the deduction because the taxpayer claiming the deduction did not comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired January 1, 2015) before January 1, 2013, the county auditor shall mail notice of the proposed termination of the deduction to the last known address of each person liable for any property taxes or special assessment, as shown on the tax duplicate or special assessment records, or to the last known address of the most recent owner shown in the transfer book.

- (h) If a county auditor terminates a deduction because the taxpayer claiming the deduction did not comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired January 1, 2015) before January 1, 2013, the county auditor shall reinstate the deduction if the taxpayer provides proof that the taxpayer is eligible for the deduction and is not claiming the deduction for any other property.
- (i) A taxpayer described in section 37(k) of this chapter is not required to file a statement to apply for the deduction provided by section 37 of this chapter for a calendar year beginning after December 31, 2008, if the property owned by the taxpayer remains eligible for the deduction for that calendar year. However, the county auditor may terminate the deduction for assessment dates after January 15, 2012, if the individual residing on the property owned by the taxpayer does not comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired January 1, 2015), as determined by the county auditor, before January 1, 2013. Before the county auditor terminates a deduction because the individual residing on the property did not comply with the requirement in IC 6-1.1-22-8.1(b)(9) (expired January 1, 2015) before January 1, 2013, the county auditor shall mail notice of the proposed termination of the deduction to:
  - (1) the last known address of each person liable for any property taxes or special assessment, as shown on the tax duplicate or



1	special assessment records; or
2 3	(2) the last known address of the most recent owner shown in the
3 4	transfer book.
5	SECTION 4. IC 6-1.1-12-17.9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.101-2008,
6	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 17.9. A trust is entitled to a deduction under
7	
8	section 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, or 17.4 (before its expiration) of this chapter for real property owned by the trust and occupied by an individual it
9	the county auditor determines that the individual:
10	(1) upon verification in the body of the deed or otherwise, has
11	either:
12	(A) a beneficial interest in the trust; or
13	(B) the right to occupy the real property rent free under the
14	terms of a qualified personal residence trust created by the
15	individual under United States Treasury Regulation
16	25.2702-5(c)(2);
17	(2) otherwise qualifies for the deduction; and
18	(3) would be considered the owner of the real property under
19	IC 6-1.1-1-9(f) or IC 6-1.1-1-9(g).
20	SECTION 5. IC 6-1.1-12-43, AS AMENDED BY P.L.87-2009.
21	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 43. (a) For purposes of this section:
23	(1) "benefit" refers to a deduction under section 1, 9, 11, 13, 14,
22 23 24	16, 17.4 (before its expiration), 26, 29, 31, 33, 34, 37, or 37.5 of
25	this chapter;
26	(2) "closing agent" means a person that closes a transaction;
27	(3) "customer" means an individual who obtains a loan in a
28	transaction; and
29	(4) "transaction" means a single family residential:
30	(A) first lien purchase money mortgage transaction; or
31	(B) refinancing transaction.
32	(b) Before closing a transaction after December 31, 2004, a closing
33	agent must provide to the customer the form referred to in subsection
34	(c).
35	(c) Before June 1, 2004, the department of local government finance
36	shall prescribe the form to be provided by closing agents to customers
37	under subsection (b). The department shall make the form available to
38	closing agents, county assessors, county auditors, and county treasurers
39	in hard copy and electronic form. County assessors, county auditors,
40	and county treasurers shall make the form available to the general
41	public. The form must:
42	(1) on one (1) side:



1	(A) list each benefit;
2	(B) list the eligibility criteria for each benefit; and
3	(C) indicate that a new application for a deduction under
4	section 1 of this chapter is required when residential real
5	property is refinanced;
6	(2) on the other side indicate:
7	(A) each action by and each type of documentation from the
8	customer required to file for each benefit; and
9	(B) sufficient instructions and information to permit a party to
10	terminate a standard deduction under section 37 of this chapter
11	on any property on which the party or the spouse of the party
12	will no longer be eligible for the standard deduction under
13	section 37 of this chapter after the party or the party's spouse
14	begins to reside at the property that is the subject of the
15	closing, including an explanation of the tax consequences and
16	applicable penalties, if a party unlawfully claims a standard
17	deduction under section 37 of this chapter; and
18	(3) be printed in one (1) of two (2) or more colors prescribed by
19	the department of local government finance that distinguish the
20	form from other documents typically used in a closing referred to
21	in subsection (b).
22	(d) A closing agent:
23	(1) may reproduce the form referred to in subsection (c);
24	(2) in reproducing the form, must use a print color prescribed by
25	the department of local government finance; and
26	(3) is not responsible for the content of the form referred to in
27	subsection (c) and shall be held harmless by the department of
28	local government finance from any liability for the content of the
29	form.
30	(e) This subsection applies to a transaction that is closed after
31	December 31, 2009. In addition to providing the customer the form
32	described in subsection (c) before closing the transaction, a closing
33	agent shall do the following as soon as possible after the closing, and
34	within the time prescribed by the department of insurance under
35	IC 27-7-3-15.5:
36	(1) To the extent determinable, input the information described in
37	IC $27-7-3-15.5(c)(2)$ into the system maintained by the
38	department of insurance under IC 27-7-3-15.5.
39	(2) Submit the form described in IC 27-7-3-15.5(c) to the data
40	base described in IC 27-7-3-15.5(c) to the data
41	(f) A closing agent to which this section applies shall document the
т1	(1) A crossing agent to which this section applies shall document the

closing agent's compliance with this section with respect to each



42

1	transaction in the form of verification of compliance signed by the
2	customer.
3	(g) Subject to IC 27-7-3-15.5(d), a closing agent is subject to a civil
4	penalty of twenty-five dollars (\$25) for each instance in which the
5	closing agent fails to comply with this section with respect to a
6	customer. The penalty:
7	(1) may be enforced by the state agency that has administrative
8	jurisdiction over the closing agent in the same manner that the
9	agency enforces the payment of fees or other penalties payable to
10	the agency; and
11	(2) shall be paid into:
12	(A) the state general fund, if the closing agent fails to comply
13	with subsection (b); or
14	(B) the home ownership education account established by
15	IC 5-20-1-27, if the closing agent fails to comply with
16	subsection (e) in a transaction that is closed after December
17	31, 2009.
18	(h) A closing agent is not liable for any other damages claimed by
19	a customer because of:
20	(1) the closing agent's mere failure to provide the appropriate
21	document to the customer under subsection (b); or
22	(2) with respect to a transaction that is closed after December 31,
23	2009, the closing agent's failure to input the information or submit
24	the form described in subsection (e).
25	(i) The state agency that has administrative jurisdiction over a
26	closing agent shall:
27	(1) examine the closing agent to determine compliance with this
28	section; and
29	(2) impose and collect penalties under subsection (g).
30	SECTION 6. IC 6-1.1-12-46, AS ADDED BY P.L.172-2011,
31	SECTION 29, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 46. (a) This section applies to real property for an
33	assessment date in 2011 or a later year if:
34	(1) the real property is not exempt from property taxation for the
35	assessment date;
36	(2) title to the real property is transferred after the assessment date
37	and on or before the December 31 that next succeeds the
38	assessment date;
39	(3) the transferee of the real property applies for an exemption
40	under IC 6-1.1-11 for the next succeeding assessment date; and
41	(4) the county property tax assessment board of appeals
42	determines that the real property is exempt from property taxation



1	for that next succeeding assessment date.
2	(b) For the assessment date referred to in subsection (a)(1), real
3	property is eligible for any deductions for which the transferor under
4	subsection (a)(2) was eligible for that assessment date under the
5	following:
6	(1) IC 6-1.1-12-1.
7	(2) IC 6-1.1-12-9.
8	(3) IC 6-1.1-12-11.
9	(4) IC 6-1.1-12-13.
10	(5) IC 6-1.1-12-14.
11	(6) IC 6-1.1-12-16.
12	(7) IC 6-1.1-12-17.4 (before its expiration).
13	(8) IC 6-1.1-12-18.
14	(9) IC 6-1.1-12-22.
15	(10) IC 6-1.1-12-37.
16	(11) IC 6-1.1-12-37.5.
17	(c) For the payment date applicable to the assessment date referred
18	to in subsection (a)(1), real property is eligible for the credit for
19	excessive residential property taxes under IC 6-1.1-20.6 for which the
20	transferor under subsection (a)(2) would be eligible for that payment
21	date if the transfer had not occurred.
22	SECTION 7. IC 6-1.1-45-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,
23	SECTION 304, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
24	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 9. (a) Subject to subsection (c), a
25	taxpayer that makes a qualified investment before March 2, 2016, is
26	entitled to a deduction from the assessed value of the taxpayer's
27	enterprise zone property located at the enterprise zone location for
28	which the taxpayer made the qualified investment. The amount of the
29	deduction is equal to the remainder of:
30	(1) the total amount of the assessed value of the taxpayer's
31	enterprise zone property assessed at the enterprise zone location
32	on a particular assessment date (excluding additional
33	investments made after March 1, 2016); minus
34	(2) the total amount of the base year assessed value for the
35	enterprise zone location.
36	(b) To receive the deduction allowed under subsection (a) for a
37	particular year, a taxpayer must comply with the conditions set forth in
38	this chapter.
39	(c) A taxpayer that makes a qualified investment before March 2,
40	2016, in an enterprise zone established under IC 5-28-15-11 that is

under the jurisdiction of a military base reuse authority board created

under IC 36-7-14.5 or IC 36-7-30-3 is entitled to a deduction under this



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1	section only if the deduction is approved by the legislative body of the
2	unit that established the military base reuse authority board.
3	(d) Except as provided in subsection (c), a taxpayer that makes a
4	qualified investment before March 2, 2016, at an enterprise zone
5	location that is located within an allocation area, as defined by
6	IC 6-1.1-21.2-3, is entitled to a deduction under this section only if the
7	deduction is approved by the:
8	(1) fiscal body of the unit, in the case of an allocation area
9	established under IC 6-1.1-39;
10	(2) legislative body of the unit described in IC 8-22-3.5-1, in the
11	case of an allocation area located in an airport development zone;
12	(3) legislative body of the unit that established the department of
13	redevelopment, in the case of an allocation area established under
14	IC 36-7-14;
15	(4) legislative body of the unit that established the redevelopment
16	authority, in the case of an allocation area established under
17	IC 36-7-14.5;
18	(5) legislative body of the consolidated city or excluded city that
19	approved the establishment of the allocation area, in the case of
20	an allocation area established under IC 36-7-15.1; or
21	(6) legislative body of the unit that established the reuse authority,
22	in the case of an allocation area established under IC 36-7-30.
23	SECTION 8. IC 6-1.1-45-13 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
24	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
25	1, 2015]: Sec. 13. This chapter expires January 1, 2028.
26	SECTION 9. IC 6-1.5-5-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.208-2005,
27	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 1. (a) The Indiana board shall conduct impartial
29	review of all appeals of final determinations of the department of local
30	government finance made under the following:
31	(1) IC 6-1.1-8.
32	(2) IC 6-1.1-14-11.
33	(3) IC 6-1.1-16.
34	(4) IC 6-1.1-26-2.
35	(5) IC 6-1.1-45-6 (before its expiration).
36	(b) Each notice of final determination issued by the department of
37	local government finance under a statute listed in subsection (a) must
38	give the taxpayer notice of:
39	(1) the opportunity for review under this section; and
40	(2) the procedures the taxpayer must follow in order to obtain
41	review under this section.
42	(c) Except as provided in subsection (e), in order to obtain a review



1	by the indiana board under this section, the taxpayer must me a petition
2 3	for review with the appropriate county assessor not later than forty-five
	(45) days after the notice of the department of local governmen
4	finance's action is given to the taxpayer.
5	(d) The county assessor shall transmit a petition for review unde
6	subsection (c) to the Indiana board not later than ten (10) days after the
7	petition is filed.
8	(e) In order to obtain a review by the Indiana board of an appeal o
9	a final determination of the department of local government finance
10	under IC 6-1.1-8-30, the public utility company must follow the
11	procedures in IC 6-1.1-8-30.
12	SECTION 10. IC 6-2.5-4-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
13	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 2. (a) A person i
14	a retail merchant making a retail transaction when he the person i
15	making wholesale sales.
16	(b) For purposes of this section, a person is making wholesale sale
17	when he: the person:
18	(1) sells tangible personal property, other than capital assets o
19	depreciable property, to a person who purchases the property fo
20	the purpose of reselling it without changing its form;
21	(2) sells tangible personal property to a person who purchases the
22	property for direct use or consumption as a material in the direct
23	production of other tangible personal property produced by the
24	person in his the person's business of manufacturing, processing
25	refining, repairing, mining, agriculture, or horticulture
26	producing other tangible personal property that is for sale;
27	(3) sells tangible personal property to a person who purchases the
28	property for incorporation as a material or integral part of tangible
29	personal property produced by the person in his the person'
30	business of manufacturing, assembling, constructing, refining, o
31	processing; producing other tangible personal property that i
32	for sale;
33	(4) sells drugs, medical or dental preparations, or other simila
34	materials to a person who purchases the materials for direct use
35	or consumption in professional use by a physician, hospital
36	embalmer, funeral director, or tonsorial parlor;
37	(5) sells tangible personal property to a person who purchases the
38	property for direct use or consumption in his the person'
39	business of industrial cleaning; or
40	(6) sells tangible personal property to a person who purchases the
41	property for direct use or consumption in the person's business in
42	the direct rendering of public utility service.



making a retail transaction when he: the person:

