1		AN	ACT	relating to revenue measures and declaring an emergency.
2	Be i	t enac	cted b	y the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
3		<b>→</b> S	ection	1. KRS 131.183 is amended to read as follows:
4	(1)	(a)	<u>Exc</u>	ept for the addition to tax required when an underpayment of estimated
5			tax .	occurs under Section 9 of this Act and KRS 141.305, all taxes payable to
6			the	Commonwealth not paid at the time prescribed by statute shall accrue
7			inte	rest at the tax interest rate.
8		(b)	The	tax interest rate shall be equal to the adjusted prime rate charged by banks
9			rour	nded to the nearest full percent as adjusted by subsection (2) of this
10			sect	ion.
11		(c)	The	commissioner of revenue shall adjust the tax interest rate not later than
12			Nov	vember 15 of each year if the adjusted prime rate charged by banks during
13			Sep	tember of that year, rounded to the nearest full percent, is at least one (1)
14			perc	centage point more or less than the tax interest rate which is then in effect.
15			The	adjusted tax interest rate shall become effective on January 1 of the
16			imn	nediately succeeding year.
17	(2)	(a)	1.	All taxes payable to the Commonwealth that have not been paid at the
18				time prescribed by statute shall accrue interest at the tax interest rate as
19				determined in accordance with subsection (1) of this section until May 1,
20				2008.
21			2.	Beginning on May 1, 2008, all taxes payable to the Commonwealth that
22				have not been paid at the time prescribed by statute shall accrue interest
23				at the tax interest rate as determined in accordance with subsection (1) of
24				this section plus two percent (2%).
25		(b)	1.	Interest shall be allowed and paid upon any overpayment as defined in
26				KRS 134.580 in respect of any of the taxes provided for in Chapters
27				131, 132, 134, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 143A, and 243 of

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1		the Kentucky Revised Statutes and KRS 160.613 and 160.614 at the rate
2		provided in subsection (1) of this section until May 1, 2008.
3		2. Beginning on May 1, 2008, interest shall be allowed and paid upon any
4		overpayment as defined in KRS 134.580 at the rate provided in
5		subsection (1) of this section minus two percent (2%).
6		3. Effective for refunds issued after April 24, 2008, except for the
7		provisions of KRS 138.351, 141.044(2), 141.235(3), and subsection (3)
8		of this section, interest authorized under this subsection shall begin to
9		accrue sixty (60) days after the latest of:
10		a. The due date of the return;
11		b. The date the return was filed;
12		c. The date the tax was paid;
13		d. The last day prescribed by law for filing the return; or
14		e. The date an amended return claiming a refund is filed.
15		(c) In no case shall interest be paid in an amount less than five dollars (\$5).
16		(d) No refund shall be made of any estimated tax paid unless a return is filed as
17		required by KRS Chapter 141.
18	(3)	Effective for refund claims filed on or after July 15, 1992, if any overpayment of the
19		tax imposed under KRS Chapter 141 results from a carryback of a net operating loss
20		or a net capital loss, the overpayment shall be deemed to have been made on the
21		date the claim for refund was filed. Interest authorized under subsection (2) of this
22		section shall begin to accrue ninety (90) days from the date the claim for refund was
23		filed.
24	(4)	No interest shall be allowed or paid on any sales tax refund as provided by KRS
25		139.536.
26	<u>(5)</u>	For purposes of this section, any addition to tax provided in Section 9 of this Act
2.7		and KRS 141 305 shall be considered a nenalty.

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1	<b>→</b> S	Section 2. KRS 131.250 is amended to read as follows:
2	(1) For	the purpose of facilitating the administration of the taxes it administers, the
3	dep	artment may require any tax return, report, or statement to be electronically
4	filed	d.
5	(2) <del>[ The</del>	following reports, returns, or statements shall be electronically filed:
6	<del>(a)</del>	The return required by KRS 136.620;
7	<del>(b)</del>	For tax periods beginning on or after January 1, 2007, the report required by
8		KRS 138.240;
9	<del>(c)</del>	For tax periods beginning on or after August 1, 2010, the report required by
10		<del>KRS 138.260;</del>
11	<del>(d)</del>	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, the return filed by a
12		specified tax return preparer reporting the annual tax imposed by KRS
13		141.020, if the specified tax return preparer is required to electronically file
14		the return for federal income tax purposes;
15	<del>(e)</del>	The annual withholding statement required by KRS 141.335, if the employer
16		issues more than twenty-five (25) statements annually;
17	<del>(f)</del>	For tax periods beginning on or after July 1, 2005, the return required by KRS
18		<del>160.615; and</del>
19	<del>(g)</del>	1. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, the returns
20		required by KRS 141.201(3) or 141.206(1), provided that the
21		corporation or pass-through entity has gross receipts of one million
22		dollars (\$1,000,000) or more.
23		2. "Gross receipts" as used in this paragraph means gross receipts reported
24		by the corporation or pass-through entity on their federal income tax
25		return filed for the same taxable year as the return due under KRS
26		Chapter 141.
27	<del>(3)]</del> (a)	A person required to electronically file a return, report, or statement may

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1			apply for a waiver from the requirement by submitting the request on a form
2			prescribed by the department.
3		(b)	The request shall indicate the lack of one (1) or more of the following:
4			1. Compatible computer hardware;
5			2. Internet access; or
6			3. Other technological capabilities determined relevant by the department.
7		<b>→</b> S	ection 3. KRS 133.225 is amended to read as follows:
8	<u>(1)</u>	The	department[of Revenue] shall provide the following information pertaining to
9		prop	verty taxes on a Web site that is accessible to the public:
10		<u>(a)</u>	An explanation of the process for assessing property values, which shall
11			include but not be limited to:
12			1. The duties and function of each state and local official involved in the
13			property assessment process;
14			2. The methods most commonly used to compute fair cash value;
15			3. The types of property exempt from taxation;
16			4. The types of property assessed at a lower value as required by Sections
17			170 and 172A of the Kentucky Constitution, including property with a
18			homestead exemption, agricultural property, and horticultural
19			property;
20			5. The property tax calendar;
21			6. How and when to report property to the Property Valuation
22			Administrator;
23			7. The process for examining real property for valuation purposes;
24			8. How and when a taxpayer is notified of the assessed value of property;
25			9. When and where the public can inspect the tax roll; and
26			10. The process for appealing the assessed values of real and personal
27			property, including motor vehicles;

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1		(b) An explanation of the process for setting the state tax rate and the county,
2		city, school, and special taxing district tax rates, including but not limited
3		<u>to:</u>
4		1. The duties and function of each state and local official involved in the
5		process for setting tax rates;
6		2. The definitions of compensating tax rate and net assessment growth;
7		3. The requirements set forth in KRS 68.245, 132.023, 132.027, and
8		<u>160.470; and</u>
9		4. The recall provisions set forth in KRS 132.017;
10		(c) An explanation of the process for property tax collection, including but not
11		<u>limited to:</u>
12		1. The duties and function of each state and local official involved in the
13		tax collection process;
14		2. How and when to remit payment of the tax;
15		3. The due date for the tax;
16		4. The early payment discount;
17		5. The penalties assessed on delinquent taxes; and
18		6. The delinquent tax collection process; and
19		(d) Direct links to the Web sites or guidance on how to access the Web sites of
20		the local offices, such as the property valuation administrator's office, the
21		county clerk's office, and the sheriff's office, that provide taxpayers
22		additional information on the property taxes within its jurisdiction.
23	<u>(2)</u>	The Web site address that provides the information required by subsection (1) of
24		this section shall be included on every notice of assessment and property tax bill
25		sent to the taxpayer[draft, and the sheriff shall mail with the property tax bills
26		annually, an explanation of the provisions of Acts 1979 (Ex. Sess.) ch. 25].
27		→ Section 4. KRS 138.220 is amended to read as follows:

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1	(1)	(a)	An excise tax at the rate of nine percent (9%) of the average wholesale price
1	(1)	(a)	
2			rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one cent (\$0.001) shall be paid on all
3			gasoline and special fuel received in this state. The tax shall be paid on a per
4			gallon basis.
5		(b)	The average wholesale price shall be determined and adjusted as provided in
6			KRS 138.228.
7		(c)	For the purposes of the allocations in KRS 177.320(1) and (2) and 177.365,
8			the amount calculated under this subsection shall be reduced by the amount
9			calculated in subsection (3) of this section.
10		(d)	Except as provided by KRS Chapter 138, no other excise or license tax shall
11			be levied or assessed on gasoline or special fuel by the state or any political
12			subdivision of the state.
13		(e)	The tax herein imposed shall be paid by the dealer receiving the gasoline or
14			special fuel to the State Treasurer in the manner and within the time specified
15			in KRS 138.230 to 138.340 and all such tax may be added to the selling price
16			charged by the dealer or other person paying the tax on gasoline or special fuel
17			sold in this state.
18		(f)	Nothing herein contained shall authorize or require the collection of the tax
19			upon any gasoline or special fuel after it has been once taxed under the
20			provisions of this section, unless such tax was refunded or credited.
21	(2)	(a)	In addition to the excise tax provided in subsection (1) of this section, there is
22			hereby levied a supplemental highway user motor fuel tax to be paid in the
23			same manner and at the same time as the tax provided in subsection (1) of this
24			section.
25		(b)	The tax shall be:
26			1. Five cents (\$0.05) per gallon on gasoline; and
27			2. Two cents (\$0.02) per gallon on special fuel.

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1		(c)	The supplemental highway user motor fuel tax provided by this subsection
2			and the provisions of subsections (1) and (3) of this section shall constitute the
3			tax on motor fuels imposed by KRS 138.220.
4	(3)	Two	and one-tenth cents (\$0.021), of the tax collected under subsection (1) of this

- section shall be excluded from the calculations in KRS 177.320(1) and (2) and 177.365. The funds identified in this subsection shall be deposited into the state road fund.
- 8 (4) Notification of the average wholesale price shall be given to all licensed dealers at
  9 least twenty (20) days in advance of <u>July 1</u>[the first day] of each calendar
  10 <u>year[quarter]</u>.
- Dealers with a tax-paid gasoline or special fuel inventory at the time an average wholesale price becomes effective, shall be subject to additional tax or appropriate tax credit to reflect the increase or decrease in the average wholesale price for the new quarter. The department shall promulgate administrative regulations to properly administer this provision.
- → Section 5. KRS 138.450 is amended to read as follows:
- 17 As used in KRS 138.455 to 138.470, unless the context requires otherwise:
- 18 (1) "Current model year" means a motor vehicle of either the model year corresponding
  19 to the current calendar year or of the succeeding calendar year, if the same model
  20 and make is being offered for sale by local dealers;
- 21 (2) "Dealer" means "motor vehicle dealer" as defined in KRS 190.010;
- 22 (3) "Dealer demonstrator" means a new motor vehicle or a previous model year motor 23 vehicle with an odometer reading of least one thousand (1,000) miles that has been 24 used either by representatives of the manufacturer or by a licensed Kentucky dealer, 25 franchised to sell the particular model and make, for demonstration;
- 26 (4) "Historic motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle registered and licensed pursuant to KRS 186.043;

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1	(5)	"Motor vehicle" means any vehicle that is propelled by other than muscular power
2		and that is used for transportation of persons or property over the public highways
3		of the state, except road rollers, mopeds, vehicles that travel exclusively on rails,
4		and vehicles propelled by electric power obtained from overhead wires;
5	(6)	"Moped" means either a motorized bicycle whose frame design may include one (1)
6		or more horizontal crossbars supporting a fuel tank so long as it also has pedals, or a
7		motorized bicycle with a step through type frame which may or may not have pedals
8		rated no more than two (2) brake horsepower, a cylinder capacity not exceeding
9		fifty (50) cubic centimeters, an automatic transmission not requiring clutching or
10		shifting by the operator after the drive system is engaged, and capable of a
11		maximum speed of not more than thirty (30) miles per hour;
12	(7)	"New motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle of the current model year which has
13		not previously been registered in any state or country;
14	(8)	"Previous model year motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle not previously
15		registered in any state or country which is neither of the current model year nor a
16		dealer demonstrator;
17	(9)	"Total consideration given" means the amount given, valued in money, whether
18		received in money or otherwise, at the time of purchase or at a later date, including
19		consideration given for all equipment and accessories, standard and optional. "Total
20		consideration given" shall not include:
21		(a) Any amount allowed as a manufacturer or dealer rebate if the rebate is
22		provided at the time of purchase and is applied to the purchase of the motor
23		vehicle;
24		(b) Any interest payments to be made over the life of a loan for the purchase of a
25		motor vehicle; and
26		(c) The value of any items that are not equipment or accessories including but not

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limited to extended warranties, service contracts, and items that are given

1			away as part of a promotional sales campaign;
2	(10)	"Tra	de-in allowance" means:
3		(a)	The value assigned by the seller of a motor vehicle to a motor vehicle
4			registered to the purchaser and offered in trade by the purchaser as part of the
5			total consideration given by the purchaser and included in the notarized
6			affidavit attesting to total consideration given; or
7		(b)	In the absence of a notarized affidavit, the value of the vehicle being offered
8			in trade as established by the department through the use of the reference
9			manual;
10	(11)	"Use	ed motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle which has been previously registered
11		in ar	ny state or country;
12	(12)	"Ret	eail price" for:
13		(a)	New motor vehicles;
14		(b)	Dealer demonstrator vehicles;
15		(c)	Previous model year motor vehicles; and
16		(d)	U-Drive-It motor vehicles that have been transferred within one hundred
17			eighty (180) days of being registered as a U-Drive-It and that have less than
18			five thousand (5,000) miles;
19		mea	ns the total consideration given, as determined in KRS <u>138.4603</u> [138.4602];
20	(13)	"Ret	ail price" for historic motor vehicles shall be one hundred dollars (\$100);
21	(14)	"Ret	ail price" for used motor vehicles being titled or registered by a new resident
22		for t	he first time in Kentucky whose values appear in the reference manual means
23		the t	rade-in value given in the reference manual;
24	(15)	"Ret	ail price" for older used motor vehicles being titled or registered by a new
25		resid	lent for the first time in Kentucky whose values no longer appear in the
26		refe	rence manual shall be one hundred dollars (\$100);
27	(16)	(a)	"Retail price" for:

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1	1.	Used motor vehicles, except those vehicles for which the retail price is
2		established in subsection (13), (14), (15), (17), or (19) of this section;
3		and
4	2.	U-Drive-It motor vehicles that are not transferred within one hundred
5		eighty (180) days of being registered as a U-Drive-It or that have more
6		than five thousand (5,000) miles;
7	mea	ns the total consideration given, excluding any amount allowed as a trade-
8	in al	lowance by the seller, as attested to in a notarized affidavit, provided that

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the retail price established by the notarized affidavit shall not be less than fifty percent (50%) of the difference between the trade-in value, as established by the reference manual, of the motor vehicle offered for registration and the trade-in value, as established by the reference manual, of any motor vehicle offered in trade as part of the total consideration given.

- (b) The trade-in allowance shall also be disclosed in the notarized affidavit.
- 15 (c) If a notarized affidavit is not available, "retail price" shall be established by
  16 the department through the use of the reference manual;
  - (17) Except as provided in KRS 138.470(6), if a motor vehicle is received by an individual as a gift and not purchased or leased by the individual, "retail price" shall be the trade-in value given in the reference manual;
- 20 (18) If a dealer transfers a motor vehicle which he has registered as a loaner or rental
  21 motor vehicle within one hundred eighty (180) days of the registration, and if less
  22 than five thousand (5,000) miles have been placed on the vehicle during the period
  23 of its registration as a loaner or rental motor vehicle, then the "retail price" of the
  24 vehicle shall be the same as the retail price determined by paragraph (a) of
  25 subsection (12) of this section computed as of the date on which the vehicle is
  26 transferred;
- 27 (19) "Retail price" for motor vehicles titled pursuant to KRS 186A.520, 186A.525,

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1	86A.530, or 186A.555 means the total consideration given as attested to in a
2	notarized affidavit;

- 3 (20) "Loaner or rental motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle owned or registered by a
  4 dealer and which is regularly loaned or rented to customers of the service or repair
  5 component of the dealership;
- 6 (21) "Department" means the Department of Revenue;
- 7 (22) "Notarized affidavit" means a dated affidavit signed by the buyer and the seller on 8 which the signature of the buyer and the signature of the seller are individually 9 notarized; and
- 10 (23) "Reference manual" means the automotive reference manual prescribed by the department.
- → Section 6. KRS 139.260 is amended to read as follows:
- For the purpose of the proper administration of this chapter and to prevent evasion of the duty to collect the taxes imposed by KRS 139.200 and 139.310, it shall be presumed that all gross receipts and all tangible personal property, digital property, and services sold by any person for delivery or access in this state are subject to the tax until the contrary is established. The burden of proving the contrary is upon the person who makes the sale of:
- 18 (1) Tangible personal property or digital property unless the person takes from the 19 purchaser a certificate to the effect that the property is either:
- 20 (a) Purchased for resale according to the provisions of KRS 139.270;
- 21 (b) Purchased through a fully completed certificate of exemption or fully 22 completed Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement Certificate of 23 Exemption in accordance with KRS 139.270; or
- 24 (c) Purchased according to administrative regulations promulgated by the department governing a direct pay authorization;
- 26 (2) A service included in KRS 139.200(2)(a) to (f) unless the person takes from the purchaser a certificate to the effect that the service is purchased through a fully

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1		com	pleted certificate of exemption or fully completed Streamlined Sales and Use
2		Tax	Agreement Certificate of Exemption in accordance with KRS 139.270; and
3	(3)	A se	ervice included in KRS 139.200(2)(g) to (q) unless the person takes from the
4		purc	haser a certificate to the effect that the <u>service[property]</u> is:
5		(a)	Purchased for resale according to KRS 139.270;
6		(b)	Purchased through a fully completed certificate of exemption or fully
7			completed Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement Certificate of
8			Exemption in accordance with KRS 139.270; or
9		(c)	Purchased according to administrative regulations promulgated by the
10			department governing a direct pay authorization.
11		<b>→</b> Se	ection 7. KRS 141.039 is amended to read as follows:
12	For t	taxabl	e years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, in the case of corporations:
13	(1)	Gros	ss income shall be calculated by adjusting federal gross income as defined in
14		Sect	ion 61 of the Internal Revenue Code as follows:
15		(a)	Exclude income that is exempt from state taxation by the Kentucky
16			Constitution and the Constitution and statutory laws of the United States;
17		(b)	Exclude all dividend income;
18		(c)	Include interest income derived from obligations of sister states and political
19			subdivisions thereof;
20		(d)	Exclude fifty percent (50%) of gross income derived from any disposal of coal
21			covered by Section 631(c) of the Internal Revenue Code if the corporation
22			does not claim any deduction for percentage depletion, or for expenditures
23			attributable to the making and administering of the contract under which such
24			disposition occurs or to the preservation of the economic interests retained
25			under such contract;
26		(e) <del>[</del>	Include in the gross income of lessors income tax payments made by lessees
27			to lessors, under the provisions of Section 110 of the Internal Revenue Code,

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1			and	exclude such payments from the gross income of lessees;
2		<del>(f)]</del>	Incl	ude the amount calculated under KRS 141.205;
3		<u>(f)</u> {(	<del>g)]</del>	Ignore the provisions of Section 281 of the Internal Revenue Code in
4			com	puting gross income;
5		<u>(g)</u> [(	<del>(h)]</del>	Include the amount of deprecation deduction calculated under 26 U.S.C.
6			sec.	167 or 168; and
7	(2)	Net	incon	ne shall be calculated by subtracting from gross income:
8		(a)	The	deduction for depreciation allowed by KRS 141.0101;
9		(b)	Any	amount paid for vouchers or similar instruments that provide health
10			insu	rance coverage to employees or their families;
11		(c)	All	the deductions from gross income allowed corporations by Chapter 1 of
12			the 1	Internal Revenue Code, as modified by KRS 141.0101, except:
13			1.	Any deduction for a state tax which is computed, in whole or in part, by
14				reference to gross or net income and which is paid or accrued to any
15				state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth
16				of Puerto Rico, any territory or possession of the United States, or to any
17				foreign country or political subdivision thereof;
18			2.	The deductions contained in Sections 243, [ 244,] 245, and 247 of the
19				Internal Revenue Code;
20			3.	The provisions of Section 281 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be
21				ignored in computing net income;
22			4.	Any deduction directly or indirectly allocable to income which is either
23				exempt from taxation or otherwise not taxed under the provisions of this
24				chapter, and nothing in this chapter shall be construed to permit the
25				same item to be deducted more than once;
26			5.	Any deduction for amounts paid to any club, organization, or
27				establishment which has been determined by the courts or an agency

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1			established by the General Assembly and charged with enforcing the
2			civil rights laws of the Commonwealth, not to afford full and equal
3			membership and full and equal enjoyment of its goods, services,
4			facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations to any person
5			because of race, color, religion, national origin, or sex, except nothing
6			shall be construed to deny a deduction for amounts paid to any religious
7			or denominational club, group, or establishment or any organization
8			operated solely for charitable or educational purposes which restricts
9			membership to persons of the same religion or denomination in order to
10			promote the religious principles for which it is established and
11			maintained;
12		6.	Any deduction prohibited by KRS 141.205; and
13		7.	Any dividends-paid deduction of any captive real estate investment trust;
14			and
15	(d)	1.	A deferred tax deduction in an amount computed in accordance with this
16			paragraph.
17		2.	For purposes of this paragraph:
18			a. "Net deferred tax asset" means that deferred tax assets exceed the
19			deferred tax liabilities of the combined group, as computed in
20			accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the
21			United States of America; and
22			b. "Net deferred tax liability" means deferred tax liabilities that
23			exceed the deferred tax assets of a combined group as defined in
24			KRS 141.202, as computed in accordance with accounting
25			principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Only publicly traded companies, including affiliated corporations

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1		statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally
2		accepted in the United States of America, as of January 1, 2019, shall be
3		eligible for this deduction.
4	4.	If the provisions of KRS 141.202 result in an aggregate increase to the
5		member's net deferred tax liability, an aggregate decrease to the
6		member's net deferred tax asset, or an aggregate change from a net
7		deferred tax asset to a net deferred tax liability, the combined group
8		shall be entitled to a deduction, as determined in this paragraph.
9	5.	For ten (10) years beginning with the combined group's first taxable year
10		beginning on or after January 1, 2024, a combined group shall be
11		entitled to a deduction from the combined group's entire net income
12		equal to one-tenth (1/10) of the amount necessary to offset the increase
13		in the net deferred tax liability, decrease in the net deferred tax asset, or
14		aggregate change from a net deferred tax asset to a net deferred tax
15		liability. The increase in the net deferred tax liability, decrease in the net
16		deferred tax asset, or the aggregate change from a net deferred tax asset
17		to a net deferred tax liability shall be computed based on the change that
18		would result from the imposition of the combined reporting requirement
19		under KRS 141.202, but for the deduction provided under this paragraph
20		as of June 27, 2019.
21	6.	The deferred tax impact determined in subparagraph 5. of this paragraph
22		shall be converted to the annual deferred tax deduction amount, as
23		follows:
24		a. The deferred tax impact determined in subparagraph 5. of this
25		paragraph shall be divided by the tax rate determined under KRS

The resulting amount shall be further divided by the apportionment

141.040;

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1			factor determined by KRS 141.120 or 141.121 that was used by the
2			combined group in the calculation of the deferred tax assets and
3			deferred tax liabilities as described in subparagraph 5. of this
4			paragraph; and
5			c. The resulting amount represents the total net deferred tax
6			deduction available over the ten (10) year period as described in
7			subparagraph 5. of this paragraph.
8		7.	The deduction calculated under this paragraph shall not be adjusted as a
9			result of any events happening subsequent to the calculation, including
10			but not limited to any disposition or abandonment of assets. The
11			deduction shall be calculated without regard to the federal tax effect and
12			shall not alter the tax basis of any asset. If the deduction under this
13			section is greater than the combined group's entire Kentucky net income,
14			any excess deduction shall be carried forward and applied as a deduction
15			to the combined group's entire net income in future taxable years until
16			fully utilized.
17		8.	Any combined group intending to claim a deduction under this
18			paragraph shall file a statement with the department on or before July 1,
19			2019. The statement shall specify the total amount of the deduction
20			which the combined group claims on the form, including calculations
21			and other information supporting the total amounts of the deduction as
22			required by the department. No deduction shall be allowed under this
23			paragraph for any taxable year, except to the extent claimed on the
24			timely filed statement in accordance with this paragraph.
25		<b>→</b> Section	8. KRS 141.0401 is amended to read as follows:
26	(1)	As used in	this section:

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(a)

"Kentucky gross receipts" means an amount equal to the computation of the

1		numerator of the apportionment fraction under KRS 141.120, any
2		administrative regulations related to the computation of the sales factor, and
3		KRS 141.121 and includes the proportionate share of Kentucky gross receipts
4		of all wholly or partially owned limited liability pass-through entities,
5		including all layers of a multi-layered pass-through structure;
6	(b)	"Gross receipts from all sources" means an amount equal to the computation
7		of the denominator of the apportionment fraction under KRS 141.120, any
8		administrative regulations related to the computation of the sales factor, and
9		KRS 141.121 and includes the proportionate share of gross receipts from all
10		sources of all wholly or partially owned limited liability pass-through entities,
11		including all layers of a multi-layered pass-through structure;
12	(c)	"Affiliated [Combined] group" has the same meaning as [means all members
13		of an affiliated group as defined] in Section 11 of this Act [KRS 141.200(9)(b)
14		and all limited liability pass through entities that would be included in an
15		affiliated group if organized as a corporation];
16	(d)	"Cost of goods sold" means:
17		1. Amounts that are:
18		a. Allowable as cost of goods sold pursuant to the Internal Revenue
19		Code and any guidelines issued by the Internal Revenue Service
20		relating to cost of goods sold, unless modified by this paragraph;
21		and
22		b. Incurred in acquiring or producing the tangible product generating
23		the Kentucky gross receipts.
24		2. For manufacturing, producing, reselling, retailing, or wholesaling
25		activities, cost of goods sold shall only include costs directly incurred in
26		acquiring or producing the tangible product. In determining cost of

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goods sold:

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1			a.	Labor costs shall be limited to direct labor costs as defined in
2				paragraph (f) of this subsection;
3			b.	Bulk delivery costs as defined in paragraph (g) of this subsection
4				may be included; and
5			c.	Costs allowable under Section 263A of the Internal Revenue Code
6				may be included only to the extent the costs are incurred in
7				acquiring or producing the tangible product generating the
8				Kentucky gross receipts. Notwithstanding the foregoing, indirect
9				labor costs allowable under Section 263A shall not be included;
10		3.	For a	any activity other than manufacturing, producing, reselling, retailing,
11			or w	holesaling, no costs shall be included in cost of goods sold.
12		As u	ised in	this paragraph, "guidelines issued by the Internal Revenue Service"
13		inclu	udes r	egulations, private letter rulings, or any other guidance issued by the
14		Inter	rnal R	evenue Service that may be relied upon by taxpayers under reliance
15		stand	dards	established by the Internal Revenue Service;
16	(e)	1.	"Ker	ntucky gross profits" means Kentucky gross receipts reduced by
17			retur	rns and allowances attributable to Kentucky gross receipts, less the
18			cost	of goods sold attributable to Kentucky gross receipts. If the amount
19			of re	turns and allowances attributable to Kentucky gross receipts and the
20			cost	of goods sold attributable to Kentucky gross receipts is zero, then
21			"Ker	ntucky gross profits" means Kentucky gross receipts; and
22		2.	"Gro	oss profits from all sources" means gross receipts from all sources
23			redu	ced by returns and allowances attributable to gross receipts from all
24			sour	ces, less the cost of goods sold attributable to gross receipts from all
25			sour	ces. If the amount of returns and allowances attributable to gross
26			recei	ipts from all sources and the cost of goods sold attributable to gross
27			recei	ipts from all sources is zero, then gross profits from all sources

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means gross receipts from all sources;

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2		(f)	"Direct labor" means labor that is incorporated into the tangible product sold
3			or is an integral part of the manufacturing process;
4		(g)	"Bulk delivery costs" means the cost of delivering the product to the consumer
5			if:
6			1. The tangible product is delivered in bulk and requires specialized
7			equipment that generally precludes commercial shipping; and
8			2. The tangible product is taxable under KRS 138.220;
9		(h)	"Manufacturing" and "producing" means:
10			1. Manufacturing, producing, constructing, or assembling components to
11			produce a significantly different or enhanced end tangible product;
12			2. Mining or severing natural resources from the earth; or
13			3. Growing or raising agricultural or horticultural products or animals;
14		(i)	"Real property" means land and anything growing on, attached to, or erected
15			on it, excluding anything that may be severed without injury to the land;
16		(j)	"Reselling," "retailing," and "wholesaling" mean the sale of a tangible
17			product;
18		(k)	"Tangible personal property" means property, other than real property, that has
19			physical form and characteristics; and
20		(1)	"Tangible product" means real property and tangible personal property;
21	(2)	(a)	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, an annual limited
22			liability entity tax shall be paid by every corporation and every limited liability
23			pass-through entity doing business in Kentucky on all Kentucky gross receipts
24			or Kentucky gross profits except as provided in this subsection. A small
25			business exclusion from this tax shall be provided based on the reduction
26			contained in this subsection. The tax shall be the greater of the amount
27			computed under paragraph (b) of this subsection or one hundred seventy-five

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dollars (\$175), regardless of the application of any tax credits provided under this chapter or any other provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statutes for which the business entity may qualify.

