HOUSE BILL No. 1315

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 4-3-26; IC 5-14-3.7; IC 6-1.1-20.3; IC 20-19-7; IC 20-23-12; IC 20-24.5-2; IC 20-28-7.5-2.

Synopsis: School financial management. Allows the distressed unit appeal board (DUAB) to delegate board authority and responsibilities to the executive director by resolution of the board. Permits only the emergency manager to petition the DUAB to terminate a political subdivision's distressed status. Allows the DUAB to adopt rules. Requires the attorney general to represent a member of the fiscal management board, an emergency manager, a chief financial officer, or a chief academic officer if the individual requests the representation. Specifies restrictions on school corporations that are designated distressed. Specifies that waivers regarding the allocation of protected taxes apply only to distressed school corporations. Makes changes concerning the Gary Community School Corporation and its operation. Removes the laws concerning the Muncie Community Schools being a fiscally impaired school corporation. Permits the DUAB to recommend to the state board of finance that the state board of finance make an interest free loan to the Muncie Community Schools. Requires the DUAB to make a request for information on whether a state educational institution, educational organization, or other community group has an interest in partnering with the Muncie Community Schools. Allows state educational institutions to establish one or more laboratory schools within a school district or establish a laboratory school district by agreement with a school corporation. Allows the state educational institution to use property of the school corporation for a laboratory school. Requires the management performance hub (MPH) to determine the fiscal and qualitative indicators to be used in analyzing the financial condition of school corporations. Specifies (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2018; January 1, 2019.

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January 11, 2018, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means.



Digest Continued

certain factors that must be used. Requires the MPH to determine the financial condition of each school corporation. Requires the MPH to present the information on its Internet web site. Sets minimum standards for presenting the information. Permits the DUAB to enter into an agreement with a school corporation showing fiscal distress to establish a corrective action plan. Requires the DUAB to create a watch list of school corporations that show fiscal distress. Allows the DUAB to revoke or suspend a superintendent's license if a school corporation remains on the watch list for four consecutive years. Establishes the fiscal and qualitative indicators committee (committee) to make the initial determination of factors to be used for evaluating the financial condition of each school, the initial determination of the information to be presented by the MPH, and the initial determination of the frequency for updating the indicators, information, and presentation. Expires the committee on June 30, 2019. Requires various reports.



Second Regular Session of the 120th General Assembly (2018)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2017 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1315

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 4-3-26-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.269-2017,
2	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 9. (a) The governor shall appoint a chief data
4	officer, who serves at the pleasure of the governor.
5	(b) The chief data officer shall do the following:
6	(1) Serve as the executive head of the MPH.
7	(2) Advise executive state agencies and political subdivisions
8	regarding state best practices concerning the creation and
9	maintenance of data.
10	(3) Coordinate data analytics and transparency master planning
11	for the executive state agencies and provide leadership regarding
12	state data analytics and transparency.
13	(4) Provide financial data concerning the financial condition
14	of school corporations.
15	SECTION 2. IC 4-3-26-10, AS ADDED BY P.L.269-2017,



1	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 10. The MPH shall do the following:
2 3	(1) Establish and maintain a program to collect, analyze, and
4 5	exchange government information in carrying out the powers and
5	duties of the OMB and the powers and duties of the executive
6	state agency sharing the data. In carrying out this program, the
7	MPH may, in accordance with IC 4-1-6, obtain government
8	information from each executive state agency.
9	(2) In accordance with IC 4-1-6 and IC 5-14-3, establish and
10	maintain a program to make government information available to
11	executive state agencies, political subdivisions, educational
12	institutions, researchers, nongovernmental organizations, and the
13	general public, subject to the following:
14	(A) A request for data subject to IC 4-1-6-8.6 shall be made in
15	conformance with that section.
16	(B) A program established and maintained under this chapter
17	must include policies governing access to government
18	information held by the MPH under this chapter. Government
19	information may be made available only in accordance with
20	applicable confidentiality and disclosure laws.
21	(3) Establish privacy and quality policies for government
22	information that comply with all applicable Indiana and federal
23	laws, rules, and policies.
24	(4) In accordance with standards developed by the office of
25	technology established by IC 4-13.1-2-1, establish and maintain
26	a program to ensure the security of government information under
27	this chapter.
28	(5) Conduct operational and procedural audits of executive state
29	agencies.
30	(6) Perform financial planning and design and implement
31	efficiency projects for executive state agencies.
32	(7) Advise and assist each executive state agency to identify and
33	implement continuous process improvement in state government.
34	(8) Carry out such other responsibilities as may be designated by
35	the director of the OMB or the chief data officer to carry out the
36	responsibilities of the OMB or the chief data officer.
37	(9) Publish on the MPH's Internet web site the information on
38	the fiscal and qualitative indicators for school corporations in
39	the format required by IC 20-19-7.
40	SECTION 3. IC 5-14-3.7-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.208-2016,
41	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

JANUARY 1, 2019]: Sec. 3. (a) The department, working with the



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1	office of technology established by IC 4-13.1-2-1 or another
2	organization that is part of a state educational institution, the state
3	board of accounts established by IC 5-11-1-1, the department of local
4	government finance established under IC 6-1.1-30-1.1, and the office
5	of management and budget established by IC 4-3-22-3, shall post on
6	the Indiana transparency Internet web site a data base that lists
7	expenditures and fund balances, including expenditures for contracts,
8	grants, and leases, for public schools. The web site must be
9	electronically searchable by the public.
10	(b) The data base must include for public schools:
11	(1) the amount, date, payer, and payee of expenditures;
12	(2) a listing of expenditures specifically identifying those for:
13	(A) personal services;
14	(B) other operating expenses or total operating expenses; and
15	(C) debt service, including lease payments, related to debt;
16	(3) a listing of fund balances, specifically identifying balances in
17	funds that are being used for accumulation of money for future
18	capital needs;
19	(4) a listing of real and personal property owned by the public
20	school; and
21	(5) the report required under IC 6-1.1-33.5-7. and
22	(6) information for evaluating the fiscal health of each school
23	corporation in the format required by section 16(b) of this chapter.
24	SECTION 4. IC 5-14-3.7-16 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
25	JANUARY 1, 2019]. Sec. 16. (a) The department of local government
26	finance shall develop indicators of fiscal health for evaluating the fiscal

health of a school corporation. The department of local government finance may consider including any of the following in the indicators developed under this subsection:

- (1) The cash balance of a school corporation.
- (2) The debt to revenue ratio of a school corporation.
- (3) The condition of a school corporation's property tax base as measured by both the assessed value of the school corporation and the amount of per capita revenue generated from the school corporation's tax base.
- (4) The per capita amount of a school corporation's education fund and its operations fund.
- (5) Any trends in the amount of a school corporation's tax revenue.
- (6) Whether a school corporation maintains a structural deficit or a structural surplus.
- (7) The extent that the school corporation is affected by tax



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1	increment financing districts.
2	(8) The extent that the school corporation's property tax base is
3	affected by exempt properties.
4	(9) The school corporation's bond rating.
5	(10) The amount of retiree benefits paid by the school
6	corporation.
7	(11) The amount of pension contributions paid on behalf of the
8	school corporation's employees.
9	(12) Any other factor that the department of local government
10	finance considers relevant to evaluating the fiscal health of a
11	school corporation.
12	(b) The department of local government finance shall use the
13	indicators developed under subsection (a) and the associated fiscal data
14	to present the information for evaluating the fiscal health of each
15	school corporation on the Indiana transparency Internet web site. The
16	information must be presented in a manner that:
17	(1) can be conveniently and easily accessed from a single web
18	page; and
19	(2) is commonly known as an Internet dashboard.
20	The information must be available on the Indiana transparency Internet
21	web site in the format required by this subsection before July 1, 2015.
22	(c) Neither the department of local government finance nor any
23	other state agency may use the fiscal health indicators developed under
24	this section to assign a school corporation a summative grade.
25	SECTION 5. IC 6-1.1-20.3-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.241-2017,
26	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
27	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "distressed political
28	subdivision" means a political subdivision designated as a distressed
29	political subdivision by the board under section 6.5, 6.7, or 7.1 of this
30	chapter. or a school corporation designated as a distressed political
31	subdivision by section 6.8 of this chapter.
32	SECTION 6. IC 6-1.1-20.3-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2017,
33	SECTION 63, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 5. (a) The board may employ an executive director
35	who shall serve at the pleasure of the board and carry out the
36	administrative responsibilities assigned by the board. The board may
37	adopt a resolution to delegate a specific authority or responsibility
38	assigned to the board under this chapter to the executive director.
39	(b) The department of local government finance shall provide the
40	board with the staff and assistance that the board reasonably requires.
41	(c) The department of local government finance shall provide from
42	the department's budget funding to support the board's duties under this



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(d) The board may contract with accountants, financial experts, and other advisors and consultants as necessary to carry out the board's duties under this chapter.