(c) Notwithstanding any provision of this article, a person is not

(1) acquires tangible personal property owned by another person; (2) provides industrial processing or servicing, including enameling or plating, on the property; and (3) transfers the property back to the owner to be sold by that owner either in the same form or as a part of other tangible personal property produced by that owner in his the owner's business of manufacturing, assembling, constructing, refining, or processing. SECTION 11. IC 6-2.5-4-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.288-2013, SECTION 28, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5. (a) As used in this section, a "power subsidiary" means a corporation which is owned or controlled by one (1) or more public utilities that furnish or sell electrical energy, natural or artificial gas, water, steam, or steam heat and which produces power exclusively for the use of those public utilities. (b) A power subsidiary or a person engaged as a public utility is a retail merchant making a retail transaction when the subsidiary or person furnishes or sells electrical energy, natural or artificial gas, water, steam, or steam heating service to a person for commercial or domestic consumption. (c) Notwithstanding subsection (b), a power subsidiary or a person engaged as a public utility is not a retail merchant making a retail transaction in any of the following transactions: (1) The power subsidiary or person provides, installs, constructs, services, or removes tangible personal property which is used in connection with the furnishing of the services or commodities listed in subsection (b). (2) The power subsidiary or person sells the services or commodities listed in subsection (b) to another public utility or power subsidiary described in this section or a person described in section 6 of this chapter. (3) The power subsidiary or person sells the services or commodities listed in subsection (b) to a person for use in manufacturing, mining, production, processing (after December 31, 2012), repairing (after December 31, 2012), refining, the person's direct use or consumption in the production of the tangible personal property that is for sale or for use or consumption in the production of other tangible personal



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property or recycling (as defined in IC 6-2.5-5-45.8). oil

extraction, mineral extraction, irrigation, agriculture, floriculture

1	(after December 31, 2012), arboriculture (after December 31,
2	<del>2012), or horticulture.</del> However, this exclusion for sales of the
3	services and commodities only applies if the services are
4	consumed as an essential and integral part of an integrated a
5	process that produces tangible personal property and those sales
6	are separately metered for the excepted uses listed in this
7	subdivision, IC 6-2.5-5-6.1 or IC 6-2.5-5-45.8, or if those sales
8	are not separately metered but are predominately used by the
9	purchaser for the excepted uses listed in this subdivision
0	IC 6-2.5-5-6.1 or IC 6-2.5-5-45.8.
1	(4) The power subsidiary or person sells the services or
2	commodities listed in subsection (b) and all the following
3	conditions are satisfied:
4	(A) The services or commodities are sold to a business that:
5	(i) relocates all or part of its operations to a facility; or
6	(ii) expands all or part of its operations in a facility;
7	located in a military base (as defined in IC 36-7-30-1(c)), a
8	military base reuse area established under IC 36-7-30, the part
9	of an economic development area established under
0.	IC 36-7-14.5-12.5 that is or formerly was a military base (as
1	defined in IC 36-7-30-1(c)), or a qualified military base
22	enhancement area established under IC 36-7-34.
22	(B) The business uses the services or commodities in the
24	facility described in clause (A) not later than five (5) years
2.5	after the operations that are relocated to the facility or
26	expanded in the facility commence.
.7	(C) The sales of the services or commodities are separately
28	metered for use by the relocated or expanded operations.
.9	(D) In the case of a business that uses the services or
0	commodities in a qualified military base enhancement area
1	established under IC 36-7-34-4(1), the business must satisfy at
2	least one (1) of the following criteria:
3	(i) The business is a participant in the technology transfer
4	program conducted by the qualified military base (as defined
5	in IC 36-7-34-3).
6	(ii) The business is a United States Department of Defense
7	contractor.
8	(iii) The business and the qualified military base have a
9	mutually beneficial relationship evidenced by a
0	memorandum of understanding between the business and
1	the United States Department of Defense.
-	and Child States Department of Detente.



(E) In the case of a business that uses the services or

1	commodities in a qualified military base enhancement area
2	established under IC 36-7-34-4(2), the business must satisfy at
3	least one (1) of the following criteria:
4	(i) The business is a participant in the technology transfer
5	program conducted by the qualified military base (as defined
6	in IC 36-7-34-3).
7	(ii) The business and the qualified military base have a
8	mutually beneficial relationship evidenced by a
9	memorandum of understanding between the business and
10	the qualified military base (as defined in IC 36-7-34-3).
11	However, this subdivision does not apply to a business that
12	substantially reduces or ceases its operations at another location
13	in Indiana in order to relocate its operations in an area described
14	in this subdivision, unless the department determines that the
15	business had existing operations in the area described in this
16	subdivision and that the operations relocated to the area are an
17	expansion of the business's operations in the area.
18	SECTION 12. IC 6-2.5-5-1 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
19	JANUARY 1, 2016]. Sec. 1. Transactions involving animals, feed,
20	seed, plants, fertilizer, insecticides, fungicides, and other tangible
21	personal property are exempt from the state gross retail tax if:
22	(1) the person acquiring the property acquires it for his direct use
23	in the direct production of food and food ingredients or
24	commodities for sale or for further use in the production of food
25	and food ingredients or commodities for sale; and
26	(2) the person acquiring the property is occupationally engaged in
27	the production of food and food ingredients or commodities which
28	he sells for human or animal consumption or uses for further food
29	and food ingredient or commodity production.
30	SECTION 13. IC 6-2.5-5-2 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
31	JANUARY 1, 2016]. Sec. 2. (a) Transactions involving agricultural
32	machinery, tools, and equipment are exempt from the state gross retail
33	tax if the person acquiring that property acquires it for his direct use in
34	the direct production, extraction, harvesting, or processing of
35	agricultural commodities.
36	(b) Transactions involving agricultural machinery or equipment are
37	exempt from the state gross retail tax if:
38	(1) the person acquiring the property acquires it for use in
39	conjunction with the production of food and food ingredients or
40	commodities for sale;
41	(2) the person acquiring the property is occupationally engaged in
42	the production of food or commodities which he sells for human



1	or animal consumption or uses for further food and food
2	ingredients or commodity production; and
3	(3) the machinery or equipment is designed for use in gathering,
4	moving, or spreading animal waste.
5	SECTION 14. IC 6-2.5-5-3 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
6	JANUARY 1, 2016]. Sec. 3. (a) For purposes of this section:
7	(1) the retreading of tires shall be treated as the processing of
8	tangible personal property; and
9	(2) commercial printing shall be treated as the production and
10	manufacture of tangible personal property.
11	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), transactions involving
12	manufacturing machinery, tools, and equipment are exempt from the
13	state gross retail tax if the person acquiring that property acquires it for
14	direct use in the direct production, manufacture, fabrication, assembly,
15	extraction, mining, processing, refining, or finishing of other tangible
16	<del>personal property.</del>
17	(c) The exemption provided in subsection (b) does not apply to
18	transactions involving distribution equipment or transmission
19	equipment acquired by a public utility engaged in generating
20	<del>electricity.</del>
21	SECTION 15. IC 6-2.5-5-4 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
22	JANUARY 1, 2016]. Sec. 4. Transactions involving tangible personal
23	property are exempt from the state gross retail tax if the person
24	acquiring the property acquires it for his direct use in the direct
25	production of the machinery, tools, or equipment described in section
26	2 or 3 of this chapter.
27	SECTION 16. IC 6-2.5-5-5.1 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
28	JANUARY 1, 2016]. Sec. 5.1. (a) As used in this section, "tangible
29	personal property" includes electrical energy, natural or artificial gas,
30	water, steam, and steam heat.
31	(b) Transactions involving tangible personal property are exempt
32	from the state gross retail tax if the person acquiring the property
33	acquires it for direct consumption as a material to be consumed in the
34	direct production of other tangible personal property in the person's
35	business of manufacturing, processing, refining, repairing, mining,
36	agriculture, horticulture, floriculture, or arboriculture. This exemption
37	includes transactions involving acquisitions of tangible personal
38	property used in commercial printing.
39	(c) A refund claim based on the exemption provided by this section
40	for electrical energy, natural or artificial gas, water, steam, and steam
41	heat may not cover transactions that occur more than thirty-six (36)

months before the date of the refund claim.



SECTION 17. IC 6-2.5-5-6 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
JANUARY 1, 2016]. Sec. 6. Transactions involving tangible personal
property are exempt from the state gross retail tax if the person
acquiring the property acquires it for incorporation as a material part
of other tangible personal property which the purchaser manufactures,
assembles, refines, or processes for sale in his business. This
exemption includes transactions involving acquisitions of tangible
personal property used in commercial printing.
SECTION 18. IC 6-2.5-5-6.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA

SECTION 18. IC 6-2.5-5-6.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: **Sec. 6.1. (a) The following definitions apply throughout this section:** 

- (1) "Direct use or consumption in the production of tangible personal property" means used or consumed in those activities and operations that constitute an integral and essential part of the production process, as contrasted with and distinguished from those activities or operations that are incidental or remote to production. Property that is not considered to be in the direct use or consumption in the production of tangible personal property is set forth in subsection (d).
- (2) "Finished goods" means tangible personal property that will be for sale and that is created as a result of production.
- (3) "Occupationally engaged" means intending to engage in the industrial or commercial production of tangible personal property for a profit. The term does not include intending to engage in production for pleasure or as a hobby.
- (4) "Production" means the creation of marketable goods through a process in which a substantial change or transformation places tangible personal property in a form, composition, or character different from that in which it was acquired.
- (5) "Raw materials" means tangible personal property found in its natural, modified, or semiprocessed state that will be directly used or consumed as an input in the production of other tangible personal property.
- (6) "Tangible personal property" has the meaning set forth in IC 6-2.5-1-27 and includes electrical energy, natural or artificial gas, water, steam, and steam heat.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), transactions involving tangible personal property are exempt from the state gross retail tax if:



1	(1) the person acquiring the property acquires it for the
2	person's direct use or consumption in the production of
3	tangible personal property that is for sale or for use or
4	consumption in the production of other tangible personal
5	property; and
6	(2) the person acquiring the property is occupationally
7	engaged in the business of producing tangible personal
8	property that is for sale.
9	(c) The exemption provided in subsection (b) does not apply to
0	a transaction involving distribution equipment or transmission
1	equipment acquired by a public utility engaged in generating
2	electricity.
3	(d) Property that is not considered to be in the direct use or
4	consumption in the production of tangible personal property
5	includes, but is not limited to, property used or consumed for any
6	of the following:
7	(1) To heat, cool, or illuminate office buildings.
8	(2) For janitorial or general cleaning supplies.
9	(3) For the personal comfort of personnel.
20	(4) To plan or schedule work.
21	(5) For inventory control.
22	(6) In marketing, general management, supervision, training,
23	accounting, and administration.
24 25	(7) To distribute, acquire, deliver, or transport raw materials
25	or finished goods.
26	(8) For any other activities or operations incidental or remote
27	to production.
28	(e) The following shall be treated as the production of tangible
29	personal property:
0	(1) Retreading tires.
1	(2) Commercial printing.
3	SECTION 19. IC 6-2.5-5-31 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 31. (a) As used in this section, "free distribution newspaper" means any community
4 5	newspaper, shopping paper, shoppers' consumer paper, pennysaver,
6 7	shopping guide, town crier, dollar stretcher, or other similar publication which:
8	(1) is distributed to the public on a community-wide basis, free of
9	charge;
.0	(2) is published at stated intervals of at least once a month;
U	(2) is published at stated filled vals of at least office a fillelliff,

(3) has continuity as to title and general nature of content from



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issue to issue;

1	(4) does not constitute a book, either singly or when successive
2	issues are put together;
3	(5) contains advertisements from numerous unrelated advertisers
4	in each issue;
5	(6) contains news of general or community interest, community
6	notices, or editorial commentary by different authors, in each
7	issue; and
8	(7) is not owned by, or under the control of, the owners or lessees
9	of a shopping center, a merchant's association, or a business that
10	sells property or services (other than advertising) whose
11	advertisements for their sales of property or services constitute the
12	predominant advertising in the publication.
13	(b) The term "free distribution newspaper" does not include mail
14	order catalogs or other catalogs, advertising fliers, travel brochures,
15	house organs, theater programs, telephone directories, restaurant
16	guides, shopping center advertising sheets, and similar publications.
17	(c) Transactions involving manufacturing machinery; tools and
18	equipment, and other tangible personal property are exempt from the
19	state gross retail tax if the person acquiring that property acquires it for
20	his direct use or for his direct consumption as a material to be
21	consumed, in the direct production or publication of a free distribution
22	newspaper, or for incorporation as a material part of a free distribution
23	newspaper published by that person.
24	(d) (c) Transactions involving a sale of a free distribution
25	newspaper, or of printing services performed in publishing a free
26	distribution newspaper, are exempt from the state gross retail tax if the
27	purchaser is the publisher of the free distribution newspaper.
28	SECTION 20. IC 6-2.5-5-45.8, AS ADDED BY P.L.137-2012,
29	SECTION 50, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
30	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 45.8. (a) For purposes of this section,
31	IC 6-2.5-4-5, and section 30 of this chapter, the following definitions
32	apply:
33	(1) "Recycling" means the processing of recycling materials and
34	other tangible personal property into a product for sale if the
35	product is predominantly composed of recycling materials. The
36	term does not include any of the following:
37	(A) The demolition of improvements to real estate.
38	(B) The processing of tangible personal property primarily for
39	disposal in a licensed solid waste disposal facility rather than
40	for sale.
41	(C) The collection of recycling materials. by licensed motor
42	vehicles.



1	(2) "Recycling materials" means tangible personal property,
2	including metal, paper, glass, plastic, textile, or rubber, that:
3	(A) is considered "scrap" by industry standards or has no more
4	than scrap value;
5	(B) is a byproduct of another person's manufacturing or
6	production process;
7	(C) was previously manufactured or incorporated into a
8	product;
9	(D) would otherwise reasonably be expected to be destined for
10	disposal in a licensed solid waste disposal facility; or
11	(E) has been removed or diverted from the solid waste stream
12	for sale, use, or reuse as raw materials, regardless of whether
13	or not the materials require subsequent processing or
14	separation from each other.
15	(3) "Processing of recycling materials" means
16	(A) the activities involved in collecting or otherwise receiving
17	recycling materials and other tangible personal property; and
18	(B) creating a product for sale by changing the original form,
19	use, or composition of the property (whether manually,
20	mechanically, chemically, or otherwise) through weighing,
21	sorting, grading, separating, shredding, crushing, compacting,
22	breaking, cutting, baling, shearing, torching, wire-stripping, or
23	other means.
24	(b) Transactions involving machinery, tools, and equipment are
25	exempt from the state gross retail tax if:
26	(1) the person acquiring that property acquires it for direct use <b>or</b>
27	consumption in the direct processing of recycling materials; and
28	(2) the person acquiring that property is occupationally engaged
29	in recycling.
30	(c) Transactions involving recycling materials and other tangible
31	personal property to be <b>used or</b> consumed in the processing of
32	recycling materials or to become a part of the product produced by the
33	processing of recycling materials are exempt from the state gross retail
34	tax if:
35	(1) the person acquiring that property acquires it for direct use <b>or</b>
36	consumption in the direct processing of recycling materials; and
37	(2) the person acquiring that property is occupationally engaged
38	in recycling.
39	SECTION 21. IC 6-3-1-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2013,
40	SECTION 80, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
41	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 3.5. When used in this article, the term
42	"adjusted gross income" shall mean the following:
14	adjusted gross moonie shan mean the following.