- (b) The limited liability entity tax shall be the lesser of subparagraph 1, or 2, of this paragraph:
  - 1. a. If the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's gross receipts from all sources are three million dollars (\$3,000,000) or less, the limited liability entity tax shall be one hundred seventyfive dollars (\$175);
    - If the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's gross receipts from all sources are greater than three million dollars (\$3,000,000) but less than six million dollars (\$6,000,000), the limited liability entity tax shall be nine and one-half cents (\$0.095) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's Kentucky gross receipts reduced by an amount equal to two thousand eight hundred fifty dollars (\$2,850) multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is six million dollars (\$6,000,000) less the amount of the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's Kentucky gross receipts for the taxable year, and the denominator of which is three million dollars (\$3,000,000), but in no case shall the result be less than one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175);
    - If the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's gross c. receipts from all sources are equal to or greater than six million dollars (\$6,000,000), the limited liability entity tax shall be nine and one-half cents (\$0.095) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's Kentucky

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1			gross receipts.
2	2.	a.	If the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's gross
3			profits from all sources are three million dollars (\$3,000,000) or
4			less, the limited liability entity tax shall be one hundred seventy-
5			five dollars (\$175);
6		b.	If the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's gross
7			profits from all sources are at least three million dollars
8			(\$3,000,000) but less than six million dollars (\$6,000,000), the
9			limited liability entity tax shall be seventy-five cents (\$0.75) per
10			one hundred dollars (\$100) of the corporation's or limited liability
11			pass-through entity's Kentucky gross profits, reduced by an amount
12			equal to twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars (\$22,500)
13			multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is six million
14			dollars (\$6,000,000) less the amount of the corporation's or limited
15			liability pass-through entity's Kentucky gross profits, and the
16			denominator of which is three million dollars (\$3,000,000), but in
17			no case shall the result be less than one hundred seventy-five
18			dollars (\$175);
19		c.	If the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's gross
20			profits from all sources are equal to or greater than six million
21			dollars (\$6,000,000), the limited liability entity tax shall be
22			seventy-five cents (\$0.75) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of all of
23			the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's Kentucky
24			gross profits.
25	In o	detern	nining eligibility for the reductions contained in this paragraph, a
26	mer	nber	of <u>an affiliated</u> [a combined] group shall consider the
27	<u>tota</u>	<u>l[com</u>	bined] gross receipts and the total [combined] gross profits from all

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sources of the entire <u>affiliated</u>[combined] group, including eliminating entries for transactions among the group.

- (c) A credit shall be allowed against the tax imposed under paragraph (a) of this subsection for the current year to a corporation or limited liability pass-through entity that owns an interest in a limited liability pass-through entity. The credit shall be the proportionate share of tax calculated under this subsection by the lower-level pass-through entity, as determined after the amount of tax calculated by the pass-through entity has been reduced by the minimum tax of one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175). The credit shall apply across multiple layers of a multi-layered pass-through entity structure. The credit at each layer shall include the credit from each lower layer, after reduction for the minimum tax of one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175) at each layer.
- (d) The department may promulgate administrative regulations to establish a method for calculating the cost of goods sold attributable to Kentucky.
- (3) A nonrefundable credit based on the tax calculated under subsection (2) of this section shall be allowed against the tax imposed by KRS 141.020 or 141.040. The credit amount shall be determined as follows:
  - (a) The credit allowed a corporation subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 shall be equal to the amount of tax calculated under subsection (2) of this section for the current year after subtraction of any credits identified in KRS 141.0205, reduced by the minimum tax of one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175), plus any credit determined in paragraph (b) of this subsection for tax paid by wholly or partially owned limited liability pass-through entities. The amount of credit allowed to a corporation based on the amount of tax paid under subsection (2) of this section for the current year shall be applied to the income tax due from the corporation's activities in this state. Any remaining

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credit from	the corporation	on shall be	disallowed.

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- (b) The credit allowed members, shareholders, or partners of a limited liability pass-through entity shall be the members', shareholders', or partners' proportionate share of the tax calculated under subsection (2) of this section for the current year after subtraction of any credits identified in KRS 141.0205, as determined after the amount of tax paid has been reduced by the minimum tax of one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175). The credit allowed to members, shareholders, or partners of a limited liability pass-through entity shall be applied to income tax assessed on income from the limited liability pass-through entity. Any remaining credit from the limited liability pass-through entity shall be disallowed.
- 12 (4) Each taxpayer subject to the tax imposed in this section shall file a return, on forms
  13 prepared by the department, on or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month
  14 following the close of the taxpayer's taxable year. Any tax remaining due after
  15 making the payments required in KRS 141.044 shall be paid by the original due
  16 date of the return.
- 17 (5) The department shall prescribe forms and promulgate administrative regulations as 18 needed to administer the provisions of this section.
- 19 (6) The tax imposed by subsection (2) of this section shall not apply to:
- 20 (a) For taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2021:
  - Financial institutions, as defined in KRS 136.500, except banker's banks organized under KRS 287.135 or 286.3-135;
  - 2. Savings and loan associations organized under the laws of this state and under the laws of the United States and making loans to members only;
- 25 3. Banks for cooperatives;
- 26 4. Production credit associations;
- 5. Insurance companies, including farmers' or other mutual hail, cyclone,

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1		windstorm, or fire insurance companies, insurers, and reciprocal
2		underwriters;
3	6.	Corporations or other entities exempt under Section 501 of the Internal
4		Revenue Code;
5	7.	Religious, educational, charitable, or like corporations not organized or
6		conducted for pecuniary profit;
7	8.	Corporations whose only owned or leased property located in this state
8		is located at the premises of a printer with which it has contracted for
9		printing, provided that:
10		a. The property consists of the final printed product, or copy from
11		which the printed product is produced; and
12		b. The corporation has no individuals receiving compensation in this
13		state as provided in KRS 141.901;
14	9.	Public service corporations subject to tax under KRS 136.120;
15	10.	Open-end registered investment companies organized under the laws of
16		this state and registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940;
17	11.	Any property or facility which has been certified as a fluidized bed
18		energy production facility as defined in KRS 211.390;
19	12.	An alcohol production facility as defined in KRS 247.910;
20	13.	Real estate investment trusts as defined in Section 856 of the Internal
21		Revenue Code;
22	14.	Regulated investment companies as defined in Section 851 of the
23		Internal Revenue Code;
24	15.	Real estate mortgage investment conduits as defined in Section 860D of
25		the Internal Revenue Code;
26	16.	Personal service corporations as defined in Section 269A(b)(1) of the
27		Internal Revenue Code;

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1		17.	Cooperatives described in Sections 521 and 1381 of the Internal
2			Revenue Code, including farmers' agricultural and other cooperatives
3			organized or recognized under KRS Chapter 272, advertising
4			cooperatives, purchasing cooperatives, homeowners associations
5			including those described in Section 528 of the Internal Revenue Code,
6			political organizations as defined in Section 527 of the Internal Revenue
7			Code, and rural electric and rural telephone cooperatives; or
8		18.	Publicly traded partnerships as defined by Section 7704(b) of the
9			Internal Revenue Code that are treated as partnerships for federal tax
10			purposes under Section 7704(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, or their
11			publicly traded partnership affiliates. "Publicly traded partnership
12			affiliates" shall include any limited liability company or limited
13			partnership for which at least eighty percent (80%) of the limited
14			liability company member interests or limited partner interests are
15			owned directly or indirectly by the publicly traded partnership; and
16	(b)	For	taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2021:
17		1.	Insurance companies, including farmers' or other mutual hail, cyclone,
18			windstorm, or fire insurance companies, insurers, and reciprocal
19			underwriters;
20		2.	Corporations or other entities exempt under Section 501 of the Internal
21			Revenue Code;
22		3.	Religious, educational, charitable, or like corporations not organized or
23			conducted for pecuniary profit;
24		4.	Corporations whose only owned or leased property located in this state
25			is located at the premises of a printer with which it has contracted for
26			printing, provided that:

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a.

The property consists of the final printed product, or copy from

I		which the printed product is produced; and
2		b. The corporation has no individuals receiving compensation in this
3		state as provided in KRS 141.901;
4	5.	Public service corporations subject to tax under KRS 136.120;
5	6.	Open-end registered investment companies organized under the laws of
6		this state and registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940;
7	7.	Any property or facility which has been certified as a fluidized bed
8		energy production facility as defined in KRS 211.390;
9	8.	An alcohol production facility as defined in KRS 247.910;
10	9.	Real estate investment trusts as defined in Section 856 of the Internal
11		Revenue Code;
12	10.	Regulated investment companies as defined in Section 851 of the
13		Internal Revenue Code;
14	11.	Real estate mortgage investment conduits as defined in Section 860D of
15		the Internal Revenue Code;
16	12.	Personal service corporations as defined in Section 269A(b)(1) of the
17		Internal Revenue Code;
18	13.	Cooperatives described in Sections 521 and 1381 of the Internal
19		Revenue Code, including farmers' agricultural and other cooperatives
20		organized or recognized under KRS Chapter 272, advertising
21		cooperatives, purchasing cooperatives, homeowners associations
22		including those described in Section 528 of the Internal Revenue Code,
23		political organizations as defined in Section 527 of the Internal Revenue
24		Code, and rural electric and rural telephone cooperatives; or
25	14.	Publicly traded partnerships as defined by Section 7704(b) of the
26		Internal Revenue Code that are treated as partnerships for federal tax
27		purposes under Section 7704(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, or their

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publicly traded partnership affiliates. "Publicly traded partnership
affiliates" shall include any limited liability company or limited
partnership for which at least eighty percent (80%) of the limited
liability company member interests or limited partner interests are
owned directly or indirectly by the publicly traded partnership.

- (7) (a) As used in this subsection, "qualified exempt organization" means an entity listed in subsection (6)(a) and (b) of this section and shall not include any entity whose exempt status has been disallowed by the Internal Revenue Service.
  - (b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, any limited liability pass-through entity that is owned in whole or in part by a qualified exempt organization shall, in calculating its Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits, exclude the proportionate share of its Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the ownership interest of the qualified exempt organization.
  - (c) Any limited liability pass-through entity that reduces Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits in accordance with paragraph (b) of this subsection shall disregard the ownership interest of the qualified exempt organization in determining the amount of credit available under subsection (3) of this section.
  - (d) The Department of Revenue may promulgate an administrative regulation to further define "qualified exempt organization" to include an entity for which exemption is constitutionally or legally required, or to exclude any entity created primarily for tax avoidance purposes with no legitimate business purpose.
- (8) The credit permitted by subsection (3) of this section shall flow through multiple layers of limited liability pass-through entities and shall be claimed by the taxpayer

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1		who	ultimately pays the tax on the income of the limited liability pass-through
2		entit	ry.
3		<b>→</b> S	ection 9. KRS 141.044 is amended to read as follows:
4	(1)	For	taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, every corporation and
5		limi	ted liability pass-through entity subject to taxation under KRS 141.040 and
6		141.	.0401 shall make estimated tax payments if the taxes imposed by KRS 141.040
7		and	141.0401 for the taxable year can reasonably be expected to exceed five
8		thou	sand dollars (\$5,000).
9	(2)	Esti	mated tax payments for the taxes imposed under KRS 141.040 and 141.0401
10		shal	l be made at the same time and calculated in the same manner as estimated tax
11		payr	ments for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C. sec. 6655, except:
12		(a)	The estimated liabilities for the taxes imposed under KRS 141.040 and
13			141.0401 shall be used to make the estimated payments;
14		(b)	Any provisions in 26 U.S.C. sec. 6655 that apply for federal tax purposes but
15			do not apply to the taxes imposed under KRS 141.040 and 141.0401;
16		(c)	The addition to tax identified by 26 U.S.C. sec. 6655(a) shall instead be
17			considered a penalty under KRS 131.180;
18		(d)	The tax interest rate identified under KRS 131.183 shall be used to determine
19			the underpayment rate instead of the rate under 26 U.S.C. sec. 6621;[ and]
20		(e)	Any waiver of penalties shall be performed as provided in KRS 131.175; and
21		<u>(f)</u>	1. A refund of taxes collected under this section shall include interest at
22			the tax interest rate as defined in KRS 131.010(6).
23			2. Interest shall not begin to accrue until ninety (90) days after the latest
24			<u>of:</u>
25			a. The due date of the return;
26			b. The date the return was filed;
27			c. The date the tax was paid;

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1			<u>d. The la</u>	ist day prescribed by law for filing the return; or
2			e. The d	ate an amended return claiming a refund is filed.
3			3. No refund	shall be made of any estimated tax paid unless a return is
4			<u>filed as requ</u>	uired by this chapter.
5	(3)	The	lepartment may	promulgate administrative regulations to implement this
6		secti	n.	
7		<b>→</b> S	tion 10. KRS 14	41.121 is amended to read as follows:
8	(1)	As u	ed in this section:	
9		(a)	'Affiliated airline	e" means an airline:
10			1. For which a	a qualified air freight forwarder facilitates air transportation;
11			and	
12			2. That is in th	ne same affiliated group as a qualified air freight forwarder;
13		(b)	'Affiliated group	" has the same meaning as in <u>Section 11 of this Act</u> [KRS
14			<del>141.200]</del> ;	
15		(c)	'Kentucky revent	ue passenger miles" means the total revenue passenger miles
16			within the borde	rs of Kentucky for all flight stages that either originate or
17			erminate in this s	state;
18		(d)	'Passenger airlin	e" means a person or corporation engaged primarily in the
19			carriage by aircra	ft of passengers in interstate commerce;
20		(e)	'Provider" means	any corporation engaged in the business of providing:
21			1. Communica	ations service as defined in KRS 136.602;
22			2. Cable service	ce as defined in KRS 136.602; or
23			3. Internet acc	ess as defined in 47 U.S.C. sec. 151;
24		(f)	'Qualified air frei	ight forwarder" means a person that:
25			1. Is engaged	primarily in the facilitation of the transportation of property
26			by air;	
27			2. Does not its	self operate aircraft; and

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1			3. Is in the same affiliated group as an affiliated airline; and	
2		(g)	"Revenue passenger miles" means miles calculated in accordance with	n 14
3			C.F.R. Part 241.	
4	(2)	(a)	For purposes of apportioning business income to this state for taxable y	ears/
5			beginning prior to January 1, 2018:	
6			1. Passenger airlines shall determine the property, payroll, and sales fac	ctors
7			as follows:	
8			a. Except as modified by this subdivision, the property factor sha	ll be
9			determined as provided in KRS 141.901. Aircraft operated	by a
10			passenger airline shall be included in both the numerator	and
11			denominator of the property factor. Aircraft shall be include	d in
12			the numerator of the property factor by determining the produc	t of:
13			i. The total average value of the aircraft operated by	the
14			passenger airline; and	
15			ii. A fraction, the numerator of which is the Kentucky reve	enue
16			passenger miles of the passenger airline for the taxable	year
17			and the denominator of which is the total revenue passe	nger
18			miles of the passenger airline for the taxable year;	
19			b. Except as modified by this subdivision, the payroll factor sha	ll be
20			determined as provided in KRS 141.901. Compensation	paid
21			during the tax period by a passenger airline to flight perso	nnel
22			shall be included in the numerator of the payroll factor	r by
23			determining the product of:	
24			i The total amount paid during the taxable year to f	light
25			personnel; and	
26			ii. A fraction, the numerator of which is the Kentucky revo	enue
27			passenger miles of the passenger airline for the taxable	year

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1			and the denominator of which is the total revenue passenger
2			miles of the passenger airline for the taxable year; and
3		c.	Except as modified by this subdivision, the sales factor shall be
4			determined as provided in KRS 141.901. Transportation
5			revenues shall be included in the numerator of the sales
6			factor by determining the product of:
7			i The total transportation revenues of the passenger airline for
8			the taxable year; and
9			ii. A fraction, the numerator of which is the Kentucky revenue
10			passenger miles for the taxable year and the denominator of
11			which is the total revenue passenger miles for the taxable
12			year; and
13	2.	Qua	ified air freight forwarders shall determine the property, payroll,
14		and	sales factors as follows:
15		a.	The property factor shall be determined as provided in KRS
16			141.901;
17		b.	The payroll factor shall be determined as provided in KRS
18			141.901; and
19		c.	Except as modified by this subparagraph, the sales factor shall be
20			determined as provided in KRS 141.901. Freight forwarding
21			revenues shall be included in the numerator of the sales factor by
22			determining the product of:
23			i. The total freight forwarding revenues of the qualified air
24			freight forwarder for the taxable year; and
25			ii. A fraction, the numerator of which is miles operated in
26			Kentucky by the affiliated airline and the denominator of
27			which is the total miles operated by the affiliated airline.

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(b) For purposes of apportioning income to this state for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, except as modified by this paragraph, the apportionment fraction shall be determined as provided in KRS 141.120, except that:

- Transportation revenues shall be determined to be in this state by
  multiplying the total transportation revenues by a fraction, the numerator
  of which is the Kentucky revenue passenger miles for the taxable year
  and the denominator of which is the total revenue passenger miles for
  the taxable year; and
- 2. Freight forwarding revenues shall be determined to be in this state by multiplying the total freight forwarding revenues by a fraction, the numerator of which is miles operated in Kentucky by the affiliated airline and the denominator of which is the total miles operated by the affiliated airline.
- (3) For purposes of apportioning income to this state for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, the apportionment fraction for a provider shall continue to be calculated using a three (3) factor formula as provided in KRS 141.901.
- (4) (a) A corporation may elect the allocation and apportionment methods for the corporation's apportionable income provided for in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subsection. The election, if made, shall be irrevocable for a period of five (5) years.
  - (b) All business income derived directly or indirectly from the sale of management, distribution, or administration services to or on behalf of regulated investment companies, as defined under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, including trustees, and sponsors or participants of employee benefit plans which have accounts in a regulated investment company, shall be apportioned to this state only to the extent that shareholders

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of the investment company are domiciled in this state as follows:

1. Total apportionable income shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which shall be Kentucky receipts from the services for the tax period and the denominator of which shall be the total receipts everywhere from the services for the tax period;

- 2. For purposes of subparagraph 1. of this paragraph, Kentucky receipts shall be determined by multiplying total receipts for the taxable year from each separate investment company for which the services are performed by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction shall be the average of the number of shares owned by the investment company's shareholders domiciled in this state at the beginning of and at the end of the investment company's taxable year, and the denominator of the fraction shall be the average of the number of the shares owned by the investment company shareholders everywhere at the beginning of and at the end of the investment company's taxable year; and
- 3. Nonapportionable income shall be allocated to this state as provided in KRS 141.120.
- (c) All apportionable income derived directly or indirectly from the sale of securities brokerage services by a business which operates within the boundaries of any area of the Commonwealth, which on June 30, 1992, was designated as a Kentucky Enterprise Zone, as described in KRS 154.655(2) before that statute was renumbered in 1992, shall be apportioned to this state only to the extent that customers of the securities brokerage firm are domiciled in this state. The portion of business income apportioned to Kentucky shall be determined by multiplying the total business income from the sale of these services by a fraction determined in the following manner:
  - 1. The numerator of the fraction shall be the brokerage commissions and

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1			total margin interest paid in respect of brokerage accounts owned by
2			customers domiciled in Kentucky for the brokerage firm's taxable year;
3			2. The denominator of the fraction shall be the brokerage commissions and
4			total margin interest paid in respect of brokerage accounts owned by all
5			of the brokerage firm's customers for that year; and
6			3. Nonapportionable income shall be allocated to this state as provided in
7			KRS 141.120.
8	(5)	Publ	ic service companies and financial organizations required by KRS 141.010 to
9		allo	cate and apportion net income shall allocate and apportion that income as
10		follo	ows:
11		(a)	Nonapportionable income shall be allocated to this state as provided in KRS
12			141.120;
13		(b)	Apportionable income shall be apportioned to this state as provided by KRS
14			141.120. Receipts shall be determined as provided by administrative
15			regulations promulgated by the department; and
16		(c)	An affiliated group required to file a consolidated return under <b>Section 11 of</b>
17			this Act[KRS 141.200] that includes a public service company, a provider of
18			communications services or multichannel video programming services as
19			defined in KRS 136.602, or a financial organization shall determine the
20			amount of receipts as provided by administrative regulations promulgated by
21			the department.
22	(6)	A co	orporation:
23		(a)	That owns an interest in a limited liability pass-through entity; or
24		(b)	That owns an interest in a general partnership;
25		shal	l include the proportionate share of receipts of the limited liability pass-through
26		entit	y or general partnership when apportioning income. The phrases "an interest in
27		a lir	nited liability pass-through entity" and "an interest in a general partnership"

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1		shall	extend to each level of multiple-tiered pass-through entities.		
2	(7)	The	The department shall promulgate administrative regulations to detail the sourcing of		
3		the f	following receipts related to financial institutions:		
4		(a)	Receipts from the lease of real property;		
5		(b)	Receipts from the lease of tangible personal property;		
6		(c)	Interest, fees, and penalties imposed in connection with loans secured by real		
7			property;		
8		(d)	Interest, fees, and penalties imposed in connection with loans not secured by		
9			real property;		
10		(e)	Net gains from the sale of loans;		
11		(f)	Receipts from fees, interest, and penalties charged to card holders;		
12		(g)	Net gains from the sale of credit card receivables;		
13		(h)	Card issuer's reimbursement fees;		
14		(i)	Receipts from merchant discount;		
15		(j)	Receipts from ATM fees;		
16		(k)	Receipts from loan servicing fees;		
17		(l)	Receipts from other services;		
18		(m)	Receipts from the financial institution's investment assets and activity and		
19			trading assets and activity; and		
20		(n)	All other receipts.		
21		<b>→</b> Se	ection 11. KRS 141.201 is amended to read as follows:		
22	(1)	This	section shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019.		
23	(2)	As u	sed in this section:		
24		(a)	"Affiliated group" means affiliated group as defined in Section 1504(a) of the		
25			Internal Revenue Code and related regulations;		
26		(b)	"Consolidated return" means a Kentucky corporation income tax return filed		

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by members of an affiliated group in accordance with this section[. The

1			determinations and computations required by this chapter shall be made in
2			accordance with Section 1502 of the Internal Revenue Code and related
3			regulations, except as required by differences between this chapter and the
4			Internal Revenue Code. Corporations exempt from taxation under KRS
5			141.040 shall not be included in the return];
6		(c)	"Separate return" means a Kentucky corporation income tax return in which
7			only the transactions and activities of a single corporation are considered in
8			making all determinations and computations necessary to calculate taxable net
9			income, tax due, and credits allowed in accordance with this chapter;
10		(d)	"Corporation" means "corporation" as defined in Section 7701(a)(3) of the
11			Internal Revenue Code; and
12		(e)	"Election period" means the forty-eight (48) month period provided for in
13			subsection (4)(d) of this section.
14	(3)	Eve	ry corporation doing business in this state, except those corporations listed as
15		exer	npt from taxation under KRS 141.040(1)(a) and (b), shall, for each taxable
16		year	
17		(a)	1. File a combined report, if the corporation is a member of unitary
18			business group as provided in KRS 141.202; or
19			2. Make an election to file a consolidated return with all members of the
20			affiliated group as provided in this section; or
21		(b)	File a separate return, if paragraph (a) of this subsection does not apply.
22	(4)	(a)	An affiliated group, whether or not filing a federal consolidated return, may
23			elect to file a consolidated return which includes all members of the affiliated
24			group.
25		(b)	<u>1.</u> An affiliated group electing to file a consolidated return under paragraph
26			(a) of this subsection shall be treated for all purposes as a single
27			corporation under this chapter.

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1			2. The determinations and computations required by this chapter shall
2			be made in accordance with Section 1502 of the Internal Revenue
3			Code and related regulations, except as required by differences
4			between this chapter and the Internal Revenue Code.
5			3. Corporations listed as exempt from taxation under KRS 141.040(1)(a)
6			and (b) shall not be included in the return.
7			4. All transactions between corporations included in the consolidated
8			return shall be eliminated in computing net income as provided in KRS
9			141.039(2), and determining the apportionment fraction in accordance
10			with KRS 141.120.
11		(c)	Any election made in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be
12			made on a form prescribed by the department and shall be submitted to the
13			department on or before the due date of the return, including extensions, for
14			the first taxable year for which the election is made.
15		(d)	Any election to file a consolidated return pursuant to paragraph (a) of this
16			subsection shall be binding on both the department and the affiliated group for
17			a period beginning with the first month of the first taxable year for which the
18			election is made and ending with the conclusion of the taxable year in which
19			the forty-eighth consecutive calendar month expires.
20		(e)	For each taxable year for which an affiliated group has made an election
21			provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection, the consolidated return shall
22			include all corporations which are members of the affiliated group.
23	(5)	Each	n corporation included as part of an affiliated group filing a consolidated return
24		shall	l be jointly and severally liable for the income tax liability computed on the
25		cons	solidated return, except that any corporation which was not a member of the
26		affil	iated group for the entire taxable year shall be jointly and severally liable only
27		for t	hat portion of the Kentucky consolidated income tax liability attributable to that

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portion of the year that the corporation was a member of the affiliated group.

information and data necessary for computation of the tax.

(6) Every corporation return or report required by this chapter shall be executed by one
(1) of the following officers of the corporation: the president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, assistant secretary, assistant treasurer, or chief accounting officer. The department may require a further or supplemental report of further

(7) In the case of a corporation doing business in this state that carries on transactions with stockholders or with other corporations related by stock ownership, by interlocking directorates, or by some other method, the department shall require information necessary to make possible accurate assessment of the income derived by the corporation from sources within this state. To make possible this assessment, the department may require the corporation to file supplementary returns showing information respecting the business of any or all individuals and corporations related by one (1) or more of these methods to the corporation. The department may require the return to show in detail the record of transactions between the

→ Section 12. KRS 141.202 is amended to read as follows:

18 (1) This section shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019.

corporation and any or all other related corporations or individuals.

19 (2) As used in this section:

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- 20 (a) "Combined group" means the group of all corporations whose income and
  21 apportionment factors are required to be taken into account as provided in
  22 subsection (3) of this section in determining the taxpayer's share of the net
  23 income or loss apportionable to this state. A combined group shall include
  24 only corporations, the voting stock of which is more than fifty percent (50%)
  25 owned, directly or indirectly, by a common owner or owners;
  - (b) "Corporation" has the same meaning as in KRS 141.010, including an organization of any kind treated as a corporation for tax purposes under KRS

1		141.040, v	wherever located, which if it were doing business in this state would
2		be a taxpa	ayer, and the business conducted by a pass-through entity which is
3		directly or	indirectly held by a corporation shall be considered the business of
4		the corpor	ration to the extent of the corporation's distributive share of the pass-
5		through er	ntity income, inclusive of guaranteed payments;
6	(c)	"Doing bu	siness in a tax haven" means being engaged in activity sufficient for
7		that tax ha	aven jurisdiction to impose a tax under United States constitutional
8		standards;	
9	(d)	1. "Tax	haven" means a jurisdiction that, during the taxable year has no or
10		nom	inal effective tax on the relevant income and:
11		a.	Has laws or practices that prevent effective exchange of
12			information for tax purposes with other governments on taxpayers
13			benefitting from the tax regime;
14		b.	Has a tax regime which lacks transparency. A tax regime lacks
15			transparency if the details of legislative, legal, or administrative
16			provisions are not open and apparent or are not consistently
17			applied among similarly situated taxpayers, or if the information
18			needed by tax authorities to determine a taxpayer's correct tax
19			liability, such as accounting records and underlying
20			documentation, is not adequately available;
21		c.	Facilitates the establishment of foreign-owned entities without the
22			need for a local substantive presence or prohibits these entities
23			from having any commercial impact on the local economy;
24		d.	Explicitly or implicitly excludes the jurisdiction's resident
25			taxpayers from taking advantage of the tax regime's benefits or
26			prohibits enterprises that benefit from the regime from operating in
27			the jurisdiction's domestic market; or

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1			e. Has created a tax regime which is favorable for tax avoidance,
2			based upon an overall assessment of relevant factors, including
3			whether the jurisdiction has a significant untaxed offshore
4			financial or other services sector relative to its overall economy.
5			2. "Tax haven" does not include a jurisdiction that has entered into a
6			comprehensive income tax treaty with the United States, which the
7			Secretary of the Treasury has determined is satisfactory for purposes of
8			Section 1(h)(11)(C)(i)(II) of the Internal Revenue Code;
9		(e)	"Taxpayer" means any corporation subject to the tax imposed under this
10			chapter;
11		(f)	"Unitary business" means a single economic enterprise that is made up either
12			of separate parts of a single corporation or of a commonly controlled group of
13			corporations that are sufficiently interdependent, integrated, and interrelated
14			through their activities so as to provide a synergy and mutual benefit that
15			produces a sharing or exchange of value among them and a significant flow of
16			value to the separate parts. For purposes of this section, the term "unitary
17			business" shall be broadly construed, to the extent permitted by the United
18			States Constitution; and
19		(g)	"United States" means the fifty (50) states of the United States, the District of
20			Columbia, and United States' territories and possessions.
21	(3)	(a)	Except as provided in KRS 141.201, a taxpayer engaged in a unitary business
22			with one (1) or more other corporations shall file a combined report which
23			includes the income, determined under subsection (5) of this section, and the
24			apportionment fraction, determined under KRS 141.120 and paragraph (d) of

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shall be filed on a waters-edge basis under subsection (8) of this section.

this subsection, of all corporations that are members of the unitary business,

and any other information as required by the department. The combined report

(b) The department may, by administrative regulation, require that the combined report include the income and associated apportionment factors of any corporations that are not included as provided by paragraph (a) of this subsection, but that are members of a unitary business, in order to reflect proper apportionment of income of the entire unitary businesses. Authority to require combination by administrative regulation under this paragraph includes authority to require combination of corporations that are not, or would not be combined, if the corporation were doing business in this state.