(e) The board may adopt rules to implement this chapter.

SECTION 7. IC 6-1.1-20.3-6.8, AS ADDED BY P.L.241-2017, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 6.8. (a) This section applies only to the Gary Community School Corporation.

- (b) The general assembly finds that the provisions of this section:
- (1) are necessary to address the unique issues faced by the Gary Community School Corporation; and
- (2) are not precedent for and may not be appropriate for addressing issues faced by other school corporations.
- (c) As used in this section, the following definitions apply:
 - (1) "Chief academic officer" means the chief academic officer appointed under subsection (j).
 - (2) "Chief financial officer" means the chief financial officer appointed under subsection (i).
 - (3) "Governing body" refers to the governing body of the Gary Community School Corporation.
 - (4)(3) "School corporation" refers to the Gary Community School Corporation.
- (d) The Gary Community School Corporation is designated as a distressed political subdivision for purposes of this chapter until the school corporation's designation as a distressed political subdivision is terminated as provided in section 13(b) of this chapter. This designation as a distressed political subdivision is effective regardless of whether the school corporation has submitted a petition requesting to be designated as a distressed political subdivision. Until the school corporation's designation as a distressed political subdivision is terminated as provided in section 13(b) of this chapter, the governing body of the school corporation Gary Community Schools advisory committee may not meet more often than once each month. every six (6) months. The emergency manager shall hold a monthly meeting within the school district that is open to the general public. In addition to any other powers of the financial specialist appointed under section 6.9 of this chapter, during the period after the effective date of this section and before an emergency manager is appointed for the school corporation, the financial specialist may identify and implement labor force reductions, including contract cancellations as provided in IC 20-28-7.5 due to a reduction in force.



6 (e) Until the school corporation's designation as a distressed political subdivision is terminated as provided in section 13(b) of this chapter, the following apply to the emergency manager appointed under section 7.5 of this chapter for the school corporation: (1) The emergency manager has the powers and duties specified in this chapter. (2) The emergency manager shall consult with and consider recommendations from the fiscal management board, and the governing body, but the emergency manager has full responsibility and authority related to financial and academic matters of the school corporation, and the emergency manager may act, as specified in this chapter, on these financial and academic matters without the approval of the fiscal management board. or the governing body. The school corporation's superintendent, or the superintendent's designee, shall work with the emergency manager and serve as a resource in an administrative capacity. (3) Notwithstanding section 7.5(d) of this chapter, the distressed unit appeal board shall: (A) determine the compensation of the emergency manager, chief financial officer, and chief academic officer; and (B) subject to subsections (i) and (j), pay the emergency manager's, chief financial officer's, and chief academic officer's compensation and reimburse the emergency manager,

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chief financial officer, and chief academic officer for actual and necessary expenses from funds appropriated to the distressed unit appeal board.

(4) Before appointing the emergency manager, the distressed unit appeal board shall interview at least one (1) resident of the city of Gary as a candidate for the position. If the distressed unit appeal board is not able to interview a resident of the city of Gary as a

candidate for the position, the distressed unit appeal board shall

- interview at least one (1) individual who is a resident of Lake County or northwest Indiana as a candidate for the position. The appointment of the emergency manager for the school corporation is terminated on the date the school corporation's designation as a distressed political subdivision is terminated as provided in section 13(b) of this chapter.
- (f) In addition to any other actions that the distressed unit appeal board may take under this chapter concerning a distressed political subdivision, for a distressed school corporation, the distressed unit appeal board may also do any of the following:



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1	(1) The distressed unit appeal board may delay or suspend, for a
2	period determined by the board, any payments of principal or
3	interest, or both, that would otherwise be due from the school
4	corporation on loans or advances from the common school fund.
5	(2) The distressed unit appeal board may recommend to the state
6	board of finance that the state board of finance make an interest
7	free loan to the school corporation from the common school fund.
8	The distressed unit appeal board shall determine the payment
9	schedule and the commencement date for the loan. If the
10	distressed unit appeal board makes a recommendation that such
11	a loan be made, the state board of finance may, notwithstanding
12	IC 20-49, make such a loan for a term of not more than ten (10)
13	years.
14	(3) The distressed unit appeal board may establish benchmarks of
15	financial improvement for the school corporation.
16	(4) The distressed unit appeal board may provide a grant or grants
17	to the school corporation from funds appropriated to the
18	distressed unit appeal board, in amounts determined by the
19	distressed unit appeal board, to assist the school corporation in
20	overcoming short term financial problems.
21	(5) The distressed unit appeal board may make a recommendation

- advances.

 (g) The fiscal management board is established. The fiscal management board consists of the following members:
 - (1) One (1) member appointed by the governing body. distressed unit appeal board.

to the general assembly concerning the possible restructuring of

advances made to the school corporation from the common school

fund, including forgiveness of principal and interest on those

- (2) One (1) member appointed by the mayor of the city of Gary.
- (3) One (1) member, who must have experience working with or for an urban school corporation, appointed by the superintendent of public instruction.
- (4) One (1) member, who must have experience working with or for an urban school corporation, appointed by the state board of education.
- (h) The following apply to the fiscal management board and to the members of the fiscal management board:
 - (1) The term of office of a member of the fiscal management board is four (4) years, beginning on the date of appointment. A member of the fiscal management board may be reappointed to the fiscal management board. A member of the fiscal



1 2	management board may be removed for cause by the appointing authority.
3	(2) A member of the fiscal management board must have the
4	following:
5	(A) At least three (3) years experience in financial
6	management.
7	(B) A meaningful background and work experience in finance
8	and business.
9	(C) An understanding of government contracts.
10	(D) Knowledge and experience in organizational effectiveness,
11	operations management, and implementing best practices.
12	(E) Experience in budget development and oversight.
13	(F) A demonstrated commitment to high professional and
14	ethical standards and a diverse workplace.
15	(G) An understanding of tax and other compliance
16	implications.
17	(3) A member of the governing body may not serve as a member
18	of the fiscal management board.
19	(4) (3) The fiscal management board:
20	(A) shall make recommendations to the emergency manager;
21	and
22	(B) shall advise the emergency manager as requested by the
23	emergency manager.
24	(5) (4) The members of the fiscal management board are not
25	entitled to any compensation for their service on the fiscal
26	management board.
27	(6) (5) The fiscal management board is abolished, and the terms
28	of the members of the fiscal management board are terminated, on
29	the date the school corporation's designation as a distressed
30	political subdivision is terminated as provided in section 13(b) of
31	this chapter.
32	(7) (6) Under the supervision of the emergency manager, the
33	fiscal management board shall serve as a liaison to and shall work
34	jointly with the distressed unit appeal board, the mayor of the city
35	of Gary, and the department of education to develop a transition
36	plan to address issues or questions related to:
37	(A) the designation of the school corporation as a distressed
38	political subdivision and the transfer of powers and duties to
39	the emergency manager under this chapter; and
40	(B) the potential impact of the transition on the community
41	and the school corporation.
42	(8) (7) Under the supervision of the emergency manager, the



fiscal management board shall work jointly with the distressed unit appeal board, the mayor of the city of Gary, and the department of education to provide information on a regular basis to parents, students, employees of the school corporation, and the public on the status of the transition.

- (i) The emergency manager shall employ a chief financial officer for the school corporation. The chief financial officer is an employee of the school corporation. The chief financial officer shall report to the emergency manager and shall assist the emergency manager appointed for the school corporation and the fiscal management board in carrying out the day to day financial operations of the school corporation. Before July 1, 2019, The compensation of the chief financial officer shall be determined by the distressed unit appeal board. Before July 1, 2019, the compensation of the chief financial officer shall be paid from the funds appropriated to the distressed unit appeal board. After June 30, 2019, the compensation of the chief financial officer shall be determined by and paid by the school corporation. The chief financial officer:
 - (1) must possess, through both education and experience, an understanding of finance and financial management; and
 - (2) must possess any other experience and must meet any other requirements as required by the distressed unit appeal board to ensure that the chief financial officer is qualified to carry out the financial restructuring of the school corporation.

Before employing a chief financial officer under this subsection, the emergency manager shall interview at least one (1) resident of the city of Gary as a candidate for the position. If the emergency manager is not able to interview a resident of the city of Gary as a candidate for the position, the emergency manager shall interview at least one (1) individual who is a resident of Lake County or northwest Indiana as a candidate for the position.