1	(a) In the case of all individuals, "adjusted gross income" (as
2	defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code), modified as
3	follows:
4	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
5	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
6	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed
7	or allowable pursuant to Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code
8	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state
9	level by any state of the United States.
10	(3) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or in the case of a
11	joint return filed by a husband and wife, subtract for each spouse
12	one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
13	(4) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for:
14	(A) each of the exemptions provided by Section 151(c) of the
15	Internal Revenue Code;
16	(B) each additional amount allowable under Section 63(f) or
17	the Internal Revenue Code; and
18	(C) the spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is made by
19	the taxpayer and if the spouse, for the calendar year in which
20	the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no gross income
21	and is not the dependent of another taxpayer.
22	(5) Subtract:
23	(A) one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each of the
24	exemptions allowed under Section 151(c)(1)(B) of the Interna
25	Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2004); and
26	(B) five hundred dollars (\$500) for each additional amoun
27	allowable under Section 63(f)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code
28	if the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer, or the taxpayer
29	and the taxpayer's spouse in the case of a joint return, is less
30	than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000).
31	This amount is in addition to the amount subtracted under
32	subdivision (4).
33	(6) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of:
34	(A) that part of the individual's adjusted gross income (as
35	defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code) for tha
36	taxable year that is subject to a tax that is imposed by a
37	political subdivision of another state and that is imposed on or
38	measured by income; or
39	(B) two thousand dollars (\$2,000).
40	(7) Add an amount equal to the total capital gain portion of a
41	lump sum distribution (as defined in Section 402(e)(4)(D) of the

Internal Revenue Code) if the lump sum distribution is received



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1	by the individual during the taxable year and if the capital gain
2	portion of the distribution is taxed in the manner provided in
3	Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code.
4	(8) (6) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross
5	income under Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a
6	recovery of items previously deducted as an itemized deduction
7	from adjusted gross income.
8	(9) (7) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross
9	income under the Internal Revenue Code which amounts were
10	received by the individual as supplemental railroad retirement
11	annuities under 45 U.S.C. 231 and which are not deductible under
12	subdivision (1).
13	(10) (8) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of federal Social
14	Security and Railroad Retirement benefits included in a taxpayer's
15	federal gross income by Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code.
16	(11) (9) In the case of a nonresident taxpayer or a resident
17	taxpayer residing in Indiana for a period of less than the taxpayer's
18	entire taxable year, the total amount of the deductions allowed
19	pursuant to subdivisions (3), (4), and (5) and (6) shall be reduced
20	to an amount which bears the same ratio to the total as the
21	taxpayer's income taxable in Indiana bears to the taxpayer's total
22	income.
23	(12) (10) In the case of an individual who is a recipient of
24	assistance under IC 12-10-6-1, IC 12-10-6-2.1, IC 12-15-2-2, or
25	IC 12-15-7, subtract an amount equal to that portion of the
26	individual's adjusted gross income with respect to which the
27	individual is not allowed under federal law to retain an amount to
28	pay state and local income taxes.
29	(13) (11) In the case of an eligible individual, subtract the amount
30	of a Holocaust victim's settlement payment included in the
31	individual's federal adjusted gross income.
32	(14) (12) Subtract an amount equal to the portion of any
33	premiums paid during the taxable year by the taxpayer for a
34	qualified long term care policy (as defined in IC 12-15-39.6-5) for
35	the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse, or both.
36	(15) (13) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of:
37	(A) two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500); or
38	(B) the amount of property taxes that are paid during the
39	taxable year in Indiana by the individual on the individual's
40	principal place of residence.
41	(16) (14) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September
42	11 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the individual's



1	federal adjusted gross income.
2	(17) (15) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the
3	adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for
4	which bonus depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year
5	or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross
6	income that would have been computed had an election not been
7	made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply
8	bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed
9	in service.
10	(18) (16) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under
11	Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code.
12	(19) (17) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the
13	adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179
14	property (as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code)
15	in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year
16	equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have
17	been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes
18	not been made for the year in which the property was placed in
19	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
20	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand
21	dollars (\$25,000).
22	(20) (18) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer
23	claimed as a deduction for domestic production activities for the
24	taxable year under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for
25	federal income tax purposes.
26	(21) (19) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of the taxpayer's
27	qualified military income that was not excluded from the
28	taxpayer's gross income for federal income tax purposes under
29	Section 112 of the Internal Revenue Code.
30	(22) (20) Subtract income that is:
31	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7; and
32	(B) included in the individual's federal adjusted gross income
33	under the Internal Revenue Code.
34	(23) Subtract any amount of a credit (including an advance refund
35	of the credit) that is provided to an individual under 26 U.S.C.
36	6428 (federal Economic Stimulus Act of 2008) and included in
37	the individual's federal adjusted gross income.
38	(24) Add any amount of unemployment compensation excluded
39	from federal gross income, as defined in Section 61 of the Internal
40	Revenue Code, under Section 85(c) of the Internal Revenue Code.
41	(25) Add the amount excluded from gross income under Section
42	108(a)(1)(e) of the Internal Revenue Code for the discharge of



1	debt on a qualified principal residence.
2	(26) (21) Add an amount equal to any income not included in
3	gross income as a result of the deferral of income arising from
4	business indebtedness discharged in connection with the
5	reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1
6	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
7	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. Subtract the amoun
8	necessary from the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer tha
9	added an amount to adjusted gross income in a previous year to
10	offset the amount included in federal gross income as a result of
11	the deferral of income arising from business indebtedness
12	discharged in connection with the reacquisition after December
13	31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable deb
14	instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal Revenue
15	Code.
16	(27) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
17	gross income of any taxpayer that claimed the special allowance
18	for qualified disaster assistance property under Section 168(n) or
19	the Internal Revenue Code equal to the amount of adjusted gross
20	income that would have been computed had the special allowance
21	not been claimed for the property.
22	(28) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
23	gross income of any taxpayer that made an election under Section
24	179C of the Internal Revenue Code to expense costs for qualified
25	refinery property equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
26	that would have been computed had an election for federa
27	income tax purposes not been made for the year.
28	(29) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
29	gross income of any taxpayer that made an election under Section
30	181 of the Internal Revenue Code to expense costs for a qualified
31	film or television production equal to the amount of adjusted
32	gross income that would have been computed had an election for
33	federal income tax purposes not been made for the year.
34	(30) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
35	gross income of any taxpayer that treated a loss from the sale of
36	exchange of preferred stock in:
37	(A) the Federal National Mortgage Association, established
38	under the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Ac
39	(12 U.S.C. 1716 et seq.); or
40	(B) the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, established
41	under the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Act (12
42	<del>U.S.C. 1451 et seq.);</del>



1	as an ordinary loss under Section 301 of the Emergency
2	Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 in the current taxable year or
3	in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross
4	income that would have been computed had the loss not been
5	treated as an ordinary loss.
6	(31) (22) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income
7	under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest
8	received on an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a
9	political subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the
10	taxpayer after December 31, 2011.
11	(32) This subdivision does not apply to payments made for
12	services provided to a business that was enrolled and participated
13	in the E-Verify program (as defined in IC 22-5-1.7-3) during the
14	time the taxpayer conducted business in Indiana in the taxable
15	year. For a taxable year beginning after June 30, 2011, add the
16	amount of any trade or business deduction allowed under the
17	Internal Revenue Code for wages, reimbursements, or other
18	payments made for services provided in Indiana by an individual
19	for services as an employee, if the individual was, during the
20	period of service, prohibited from being hired as an employee
21	under 8 U.S.C. 1324a.
22	(b) In the case of corporations, the same as "taxable income" (as
23	defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) adjusted as
24	follows:
25	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
26	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
27	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed
28	or allowable pursuant to Section 170 of the Internal Revenue
29	Code.
30	(3) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed
31	or allowable pursuant to Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code
32	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state
33	level by any state of the United States.
34	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the
35	corporation's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal
36	Revenue Code.
37	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
38	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
39	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
40	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income

that would have been computed had an election not been made

under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus



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1 2	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in service.
3	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
4	172 of the Internal Revenue Code.
5	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
6	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
7	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
8	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
9	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
10	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
11	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
12	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
13	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand
14	dollars (\$25,000).
15	(8) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as
16	a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year
17	under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal
18	income tax purposes.
19	(9) Add to the extent required by IC 6-3-2-20 the amount of
20	intangible expenses (as defined in IC 6-3-2-20) and any directly
21	related intangible interest expenses (as defined in IC 6-3-2-20) for
22	the taxable year that reduced the corporation's taxable income (as
22 23 24 25	defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) for federal
24	income tax purposes.
25	(10) Add an amount equal to any deduction for dividends paid (as
26	defined in Section 561 of the Internal Revenue Code) to
27	shareholders of a captive real estate investment trust (as defined
28	in section 34.5 of this chapter).
29	(11) Subtract income that is:
30	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7; and
31	(B) included in the corporation's taxable income under the
32	Internal Revenue Code.
33	(12) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
34	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
35	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
36	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
37	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
38	Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any
39	taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a
40	previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included

in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income

 $arising \ from \ business \ in debtedness \ discharged \ in \ connection \ with$ 



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1	the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
2	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
3	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
4	(13) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
5	gross income of any taxpayer that claimed the special allowance
6	for qualified disaster assistance property under Section 168(n) of
7	the Internal Revenue Code equal to the amount of adjusted gross
8	income that would have been computed had the special allowance
9	not been claimed for the property.
10	(14) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
11	gross income of any taxpayer that made an election under Section
12	179C of the Internal Revenue Code to expense costs for qualified
13	refinery property equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
14	that would have been computed had an election for federal
15	income tax purposes not been made for the year.
16	(15) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
17	gross income of any taxpayer that made an election under Section
18	181 of the Internal Revenue Code to expense costs for a qualified
19	film or television production equal to the amount of adjusted
20	gross income that would have been computed had an election for
21	federal income tax purposes not been made for the year.
22	(16) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
23	gross income of any taxpayer that treated a loss from the sale or
24	exchange of preferred stock in:
25	(A) the Federal National Mortgage Association, established
26	under the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act
27	(12 U.S.C. 1716 et seq.); or
28	(B) the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, established
29	under the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Act (12
30	<del>U.S.C. 1451 et seq.);</del>
31	as an ordinary loss under Section 301 of the Emergency
32	Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 in the current taxable year or
33	in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross
34	income that would have been computed had the loss not been
35	treated as an ordinary loss.
36	(17) This subdivision does not apply to payments made for
37	services provided to a business that was enrolled and participated
38	in the E-Verify program (as defined in IC 22-5-1.7-3) during the
39	time the taxpayer conducted business in Indiana in the taxable
40	year. For a taxable year beginning after June 30, 2011, add the
41	amount of any trade or business deduction allowed under the

Internal Revenue Code for wages, reimbursements, or other



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1	payments made for services provided in Indiana by an individual
2	for services as an employee, if the individual was, during the
3	period of service, prohibited from being hired as an employee
4	<del>under 8 U.S.C. 1324a.</del>
5	(18) (13) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income
6	under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest
7	received on an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a
8	political subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the
9	taxpayer after December 31, 2011.
10	(c) In the case of life insurance companies (as defined in Section
11	816(a) of the Internal Revenue Code) that are organized under Indiana
12	law, the same as "life insurance company taxable income" (as defined
13	in Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:
14	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
15	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
16	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable
17	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code.
18	(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable
19	under Section 805 or Section 831(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
20	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state
21	level by any state.
22	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the
23	company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal
24	Revenue Code.
25	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
26	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
27	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
28	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
29	that would have been computed had an election not been made
30	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
31	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
32	service.
33	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
34	172 or Section 810 of the Internal Revenue Code.
35	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
36	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
37	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
38	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
39	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
40	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
41	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
42	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
ΤΔ	service to take deductions under section 1/9 of the internal



1	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand
2	dollars (\$25,000).
3	(8) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as
4	a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year
5	under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal
6	income tax purposes.
7	(9) Subtract income that is:
8	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7; and
9	(B) included in the insurance company's taxable income under
10	the Internal Revenue Code.
11	(10) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
12	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
13	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
14	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
15	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
16	Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any
17	taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a
18	previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included
19	in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income
20	arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with
21	the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
22	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
23	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
24	(11) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
25	gross income of any taxpayer that claimed the special allowance
26	for qualified disaster assistance property under Section 168(n) of
27	the Internal Revenue Code equal to the amount of adjusted gross
28	income that would have been computed had the special allowance
29	not been claimed for the property.
30	(12) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
31	gross income of any taxpayer that made an election under Section
32	179C of the Internal Revenue Code to expense costs for qualified
33	refinery property equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
34	that would have been computed had an election for federal
35	income tax purposes not been made for the year.
36	(13) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
37	gross income of any taxpayer that made an election under Section
38	181 of the Internal Revenue Code to expense costs for a qualified
39	film or television production equal to the amount of adjusted
40	gross income that would have been computed had an election for
41	federal income tax purposes not been made for the year.
42	(14) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted



1	gross income of any taxpayer that treated a loss from the sale or
2	exchange of preferred stock in:
3	(A) the Federal National Mortgage Association, established
4	under the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act
5	(12 U.S.C. 1716 et seq.); or
6	(B) the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, established
7	under the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Act (12
8	<del>U.S.C. 1451 et seq.);</del>
9	as an ordinary loss under Section 301 of the Emergency
10	Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 in the current taxable year or
11	in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross
12	income that would have been computed had the loss not been
13	treated as an ordinary loss.
14	(15) (11) Add an amount equal to any exempt insurance income
15	under Section 953(e) of the Internal Revenue Code that is active
16	financing income under Subpart F of Subtitle A, Chapter 1,
17	Subchapter N of the Internal Revenue Code.
18	(16) This subdivision does not apply to payments made for
19	services provided to a business that was enrolled and participated
20	in the E-Verify program (as defined in IC 22-5-1.7-3) during the
21	time the taxpayer conducted business in Indiana in the taxable
22	year. For a taxable year beginning after June 30, 2011, add the
23	amount of any trade or business deduction allowed under the
24	Internal Revenue Code for wages, reimbursements, or other
25	payments made for services provided in Indiana by an individual
26	for services as an employee, if the individual was, during the
27	period of service, prohibited from being hired as an employee
28	<del>under</del> <del>8 U.S.C. 1324a.</del>
29	(17) (12) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income
30	under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest
31	received on an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a
32	political subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the
33	taxpayer after December 31, 2011.
34	(d) In the case of insurance companies subject to tax under Section
35	831 of the Internal Revenue Code and organized under Indiana law, the
36	same as "taxable income" (as defined in Section 832 of the Internal
37	Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:
38	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
39	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
40	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable
41	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code.
42	(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable

(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable



1	under Section 805 or Section 831(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
2	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state
3	level by any state.
4	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the
5	company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal
6	Revenue Code.
7	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
8	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
9	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
10	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
11	that would have been computed had an election not been made
12	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
13	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
14	service.
15	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
16	172 of the Internal Revenue Code.
17	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
18	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
19	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
20	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
21	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
22	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
23	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
24	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
25	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand
26	dollars (\$25,000).
27	(8) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as
28	a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year
29	under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal
30	income tax purposes.
31	(9) Subtract income that is:
32	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7; and
33	(B) included in the insurance company's taxable income under
34	the Internal Revenue Code.
35	(10) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
36	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
37	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
38	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
39	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal

Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any

taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a

previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included



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1	in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income
2	arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with
3	the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
4	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
5	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
6	(11) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
7	gross income of any taxpayer that claimed the special allowance
8	for qualified disaster assistance property under Section 168(n) of
9	the Internal Revenue Code equal to the amount of adjusted gross
10	income that would have been computed had the special allowance
11	not been claimed for the property.
12	(12) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
13	gross income of any taxpayer that made an election under Section
14	179C of the Internal Revenue Code to expense costs for qualified
15	refinery property equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
16	that would have been computed had an election for federal
17	income tax purposes not been made for the year.
18	(13) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
19	gross income of any taxpayer that made an election under Section
20	181 of the Internal Revenue Code to expense costs for a qualified
21	film or television production equal to the amount of adjusted
22	gross income that would have been computed had an election for
23	federal income tax purposes not been made for the year.
24	(14) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
25	gross income of any taxpayer that treated a loss from the sale or
26	exchange of preferred stock in:
27	(A) the Federal National Mortgage Association, established
28	under the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act
29	(12 U.S.C. 1716 et seq.); or
30	(B) the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, established
31	under the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Act (12
32	U.S.C. 1451 et seq.);
33	as an ordinary loss under Section 301 of the Emergency
34	Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 in the current taxable year or
35	in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross
36	income that would have been computed had the loss not been
37	treated as an ordinary loss.
38	(15) (11) Add an amount equal to any exempt insurance income
39	under Section 953(e) of the Internal Revenue Code that is active
40	financing income under Subpart F of Subtitle A, Chapter 1,
41	Subchapter N of the Internal Revenue Code.
42	(16) This subdivision does not apply to payments made for



services provided to a business that was enrolled and participated
in the E-Verify program (as defined in IC 22-5-1.7-3) during the
time the taxpayer conducted business in Indiana in the taxable
year. For a taxable year beginning after June 30, 2011, add the
amount of any trade or business deduction allowed under the
Internal Revenue Code for wages, reimbursements, or other
payments made for services provided in Indiana by an individual
for services as an employee, if the individual was, during the
period of service, prohibited from being hired as an employee
under 8 U.S.C. 1324a.

- (17) (12) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest received on an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a political subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the taxpayer after December 31, 2011.
- (e) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined for trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code) adjusted as follows:
  - (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
  - (2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the federal adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack.
  - (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in service.
  - (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code.
  - (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not been made for the year in which the property was placed in



1	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
2	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand
3	dollars (\$25,000).
4	(6) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as
5	a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year
6	under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal
7	income tax purposes.
8	(7) Subtract income that is:
9	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7; and
10	(B) included in the taxpayer's taxable income under the
11	Internal Revenue Code.
12	(8) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
13	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business
14	indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after
15	December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2011, of an applicable
16	debt instrument, as provided in Section 108(i) of the Internal
17	Revenue Code. Subtract from the adjusted gross income of any
18	taxpayer that added an amount to adjusted gross income in a
19	previous year the amount necessary to offset the amount included
20	in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income
21	arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with
22 23 24	the reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
23	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
25	(9) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
26 27	gross income of any taxpayer that claimed the special allowance
	for qualified disaster assistance property under Section 168(n) of
28	the Internal Revenue Code equal to the amount of adjusted gross
29	income that would have been computed had the special allowance
30	not been claimed for the property.
31	(10) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
32	gross income of any taxpayer that made an election under Section
33	179C of the Internal Revenue Code to expense costs for qualified
34	refinery property equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
35	that would have been computed had an election for federal
36	income tax purposes not been made for the year.
37	(11) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
38	gross income of any taxpayer that made an election under Section
39	181 of the Internal Revenue Code to expense costs for a qualified
10	film or television production equal to the amount of adjusted
11	gross income that would have been computed had an election for

federal income tax purposes not been made for the year.



1	(12) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
2	gross income of any taxpayer that treated a loss from the sale or
3	exchange of preferred stock in:
4	(A) the Federal National Mortgage Association, established
5	under the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act
6	(12 U.S.C. 1716 et seq.); or
7	(B) the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, established
8	under the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Act (12
9	U.S.C. 1451 et seq.);
10	as an ordinary loss under Section 301 of the Emergency
11	Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 in the current taxable year or
12	in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross
13	income that would have been computed had the loss not been
14	treated as an ordinary loss.
15	(13) Add the amount excluded from gross income under Section
16	108(a)(1)(e) of the Internal Revenue Code for the discharge of
17	debt on a qualified principal residence.
18	(14) This subdivision does not apply to payments made for
19	services provided to a business that was enrolled and participated
20	in the E-Verify program (as defined in IC 22-5-1.7-3) during the
21	time the taxpayer conducted business in Indiana in the taxable
22	year. For a taxable year beginning after June 30, 2011, add the
23	amount of any trade or business deduction allowed under the
24	Internal Revenue Code for wages, reimbursements, or other
25	payments made for services provided in Indiana by an individual
26	for services as an employee, if the individual was, during the
27	period of service, prohibited from being hired as an employee
28	under 8 U.S.C. 1324a.
29	(15) (9) Add the amount excluded from federal gross income
30	under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code for interest
31	received on an obligation of a state other than Indiana, or a
32	political subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the
33	taxpayer after December 31, 2011.
34	SECTION 22. IC 6-3-1-20 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
35	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 20. The term
36	"business income" means all income arising from transactions and
37	activity in the regular course of the taxpayer's trade or business and
38	includes income from tangible and intangible property if the
39	acquisition, management, and disposition of the property constitutes
40	integral parts of the taxpayer's regular trade or business operations.
41	that is apportionable to the state under the Constitution of the



**United States.** 

SECTION 23. IC 6-3-2-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.6-2012, SECTION 49, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 4. (a) Each taxable year, an individual, or the individual's surviving spouse, is entitled to an adjusted gross income tax deduction for the first five thousand dollars (\$5,000) of income, including retirement or survivor's benefits, received during the taxable year by the individual, or the individual's surviving spouse, for the individual's service in an active or reserve component of the armed forces of the United States, including the army, navy, air force, coast guard, marine corps, merchant marine, Indiana army national guard, or Indiana air national guard. However, a person who is less than sixty (60) years of age on the last day of the person's taxable year, is not, for that taxable year, entitled to a deduction under this section for retirement or survivor's benefits.

(b) An individual whose qualified military income is subtracted from the individual's federal adjusted gross income under IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(21) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(19) for Indiana individual income tax purposes is not, for that taxable year, entitled to a deduction under this section for the individual's qualified military income.

SECTION 24. IC 6-3-2-5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]. Sec. 5. (a) For purposes of this section, "insulation" means any material, commonly used in the building industry, which is installed for the sole purpose of retarding the passage of heat energy into or out of a building.

- (b) A resident individual taxpayer is entitled to a deduction from his adjusted gross income for a particular taxable year if, during that taxable year, he installs in his residence new, but not replacement, insulation, weather stripping, double pane windows, storm doors, or storm windows. However, a taxpayer does not qualify for this deduction unless the part of his residence in which he makes the installation was constructed at least three (3) years before the taxable year for which the deduction is claimed.
- (e) The amount of the deduction to which a taxpayer is entitled in a particular taxable year is the lesser of:
  - (1) the amount the taxpayer pays for labor and materials for the installation that is made during the taxable year; or
  - (2) one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- (d) To obtain the deduction provided by this section, the taxpayer must file with the department proof of his costs for the installation and a list of the persons or corporations who supplied labor or materials for the installation.

SECTION 25. IC 6-3-2-5.3 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE



1 2

1	JANUARY 1, 2016]. Sec. 5.3. (a) This section applies to taxable years
2	beginning after December 31, 2008.
3	(b) As used in this section, "solar powered roof vent or fan" means
4	a roof vent or fan that is powered by solar energy and used to release
5	heat from a building.
6	(c) A resident individual taxpayer is entitled to a deduction from the
7	taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a particular taxable year if, during
8	that taxable year, the taxpayer installs a solar powered roof vent or fan
9	on a building owned or leased by the taxpayer.
10	(d) The amount of the deduction to which a taxpayer is entitled in
11	a particular taxable year is the lesser of:
12	(1) one-half (1/2) of the amount the taxpayer pays for labor and
13	materials for the installation of a solar powered roof vent or fan
14	that is installed during the taxable year; or
15	(2) one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
16	(e) To obtain the deduction provided by this section, a taxpayer
17	must file with the department proof of the taxpayer's costs for the
18	installation of a solar powered roof vent or fan and a list of the persons
19	or corporation that supplied labor or materials for the installation of the
20	solar powered roof vent or fan.
21	SECTION 26. IC 6-3-2-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.98-2008,
22	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
23	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 13. (a) As used in this section, "export income"
24	means the gross receipts from the sale, transfer, or exchange of tangible
25	personal property destined for international markets that is:
26	(1) manufactured at a plant located within a maritime opportunity
27	district established under IC 6-1.1-40; and
28	(2) shipped through a port operated by the state.
29	(b) As used in this section, "export sales ratio" means the quotient
30	of:
31	(1) the taxpayer's export income; divided by
32	(2) the taxpayer's gross receipts from the sale, transfer, or
33	exchange of tangible personal property, regardless of its
34	destination.
35	(c) As used in this section, "taxpayer" means a person or corporation
36	that has export income.
37	(d) The ports of Indiana established by IC 8-10-1-3 shall notify the
38	department when a maritime opportunity district is established under
39	IC 6-1.1-40. The notice must include:
40	(1) the resolution passed by the commission to establish the
41	district; and
42	(2) a list of all taxpayers located in the district.



- (e) The ports of Indiana shall also notify the department of any subsequent changes in the list of taxpayers located in the district.
- (f) A taxpayer is entitled to a deduction from the taxpayer's adjusted gross income in an amount equal to the lesser of:
  - (1) the taxpayer's adjusted gross income; or
  - (2) the product of the export sales ratio multiplied by the percentage set forth in subsection (g).
- (g) The percentage to be used in determining the amount a taxpayer is entitled to deduct under this section depends upon the number of years that the taxpayer could have taken a deduction under this section. The percentage to be used in subsection (f) is as follows:

YEAR OF DEDUCTION	PERCENTAGE
1st through 4th	100%
5th	80%
6th	60%
7th	40%
8th	20%
9th and thereafter	0%

- (h) The department shall determine, for each taxpayer claiming a deduction under this section, the taxpayer's export sales ratio for purposes of IC 6-1.1-40. The department shall certify the amount of the ratio to the department of local government finance.
- (i) A taxpayer is not entitled to a deduction under this section based on export income received by the taxpayer after December 31, 2015.
  - (j) This section expires January 1, 2025.

SECTION 27. IC 6-3-2-14.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 14.1. Notwithstanding section 14.5 of this chapter and IC 6-3-4-8.2, a payment made after June 30, 2002, on prize money received from a winning lottery ticket purchased under IC 4-30 for a lottery held before July 1, 2002, is exempt from the adjusted gross income tax and supplemental net income tax (repealed) imposed by this article.

SECTION 28. IC 6-3-2-14.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]. Sec. 14.5. The first one thousand two hundred dollars (\$1,200) of prize money received from a winning lottery ticket purchased under IC 4-30 is exempt from the adjusted gross income tax imposed by this article. If the amount of prize money received from a winning lottery ticket exceeds one thousand two hundred dollars (\$1,200), the amount of the excess is subject to the adjusted gross income tax imposed by this article.