- (c) In addition, if the department determines that the reported income or loss of a taxpayer engaged in a unitary business with any corporation not included as provided by paragraph (a) of this subsection represents an avoidance or evasion of tax by the taxpayer, the department may, on a case-by-case basis, require all or any part of the income and associated apportionment factors of the corporation be included in the taxpayer's combined report.
- (d) With respect to the inclusion of associated apportionment factors as provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection, the department may require the inclusion of any one (1) or more additional factors which will fairly represent the taxpayer's business activity in this state, or the employment of any other method to effectuate a proper reflection of the total amount of income subject to apportionment and an equitable allocation and apportionment of the taxpayer's income.
- (e) A unitary business shall consider the combined gross receipts and combined income from all sources of all members under subsection (8) of this section, including eliminating entries for transactions among the members under subsection (8)(e) of this section.
- (f) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) to (e) of this subsection, a consolidated return may be filed as provided in KRS 141.201 if the taxpayer makes an election

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	1	according to KRS 141.	201.
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The use of a combined report does not disregard the separate identities of the (4) 3 taxpayer members of the combined group. Each taxpayer member is responsible for tax based on its taxable income or loss apportioned or allocated to this state, which shall include, in addition to the other types of income, the taxpayer member's share 6 of apportionable income of the combined group, where apportionable income of the combined group is calculated as a summation of the individual net incomes of all 8 members of the combined group. A member's net income is determined by removing all but apportionable income, expense, and loss from that member's total 10 income as provided in subsection (5) of this section.

- 11 (5) Each taxpayer member is responsible for tax based on its taxable income or (a) 12 loss apportioned or allocated to this state, which shall include:
  - Its share of any income apportionable to this state of each of the 1. combined groups of which it is a member, determined under subsection (6) of this section;
  - 2. Its share of any income apportionable to this state of a distinct business activity conducted within and without the state wholly by the taxpayer member, determined under KRS 141.120;
  - 3. Its income from a business conducted wholly by the taxpayer member entirely within the state;
  - 4. Its income sourced to this state from the sale or exchange of capital or assets, and from involuntary conversions, as determined under subsection (8)(g)(k) of this section;
  - 5. Its nonapportionable income or loss allocable to this state, determined under KRS 141.120;
  - 6. Its income or loss allocated or apportioned in an earlier year, required to be taken into account as state source income during the income year,

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other than a net operating loss; and

7. Its net operating loss carryover.

(b) No tax credit or post-apportionment deduction earned by one (1) member of the group, but not fully used by or allowed to that member, may be used in whole or in part by another member of the group or applied in whole or in part against the total income of the combined group, except as provided in paragraph (c) of this subsection.

- (c) If the taxable income computed pursuant to KRS 141.039 results in a net loss for a taxpayer member of the combined group, that taxpayer member has a Kentucky net operating loss, subject to the net operating loss limitations and carry forward provisions of KRS 141.011. No prior year net operating loss carryforward shall be available to entities that were not doing business in this state in the year in which the loss was incurred. A Kentucky net operating loss carryover incurred by a taxpayer member of a combined group shall be deducted from income or loss apportioned to this state pursuant to this section as follows:
  - 1. For taxable years beginning on or after the first day of the initial taxable year for which a combined unitary tax return is required under this section, if the computation of a combined group's Kentucky net income before apportionment to this state results in a net operating loss, a taxpayer member of the group may carry over its share of the net operating loss as apportioned to this state, as calculated under this section and in accordance with KRS 141.120 or 141.121, and it shall be deductible from a taxpayer member's apportioned net income derived from the unitary business in a future tax year to the extent that the carryover and deduction is otherwise consistent with KRS 141.011;
  - 2. Where a taxpayer member of a combined group has a Kentucky net

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operating loss carryover derived from a loss incurred by a combined group in a tax year beginning on or after the first day of the initial tax year for which a combined unitary tax return is required under this section, then the taxpayer member may share the net operating loss carryover with other taxpayer members of the combined group if the other taxpayer members were members of the combined group in the tax year that the loss was incurred. Any amount of net operating loss carryover that is deducted by another taxpayer member of the combined group shall reduce the amount of net operating loss carryover that may be carried over by the taxpayer member that originally incurred the loss;

3. Where a taxpayer member of a combined group has a net operating loss

where a taxpayer member of a combined group has a net operating loss carryover derived from a loss incurred in a tax year prior to the initial tax year for which a combined unitary tax return is required under this section, the carryover shall remain available to be deducted by that taxpayer member and any other taxpayer members of the combined group, but in no case shall the deduction reduce any taxpayer member's Kentucky apportioned taxable income by more than fifty percent (50%) in any taxable year, other than the taxpayer member that originally incurred the net operating loss, in which case no limitation is provided except as provided by Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code. Any net operating loss carryover that is not utilized in a particular taxable year shall be carried over by the taxpayer member that generated the loss and utilized in the future consistent with the limitations of this subparagraph; or

4. Where a taxpayer member of a combined group has a net operating loss carryover derived from a loss incurred in a tax year during which the taxpayer member was not a taxpayer member of the combined group, the

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carryover shall remain available to be deducted by that taxpayer member or other taxpayer members, but in no case shall the deduction reduce any taxpayer member's Kentucky apportioned taxable income by more than fifty percent (50%) in any taxable year, other than the taxpayer member that originally incurred the net operating loss, in which case no limitation is provided except as provided by Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code. Any net operating loss carryover that is not utilized in a particular taxable year, shall be carried over by the taxpayer member that generated the loss and utilized in the future consistent with the limitations of this subparagraph.

- 11 (6) The taxpayer's share of the business income apportionable to this state of each combined group of which it is a member shall be the product of:
  - (a) The apportionable income of the combined group, determined under subsection (7) of this section; and
  - (b) The taxpayer member's apportionment fraction, determined under KRS 141.120, including in the sales factor numerator the taxpayer's sales associated with the combined group's unitary business in this state, and including in the denominator the sales of all members of the combined group, including the taxpayer, which sales are associated with the combined group's unitary business wherever located. The sales of a pass-through entity shall be included in the determination of the partner's apportionment percentage in proportion to a ratio, the numerator of which is the amount of the partner's distributive share of the pass-through entity's unitary income included in the income of the combined group as provided in subsection (8) of this section and the denominator of which is the amount of pass-through entity's total unitary income.
  - (7) The apportionable income of a combined group is determined as follows:

(a) The total income of the combined group is the sum of the income of each member of the combined group determined under federal income tax laws, as adjusted for state purposes, as if the member were not consolidated for federal purposes; and

- (b) From the total income of the combined group determined under subsection (8) of this section, subtract any income and add any expense or loss, other than the apportionable income, expense, or loss of the combined group.
- (8) To determine the total income of the combined group, taxpayer members shall take into account all or a portion of the income and apportionment factor of only the following members otherwise included in the combined group as provided in subsection (3) of this section:
  - (a) The entire income and apportionment percentage of any member, incorporated in the United States or formed under the laws of any state, the District of Columbia, or any territory or possession of the United States, that earns less than eighty percent (80%) of its income from sources outside of the United States, the District of Columbia, or any territory or possession of the United States;
  - (b) Any member that earns more than twenty percent (20%) of its income, directly or indirectly, from intangible property or service related activities that are deductible against the apportionable income of other members of the combined group, to the extent of that income and the apportionment factor related to that income. If a non-United States corporation is includible as a member in the combined group, to the extent that the non-United States corporation's income is excluded from United States taxation pursuant to the provisions of a comprehensive income tax treaty, the income or loss is not includible in the combined group's net income or loss. The member's expenses or apportionment factors attributable to income that is excluded from United

1		States taxation pursuant to the provisions of a comprehensive income tax
2		treaty are not to be included in the combined report;
3	(c)	The entire income and apportionment factor of any member that is doing
4		business in a tax haven. If the member's business activity within a tax haven is
5		entirely outside the scope of the laws, provisions, and practices that cause the
6		jurisdiction to meet the definition established in subsection (2)(d) of this
7		section, the activity of the member shall be treated as not having been
8		conducted in a tax haven;
9	(d)	If a unitary business includes income from a pass-through entity, the income
10		to be included in the total income of the combined group shall be the member
11		of the combined group's direct and indirect distributive share of the pass-
12		through entity's unitary income;
13	(e)	Income from an intercompany transaction between members of the same
14		combined group shall be deferred in a manner similar to 26 C.F.R. 1.1502-13.
15		Upon the occurrence of any of the following events, deferred income resulting
16		from an intercompany transaction between members of a combined group
17		shall be restored to the income of the seller, and shall be apportionable income
18		earned immediately before the event:
19		1. The object of a deferred intercompany transaction is:
20		a. Resold by the buyer to an entity that is not a member of the
21		combined group;
22		b. Resold by the buyer to an entity that is a member of the combined
23		group for use outside the unitary business in which the buyer and
24		seller are engaged; or
25		c. Converted by the buyer to a use outside the unitary business in

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The buyer and seller are no longer members of the same combined

which the buyer and seller are engaged; or

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group, regardless of whether the members remain unitary;

(f) A charitable expense incurred by a member of a combined group shall, to the extent allowable as a deduction provided by Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code, be subtracted first from the apportionable income of the combined group, subject to the income limitations of that section applied to the entire apportionable income of the group, and any remaining amount shall then be treated as a nonapportionable expense allocable to the member that incurred the expense, subject to the income limitations of that section applied to the nonapportionable income of that specific member. Any charitable deduction disallowed under this paragraph, but allowed as a carryover deduction in a subsequent year, shall be treated as originally incurred in the subsequent year by the same member, and this paragraph shall apply in the subsequent year in determining the allowable deduction in that year;

- (g) Gain or loss from the sale or exchange of capital assets, property described by Section 1231(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and property subject to an involuntary conversion shall be removed from the total separate net income of each member of a combined group and shall be apportioned and allocated as follows:
  - 1. For each class of gain or loss, including short-term capital, long-term capital, Internal Revenue Code Section 1231, and involuntary conversions, all members' gain and loss for the class shall be combined, without netting between the classes, and each class of net gain or loss separately apportioned to each member using the member's apportionment percentage determined under subsection (6) of this section;
  - 2. Each taxpayer member shall then net its apportioned business gain or loss for all classes, including any apportioned gain and loss from other

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combined groups, against the taxpayer member's nonapportionable gain
and loss for all classes allocated to this state, using the rules of Sections
1231 and 1222 of the Internal Revenue Code, without regard to any of
the taxpayer member's gains or losses from the sale or exchange of
capital assets, Internal Revenue Code Section 1231 property, and
involuntary conversions which are nonapportionable items allocated to
another state;
Any resulting state source income or loss, if the loss is not subject to the

- 3. Any resulting state source income or loss, if the loss is not subject to the limitations of Section 1211 of the Internal Revenue Code, of a taxpayer member produced by the application of subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this paragraph shall then be applied to all other state source income or loss of that member; and
- 4. Any resulting state source loss of a member that is subject to the limitations of Section 1211 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be carried forward by that member, and shall be treated as state source short-term capital loss incurred by that member for the year for which the carryover applies; and
- (h) Any expense of one (1) member of the unitary group which is directly or indirectly attributable to the nonapportionable or exempt income of another member of the unitary group shall be allocated to that other member as corresponding nonapportionable or exempt expense, as appropriate.
- (9) (a) As a filing convenience, and without changing the respective liability of the group members, members of a combined reporting group shall annually designate one (1) taxpayer member of the combined group to file a single return in the form and manner prescribed by the department, in lieu of filing their own respective returns.
- (b) The taxpayer member designated to file the single return shall consent to act

1			as surety	with respect to the tax liability of all other taxpayers properly
2			included in	the combined report, and shall agree to act as agent on behalf of
3			those taxp	ayers for the taxable year for matters relating to the combined
4			report. If	for any reason the surety is unwilling or unable to perform its
5			responsibil	ities, tax liability may be assessed against the taxpayer members.
6		→S	ction 13. I	KRS 141.205 is amended to read as follows:
7	(1)	Asι	sed in this s	ection:
8		(a)	"Intangible	property" means franchises, patents, patent applications, trade
9			names, trac	demarks, service marks, copyrights, trade secrets, and similar types
10			of intangib	le assets;
11		(b)	"Intangible	expenses" includes the following only to the extent that the
12			amounts ar	re allowed as deductions or costs in determining taxable net income
13			before the	application of any net operating loss deduction provided under
14			Chapter 1	of the Internal Revenue Code:
15			1. Expe	nses, losses, and costs for, related to, or in connection directly or
16			indire	ectly with the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance,
17			mana	gement, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
18			intan	gible property;
19			2. Losse	es related to, or incurred in connection directly or indirectly with,
20			facto	ring transactions or discounting transactions;
21			3. Roya	lty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;
22			4. Licer	asing fees; and
23			5. Other	r similar expenses and costs;
24		(c)	"Intangible	interest expense" means only those amounts which are directly or
25			indirectly a	allowed as deductions under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue
26			Code for j	purposes of determining taxable income under that code, to the

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extent that the amounts are directly or indirectly for, related to, or connected

1		to the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance, management,
2		ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property;
3	(d)	"Management fees" includes but is not limited to expenses and costs paid for
4		services pertaining to accounts receivable and payable, employee benefit
5		plans, insurance, legal, payroll, data processing, purchasing, tax, financial and
6		securities, accounting, reporting and compliance services or similar services,
7		only to the extent that the amounts are allowed as a deduction or cost in
8		determining taxable net income before application of the net operating loss
9		deduction for the taxable year provided under Chapter 1 of the Internal
10		Revenue Code;
11	(e)	"Affiliated group" has the same meaning as [provided] in Section 11 of this
12		<u>Act</u> [KRS 141.200];
13	(f)	"Foreign corporation" means a corporation that is organized under the laws of
14		a country other than the United States and that would be a related member if it
15		were a domestic corporation;
16	(g)	"Related member" means a person that, with respect to the entity during all or
17		any portion of the taxable year, is:
18		1. A person or entity that has, directly or indirectly, at least fifty percent
19		(50%) of the equity ownership interest in the taxpayer, as determined
20		under Section 318 of the Internal Revenue Code;
21		2. A component member as defined in Section 1563(b) of the Internal
22		Revenue Code;
23		3. A person to or from whom there is attribution of stock ownership in
24		accordance with Section 1563(e) of the Internal Revenue Code; or
25		4. A person that, notwithstanding its form of organization, bears the same
26		relationship to the taxpayer as a person described in subparagraphs 1. to

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3. of this paragraph;

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1		(h)	"Recipient" means a related member or foreign corporation to whom the item			
2			of income that corresponds to the intangible interest expense, the intangible			
3			expense, or the management fees, is paid;			
4		(i)	"Unrelated party" means a person that has no direct, indirect, beneficial or			
5			constructive ownership interest in the recipient; and in which the recipient has			
6			no direct, indirect, beneficial or constructive ownership interest;			
7		(j)	"Disclosure" means that the entity shall provide the following information to			
8			the Department of Revenue with its tax return regarding a related party			
9			transaction:			
10			1. The name of the recipient;			
11			2. The state or country of domicile of the recipient;			
12			3. The amount paid to the recipient; and			
13			4. A description of the nature of the payment made to the recipient;			
14		(k)	"Other related party transaction" means a transaction which:			
15			1. Is undertaken by an entity which was not required to file a consolidated			
16			return under Section 11 of this Act[KRS 141.200];			
17			2. Is undertaken by an entity, directly or indirectly, with one (1) or more of			
18			its stockholders, members, partners, or affiliated entities; and			
19			3. Is not within the scope of subsections (2) and (3) of this section;			
20		(l)	"Related party costs" means intangible expense, intangible interest expense,			
21			management fees and any costs or expenses associated with other related party			
22			transactions; and			
23		(m)	"Entity" means any taxpayer other than a natural person.			
24	(2)	An e	entity subject to the tax imposed by this chapter shall not be allowed to deduct			
25		an ir	an intangible expense, an intangible interest expense, or a management fee directly			
26		or in	directly paid, accrued or incurred to, or in connection directly or indirectly with			

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one (1) or more direct or indirect transactions with one (1) or more related members

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1		or w	ith a foreign corporation as defined in subsection (1) of this section, or with an				
2		entit	entity that would be included in the affiliated group based upon ownership interest				
3		if it	were organized as a corporation.				
4	(3)	The	disallowance of deductions provided by subsection (2) of this section shall not				
5		appl	y if:				
6		(a)	The entity and the recipient are both included in the same consolidated				
7			Kentucky corporation income tax return for the relevant taxable year; or				
8		(b)	The entity makes a disclosure, and establishes by a preponderance of the				
9			evidence that:				
10			1. The payment made to the recipient was subject to, in its state or country				
11			of commercial domicile, a net income tax, or a franchise tax measured				
12			by, in whole or in part, net income. If the recipient is a foreign				
13			corporation, the foreign nation shall have in force a comprehensive				
14			income tax treaty with the United States; and				
15			2. The recipient is engaged in substantial business activities separate and				
16			apart from the acquisition, use, licensing, management, ownership, sale,				
17			exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property, or in the				
18			financing of related members, as evidenced by the maintenance of				
19			permanent office space and full-time employees dedicated to the				
20			maintenance and protection of intangible property; and				
21			3. The transaction giving rise to the intangible interest expense, intangible				
22			expense, or management fees between the entity and the recipient was				
23			made at a commercially reasonable rate and at terms comparable to an				
24			arm's-length transaction; or				
25		(c)	The entity makes a disclosure, and establishes by preponderance of the				
26			evidence that the recipient regularly engages in transactions with one (1) or				
27			more unrelated parties on terms identical to that of the subject transaction; or				

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1 (d) The entity and the Department of Revenue agree in writing to the application 2 or use of an alternative method of apportionment under KRS 141.120.

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- (4) An entity subject to the tax imposed by this chapter may deduct expenses or costs associated with an other related party transaction only in an amount equal to the amount which would have resulted if the other related party transaction had been carried out at arm's length. In any dispute between the department and the entity with respect to the amount which would have resulted if the transaction had been carried out at arm's length, the entity shall bear the burden of establishing the amount by a preponderance of the evidence.
- 10 (5) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to prohibit an entity from deducting a 11 related party cost in an amount permitted by this section, provided that the entity 12 has incurred related party costs equal to or greater than the amounts permitted by 13 this section.
- 14 (6) If it is determined by the department that the amount of a deduction claimed by an
  15 entity with respect to a related party cost is greater than the amount permitted by
  16 this section, the net income of the entity shall be adjusted to reflect the amount of
  17 the related party cost permitted by this section.
- 18 (7) For tax periods ending before January 1, 2005, in the case of entities not required to
  19 file a consolidated or combined return under subsection (1) of this section that
  20 carried on transactions with stockholders or affiliated entities directly or indirectly,
  21 the department shall adjust the net income of such entities to an amount that would
  22 result if such transactions were carried on at arm's length.
- **→** Section 14. KRS 141.206 is amended to read as follows:
- 24 (1) Every pass-through entity doing business in this state shall, on or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of its annual accounting period, file a copy of its federal tax return with the form prescribed and furnished by the department.

1	(2)	Pass-through entities shall <i>calculate</i> [determine] net income in the same manner as
2		in the case of an individual under KRS <u>141.019</u> [141.010] and the adjustment
3		required under Sections 703(a) and 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.
4		Computation of net income under this section and the computation of the partner's,
5		member's, or shareholder's distributive share shall be computed as nearly as
6		practicable identical with those required for federal income tax purposes except to
7		the extent required by differences between this chapter and the federal income tax
8		law and regulations.
9	(3)	Individuals, estates, trusts, or corporations doing business in this state as a partner,

(3) Individuals, estates, trusts, or corporations doing business in this state as a partner, member, or shareholder in a pass-through entity shall be liable for income tax only in their individual, fiduciary, or corporate capacities, and no income tax shall be assessed against the net income of any pass-through entity, except as required for S corporations by KRS 141.040.

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- 14 (4) (a) Every pass-through entity required to file a return under subsection (1) of this 15 section, except publicly traded partnerships as described in KRS 16 141.0401(6)(a)18. and (b)14., shall withhold Kentucky income tax on the 17 distributive share, whether distributed or undistributed, of each:
  - 1. Nonresident individual partner, member, or shareholder; and
- 2. Corporate partner or member that is doing business in Kentucky only through its ownership interest in a pass-through entity.
- 21 (b) Withholding shall be at the maximum rate provided in KRS 141.020 or 141.040.
- 23 (5) (a) Effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2018, every pass-24 through entity required to withhold Kentucky income tax as provided by 25 subsection (4) of this section shall pay estimated tax for the taxable year if:
  - 1. For a nonresident individual partner, member, or shareholder, the estimated tax liability can reasonably be expected to exceed five

1			hundred dollars (\$500); or
2			2. For a corporate partner or member that is doing business in Kentucky
3			only through its ownership interest in a pass-through entity, the
4			estimated tax liability can reasonably be expected to exceed five
5			thousand dollars (\$5,000).
6		(b)	The payment of estimated tax shall contain the information and shall be filed
7			as provided in KRS 141.207.
8	(6)	(a)	If a pass-through entity demonstrates to the department that a partner,
9			member, or shareholder has filed an appropriate tax return for the prior year
10			with the department, then the pass-through entity shall not be required to
11			withhold on that partner, member, or shareholder for the current year unless
12			the exemption from withholding has been revoked pursuant to paragraph (b)
13			of this subsection.
14		(b)	An exemption from withholding shall be considered revoked if the partner,
15			member, or shareholder does not file and pay all taxes due in a timely manner.
16			An exemption so revoked shall be reinstated only with permission of the
17			department. If a partner, member, or shareholder who has been exempted from
18			withholding does not file a return or pay the tax due, the department may
19			require the pass-through entity to pay to the department the amount that
20			should have been withheld, up to the amount of the partner's, member's, or
21			shareholder's ownership interest in the entity. The pass-through entity shall be
22			entitled to recover a payment made pursuant to this paragraph from the
23			partner, member, or shareholder on whose behalf the payment was made.
24	(7)	In d	etermining the tax under this chapter, a resident individual, estate, or trust that is
25		a pa	rtner, member, or shareholder in a pass-through entity shall take into account

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entity's items of income, loss, deduction, and credit.

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the partner's, member's, or shareholder's total distributive share of the pass-through

1	(8)	In de	etermi	ining the tax under this chapter, a nonresident individual, estate, or trust				
2		that	that is a partner, member, or shareholder in a pass-through entity required to file a					
3		retur	n und	er subsection (1) of this section shall take into account:				
4		(a)	1.	If the pass-through entity is doing business only in this state, the				
5				partner's, member's, or shareholder's total distributive share of the pass-				
6				through entity's items of income, loss, and deduction; or				
7			2.	If the pass-through entity is doing business both within and without this				
8				state, the partner's, member's, or shareholder's distributive share of the				
9				pass-through entity's items of income, loss, and deduction multiplied by				
10				the apportionment fraction of the pass-through entity as prescribed in				
11				subsection (11) of this section; and				
12		(b)	The	partner's, member's, or shareholder's total distributive share of credits of				
13			the p	pass-through entity.				
14	(9)	A co	rpora	tion that is subject to tax under KRS 141.040 and is a partner or member				
15		in a	pass-t	hrough entity shall take into account the corporation's distributive share of				
16		the p	ass-tl	arough entity's items of income, loss, and deduction and:				
17		(a)	1.	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, but prior to				
18				January 1, 2018, shall include the proportionate share of the sales,				
19				property, and payroll of the limited liability pass-through entity or				
20				general partnership in computing its own apportionment factor; and				
21			2.	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, shall include the				
22				proportionate share of the sales of the limited liability pass-through				
23				entity or general partnership in computing its own apportionment factor;				
24				and				
25		(b)	Crec	lits from the partnership.				
26	(10)	(a)	If a	pass-through entity is doing business both within and without this state,				
27			the p	bass-through entity shall compute and furnish to each partner, member, or				

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1		shareholder	the	numerator	and	denominator	of	each	factor	of	the
2		apportionme	nt fra	action determ	nined	in accordance	with	subsec	ction (11	) of	this
3		section.									
4	(b)	For purposes	of d	etermining a	n app	ortionment fra	ction	under	paragra	ph (a	a) of

- (b) For purposes of determining an apportionment fraction under paragraph (a) of this subsection, if the pass-through entity is:
  - 1. Doing business both within and without this state; and
  - 2. A partner or member in another pass-through entity;

then the pass-through entity shall be deemed to own the pro rata share of the property owned or leased by the other pass-through entity, and shall also include its pro rata share of the other pass-through entity's payroll and sales.

- (c) The phrases "a partner or member in another pass-through entity" and "doing business both within and without this state" shall extend to each level of multiple-tiered pass-through entities.
- (d) The attribution to the pass-through entity of the pro rata share of property, payroll and sales from its role as a partner or member in another pass-through entity will also apply when determining the pass-through entity's ultimate apportionment factor for property, payroll and sales as required under subsection (11) of this section.
- (11) (a) For taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2018, a pass-through entity doing business within and without the state shall compute an apportionment fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor, representing twenty-five percent (25%) of the fraction, plus the payroll factor, representing twenty-five percent (25%) of the fraction, plus the sales factor, representing fifty percent (50%) of the fraction, with each factor determined in the same manner as provided in KRS 141.901, and the denominator of which is four (4), reduced by the number of factors, if any, having no denominator, provided that if the sales factor has no denominator, then the denominator shall be

1			reduced by two (2).								
2		(b)	(b) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, a pass-through entity								
3			doing business within and without the state shall compute an apportionment								
4			fraction as provided in KRS 141.120.								
5	(12)	Resi	dent individuals, estates, or trusts that are partners in a partnership, members of								
6		a lin	ited liability company electing partnership tax treatment for federal income tax								
7		purp	oses, owners of single member limited liability companies, or shareholders in								
8		an S	corporation which does not do business in this state are subject to tax under								
9		KRS	141.020 on federal net income, gain, deduction, or loss passed through the								
10		partr	ership, limited liability company, or S corporation.								
11	(13)	An S	S corporation election made in accordance with Section 1362 of the Internal								
12		Reve	enue Code for federal tax purposes is a binding election for Kentucky tax								
13		purp	oses.								
14	(14)	(a)	Nonresident individuals shall not be taxable on investment income distributed								
15			by a qualified investment partnership. For purposes of this subsection, a								
16			"qualified investment partnership" means a pass-through entity that, during the								
17			taxable year, holds only investments that produce income that would not be								
18			taxable to a nonresident individual if held or owned individually.								
19		(b)	A qualified investment partnership shall be subject to all other provisions								
20			relating to a pass-through entity under this section and shall not be subject to								
21			the tax imposed under KRS 141.040 or 141.0401.								
22	(15)	(a)	1. A pass-through entity may file a composite income tax return on behalf								
23			of electing nonresident individual partners, members, or shareholders.								
24			2. The pass-through entity shall report and pay on the composite income								
25			tax return income tax at the highest marginal rate provided in this								

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chapter on any portion of the partners', members', or shareholders' pro

rata or distributive shares of income of the pass-through entity from

doing business in this state or deriving income from sources within this

state. Payments made pursuant to subsection (5) of this section shall be

credited against any tax due.

The pass-through entity filing a composite return shall still make

- 3. The pass-through entity filing a composite return shall still make estimated tax payments if required to do so by subsection (5) of this section, and shall remain subject to any penalty under KRS 141.044 and 141.305 for any underpayment of estimated tax determined under KRS 141.044 or 141.305.
- 4. The partners', members', or shareholders' pro rata or distributive share of income shall include all items of income or deduction used to compute adjusted gross income on the Kentucky return that is passed through to the partner, member, or shareholder by the pass-through entity, including but not limited to interest, dividend, capital gains and losses, guaranteed payments, and rents.
- (b) A nonresident individual partner, member, or shareholder whose only source of income within this state is distributive share income from one (1) or more pass-through entities may elect to be included in a composite return filed pursuant to this section.
- (c) A nonresident individual partner, member, or shareholder that has been included in a composite return may file an individual income tax return and shall receive credit for tax paid on the partner's behalf by the pass-through entity.
- (d) A pass-through entity shall deliver to the department a return upon a form prescribed by the department showing the total amounts paid or credited to its electing nonresident individual partners, members, or shareholders, the amount paid in accordance with this subsection, and any other information the department may require. A pass-through entity shall furnish to its nonresident

1			partner, member, or shareholder annually, but not later than the fifteenth day									
2			of the fourth month after the end of its taxable year, a record of the amount of									
3			tax paid on behalf of the partner, member, or shareholder on a form prescribed									
4			by the department.									
5		<b>→</b> S	ection 15. KRS 141.383 is amended to read as follows:									
6	(1)	As u	ased in this section:									
7		(a)	"Above-the-line production crew" means the same as defined in KRS									
8			148.542;									
9		(b)	"Approved company" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542;									
10		(c)	"Below-the-line production crew" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542;									
11		(d)	"Cabinet" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542;									
12		(e)	"Office" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542;									
13		(f)	"Qualifying expenditure" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542;									
14		(g)	"Qualifying payroll expenditure" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542;									
15		(h)	"Secretary" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542; and									
16		(i)	"Tax incentive agreement" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542.									
17	(2)	(a)	There is hereby created a tax credit against the tax imposed under KRS									
18			141.020 or 141.040 and 141.0401, with the ordering of credits as provided in									
19			KRS 141.0205.									
20		(b)	The incentive available under paragraph (a) of this section is:									
21			1. A refundable credit for applications approved prior to April 27, 2018;									
22			and									
23			2. A nonrefundable and nontransferable credit for applications approved on									
24			or after April 27, 2018.									
25		(c)	1. Beginning on April 27, 2018, the total tax incentive approved under									
26			KRS 148.544 shall be limited to one hundred million dollars									
27			(\$100,000,000) for calendar year 2018 and each calendar year thereafter.									