(j) The emergency manager shall employ a chief academic officer for the school corporation, after consultation with the department of education, who must have experience working with or for an urban school corporation. The chief academic officer is an employee of the school corporation. The chief academic officer shall report to the emergency manager and shall assist the emergency manager appointed for the school corporation and the fiscal management board in carrying out the academic matters of the school corporation. Before July 1, 2019, The compensation of the chief academic officer shall be determined by the distressed unit appeal board. Before July 1, 2019, the compensation of the chief academic officer shall be paid from the funds appropriated to the distressed unit appeal board. After June 30, 2019,



1	the compensation of the chief academic officer shall be determined by
2	and paid by the school corporation. The chief academic officer must:
3	(1) hold a valid license to teach in a public school under
4	IC 20-28-5;
5	(2) possess, through both education and experience, an
6	understanding of curriculum and academics; and
7	(3) possess any other experience and meet any other requirements
8	as required by the distressed unit appeal board to ensure that the
9	chief academic officer is qualified to carry out the academic goals
10	of the school corporation.
11	Before employing a chief academic officer under this subsection, the
12	emergency manager shall interview at least one (1) resident of the city
13	of Gary as a candidate for the position. If the emergency manager is not
14	able to interview a resident of the city of Gary as a candidate for the
15	position, the emergency manager shall interview at least one (1)
16	individual who is a resident of Lake County or northwest Indiana as a
17	•
18	candidate for the position.
	(k) The chief financial officer and chief academic officer shall assist
19	the emergency manager in carrying out the emergency manager's duties
20	under this chapter.
21	(l) The annual budget adopted by the emergency manager for the
22	school corporation must dedicate a significant part of the school
23	corporation's budget to eliminating the school corporation's outstanding
24	financial obligations. The emergency manager shall attempt to
25	negotiate with the creditors of the school corporation to establish a plan
26	specifying the schedule for paying each creditor. The emergency
27	manager shall submit the plan to the distressed unit appeal board for
28	approval. The distressed unit appeal board must:
29	(1) review the plan submitted by the emergency manager; and
30	(2) not later than sixty (60) days after the plan is submitted,
31	either:
32	(A) approve the plan as submitted by the emergency manager;
33	or
34	(B) modify the plan as submitted by the emergency manager
35	and then approve the modified plan.
36	(m) The emergency manager shall consult with the governing body,
37	the fiscal management board and the mayor of the city of Gary in
38	developing the school corporation's annual budget. The distressed unit
39	appeal board must review and approve the school corporation's annual
40	budget that is proposed by the emergency manager.
41	(n) In consultation with the fiscal management board the governing
42	body, and the mayor of the city of Gary, the emergency manager shall



1	do the following:
2	(1) Conduct a financial and compliance audit of the operations of
3	the school corporation.
4	(2) Develop a written financial plan for the school corporation.
5	The object of the plan must be to achieve financial stability for
6	the school corporation, and the plan must include provisions for
7	paying all of the school corporation's outstanding obligations and
8	for paying all future obligations of the school corporation
9	(including any federal, state, or local taxes or assessments) in a
10	timely manner.
11	(o) In addition to the report required by section $8.5(c)(5)$ of this
12	chapter, the emergency manager, the chief financial officer, and the
13	chief academic officer shall report quarterly to the distressed unit
14	appeal board in a format specified by the distressed unit appeal board.
15	The report must include:
16	(1) information concerning the actions that the school corporation
17	is taking to improve the financial condition of the school
18	corporation; and
19	(2) any other information required by the distressed unit appeal
20	board.
21	The emergency manager shall report more frequently than quarterly if
22	requested by the distressed unit appeal board. The emergency manager
23	shall provide copies of the report to the governing body, the fiscal
24	management board and the mayor of the city of Gary. The emergency
25	manager shall present each report at a public meeting of the fiscal
26	management board.
27	(p) The school corporation shall do the following:
28	(1) Publish a copy of each report under subsection (o) on the
29	school corporation's Internet web site, along with a link to the
30	main page of the Indiana transparency Internet web site
31	established under IC 5-14-3.7 to provide access to financial data
32	for local schools.
33	(2) Make copies of each report available free of charge to the
34	public upon request.
35	(3) Provide copies of each report to the mayor of the city of Gary.
36	The mayor shall make copies of the reports available free of
37	charge to the public upon request.
38	(q) The chief academic officer shall develop an education plan to
39	provide academic services to students in the school corporation and to
40	achieve academic progress. The education plan must include at least
41	the following components:
42	(1) An academic program designed to meet Indiana's academic



1	standards and to assist students in meeting those academic
2	standards.
3	(2) A plan to improve the academic performance of all students,
4	including improvement in the performance of students on
5	standardized tests.
6	(3) A plan to engage parents in school performance and school
7	activities, including regular meetings at each school involving
8	administrators, teachers, parents, and interested members of the
9	community.
10	(4) A plan to implement performance standards that will attract
11	students and families to the school corporation.
12	(5) A plan specifying how the school corporation will work
13	directly with the city of Gary:
14	(A) to make the schools a successful component of life within
15	the city; and
16	(B) to develop a sense of pride and progress in the operations
17	and accomplishments of the school corporation.
18	The chief financial officer and the chief academic officer shall confer
19	with the governing body at least once each month. The chief financial
20	officer and chief academic officer shall meet at least quarterly with the
21	executive committee of the bargaining unit to inform the executive
22	committee of the academic progress of the school corporation.
23	(r) During the period after the effective date of this section and
24	before an emergency manager is appointed for the school corporation,
25	the governing body may not enter into or renew any contract unless that
26	contract or contract renewal is first approved by the distressed unit
27	appeal board.
28	SECTION 8. IC 6-1.1-20.3-6.9 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
29	1, 2018]. Sec. 6.9. (a) The board may do the following:
30	(1) Hold a public hearing to review the budget, tax levies,
31	assessed value, debt service requirements, and other financial
32	information for the Gary Community School Corporation.
33	(2) After reviewing the information described in subdivision (1)
34	and subject to subdivision (3), the board may, with the consent of
35	the governing body of the Gary Community School Corporation,
36	select a financial specialist to take financial control of the Gary
37	Community School Corporation, who shall act in consultation
38	with the governing body of the Gary Community School
39	Corporation and the city of Gary.
40	(3) In selecting a financial specialist to take financial control of
41	the Gary Community School Corporation under subdivision (2):
42	(A) the board shall recommend three (3) persons as potential



1	candidates for the financial specialist position to take financial
2	control of the Gary Community School Corporation; and
3	(B) the governing body of the Gary Community School
4	Corporation may, within twenty-one (21) days after the board
5	makes the recommendations under clause (A), choose one (1)
6	of the persons recommended by the board under clause (A)
7	that the board may then select as a financial specialist to take
8	financial control of the Gary Community School Corporation
9	as provided in subdivision (2).
10	If the governing body of the Gary Community School Corporation
11	does not choose a financial specialist as provided in clause (B)
12	from the persons recommended by the board within twenty-one
13	(21) days, the board's authority under this section is terminated.
14	(4) A financial specialist selected under this section:
15	(A) shall be paid out of the funds appropriated to the board;
16	(B) may perform the duties authorized under this section for
17	not more than twenty-four (24) consecutive months; and
18	(C) may request the Indiana Association of School Business
19	Officials to provide technical consulting services to the
20	financial specialist and the Gary Community School
21	Corporation on the following issues:
22	(i) Debt management.
23	(ii) Cash management.
24	(iii) Facility management.
25	(iv) Other school business management issues.
26	The Indiana Association of School Business Officials will
27	determine the appropriate individuals to consult with the
28	financial specialist and the Gary Community School
29	Corporation. Any consulting expenses will be paid out of the
30	funds appropriated to the board.
31	(b) The board may do any of the following if the board selects a
32	financial specialist to take financial control of the Gary Community
33	School Corporation under subsection (a):
34	(1) The board may work jointly with the city of Gary and the
35	financial specialist to develop a financial plan for the Gary
36	Community School Corporation.
37	(2) The board may delay or suspend, for a period determined by
38	the board, any payments of principal or interest, or both, that
39	would otherwise be due from the Gary Community School
40	Corporation on loans or advances from the common school fund.
41	(3) The board may recommend to the state board of finance that
42	the state board of finance make an interest free loan to the Gary



Community School Corporation from the common school fund. If the board makes a recommendation that such a loan be made, the state board of finance may, notwithstanding IC 20-49, make such a loan for a term of not more than six (6) years.

SECTION 9. IC 6-1.1-20.3-7.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.241-2017, SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 7.1. (a) This section applies only to the Muncie Community Schools.