SECTION 29. IC 6-3-2-17 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE



1	JANUARY 1, 2016]. Sec. 17. A reward received by an individual is
2	exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7, in an amount
3	not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000), if:
4	(1) the reward is for information provided to a law enforcement
5	official or agency, or to a not-for-profit corporation whose
6	exclusive purpose is to assist law enforcement officials or
7	agencies;
8	(2) the information that is provided assists in the arrest,
9	indictment, or the filing of charges against a person; and
10	(3) the individual is not:
11	(A) compensated for investigating crimes or accidents
12	(including an employee of, or an individual under contract
13	with, a law enforcement agency);
14	(B) the person convicted of the crime; or
15	(C) the victim of the crime.
16	SECTION 30. IC 6-3-2-20, AS AMENDED BY P.L.211-2007,
17	SECTION 21, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 20. (a) The following definitions apply
19	throughout this section:
20	(1) "Affiliated group" has the meaning provided in Section 1504
21	of the Internal Revenue Code, except that the ownership
22	percentage in Section 1504(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code
23	shall be determined using fifty percent (50%) instead of eighty
24	percent (80%).
25	(2) "Directly related intangible interest expenses" means interest
26	expenses that are paid to, or accrued or incurred as a liability to,
27	a recipient if:
28	(A) the amounts represent, in the hands of the recipient,
29	income from making one (1) or more loans; and
30	(B) the funds loaned were originally received by the recipient
31	from the payment of intangible expenses by any of the
32	following:
33	(i) The taxpayer.
34	(ii) A member of the same affiliated group as the taxpayer.
35	(iii) A foreign corporation.
36	(3) "Foreign corporation" means a corporation that is organized
37	under the laws of a country other than the United States and
38	would be a member of the same affiliated group as the taxpayer
39	if the corporation were organized under the laws of the United
40	States.
41	(4) "Intangible expenses" means the following amounts to the
1 1	(i) mangrote expenses means the following amounts to the

extent these amounts are allowed as deductions in determining



42

1	taxable income under Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code
2	before the application of any net operating loss deduction and
3	special deductions for the taxable year:
4	(A) Expenses, losses, and costs directly for, related to, or in
5	connection with the acquisition, use, maintenance,
6	management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
7	disposition of intangible property.
8	(B) Royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees.
9	(C) Licensing fees.
10	(D) Other substantially similar expenses and costs.
11	(5) "Intangible property" means patents, patent applications, trade
12	names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, trade secrets, and
13	substantially similar types of intangible assets.
14	(6) "Interest expenses" means amounts that are allowed as
15	deductions under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code in
16	determining taxable income under Section 63 of the Internal
17	Revenue Code before the application of any net operating loss
18	deductions and special deductions for the taxable year.
19	(7) "Makes a disclosure" means a taxpayer provides the following
20	information regarding a transaction with a member of the same
21	affiliated group or a foreign corporation involving an intangible
22	expense and any or a directly related intangible interest expense
23	with the taxpayer's tax return on the forms prescribed by the
24	department:
25	(A) The name of the recipient.
26	(B) The state or country of domicile of the recipient.
27	(C) The amount paid to the recipient.
28	(D) A copy of federal Form 851, Affiliation Schedule, as filed
29	with the taxpayer's federal consolidated tax return.
30	(E) The information needed to determine the taxpayer's status
31	under the exceptions listed in subsection (c).
32	(8) "Recipient" means:
33	(A) a member of the same affiliated group as the taxpayer; or
34	(B) a foreign corporation;
35	to which is paid an item of income that corresponds to an
36	intangible expense or any directly related intangible interest
37	expense.
38	(9) "Unrelated party" means a person that, with respect to the
39	taxpayer, is not a member of the same affiliated group or a foreign
40	corporation.
41	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), in determining its adjusted

gross income under IC 6-3-1-3.5(b), a corporation subject to the tax



42

1	imposed by IC 6-3-2-1 shall add to its taxable income under Section 63
2	of the Internal Revenue Code:
3	(1) all intangible expenses; and
4	(2) any all directly related intangible interest expenses;
5	paid, accrued, or incurred with one (1) or more members of the same
6	affiliated group or with one (1) or more foreign corporations.
7	(c) The addition of intangible expenses or any directly related
8	intangible interest expenses otherwise required in a taxable year under
9	subsection (b) is not required if one (1) or more of the following apply
10	to the taxable year:
11	(1) The taxpayer and the recipient are both included in the same
12	consolidated tax return filed under IC 6-3-4-14 or in the same
13	combined return filed under IC 6-3-2-2(q) for the taxable year.
14	(2) If the recipient receives an item of income that
15	corresponds to the directly related interest expenses and the
16	recipient:
17	(A) is subject to the financial institutions tax under
18	IC 6-5.5;
19	(B) files a return under IC 6-5.5; and
20	(C) apportions the items of income that correspond to the
21	intangible expenses and the directly related interest
22	expenses in accordance with IC 6-5.5.
22 23	(2) (3) The taxpayer makes a disclosure and, at the request of the
24	department, can establish by a preponderance of the evidence
25	that:
26	(A) the item of income corresponding to the intangible
27	expenses and any or the directly related intangible interest
28	expenses was included within the recipient's income that is
29	subject to tax in:
30	(i) a state or possession of the United States; or
31	(ii) a country other than the United States;
32	that is the recipient's commercial domicile and that imposes a
33	net income tax, a franchise tax measured, in whole or in part,
34	by net income, or a value added tax;
35	(B) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expenses and
36	any or the directly related intensible interest expenses
37	between the taxpayer and the recipient was made at a
38	commercially reasonable rate and at terms comparable to an
39	arm's length transaction; and
10	(C) the transactions giving rise to the intangible expenses and
11	any or the directly related intensible interest expenses
12	between the taxpayer and the recipient did not have Indiana



1	4
1 2	tax avoidance as a principal purpose.
3	(3) (4) The taxpayer makes a disclosure and, at the request of the
4	department, can establish by a preponderance of the evidence that:
5	(A) the recipient regularly engages in transactions involving
6	
7	intangible property with one (1) or more unrelated parties on
8	terms substantially similar to those of the subject transaction;
9	and
10	(B) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expenses and
11	any or the directly related intensible interest expenses
	between the taxpayer and the recipient did not have Indiana
12	tax avoidance as a principal purpose.
13	(4) (5) The taxpayer makes a disclosure and, at the request of the
14	department, can establish by a preponderance of the evidence
15	that:
16	(A) the payment was received from a person or entity that is an
17	unrelated party, and on behalf of that unrelated party, paid that
18	amount to the recipient in an arm's length transaction; and
19	(B) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expenses and
20	any or the directly related intangible interest expenses
21	between the taxpayer and the recipient did not have Indiana
22	tax avoidance as a principal purpose.
23	(5) (6) The taxpayer makes a disclosure and, at the request of the
24	department, can establish by a preponderance of the evidence
25	that:
26	(A) the recipient paid, accrued, or incurred a liability to an
27	unrelated party during the taxable year for an equal or greater
28	amount that was directly for, related to, or in connection with
29	the same intangible property giving rise to the intangible
30	expenses; and
31	(B) the transactions giving rise to the intangible expenses and
32	any or the directly related intangible interest expenses
33	between the taxpayer and the recipient did not have Indiana
34	tax avoidance as a principal purpose.
35	(6) (7) The taxpayer makes a disclosure and, at the request of the
36	department, can establish by a preponderance of the evidence
37	that:
38	(A) the recipient is engaged in:
39	(i) substantial business activities from the acquisition, use,
40	licensing, maintenance, management, ownership, sale,
41	exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; or
42	(ii) other substantial business activities separate and apart



1	from the business activities described in item (i);
2	as evidenced by the maintenance of a permanent office space
3	and an adequate number of full-time, experienced employees;
4	(B) the transactions giving rise to the intangible expenses and
5	any or the directly related intensible interest expenses
6	between the taxpayer and the recipient did not have Indiana
7	tax avoidance as a principal purpose; and
8	(C) the transactions were transaction was made at a
9	commercially reasonable rate and at terms comparable to an
10	arm's length transaction.
11	(7) (8) The taxpayer and the department agree, in writing, to the
12	application or use of an alternative method of allocation or
13	apportionment under section 2(1) or 2(m) of this chapter.
14	(8) (9) Upon request by the taxpayer, the department determines
15	that the adjustment otherwise required by this section is
16	unreasonable.
17	(d) For purposes of this section, intangible expenses or directly
18	related intangible interest expenses shall be considered to be at a
19	commercially reasonable rate or at terms comparable to an arm's length
20	transaction if the intangible expenses or directly related intangible
21	interest expenses meet the arm's length standards of United States
22	Treasury Regulation 1.482-1(b).
23	(e) If intangible expenses or directly related intangible interest
24	expenses are determined not to be at a commercially reasonable rate or
25	at terms comparable to an arm's length transaction for purposes of this
26	section, the adjustment required by subsection (b) shall be made only
27	to the extent necessary to cause the intangible expenses or directly
28	related intangible interest expenses to be at a commercially reasonable
29	rate and at terms comparable to an arm's length transaction.
30	(f) For purposes of this section, transactions giving rise to intangible
31	expenses and any or the directly related intangible interest expenses
32	between the taxpayer and the recipient shall be considered as having
33	Indiana tax avoidance as the principal purpose if:
34	(1) there is not one (1) or more valid business purposes that
35	independently sustain the transaction notwithstanding any tax
36	benefits associated with the transaction; and
37	(2) the principal purpose of tax avoidance exceeds any other valid
38	business purpose.
39	SECTION 31. IC 6-3-2-25, AS AMENDED BY P.L.6-2012,
40	SECTION 50, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
41	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 25. (a) This section applies only to an
42	individual who in 2008 paid property taxes that:
	was in a coo para property water than