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1		2. On April 27, 2018, if applications have been approved during the 2018
2		calendar year which exceed the amount in subparagraph 1. of this
3		paragraph[ (a) of this subsection], the Kentucky Film Office shall
4		immediately cease in approving any further applications for tax
5		incentives.
6	(3)	An approved company may receive a refundable tax credit on and after July 1,
7		2010, but only for applications approved prior to April 27, 2018, if:
8		(a) The cabinet has received notification from the office that the approved
9		company has satisfied all requirements of KRS 148.542 to 148.546; and
10		(b) The approved company has provided a detailed cost report and sufficient
11		documentation to the office, which has been forwarded by the office to the
12		cabinet, that:
13		1. The purchases of qualifying expenditures were made after the execution
14		of the tax incentive agreement; and
15		2. The approved company has withheld income tax as required by KRS
16		141.310 on all qualified payroll expenditures.
17	(4)	Interest shall not be allowed or paid on any refundable credits provided under this
18		section.
19	(5)	The cabinet shall promulgate administrative regulations in accordance with KRS
20		Chapter 13A to administer this section.
21	(6)	On or before September 1, 2010, and on or before each September 1 thereafter, for
22		the immediately preceding fiscal year, the cabinet shall report to the office the
23		names of the approved companies and the amounts of refundable income tax credit
24		claimed.
25		→ Section 16. KRS 141.900 is amended to read as follows:
26	The	definitions in this section are the same as the definitions appearing in KRS 141.010
27	prio	r to its repeal and reenactment in Section 53 of 2018 Ky. Acts chs. 171 and 207. For

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1 taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2018, as used in this chapter, unless the

- 2 context requires otherwise:
- 3 (1) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the department;
- 4 (2) "Department" means the Department of Revenue;
- 5 (3) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code in effect on December
- 6 31, 2015, exclusive of any amendments made subsequent to that date, other than
- amendments that extend provisions in effect on December 31, 2015, that would
- 8 otherwise terminate, and as modified by KRS 141.0101;
- 9 (4) "Dependent" means those persons defined as dependents in the Internal Revenue
- 10 Code;
- 11 (5) "Fiduciary" means "fiduciary" as defined in Section 7701(a)(6) of the Internal
- Revenue Code:
- 13 (6) "Fiscal year" means "fiscal year" as defined in Section 7701(a)(24) of the Internal
- 14 Revenue Code;
- 15 (7) "Individual" means a natural person;
- 16 (8) "Modified gross income" means the greater of:
- 17 (a) Adjusted gross income as defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code
- of 1986, including any subsequent amendments in effect on December 31 of
- the taxable year, and adjusted as follows:
- 20 1. Include interest income derived from obligations of sister states and
- 21 political subdivisions thereof; and
- 22 2. Include lump-sum pension distributions taxed under the special
- 23 transition rules of Pub. L. No. 104-188, sec. 1401(c)(2); or
- 24 (b) Adjusted gross income as defined in subsection (10) of this section and
- adjusted to include lump-sum pension distributions taxed under the special
- 26 transition rules of Pub. L. No. 104-188, sec. 1401(c)(2);
- 27 (9) "Gross income," in the case of taxpayers other than corporations, means "gross

1		inco	me" as defined in Section 61 of the Internal Revenue Code;								
2	(10)	"Adj	justed gross income," in the case of taxpayers other than corporations, means								
3		gros	s income as defined in subsection (9) of this section minus the deductions								
4		allov	wed individuals by Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code and as modified by								
5		KRS	KRS 141.0101 and adjusted as follows, except that deductions shall be limited to								
6		amo	unts allocable to income subject to taxation under the provisions of this chapter,								
7		and	except that nothing in this chapter shall be construed to permit the same item to								
8		be d	educted more than once:								
9		(a)	Exclude income that is exempt from state taxation by the Kentucky								
10			Constitution and the Constitution and statutory laws of the United States and								
11			Kentucky;								
12		(b)	Exclude income from supplemental annuities provided by the Railroad								
13			Retirement Act of 1937 as amended and which are subject to federal income								
14			tax by Public Law 89-699;								
15		(c)	Include interest income derived from obligations of sister states and political								
16			subdivisions thereof;								
17		(d)	Exclude employee pension contributions picked up as provided for in KRS								
18			6.505, 16.545, 21.360, 61.523, 61.560, 65.155, 67A.320, 67A.510, 78.610,								
19			and 161.540 upon a ruling by the Internal Revenue Service or the federal								
20			courts that these contributions shall not be included as gross income until such								
21			time as the contributions are distributed or made available to the employee;								
22		(e)	Exclude Social Security and railroad retirement benefits subject to federal								
23			income tax;								
24		(f)	Include, for taxable years ending before January 1, 1991, all overpayments of								
25			federal income tax refunded or credited for taxable years;								
26		(g)	Deduct, for taxable years ending before January 1, 1991, federal income tax								
27			paid for taxable years ending before January 1, 1990;								

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1	(h)	Exc	lude any money received because of a settlement or judgment in a lawsuit
2		brou	ight against a manufacturer or distributor of "Agent Orange" for damages
3		resu	lting from exposure to Agent Orange by a member or veteran of the
4		Arm	ed Forces of the United States or any dependent of such person who
5		serv	ed in Vietnam;
6	(i)	1.	For taxable years ending prior to December 31, 2005, exclude the
7			applicable amount of total distributions from pension plans, annuity
8			contracts, profit-sharing plans, retirement plans, or employee savings
9			plans. The "applicable amount" shall be:
10			a. Twenty-five percent (25%), but not more than six thousand two
11			hundred fifty dollars (\$6,250), for taxable years beginning after
12			December 31, 1994, and before January 1, 1996;
13			b. Fifty percent (50%), but not more than twelve thousand five
14			hundred dollars (\$12,500), for taxable years beginning after
15			December 31, 1995, and before January 1, 1997;
16			c. Seventy-five percent (75%), but not more than eighteen thousand
17			seven hundred fifty dollars (\$18,750), for taxable years beginning
18			after December 31, 1996, and before January 1, 1998; and
19			d. One hundred percent (100%), but not more than thirty-five
20			thousand dollars (\$35,000), for taxable years beginning after
21			December 31, 1997.
22		2.	For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, exclude up to
23			forty-one thousand one hundred ten dollars (\$41,110) of total
24			distributions from pension plans, annuity contracts, profit-sharing plans,
25			retirement plans, or employee savings plans.
26		3.	As used in this paragraph:

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"Distributions" includes but is not limited to any lump-sum

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a.

1				distribution from pension or profit-sharing plans qualifying for the
2				income tax averaging provisions of Section 402 of the Internal
3				Revenue Code; any distribution from an individual retirement
4				account as defined in Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code;
5				and any disability pension distribution;
6			b.	"Annuity contract" has the same meaning as set forth in Section
7				1035 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
8			c.	"Pension plans, profit-sharing plans, retirement plans, or employee
9				savings plans" means any trust or other entity created or organized
10				under a written retirement plan and forming part of a stock bonus,
11				pension, or profit-sharing plan of a public or private employer for
12				the exclusive benefit of employees or their beneficiaries and
13				includes plans qualified or unqualified under Section 401 of the
14				Internal Revenue Code and individual retirement accounts as
15				defined in Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code;
16	(j)	1.	a.	Exclude the portion of the distributive share of a shareholder's net
17				income from an S corporation subject to the franchise tax imposed
18				under KRS 136.505 or the capital stock tax imposed under KRS
19				136.300; and
20			b.	Exclude the portion of the distributive share of a shareholder's net
21				income from an S corporation related to a qualified subchapter S
22				subsidiary subject to the franchise tax imposed under KRS
23				136.505 or the capital stock tax imposed under KRS 136.300.
24		2.	The	shareholder's basis of stock held in a S corporation where the S
25			corp	poration or its qualified subchapter S subsidiary is subject to the
26			fran	chise tax imposed under KRS 136.505 or the capital stock tax
27			imp	osed under KRS 136.300 shall be the same as the basis for federal

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,	ome tax purposes

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(k) Exclude, to the extent not already excluded from gross income, any amounts paid for health insurance, or the value of any voucher or similar instrument used to provide health insurance, which constitutes medical care coverage for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and dependents, or for any person authorized to be provided excludable coverage by the taxpayer pursuant to the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010, Pub. L. No. 111-148, or the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Pub. L. No. 111-152, during the taxable year. Any amounts paid by the taxpayer for health insurance that are excluded pursuant to this paragraph shall not be allowed as a deduction in computing the taxpayer's net income under subsection (11) of this section;

- Exclude income received for services performed as a precinct worker for election training or for working at election booths in state, county, and local primary, regular, or special elections;
- (m) Exclude any amount paid during the taxable year for insurance for long-term care as defined in KRS 304.14-600;
- (n) Exclude any capital gains income attributable to property taken by eminent domain;
- (o) Exclude any amount received by a producer of tobacco or a tobacco quota owner from the multistate settlement with the tobacco industry, known as the Master Settlement Agreement, signed on November 22, 1998;
- (p) Exclude any amount received from the secondary settlement fund, referred to as "Phase II," established by tobacco companies to compensate tobacco farmers and quota owners for anticipated financial losses caused by the national tobacco settlement;
- 27 (q) Exclude any amount received from funds of the Commodity Credit

1			Corporation for the Tobacco Loss Assistance Program as a result of a
2			reduction in the quantity of tobacco quota allotted;
3		(r)	Exclude any amount received as a result of a tobacco quota buydown program
4			that all quota owners and growers are eligible to participate in;
5		(s)	Exclude state Phase II payments received by a producer of tobacco or a
6			tobacco quota owner;
7		(t)	Exclude all income from all sources for active duty and reserve members and
8			officers of the Armed Forces of the United States or National Guard who are
9			killed in the line of duty, for the year during which the death occurred and the
10			year prior to the year during which the death occurred. For the purposes of this
11			paragraph, "all income from all sources" shall include all federal and state
12			death benefits payable to the estate or any beneficiaries; and
13		(u)	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, exclude all military
14			pay received by active duty members of the Armed Forces of the United
15			States, members of reserve components of the Armed Forces of the United
16			States, and members of the National Guard, including compensation for state
17			active duty as described in KRS 38.205;
18	(11)	"Net	income," in the case of taxpayers other than corporations, means adjusted
19		gross	s income as defined in subsection (10) of this section, minus:
20		(a)	The deduction allowed by KRS 141.0202 as it existed prior to January 1,
21			2018;
22		(b)	Any amount paid for vouchers or similar instruments that provide health
23			insurance coverage to employees or their families;
24		(c)	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, the amount of
25			domestic production activities deduction calculated at six percent (6%) as
26			allowed in Section 199(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxable years
27			beginning before 2010; and

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1 (d) 1. All the deductions allowed individuals by Chapter 1 of the Internal 2 Revenue Code as modified by KRS 141.0101 except: 3 Any deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code for state or a. 4 foreign taxes measured by gross or net income, including state and 5 local general sales taxes allowed in lieu of state and local income taxes under the provisions of Section 164(b)(5) of the Internal 6 7 Revenue Code; Any deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code for amounts 8 b. 9 allowable under KRS 140.090(1)(h) in calculating the value of the 10 distributive shares of the estate of a decedent, unless there is filed 11 with the income return a statement that such deduction has not 12 been claimed under KRS 140.090(1)(h); 13 The deduction for personal exemptions allowed under Section 151 14 of the Internal Revenue Code and any other deductions in lieu 15 thereof: 16 d. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, the 17 domestic production activities deduction allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code; 18 19 e. Any deduction for amounts paid to any club, organization, or 20 establishment which has been determined by the courts or an 21 agency established by the General Assembly and charged with 22 enforcing the civil rights laws of the Commonwealth, not to afford 23 full and equal membership and full and equal enjoyment of its 24 services, facilities, privileges, goods, advantages, or 25 accommodations to any person because of race, color, religion, 26 national origin, or sex, except nothing shall be construed to deny a

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deduction for amounts paid to any religious or denominational

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1			club, group, or establishment or any organization operated solely
2			for charitable or educational purposes which restricts membership
3			to persons of the same religion or denomination in order to
4			promote the religious principles for which it is established and
5			maintained;
6		f.	Any deduction directly or indirectly allocable to income which is
7			either exempt from taxation or otherwise not taxed under this
8			chapter;
9		g.	The itemized deduction limitation established in 26 U.S.C. sec. 68
10			shall be determined using the applicable amount from 26 U.S.C.
11			sec. 68 as it existed on December 31, 2006; and
12		h.	A taxpayer may elect to claim the standard deduction allowed by
13			KRS 141.081 instead of itemized deductions allowed pursuant to
14			26 U.S.C. sec. 63 and as modified by this section; and
15		2. Noth	ing in this chapter shall be construed to permit the same item to be
16		dedu	cted more than once;
17	(12) "Gros	ss income,	" in the case of corporations, means "gross income" as defined in
18	Section	on 61 of tl	he Internal Revenue Code and as modified by KRS 141.0101 and
19	adjus	ted as follo	ows:
20	(a)	Exclude i	income that is exempt from state taxation by the Kentucky
21		Constitution	on and the Constitution and statutory laws of the United States;
22	(b)	Exclude al	Il dividend income received after December 31, 1969;
23	(c)	Include in	terest income derived from obligations of sister states and political
24		subdivisio	ns thereof;
25	(d)	Exclude fi	fty percent (50%) of gross income derived from any disposal of coal
26		covered by	y Section 631(c) of the Internal Revenue Code if the corporation
27		does not d	claim any deduction for percentage depletion, or for expenditures

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1	attributable to the making and administering of the contract under which such
2	disposition occurs or to the preservation of the economic interests retained
3	under such contract;
4	(e)[ Include in the gross income of lessors income tax payments made by lessees
5	to lessors, under the provisions of Section 110 of the Internal Revenue Code,
6	and exclude such payments from the gross income of lessees;
7	(f)] Include the amount calculated under KRS 141.205;
8	$\underline{(f)}$ [(g)] Ignore the provisions of Section 281 of the Internal Revenue Code in
9	computing gross income;
10	(g)[(h)] Exclude income from "safe harbor leases" (Section 168(f)(8) of the
11	Internal Revenue Code);
12	(h)[(i)] Exclude any amount received by a producer of tobacco or a tobacco
13	quota owner from the multistate settlement with the tobacco industry, known
14	as the Master Settlement Agreement, signed on November 22, 1998;
15	(i)[(j)] Exclude any amount received from the secondary settlement fund,
16	referred to as "Phase II," established by tobacco companies to compensate
17	tobacco farmers and quota owners for anticipated financial losses caused by
18	the national tobacco settlement;
19	(i)[(k)] Exclude any amount received from funds of the Commodity Credit
20	Corporation for the Tobacco Loss Assistance Program as a result of a
21	reduction in the quantity of tobacco quota allotted;
22	(k) [(1)] Exclude any amount received as a result of a tobacco quota buydown
23	program that all quota owners and growers are eligible to participate in;
24	(I) [(m)] For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, and before
25	January 1, 2007, exclude the distributive share income or loss received from a
26	corporation defined in subsection (24)(b) of this section whose income has
27	been subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040. The exclusion provided in

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1		this paragraph shall also apply to a taxable year that begins prior to January 1,
2		2005, if the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 is paid on the distributive share
3		income by a corporation defined in subparagraphs 2. to 8. of subsection
4		(24)(b) of this section with a return filed for a period of less than twelve (12)
5		months that begins on or after January 1, 2005, and ends on or before
6		December 31, 2005. This paragraph shall not be used to delay payment of the
7		tax imposed by KRS 141.040; and
8	<u>(m)</u> [	(n)] Exclude state Phase II payments received by a producer of tobacco or a
9		tobacco quota owner;
10	(13) "Net	income," in the case of corporations, means "gross income" as defined in
11	subs	ection (12) of this section minus:
12	(a)	The deduction allowed by KRS 141.0202 as it existed prior to January 1,
13		2018;
14	(b)	Any amount paid for vouchers or similar instruments that provide health
15		insurance coverage to employees or their families;
16	(c)	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, the amount of
17		domestic production activities deduction calculated at six percent (6%) as
18		allowed in Section 199(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxable years
19		beginning before 2010; and
20	(d)	All the deductions from gross income allowed corporations by Chapter 1 of
21		the Internal Revenue Code and as modified by KRS 141.0101, except:
22		1. Any deduction for a state tax which is computed, in whole or in part, by
23		reference to gross or net income and which is paid or accrued to any
24		state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth
25		of Puerto Rico, any territory or possession of the United States, or to any
26		foreign country or political subdivision thereof;
27		2. The deductions contained in Sections 243, [244,] 245, and 247 of the

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1		Internal Revenue Code;
2	3.	The provisions of Section 281 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be
3		ignored in computing net income;
4	4.	Any deduction directly or indirectly allocable to income which is either
5		exempt from taxation or otherwise not taxed under the provisions of this
6		chapter, and nothing in this chapter shall be construed to permit the
7		same item to be deducted more than once;
8	5.	Exclude expenses related to "safe harbor leases" (Section 168(f)(8) of
9		the Internal Revenue Code);
10	6.	Any deduction for amounts paid to any club, organization, or
11		establishment which has been determined by the courts or an agency
12		established by the General Assembly and charged with enforcing the
13		civil rights laws of the Commonwealth, not to afford full and equal
14		membership and full and equal enjoyment of its goods, services,
15		facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations to any person
16		because of race, color, religion, national origin, or sex, except nothing
17		shall be construed to deny a deduction for amounts paid to any religious
18		or denominational club, group, or establishment or any organization
19		operated solely for charitable or educational purposes which restricts
20		membership to persons of the same religion or denomination in order to
21		promote the religious principles for which it is established and
22		maintained;
23	7.	Any deduction prohibited by KRS 141.205;
24	8.	Any dividends-paid deduction of any captive real estate investment trust;
25		and

production activities deduction allowed under Section 199 of the

For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, the domestic

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_		~ .
1	Internal Rev	venue Code:

2 (14) (a) "Taxable net income," in the case of corporations that are taxable in this state,
3 means "net income" as defined in subsection (13) of this section;

- (b) "Taxable net income," in the case of corporations that are taxable in this state and taxable in another state, means "net income" as defined in subsection (13) of this section and as allocated and apportioned under KRS 141.901. A corporation is taxable in another state if, in any state other than Kentucky, the corporation is required to file a return for or pay a net income tax, franchise tax measured by net income, franchise tax for the privilege of doing business, or corporate stock tax;
- (c) "Taxable net income," in the case of homeowners' associations as defined in Section 528(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, means "taxable income" as defined in Section 528(d) of the Internal Revenue Code. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (3) of this section, the Internal Revenue Code sections referred to in this paragraph shall be those code sections in effect for the applicable tax year; and
- (d) "Taxable net income," in the case of a corporation that meets the requirements established under Section 856 of the Internal Revenue Code to be a real estate investment trust, means "real estate investment trust taxable income" as defined in Section 857(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that a captive real estate investment trust shall not be allowed any deduction for dividends paid;
- 23 (15) "Person" means "person" as defined in Section 7701(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 25 (16) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or fiscal year ending during such calendar 26 year, upon the basis of which net income is computed, and in the case of a return 27 made for a fractional part of a year under the provisions of this chapter or under

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1		regulations prescribed by the commissioner, "taxable year" means the period for
2		which the return is made;
3	(17)	"Resident" means an individual domiciled within this state or an individual who is
4		not domiciled in this state, but maintains a place of abode in this state and spends in
5		the aggregate more than one hundred eighty-three (183) days of the taxable year in
6		this state;
7	(18)	"Nonresident" means any individual not a resident of this state;
8	(19)	"Employer" means "employer" as defined in Section 3401(d) of the Internal
9		Revenue Code;
10	(20)	"Employee" means "employee" as defined in Section 3401(c) of the Internal
11		Revenue Code;
12	(21)	"Number of withholding exemptions claimed" means the number of withholding
13		exemptions claimed in a withholding exemption certificate in effect under KRS
14		141.325, except that if no such certificate is in effect, the number of withholding
15		exemptions claimed shall be considered to be zero (0);
16	(22)	"Wages" means "wages" as defined in Section 3401(a) of the Internal Revenue
17		Code and includes other income subject to withholding as provided in Section
18		3401(f) and Section 3402(k), (o), (p), (q), and (s) of the Internal Revenue Code;
19	(23)	"Payroll period" means "payroll period" as defined in Section 3401(b) of the
20		Internal Revenue Code;
21	(24)	(a) For taxable years beginning before January 1, 2005, and after December 31,
22		2006, "corporation" means "corporation" as defined in Section 7701(a)(3) of
23		the Internal Revenue Code; and
24		(b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, and before January 1,
25		2007, "corporations" means:
26		1. "Corporations" as defined in Section 7701(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue

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Code;

1	2.	S corporations as defined in Section 1361(a) of the Internal Revenue
2		Code;
3	3.	A foreign limited liability company as defined in KRS 275.015;
4	4.	A limited liability company as defined in KRS 275.015;
5	5.	A professional limited liability company as defined in KRS 275.015;
6	6.	A foreign limited partnership as defined in KRS 362.2-102(9);
7	7.	A limited partnership as defined in KRS 362.2-102(14);
8	8.	A limited liability partnership as defined in KRS 362.155(7) or in 362.1-
9		101(7) or (8);
10	9.	A real estate investment trust as defined in Section 856 of the Internal
11		Revenue Code;
12	10.	A regulated investment company as defined in Section 851 of the
13		Internal Revenue Code;
14	11.	A real estate mortgage investment conduit as defined in Section 860D of
15		the Internal Revenue Code;
16	12.	A financial asset securitization investment trust as defined in Section
17		860L of the Internal Revenue Code; and
18	13.	Other similar entities created with limited liability for their partners,
19		members, or shareholders.
20	For	purposes of this paragraph, "corporation" shall not include any publicly
21	trade	ed partnership as defined by Section 7704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code
22	that	is treated as a partnership for federal tax purposes under Section 7704(c)
23	of th	ne Internal Revenue Code or its publicly traded partnership affiliates. As
24	used	in this paragraph, "publicly traded partnership affiliates" shall include
25	any	limited liability company or limited partnership for which at least eighty
26	perc	ent (80%) of the limited liability company member interests or limited
27	partı	ner interests are owned directly or indirectly by the publicly traded

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1			partnership;
2	(25)	"Doi	ing business in this state" includes but is not limited to:
3		(a)	Being organized under the laws of this state;
4		(b)	Having a commercial domicile in this state;
5		(c)	Owning or leasing property in this state;
6		(d)	Having one (1) or more individuals performing services in this state;
7		(e)	Maintaining an interest in a pass-through entity doing business in this state;
8		(f)	Deriving income from or attributable to sources within this state, including
9			deriving income directly or indirectly from a trust doing business in this state,
10			or deriving income directly or indirectly from a single-member limited
11			liability company that is doing business in this state and is disregarded as an
12			entity separate from its single member for federal income tax purposes; or
13		(g)	Directing activities at Kentucky customers for the purpose of selling them
14			goods or services.
15		Noth	ning in this subsection shall be interpreted in a manner that goes beyond the
16		limit	cations imposed and protections provided by the United States Constitution or
17		Pub.	L. No. 86-272;
18	(26)	"Pas	s-through entity" means any partnership, S corporation, limited liability
19		com	pany, limited liability partnership, limited partnership, or similar entity
20		reco	gnized by the laws of this state that is not taxed for federal purposes at the
21		entit	y level, but instead passes to each partner, member, shareholder, or owner their
22		prop	ortionate share of income, deductions, gains, losses, credits, and any other
23		simi	lar attributes;
24	(27)	"S c	orporation" means "S corporation" as defined in Section 1361(a) of the Internal
25		Reve	enue Code;
26	(28)	"Lin	nited liability pass-through entity" means any pass-through entity that affords
27		any	of its partners, members, shareholders, or owners, through function of the laws

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1		of tl	nis sta	te or	laws recognized by this state, protection from general liability for
2		actio	ons of	the e	ntity; and
3	(29)	"Caj	ptive r	eal es	state investment trust" means a real estate investment trust as defined
4		in S	ection	856	of the Internal Revenue Code that meets the following requirements:
5		(a)	1.	The	shares or other ownership interests of the real estate investment trust
6				are r	not regularly traded on an established securities market; or
7			2.	The	real estate investment trust does not have enough shareholders or
8				own	ers to be required to register with the Securities and Exchange
9				Con	nmission; and
10		(b)	1.	The	maximum amount of stock or other ownership interest that is owned
11				or co	onstructively owned by a corporation equals or exceeds:
12				a.	Twenty-five percent (25%), if the corporation does not occupy
13					property owned, constructively owned, or controlled by the real
14					estate investment trust; or
15				b.	Ten percent (10%), if the corporation occupies property owned,
16					constructively owned, or controlled by the real estate investment
17					trust.
18				The	total ownership interest of a corporation shall be determined by
19				aggr	regating all interests owned or constructively owned by a
20				corp	oration;
21			2.	For	the purposes of this paragraph:
22				a.	"Corporation" means a corporation taxable under KRS 141.040,
23					and includes an affiliated group as defined in KRS 141.200, that is
24					required to file a consolidated return pursuant to the provisions of
25					KRS 141.200; and
26				b.	"Owned or constructively owned" means owning shares or having
27					an ownership interest in the real estate investment trust, or owning

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1		an interest in an entity that owns shares or has an ownership
2		interest in the real estate investment trust. Constructive ownership
3		shall be determined by looking across multiple layers of a
4		multilayer pass-through structure; and
5		(c) The real estate investment trust is not owned by another real estate investment
6		trust.
7		→ Section 17. KRS 141.985 is amended to read as follows:
8	<u>(1)</u>	Except for the addition to tax required when an underpayment of estimated tax
9		occurs under KRS 141.044 and 141.305, any tax imposed by this chapter, whether
10		assessed by the department, or the taxpayer, or any installment or portion of the tax
11		is not paid on or before the date prescribed for its payment, there shall be collected,
12		as a part of the tax, interest upon the unpaid amount at the tax interest rate as
13		defined in KRS 131.010(6) from the date prescribed for its payment until payment
14		is actually made to the department.
15	<u>(2)</u>	Interest shall be assessed, collected, and paid in the same manner as if it were a
16		deficiency.
17	<u>(3)</u>	For purposes of this section, any addition to tax provided in Section 9 of this Act
18		and KRS 141.305 shall be considered a penalty.
19		→ Section 18. KRS 154.60-040 is amended to read as follows:
20	(1)	As used in this section:
21		(a) 1. "Agricultural assets" means:
22		a. Agricultural land which has been appraised by an individual
23		certified by the Real Estate Appraisers Board created under KRS
24		324A.015; and
25		b. Buildings, facilities, machinery, equipment, agricultural
26		products, or horticultural products, if:
27		i. Owned by the same selling farmer owning the agricultural

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1		land sold to a beginning farmer;
2		ii. Purchased at the same time and in the same transaction
3		with the agricultural land; and
4		iii. Purchased with the intent to be used on the purchased
5		agricultural land.
6		2. ''Agricultural assets'' does not mean:
7		a. A personal residence or any other residential structures; and
8		b. Any agricultural assets that have been previously included in an
9		approved application for the Kentucky selling farmer tax credit;
10	<u>(b)</u>	''Agricultural land'' means:
11		1. Any land located entirely in Kentucky that is zoned or permitted for
12		farming, if the jurisdiction where the land is located has enacted an
13		ordinance for zoning or permitting; and
14		2. a. Is a tract of land of at least ten (10) contiguous acres in area for
15		a farming operation for agricultural products; or
16		b. Is a tract of land of at least five (5) contiguous acres in area for a
17		farming operation for aquaculture or horticultural products;
18		owned by the selling farmer prior to the sale;
19	<u>(c)</u>	"Agricultural products" means:
20		1. Livestock or livestock products;
21		2. Poultry or poultry products;
22		3. Milk or milk products; or
23		4. Field crops and other crops, including timber if approved by the
24		authority;
25	<u>(d)</u>	"Aquaculture" means the farming of fish, crustaceans, mollusks, aquatic
26		plants, algae, or other similar organisms;
27	<u>(e)</u>	"Farm product" means aquaculture, agricultural products, or horticultural

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1	proaucts;
2	(f) 1. "Farming operation" means the management and operation of
3	agricultural assets for the purpose of pursuing a profitable
4	commercial business venture to produce agricultural products,
5	horticultural products, or both for sale.
6	2. "Farming operation" does not mean any:
7	a. Hobby farm, as determined by the Internal Revenue Service;
8	<u>b. Nonprofit venture;</u>
9	c. Farm used primarily for storing agricultural products or
10	horticultural products; or
11	d. Farm used to grow or raise agricultural products or
12	horticultural products primarily for use by the immediate family
13	members or owners of the agricultural assets;
14	(g) "Horticultural products" means orchards, fruits, vegetables, nuts, flowers,
15	or ornamental plants; and
16	(h) "Immediate family member" means any of the following in relation to any
17	owner or spouse of the owner of the agricultural assets:
18	1. Parent or grandparent;
19	2. Children or their spouses; or
20	3. Siblings or their spouses.
21	(2) Any incentive offered to an eligible company under the selling farmer tax credit
22	program shall be negotiated by Cabinet for Economic Development officials and
23	shall be subject to approval by the authority.
24	(3) The purpose of the selling farmer tax credit program is to promote the continued
25	use of agricultural land in Kentucky for farming purposes by granting a tax
26	credit to a selling farmer who agrees to sell agricultural assets to a beginning
27	<u>farmer.</u>