- (b) The general assembly finds that the provisions of this section:
 - (1) are necessary to address the unique issues faced by the Muncie Community Schools; and
 - (2) are not precedent for and may not be appropriate for addressing issues faced by other school corporations.
- (c) As used in this section, the following definitions apply:
 - (1) "Emergency manager" includes a temporary emergency manager appointed under this section.
 - (2) "Governing body" refers to the governing body of the Muncie Community Schools.
 - (3) "School corporation" refers to the Muncie Community Schools.
- (d) Muncie Community Schools is designated as a fiscally impaired school corporation. The school corporation's designation as a fiscally impaired school corporation terminates on January 1, 2018. The school corporation's designation as a fiscally impaired school corporation is not a designation of the school corporation as a distressed political subdivision for purposes of this chapter. The school corporation's designation as a fiscally impaired school corporation is effective regardless of whether the school corporation has submitted a petition under this section requesting to be designated as a fiscally impaired school corporation. The board shall appoint an emergency manager for the school corporation. Notwithstanding section 7.5(d) of this chapter, the board shall determine the compensation of the emergency manager, pay the emergency manager's compensation, and reimburse the emergency manager for actual and necessary expenses from funds appropriated to the board. Upon the effective date of this section, the board may immediately appoint the superintendent of the Muncie Community Schools as the emergency manager for the school corporation on a temporary basis. The appointment of the superintendent as the emergency manager may continue for not more than six (6) months. However, the superintendent may be considered for the permanent emergency manager position.
 - (e) Notwithstanding the powers, authority, and responsibilities



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1	otherwise granted to an emergency manager under this chapter, before
2	January 1, 2018, the emergency manager appointed for the school
3	corporation has only the following powers, authority, and
4	responsibilities:
5	(1) The emergency manager shall:
6	(A) take actions necessary to implement the deficit reduction
7	plan that was presented at a public meeting of the governing
8	body on April 17, 2017; and
9	(B) work with the governing body and the superintendent to:
10	(i) achieve financial stability for the school corporation;
11	(ii) provide for the payment of the school corporation's
12	outstanding debt obligations and anticipated future debt
13	obligations; and
14	(iii) align the school corporation's personnel and facilities
15	with the anticipated revenues and enrollment of the school
16	corporation.
17	(2) The emergency manager may on behalf of the school
18	corporation negotiate and enter into labor contracts and collective
19	bargaining agreements. The emergency manager shall also review
20	existing labor contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and
21	if the emergency manager considers it appropriate, the emergency
22	manager may on behalf of the school corporation attempt to
23	renegotiate such a labor contract or collective bargaining
24	agreement.
25	(3) Subject to labor contracts and collective bargaining
26	agreements applicable to the school corporation and any
27	obligations to inform the governing body or the superintendent,
28	the emergency manager may do any of the following:
29	(A) Set the salaries and other compensation of the school
30	corporation's employees.
31	(B) Identify and implement labor force reductions.
32	(C) Outsource services performed by employees of the school
33	corporation.
34	(4) The emergency manager may do any of the following:
35	(A) Close facilities of the school corporation.
36	(B) Sell, transfer, or lease property of the school corporation.
37	If the emergency manager sells real property, any political
38	subdivision that has territory where the real property is located
39	and institutions of higher education with real property located
40	in Indiana shall be given a thirty (30) day first right to make an
41	offer to purchase the real property. Ball State University shall
42	have the right of first refusal for any property sold, transferred,



1	or leased under this subsection. The emergency manager shall
2	determine whether it is appropriate to accept one (1) of these
3	offers and shall negotiate the terms and conditions of the sale
4	of the real property to the offeror.
5	(5) The emergency manager must approve any of the following
6	actions by the school corporation before the school corporation
7	may take the action:
8	(A) Acquiring real property.
9	(B) Constructing new buildings or remodeling or renovating
10	existing buildings.
11	(C) Incurring a contractual obligation that requires an
12	expenditure of more than thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000).
13	(D) Purchasing or entering into an agreement to purchase
14	personal property at a cost of more than thirty thousand dollars
15	(\$30,000).
16	(E) Making, approving, or disapproving the following:
17	(i) A loan.
18	(ii) The creation of any new position.
19	(iii) The filling of any vacant position.
20	(6) The emergency manager shall submit a written report to the
21	board and the governing body each month concerning the
22	following:
23	(A) Actions taken by the emergency manager and the school
24	corporation.
25	(B) Expenditures made by the school corporation.
26	(C) The progress that has been made toward achieving
27	financial stability for the school corporation.
28	The emergency manager, rather than the governing body or the
29	superintendent of the school corporation, has and shall exercise the
30	powers, authority, and responsibilities described in subdivisions (1)
31	through (6), including the authority to negotiate and enter into labor
32	contracts and collective bargaining agreements on behalf of the school
33	corporation. This subsection expires January 1, 2018.
34	(f) The school corporation's designation as a fiscally impaired
35	school corporation terminates on January 1, 2018. The board shall, not
36	later than December 1, 2017, hold a public hearing to determine if the
37	school corporation should be designated as a distressed political
38	subdivision for purposes of this chapter effective January 1, 2018.
39	After holding the public hearing, the board shall do one (1) of the
40	following:
41	(1) If the board finds that:



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(A) the school corporation has developed and is implementing

1	a deficit reduction plan described in subsection (e)(1);
2	(B) the actions taken by the school corporation to implement
3	the deficit reduction plan have resulted in progress toward
4	achieving financial stability for the school corporation; and
5	(C) it is in the best interest of the students, the community, and
6	the school corporation and its employees to not designate the
7	school corporation as a distressed political subdivision;
8	the board shall adopt a resolution providing that the school
9	eorporation will not be designated as a distressed political
10	subdivision under this chapter. If the board adopts such a
11	resolution, the school corporation is not subject to this chapter
12	after December 31, 2017.
13	(2) If the board does not adopt a resolution under subdivision (1),
14	the board shall adopt a resolution designating the school
15	corporation as a distressed political subdivision effective January
16	1, 2018.
17	(g) If the board adopts a resolution under subsection (f)(1) providing
18	that the school corporation will not be designated as a distressed
19	political subdivision, the position of the emergency manager is
20	terminated on January 1, 2018.
21	(h) (c) If the board adopts a resolution under subsection (f)(2)
22	providing that In addition to any other actions that the board may
23	take under this chapter concerning a distressed political
24	subdivision, the board may recommend to the state board of
25	finance that the state board of finance make an interest free loan
26	to the school corporation is designated as a distressed political
27	subdivision effective January 1, 2018, from the common school fund.
28	The distressed unit appeal board shall determine the payment
29	schedule and the commencement date for the loan. If the board
30	makes a recommendation that such a loan be made, the state board
31	of finance may, notwithstanding IC 20-49, make the loan for a term
32	of not more than ten (10) years.
33	(1) the emergency manager shall, effective January 1, 2018,
34	assume and exercise all of the powers, authority, and
35	responsibilities granted to emergency managers of school
36	corporations under this chapter; and
37	(2) the school corporation's designation as a distressed political
38	subdivision continues until that designation is terminated as
39	provided in section 13(b) of this chapter.
40	(i) The following apply while the school corporation is designated
41	as a fiscally impaired school corporation and, if the board adopts a
42	resolution under subsection (f)(2), while the school corporation is



designated as a distressed political subdivision:

- (1) The school corporation may approve a controlled project under IC 6-1.1-20 that requires a petition and remonstrance process or a local public question only if the controlled project is first approved by the emergency manager.
- (2) The governing body may adopt a resolution to place a referendum on the ballot for a referendum tax levy under IC 20-46-1 only if the resolution is first approved by the emergency manager.

SECTION 10. IC 6-1.1-20.3-7.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.241-2017, SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 7.5. (a) This section does not apply to a school corporation designated before July 1, 2013, as a distressed political subdivision.

- (b) If the board designates a political subdivision is designated as a distressed political subdivision under section 6.5, 6.7, or 7.1 of this chapter, or if a political subdivision is designated as a distressed political subdivision by section 6.8 of this chapter, the board shall appoint an emergency manager for the distressed political subdivision. The board shall appoint an emergency manager for a school corporation designated by section 7.1 of this chapter as a fiscally impaired school corporation. An emergency manager serves at the pleasure of the board. For purposes of IC 34-13, an emergency manager appointed under this section is acting on behalf of the distressed political subdivision and not the state.
- (c) The chairperson of the board shall oversee the activities of an emergency manager.
- (d) Except as provided in this chapter, the distressed political subdivision shall pay the emergency manager's compensation and reimburse the emergency manager for actual and necessary expenses.
- (e) A member of a fiscal management board, an emergency manager, a chief financial officer, or a chief academic officer is immune from civil liability for an act or omission within the scope and arising out of the performance of duties prescribed by the board under this chapter. This subsection does not apply to an act or omission that constitutes gross negligence or willful misconduct.
- (f) The attorney general may shall represent a member of a fiscal management board, an emergency manager, a chief financial officer, or a chief academic officer in a legal action arising out of the exercise of powers granted under this chapter, if the member of a fiscal management board, emergency manager, chief financial officer, or chief academic officer makes a written request to the attorney general



requesting representation. The attorney general may not represent a member of a fiscal management board, an emergency manager, a chief financial officer, or a chief academic officer under this subsection if the legal action is initiated or the claim is asserted by the member of the fiscal management board, emergency manager, or the distressed political subdivision. If the attorney general represents a member of a fiscal management board, an emergency manager, a chief financial officer, or a chief academic officer under this subsection, the member of a fiscal management board, emergency manager, chief financial officer, or chief academic officer is entitled to recover attorney's fees from the losing party to the extent the member of the fiscal management board, emergency manager, chief financial officer, or chief academic officer prevails. Any attorney's fees recovered shall be deposited in the state general fund.