for the March 1, 2006, assessment date or the January 15, 2007, assessment date;  (2) are due after December 31, 2007; and  (3) are paid on or before the due date for the property taxes.  (b) As used in this section, "adjusted gross income" has the meaning set forth in IC 6-3-1-3.5.  (c) An individual described in subsection (a) is entitled to a deduction from the individual's adjusted gross income for a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2007, and before January 1, 2009, in an amount equal to the amount determined in the following STEPS:  STEP ONE: Determine the lesser of:  (A) two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500); or  (B) the total amount of property taxes imposed on the individual's principal place of residence for the March 1, 2006, assessment date or the January 15, 2007, assessment date and paid in 2007 or 2008.  STEP TWO: Determine the greater of zero (0) or the result of:  (A) the STEP ONE result; minus  (B) the total amount of property taxes that:  (i) were imposed on the individual's principal place of residence for the March 1, 2006, assessment date or the January 15, 2007, assessment date;  (ii) were paid in 2007; and  (iii) were deducted from the individual's adjusted gross income under 1€ (6-3+1-3.5(a)(15) 1C 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) 1C 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) by the individual on the individual's state income tax return for a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2008.  (d) The deduction under this section is in addition to any deduction that an individual is otherwise entitled to claim under 1€ (6-3+1-3.5(a)(15) 1C 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) 1C 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) any property taxes deducted under this section.  SECTION 32. IC 6-3-3-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 122, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5.1. (a) At the election of the taxpayer, a credit against the adjusted gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, is permitted in an amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) equal to fifty percent (50%) of th	1	(1) were imposed on the individual's principal place of residence
(2) are due after December 31, 2007; and (3) are paid on or before the due date for the property taxes. (b) As used in this section, "adjusted gross income" has the meaning set forth in IC 6-3-1-3.5. (c) An individual described in subsection (a) is entitled to a deduction from the individual's adjusted gross income for a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2007, and before January 1, 2009, in an amount equal to the amount determined in the following STEPS:  STEP ONE: Determine the lesser of: (A) two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500); or (B) the total amount of property taxes imposed on the individual's principal place of residence for the March 1, 2006, assessment date or the January 15, 2007, assessment date and paid in 2007 or 2008.  STEP TWO: Determine the greater of zero (0) or the result of: (A) the STEP ONE result; minus (B) the total amount of property taxes that: (i) were imposed on the individual's principal place of residence for the March 1, 2006, assessment date or the January 15, 2007, assessment date; (ii) were paid in 2007; and (iii) were deducted from the individual's adjusted gross income under He 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) by the individual on the individual's state income tax return for a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2008.  (d) The deduction under this section is in addition to any deduction that an individual is otherwise entitled to claim under He 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) any property taxes deducted under He 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) any property taxes deducted under this section.  SECTION 32. IC 6-3-3-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 32. IC 6-3-3-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 122, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5.1. (a) At the election of the taxpayer, a credit against the adjusted gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, is permitted in an amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggreg		for the March 1, 2006, assessment date or the January 15, 2007,
(3) are paid on or before the due date for the property taxes. (b) As used in this section, "adjusted gross income" has the meaning set forth in IC 6-3-1-3.5.  (c) An individual described in subsection (a) is entitled to a deduction from the individual's adjusted gross income for a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2007, and before January 1, 2009, in an amount equal to the amount determined in the following STEPS:  STEP ONE: Determine the lesser of:  (A) two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500); or  (B) the total amount of property taxes imposed on the individual's principal place of residence for the March 1, 2006, assessment date or the January 15, 2007, assessment date and paid in 2007 or 2008.  STEP TWO: Determine the greater of zero (0) or the result of: (A) the STEP ONE result; minus (B) the total amount of property taxes that:  (i) were imposed on the individual's principal place of residence for the March 1, 2006, assessment date or the January 15, 2007, assessment date; (ii) were paid in 2007; and (iii) were deducted from the individual's adjusted gross income under IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) by the individual on the individual's state income tax return for a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2008.  (d) The deduction under this section is in addition to any deduction that an individual is otherwise entitled to claim under IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) any property taxes deducted under IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) any property taxes deducted under this section.  SECTION 32. IC 6-3-3-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 122, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5.1. (a) At the election of the taxpayer, a credit against the adjusted gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, is permitted in an amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-fi		
(b) As used in this section, "adjusted gross income" has the meaning set forth in IC 6-3-1-3.5.  (c) An individual described in subsection (a) is entitled to a deduction from the individual's adjusted gross income for a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2007, and before January 1, 2009, in an amount equal to the amount determined in the following STEPS:  STEP ONE: Determine the lesser of:  (A) two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500); or  (B) the total amount of property taxes imposed on the individual's principal place of residence for the March 1, 2006, assessment date or the January 15, 2007, assessment date and paid in 2007 or 2008.  STEP TWO: Determine the greater of zero (0) or the result of:  (A) the STEP ONE result; minus  (B) the total amount of property taxes that:  (i) were imposed on the individual's principal place of residence for the March 1, 2006, assessment date or the January 15, 2007, assessment date;  (ii) were paid in 2007; and  (iii) were deducted from the individual's adjusted gross income under IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) by the individual on the individual's state income tax return for a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2008.  (d) The deduction under this section is in addition to any deduction that an individual is otherwise entitled to claim under IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) any property taxes deducted under this section.  SECTION 32. IC 6-3-3-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 122, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5.1. (a) At the election of the taxpayer, a credit against the adjusted gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, is permitted in an amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-first century		
set forth in IC 6-3-1-3.5.  (c) An individual described in subsection (a) is entitled to a deduction from the individual's adjusted gross income for a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2007, and before January 1, 2009, in an amount equal to the amount determined in the following STEPS:  STEP ONE: Determine the lesser of:  (A) two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500); or  (B) the total amount of property taxes imposed on the individual's principal place of residence for the March 1, 2006, assessment date or the January 15, 2007, assessment date and paid in 2007 or 2008.  STEP TWO: Determine the greater of zero (0) or the result of:  (A) the STEP ONE result; minus  (B) the total amount of property taxes that:  (i) were imposed on the individual's principal place of residence for the March 1, 2006, assessment date or the January 15, 2007, assessment date;  (ii) were paid in 2007; and  (iii) were deducted from the individual's adjusted gross income under IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) by the individual on the individual's state income tax return for a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2008.  (d) The deduction under this section is in addition to any deduction that an individual is otherwise entitled to claim under IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15): IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15): IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) any property taxes deducted under this section.  SECTION 32. IC 6-3-3-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 32. IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5.1. (a) At the election of the taxpayer, a credit against the adjusted gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, is permitted in an amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-first century		
(c) An individual described in subsection (a) is entitled to a deduction from the individual's adjusted gross income for a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2007, and before January 1, 2009, in an amount equal to the amount determined in the following STEPS:  STEP ONE: Determine the lesser of:  (A) two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500); or  (B) the total amount of property taxes imposed on the individual's principal place of residence for the March 1, 2006, assessment date or the January 15, 2007, assessment date and paid in 2007 or 2008.  STEP TWO: Determine the greater of zero (0) or the result of:  (A) the STEP ONE result; minus  (B) the total amount of property taxes that:  (i) were imposed on the individual's principal place of residence for the March 1, 2006, assessment date or the January 15, 2007, assessment date;  (ii) were paid in 2007; and  (iii) were deducted from the individual's adjusted gross income under IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) by the individual on the individual's state income tax return for a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2008.  (d) The deduction under this section is in addition to any deduction that an individual is otherwise entitled to claim under IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) any property taxes deducted under this section.  SECTION 32. IC 6-3-3-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 122, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5.1. (a) At the election of the taxpayer, a credit against the adjusted gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, is permitted in an amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-first century		
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25 (iii) were deducted from the individual's adjusted gross income under <del>IC</del> 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) <b>IC</b> 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) by the individual on the individual's state income tax return for a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2008.  29 (d) The deduction under this section is in addition to any deduction that an individual is otherwise entitled to claim under <del>IC</del> 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15). <b>IC</b> 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13). However, an individual may not deduct under <del>IC</del> 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) <b>IC</b> 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) any property taxes deducted under this section.  34 SECTION 32. IC 6-3-3-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 122, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5.1. (a) At the election of the taxpayer, a credit against the adjusted gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, is permitted in an amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-first century	23	
income under IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) by the individual on the individual's state income tax return for a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2008.  (d) The deduction under this section is in addition to any deduction that an individual is otherwise entitled to claim under IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15). IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13). However, an individual may not deduct under IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) any property taxes deducted under this section.  SECTION 32. IC 6-3-3-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 122, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5.1. (a) At the election of the taxpayer, a credit against the adjusted gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, is permitted in an amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-first century	24	(ii) were paid in 2007; and
the individual on the individual's state income tax return for a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2008.  (d) The deduction under this section is in addition to any deduction that an individual is otherwise entitled to claim under HC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15). IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13). However, an individual may not deduct under HC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) any property taxes deducted under this section.  SECTION 32. IC 6-3-3-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 122, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5.1. (a) At the election of the taxpayer, a credit against the adjusted gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, is permitted in an amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-first century	25	(iii) were deducted from the individual's adjusted gross
a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2008.  (d) The deduction under this section is in addition to any deduction that an individual is otherwise entitled to claim under IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15). IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13). However, an individual may not deduct under IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) any property taxes deducted under this section.  SECTION 32. IC 6-3-3-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 122, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5.1. (a) At the election of the taxpayer, a credit against the adjusted gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, is permitted in an amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-first century	26	income under $\frac{1C}{6-3-1-3.5(a)(15)}$ IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) by
(d) The deduction under this section is in addition to any deduction that an individual is otherwise entitled to claim under IE 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15). IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13). However, an individual may not deduct under IE 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) any property taxes deducted under this section.  SECTION 32. IC 6-3-3-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 122, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5.1. (a) At the election of the taxpayer, a credit against the adjusted gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, is permitted in an amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-first century	27	the individual on the individual's state income tax return for
that an individual is otherwise entitled to claim under HC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15). IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13). However, an individual may not deduct under HC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) any property taxes deducted under this section.  SECTION 32. IC 6-3-3-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 122, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5.1. (a) At the election of the taxpayer, a credit against the adjusted gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, is permitted in an amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-first century	28	a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2008.
31 IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15). IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13). However, an individual may 32 not deduct under IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) any property 33 taxes deducted under this section. 34 SECTION 32. IC 6-3-3-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, 35 SECTION 122, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 36 [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5.1. (a) At the election of the 37 taxpayer, a credit against the adjusted gross income tax imposed by 38 IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, is permitted in an 39 amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) 40 equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of contributions 41 made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-first century	29	
not deduct under IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15) IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) any property taxes deducted under this section.  SECTION 32. IC 6-3-3-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 122, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5.1. (a) At the election of the taxpayer, a credit against the adjusted gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, is permitted in an amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-first century	30	that an individual is otherwise entitled to claim under
taxes deducted under this section.  SECTION 32. IC 6-3-3-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007,  SECTION 122, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS  [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5.1. (a) At the election of the taxpayer, a credit against the adjusted gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, is permitted in an amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-first century	31	<del>IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15).</del> <b>IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13).</b> However, an individual may
taxes deducted under this section.  SECTION 32. IC 6-3-3-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 122, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5.1. (a) At the election of the taxpayer, a credit against the adjusted gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, is permitted in an amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-first century	32	not deduct under <del>IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(15)</del> <b>IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13)</b> any property
SECTION 122, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5.1. (a) At the election of the taxpayer, a credit against the adjusted gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, is permitted in an amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-first century	33	
SECTION 122, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5.1. (a) At the election of the taxpayer, a credit against the adjusted gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, is permitted in an amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-first century	34	SECTION 32. IC 6-3-3-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007,
[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 5.1. (a) At the election of the taxpayer, a credit against the adjusted gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, is permitted in an amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-first century		
taxpayer, a credit against the adjusted gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, is permitted in an amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-first century	36	
IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, is permitted in an amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-first century		
amount (subject to the applicable limitations provided by this section) equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-first century		
equal to fifty percent (50%) of the aggregate amount of contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-first century		
made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to the twenty-first century		
	42	scholars program support fund established under IC 21-12-7-1.



1	(b) In the case of a taxpayer other than a corporation, the amoun
2	allowable as a credit under this section for any taxable year may no
3	exceed:
4	(1) one hundred dollars (\$100) in the case of a single return; or
5	(2) two hundred dollars (\$200) in the case of a joint return.
6	(c) In the case of a taxpayer that is a corporation, the amoun
7	allowable as a credit under this section for any taxable year may no
8	exceed the lesser of the following amounts:
9	(1) Ten percent (10%) of the corporation's total adjusted gross
10	income tax under IC 6-3-1 through IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year
l 1	(as determined without regard to any credits against that tax).
12	(2) One thousand dollars (\$1,000).
13	(d) The credit permitted under this section may not exceed the
14	amount of the adjusted gross income tax imposed by IC 6-3-1 through
15	IC 6-3-7 for the taxable year, reduced by the sum of all credits (as
16	determined without regard to this section) allowed by IC 6-3-1 through
17	IC 6-3-7.
18	(e) A taxpayer is not entitled to a credit under this section for a
19	contribution made in a taxable year beginning after December 31
20	2015.
21	(f) This section expires January 1, 2018.
22	SECTION 33. IC 6-3.1-9-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 6. (a) A tax credit
24	shall be allowable under this chapter only for the taxable year of the
25	taxpayer in which the contribution qualifying for the credit is paid or
26	permanently set aside in a special account for the approved program or
27	purpose.
28	(b) A taxpayer is not entitled to a credit under this chapter for
29	contributions made or permanently set aside in a taxable year
30	beginning after December 31, 2015.
31	(c) This chapter expires January 1, 2018.
32	SECTION 34. IC 6-3.1-15-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
33	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 7. (a) A taxpayer
34	that has donated during the taxable year qualified computer equipmen
35	to a service center is entitled to a tax credit as provided in section 8 or
36	this chapter.
37	(b) A taxpayer is not entitled to a credit under this chapter for
38	a contribution made in a taxable year beginning after December
39	31, 2015.
10	(c) This chapter expires January 1, 2018.
<b>1</b> 1	SECTION 35. IC 6-3.1-18-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [FFFFCTIVE IANIJARY 1 2016]: Sec. 11 (a) A tax



1	credit shall be allowable under this chapter only for the taxable year of
2	the taxpayer in which the contribution qualifying for the credit is paid.
3	(b) A taxpayer is not entitled to a credit under this chapter for
4	a contribution made in a taxable year beginning after December
5	31, 2015.
6	(c) This chapter expires January 1, 2018.
7	SECTION 36. IC 6-3.1-20-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.166-2014,
8	SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b),
10	an individual is entitled to a credit under this chapter if:
11	(1) the individual's Indiana income for the taxable year is less than
12	eighteen thousand six hundred dollars (\$18,600); and
13	(2) the individual pays property taxes in the taxable year on a
14	homestead that:
15	(A) the individual:
16	(i) owns; or
17	(ii) is buying under a contract that requires the individual to
18	pay property taxes on the homestead, if the contract or a
19	memorandum of the contract is recorded in the county
20	recorder's office; and
21	(B) is located in a county having a population of more than
22	four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred
23	thousand (700,000).
24	(b) An individual is not entitled to a credit under this chapter for a
25	taxable year for property taxes paid on the individual's homestead if the
26	individual claims the deduction under IC $6-3-1-3.5(a)(15)$
27	IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(13) for the homestead for that same taxable year.
28	SECTION 37. IC 6-3.1-30-11, AS ADDED BY P.L.193-2005,
29	SECTION 21, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
30	JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 11. (a) If the credit provided by this chapter
31	exceeds the taxpayer's state tax liability for the taxable year for which
32	the credit is first claimed, the excess may be carried forward to
33	succeeding taxable years and used as a credit against the taxpayer's
34	state tax liability during those taxable years. Each time that the credit
35	is carried forward to a succeeding taxable year, the credit is to be
36	reduced by the amount that was used as a credit during the immediately
37	preceding taxable year. The credit provided by this chapter may be
38	carried forward and applied to succeeding taxable years for nine (9)
39	taxable years following the unused credit year.
40	(b) A taxpayer is not entitled to any carryback or refund of any
41	unused credit.

(c) A taxpayer is not entitled to a credit under this chapter for



42

1 relocation costs incurred in a taxable year beginning after 2 December 31, 2015. 3 (d) This chapter expires January 1, 2025. 4 SECTION 38. IC 6-3.5-1.1-7 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE 5 JANUARY 1, 2016]. Sec. 7. (a) If for a particular taxable year a county 6 taxpayer is, or a county taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse who file a 7 joint return are, allowed a credit for the elderly or individuals with a 8 total disability under Section 22 of the Internal Revenue Code, the 9 county taxpayer is, or the county taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse 10 are, entitled to a credit against the taxpayer's or the taxpayer's and the 11 taxpayer's spouse's county adjusted gross income tax liability for that 12 same taxable year. The amount of the credit equals the lesser of: 13 (1) the product of: 14 (A) the taxpayer's or the taxpayer's and the taxpayer's spouse's 15 credit for the elderly or individuals with a total disability for that same taxable year; multiplied by 16 17 (B) a fraction, the numerator of which is the county adjusted 18 gross income tax rate imposed against the county taxpayer, or 19 the county taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse, and the 20 denominator of which is fifteen hundredths (0.15); or 21 (2) the amount of county adjusted gross income tax imposed on 22 the county taxpayer, or the county taxpayer and the taxpayer's 23 24 (b) If a county taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse file a joint return 25 and are subject to different county adjusted gross income tax rates for 26 the same taxable year, they shall compute the credit under this section 27 by using the formula provided by subsection (a), except that they shall 28 use the average of the two (2) county adjusted gross income tax rates 29 imposed against them as the numerator referred to in subsection 30  $\frac{(a)(1)(B)}{(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(b)}$ 31 SECTION 39. IC 6-3.5-1.1-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008, 32 SECTION 330, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 33 [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 18. (a) Except as otherwise 34 provided in this chapter, all provisions of the adjusted gross income tax 35 law (IC 6-3) concerning: (1) definitions; 36 37 (2) declarations of estimated tax; 38 (3) filing of returns; 39 (4) remittances; 40 (5) incorporation of the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code;



41

42

(6) penalties and interest;

(7) exclusion of military pay credits for withholding; and

1	(8) exemptions and deductions;
2	apply to the imposition, collection, and administration of the tax
3	imposed by this chapter.
4	(b) The provisions of <del>IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(6),</del> IC 6-3-3-3, IC 6-3-3-5, and
5	IC 6-3-5-1 do not apply to the tax imposed by this chapter.
6	(c) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), each employer shall
7	report to the department the amount of withholdings attributable to
8	each county. This report shall be submitted to the department:
9	(1) each time the employer remits to the department the tax that
10	is withheld; and
11	(2) annually along with the employer's annual withholding report.
12	SECTION 40. IC 6-3.5-6-22, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,
13	SECTION 340, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
14	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 22. (a) Except as otherwise
15	provided in subsection (b) and the other provisions of this chapter, all
16	provisions of the adjusted gross income tax law (IC 6-3) concerning:
17	(1) definitions;
18	(2) declarations of estimated tax;
19	(3) filing of returns;
20	(4) deductions or exemptions from adjusted gross income;
21	(5) remittances;
22	(6) incorporation of the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code;
23	(7) penalties and interest; and
24	(8) exclusion of military pay credits for withholding;
25	apply to the imposition, collection, and administration of the tax
26	imposed by this chapter.
27	(b) The provisions of <del>IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(6),</del> IC 6-3-3-3, IC 6-3-3-5, and
28	IC 6-3-5-1 do not apply to the tax imposed by this chapter.
29	(c) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), each employer shall
30	report to the department the amount of withholdings attributable to
31	each county. This report shall be submitted to the department:
32	(1) each time the employer remits to the department the tax that
33	is withheld; and
34	(2) annually along with the employer's annual withholding report.
35	SECTION 41. IC 6-3.5-6-24 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
36	JANUARY 1, 2016]. Sec. 24. (a) If for a particular taxable year a
37	county taxpayer is, or a county taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse who
38	file a joint return are, allowed a credit for the elderly or individuals
39	with a total disability under Section 22 of the Internal Revenue Code,
40	the county taxpayer is, or the county taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse
41	are, entitled to a credit against the county option income tax liability for

that same taxable year. The amount of the credit equals the lesser of:



42

1	(1) the product of:
2	(A) the credit for the elderly or individuals with a total
3	disability for that same taxable year; multiplied by
4	(B) a fraction, the numerator of which is the county option
5	income tax rate imposed against the county taxpayer, or the
6	county taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse, and the
7	denominator of which is fifteen-hundredths (0.15); or
8	(2) the amount of county option income tax imposed on the
9	county taxpayer, or the county taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse.
10	(b) If a county taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse file a joint return
11	and are subject to different county option income tax rates for the same
12	taxable year, they shall compute the credit under this section by using
13	the formula provided by subsection (a), except that they shall use the
14	average of the two (2) county option income tax rates imposed against
15	them as the numerator referred to in subsection (a)(1)(B).
16	SECTION 42. IC 6-3.5-7-9 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
17	JANUARY 1, 2016]. Sec. 9. (a) If for a taxable year a county taxpayer
18	is (or a county taxpayer and a county taxpayer's spouse who file a joint
19	return are) allowed a credit for the elderly or individuals with a total
20	disability under Section 22 of the Internal Revenue Code, the county
21	taxpayer is (or the county taxpayer and the county taxpayer's spouse
22	are) entitled to a credit against the county taxpayer's (or the county
23	taxpayer's and the county taxpayer's spouse's) county economic
24	development income tax liability for that same taxable year. The
25	amount of the credit equals the lesser of:
26	(1) the product of:
27	(A) the county taxpayer's (or the county taxpayer's and the
28	county taxpayer's spouse's) credit for the elderly or individuals
29	with a total disability for that same taxable year; multiplied by
30	(B) a fraction. The numerator of the fraction is the county
31	economic development income tax rate imposed against the
32	county taxpayer (or against the county taxpayer and the county
33	taxpayer's spouse). The denominator of the fraction is
34	fifteen-hundredths (0.15); or
35	(2) the amount of county economic development income tax
36	imposed on the county taxpayer (or the county taxpayer and the
37	<del>county taxpayer's spouse).</del>
38	(b) If a county taxpayer and the county taxpayer's spouse file a joint
39	return and are subject to different county economic development
40	income tax rates for the same taxable year, they shall compute the

eredit under this section by using the formula provided by subsection

(a), except that they shall use the average of the two (2) county



1	economic development income tax rates imposed against them as the
2	numerator referred to in subsection (a)(1)(B).
3	SECTION 43. IC 6-3.5-7-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,
4	SECTION 348, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
5	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 18. (a) Except as otherwise
6	provided in this chapter, all provisions of the adjusted gross income tax
7	law (IC 6-3) concerning:
8	(1) definitions;
9	(2) declarations of estimated tax;
0	(3) filing of returns;
1	(4) remittances;
2	(5) incorporation of the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code;
3	(6) penalties and interest;
4	(7) exclusion of military pay credits for withholding; and
5	(8) exemptions and deductions;
6	apply to the imposition, collection, and administration of the tax
7	imposed by this chapter.
8	(b) The provisions of <del>IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(6),</del> IC 6-3-3-3, IC 6-3-3-5, and
9	IC 6-3-5-1 do not apply to the tax imposed by this chapter.
0.	(c) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), each employer shall
1	report to the department the amount of withholdings attributable to
22	each county. This report shall be submitted to the department:
23 24	(1) each time the employer remits to the department the tax that
24	is withheld; and
2.5	(2) annually along with the employer's annual withholding report.
26	SECTION 44. IC 6-5.5-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.205-2013,
27	SECTION 124, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
28	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as provided in
.9	subsections (b) through (d), "adjusted gross income" means taxable
0	income as defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted
1	as follows:
2	(1) Add the following amounts:
3	(A) An amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable
4	under Section 166, Section 585, or Section 593 of the Internal
5	Revenue Code.
6	(B) An amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable
7	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code.
8	(C) An amount equal to a deduction or deductions allowed or
9	allowable under Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code for
-0	taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state
-1	level by a state of the United States or levied at the local level
-2	by any subdivision of a state of the United States.



1	(D) The amount of interest excluded under Section 103 of the
2	Internal Revenue Code or under any other federal law, minus
3	the associated expenses disallowed in the computation of
4	taxable income under Section 265 of the Internal Revenue
5	Code.
6	(E) An amount equal to the deduction allowed under Section
7	172 or 1212 of the Internal Revenue Code for net operating
8	losses or net capital losses.
9	(F) For a taxpayer that is not a large bank (as defined in
10	Section 585(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code), an amount
11	equal to the recovery of a debt, or part of a debt, that becomes
12	worthless to the extent a deduction was allowed from gross
13	income in a prior taxable year under Section 166(a) of the
14	Internal Revenue Code.
15	(G) Add the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross
16	income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
17	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
18	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross
19	income that would have been computed had an election not
20	been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code
21	to apply bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it
22	was placed in service.
23	(H) Add the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross
24	income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
25	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in
26	service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year
27	equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have
28	been computed had an election for federal income tax
29	purposes not been made for the year in which the property was
30	placed in service to take deductions under Section 179 of the
31	Internal Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding
32	twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).
33	(I) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed
34	as a deduction for domestic production activities for the
35	taxable year under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
36	for federal income tax purposes.
37	(J) Add an amount equal to any income not included in gross
38	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from
39	business indebtedness discharged in connection with the
40	reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1,
41	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section



108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. Subtract from the

1	adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that added an amount
2	to adjusted gross income in a previous year the amount
3	necessary to offset the amount included in federal gross
4	income as a result of the deferral of income arising from
5	business indebtedness discharged in connection with the
6	reacquisition after December 31, 2008, and before January 1.
7	2011, of an applicable debt instrument, as provided in Section
8	108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.
9	(K) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
10	gross income of any taxpayer that claimed the special
11	allowance for qualified disaster assistance property under
12	Section 168(n) of the Internal Revenue Code equal to the
13	amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
14	computed had the special allowance not been claimed for the
15	<del>property.</del>
16	(L) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
17	gross income of any taxpayer that made an election under
18	Section 179C of the Internal Revenue Code to expense costs
19	for qualified refinery property equal to the amount of adjusted
20	gross income that would have been computed had an election
21	for federal income tax purposes not been made for the year.
22	(M) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the
23	adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that made an election
24	under Section 181 of the Internal Revenue Code to expense
25	costs for a qualified film or television production equal to the
26	amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
27	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
28	been made for the year.
29	(N) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
30	gross income of any taxpayer that treated a loss from the sale
31	or exchange of preferred stock in:
32	(i) the Federal National Mortgage Association, established
33	under the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter
34	Act (12 U.S.C. 1716 et seq.); or
35	(ii) the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation,
36	established under the Federal Home Loan Mortgage
37	Corporation Act (12 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.);
38	as an ordinary loss under Section 301 of the Emergency
39	Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 in the current taxable year
40	or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted
41	gross income that would have been computed had the loss not
42	been treated as an ordinary loss.

been treated as an ordinary loss.



2	under Section 953(e) of the Internal Revenue Code for active
3	financing income under Subpart F, Subtitle A, Chapter 1,
4	Subchapter N of the Internal Revenue Code.
5	(2) Subtract the following amounts:
6	(A) Income that the United States Constitution or any statute
7	` <i>'</i>
8	of the United States prohibits from being used to measure the
9	tax imposed by this chapter.  (B) Income that is derived from sources outside the United
10	States, as defined by the Internal Revenue Code.
	•
11	(C) An amount equal to a debt or part of a debt that becomes
12	worthless, as permitted under Section 166(a) of the Internal
13	Revenue Code.
14	(D) An amount equal to any bad debt reserves that are
15	included in federal income because of accounting method
16	changes required by Section 585(c)(3)(A) or Section 593 of
17	the Internal Revenue Code.
18	(E) The amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income
19	of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
20	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
21	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross
22	income that would have been computed had an election not
23	been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code
24	to apply bonus depreciation.
25	(F) The amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income
26	of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as defined
27	in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the
28	current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the
29	amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
30	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
31	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
32	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
33	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five
34	thousand dollars (\$25,000).
35	(G) Income that is:
36	(i) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7; and
37	(ii) included in the taxpayer's taxable income under the
38	Internal Revenue Code.
39	(II) This clause does not apply to payments made for services
10	provided to a business that was enrolled and participated in the
<b>1</b> 1	E-Verify program (as defined in IC 22-5-1.7-3) during the time
12	the taxpayer conducted business in Indiana in the taxable year.



1	For a taxable year beginning after June 30, 2011, add the
2	amount of any trade or business deduction allowed under the
3	Internal Revenue Code for wages, reimbursements, or other
4	payments made for services provided in Indiana by an
5	individual for services as an employee, if the individual was,
6	during the period of service, prohibited from being hired as an
7	employee under 8 U.S.C. 1324a.
8	(b) In the case of a credit union, "adjusted gross income" for a
9	taxable year means the total transfers to undivided earnings minus
10	dividends for that taxable year after statutory reserves are set aside
11	under IC 28-7-1-24.
12	(c) In the case of an investment company, "adjusted gross income"
13	means the company's federal taxable income plus the amount excluded
14	from federal gross income under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue
15	Code for interest received on an obligation of a state other than Indiana,
16	or a political subdivision of such a state, that is acquired by the
17	taxpayer after December 31, 2011, multiplied by the quotient of:
18	(1) the aggregate of the gross payments collected by the company
19	during the taxable year from old and new business upon
20	investment contracts issued by the company and held by residents
21	of Indiana; divided by
22	(2) the total amount of gross payments collected during the
23	taxable year by the company from the business upon investment
24	contracts issued by the company and held by persons residing
25	within Indiana and elsewhere.
26	(d) As used in subsection (c), "investment company" means a
27	person, copartnership, association, limited liability company, or
28	corporation, whether domestic or foreign, that:
29	(1) is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15
30	U.S.C. 80a-1 et seq.); and
31	(2) solicits or receives a payment to be made to itself and issues
32	in exchange for the payment:
33	(A) a so-called bond;
34	(B) a share;
35	(C) a coupon;
36	(D) a certificate of membership;
37	(E) an agreement;
38	(F) a pretended agreement; or
39	(G) other evidences of obligation;
40	entitling the holder to anything of value at some future date, if the
41	gross payments received by the company during the taxable year
42	on outstanding investment contracts, plus interest and dividends
	on outstanding in continues, plus interest and dividends



earned on those contracts (by prorating the interest and dividends earned on investment contracts by the same proportion that certificate reserves (as defined by the Investment Company Act of 1940) is to the company's total assets) is at least fifty percent (50%) of the company's gross payments upon investment contracts plus gross income from all other sources except dividends from subsidiaries for the taxable year. The term "investment contract" means an instrument listed in clauses (A) through (G).

SECTION 45. IC 6-6-5-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 5. (a) The amount of tax imposed by this chapter shall be based upon the classification of the vehicle, as provided in section 4 of this chapter, and the age of the vehicle, in accordance with the schedule set out in subsection (c) or (d).

(b) A person who owns a vehicle and who is entitled to a property tax deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-13, IC 6-1.1-12-14, **or** IC 6-1.1-12-16 or IC 6-1.1-12-17.4 is entitled to a credit against the annual license excise tax as follows: Any remaining deduction from assessed valuation to which the person is entitled, applicable to property taxes payable in the year in which the excise tax imposed by this chapter is due, after allowance of the deduction on real estate and personal property owned by the person, shall reduce the annual excise tax in the amount of two dollars (\$2) on each one hundred dollars (\$100) of taxable value or major portion thereof. The county auditor shall, upon request, furnish a certified statement to the person verifying the credit allowable under this section and the statement shall be presented to and retained by the bureau to support the credit.

(c) After January 1, 1996, the tax schedule is as follows:

	( )	, -,,				
29	Year of					
30	Manufacture	I	II	III	IV	V
31	1st	\$12	\$36	\$50	\$50	\$66
32	2nd	12	30	50	50	57
33	3rd	12	27	42	50	50
34	4th	12	24	33	50	50
35	5th	12	18	24	48	50
36	6th	12	12	18	36	50
37	7th	12	12	12	24	42
38	8th	12	12	12	18	24
39	9th	12	12	12	12	12
40	10th	12	12	12	12	12
41	and thereafter					

41 and thereafte 42 Year of



1	M C 4	3.71	3.711	3.7111	137	37
1	Manufacture	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X
2	1st	\$84	\$103	\$123	\$150	\$172
3	2nd	74	92	110	134	149
4	3rd	63	77	93	115	130
5	4th	52	64	78	98	112
6	5th	50	52	64	82	96 <b>-</b> 0
7	6th	50	50	50	65	79
8	7th	49	50	50	52	65
9	8th	30	40	50	50	53
10	9th	18	21	34	40	50
11	10th	12	12	12	12	12
12	and thereafter					
13	Year of					
14	Manufacture	XI	XII	XIII	XIV	XV
15	1st	\$207	\$250	\$300	\$350	\$406
16	2nd	179	217	260	304	353
17	3rd	156	189	225	265	307
18	4th	135	163	184	228	257
19	5th	115	139	150	195	210
20	6th	94	114	121	160	169
21	7th	78	94	96	132	134
22	8th	64	65	65	91	91
23	9th	50	50	50	50	50
24	10th	21	26	30	36	42
25	and thereafter					
26	Year of					
27	Manufacture	XVI	XVII			
28	1st	\$469	\$532			
29	2nd	407	461			
30	3rd	355	398			
31	4th	306	347			
32	5th	261	296			
33	6th	214	242			
34	7th	177	192			
35	8th	129	129			
36	9th	63	63			
37	10th	49	50			
38	and thereafter.	77	50			
39		la chall	ha tavad	os o vobiala	in its fire	t woor of
39	(d) Every vehic	ie snaii	be taxed	as a venicle	III IIS III'S	a year or

(d) Every vehicle shall be taxed as a vehicle in its first year of manufacture throughout the calendar year in which vehicles of that make and model are first offered for sale in Indiana, except that a vehicle of a make and model first offered for sale in Indiana after



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August 1 of any year shall continue to be taxed as a vehicle in its first year of manufacture until the end of the calendar year following the year in which it is first offered for sale. Thereafter, the vehicle shall be considered to have aged one (1) year as of January 1 of each year.