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1	<u>(4)</u>	Selling farmers wanting to sell agricultural assets may be eligible for a tax credit
2		up to five percent (5%) of the selling price of qualifying agricultural assets,
3		subject to:
4		(a) A twenty-five thousand dollar (\$25,000) cap for each taxable year of the
5		selling farmer;
6		(b) A one hundred thousand dollar (\$100,000) lifetime cap for each selling
7		farmer; and
8		(c) A proration by the authority based on the overall cap shared between the
9		small business tax credit program and the selling farmer tax credit program
10		cap of three million dollars (\$3,000,000) under KRS 154.60-020.
11	<u>(5)</u>	The tax credit allowed in subsection (4) of this section may be claimed under
12		Section 19 of this Act.
13	<u>(6)</u>	In order to be eligible to receive approval for a tax credit, a selling farmer shall
14		have], at a minimum:
15		(a) 1. <u>a. Be registered with the Kentucky Secretary of State; and</u>
16		b. Be in good standing with the Kentucky Secretary of State; or
17		2. If not required to be registered with the Kentucky Secretary of State,
18		be a resident of Kentucky;
19		(b) Prior to a sale of agricultural assets, be a small business with fifty (50) or
20		fewer full-time employees and be the sole legal owner of agricultural assets
21		sold to a beginning farmer;
22		(c) Not be a farm equipment dealer, livestock dealer, or similar entity primarily
23		engaged in the business of selling agricultural assets for profit and not
24		engaged in farming as a primary business activity;
25		(d) Not be a bank or any other similar lending or financial institution;
26		(e) Not be:
27		1. An owner, partner, member, shareholder, or trustee;

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1		<u>2.</u>	A spouse of an owner, partner, member, snarenoider, or trustee;
2		<u>3.</u>	An immediate family member of any of the owners, partners,
3			members, shareholders, or trustees;
4		<u>of</u>	the beginning farmer to whom the selling farmer is seeking to sell
5		<u>agr</u>	ricultural assets;
6		<u>(f)</u> 1.	Demonstrate [Demonstrated the active use,] management[,] and
7			operation of real and personal property for the production of a farm
8			product;
9		2.	Execute[Executed] and effectuate[effectuated] a purchase contract to
10			sell agricultural land with a beginning farmer for an amount evidenced
11			by an appraisal; and
12		<u>(g)</u> [(b)]	Sell, convey, and transfer[Sold, conveyed, and transferred] ownership
13		of 1	related agricultural [ land and] assets to a beginning farmer.
14	<u>(7)</u>	In order	for the selling farmer to qualify for the tax credit, a beginning farmer
15		shall, at	a minimum:
16		(a) 1.	a. Be registered with the Kentucky Secretary of State; and
17			b. Be in good standing with the Kentucky Secretary of State; or
18		<u>2.</u>	If not required to be registered with the Kentucky Secretary of State,
19			be a resident of Kentucky;
20		(b) Pos	ssess all licenses, registrations, and experience needed to legally operate
21		<u>a j</u>	farming operation within the jurisdiction for the agricultural land
22		<u>pu1</u>	chased from a selling farmer;
23		(c) No	t previously have held an ownership interest in agricultural land used for
24		<u>a f</u>	arming operation for a period exceeding ten (10) years prior to entering
25		<u>inte</u>	o an agreement to purchase agricultural assets from a selling farmer;
26		(d) No	t have an ownership interest in any of the agricultural assets included in
27		the	transaction with the selling farmer; and

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1	<u>(e)</u>	Provide a majority of the management, and materially participate in the
2		operation of a for-profit farming operation located in Kentucky and
3		purchased from a selling farmer, with the intent to continue a for-profit
4		farming operation on the purchased agricultural land for a minimum of
5		five (5) years after the sale date.
6	<u>(8)</u> [(2)]	The selling farmer shall submit an application after consummation of the sale,
7	trans	sfer of title, and conveyance of <u>agricultural[a farm and farming]</u> assets together
8	with	all information necessary for the authority to determine eligibility for the tax
9	cred	it.
10	<u>(9)</u> [(3)]	An application for the <u>selling farmer</u> [farmer small business] tax credit shall
11	cont	ain, at a minimum, information about the:
12	(a)	Selling farmer and purchasing beginning farmer eligibility;
13	(b)	Purchase contract and closing statement;
14	(c)	Documentation, such as a deed, title conveyance for the transfer of assets,
15		including verification of Kentucky residency; and
16	(d)	Any other information the authority may require to determine eligibility for
17		the credit.
18	(10) For	each approved application, the authority shall transmit to the Department of
19	Reve	enue sufficient information about the selling farmer to ensure compliance
20	<u>with</u>	this section and Section 19 of this Act, including the amount of approved tax
21	<u>cred</u>	it allowed to the selling farmer.
22	<u>(11)</u> [(4)	(a) The maximum amount of the farmer small business tax credit for an
23		approved selling farmer in each calendar year shall not exceed twenty-five
24		thousand dollars (\$25,000) and shall be prorated based on factors determined
25		by the authority.
26	<del>(b)</del>	The maximum amount of credit an individual may claim over a lifetime shall
27		not exceed one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).

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1	(c) The credit shall be claimed on the tax return for the year during which the
2	credit was approved. Unused credits may be carried forward for up to five (5)
3	<del>years.</del>
4	(5)] Beginning January 1, 2020, the authority may approve selling farmer [farmer small
5	business] tax credits[ for selling farmers].
6	→SECTION 19. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO
7	READ AS FOLLOWS:
8	(1) The selling farmers tax credit permitted by Section 18 of this Act:
9	(a) Shall be nonrefundable and nontransferable; and
10	(b) May be claimed against the taxes imposed in KRS 141.020 or 141.040 and
11	141.0401, with the ordering of the credit as provided in Section 20 of this
12	Act.
13	(2) (a) The maximum amount of credit that may be claimed by a selling farmer in
14	each taxable year is limited to:
15	1. No more than the total amount of credit approved by the Kentucky
16	Economic Development Finance Authority;
17	2. Twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) in any taxable year; and
18	3. No more than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) total tax
19	credit over the lifetime of the selling farmer.
20	(b) The credit shall be first claimed on the tax return for the taxable year
21	during which the credit was approved.
22	(c) Any unused credit in a taxable year may be carried forward for up to five
23	(5) taxable years and, if not utilized within the five (5) year period, shall be
24	<u>lost.</u>
25	(3) In order for the General Assembly to evaluate the fulfillment of the purpose
26	stated in Section 18 of this Act, the department shall provide the following
27	information, on a cumulative basis, for each selling farmer, for each taxable

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1	<u>year:</u>
2	(a) The location, by county, of the agricultural assets sold to a beginning
3	farmer and approved for a tax credit under Section 18 of this Act;
4	(b) The total amount of tax credit approved by the Kentucky Economic
5	Development Finance Authority for each selling farmer;
6	(c) The amount of tax credit claimed for each selling farmer in each taxable
7	year; and
8	(d) 1. In the case of all taxpayers other than corporations, based on ranges
9	of adjusted gross income of no larger than five thousand dollars
10	(\$5,000) for the taxable year, the total amount of tax credits claimed
11	and the number of returns claiming a tax credit for each adjusted
12	gross income range; and
13	2. In the case of all corporations, based on ranges of net income no
14	larger than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for the taxable year, the
15	total amount of tax credit claimed and the number of returns claiming
16	a tax credit for each net income range.
17	(4) The report required by subsection (3) of this section shall be submitted to the
18	Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue beginning no later than
19	November 1, 2021, and no later than each November 1 thereafter, as long as the
20	credit is claimed on any return processed by the department.
21	→ Section 20. KRS 141.0205 is amended to read as follows:
22	If a taxpayer is entitled to more than one (1) of the tax credits allowed against the tax
23	imposed by KRS 141.020, 141.040, and 141.0401, the priority of application and use of
24	the credits shall be determined as follows:
25	(1) The nonrefundable business incentive credits against the tax imposed by KRS
26	141.020 shall be taken in the following order:
27	(a) The limited liability entity tax credit permitted by KRS 141.0401;

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1	(b)	The economic development credits computed under KRS 141.347, 141.381,
2		141.384, <u>Section 19 of this Act,</u> 141.400, 141.401, 141.403, 141.407,
3		141.415, 154.12-207, and 154.12-2088;
4	(c)	The qualified farming operation credit permitted by KRS 141.412;
5	(d)	The certified rehabilitation credit permitted by KRS 171.397(1)(a);
6	(e)	The health insurance credit permitted by KRS 141.062;
7	(f)	The tax paid to other states credit permitted by KRS 141.070;
8	(g)	The credit for hiring the unemployed permitted by KRS 141.065;
9	(h)	The recycling or composting equipment credit permitted by KRS 141.390;
10	(i)	The tax credit for cash contributions in investment funds permitted by KRS
11		154.20-263 in effect prior to July 15, 2002, and the credit permitted by KRS
12		154.20-258;
13	(j)	The research facilities credit permitted by KRS 141.395;
14	(k)	The employer High School Equivalency Diploma program incentive credit
15		permitted under KRS 151B.402;
16	(l)	The voluntary environmental remediation credit permitted by KRS 141.418;
17	(m)	The biodiesel and renewable diesel credit permitted by KRS 141.423;
18	(n)	The clean coal incentive credit permitted by KRS 141.428;
19	(o)	The ethanol credit permitted by KRS 141.4242;
20	(p)	The cellulosic ethanol credit permitted by KRS 141.4244;
21	(q)	The energy efficiency credits permitted by KRS 141.436;
22	(r)	The railroad maintenance and improvement credit permitted by KRS 141.385;
23	(s)	The Endow Kentucky credit permitted by KRS 141.438;
24	(t)	The New Markets Development Program credit permitted by KRS 141.434;
25	(u)	The distilled spirits credit permitted by KRS 141.389;
26	(v)	The angel investor credit permitted by KRS 141.396;

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(w) The film industry credit permitted by KRS 141.383 for applications approved

1			on or after April 27, 2018; <del>[ and]</del>
2		(x)	The inventory credit permitted by KRS 141.408; and
3		<u>(y)</u>	The renewable chemical production credit permitted by Section 25 of this
4			<u>Act</u> .
5	(2)	Afte	er the application of the nonrefundable credits in subsection (1) of this section,
6		the	nonrefundable personal tax credits against the tax imposed by KRS 141.020
7		shal	l be taken in the following order:
8		(a)	The individual credits permitted by KRS 141.020(3);
9		(b)	The credit permitted by KRS 141.066;
10		(c)	The tuition credit permitted by KRS 141.069;
11		(d)	The household and dependent care credit permitted by KRS 141.067; and
12		(e)	The income gap credit permitted by KRS 141.066.
13	(3)	Afte	er the application of the nonrefundable credits provided for in subsection (2) of
14		this	section, the refundable credits against the tax imposed by KRS 141.020 shall be
15		take	n in the following order:
16		(a)	The individual withholding tax credit permitted by KRS 141.350;
17		(b)	The individual estimated tax payment credit permitted by KRS 141.305;
18		(c)	The certified rehabilitation credit permitted by KRS 171.3961 and
19			171.397(1)(b); and
20		(d)	The film industry tax credit permitted by KRS 141.383 for applications
21			approved prior to April 27, 2018.
22	(4)	The	nonrefundable credit permitted by KRS 141.0401 shall be applied against the
23		tax i	mposed by KRS 141.040.
24	(5)	The	following nonrefundable credits shall be applied against the sum of the tax
25		imp	osed by KRS 141.040 after subtracting the credit provided for in subsection (4)
26		of th	nis section, and the tax imposed by KRS 141.0401 in the following order:

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(a)

The economic development credits computed under KRS 141.347, 141.381,

1		141.384, <u>Section</u> 19 of this Act, 141.400, 141.401, 141.403, 141.407,
2		141.415, 154.12-207, and 154.12-2088;
3	(b)	The qualified farming operation credit permitted by KRS 141.412;
4	(c)	The certified rehabilitation credit permitted by KRS 171.397(1)(a);
5	(d)	The health insurance credit permitted by KRS 141.062;
6	(e)	The unemployment credit permitted by KRS 141.065;
7	(f)	The recycling or composting equipment credit permitted by KRS 141.390;
8	(g)	The coal conversion credit permitted by KRS 141.041;
9	(h)	The enterprise zone credit permitted by KRS 154.45-090, for taxable periods
10		ending prior to January 1, 2008;
11	(i)	The tax credit for cash contributions to investment funds permitted by KRS
12		154.20-263 in effect prior to July 15, 2002, and the credit permitted by KRS
13		154.20-258;
14	(j)	The research facilities credit permitted by KRS 141.395;
15	(k)	The employer High School Equivalency Diploma program incentive credit
16		permitted by KRS 151B.402;
17	(1)	The voluntary environmental remediation credit permitted by KRS 141.418;
18	(m)	The biodiesel and renewable diesel credit permitted by KRS 141.423;
19	(n)	The clean coal incentive credit permitted by KRS 141.428;
20	(o)	The ethanol credit permitted by KRS 141.4242;
21	(p)	The cellulosic ethanol credit permitted by KRS 141.4244;
22	(q)	The energy efficiency credits permitted by KRS 141.436;
23	(r)	The ENERGY STAR home or ENERGY STAR manufactured home credit
24		permitted by KRS 141.437;
25	(s)	The railroad maintenance and improvement credit permitted by KRS 141.385;
26	(t)	The railroad expansion credit permitted by KRS 141.386;
27	(u)	The Endow Kentucky credit permitted by KRS 141.438;

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1	(v)	The New Markets	Development .	Program credit	permitted by	y KRS 141	.434;
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- 2 (w) The distilled spirits credit permitted by KRS 141.389;
- 3 (x) The film industry credit permitted by KRS 141.383 for applications approved on or after April 27, 2018; [and]
- 5 (y) The inventory credit permitted by KRS 141.408; *and*
- 6 (z) The renewable chemical production credit permitted by Section 25 of this
  7 Act.
- 8 (6) After the application of the nonrefundable credits in subsection (5) of this section, 9 the refundable credits shall be taken in the following order:
- 10 (a) The corporation estimated tax payment credit permitted by KRS 141.044;
- 11 (b) The certified rehabilitation credit permitted by KRS 171.3961 and 171.397(1)(b); and
- 13 (c) The film industry tax credit permitted by KRS 141.383 for applications approved prior to April 27, 2018.
- **→** Section 21. KRS 131.190 is amended to read as follows:
- 16 (1) No present or former commissioner or employee of the department, present or 17 former member of a county board of assessment appeals, present or former property 18 valuation administrator or employee, present or former secretary or employee of the 19 Finance and Administration Cabinet, former secretary or employee of the Revenue 20 Cabinet, or any other person, shall intentionally and without authorization inspect or 21 divulge any information acquired by him of the affairs of any person, or information 22 regarding the tax schedules, returns, or reports required to be filed with the 23 department or other proper officer, or any information produced by a hearing or 24 investigation, insofar as the information may have to do with the affairs of the 25 person's business.
- 26 (2) The prohibition established by subsection (1) of this section shall not extend to:
- 27 (a) Information required in prosecutions for making false reports or returns of

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1 property for taxation, or any other infraction of the tax laws;

2 (b) Any matter properly entered upon any assessment record, or in any way made a matter of public record;

- (c) Furnishing any taxpayer or his properly authorized agent with information respecting his own return;
- (d) Testimony provided by the commissioner or any employee of the department in any court, or the introduction as evidence of returns or reports filed with the department, in an action for violation of state or federal tax laws or in any action challenging state or federal tax laws;
- (e) Providing an owner of unmined coal, oil or gas reserves, and other mineral or energy resources assessed under KRS 132.820, or owners of surface land under which the unmined minerals lie, factual information about the owner's property derived from third-party returns filed for that owner's property, under the provisions of KRS 132.820, that is used to determine the owner's assessment. This information shall be provided to the owner on a confidential basis, and the owner shall be subject to the penalties provided in KRS 131.990(2). The third-party filer shall be given prior notice of any disclosure of information to the owner that was provided by the third-party filer;
- (f) Providing to a third-party purchaser pursuant to an order entered in a foreclosure action filed in a court of competent jurisdiction, factual information related to the owner or lessee of coal, oil, gas reserves, or any other mineral resources assessed under KRS 132.820. The department may promulgate an administrative regulation establishing a fee schedule for the provision of the information described in this paragraph. Any fee imposed shall not exceed the greater of the actual cost of providing the information or ten dollars (\$10);
- (g) Providing information to a licensing agency, the Transportation Cabinet, or

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the Kentucky Supreme Court under KRS 131.1817;

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2		(h)	Stat	istics of gasoline and special fuels gallonage reported to the department
3			und	er KRS 138.210 to 138.448;
4		(i)	Prov	viding any utility gross receipts license tax return information that is
5			nece	essary to administer the provisions of KRS 160.613 to 160.617 to
6			appl	icable school districts on a confidential basis;
7		(j)	Prov	viding documents, data, or other information to a third party pursuant to an
8			orde	er issued by a court of competent jurisdiction; or
9		(k)	Prov	viding information to the Legislative Research Commission under:
10			1.	KRS 139.519 for purposes of the sales and use tax refund on building
11				materials used for disaster recovery;
12			2.	KRS 141.436 for purposes of the energy efficiency products credits;
13			3.	KRS 141.437 for purposes of the ENERGY STAR home and the
14				ENERGY STAR manufactured home credits;
15			4.	KRS 148.544 for purposes of the film industry incentives;
16			5.	KRS 154.26-095 for purposes of the Kentucky industrial revitalization
17				tax credits and the job assessment fees;
18			6.	KRS 141.068 for purposes of the Kentucky investment fund;
19			7.	KRS 141.396 for purposes of the angel investor tax credit;
20			8.	KRS 141.389 for purposes of the distilled spirits credit;
21			9.	KRS 141.408 for purposes of the inventory credit; [and]
22			10.	KRS 141.390 for purposes of the recycling and composting credit:
23			<u>11.</u>	Section 19 of this Act for purposes of the selling farmer tax credit; and
24			<u>12.</u>	Section 25 of this Act for purposes of the renewable chemical
25				production credit.
26	(3)	The	comn	nissioner shall make available any information for official use only and on
27		a co	nfide	ntial basis to the proper officer, agency, board or commission of this state,

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1		any Kentucky county, any Kentucky city, any other state, or the federal government
2		under reciprocal agreements whereby the department shall receive similar or useful
3		information in return.
4	(4)	Access to and inspection of information received from the Internal Revenue Service
5		is for department use only, and is restricted to tax administration purposes
6		Information received from the Internal Revenue Service shall not be made available
7		to any other agency of state government, or any county, city, or other state, and shall
8		not be inspected intentionally and without authorization by any present secretary or
9		employee of the Finance and Administration Cabinet, commissioner or employee of
10		the department, or any other person.
11	(5)	Statistics of crude oil as reported to the Department of Revenue under the crude oil
12		excise tax requirements of KRS Chapter 137 and statistics of natural gas production
13		as reported to the Department of Revenue under the natural resources severance tax
14		requirements of KRS Chapter 143A may be made public by the department by
15		release to the Energy and Environment Cabinet, Department for Natural Resources.
16	(6)	Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, beginning with mine-map
17		submissions for the 1989 tax year, the department may make public or divulge only
18		those portions of mine maps submitted by taxpayers to the department pursuant to
19		KRS Chapter 132 for ad valorem tax purposes that depict the boundaries of mined-
20		out parcel areas. These electronic maps shall not be relied upon to determine actual
21		boundaries of mined-out parcel areas. Property boundaries contained in mine maps
22		required under KRS Chapters 350 and 352 shall not be construed to constitute land
23		surveying or boundary surveys as defined by KRS 322.010 and any administrative
24		regulations promulgated thereto.

Section 22. KRS 154.60-005 is amended to read as follows:

This subchapter shall be known as the small business tax credit <u>and selling farmer tax</u>

credit programs[program].

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Section 23. <b>→</b>	KRS 154.60-020 is	amended to read as follows:
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The authority shall develop a Small Business Development Credit Program in consultation with the Office of Entrepreneurship to assist new or existing small businesses operating in the Commonwealth. The nonrefundable credit shall be allowed against the taxes imposed by KRS 141.020 or 141.040, and 141.0401. The ordering of credits shall be as provided in KRS 141.0205.

- (2) The authority shall determine the terms, conditions, and requirements for application for the credit, in consultation with the Office of Entrepreneurship, subject to the provisions of subsection (3) of this section. The application shall contain identification information about the number of eligible positions created and filled, a calculation of the base employment of the small business, verification of investment of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or more in qualifying equipment or technology, and other information the authority may specify to determine eligibility for the credit.
- 15 (3) (a) The maximum amount of credits that may be committed in each fiscal year by
  16 the authority and shared between the small business tax credit program and
  17 the <u>selling farmer [farmer small business]</u> tax credit <u>program</u> shall be capped
  18 at three million dollars (\$3,000,000).
  - (b) In order to be eligible to receive final approval for a credit, a small business shall, within the twenty-four (24) month period immediately preceding the application submission date:
  - 1. Create and fill one (1) or more eligible positions over the base employment; and
  - 2. Invest five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or more in qualifying equipment or technology.
- 26 (c) Each eligible position that is created and filled shall be maintained for twelve 27 (12) months. If a full-time employee filling a newly created eligible position

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1		ceases to be employed by the small business for any reason, that employee
2		shall be replaced within forty-five (45) days in order for the eligible position
3		to maintain its eligible status, in addition to meeting all other applicable
4		requirements.
5	(d)	The small business shall submit all information necessary for the authority to
6		determine credit eligibility for each year, and the amount of credit for which
7		the small business is eligible.
8	(e)	The maximum amount of credit for each small business for each year shall not
9		exceed twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).
10	(f)	The credit shall be claimed on the tax return for the year during which the
11		credit was approved. Unused credits may be carried forward for up to five (5)
12		years.
13	<b>→</b> S	ECTION 24. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 246 IS CREATED TO
14	READ AS	S FOLLOWS:
15	(1) (a)	The department shall create and administer the renewable chemical
16		production program by promulgating administrative regulations under KRS
17		Chapter 13A and authorizing tax credits for that production.
18	<u>(b)</u>	The department may consult with the chemical engineering departments of
19		any university to create and administer the renewable chemical production
20		program that may best serve this Commonwealth.
21	<u>(c)</u>	The department shall coordinate with the Department of Revenue related to
22		awarding tax credits while remaining within the annual biodiesel,
23		renewable diesel, and renewable chemical tax credit cap provided in Section
24		26 of this Act.
25	(2) To l	be eligible for receiving the renewable chemical production tax credit under
26	<u>Sect</u>	tion 25 of this Act, a business shall:
27	<u>(a)</u>	Be physically located in this state;

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1	<u>(b)</u>	Operate for profit;
2	<u>(c)</u>	Organize, expand, or locate in this state on or after July 1, 2020;
3	<u>(d)</u>	1. Create new jobs and retain those jobs for at least four (4) years; or
4		2. Invest a substantial amount of new capital in the Commonwealth and
5		maintain that capital for at least four (4) years;
6	<u>(e)</u>	Certify to the department:
7		1. That the business:
8		a. Has not applied for and will not receive economic development
9		incentives under KRS Chapter 154 for the jobs created or capital
10		investment made under the renewable chemical production
11		program; and
12		b. Is in compliance with all agreements entered into under the
13		renewable chemical production program or other programs
14		administered by the department; and
15		2. The date that the business first qualified as an eligible business;
16	<u>(f)</u>	Not provide professional services, health care services, medical treatments,
17		or engage in retail operations; and
18	<u>(g)</u>	Not relocate operations from another area of the state or reduce operations
19		in another area of the state while seeking this incentive. To determine
20		whether a project meets the requirement under this paragraph, the
21		department shall:
22		1. Consider a project that does not create new jobs or invest a substantial
23		amount of new capital a relocation or reduction in operations; and
24		2. Require sufficient data from the business related to jobs created and
25		the amount of substantial capital investment before the business
26		applies for this incentive and for four (4) years following the approval
27		of this incentive to ensure that new jobs or substantial capital

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1		investment have occurred and remain productive in this state;
2	(3) $(a)$	Before being approved for the tax credit permitted by Section 25 of this Act,
3		an eligible business shall enter into an agreement with the department for
4		the successful completion of all requirements of the program.
5	<u>(b)</u>	As part of the agreement, the eligible business shall agree to:
6		1. Collect and provide all information required by the department,
7		allowing the department and the Department of Revenue to maintain
8		the annual tax credit cap and to fulfill each of the reporting and
9		compliance obligations under this section and Section 25 of this Act;
10		<u>and</u>
11		2. Agree to allow information about the production of renewable
12		chemicals and the related tax credit to be shared with the Interim
13		Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue.
14	<u>(c)</u>	The business shall not receive a tax credit for renewable chemicals
15		produced before the date the business first qualified as an eligible business.
16	(4) (a)	The department may impose a nonrefundable compliance cost fee of five
17		hundred dollars (\$500), collected by the department at the time a business
18		applies for participation in the program.
19	<u>(b)</u>	An eligible business shall fulfill all the requirements of the program and the
20		agreement before receiving a tax credit or entering into a subsequent
21		agreement under this section.
22	<u>(c)</u>	The department may decline to enter into a subsequent agreement under
23		this section or award a tax credit if an agreement is not successfully
24		<u>fulfilled.</u>
25	(5) (a)	After the production of renewable chemicals by an eligible business, the
26		business shall apply, in the manner prescribed by the department, for the
27		renewable chemicals tax credit. The application shall include the following

1	<u>information:</u>
2	1. A description of the renewable chemicals produced in this state;
3	2. The amount or volume of renewable chemicals produced;
4	3. The costs associated with the production of the renewable chemicals;
5	4. The amount of gross receipts generated by the sale of the renewable
6	chemicals; and
7	5. Any other information required by the department in order to
8	establish and verify eligibility under the program.
9	(b) The department may accept applications on a continuous basis or may
10	establish, by administrative regulation, an annual application deadline.
11	(6) Upon establishing that all requirements of the program and the agreement have
12	been fulfilled, the department shall certify the amount of preliminary tax credit
13	for the applicant to the Department of Revenue.
14	(7) (a) The department shall work with the Department of Revenue to provide all
15	information necessary to ensure compliance with KRS Chapter 141 by the
16	successful tax credit applicant.
17	(b) On or before December 31, 2020, and on or before each December 31
18	thereafter, the department shall submit to the Department of Revenue all
19	information received from each eligible business related to the renewable
20	chemical tax credit.
21	(c) When the Department of Revenue receives the information provided under
22	paragraph (b) of this subsection, the Department of Revenue shall consider
23	the renewable chemical tax credit applications together with the total
24	amount of approved credit for all biodiesel producers, biodiesel blenders,
25	and renewable diesel producers required in Section 27 of this Act.
26	(8) The renewable chemical production program shall sunset on December 31, 2024.
27	(9) (a) Failure to fulfill any requirement of the program or any of the terms and

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1	obligations of an agreement entered into under this section by an eligible
2	business shall:
3	1. Result in the rescission of the tax credit permitted by Section 25 of this
4	Act by the department; and
5	2. Subject the eligible business to the repayment of all tax credit
6	<u>claimed.</u>
7	(b) Upon the rescission of any tax credit, the department shall report to the
8	Department of Revenue, within thirty (30) days, all information necessar
9	by the Department of Revenue to ensure compliance with KRS Chapter 141
10	→SECTION 25. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO
11	READ AS FOLLOWS:
12	(1) (a) An eligible business that:
13	1. Has entered into an agreement under subsection (3) of Section 24 o
14	this Act;
15	2. Receives certification from the Department of Agriculture of the
16	preliminary tax credit under subsection (6) of Section 24 of this Act
17	<u>and</u>
18	3. Receives authorization from the department regarding the amount of
19	tax credit that is allowed;
20	may claim the renewable chemical production tax credit in an amoun
21	equal to the amount authorized by the department as provided in Section 22
22	of this Act.
23	(b) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, the renewable
24	chemical production tax credit shall be nonrefundable, nontransferable
25	and allowed against taxes imposed by KRS 141.020 or 141.040 and
26	141.0401, with the ordering of the credits as provided in Section 20 of this
27	Act.