SECTION 11. IC 6-1.1-20.3-8.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.241-2017, SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 8.5. (a) This section does not apply to a school corporation designated before July 1, 2013, as a distressed political subdivision. This section applies to the Muncie Community Schools designation under section 7.1 of this chapter only if the board adopts a resolution under section 7.1(f)(2) of this chapter designating the school corporation as a distressed political subdivision.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other law, an emergency manager of a distressed political subdivision appointed under section 7.5 of this chapter shall assume and exercise all of the power, authority, and responsibilities of both the executive and the fiscal body of the political subdivision during the time the political subdivision is a distressed political subdivision. An emergency manager's power, authority, and responsibilities include the following:
 - (1) Adopting, amending, and enforcing ordinances and resolutions relating to or affecting the fiscal stability of the political subdivision. However, the emergency manager may impose only those taxes or fees that the political subdivision is authorized by law to impose.
 - (2) Subject to existing labor contracts, setting the salaries and other compensation of the political subdivision's employees.
 - (3) Reviewing existing labor contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and negotiating and entering into labor contracts and collective bargaining agreements.
 - (4) Adopting a budget for the political subdivision for each calendar or fiscal year, as applicable, that the political subdivision remains a distressed political subdivision.



1	(5) Approving payrolls and other claims against the political
2	subdivision before payment.
3	(6) Making, approving, or disapproving the following:
4	(A) A contract.
5	(B) An expenditure.
6	(C) A loan.
7	(D) The creation of any new position.
8	(E) The filling of any vacant position.
9	(7) Identifying and implementing labor force reductions.
10	(8) Outsourcing services performed by employees of the
11	distressed political subdivision.
12	(9) Renegotiating existing labor contracts and acting as an agent
13	of the political subdivision in collective bargaining.
14	(10) Reducing or suspending salaries of the political subdivision's
15	employees.
16	(11) Entering into agreements with other political subdivisions for
17	the provision of services.
18	(12) Selling assets, including real property, of the distressed
19	political subdivision. If real property is being sold, any political
20	subdivision that has territory where the real property is located
	and institutions of higher education with real property located in
21 22	Indiana shall be given a thirty (30) day first right to make an offer
23 24	to purchase the real property. The emergency manager shall
24	determine whether it is appropriate to accept one (1) of these
25	offers and shall negotiate the terms and conditions of the sale of
26	the real property to the offeror. In the case of an emergency
27	manager appointed for the Gary Community School Corporation,
28	the emergency manager shall provide written notice to the mayor
29	of the city of Gary at least thirty (30) days before selling assets
30	under this subdivision. If the mayor of the city of Gary notifies the
31	emergency manager of any concerns or objections regarding the
32	proposed sale of the asset, the emergency manager must confer
33	with the mayor regarding those concerns or objections.
34	(13) Closing facilities of the distressed political subdivision.
35	(14) Requesting technical assistance from the board and state
36	agencies to assist in carrying out the powers and duties outlined
37	in this subsection, including assistance from the Indiana
38	department of administration in evaluating and assessing
39	facilities.
40	(15) Reviewing each contract that is in effect and not covered by
41	subdivision (3) and, if prudent, renegotiating or canceling the
42	contract to the extent permitted by the contract.
	contract to the extent permitted by the contract.



1	(16) Transferring property not needed by the distressed political
2	subdivision. In the case of an emergency manager appointed for
3	the Gary Community School Corporation, the emergency manager
4	shall provide written notice to the mayor of the city of Gary at
5	least thirty (30) days before transferring property under this
6	subdivision. If the mayor of the city of Gary notifies the
7	emergency manager of any concerns or objections regarding the
8	proposed transfer of the property, the emergency manager must
9	confer with the mayor regarding those concerns or objections.
10	(17) Acquiring real property that is necessary to achieve the goals
11	expressed in the financial plan.
12	(18) For a school corporation designated as a distressed
13	political subdivision, requesting a waiver from the application of
14	IC 6-1.1-20.6-9.8 in order to use IC 6-1.1-20.6-13 regarding the
15	allocation of protected taxes. To request a waiver, the emergency
16	manager must submit, before May 1 of the year for which a
17	waiver is sought, a written request to the board. The board shall
18	make a determination concerning the request, and if the waiver is
19	granted the board shall provide, before June 1 of that year, a
20	written certification of the determination to the department of
21	local government finance.
22	(19) If the distressed political subdivision is a school corporation,
23	requesting a loan from the counter-cyclical revenue and economic
24	stabilization fund under IC 6-1.1-21.4-3(b) as provided in section
25	8.3 of this chapter.
26	(20) Petitioning the board to terminate a political subdivision's
27	status as a distressed political subdivision when the conditions
28	found in section 6.5 of this chapter are no longer applicable to the
29	political subdivision and the conditions set forth in section 13(b)
30	of this chapter are met.
31	(c) An emergency manager of a distressed political subdivision
32	appointed under section 7.5 of this chapter shall do the following:
33	(1) Review the political subdivision's budget.
34	(2) Conduct a financial and compliance audit of the internal
35	operations of the political subdivision.
36	(3) Report and make recommendations to the board regarding the
37	following:
38	(A) A written comprehensive financial plan in consultation
39	with the officials of the political subdivision not later than six
40	(6) months after appointment.
41	(B) A comprehensive long term plan for paying all the
42	political subdivision's outstanding obligations.



1	(4) If the distressed political subdivision is a school corporation,
2	report and make recommendations to the board regarding the
3	following:
4	(A) The geographic boundaries of the school corporation and
5	alternative boundaries.
6	(B) A long term plan for meeting transportation needs.
7	(C) A long term plan for providing educational services.
8	(D) A long term plan for providing noneducational services.
9	(E) A long term plan for providing adequate personnel and a
10	plan for compensation.
11	(F) The capital plant of the school corporation and a long term
12	plan for meeting the long term capital plant needs of the
13	school corporation.
14	(G) A new governance structure for the distressed political
15	subdivision.
16	(5) Submit a written report to the board each month concerning
17	the following:
18	(A) Actions taken by the emergency manager.
19	(B) Expenditures made by the distressed political subdivision.
20	(C) The progress that has been made toward removing the
21	distressed political subdivision from distressed status.
22	(d) Except as provided in section 13(d) of this chapter, an
23	emergency manager of a distressed political subdivision retains the
24	powers and duties described in subsections (b) and (c) until:
25	(1) the emergency manager resigns or dies;
26	(2) the board removes the emergency manager; or
27	(3) the political subdivision's status as a distressed political
28	subdivision is terminated under section 13(b) or 13(c) of this
29	chapter.
30	SECTION 12. IC 6-1.1-20.3-8.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.241-2017,
31	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 8.7. (a) This section applies to the Muncie
33	Community Schools designation under section 7.1 of this chapter only
34	if the board adopts a resolution under section 7.1(f)(2) of this ehapter
35	designating the school corporation as a distressed political subdivision.
36	(b) A school corporation that is designated a distressed political
37	subdivision may not do any of the following without the approval of the
38	board during the period before the board terminates the school
39	corporation's status as a distressed political subdivision:
40	(1) Acquire real property for school building purposes.
41	(2) Construct new school buildings or remodel or renovate

existing school buildings.