SECTION 46. IC 6-6-5.1-13, AS ADDED BY P.L.131-2008, SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2017]: Sec. 13. (a) Subject to any reductions permitted under this chapter, the amount of tax imposed under this chapter on a recreational vehicle or truck camper is prescribed by the schedule set out in subsection (c). The amount of tax imposed by this chapter is determined using:

- (1) the classification of the recreational vehicle or truck camper under section 12 of this chapter; and
- (2) the age of the recreational vehicle or truck camper.
- (b) If a person who owns a recreational vehicle or truck camper is entitled to an ad valorem property tax assessed valuation deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-13, IC 6-1.1-12-14, **or** IC 6-1.1-12-16 or IC 6-1.1-12-17.4 in a year in which a tax is imposed by this chapter and any part of the deduction is unused after allowance of the deduction on real property and personal property owned by the person, the person is entitled to a credit that reduces the annual tax imposed by this chapter. The amount of the credit is determined by multiplying the amount of the unused deduction by two (2) and dividing the result by one hundred (100). The county auditor shall, upon request, furnish a certified statement to the person verifying the credit allowable under this subsection. The statement shall be presented to and retained by the bureau to support the credit.
- (c) The tax schedule for each class of recreational vehicles and truck campers is as follows:

-	1					
30	Year of					
31	Manufacture	I	II	III	IV	V
32	1st	\$15	\$36	\$50	\$59	\$103
33	2nd	12	31	43	51	91
34	3rd	12	26	35	41	75
35	4th	12	20	28	38	62
36	5th	12	15	20	34	53
37	6th	12	12	15	26	41
38	7th	12	12	12	16	32
39	8th	12	12	12	13	21
40	9th	12	12	12	12	13
41	10th	12	12	12	12	12
42	and thereafter					



1	Year of					
2	Manufacture	VI	VII	VIII		
3	1st	\$164	\$241	\$346		
4	2nd	148	212	302		
5	3rd	131	185	261		
6	4th	110	161	223		
7	5th	89	131	191		
8	6th	68	108	155		
9	7th	53	86	126		
10	8th	36	71	97		
11	9th	23	35	48		
12	10th	12	12	17		
13	and thereafter			- 7		
14	Year of					
15	Manufacture	IX	X	XI	XII	
16	1st	\$470	\$667	\$879	\$1,045	
17	2nd	412	572	763	907	
18	3rd	360	507	658	782	
19	4th	307	407	574	682	
20	5th	253	341	489	581	
21	6th	204	279	400	475	
22	7th	163	224	317	377	
23	8th	116	154	214	254	
24	9th	55	70	104	123	
25	10th	25	33	46	55	
26	and thereafter					
27	Year of					
28	Manufacture	XIII	XIV	XV	XVI	XVII
29	1st	\$1,235	\$1,425	\$1,615	\$1,805	\$2,375
30	2nd	1,072	1,236	1,401	1,566	2,060
31	3rd	924	1,066	1,208	1,350	1,777
32	4th	806	929	1,053	1,177	1,549
33	5th	687	793	898	1,004	1,321
34	6th	562	648	734	821	1,080
35	7th	445	514	582	651	856
36	8th	300	346	392	439	577
37	9th	146	168	190	213	280
38	10th	64	74	84	94	123
39	and thereafter.					

(d) Each recreational vehicle or truck camper shall be taxed as a recreational vehicle or truck camper in its first year of manufacture throughout the calendar year in which a recreational vehicle or truck



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camper of that make and model is first offered for sale in Indiana. However, a recreational vehicle or truck camper of a make and model first offered for sale in Indiana after August 1 of any year continues to be taxed as a recreational vehicle or truck camper in its first year of manufacture until the end of the calendar year following the year in which it is first offered for sale. Thereafter, the recreational vehicle or truck camper shall be considered to have aged one (1) year as of January 1 of each year.

SECTION 47. IC 6-8.1-3-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.236-2005, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 17. (a) Before an original tax appeal is filed with the tax court under IC 33-26, the commissioner may settle any tax liability dispute if a substantial doubt exists as to:

- (1) the constitutionality of the tax under the Constitution of the State of Indiana;
- (2) the right to impose the tax;
- (3) the correct amount of tax due;
- (4) the collectibility collectability of the tax; or
- (5) whether the taxpayer is a resident or nonresident of Indiana.
- (b) After an original tax appeal is filed with the tax court under IC 33-26, and notwithstanding IC 4-6-2-11, the commissioner may settle a tax liability dispute with an amount in contention of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) or less. Notwithstanding IC 6-8.1-7-1(a), the terms of a settlement under this subsection are available for public inspection.
- (c) The department shall establish an amnesty program for taxpayers having an unpaid tax liability for a listed tax that was due and payable for a tax period ending before July 1, 2004. January 1, 2013. A taxpayer is not eligible for the amnesty program:
  - (1) for any tax liability resulting from the taxpayer's failure to comply with IC 6-3-1-3.5(b)(3) with regard to the tax imposed by IC 4-33-13 or IC 4-35-8; or
  - (2) if the taxpayer participated in any previous amnesty program under:
    - (A) this section (as in effect on December 31, 2014); or (B) IC 6-2.5-14.

The time in which a voluntary payment of tax liability may be made (or the taxpayer may enter into a payment program acceptable to the department for the payment of the unpaid listed taxes in full in the manner and time established in a written payment program agreement between the department and the taxpayer) under the amnesty program is limited to the period determined by the department, not to exceed



eight (8) regular business weeks ending before the earlier of the date set by the department or July 1, 2006. January 1, 2017. The amnesty program must provide that, upon payment by a taxpayer to the department of all listed taxes due from the taxpayer for a tax period (or payment of the unpaid listed taxes in full in the manner and time established in a written payment program agreement between the department and the taxpayer), entry into an agreement that the taxpayer is not eligible for any other amnesty program that may be established and waives any part of interest and penalties on the same type of listed tax that is being granted amnesty in the current amnesty program, and compliance with all other amnesty conditions adopted under a rule of the department in effect on the date the voluntary payment is made, the department:

- (1) shall abate and not seek to collect any interest, penalties, collection fees, or costs that would otherwise be applicable;
- (2) shall release any liens imposed;
- (3) shall not seek civil or criminal prosecution against any individual or entity; and
- (4) shall not issue, or, if issued, shall withdraw, an assessment, a demand notice, or a warrant for payment under **IC 6-8.1-5-1**, IC 6-8.1-5-3, IC 6-8.1-8-2, or another law against any individual or entity;

for listed taxes due from the taxpayer for the tax period for which amnesty has been granted to the taxpayer. Amnesty granted under this subsection is binding on the state and its agents. However, failure to pay to the department all listed taxes due for a tax period invalidates any amnesty granted under this subsection for that tax period. The department shall conduct an assessment of the impact of the tax amnesty program on tax collections and an analysis of the costs of administering the tax amnesty program. As soon as practicable after the end of the tax amnesty period, the department shall submit a copy of the assessment and analysis to the legislative council in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6. The department shall enforce an agreement with a taxpayer that prohibits the taxpayer from receiving amnesty in another amnesty program.

- (d) For purposes of subsection (c), a liability for a listed tax is due and payable if:
  - (1) the department has issued:
    - (A) an assessment of the listed tax and under IC 6-8.1-5-1;
  - **(B)** a demand for payment under IC 6-8.1-5-3; or
  - (B) (C) a demand notice for payment of the listed tax under IC 6-8.1-8-2;



1	(2) the taxpayer has filed a return or an amended return in which
2	the taxpayer has reported a liability for the listed tax; or
3	(3) the taxpayer has filed a written statement of liability for the
4	listed tax in a form that is satisfactory to the department.
5	SECTION 48. IC 6-8.1-3-24 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
6	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
7	1, 2015]: Sec. 24. (a) The department of state revenue may adopt
8	emergency rules under IC 4-22-2-37.1 to carry out a tax amnesty
9	program under section 17 of this chapter.
10	(b) Notwithstanding IC 4-22-2-37.1(g), an emergency rule
11	adopted by the department under IC 4-22-2-37.1 expires on the
12	date specified in the emergency rule.
13	(c) This section expires July 1, 2017.
14	SECTION 49. IC 6-8.1-10-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2009,
15	SECTION 59, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 12. (a) This section applies to a penalty related to
17	a tax liability to the extent that the:
18	(1) tax liability is for a listed tax;
19	(2) tax liability was due and payable, as determined under
20	IC 6-8.1-3-17(d), for a tax period ending before <del>July 1, 2004;</del>
21	January 1, 2013;
22	(3) department establishes an amnesty program for the tax
23	liability under IC 6-8.1-3-17(c);
24	(4) individual or entity from which the tax liability is due was
25	eligible to participate in the amnesty program described in
26	subdivision (3); and
27	(5) tax liability is not paid:
28	(A) in conformity with a payment program acceptable to the
29	department that provides for payment of the unpaid listed
30	taxes in full in the manner and time established in a written
31	payment program agreement entered into between the
32	department and the taxpayer under IC 6-8.1-3-17(c); or
33	(B) if clause (A) does not apply, before the end of the amnesty
34	period established by the department.
35	(b) Subject to subsection (c), if a penalty is imposed or otherwise
36	calculated under any combination of:
37	(1) IC 6-8.1-1-8;
38	(2) section 2.1 of this chapter;
39	(3) section 3 of this chapter;
40	(4) section 3.5 of this chapter;
41	(4) (5) section 4 of this chapter;
42	(5) (6) section 5 of this chanter



1	(6) (7) section 6 of this chapter;
2	(7) (8) section 7 of this chapter;
3	(8) (9) section 9 of this chapter; or
4	<del>(9)</del> <b>(10)</b> IC 6-6;
5	an additional penalty is imposed under this section. The amount of the
6	additional penalty imposed under this section is equal to the sum of the
7	penalties imposed or otherwise calculated under the provisions listed
8	in subdivisions (1) through <del>(9).</del> <b>(10).</b>
9	(c) The additional penalty provided by subsection (b) does not apply
10	if all of the following apply:
l 1	(1) The department imposes a penalty on a taxpayer or otherwise
12	calculates the penalty under the provisions described in
13	subsection (b)(1) through $\frac{(b)(9)}{(b)}$ . (b)(10).
14	(2) The taxpayer against whom the penalty is imposed:
15	(A) timely files an original tax appeal in the tax court under
16	IC 6-8.1-5-1; and
17	(B) contests the department's imposition of the penalty or the
18	tax on which the penalty is based.
19	(3) The taxpayer meets all other jurisdictional requirements to
20	initiate the original tax appeal.
21	(4) Either the:
22	(A) tax court enjoins collection of the penalty or the tax or
23	which the penalty is based under IC 33-26-6-2; or
24 25	(B) department consents to an injunction against collection of
25	the penalty or tax without entry of an order by the tax court.
26	(d) The additional penalty provided by subsection (b) does not apply
27	if the taxpayer:
28	(1) has a legitimate hold on making the payment as a result of ar
29	audit, bankruptcy, protest, taxpayer advocate action, or another
30	reason permitted by the department;
31	(2) had established a payment plan with the department before
32	May 12, 2005; July 1, 2016; or
33	(3) verifies with reasonable particularity that is satisfactory to the
34	commissioner that the taxpayer did not ever receive notice of the
35	outstanding tax liability.
36	SECTION 50. IC 8-24-17-14, AS ADDED BY P.L.182-2009(ss)
37	SECTION 282, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
38	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016]: Sec. 14. (a) Except as otherwise
39	provided in this chapter, all provisions of the adjusted gross income tax
10 11	law (IC 6-3) concerning:
11 12	(1) definitions; (2) declarations of estimated tax:
L /	L/1 declarations of estimated fav:



1	(3) filing of returns;
2	(4) remittances;
3	(5) incorporation of the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code;
4	(6) penalties and interest;
5	(7) exclusion of military pay credits for withholding; and
6	(8) exemptions and deductions;
7	apply to the imposition, collection, and administration of the
8	improvement tax.
9	(b) <del>IC 6-3-1-3.5(a)(6),</del> IC 6-3-3-3, IC 6-3-3-5, and IC 6-3-5-1 do not
10	apply to the improvement tax.
11	(c) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), each employer shall
12	report to the department the amount of withholdings of the
13	improvement tax attributable to each county. This report shall be
14	submitted to the department:
15	(1) each time the employer remits to the department the tax that
16	is withheld; and
17	(2) annually along with the employer's annual withholding report.
18	SECTION 51. IC 21-12-7-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2007,
19	SECTION 253, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
20	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]: Sec. 4. (a) This section does not apply
21	to contributions to the fund made in a taxable year beginning after
22	December 31, 2015.
23	<b>(b)</b> A contributor to the fund is entitled to an income tax credit
24	under IC 6-3-3-5.1.
25	(c) This section expires January 1, 2019.
26	SECTION 52. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015] (a) IC 6-3-1-3.5 and
27	IC 6-3-2-13, both as amended by this act, apply to taxable years
28	beginning after December 31, 2015.
29	(b) IC 6-3-2-5, IC 6-3-2-5.3, IC 6-3-2-14.5, IC 6-3-2-17,
30	IC 6-3.5-1.1-7, IC 6-3.5-6-24, and IC 6-3.5-7-9, all as repealed by
31	this act, do not apply to taxable years beginning after December 31,
32	2015.
33	(c) The legislative council shall provide for the preparation and
34	introduction of legislation in the 2016 session of the general
35	assembly to correct cross references and make other changes, as
36	necessary, to bring provisions that are not added or amended by

this act into conformity with this act.

(d) This SECTION expires July 1, 2018.



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