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1	(c) 1. Any amount of creatt that a taxpayer is unable to utilize auring a
2	taxable year may be carried forward for use in a succeeding taxable
3	year for a period not to exceed three (3) taxable years.
4	2. Any amount of credit not used within the three (3) taxable years shall
5	<u>be lost.</u>
6	3. No amount of credit may be carried back to a prior taxable year by
7	any taxpayer.
8	(2) If the eligible business is a pass-through entity, the eligible business may apply
9	the credit against the limited liability entity tax imposed by KRS 141.0401, and
10	shall pass the credit through to its members, partners, or shareholders in the
11	same proportion as the distributive share of income or loss is passed through.
12	(3) If the Department of Agriculture rescinds any tax credit under subsection (9) of
13	Section 24 of this Act, the repayment of any tax credit by the taxpayer shall be:
14	(a) Considered a tax payment due and payable to the Kentucky State Treasurer;
15	<u>and</u>
16	(b) Collected by the department in the same manner as failure to pay the tax
17	shown due or required to be shown due with the filing of that return.
18	(4) (a) In order for the General Assembly to evaluate the renewable chemical tax
19	credit program, the department, in cooperation with the Department of
20	Agriculture, shall submit to the Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations
21	and Revenue a cumulative report describing the activities of the program by
22	taxable year.
23	(b) The report shall include:
24	1. The aggregate number of pounds, by each type of renewable
25	chemicals produced in this state, for all successful tax credit
26	applicants under the program;
27	2. The aggregate gross receipts from sales, by each type of renewable

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1	chemicals produced in this state, for all successful tax credit
2	applicants under the program;
3	3. The number of employees located in this state of all successful tax
4	credit applicants during the calendar year immediately preceding the
5	calendar year for which the successful applicants first applied for a
6	tax credit under the program;
7	4. The number of employees located in this state of all successful tax
8	credit applicants during each calendar year that the tax credit is
9	<u>claimed;</u>
10	5. The number of tax credit certificates and aggregate amount of tax
11	credits awarded under the program for each calendar year; and
12	6. For each eligible business issued a renewable chemical production tax
13	credit during each taxable year:
14	a. The county within which the eligible business is producing the
15	renewable chemical;
16	b. The amount of the tax credit claimed by the eligible business;
17	c. The manner in which the eligible business first qualified as an
18	eligible business, whether by organizing, expanding, or locating
19	in this state;
20	d. The amount of renewable chemical production tax credit
21	claimed during each taxable year; and
22	e. Any repayment of incentives by the business, if the business does
23	not meet the requirements of the agreement.
24	→ Section 26. KRS 141.422 is amended to read as follows:
25	As used in KRS 141.422 to 141.425:
26	(1) "Annual biodiesel and renewable diesel tax credit cap" means:
27	(a) For calendar years beginning prior to January 1, 2008, one million five

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1			hundred thousand dollars (\$1,500,000);
2		(b)	For the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2008, five million dollars
3			(\$5,000,000); <del>[ and]</del>
4		(c)	For calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, <u>but before January</u>
5			<u>1, 2021,</u> ten million dollars (\$10,000,000);
6	(2)	''An	nual biodiesel, renewable diesel, and renewable chemical tax credit cap''
7		mear	ns, for calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, ten million
8		dolla	urs (\$10,000,000);
9	<u>(3)</u>	"Anr	nual cellulosic ethanol tax credit cap" means five million dollars (\$5,000,000),
10		unles	ss the annual cellulosic ethanol tax credit cap is modified pursuant to KRS
11		141.4	4248, in which case the cap established by KRS 141.4248 shall be the annual
12		cellu	losic ethanol tax credit cap for that year. Any adjustments to the annual
13		cellu	losic ethanol tax credit cap made pursuant to KRS 141.4248 shall be made on
14		an ar	nnual basis and shall not carry forward to subsequent years;
15	<u>(4)</u> [(	<del>(3)]</del>	"Annual ethanol tax credit cap" means five million dollars (\$5,000,000),
16		unles	ss the annual credit cap is modified pursuant to KRS 141.4248, in which case
17		the c	cap established by KRS 141.4248 shall be the annual ethanol tax credit cap for
18		that	year. Any adjustments to the annual ethanol tax credit cap made pursuant to
19		KRS	141.4248 shall be made on an annual basis and shall not carry forward to
20		subs	equent years;
21	<u>(5)</u> [(	<del>(4)]</del>	"Biodiesel" means a renewable, biodegradeable, mono alkyl ester combustible
22		liqui	d that is derived from agriculture crops, agriculture plant oils, agriculture
23		resid	ues, animal fats, or waste products that meets current American Society for
24		Testi	ing and Materials specification D6751 for biodiesel fuel (B100) blend stock
25		distil	llate fuels;
26	<u>(6)</u> [(	<del>[5)]</del>	"Biodiesel producer" means an entity that manufactures biodiesel at a location
27		in th	is Commonwealth;

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1	<u>(7)[(6)]</u>	"Cellulosic ethanol" means ethyl alcohol for use as motor fuel that meets the
2	curre	ent American Society for Testing and Materials specification D4806 for ethanol
3	that	is produced from cellulosic biomass materials of any lignocellulosic or
4	hemi	cellulosic matter that is available on a renewable or recurring basis, including:
5	(a)	Plant wastes from industrial processes such as sawdust and paper pulp;
6	(b)	Energy crops grown specifically for fuel production such as switchgrass; or
7	(c)	Agricultural plant residues such as corn stover, rice hulls, sugarcane, and
8		cereal straws;
9	<u>(8)</u> [ <del>(7)]</del>	"Cellulosic ethanol producer" means an entity that uses cellulosic biomass
10	mate	rials to manufacture cellulosic ethanol at a location in this Commonwealth;
11	<u>(9)[(8)]</u>	"Blended biodiesel" means a blend of biodiesel with petroleum diesel so that
12	the p	ercentage of biodiesel in the blend is at least two percent (2%) (B2 or greater);
13	<u>(10)</u> [(9)]	"Ethanol" means ethyl alcohol produced from corn, soybeans, or wheat for use
14	as a	motor fuel that meets the current American Society for Testing and Materials
15	speci	fication D4806 for ethanol;
16	<u>(11)</u> [(10)]	"Ethanol-based tax credits" means the cellulosic ethanol tax credit provided
17	for in	KRS 141.4244 and the ethanol tax credit provided for in KRS 141.4242;
18	<u>(12)</u> [(11)]	"Ethanol producer" means an entity that uses corn, soybeans, or wheat to
19	manı	ufacture ethanol at a location in this Commonwealth;
20	<u>(13)</u> [(12)]	"Renewable diesel" means a renewable, biodegradeable, non-ester
21	comb	oustible liquid that:
22	(a)	Is derived from biomass resources as defined in KRS 152.715; and
23	(b)	Meets the current American Society for Testing and Materials Specification
24		D396 for fuel oils intended for use in various types of fuel-oil-burning
25		equipment; D975 for diesel fuel oils suitable for various types of diesel fuel
26		engines; or D1655 for aviation turbine fuels; and
27	<u>(14)</u> [(13)]	"Renewable diesel producer" means an entity that manufactures renewable

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1		dies	el at a location in this Commonwealth.
2		<b>→</b> S	ection 27. KRS 141.423 is amended to read as follows:
3	(1)	(a)	A biodiesel producer, biodiesel blender, or renewable diesel producer shall be
4			entitled to a nonrefundable tax credit against the taxes imposed by KRS
5			141.020 or 141.040 and KRS 141.0401 in an amount certified by the
6			department under subsection (4) of this section.
7		<u>(b)</u>	The credit rate shall be:
8			<u>1.</u> One dollar (\$1) per biodiesel gallon produced by a biodiesel producer: [,]
9			2. One dollar (\$1) per gallon of biodiesel used in the blending process by a
10			biodiesel blender: and
11			3. One dollar (\$1) per gallon of renewable diesel produced by a renewable
12			diesel producer <u>: [, ]</u>
13			unless the total amount of approved credit for all biodiesel producers,
14			biodiesel blenders, and renewable diesel producers exceeds the annual
15			biodiesel and renewable diesel tax credit cap for calendar years beginning
16			prior to January 1, 2021, or the annual biodiesel, renewable diesel, and
17			renewable chemical tax credit cap for calendar years beginning on or after
18			<u>January 1, 2021</u> .
19		<u>(c)</u>	For calendar years beginning prior to January 1, 2021, if the total amount
20			of approved credit for all biodiesel producers, biodiesel blenders, and
21			renewable diesel producers exceeds the annual biodiesel and renewable diesel
22			tax credit cap, the department shall determine the amount of credit each
23			biodiesel producer, biodiesel blender, and renewable diesel producer receives
24			by multiplying the annual biodiesel and renewable diesel tax credit cap by a
25			fraction, the numerator of which is the amount of approved credit for the
26			biodiesel producer, biodiesel blender, and renewable diesel producer and the

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denominator of which is the total approved credit for all biodiesel producers,

27

1			biodiesel blenders, and renewable diesel producers.
2		<u>(d)</u>	For calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, if the total
3			amount of approved credit for all biodiesel producers, biodiesel blenders,
4			renewable diesel producers, and renewable chemical producers exceeds the
5			annual biodiesel, renewable diesel, and renewable chemical tax credit cap,
6			the department shall determine the amount of credit each biodiesel
7			producer, biodiesel blender, renewable diesel producer, and renewable
8			chemical producer receives by multiplying the annual biodiesel, renewable
9			diesel, and renewable chemical tax credit cap by a fraction, the numerator
10			of which is the amount of approved credit for the each producer and the
11			denominator of which is the total approved credit for all producers.
12		<u>(e)</u> [(	b)] The credit allowed under paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be
13			applied both to the income tax imposed under KRS 141.020 or 141.040 and to
14			the limited liability entity tax imposed under KRS 141.0401, with the ordering
15			of credits as provided in KRS 141.0205.
16	(2)	Re-b	plending of blended biodiesel shall not qualify for the credit provided under this
17		secti	on.
18	(3)	The	credit <u>allowed in subsection (1) of this section</u> shall not be carried forward to a
19		retui	n for any other period.
20	(4)	<u>(a)</u>	Each biodiesel producer, biodiesel blender, and renewable diesel producer
21			eligible for the credit provided under subsection (1) of this section shall file a
22			tax credit claim for biodiesel gallons produced or blended in this state or for
23			renewable diesel produced in this state on forms prescribed by the department
24			by the fifteenth day of the first month following the close of the preceding
25			calendar year.
26		<u>(b)</u>	The department shall determine the amount of the approved credit based on
27			the amount of biodiesel produced, biodiesel blended, [-or] renewable diesel

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1		produced, or renewable chemical produced in this state during the preceding
2		calendar year and issue a credit certificate to the biodiesel producer, biodiesel
3		blender, [or] renewable diesel producer, or renewable chemical producer by
4		the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of the calendar year.
5	(5)	In the case of a biodiesel producer, biodiesel blender, [-or] renewable diesel
6		producer, or renewable chemical producer that has a fiscal year end for purposes of
7		computing the tax imposed by KRS 141.020, 141.040, and 141.0401, the amount of
8		approved credit shall be claimed on the return filed for the first fiscal year ending
9		after the close of the preceding calendar year.
10		→ Section 28. KRS 141.0101 is amended to read as follows:
11	(1)	(a) The provisions of subsections (2) to (11) of this section shall apply to taxable
12		years beginning before January 1, 1994.
13		(b) The provisions of subsections (12) to (15) of this section shall apply to taxable
14		years beginning after December 31, 1993.
15		(c) The provisions of subsection (16) of this section apply to property placed in
16		service after September 10, 2001.
17	(2)	For property placed in service prior to January 1, 1990, in lieu of the depreciation
18		and expense deductions allowed under Internal Revenue Code Sections 168 and
19		179, a deduction for a reasonable allowance for depreciation, exhaustion, wear and
20		tear, and obsolescence of property used in a trade or business shall be allowed and
21		computed as set out in subsections (3) to (11) of this section. For property placed in
22		service after December 31, 1989, the depreciation and expense deductions allowed
23		under Sections 168 and 179 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be allowed.
24	(3)	Effective August 1, 1985, "reasonable allowance" as used in subsection (2) of this
25		section shall mean depreciation computed in accordance with Section 167 of the
26		Internal Revenue Code and related regulations in effect on December 31, 1980, for
27		all property placed in service on or after January 1, 1981, except as provided in

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- subsections (6) to (8) of this section.
- 2 (4) Depreciation of property placed in service prior to January 1, 1981, shall be
- 3 computed under Section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code, and the method elected
- 4 thereunder at the time the property was first placed in service or as changed with the
- 5 approval of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue Service or as required by
- 6 changes in federal regulations.
- 7 (5) Taxpayers other than corporations shall be allowed to deduct as depreciation on
- 8 recovery property placed in service before August 1, 1985, an amount calculated
- 9 under Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code subject to the provisions of
- subsections (6) and (8) of this section. Corporations with a taxable year beginning
- on or after July 1, 1984, and before August 1, 1985, shall calculate a deduction for
- depreciation on recovery property placed in service prior to August 1, 1985, using
- either of the following alternative methods:
- 14 (a) Dividing the total of the deductions allowed under Internal Revenue Code
- 15 Section 168 by one and four tenths (1.4); and
- 16 (b) Calculating the deduction that would be allowed or allowable under the
- provisions of Section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 18 (6) Recovery property placed in service on or after January 1, 1981, and before August
- 1, 1985, and subject to transition under subsection (8) of this section, shall be
- subject to depreciation under Section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code, restricted
- 21 to the straight line method therein provided over the remaining useful life of such
- assets.
- 23 (7) Depreciation of property placed in service on or after August 1, 1985, shall be
- computed under Section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 25 (8) Transition from Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, Accelerated Cost
- Recovery System (ACRS) depreciation, to the depreciation allowed or allowable
- 27 under this section shall be reported in the first taxable year beginning on or after

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1 August 1, 1985. To implement the transition, the following adjustments shall be 2 made:

- (a) Taxpayers other than corporations shall use the adjusted Kentucky basis for property placed in service on or after January 1, 1981. "Adjusted Kentucky basis" means the basis used for determining depreciation under Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code less the allowed or allowable depreciation and adjustment for election to expense an asset (Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code);
- (b) Corporations shall adjust the federal unadjusted basis by increasing such basis by the ACRS depreciation not allowed as a deduction in determining Kentucky net income for tax years beginning after June 30, 1984, less allowed or allowable ACRS depreciation for federal income tax purposes. Corporations will not be permitted to adjust the basis by the ACRS depreciation not allowed for Kentucky income tax purposes in tax years beginning on or before June 30, 1984.
- (9) A taxpayer may elect to treat the cost of property placed in service on or before July 31, 1985, as an expense as provided in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code in effect on December 31, 1981, except that the aggregate cost which may be expensed for corporations shall not exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000). A taxpayer may elect to treat the cost of property placed in service on or after August 1, 1985, as an expense as provided in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code in effect on December 31, 1980. Computations, limitations, definitions, exceptions, and other provisions of Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code and related regulations shall be construed to govern the computation of the allowable deduction.
- (10) Upon the sale, exchange, or disposition of any depreciable property placed in service on or after January 1, 1981, capital gains or losses and the amount of ordinary income determined under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code

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1		shall	be computed for Kentucky income tax purposes as follows:
2		(a)	Compute the Kentucky unadjusted basis which is the cost of the asset reduced
3			by any basis adjustment made by the taxpayer under Section 48(q)(1) of the
4			Internal Revenue Code and any expense allowed and utilized under Section
5			179 of the Internal Revenue Code (First Year Expense) in determining
6			Kentucky net income in prior years, and
7		(b)	Compute the adjusted basis by subtracting the depreciation allowed or
8			allowable for Kentucky income tax purposes from the unadjusted basis,
9			except corporations will not be permitted to adjust the basis of assets by the
10			ACRS depreciation not allowed for Kentucky income tax purposes in the tax
11			years beginning on or before June 30, 1984, and
12		(c)	Compute the gain or loss by subtracting the adjusted basis from the value
13			received from the disposition of the depreciable property, and
14		(d)	Compute the recapture of depreciation required under Sections 1245 through
15			1256 of the Internal Revenue Code and related regulations, and
16		(e)	Unless otherwise provided in this subsection the provisions of the Internal
17			Revenue Code and related regulations governing the determination of capital
18			gains or losses shall apply for Kentucky income tax purposes.
19	(11)	Unle	ess otherwise provided by this chapter, the basis of property placed in service
20		prior	to January 1, 1990, for purposes of Kentucky income tax shall be the basis,
21		adjus	sted or unadjusted, required to be used under Section 167 of the Internal
22		Reve	enue Code in effect on December 31, 1980.
23	(12)	As u	sed in this subsection to subsection (14) of this section:

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(a)

1993.

"Transition property" means any property placed in service before the first day

of the first taxable year beginning after December 31, 1993, and owned by the

taxpayer on the first day of the first taxable year beginning after December 31,

1		(b)	"Adjusted Kentucky basis" means the amount computed in accordance with
2			the provisions of paragraph (b) of subsection (10) of this section for transition
3			property.
4		(c)	"Adjusted federal basis" means the original cost, or, in the case of Section 338
5			property, the adjusted grossed-up basis of transition property less:
6			1. Any basis adjustments required by the Internal Revenue Code for
7			credits; and
8			2. The total accumulated depreciation and election to expense deductions
9			allowed or allowable for federal income tax purposes.
10		(d)	"Section 338 property" means property to which an adjusted grossed-up basis
11			has been allocated pursuant to a valid election made by a purchasing
12			corporation under the provisions of Section 338 of the Internal Revenue Code.
13		(e)	"Transition amount" means the net difference between the adjusted Kentucky
14			basis and the adjusted federal basis of all transition property determined as of
15			the first day of the first taxable year beginning after December 31, 1993.
16	(13)	For t	axable years beginning after December 31, 1993, the amounts of depreciation
17		and	election to expense deductions, allowed or allowable, the basis of assets,
18		adjus	sted or unadjusted, and the gain or loss from the sale or other disposition of
19		asset	s shall be the same for Kentucky income tax purposes as determined under
20		Chap	oter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code.
21	(14)	For	taxable years beginning after December 31, 1993, the transition amount
22		comp	outed in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (e) of subsection (12) of
23		this s	section shall be reported by the taxpayer as follows:
24		(a)	In the first taxable year beginning after December 31, 1993, and the eleven
25			(11) succeeding taxable years, the taxpayer shall include in gross income one-
26			twelfth (1/12) of the transition amount if:

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The adjusted federal basis of transition property exceeds the adjusted

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1.

1		Kentucky basis of transition property;
2		2. The transition amount exceeds five million dollars (\$5,000,000);
3		3. The transition amount includes property for which an election was made
4		under Section 338 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
5		4. The taxpayer elects the provisions of this paragraph with the filing of an
6		amended income tax return for the first taxable year beginning after
7		December 31, 1993.
8	(b)	In the first taxable year beginning after December 31, 1993 and the three (3)
9		succeeding taxable years, if the transition amount exceeds one hundred
10		thousand dollars (\$100,000), or if the transition amount does not exceed one
11		hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) and the taxpayer elects the provision of
12		this paragraph with the filing of the income tax return for the first taxable year
13		beginning after December 31, 1993, the taxpayer shall:
14		1. Deduct from gross income twenty-five percent (25%) of the transition
15		amount if the adjusted Kentucky basis of transition property exceeds the
16		adjusted federal basis of transition property; or
17		2. Add to gross income twenty-five percent (25%) of the transition amount
18		if the adjusted federal basis of transition property exceeds the adjusted
19		Kentucky basis of transition property.
20	(c)	In the first taxable year beginning after December 31, 1993, if the transition
21		amount does not exceed one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) and the
22		taxpayer does not elect the provisions of paragraph (b) of this subsection, the
23		taxpayer shall:
24		1. Deduct from gross income the total transition amount if the adjusted
25		Kentucky basis of transition property exceeds the adjusted federal basis
26		of transition property; or
27		2. Add to gross income the total transition amount if the adjusted federal

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1			basis of transition property exceeds the adjusted Kentucky basis of
2			transition property.
3	(15)	Not	withstanding any other provision of this section to the contrary, any qualified
4		farm	ning operation, as defined in KRS 141.410, shall be allowed to compute the
5		depr	reciation deduction for new buildings and equipment purchased to enable
6		parti	cipation in a networking project, as defined in KRS 141.410, on an accelerated
7		basi	s at two (2) times the rate that would otherwise be permitted under the
8		prov	risions of this section. The accumulated depreciation allowed under this
9		subs	ection shall not exceed the taxpayer's basis in such property.
10	(16)	(a)	For property placed in service after September 10, 2001, only the depreciation
11			deduction allowed under Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code in effect
12			on December 31, 2001, exclusive of any amendments made subsequent to that
13			date, shall be allowed.
14		(b)	For property placed in service after September 10, 2001, but prior to January
15			1, 2020, only the expense deduction allowed under Section 179 of the Internal
16			Revenue Code in effect on December 31, 2001, exclusive of any amendments
17			made subsequent to that date, shall be allowed.
18		(c)	For property placed in service on or after January 1, 2020, only the expense
19			deduction allowed under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code in effect
20			on December 31, 2003, exclusive of any amendments made subsequent to that
21			date, shall be allowed, except that the phase-out provisions of Section 179 of
22			the Internal Revenue Code, limiting the qualifying investment in property,
23			shall not apply.
24		<b>→</b> S	ection 29. KRS 224.50-868 is amended to read as follows:
25	(1)	<u>As u</u>	esed in this section:
26		<u>(a)</u>	"Motor vehicle" means every vehicle intended primarily for use and
27			operation on the public highways that is self-propelled, including a low-

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1			spee	ed motor vehicle as defined in KRS 186.010;
2		<u>(b)</u>	''Se	mitrailer'' means any vehicle:
3			<u>1.</u>	Designed:
4				a. As temporary living quarters for recreation, camping, or travel;
5				<u>or</u>
6				b. For carrying persons or property;
7			<u>2.</u>	Designed for being drawn by a motor vehicle; and
8			<u>3.</u>	Constructed that:
9				a. Some part of its weight; or
10				b. Some part of its load;
11				rests upon or is carried by another vehicle; and
12		<u>(c)</u>	''Tr	ailer'' means any vehicle:
13			<u>1.</u>	Designed:
14				a. As temporary living quarters for recreation, camping, or travel;
15				<u>or</u>
16				b. For carrying persons or property;
17			<u>2.</u>	Designed for being drawn by a motor vehicle; and
18			<u>3.</u>	Constructed that:
19				a. No part of its weight; and
20				b. No part of its load;
21				rests upon or is carried by another vehicle.
22	<u>(2)</u>	(a)	1.	Prior to July 1, 2018, a person purchasing a new motor vehicle tire in
23				Kentucky shall pay to the retailer a one dollar (\$1) fee at the time of the
24				purchase of that tire. The fee shall not be subject to the Kentucky sales
25				tax.
26			2.	Beginning July 1, 2018, but prior to July 1, 2020, a fee is hereby
27				imposed upon a retailer at the rate of two dollars (\$2) for each new

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1		motor vehicle tire sold in Kentucky. The fee shall be subject to the				
2		Kentucky sales tax.				
3		3. Beginning July 1, 2020, but prior to July 1, 2024, a fee is hereby				
4		imposed upon a retailer at the rate of two dollars (\$2) for each new				
5		motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer tire sold in Kentucky. The fee				
6		shall be subject to the Kentucky sales tax.				
7		4. A retailer may pass the fee imposed by this paragraph on to the				
8		purchaser of the new tire.				
9	(b)	1. A new tire is a tire that has never been placed on a motor vehicle.				
10		trailer, or semitrailer wheel rim.				
11		2. A new tire[, but it] is not a tire placed on a motor vehicle, trailer, or				
12		<u>semitrailer</u> prior to its original retail sale or a recapped tire.				
13	<del>(c)</del>	The term "motor vehicle" as used in this section shall mean "motor vehicle" as				
14		defined in KRS 138.450.]				
15	<u>(3)</u> [(2)]	When a retailer sells a new motor vehicle tire in Kentucky to replace another				
16	tire,	the tire that is replaced becomes a waste tire subject to the waste tire program.				
17	The	retailer shall encourage the purchaser of the new tire to leave the waste tire with				
18	the r	etailer or meet the following requirements:				
19	(a)	Dispose of the waste tire in accordance with KRS 224.50-856(1);				
20	(b)	Deliver the waste tire to a person registered in accordance with the waste tire				
21		program; or				
22	(c)	Reuse the waste tire for its original intended purpose or an agricultural				
23		purpose.				
24	<u>(4)</u> [(3)]	(a) A retailer shall report to the Department of Revenue on or before the				
25		twentieth day of each month the number of new motor vehicle tires sold				
26		during the preceding month and the number of waste tires received from				
2.7		customers that month				

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1	(b)	The report shall be filed on forms and contain information as the Department
2		of Revenue may require.
3	(c)	The retailer shall be allowed to retain an amount equal to five percent (5%) of
4		the fees due, provided the amount due is not delinquent at the time of
5		payment.
6	<u>(5)[(4)]</u>	A retailer shall:
7	(a)	Accept from the purchaser of a new tire, if offered, for each new motor
8		vehicle tire sold, a waste tire of similar size and type; and
9	(b)	Post notice at the place where retail sales are made that state law requires:
10		1. The retailer to accept, if offered, a waste tire for each new motor vehicle
11		tire sold and that a person purchasing a new motor vehicle tire to replace
12		another tire shall comply with subsection (2) of this section; and
13		2. The two dollar (\$2) new tire fee is used by the state to oversee the
14		management of waste tires, including cleaning up abandoned waste tire
15		piles and preventing illegal dumping of waste tires.
16	<u>(6)</u> [(5)]	A retailer shall comply with the requirements of the recordkeeping system for
17	was	te tires established by KRS 224.50-874.
18	<u>(7)</u> [(6)]	A retailer shall transfer waste tires only to a person who presents a letter from
19	the	cabinet approving the registration issued under KRS 224.50-858 or a copy of a
20	solie	d waste disposal facility permit issued by the cabinet, unless the retailer is
21	deli	vering the waste tires to a destination outside Kentucky and the waste tires will
22	rem	ain in the retailer's possession until they reach that destination.
23	<u>(8)</u> [ <del>(7)]</del>	The cabinet shall, in conjunction with the Waste Tire Working Group,
24	deve	elop the informational fact sheet to be made publicly available on the cabinet's
25	Wel	site and available in print upon request. The fact sheet shall identify ways to
26	prop	perly dispose of the waste tire and present information on the problems caused
27	by in	mproper waste tire disposal.