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1	(3) Incur a contractual obligation (except for a maintenance
2	contract or an employment contract for a new employee whose
3	employment replaces the employment of a former employee) that
4	requires an expenditure of more than thirty thousand dollars
5	(\$30,000).
6	(4) Purchase or enter into an agreement to purchase personal
7	property at a cost of more than thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000).
8	(5) Adopt or advertise a budget, tax levy, or tax rate for an
9	ensuing budget year.
0	SECTION 13. IC 6-1.1-20.3-9.9, AS ADDED BY P.L.241-2017,
1	SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 9.9. (a) This section applies to the Muncie
3	Community Schools designation under section 7.1 of this chapter only
4	if the board adopts a resolution under section 7.1(f)(2) of this chapter
5	designating the school corporation as a distressed political subdivision.
6	This section does not apply to the Muncie Community Schools while
7	the school corporation is designated as a fiscally impaired school
8	corporation.
9	(b) (a) A petition may be filed with the board to appeal a decision
20	by the emergency manager.
21	(c) (b) Two hundred fifty (250) or more individuals residing within
22	the distressed political subdivision who are of the opinion that the
23	decision by the emergency manager is not fair or reasonable may file
24	a petition in the office of the county auditor within thirty (30) days after
25	the decision is made. The petition must set forth the petitioners' names,
26	addresses, and objections to the decision and the facts showing that the
27	decision is not fair and reasonable.
28	(d) (c) Upon the filing of a petition under subsection (b), (a), the
.9	county auditor shall immediately certify a copy of the petition, together
0	with any other data necessary to present the questions involved, to the
1	board.
2	(e) (d) The board shall schedule a public meeting as soon as
3	practicable to consider the petition.
4	SECTION 14. IC 6-1.1-20.3-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.241-2017,
5	SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 13. (a) If:
7	(1) an emergency manager of a distressed political subdivision
8	(2) the fiscal body and executive of the political subdivision
9	jointly; or
0	(3) the governing body of a school corporation that:
-1	(A) employs a new superintendent; or
-2	(B) has a new member elected or appointed to its governing



1	body;
2	during the time the school corporation is a distressed political
3	subdivision;
4	files a petition with the board for termination of the political
5	subdivision's status as a distressed political subdivision, the board shall
6	conduct a public hearing on the question of whether to terminate the
7	political subdivision's status as a distressed political subdivision.
8	(b) In the case of a political subdivision designated as distressed
9	under section 6.5, 6.8, or 7.1 of this chapter, the board shall terminate
10	the political subdivision's status as a distressed political subdivision if
11	the board finds that the conditions found in section 6.5 of this chapter
12	are no longer applicable to the political subdivision and all the
13	following conditions are met:
14	(1) The political subdivision has achieved and maintained
15	financial solvency for a period of at least two (2) years, including
16	the following:
17	(A) Maintaining a structurally balanced budget for at least two
18	(2) years.
19	(B) Having no unpaid or past due critical contractual financial
20	obligations or vendor payments.
21	(2) The political subdivision has a fiscal plan that maintains
22	financial solvency for a period of at least five (5) years after the
23	termination of its distressed status.
24	(3) The political subdivision meets all other conditions identified
25	by the board.
26	(4) The board determines that the political subdivision is
27	financially stable.
28	(c) Notwithstanding subsection (b), in the case of a township
29	designated as distressed under section 6.7 of this chapter, the board
30	shall terminate the township's status as a distressed political
31	subdivision if the board finds that the township's township assistance
32	property tax rate (as defined in section 6.7(a) of this chapter) for the
33	current calendar year is not more than the result of:
34	(1) the statewide average township assistance property tax rate (as
35	determined by the department of local government finance) for
36	property taxes first due and payable in the preceding year;
37	multiplied by
38	(2) twelve (12).
39	(d) Notwithstanding any other section of this chapter, not later than
40	ninety (90) days after taking office, a new executive of a distressed
41	political subdivision may petition the board for suspension of the
42	political subdivision's distressed status. In the case of a political



subdivision designated as distressed under section 6.5 of this chapter, the executive must include in its petition a written plan to resolve the applicable issues described in section 6.5 of this chapter. In the case of a township designated as distressed under section 6.7 of this chapter, the executive must include in its petition a written plan to lower the township's township assistance property tax rate (as defined in section 6.7(a) of this chapter). If the board approves the executive's written plan, the board may suspend the political subdivision's distressed status for one hundred eighty (180) days. Suspension under this chapter terminates automatically upon expiration of the one hundred eighty (180) day period. The board may consider a petition to terminate the political subdivision's distressed status during a period of suspension.

SECTION 15. IC 6-1.1-20.3-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.255-2017, SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2019]: Sec. 15. (a) The executive of a political subdivision or a majority of the members of the fiscal body of a political subdivision may request technical assistance from the board in helping prevent the political subdivision from becoming a distressed political subdivision. The board, by using the health fiscal indicators developed under IC 5-14-3.7-16 IC 20-19-7 or IC 5-14-3.8-8, shall determine whether to provide assistance to the political subdivision.

- (b) The board may do any of the following for a political subdivision that receives assistance under subsection (a):
 - (1) Provide information and technical assistance with respect to the data management, accounting, or other aspects of the fiscal management of the political subdivision.
 - (2) Assist the political subdivision in obtaining assistance from state agencies and other resources.

SECTION 16. IC 6-1.1-20.3-16 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: **Sec. 16. (a) This section applies to a school corporation during the time the school corporation is a distressed political subdivision.**

- (b) The governing body of the distressed political subdivision may not meet more often than once every six (6) months.
- (c) A per diem may not be paid to a member of the governing body of the distressed political subdivision.
- (d) The emergency manager is the school employer for purposes of IC 20-29-5.
- (e) The emergency manager may cancel a teacher's contract as part of a reduction in force. Unless a provision in a teacher's contract or a collective bargaining agreement entered into or



renewed before July 1, 2018, provides otherwise, notification due to a reduction in force may be delivered after September 30 of the contract year. However, the maximum reduction in force under this subsection may not exceed five percent (5%) of the full-time equivalency for all certificated employees in the certificated employee bargaining unit for the school corporation. The emergency manager shall provide any employee whose contract is being canceled with at least ninety (90) days prior notice.

(f) Unless a provision in a teacher's contract or a collective bargaining agreement entered into or renewed before July 1, 2018, provides otherwise, the distressed unit appeal board shall direct an election by secret ballot of a new exclusive representative of the school employer's certificated employees in the certificated employees' bargaining unit. The election must be held within ninety (90) days of the school corporation becoming a distressed political subdivision.

SECTION 17. IC 6-1.1-20.3-17 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: **Sec. 17. (a) This section applies only to the Muncie Community Schools.**

- (b) The distressed unit appeal board may issue a request for information for the following purposes:
 - (1) To consider the factors involved in, the feasibility of, or the potential consequences of the school corporation partnering with a state educational institution, educational organization, or other community group.
 - (2) To prepare a request for proposals for the school corporation to partner with a state educational institution, educational organization, or other community group.
- (c) Notice of a request for information shall be given in accordance with IC 5-3-1.
- (d) A response to a request for information is confidential unless, and only to the extent that, the person who submits the response waives confidentiality in writing. The identity of the person submitting the response is a public record.

SECTION 18. IC 20-19-7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]:

Chapter 7. School Corporation Financial Condition Analysis

Sec. 1. (a) The management performance hub shall determine the fiscal and qualitative indicators to be used for evaluating the financial condition of each school corporation.



1	(b) The fiscal indicators under subsection (a) may include the
2	following factors:
3	Annual capital expenses compared to total capital assets
4	Average daily membership (ADM)
5	Common school fund loans
6	Controlled project fund referendum revenue
7	Debt to assessed value and debt to ADM ratios
8	Education fund referendum revenue
9	Federal revenues
0	Fund cash balances by fund and overall
1	Fund deficits and surpluses by fund and overall
2	Fund deficits and surpluses combining the education and
3	operations fund and debt
4	Gross expenditures per ADM
5	Interfund transfers
6	Operating deficit or surplus
7	Outstanding debt and annual debt service obligations
8	Qualitative indicators as set forth in subsection (c)
9	Salaries and benefits
0.0	Seven (7) year trend lines using state fiscal years
21	State tuition support.
22	(c) The qualitative indicators under subsection (a) may include
23	the following factors:
4	Failure to make required contributions or transfers
2.5	Issuance of judgment bonds
26	Missed debt payments
27	Missed payroll
28	Past due vendor payments.
9	Sec. 2. (a) The management performance hub shall prescribe the
0	presentation of the information of the fiscal and qualitative
1	indicators used under this chapter and the financial condition of
2	each school corporation.
3	(b) The information under subsection (a) must be presented in
4	a manner that accomplishes the following:
5	(1) The information must be conveniently and easily accessed
6	from a single Internet web page.
7	(2) The information must be viewable in a format commonly
8	known as an Internet dashboard.
9	(3) The information must be viewable in graphical form.
-0	(4) The information must be easily searchable.
-1	(5) The underlying data must be downloadable in a format
-2	that can be imported into standard spreadsheet computer



1	software.
2	(c) The management performance hub shall periodically publish
3	the information under subsection (a) on its Internet web site. The
4	initial publication must be on or before January 1, 2019.
5	Sec. 3. The executive director of the distressed unit appeal board
6	may initiate contact with the chairperson of the governing body
7	and the superintendent of a school corporation to assess the school
8	corporation's financial condition.
9	Sec. 4. (a) The executive director of the distressed unit appeal
10	board shall prepare a report identifying each school corporation
11	whose financial condition indicates the potential to become either:
12	(1) fiscally impaired; or
13	(2) a distressed political subdivision under IC 6-1.1-20.3.
14	(b) Before September 1 of each year, the executive director of
15	the distressed unit appeal board shall present the report under
16	subsection (a) to the distressed unit appeal board and make
17	recommendations concerning what actions could be taken to
18	improve the financial condition of each school corporation covered
19	by the report.
20	Sec. 5. The distressed unit appeal board may enter into an
21	agreement with a school corporation to develop a corrective action
22	plan if the distressed unit appeal board determines that a
23	corporation shows signs of becoming either:
24	(1) fiscally impaired; or
25	(2) a distressed political subdivision under IC 6-1.1-20.3.
26	Sec. 6. (a) Before October 1 of each year, the distressed unit
27	appeal board shall make a determination of which schools are
28	being placed on a watch list.
29	(b) If a school corporation is on a watch list for four (4)
30	consecutive years, the school corporation's superintendent's license
31	may be revoked or suspended by the distressed unit appeal board.
32	Sec. 7. Before November 1 of each year, the distressed unit
33	appeal board shall provide the report and watch list to the
34	legislative council in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6.
35	Sec. 8. (a) Notwithstanding sections 1 and 2 of this chapter, the
36	fiscal and qualitative indicators committee is established to make
37	the following determinations:
38	(1) The initial determination of the fiscal and qualitative
39	indicators to be used for evaluating the financial condition of
40	each school corporation.
41	(2) The initial determination of the information that is to be
42	presented on the management performance hub's Internet



1	web site.
2	(3) The initial determination of how frequently to update:
3	(A) the fiscal and qualitative indicators being used to
4	evaluate the financial condition of school corporations; and
5	(B) the presentation of information on the management
6	performance hub's Internet web site.
7	(b) The members of the committee must be employees of, and
8	appointed by, each of the following:
9	(1) The distressed unit appeal board.
10	(2) The department of education.
l 1	(3) The budget agency.
12	(4) The state board of accounts.
13	(5) The department of local government finance.
14	(6) The management performance hub.
15	In addition, a member of the Indiana Association of School
16	Business Officials appointed by the Association's board of directors
17	is a member of the committee.
18	(c) Members serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority.
19	(d) This section expires June 30, 2019.
20	SECTION 19. IC 20-23-12-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.179-2011,
21	SECTION 21, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 3. (a) The governing body of the school
23	corporation is the emergency manager appointed by the distressed
24	unit appeal board under IC 6-1.1-20.3. The school corporation
25	shall also have an advisory committee that consists of seven (7)
26	members elected as follows:
27	(1) On a nonpartisan basis.
28	(2) In a general election in the county.
29	(b) Six (6) of the members shall be elected from the school districts
30	drawn under section 4 of this chapter. Each member:
31	(1) is elected from the school district in which the member
32	resides; and
33	(2) upon election and in conducting the business of the governing
34	body, represents the interests of the entire school corporation.
35	(c) One (1) of the members elected:
36	(1) is the at-large member of the governing body;
37	(2) may reside in any of the districts drawn under section 4 of this
38	chapter; and
39	(3) upon election and in conducting the business of the governing
10	body, represents the interests of the entire school corporation.
11	(d) A per diem may not paid to a member.
12	SECTION 20. IC 20-23-12-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2006,



1	SECTION 318, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 5. (a) The six (6) members who are
3	elected for a position on the governing body advisory committee
4	described under section 3(b) of this chapter are determined as follows
5	(1) Each prospective candidate must file a nomination petition
6	with the board of elections and registration not earlier than one
7	hundred four (104) days and not later than noon seventy-four (74)
8	days before the election at which the members are to be elected
9	that includes the following information:
10	(A) The name of the prospective candidate.
11	(B) The district in which the prospective candidate resides.
12	(C) The signatures of at least one hundred (100) registered
13	voters residing in the school corporation.
14	(D) The fact that the prospective candidate is running for a
15	district position.
16	(E) A certification that the prospective candidate meets the
17	qualifications for candidacy imposed by this chapter.
18	(2) Only eligible voters residing in the district may vote for a
19	candidate.
20	(3) The candidate within each district who receives the greates
21	number of votes in the district is elected.
22	(b) The at-large member elected under section 3(c) of this chapter
23	is determined as follows:
24	(1) Each prospective candidate must file a nomination petition
25	with the clerk of the circuit court at least seventy-four (74) days
26	before the election at which the at-large member is to be elected
27	The petition must include the following information:
28	(A) The name of the prospective candidate.
29	(B) The signatures of at least one hundred (100) registered
30	voters residing within the school corporation.
31	(C) The fact that the prospective candidate is running for the
32	at-large position on the governing body. advisory committee
33	(D) A certification that the prospective candidate meets the
34	qualifications for candidacy imposed by this chapter.
35	(2) Only eligible voters residing in the school corporation may
36	vote for a candidate.
37	(3) The candidate who:
38	(A) runs for the at-large position on the governing body
39	advisory committee; and
40	(B) receives the greatest number of votes in the schoo
41	corporation;
42	is elected to the at-large position.



1	SECTION 21. IC 20-23-12-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005,
2	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 6. (a) A candidate who runs for a position on the
4	governing body advisory committee described under section 3(b) of
5	this chapter must reside in the school corporation district for which the
6	candidate filed.
7	(b) A candidate who runs for the at-large position on the governing
8	body advisory committee described in section 3(c) of this chapter
9	must reside in the school corporation.
10	SECTION 22. IC 20-23-12-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.219-2013,
11	SECTION 82, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 8. (a) The term of each person elected to serve on
13	the governing body advisory committee is four (4) years.
14	(b) The term of each person elected to serve on the governing body
15	advisory committee begins on the date set in the school corporation's
16	organization plan. The date set in the organization plan for an elected
17	member of the governing body advisory committee to take office may
18	not be more than fourteen (14) months after the date of the member's
19	election. If the school corporation's organization plan does not set a
20	date for an elected member of the governing body advisory committee
21	to take office, the member takes office January 1 that immediately
22	follows the person's election.
23	SECTION 23. IC 20-23-12-10, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005,
24	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	JULY 1,2018]: Sec. 10. (a) A vacancy on the governing body advisory
26	committee is created when:
27	(1) a member:
28	(A) dies;
29	(B) resigns from the governing body; advisory committee;
30	(C) ceases to be a resident of the school corporation;
31	(D) fails to attend, except for reason of chronic illness, six (6)
32	regularly scheduled meetings of the governing body advisory
33	committee in any twelve (12) month period; or
34	(E) ceases to be a resident of the school district in which the
35	member was elected; or
36	(2) a vacancy is created under any other law.
37	(b) The governing body advisory committee shall temporarily fill
38	a vacancy on the governing body advisory committee as soon as
39	practicable after the vacancy occurs.
40	SECTION 24. IC 20-23-12-11, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005,
41	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 11. Before August 1 of each year, the school



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1	corporation shall file with the state superintendent a list of the:
2	(1) names and addresses of members of the school corporation's
3	governing body; advisory committee;
4	(2) names and addresses of the school corporation's officers; and
5	(3) expiration dates of the terms of the school corporation's
6	members and officers.
7	The school corporation shall file any change in the list not later than
8	thirty (30) days after the change occurs.
9	SECTION 25. IC 20-24.5-2-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2007,
10	SECTION 209, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
11	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 4. (a) The board of trustees of a
12	state educational institution may, as the board of trustees finds a need
13	exists, establish and conduct at the main campus of the state
14	educational institution within the appropriate school or college of the
15	state educational institution, laboratory schools for:
16	(1) developing, testing, and evaluating new methods of instruction
17	and materials;
18	(2) comparing new methods with conventional methods in use;
19	and
20	(3) training teachers in new methods of instruction and materials,
21	as is found acceptable.
	-
22	(b) The board of trustees of a state educational institution may
	(b) The board of trustees of a state educational institution may enter into an agreement with a school corporation to establish and
22 23	(b) The board of trustees of a state educational institution may enter into an agreement with a school corporation to establish and conduct within the school district one (1) or more laboratory
22 23 24	(b) The board of trustees of a state educational institution may enter into an agreement with a school corporation to establish and conduct within the school district one (1) or more laboratory schools or establish and conduct a laboratory school district for:
22 23 24 25	 (b) The board of trustees of a state educational institution may enter into an agreement with a school corporation to establish and conduct within the school district one (1) or more laboratory schools or establish and conduct a laboratory school district for: (1) developing, testing, and evaluating new methods of
22 23 24 25 26 27	 (b) The board of trustees of a state educational institution may enter into an agreement with a school corporation to establish and conduct within the school district one (1) or more laboratory schools or establish and conduct a laboratory school district for: (1) developing, testing, and evaluating new methods of instruction and materials;
22 23 24 25 26	 (b) The board of trustees of a state educational institution may enter into an agreement with a school corporation to establish and conduct within the school district one (1) or more laboratory schools or establish and conduct a laboratory school district for: (1) developing, testing, and evaluating new methods of
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	 (b) The board of trustees of a state educational institution may enter into an agreement with a school corporation to establish and conduct within the school district one (1) or more laboratory schools or establish and conduct a laboratory school district for: (1) developing, testing, and evaluating new methods of instruction and materials; (2) comparing new methods with conventional methods in use; and
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	 (b) The board of trustees of a state educational institution may enter into an agreement with a school corporation to establish and conduct within the school district one (1) or more laboratory schools or establish and conduct a laboratory school district for: (1) developing, testing, and evaluating new methods of instruction and materials; (2) comparing new methods with conventional methods in use;
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	 (b) The board of trustees of a state educational institution may enter into an agreement with a school corporation to establish and conduct within the school district one (1) or more laboratory schools or establish and conduct a laboratory school district for: (1) developing, testing, and evaluating new methods of instruction and materials; (2) comparing new methods with conventional methods in use; and (3) training teachers in new methods of instruction and
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	 (b) The board of trustees of a state educational institution may enter into an agreement with a school corporation to establish and conduct within the school district one (1) or more laboratory schools or establish and conduct a laboratory school district for: (1) developing, testing, and evaluating new methods of instruction and materials; (2) comparing new methods with conventional methods in use; and (3) training teachers in new methods of instruction and materials, as is found acceptable.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	 (b) The board of trustees of a state educational institution may enter into an agreement with a school corporation to establish and conduct within the school district one (1) or more laboratory schools or establish and conduct a laboratory school district for: (1) developing, testing, and evaluating new methods of instruction and materials; (2) comparing new methods with conventional methods in use; and (3) training teachers in new methods of instruction and materials, as is found acceptable. If a laboratory school district is established, each school of the school corporation is considered a laboratory school. The school
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 (b) The board of trustees of a state educational institution may enter into an agreement with a school corporation to establish and conduct within the school district one (1) or more laboratory schools or establish and conduct a laboratory school district for: (1) developing, testing, and evaluating new methods of instruction and materials; (2) comparing new methods with conventional methods in use; and (3) training teachers in new methods of instruction and materials, as is found acceptable. If a laboratory school district is established, each school of the
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	 (b) The board of trustees of a state educational institution may enter into an agreement with a school corporation to establish and conduct within the school district one (1) or more laboratory schools or establish and conduct a laboratory school district for: (1) developing, testing, and evaluating new methods of instruction and materials; (2) comparing new methods with conventional methods in use; and (3) training teachers in new methods of instruction and materials, as is found acceptable. If a laboratory school district is established, each school of the school corporation is considered a laboratory school. The school corporation and the state educational institution may agree that
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	 (b) The board of trustees of a state educational institution may enter into an agreement with a school corporation to establish and conduct within the school district one (1) or more laboratory schools or establish and conduct a laboratory school district for: (1) developing, testing, and evaluating new methods of instruction and materials; (2) comparing new methods with conventional methods in use; and (3) training teachers in new methods of instruction and materials, as is found acceptable. If a laboratory school district is established, each school of the school corporation is considered a laboratory school. The school corporation and the state educational institution may agree that the state educational institution may use sites, buildings, and
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	 (b) The board of trustees of a state educational institution may enter into an agreement with a school corporation to establish and conduct within the school district one (1) or more laboratory schools or establish and conduct a laboratory school district for: (1) developing, testing, and evaluating new methods of instruction and materials; (2) comparing new methods with conventional methods in use; and (3) training teachers in new methods of instruction and materials, as is found acceptable. If a laboratory school district is established, each school of the school corporation is considered a laboratory school. The school corporation and the state educational institution may agree that the state educational institution may use sites, buildings, and facilities located within the school corporation's district.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 (b) The board of trustees of a state educational institution may enter into an agreement with a school corporation to establish and conduct within the school district one (1) or more laboratory schools or establish and conduct a laboratory school district for: (1) developing, testing, and evaluating new methods of instruction and materials; (2) comparing new methods with conventional methods in use; and (3) training teachers in new methods of instruction and materials, as is found acceptable. If a laboratory school district is established, each school of the school corporation is considered a laboratory school. The school corporation and the state educational institution may agree that the state educational institution may use sites, buildings, and facilities located within the school corporation's district. SECTION 26. IC 20-24.5-2-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2007,
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 (b) The board of trustees of a state educational institution may enter into an agreement with a school corporation to establish and conduct within the school district one (1) or more laboratory schools or establish and conduct a laboratory school district for: (1) developing, testing, and evaluating new methods of instruction and materials; (2) comparing new methods with conventional methods in use; and (3) training teachers in new methods of instruction and materials, as is found acceptable. If a laboratory school district is established, each school of the school corporation is considered a laboratory school. The school corporation and the state educational institution may agree that the state educational institution may use sites, buildings, and facilities located within the school corporation's district. SECTION 26. IC 20-24.5-2-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 209, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 (b) The board of trustees of a state educational institution may enter into an agreement with a school corporation to establish and conduct within the school district one (1) or more laboratory schools or establish and conduct a laboratory school district for: (1) developing, testing, and evaluating new methods of instruction and materials; (2) comparing new methods with conventional methods in use; and (3) training teachers in new methods of instruction and materials, as is found acceptable. If a laboratory school district is established, each school of the school corporation is considered a laboratory school. The school corporation and the state educational institution may agree that the state educational institution may use sites, buildings, and facilities located within the school corporation's district. SECTION 26. IC 20-24.5-2-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.2-2007, SECTION 209, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 5. (a) The board of trustees of a



1	(3) equip; and
2	(4) furnish;
3	suitable buildings and appurtenances for a laboratory school.
4	(b) A state educational institution may use sites, buildings, and
5	facilities located within the school corporation's district for a
6	laboratory school.
7	SECTION 27. IC 20-28-7.5-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.208-2017
8	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	JULY 1, 2018]: Sec. 2. (a) Before a teacher's contract is canceled, the
10	teacher has the following rights:
11	(1) The principal or superintendent shall notify the teacher of the
12	principal's or superintendent's preliminary decision. The
13	notification must be:
14	(A) in writing; and
15	(B) delivered in person or mailed by registered or certified
16	mail to the teacher at the teacher's last known address.
17	(2) The notice in subdivision (1) must include a written statement
18	subject to IC 5-14-3-4, giving the reasons for the preliminary
19	decision.
20	(3) Notification due to a reduction in force must be delivered
21	between May 1 and July 1.
22	However, in the case of a school corporation that is a distressed
23	political subdivision under IC 6-1.1-20.3, IC 6-1.1-20.3-16 applies
24	to the cancellation of a teacher's contract instead of this subsection
25	(b) For a cancellation of a teacher's contract for a reason other than
26	a reduction in force, the notice required under subsection (a)(1) mus
27	inform the teacher that, not later than five (5) days after the teacher's
28	receipt of the notice, the teacher may request a private conference with
29	the superintendent or the assistant superintendent. The superintenden
30	or the assistant superintendent, as applicable, must set the requested
31	meeting not later than ten (10) days after the request.
32	(c) At the conference between the superintendent or the assistan
33	superintendent, as applicable, and the teacher, the teacher may be
34	accompanied by a representative.
35	(d) After the conference between the superintendent or the assistan
36	superintendent, as applicable, and the teacher, the superintendent or the
37	assistant superintendent, whoever attended the conference, shall make
38	a written recommendation to the governing body of the school
39	corporation regarding the cancellation of the teacher's contract.
40	(e) If the teacher does not request a conference under subsection (b)
41	the principal's or superintendent's preliminary decision is considered
42	final



(f) If a probationary, professional, or established teacher files a
request with the governing body for an additional private conference
not later than five (5) days after the initial private conference with the
superintendent or the assistant superintendent, as applicable, the
teacher is entitled to an additional private conference with the
governing body before the governing body makes a final decision. The
final decision must be in writing and must be made not more than thirty
(30) days after the governing body receives the teacher's request for the
additional private conference. At the private conference the governing
body shall do the following:

- (1) Allow the teacher to present evidence to refute the reason or reasons for contract cancellation and supporting evidence provided by the school corporation. Any evidence presented at the private conference must have been exchanged by the parties at least seven (7) days before the private conference.
- (2) Consider whether a preponderance of the evidence supports the cancellation of the teacher's contract.