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1		<b>→</b> Se	ction 30. KRS 224.50-855 is amended to read as follows:				
2	(1)	The Waste Tire Working Group is hereby established and shall be attached to the					
3		cabin	cabinet for administrative purposes and staff support.				
4	(2)	The V	Waste Tire Working Group shall have the following eight (8) members:				
5		(a)	The director of the Division of Waste Management or his or her designee who				
6			shall be an ex officio member and also serve as chair;				
7		(b)	The manager of the Recycling and Local Assistance Branch within the				
8			Division of Waste Management or his or her designee who shall be an ex				
9			officio member;				
10		(c)	One (1) representative of the Kentucky Department of Agriculture, to be				
11			selected by the Commissioner of Agriculture and appointed by the Governor				
12			for an initial term of two (2) years and who may be reappointed;				
13		(d)	Two (2) representatives of the Solid Waste Coordinators of Kentucky selected				
14			by the Solid Waste Coordinators of Kentucky and appointed by the Governor				
15			for an initial term of three (3) years and who may be reappointed;				
16		(e)	One (1) county judge/executive appointed by the Governor from a list of three				
17			(3) nominees submitted by the Kentucky County Judge/Executive Association				
18			for an initial term of three (3) years and who may be reappointed;				
19		(f)	One (1) mayor of a Kentucky city appointed by the Governor from a list of				
20			three (3) nominees submitted by the Kentucky League of Cities; and				
21		(g)	One (1) representative of private industry engaged in the business of retail tire				
22			sales appointed by the Governor for an initial term of three (3) years and who				
23			may be reappointed.				
24	(3)	The 1	members of the Waste Tire Working Group identified in paragraphs (c), (d),				
25		(e), (t	f), and (g) of subsection (2) of this section shall receive travel-related expenses				
26		but n	o salary as compensation.				
27	(4)	The f	first meeting of the Waste Tire Working Group shall be no later than August				

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1		15,	15, 2011. The working group shall meet at least twice a year or more frequently at					
2		the o	the call of the chair.					
3	(5)	The	Waste Tire Working Group shall:					
4		(a)	Provide advice and input to the cabinet regarding:					
5			1. The administration and implementation of alternative methods for					
6			controlling the local accumulation of waste tires;					
7			2. Developing the concept of a core fee for waste tires;					
8			3. Improving the manifest system that tracks tires from point of sale to					
9			point of disposal;					
10			4. Developing ways to assist local governments with direct grants for waste					
11			tire disposal; and					
12			5. Developing an informational fact sheet on proper waste tire disposal					
13			<u>under</u> [pursuant to] KRS 224.50-868(3)[(2)] and (8)[(7)] to be made					
14			available on the cabinet's Web site and available in print upon request;					
15		(b)	Serve as an advisory body to the cabinet in the development of a formula that					
16			the cabinet will use to apportion the money in the waste tire trust fund					
17			established by KRS 224.50-880 for crumb rubber grants, tire amnesties, and					
18			tire-derived fuel, and to return a portion of the waste tire funds to local					
19			governments during Commonwealth Cleanup Week for waste tire disposal;					
20			and					
21		(c)	Provide advice and input to the cabinet on the data development and					
22			preparation of the waste tire report mandated under KRS 224.50-872.					
23		<b>→</b> S	ection 31. KRS 224.60-130 is amended to read as follows:					
24	(1)	The	Energy and Environment Cabinet, Department for Environmental Protection,					
25		Divi	sion of Waste Management, shall:					
26		(a)	Establish by administrative regulation the policy, guidelines, and procedures					

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to administer the financial responsibility and petroleum storage tank accounts

> of the petroleum storage tank environmental assurance fund. In adopting administrative regulations to carry out this section, the division may distinguish between types, classes, and ages of petroleum storage tanks. The division may establish a range of amounts to be paid from the fund, or may base payments on methods such as pay for performance, task order, or firm fixed pricing, which are designed to provide incentives for contractors to more tightly control corrective action costs, and shall establish criteria to be met by persons who contract to perform corrective action to be eligible for reimbursement from the fund. The criteria may include the certification of individuals, partnerships, and companies. Criteria shall be established to certify laboratories that contract to perform analytical testing related to the underground storage tank program. Owners and operators shall have all required analytical testing performed by a certified laboratory to be eligible for fund participation. Persons who contract with petroleum storage tank owners or operators shall not be paid more than the amount authorized by the division for reimbursement from the fund for the performance of corrective action. At a minimum, the division shall promulgate administrative regulations that will insure an unobligated balance in the fund adequate to meet financial assurance requirements and corrective action requirements of KRS 224.60-135(2) and (4). If the unobligated balance in the fund is not adequate to meet the requirements of this paragraph, the division shall obligate funds necessary to meet these requirements;

Establish by administrative regulation the criteria to be met to be eligible to participate in the financial responsibility and petroleum storage tank accounts and to receive reimbursement from these accounts. The division may establish eligibility criteria for the petroleum storage tank account based upon the financial ability of the petroleum storage tank owner or operator. Owners or

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operators seeking coverage under the petroleum storage tank account shall file for eligibility and for financial assistance with the division. To ensure cost effectiveness, the division shall promulgate administrative regulations specifying the circumstances under which prior approval of corrective action costs shall be required for those costs to be eligible for reimbursement from the fund. In promulgating administrative regulations to carry out this section, the division may distinguish between types, classes, and ages of petroleum storage tanks and the degree of compliance of the facility with any administrative regulations of the cabinet promulgated pursuant to KRS 224.60-105 or applicable federal regulations;

- by petroleum storage tank owners and operators to demonstrate financial responsibility as required by administrative regulations of the cabinet or the federal regulations applicable to petroleum storage tanks, consistent with the intent of the General Assembly as set forth in KRS 224.60-120(5). The account shall receive four-tenths of one cent (\$0.004) from the one and four-tenths cent (\$0.014) paid on each gallon of gasoline and special fuels received in this state pursuant to KRS 224.60-145. To be eligible to use this account to demonstrate compliance with financial responsibility requirements of the cabinet or federal regulations, or to receive reimbursement from this account for taking corrective action and for compensating third parties for bodily injury and property damage, the petroleum storage tank owner or operator shall meet the eligibility requirements established by administrative regulation promulgated by the division;
- (d) Establish a small operator assistance account within the fund which may be used by the division to make or participate in the making of loans, to purchase or participate in the purchase of the loans, which purchase may be from

eligible lenders, or to insure loans made by eligible lenders;

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Establish a petroleum storage tank account within the fund to be used to pay (e) the costs of corrective action due to a release from a petroleum storage tank not eligible for reimbursement from the financial responsibility account. Reimbursements of corrective action projects performed under the petroleum storage tank account shall be carried out on or before July 15, <u>2028[2024]</u>. Any corrective action costs incurred after this date shall not be eligible for reimbursement under the petroleum storage tank account. The account shall receive one cent (\$0.01) from the one and four-tenths cent (\$0.014) paid on each gallon of gasoline and special fuels received in this state pursuant to KRS 224.60-145. This account shall not be used to compensate third parties for bodily injury and property damage. Within three (3) months after July 15, 2004, the division shall develop a plan to address the payment of claims and completion of corrective action at facilities eligible for reimbursement from this account. The division shall establish a ranking system to be used for the distribution of amounts from this account for the purpose of corrective action. In promulgating administrative regulations to carry out this section, the division shall consider the financial ability of the petroleum storage tank owner or operator to perform corrective action and the extent of damage caused by a release into the environment from a petroleum storage tank;

- (f) Hear complaints brought before the division regarding the payment of claims from the fund in accordance with KRS 224.10-410 to 224.10-470;
- (g) Establish and maintain necessary offices within this state, appoint employees and agents as necessary, and prescribe their duties and compensation;
- (h) Employ, in accordance with the procedures found in KRS 45A.690 to 45A.725 for awarding personal service contracts, a qualified actuary to perform actuarial studies, as directed by the division, for determining an

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appropriate reserve in the financial responsibility account and the petroleum storage tank account sufficient to satisfy the obligations in each account for all eligible facilities and to satisfy future liabilities and expenses necessary to operate each account. The division shall, by administrative regulation, set the entry level for participation in the fund;

- (i) Authorize expenditures from the fund to carry out the purpose of KRS 224.60-105 to 224.60-160, including reasonable costs of administering the fund, the procurement of legal services, and the procurement of analytical testing services when necessary to confirm the accuracy of analytical testing results obtained by a petroleum storage tank owner or operator. The expenditures shall be paid from the appropriate account;
- (j) Establish a small operators' tank removal account within the fund to reimburse the reasonable cost of tank system removal for small owners and operators. The account shall not be used when an owner or operator is removing the tank with the intention of replacing or upgrading the tank. In promulgating administrative regulations to carry out this paragraph, the division may distinguish among owners and operators based on income and types and classes of tanks. The division shall not place a limit on the number of tanks that an owner or operator has in order to be eligible to participate in the program and receive reimbursement under this paragraph;
- (k) Establish by administrative regulation the policy, guidelines, and procedures to perform financial audits of any petroleum storage tank owner or operator receiving reimbursement from the fund or any entity contracting or subcontracting to provide corrective action services for facilities eligible for fund reimbursement. Financial audits shall be limited to those files, records, computer records, receipts, and other documents related to corrective action performed at a facility where the costs of corrective action have been

reimbursed by the fund. Files, records, computer records, receipts, and other documents related to corrective action reimbursed by the fund shall be subject to a financial audit for a period of three (3) years after the date of final reimbursement from the fund. Results of the audits shall be protected from disclosure as allowed by KRS 61.878(1)(c). Financial auditing services may be contracted for or personnel may be employed as needed to implement the requirements of this paragraph;

- (l) Be authorized to enter and inspect any facility intending to seek reimbursement for the cost of corrective action to determine the reasonableness and necessity of the cost of corrective action. The division may collect soil or water samples or require storage tank owners or operators to split samples with the division for analytical testing. Refusal to allow entry and inspection of a facility or refusal to allow the division to collect or split samples shall make the facility ineligible for fund participation;
- (m) Have inspectors on site at all tank system removals. Failure to comply with this provision shall make the facility ineligible for fund participation. A petroleum storage tank owner or operator may request through certified mail that the division schedule an inspector to be present at an upcoming tank removal. If the request is made at least two (2) weeks before the time for the removal and an inspector fails to be present at the time scheduled, the tank removal may proceed without making the facility ineligible for fund participation unless the owner is notified by the division no later than ten (10) days prior to the proposed date that an inspector is not available on the proposed date, in which event a representative of the division shall contact the operator and schedule a new date. If no inspector is present at the rescheduled date, the removal may then proceed without penalty; and
- (n) Establish that the deadline for submission of final reimbursement requests

1	under the petroleum storage tank account is two (2) years after receipt of a no
2	further action letter

- The division may advise the cabinet on the promulgation of administrative regulations concerning petroleum storage tanks.
- 5 (3) The division may sue and be sued in its own name.
- 6 (4) The division may transfer funds from the petroleum storage tank account to the
  7 small operator tank removal account as needed to satisfy the obligations, future
  8 liabilities, and expenses necessary to operate that account. The division may transfer
  9 funds to the financial responsibility account as needed to maintain within that
  10 account sufficient funds to demonstrate financial responsibility and to ensure
  11 payment of claims as provided in subsection (1)(c) of this section.
- → Section 32. KRS 224.60-142 is amended to read as follows:
- 13 (1) To be eligible to participate in the fund, the owner of any petroleum storage tank
  14 containing motor fuels installed and placed in operation after July 15, 2004, shall
  15 register the petroleum storage tank with the cabinet as required by KRS 224.60-105
  16 prior to applying for participation in the financial responsibility account.
- 17 (2) The owner of any petroleum storage tank containing motor fuels currently existing,
  18 or removed from the ground after January 1, 1974, shall register the petroleum
  19 storage tank containing motor fuels with the cabinet prior to applying to the fund,
  20 and shall register the petroleum storage tank containing motor fuels by July 15,
  21 2021. Owners or operators may submit affidavits and applications relevant to
  22 current petroleum storage tank accounts through July 15, 2025[2021].
- → Section 33. KRS 224.60-145 is amended to read as follows:
- 24 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, there is established a petroleum 25 environmental assurance fee to be paid by dealers on each gallon of gasoline and 26 special fuels received in this state.
- 27 (2) All deductions detailed in KRS 138.240(2) and all credits detailed in KRS 138.358

1	are exempt from the fee. If a dealer has on file, pursuant to KRS Chapter 138, a
2	statement supporting a claimed exemption, an additional statement shall not be
3	required for claiming exemption from the fee.

- 4 (3) The fee shall be reported and paid to the Department of Revenue at the same time 5 and in the same manner as is required for the reporting and payment of the gasoline 6 and special fuels taxes as provided by law.
- 7 (4) The petroleum environmental assurance fee shall be set at one and four-tenths cent (\$0.014) for each gallon. Four-tenths of a cent (\$0.004) per gallon shall be deposited in the financial responsibility account and one cent (\$0.01) shall be deposited in the petroleum storage tank account.
- 11 (5) Within thirty (30) days of the close of fiscal year 2001-2002 and each fiscal year 12 thereafter, the state budget director shall review the balance of each account to 13 determine if a surplus exists. "Surplus" means funds in excess of the amounts 14 necessary to satisfy the obligations in each account for all eligible facilities, to 15 satisfy future liabilities and expenses necessary to operate each account, and to 16 maintain an appropriate reserve in the financial responsibility account to 17 demonstrate financial responsibility and compensate for third-party claims. The 18 state budget director shall report the determination to the Interim Joint Committee 19 on Appropriations and Revenue. After a determination that a surplus exists, the 20 surplus shall be transferred to a restricted account and retained until appropriated by 21 the General Assembly.
- 22 (6) All provisions of law related to the Department of Revenue's administration and enforcement of the gasoline and special fuels tax and all other powers generally conveyed to the Department of Revenue by the Kentucky Revised Statutes for the assessment and collection of taxes shall apply with regard to the fee levied by KRS 224.60-105 to 224.60-160.
- 27 (7) The Department of Revenue shall refund the fee imposed by KRS 224.60-145(1) to

1		any pe	rson who	paid the fee provided they are entitled to a refund of motor fuel tax				
2		under	under KRS 138.344 to KRS 138.355 and to any person who paid the fee on					
3		transac	cransactions exempted under KRS 224.60-145(2).					
4	(8)	Notwi	thstanding	g any other provisions of KRS 65.180, 65.182, 68.600 to 68.606,				
5		139.47	70, 183.10	65, 224.60-115, 224.60-130, 224.60-137, 224.60-140, 224.60-142,				
6		and th	is section	to the contrary, the small operator assistance account and small				
7		operat	or tank re	moval account established under KRS 224.60-130 shall continue in				
8		effect	until July	15, <u>2025</u> [2021], and thereafter until all eligible claims related to				
9		tanks 1	registered	by that date are resolved, and sufficient money shall be allocated to				
10		and m	aintained	in that account to assure prompt payment of all eligible claims, and				
11		to pro	vide for re	emoval of tanks for eligible owners and operators as directed by this				
12		chapte	r.					
13		→Sec	tion 34.	KRS 139.010 is amended to read as follows:				
14	As u	ised in t	his chapte	er, unless the context otherwise provides:				
15	(1)	(a) "	Admissio	ons" means the fees paid for:				
16		1	. The	right of entrance to a display, program, sporting event, music				
17			conc	ert, performance, play, show, movie, exhibit, fair, or other				
18			ente	rtainment or amusement event or venue; and				
19		2	2. The	privilege of using facilities or participating in an event or activity,				
20			inclu	ading but not limited to:				
21			a.	Bowling centers;				
22			b.	Skating rinks;				
23			c.	Health spas;				
24			d.	Swimming pools;				
25			e.	Tennis courts;				
26			f.	Weight training facilities;				
27			g.	Fitness and recreational sports centers; and				

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1		h. Golf courses, both public and private;				
2		regardless of whether the fee paid is per use or in any other form,				
3		including but not limited to an initiation fee, monthly fee, membership				
4		fee, or combination thereof.				
5		(b) "Admissions" does not include:				
6		1. Any fee paid to enter or participate in a fishing tournament; or				
7		2. Any fee paid for the use of a boat ramp for the purpose of allowing boats				
8		to be launched into or hauled out from the water;				
9	(2)	"Advertising and promotional direct mail" means direct mail the primary purpose of				
10		which is to attract public attention to a product, person, business, or organization, or				
11		to attempt to sell, popularize, or secure financial support for a product, person,				
12		business, or organization. As used in this definition, "product" means tangible				
13		personal property, an item transferred electronically, or a service;				
14	(3)	"Business" includes any activity engaged in by any person or caused to be engaged				
15		in by that person with the object of gain, benefit, or advantage, either direct or				
16		indirect;				
17	(4)	"Commonwealth" means the Commonwealth of Kentucky;				
18	(5)	"Department" means the Department of Revenue;				
19	(6)	(a) "Digital audio-visual works" means a series of related images which, when				
20		shown in succession, impart an impression of motion, with accompanying				
21		sounds, if any.				
22		(b) "Digital audio-visual works" includes movies, motion pictures, musical				
23		videos, news and entertainment programs, and live events.				
24		(c) "Digital audio-visual works" shall not include video greeting cards, video				
25		games, and electronic games;				
26	(7)	(a) "Digital audio works" means works that result from the fixation of a series of				
27		musical, spoken, or other sounds.				

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I	(b)	"Digital audio works" includes ringtones, recorded or live songs, music,				
2		readings of books or other written materials, speeches, or other sound				
3		recordings.				
4	(c)	"Digital audio works" shall not include audio greeting cards sent by electronic				
5		mail;				
6	(8) (a)	"Digital books" means works that are generally recognized in the ordinary and				
7		usual sense as books, including any literary work expressed in words,				
8		numbers, or other verbal or numerical symbols or indicia if the literary work is				
9		generally recognized in the ordinary or usual sense as a book.				
10	(b)	"Digital books" shall not include digital audio-visual works, digital audio				
11		works, periodicals, magazines, newspapers, or other news or information				
12		products, chat rooms, or Web logs;				
13	(9) (a)	"Digital code" means a code which provides a purchaser with a right to obtain				
14		one (1) or more types of digital property. A "digital code" may be obtained by				
15		any means, including electronic mail messaging or by tangible means,				
16		regardless of the code's designation as a song code, video code, or book code.				
17	(b)	"Digital code" shall not include a code that represents:				
18		1. A stored monetary value that is deducted from a total as it is used by the				
19		purchaser; or				
20		2. A redeemable card, gift card, or gift certificate that entitles the holder to				
21		select specific types of digital property;				
22	(10) (a)	"Digital property" means any of the following which is transferred				
23		electronically:				
24		1. Digital audio works;				
25		2. Digital books;				
26		3. Finished artwork;				
27		4. Digital photographs;				

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1			5. Periodicals;
2			6. Newspapers;
3			7. Magazines;
4			8. Video greeting cards;
5			9. Audio greeting cards;
6			10. Video games;
7			11. Electronic games; or
8			12. Any digital code related to this property.
9		(b)	"Digital property" shall not include digital audio-visual works or satellite
10			radio programming;
11	(11)	(a)	"Direct mail" means printed material delivered or distributed by United States
12			mail or other delivery service to a mass audience or to addressees on a mailing
13			list provided by the purchaser or at the direction of the purchaser when the
14			cost of the items are not billed directly to the recipient.
15		(b)	"Direct mail" includes tangible personal property supplied directly or
16			indirectly by the purchaser to the direct mail retailer for inclusion in the
17			package containing the printed material.
18		(c)	"Direct mail" does not include multiple items of printed material delivered to
19			a single address;
20	(12)	"Dire	ectly used in the manufacturing or industrial processing process" means the
21		proc	ess [within a plant facility] that commences with the movement of raw
22		mate	rials from storage into a continuous, unbroken, integrated process and ends
23		when	the finished product is packaged and ready for sale;
24	(13)	(a)	"Extended warranty services" means services provided through a service
25			contract agreement between the contract provider and the purchaser where the
26			purchaser agrees to pay compensation for the contract and the provider agrees
27			to repair, replace, support, or maintain tangible personal property or digital

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1		property according to the terms of the contract if:				
2		1. The service contract agreement is sold or purchased on or after July 1,				
3		2018; and				
4		2. The tangible personal property or digital property for which the service				
5		contract agreement is provided is subject to tax under this chapter or				
6		under KRS 138.460.				
7	(b)	"Extended warranty services" does not include the sale of a service contract				
8		agreement for tangible personal property to be used by a small telephone				
9		utility as defined in KRS 278.516 or a Tier III CMRS provider as defined in				
10		KRS 65.7621 to deliver communications services as defined in KRS 136.602				
11		or broadband as defined in KRS 278.5461;				
12	(14) (a)	"Finished artwork" means final art that is used for actual reproduction by				
13		photomechanical or other processes or for display purposes.				
14	(b)	"Finished artwork" includes:				
15		1. Assemblies;				
16		2. Charts;				
17		3. Designs;				
18		4. Drawings;				
19		5. Graphs;				
20		6. Illustrative materials;				
21		7. Lettering;				
22		8. Mechanicals;				
23		9. Paintings; and				
24		10. Paste-ups;				
25	(15) (a)	"Gross receipts" and "sales price" mean the total amount or consideration,				
26		including cash, credit, property, and services, for which tangible personal				
27		property, digital property, or services are sold, leased, or rented, valued in				

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1		mor	money, whether received in money or otherwise, without any deduction for				
2		any	any of the following:				
3		1.	The retailer's cost of the tangible personal property, digital property, or				
4			services sold;				
5		2.	The cost of the materials used, labor or service cost, interest, losses, all				
6			costs of transportation to the retailer, all taxes imposed on the retailer, or				
7			any other expense of the retailer;				
8		3.	Charges by the retailer for any services necessary to complete the sale;				
9		4.	Delivery charges, which are defined as charges by the retailer for the				
10			preparation and delivery to a location designated by the purchaser				
11			including transportation, shipping, postage, handling, crating, and				
12			packing;				
13		5.	Any amount for which credit is given to the purchaser by the retailer,				
14			other than credit for tangible personal property or digital property traded				
15			when the tangible personal property or digital property traded is of like				
16			kind and character to the property purchased and the property traded is				
17			held by the retailer for resale; and				
18		6.	The amount charged for labor or services rendered in installing or				
19			applying the tangible personal property, digital property, or service sold.				
20	(b)	"Gr	oss receipts" and "sales price" shall include consideration received by the				
21		reta	retailer from a third party if:				
22		1.	The retailer actually receives consideration from a third party and the				
23			consideration is directly related to a price reduction or discount on the				
24			sale to the purchaser;				
25		2.	The retailer has an obligation to pass the price reduction or discount				
26			through to the purchaser;				

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27

3.

The amount of consideration attributable to the sale is fixed and

1			determinable by the retailer at the time of the sale of the item to the
2			purchaser; and
3		4.	One (1) of the following criteria is met:
4			a. The purchaser presents a coupon, certificate, or other
5			documentation to the retailer to claim a price reduction or discount
6			where the coupon, certificate, or documentation is authorized,
7			distributed, or granted by a third party with the understanding that
8			the third party will reimburse any seller to whom the coupon,
9			certificate, or documentation is presented;
10			b. The price reduction or discount is identified as a third-party price
11			reduction or discount on the invoice received by the purchaser or
12			on a coupon, certificate, or other documentation presented by the
13			purchaser; or
14			c. The purchaser identifies himself or herself to the retailer as a
15			member of a group or organization entitled to a price reduction or
16			discount. A "preferred customer" card that is available to any
17			patron does not constitute membership in such a group.
18	(c)	"Gro	oss receipts" and "sales price" shall not include:
19		1.	Discounts, including cash, term, or coupons that are not reimbursed by a
20			third party and that are allowed by a retailer and taken by a purchaser on
21			a sale;
22		2.	Interest, financing, and carrying charges from credit extended on the sale
23			of tangible personal property, digital property, or services, if the amount
24			is separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale, or similar document given
25			to the purchaser; or
26		3.	Any taxes legally imposed directly on the purchaser that are separately
27			stated on the invoice, bill of sale, or similar document given to the

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1			purchaser.			
2		(d)	As used in this subsection, "third party" means a person other than the			
3			purchaser;			
4	(16)	"In	this state" or "in the state" means within the exterior limits of the			
5		Con	monwealth and includes all territory within these limits owned by or ceded to			
6		the U	United States of America;			
7	(17)	"Ind	ustrial processing" includes:			
8		(a)	Refining;			
9		(b)	Extraction of minerals, ores, coal, clay, stone, petroleum, or natural gas;			
10		(c)	Mining, quarrying, fabricating, and industrial assembling;			
11		(d)	The processing and packaging of raw materials, in-process materials, and			
12			finished products; and			
13		(e)	The processing and packaging of farm and dairy products for sale;			
14	(18)	(a)	"Lease or rental" means any transfer of possession or control of tangible			
15			personal property for a fixed or indeterminate term for consideration. A lease			
16		or rental shall include future options to:				
17			1. Purchase the property; or			
18			2. Extend the terms of the agreement and agreements covering trailers			
19			where the amount of consideration may be increased or decreased by			
20			reference to the amount realized upon sale or disposition of the property			
21			as defined in 26 U.S.C. sec. 7701(h)(1).			
22		(b)	"Lease or rental" shall not include:			
23			1. A transfer of possession or control of property under a security			
24			agreement or deferred payment plan that requires the transfer of title			
25			upon completion of the required payments;			
26			2. A transfer of possession or control of property under an agreement that			
27			requires the transfer of title upon completion of the required payments			

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1		and payment of an option price that does not exceed the greater of one
2		hundred dollars (\$100) or one percent (1%) of the total required
3		payments; or
4		3. Providing tangible personal property and an operator for the tangible
5		personal property for a fixed or indeterminate period of time. To qualify
6		for this exclusion, the operator must be necessary for the equipment to
7		perform as designed, and the operator must do more than maintain,
8		inspect, or setup the tangible personal property.
9	(c)	This definition shall apply regardless of the classification of a transaction
10		under generally accepted accounting principles, the Internal Revenue Code, or
11		other provisions of federal, state, or local law;
12	(19) (a)	"Machinery for new and expanded industry" means machinery:
13		1. Directly used in the manufacturing or industrial processing process <u>of:</u>
14		a. Tangible personal property at a plant facility;
15		b. Distilled spirits or wine at a plant facility or on the premises of a
16		distiller, rectifier, winery, or small farm winery licensed under
17		KRS 243.030 that includes a retail establishment on the
18		premises; or
19		c. Malt beverages at a plant facility or on the premises of a brewer
20		or microbrewery licensed under KRS 243.040 that includes a
21		retail establishment;
22		2. Which is incorporated for the first time into:
23		$\underline{a}$ . A plant facility established in this state; $\underline{or}$
24		b. Licensed premises located in this state; and
25		3. Which does not replace machinery in the plant facility or licensed
26		<u>premises</u> unless that machinery purchased to replace existing machinery:
27		a. Increases the consumption of recycled materials at the plant

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1	facility by not less than ten percent (10%);				
2	b. Performs different functions;				
3					
	•				
4	d. Has a greater productive capacity, as measured in units of				
5	production, than the machinery being replaced.				
6	(b) "Machinery for new and expanded industry" does not include repair,				
7	replacement, or spare parts of any kind, regardless of whether the purchase of				
8	repair, replacement, or spare parts is required by the manufacturer or seller as				
9	a condition of sale or as a condition of warranty;				
10	(20) "Manufacturing" means any process through which material having little or no				
11	commercial value for its intended use before processing has appreciable commercial				
12	value for its intended use after processing by the machinery;				
13	(21) "Marketplace" means any physical or electronic means through which one (1) or				
14	more retailers may advertise and sell tangible personal property, digital property, or				
15	services, or lease tangible personal property or digital property, such as a catalog,				
16	Internet Web site, or television or radio broadcast, regardless of whether the				
17	tangible personal property, digital property, or retailer is physically present in this				
18	state;				
19	(22) (a) "Marketplace provider" means a person, including any affiliate of the person,				
20	that facilitates a retail sale by satisfying subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this				
21	paragraph as follows:				
22	1. The person directly or indirectly:				
23	a. Lists, makes available, or advertises tangible personal property,				
24	digital property, or services for sale by a marketplace retailer in a				
25	marketplace owned, operated, or controlled by the person;				
26	b. Facilitates the sale of a marketplace retailer's product through a				
27	marketplace by transmitting or otherwise communicating an offer				

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1		or acceptance of a retail sale of tangible personal property, digital
2		property, or services between a marketplace retailer and a
3		purchaser in a forum including a shop, store, booth, catalog,
4		Internet site, or similar forum;
5	c.	Owns, rents, licenses, makes available, or operates any electronic
6		or physical infrastructure or any property, process, method,
7		copyright, trademark, or patent that connects marketplace retailers
8		to purchasers for the purpose of making retail sales of tangible
9		personal property, digital property, or services;
10	d.	Provides a marketplace for making retail sales of tangible personal
11		property, digital property, or services, or otherwise facilitates retail
12		sales of tangible personal property, digital property, or services,
13		regardless of ownership or control of the tangible personal
14		property, digital property, or services, that are the subject of the
15		retail sale;
16	e.	Provides software development or research and development
17		activities related to any activity described in this subparagraph, if
18		the software development or research and development activities
19		are directly related to the physical or electronic marketplace
20		provided by a marketplace provider;
21	f.	Provides or offers fulfillment or storage services for a marketplace
22		retailer;
23	g.	Sets prices for a marketplace retailer's sale of tangible personal
24		property, digital property, or services;
25	h.	Provides or offers customer service to a marketplace retailer or a
26		marketplace retailer's customers, or accepts or assists with taking
27		orders, returns, or exchanges of tangible personal property, digital

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I				property, or services sold by a marketplace retailer; or
2			i.	Brands or otherwise identifies sales as those of the marketplace
3				provider; and
4		2.	The	person directly or indirectly:
5			a.	Collects the sales price or purchase price of a retail sale of tangible
6				personal property, digital property, or services;
7			b.	Provides payment processing services for a retail sale of tangible
8				personal property, digital property, or services;
9			c. <del>[</del>	Charges, collects, or otherwise receives selling fees, listing fees,
10				referral fees, closing fees, fees for inserting or making available
11				tangible personal property, digital property, or services on a
12				marketplace, or receives other consideration from the facilitation
13				of a retail sale of tangible personal property, digital property, or
14				services, regardless of ownership or control of the tangible
15				personal property, digital property, or services that are the subject
16				of the retail sale;
17			<del>d.]</del>	Through terms and conditions, agreements, or arrangements with a
18				third party, collects payment in connection with a retail sale of
19				tangible personal property, digital property, or services from a
20				purchaser and transmits that payment to the marketplace retailer,
21				regardless of whether the person collecting and transmitting the
22				payment receives compensation or other consideration in exchange
23				for the service; or
24			<u>d.</u> [e.	Provides a virtual currency that purchasers are allowed or required
25				to use to purchase tangible personal property, digital property, or
26				services.
27	(b)	"Ma	ırketpl	ace provider" includes but is not limited to a person that satisfies the

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1	requirements of this subsection through the ownership, operation, or control									
2	of a digital distribution service, digital distribution platform, online portal, or									
3	application store;									
4	(23) "Marketplace retailer" means a seller that makes retail sales through any									

- (23) "Marketplace retailer" means a seller that makes retail sales through any marketplace owned, operated, or controlled by a marketplace provider;
- 6 (24) (a) "Occasional sale" includes:

- 1. A sale of tangible personal property or digital property not held or used by a seller in the course of an activity for which he or she is required to hold a seller's permit, provided such sale is not one (1) of a series of sales sufficient in number, scope, and character to constitute an activity requiring the holding of a seller's permit. In the case of the sale of the entire, or a substantial portion of the nonretail assets of the seller, the number of previous sales of similar assets shall be disregarded in determining whether or not the current sale or sales shall qualify as an occasional sale; or
- 2. Any transfer of all or substantially all the tangible personal property or digital property held or used by a person in the course of such an activity when after such transfer the real or ultimate ownership of such property is substantially similar to that which existed before such transfer.
- (b) For the purposes of this subsection, stockholders, bondholders, partners, or other persons holding an interest in a corporation or other entity are regarded as having the "real or ultimate ownership" of the tangible personal property or digital property of such corporation or other entity;
- 24 (25) (a) "Other direct mail" means any direct mail that is not advertising and promotional direct mail, regardless of whether advertising and promotional direct mail is included in the same mailing.
  - (b) "Other direct mail" includes but is not limited to:

1		1.	Transactional direct mail that contains personal information specific to		
2			the addressee, including but not limited to invoices, bills, statements of		
3			account, and payroll advices;		
4		2.	Any legally required mailings, including but not limited to privacy		
5			notices, tax reports, and stockholder reports; and		
6		3.	Other nonpromotional direct mail delivered to existing or former		
7			shareholders, customers, employees, or agents, including but not limited		
8			to newsletters and informational pieces.		
9		(c) "Ot	her direct mail" does not include the development of billing information or		
10		the	provision of any data processing service that is more than incidental to the		
11		prod	production of printed material;		
12	(26)	"Person"	includes any individual, firm, copartnership, joint venture, association,		
13		social clu	b, fraternal organization, corporation, estate, trust, business trust, receiver,		
14		trustee, s	yndicate, cooperative, assignee, governmental unit or agency, or any other		
15		group or	combination acting as a unit;		
16	(27)	"Permane	ent," as the term applies to digital property, means perpetual or for an		
17		indefinite	or unspecified length of time;		
18	(28)	"Plant fa	acility" means a single location that is exclusively dedicated to		
19		manufact	uring or industrial processing activities. A location shall be deemed to be		
20		exclusive	ly dedicated to manufacturing or industrial processing activities even if		
21		retail sale	es are made there, provided that the retail sales are incidental to the		
22		manufact	uring or industrial processing activities occurring at the location. The term		
23		"plant fac	cility" shall not include any restaurant, grocery store, shopping center, or		
24		other reta	il establishment;		
25	(29)	(a) "Pre	ewritten computer software" means:		
26		1.	Computer software, including prewritten upgrades, that are not designed		

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and developed by the author or other creator to the specifications of a

27

1		specific purchaser;
2		2. Software designed and developed by the author or other creator to the
3		specifications of a specific purchaser when it is sold to a person other
4		than the original purchaser; or
5		3. Any portion of prewritten computer software that is modified or
6		enhanced in any manner, where the modification or enhancement is
7		designed and developed to the specifications of a specific purchaser,
8		unless there is a reasonable, separately stated charge on an invoice or
9		other statement of the price to the purchaser for the modification or
10		enhancement.
11	(b)	When a person modifies or enhances computer software of which the person
12		is not the author or creator, the person shall be deemed to be the author or
13		creator only of the modifications or enhancements the person actually made.
14	(c)	The combining of two (2) or more prewritten computer software programs or
15		portions thereof does not cause the combination to be other than prewritten
16		computer software;
17	(30) (a)	"Purchase" means any transfer of title or possession, exchange, barter, lease,
18		or rental, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means
19		whatsoever, of:
20		1. Tangible personal property;
21		2. An extended warranty service;
22		3. Digital property transferred electronically; or
23		4. Services included in KRS 139.200;
24		for a consideration.
25	(b)	"Purchase" includes:
26		1. When performed outside this state or when the customer gives a resale
27		certificate, the producing, fabricating, processing, printing, or imprinting

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1		of tangible personal property for a consideration for consumers who
2		furnish either directly or indirectly the materials used in the producing,
3		fabricating, processing, printing, or imprinting;
4		2. A transaction whereby the possession of tangible personal property or
5		digital property is transferred but the seller retains the title as security for
6		the payment of the price; and
7		3. A transfer for a consideration of the title or possession of tangible
8		personal property or digital property which has been produced,
9		fabricated, or printed to the special order of the customer, or of any
10		publication;
11	(31)	"Recycled materials" means materials which have been recovered or diverted from
12		the solid waste stream and reused or returned to use in the form of raw materials or
13		products;
14	(32)	"Recycling purposes" means those activities undertaken in which materials that
15		would otherwise become solid waste are collected, separated, or processed in order
16		to be reused or returned to use in the form of raw materials or products;
17	(33)	"Remote retailer" means a retailer with no physical presence in this state;
18	(34)	(a) "Repair, replacement, or spare parts" means any tangible personal property
19		used to maintain, restore, mend, or repair machinery or equipment.
20		(b) "Repair, replacement, or spare parts" does not include machine oils, grease, or
21		industrial tools;
22	(35)	(a) "Retailer" means:
23		1. Every person engaged in the business of making retail sales of tangible
24		personal property, digital property, or furnishing any services in a retail
25		sale included in KRS 139.200;
26		2. Every person engaged in the business of making sales at auction of
27		tangible personal property or digital property owned by the person or

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1		others for storage, use or other consumption, except as provided in
2		paragraph (c) of this subsection;
3		3. Every person making more than two (2) retail sales of tangible personal
4		property, digital property, or services included in KRS 139.200 during
5		any twelve (12) month period, including sales made in the capacity of
6		assignee for the benefit of creditors, or receiver or trustee in bankruptcy;
7		4. Any person conducting a race meeting under the provision of KRS
8		Chapter 230, with respect to horses which are claimed during the
9		meeting.
10	(b)	When the department determines that it is necessary for the efficient
11		administration of this chapter to regard any salesmen, representatives,
12		peddlers, or canvassers as the agents of the dealers, distributors, supervisors or
13		employers under whom they operate or from whom they obtain the tangible
14		personal property, digital property, or services sold by them, irrespective of
15		whether they are making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of the dealers,
16		distributors, supervisors or employers, the department may so regard them and
17		may regard the dealers, distributors, supervisors or employers as retailers for
18		purposes of this chapter.
19	(c)	1. Any person making sales at a charitable auction for a qualifying entity
20		shall not be a retailer for purposes of the sales made at the charitable
21		auction if:
22		a. The qualifying entity, not the person making sales at the auction, is
23		sponsoring the auction;
24		b. The purchaser of tangible personal property at the auction directly
25		pays the qualifying entity sponsoring the auction for the property
26		and not the person making the sales at the auction; and

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The qualifying entity, not the person making sales at the auction, is

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c.

1				responsible for the collection, control, and disbursement of the
2				auction proceeds.
3			2.	If the conditions set forth in subparagraph 1. of this paragraph are met,
4				the qualifying entity sponsoring the auction shall be the retailer for
5				purposes of the sales made at the charitable auction.
6			3.	For purposes of this paragraph, "qualifying entity" means a resident:
7				a. Church;
8				b. School;
9				c. Civic club; or
10				d. Any other nonprofit charitable, religious, or educational
11				organization;
12	(36)	"Ret	ail sa	le" means any sale, lease, or rental for any purpose other than resale,
13		subl	ease,	or subrent;
14	(37)	(a)	"Rin	gtones" means digitized sound files that are downloaded onto a device
15			and	that may be used to alert the customer with respect to a communication.
16		(b)	"Rin	gtones" shall not include ringback tones or other digital files that are not
17			store	ed on the purchaser's communications device;
18	(38)	(a)	"Sal	e" means:
19			1.	The furnishing of any services included in KRS 139.200;
20			2.	Any transfer of title or possession, exchange, barter, lease, or rental,
21				conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means whatsoever, of:
22				a. Tangible personal property; or
23				b. Digital property transferred electronically;
24			for a	consideration.
25		(b)	"Sal	e" includes but is not limited to:
26			1.	The producing, fabricating, processing, printing, or imprinting of
27				tangible personal property or digital property for a consideration for

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1			purchasers who furnish, either directly or indirectly, the materials used		
2			in the producing, fabricating, processing, printing, or imprinting;		
3			2. A transaction whereby the possession of tangible personal property or		
4			digital property is transferred, but the seller retains the title as security		
5			for the payment of the price; and		
6			3. A transfer for a consideration of the title or possession of tangible		
7			personal property or digital property which has been produced,		
8			fabricated, or printed to the special order of the purchaser.		
9		(c)	This definition shall apply regardless of the classification of a transaction		
10			under generally accepted accounting principles, the Internal Revenue Code, or		
11			other provisions of federal, state, or local law;		
12	(39)	"Sel	ler" includes every person engaged in the business of selling tangible personal		
13		prop	property, digital property, or services of a kind, the gross receipts from the retail		
14		sale	of which are required to be included in the measure of the sales tax, and every		
15		pers	on engaged in making sales for resale;		
16	(40)	(a)	"Storage" includes any keeping or retention in this state for any purpose		
17			except sale in the regular course of business or subsequent use solely outside		
18			this state of tangible personal property or digital property purchased from a		
19			retailer.		
20		(b)	"Storage" does not include the keeping, retaining, or exercising any right or		
21			power over tangible personal property for the purpose of subsequently		
22			transporting it outside the state for use thereafter solely outside the state, or for		
23			the purpose of being processed, fabricated, or manufactured into, attached to,		
24			or incorporated into, other tangible personal property to be transported outside		
25			the state and thereafter used solely outside the state;		
26	(41)	"Tar	ngible personal property" means personal property which may be seen, weighed,		
27		mea	sured, felt, or touched, or which is in any other manner perceptible to the senses		

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1	and includes natural, artificial, and mixed gas, electricity, water, steam, and
2	prewritten computer software;
3	(42) "Taxpayer" means any person liable for tax under this chapter;
4	(43) "Transferred electronically" means accessed or obtained by the purchaser by mean
5	other than tangible storage media; and
6	(44) (a) "Use" includes the exercise of:
7	1. Any right or power over tangible personal property or digital property
8	incident to the ownership of that property, or by any transaction in which
9	possession is given, or by any transaction involving digital property
10	where the right of access is granted; or
11	2. Any right or power to benefit from extended warranty services.
12	(b) "Use" does not include the keeping, retaining, or exercising any right or power
13	over tangible personal property or digital property for the purpose of:
14	1. Selling tangible personal property or digital property in the regula
15	course of business; or
16	2. Subsequently transporting tangible personal property outside the state
17	for use thereafter solely outside the state, or for the purpose of being
18	processed, fabricated, or manufactured into, attached to, or incorporated
19	into, other tangible personal property to be transported outside the state
20	and thereafter used solely outside the state.
21	→ Section 35. KRS 139.470 is amended to read as follows:
22	There are excluded from the computation of the amount of taxes imposed by this chapter:
23	(1) Gross receipts from the sale of, and the storage, use, or other consumption in thi
24	state of, tangible personal property or digital property which this state is prohibited
25	from taxing under the Constitution or laws of the United States, or under the
26	Constitution of this state;

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Gross receipts from sales of, and the storage, use, or other consumption in this state

26

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(2)

1		of:
2		(a) Nonreturnable and returnable containers when sold without the contents to
3		persons who place the contents in the container and sell the contents together
4		with the container; and
5		(b) Returnable containers when sold with the contents in connection with a retail
6		sale of the contents or when resold for refilling;
7		As used in this section the term "returnable containers" means containers of a kind
8		customarily returned by the buyer of the contents for reuse. All other containers are
9		"nonreturnable containers";
10	(3)	Gross receipts from occasional sales of tangible personal property or digital
11		property and the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal
12		property or digital property, the transfer of which to the purchaser is an occasional
13		sale;
14	(4)	Gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property to a common carrier,
15		shipped by the retailer via the purchasing carrier under a bill of lading, whether the
16		freight is paid in advance or the shipment is made freight charges collect, to a point
17		outside this state and the property is actually transported to the out-of-state
18		destination for use by the carrier in the conduct of its business as a common carrier;
19	(5)	Gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property sold through coin-operated
20		bulk vending machines, if the sale amounts to fifty cents (\$0.50) or less, if the
21		retailer is primarily engaged in making the sales and maintains records satisfactory
22		to the department. As used in this subsection, "bulk vending machine" means a
23		vending machine containing unsorted merchandise which, upon insertion of a coin,
24		dispenses the same in approximately equal portions, at random and without
25		selection by the customer;
26	(6)	Gross receipts from sales to any cabinet, department, bureau, commission, board, or

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other statutory or constitutional agency of the state and gross receipts from sales to

counties, cities, or special districts as defined in KRS 65.005. This exemption shall
apply only to purchases of tangible personal property, digital property, or services
for use solely in the government function. A purchaser not qualifying as a
governmental agency or unit shall not be entitled to the exemption even though the
purchaser may be the recipient of public funds or grants;

- (7) Gross receipts from the sale of sewer services, water, and fuel to Kentucky (a) residents for use in heating, water heating, cooking, lighting, and other residential uses. As used in this subsection, "fuel" shall include but not be limited to natural gas, electricity, fuel oil, bottled gas, coal, coke, and wood. Determinations of eligibility for the exemption shall be made by the department;
  - In making the determinations of eligibility, the department shall exempt from (b) taxation all gross receipts derived from sales:
    - 1. Classified as "residential" by a utility company as defined by applicable tariffs filed with and accepted by the Public Service Commission;
    - 2. Classified as "residential" by a municipally owned electric distributor which purchases its power at wholesale from the Tennessee Valley Authority;
    - 3. Classified as "residential" by the governing body of a municipally owned electric distributor which does not purchase its power from the Tennessee Valley Authority, if the "residential" classification is reasonably consistent with the definitions of "residential" contained in tariff filings accepted and approved by the Public Service Commission with respect to utilities which are subject to Public Service Commission regulation.

If the service is classified as residential, use other than for "residential" purposes by the customer shall not negate the exemption;

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1		(c) The exemption shall not apply if charges for sewer service, water, and fuel are
2		billed to an owner or operator of a multi-unit residential rental facility o
3		mobile home and recreational vehicle park other than residentia
4		classification; and
5		(d) The exemption shall apply also to residential property which may be held by
6		legal or equitable title, by the entireties, jointly, in common, as a
7		condominium, or indirectly by the stock ownership or membership
8		representing the owner's or member's proprietary interest in a corporation
9		owning a fee or a leasehold initially in excess of ninety-eight (98) years;
10	(8)	Gross receipts from sales to an out-of-state agency, organization, or institution
11		exempt from sales and use tax in its state of residence when that agency
12		organization, or institution gives proof of its tax-exempt status to the retailer and the
13		retailer maintains a file of the proof;
14	(9)	(a) Gross receipts derived from the sale of [, the following] tangible personal
15		property, as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, to a manufacture
16		or industrial processor if the property is to be directly used in the
17		manufacturing or industrial processing process of:
18		<u>1.</u> Tangible personal property at a plant facility:
19		2. Distilled spirits or wine at a plant facility or on the premises of a
20		distiller, rectifier, winery, or small farm winery licensed under KRS
21		243.030 that includes a retail establishment on the premises; or
22		3. Malt beverages at a plant facility or on the premises of a brewer or
23		microbrewery licensed under KRS 243.040 that includes a retai
24		establishment;
25		and which will be for sale.[:]
26		(b) The following tangible personal property shall qualify for exemption under
27		this subsection:

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1 1. Materials which enter into and become an ingredient or component part 2 of the manufactured product; 3 2. Other tangible personal property which is directly used in the 4 manufacturing or industrial processing process, if the property has a useful life of less than one (1) year. Specifically these items are 5 6 categorized as follows: 7 Materials. This refers to the raw materials which become an a. ingredient or component part of supplies or industrial tools exempt 8 9 under subdivisions b. and c. below; 10 Supplies. This category includes supplies such as lubricating and b. 11 compounding oils, grease, machine waste, abrasives, chemicals, 12 solvents, fluxes, anodes, filtering materials, fire brick, catalysts, 13 dyes, refrigerants, and explosives. The supplies indicated above 14 need not come in direct contact with a manufactured product to be exempt. "Supplies" does not include repair, replacement, or spare 15 16 parts of any kind; and 17 Industrial tools. This group is limited to hand tools such as jigs, c. dies, drills, cutters, rolls, reamers, chucks, saws, and spray guns 18 19 and to tools attached to a machine such as molds, grinding balls, 20 grinding wheels, dies, bits, and cutting blades. Normally, for 21 industrial tools to be considered directly used in the manufacturing 22 or industrial processing process, they shall come into direct contact 23 with the product being manufactured or processed; and 24 3. Materials and supplies that are not reusable in the same manufacturing 25 or industrial processing process at the completion of a single 26 manufacturing or processing cycle. A single manufacturing cycle shall

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be considered to be the period elapsing from the time the raw materials

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1	enter into the manufacturing process until the finished product emerges
2	at the end of the manufacturing process.
3	$\underline{(c)}[(b)]$ The property described in paragraph $\underline{(b)}[(a)]$ of this subsection shall be
4	regarded as having been purchased for resale.
5	(d)[(e)] For purposes of this subsection, a manufacturer or industrial processor
6	includes an individual or business entity that performs only part of the
7	manufacturing or industrial processing activity, and the person or business
8	entity need not take title to tangible personal property that is incorporated into
9	or becomes the product of, the activity.
10	(e)[(d)] The exemption provided in this subsection does not include repair
11	replacement, or spare parts;
12	(10) Any water use fee paid or passed through to the Kentucky River Authority by
13	facilities using water from the Kentucky River basin to the Kentucky River
14	Authority in accordance with KRS 151.700 to 151.730 and administrative
15	regulations promulgated by the authority;
16	(11) Gross receipts from the sale of newspaper inserts or catalogs purchased for storage
17	use, or other consumption outside this state and delivered by the retailer's own
18	vehicle to a location outside this state, or delivered to the United States Postal
19	Service, a common carrier, or a contract carrier for delivery outside this state
20	regardless of whether the carrier is selected by the purchaser or retailer or an agent
21	or representative of the purchaser or retailer, or whether the F.O.B. is retailer's
22	shipping point or purchaser's destination.
23	(a) As used in this subsection:
24	1. "Catalogs" means tangible personal property that is printed to the special
25	order of the purchaser and composed substantially of information
26	regarding goods and services offered for sale; and
27	2. "Newspaper inserts" means printed materials that are placed in or

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distributed	with a	newspape	er of	general	circulation.

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The retailer shall be responsible for establishing that delivery was made to a (b) non-Kentucky location through shipping documents or other credible evidence as determined by the department;

- (12) Gross receipts from the sale of water used in the raising of equine as a business;
- 6 (13) Gross receipts from the sale of metal retail fixtures manufactured in this state and purchased for storage, use, or other consumption outside this state and delivered by 8 the retailer's own vehicle to a location outside this state, or delivered to the United States Postal Service, a common carrier, or a contract carrier for delivery outside 10 this state, regardless of whether the carrier is selected by the purchaser or retailer or an agent or representative of the purchaser or retailer, or whether the F.O.B. is the 12 retailer's shipping point or the purchaser's destination.
  - As used in this subsection, "metal retail fixtures" means check stands and belted and nonbelted checkout counters, whether made in bulk or pursuant to specific purchaser specifications, that are to be used directly by the purchaser or to be distributed by the purchaser.
  - The retailer shall be responsible for establishing that delivery was made to a (b) non-Kentucky location through shipping documents or other credible evidence as determined by the department;
  - (14) Gross receipts from the sale of unenriched or enriched uranium purchased for ultimate storage, use, or other consumption outside this state and delivered to a common carrier in this state for delivery outside this state, regardless of whether the carrier is selected by the purchaser or retailer, or is an agent or representative of the purchaser or retailer, or whether the F.O.B. is the retailer's shipping point or purchaser's destination;
  - (15) Amounts received from a tobacco buydown. As used in this subsection, "buydown" means an agreement whereby an amount, whether paid in money, credit, or

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1		otherwise, is received by a retailer from a manufacturer or wholesaler based upon
2		the quantity and unit price of tobacco products sold at retail that requires the retailer
3		to reduce the selling price of the product to the purchaser without the use of a
4		manufacturer's or wholesaler's coupon or redemption certificate;
5	(16)	Gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property or digital property
6		returned by a purchaser when the full sales price is refunded either in cash or credit.
7		This exclusion shall not apply if the purchaser, in order to obtain the refund, is
8		required to purchase other tangible personal property or digital property at a price
9		greater than the amount charged for the property that is returned;
10	(17)	Gross receipts from the sales of gasoline and special fuels subject to tax under KRS
11		Chapter 138;
12	(18)	The amount of any tax imposed by the United States upon or with respect to retail
13		sales, whether imposed on the retailer or the consumer, not including any
14		manufacturer's excise or import duty;
15	(19)	Gross receipts from the sale of any motor vehicle as defined in KRS 138.450 which
16		is:
17		(a) Sold to a Kentucky resident, registered for use on the public highways, and
18		upon which any applicable tax levied by KRS 138.460 has been paid; or
19		(b) Sold to a nonresident of Kentucky if the nonresident registers the motor
20		vehicle in a state that:
21		1. Allows residents of Kentucky to purchase motor vehicles without
22		payment of that state's sales tax at the time of sale; or
23		2. Allows residents of Kentucky to remove the vehicle from that state
24		within a specific period for subsequent registration and use in Kentucky
25		without payment of that state's sales tax;
26	(20)	Gross receipts from the sale of a semi-trailer as defined in KRS 189.010(12) and
27		trailer as defined in KRS 189.010(17);

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1	(21)	Gros	ss receipts from the collection of:
2		(a)	Any fee or charge levied by a local government pursuant to KRS 65.760;
3		(b)	The charge imposed by KRS 65.7629(3);
4		(c)	The fee imposed by KRS 65.7634; and
5		(d)	The service charge imposed by KRS 65.7636;
6	(22)	Gros	ss receipts derived from charges for labor or services to apply, install, repair, or
7		mair	ntain tangible personal property directly used in manufacturing or industrial
8		proc	essing process <u>of:</u>
9		<u>(a)</u>	Tangible personal property at a plant facility;
10		<u>(b)</u>	Distilled spirits or wine at a plant facility or on the premises of a distiller,
11			rectifier, winery, or small farm winery licensed under KRS 243.030; or
12		<u>(c)</u>	Malt beverages at a plant facility or on the premises of a brewer or
13			microbrewery licensed under KRS 243.040[, and]
14		that	is not otherwise exempt under subsection (9) of this section or KRS
15		139.	480(10), if the charges for labor or services are separately stated on the invoice,
16		bill o	of sale, or similar document given to purchaser;
17	(23)	(a)	For persons selling services included in KRS 139.200(2)(g) to (q) prior to
18			January 1, 2019, gross receipts derived from the sale of those services if the
19			gross receipts were less than six thousand dollars (\$6,000) during calendar
20			year 2018. When gross receipts from these services exceed six thousand
21			dollars (\$6,000) in a calendar year:
22			1. All gross receipts over six thousand dollars (\$6,000) are taxable in that
23			calendar year; and
24			2. All gross receipts are subject to tax in subsequent calendar years.
25		(b)	The exemption provided in this subsection shall not apply to a person also
26			engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property, digital property,
27			or services included in KRS 139.200(2)(a) to (f); and

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1	(24)	(a) For persons that first begin making sales of services included in KRS
2		139.200(2)(g) to (q) on or after January 1, 2019, gross receipts derived from
3		the sale of those services if the gross receipts are less than six thousand dollars
4		(\$6,000) within the first calendar year of operation. When gross receipts from
5		these services exceed six thousand dollars (\$6,000) in a calendar year:
6		1. All gross receipts over six thousand dollars (\$6,000) are taxable in that
7		calendar year; and
8		2. All gross receipts are subject to tax in subsequent calendar years.
9		(b) The exemption provided in this subsection shall not apply to a person that is
10		also engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property, digital
11		property, or services included in KRS 139.200(2)(a) to (f).
12		→ Section 36. KRS 67.083 is amended to read as follows:
13	(1)	It is the purpose of this section to provide counties as units of general purpose local
14		government with the necessary latitude and flexibility to provide and finance
15		various governmental services within those functional areas specified in subsection
16		(3) of this section, while the General Assembly retains full authority to prescribe
17		and limit by statute local governmental activities when it deems that satisfied action
18		necessary.
19	(2)	(a) The fiscal court of any county is hereby authorized to levy all taxes not in
20		conflict with the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, provided
21		that the fee or tax is allowed by the [ and] statutes of this state now or
22		hereafter enacted.
23		(b) The fiscal court of any county is not authorized to levy a sales or use tax on:
24		1. Retail sales of tangible personal property or digital property; or
25		2. The furnishing of any service.
26	(3)	The fiscal court shall have the power to carry out governmental functions necessary
27		for the operation of the county. Except as otherwise provided by statute or the

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1	Kent	cucky Constitution, the fiscal court of any county may enact ordinances, issue				
2	regulations, levy taxes, issue bonds, appropriate funds, and employ personnel in					
3	perfo	performance of the following public functions:				
4	(a)	Control of animals, and abatement of public nuisances;				
5	(b)	Regulation of public gatherings;				
6	(c)	Public sanitation and vector control;				
7	(d)	Provision of hospitals, ambulance service, programs for the health and welfare				
8		of the aging and juveniles, and other public health facilities and services;				
9	(e)	Provision of corrections facilities and services, and programs for the				
10		confinement, care, and rehabilitation of juvenile law offenders;				
11	(f)	Provision of parks, nature preserves, swimming pools, recreation areas,				
12		libraries, museums, and other recreational and cultural facilities and programs;				
13	(g)	Provision of cemeteries and memorials;				
14	(h)	Conservation, preservation and enhancement of natural resources including				
15		soils, water, air, vegetation, and wildlife;				
16	(i)	Control of floods;				
17	(j)	Facilitating the construction and purchase of new and existing housing;				
18		causing the repair or demolition of structures which present a hazard to public				
19		health, safety, or morals or are otherwise inimical to the welfare of residents				
20		of the county; causing the redevelopment of housing and related commercial,				
21		industrial, and service facilities in urban or rural areas; providing education				
22		and counseling services and technical assistance to present and future				
23		residents of publicly assisted housing;				
24	(k)	Planning, zoning, and subdivision control according to the provisions of KRS				
25		Chapter 100;				
26	(l)	Adoption, by reference or in full, of technical codes governing new				

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construction, renovation, or maintenance of structures intended for human

1		occupancy;
2	(m)	Regulation of commerce for the protection and convenience of the public;
3	(n)	Regulation of the sale of alcoholic beverages according to the provisions of
4		KRS Chapters 241 to 244;
5	(o)	Exclusive management of solid wastes by ordinance or contract or by both and
6		disposition of abandoned vehicles;
7	(p)	Provision of public buildings, including armories, necessary for the effective
8		delivery of public services;
9	(q)	Cooperation with other units of government and private agencies for the
10		provision of public services, including, but not limited to, training,
11		educational services, and cooperative extension service programs;
12	(r)	Provision of water and sewage and garbage disposal service but not gas or
13		electricity; including management of onsite sewage disposal systems;
14	(s)	Licensing or franchising of cable television;
15	(t)	Provision of streets and roads, bridges, tunnels and related facilities,
16		elimination of grade crossings, provision of parking facilities, and
17		enforcement of traffic and parking regulations;
18	(u)	Provision of police and fire protection;
19	(v)	Regulation of taxis, buses, and other passenger vehicles for hire;
20	(w)	Provision and operation of air, rail and bus terminals, port facilities, and
21		public transportation systems;
22	(x)	Promotion of economic development of the county, directly or in cooperation
23		with public or private agencies, including the provision of access roads, land
24		and buildings, and promotion of tourism and conventions;
25	(y)	Preservation of historic structures; and
26	(z)	Regulation of establishments or commercial enterprises offering adult
27		entertainment and adult entertainment activities.

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1	(4)	The	county judge/executive is hereby authorized and empowered to exercise all of
2		the e	executive powers pursuant to this section.
3	(5)	A c	ounty acting under authority of this section may assume, own, possess and
4		cont	rol assets, rights, and liabilities related to the functions and services of the
5		cour	nty.
6	(6)	If a	county is authorized to regulate an area which the state also regulates, the
7		cour	nty government may regulate the area only by enacting ordinances which are
8		cons	sistent with state law or administrative regulation:
9		(a)	If the state statute or administrative regulation prescribes a single standard of
10			conduct, a county ordinance is consistent if it is identical to the state statute or
11			administrative regulation;
12		(b)	If the state statute or administrative regulation prescribes a minimal standard
13			of conduct, a county ordinance is consistent if it establishes a standard which
14			is the same as or more stringent than the state standard;
15		(c)	A county government may adopt ordinances which incorporate by reference
16			state statutes and administrative regulations in areas in which a county
17			government is authorized to act.
18	(7)	Cou	nty ordinances which prescribe penalties for their violation shall be enforced
19		thro	ughout the entire area of the county unless:
20		(a)	Otherwise provided by statute; or
21		(b)	The legislative body of any city within the county has adopted an ordinance
22			pertaining to the same subject matter which is the same as or more stringent
23			than the standards that are set forth in the county ordinance. The fiscal court
24			shall forward a copy of each ordinance which is to be enforced throughout the

powers granted to counties by other provisions of law. These powers, other

entire area of the county to the mayor of each city in the county.

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(a)

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The powers granted to counties by this section shall be in addition to all other

than the power to tax, may be exercised cooperatively by two (2) or more counties, or by a county and a city, or by a county and a special district, or by a county and the state through, but not limited to, joint contracts, joint ownership of property, or the exchange of services, including personnel and equipment. When counties cooperate in the provision of public services, contracts shall be drawn to document the benefits and relative cost for each of the participating governments. One (1) government may pay one hundred percent (100%), or a lesser percentage, of all or any part of the cost of the joint undertaking, based upon the written contract required by this subsection.

- (b) A permissive procedure authorized by this section shall not be deemed to be exclusive or to prohibit the exercise of other existing laws and laws which may hereafter be enacted but shall be an alternative or supplement thereto.
- (9) Any agency of county government exercising authority pursuant to subsection (3)(y) of this section shall, prior to exercising <u>that</u>[such] authority, obtain the voluntary written consent of the owner of the structure. Consent may be obtained only after advising the owner in writing of any advantages and disadvantages to the owner which are likely to result from the exercise of <u>that</u>[such] authority.
  - → Section 37. KRS 92.281 is amended to read as follows:
- 19 (1) (a) Cities of all classes are authorized to levy and collect any and all taxes <u>not in</u>

  20 <u>conflict with [provided for in Section 181 of]</u> the Constitution of the

  21 Commonwealth of Kentucky, <u>provided that the fee or tax is allowed by the</u>

  22 <u>statutes of this state now or hereafter enacted</u>, and to use the revenue

  23 therefrom for <u>the [such]</u> purposes as may be provided by the legislative body

  24 of the city.
- 25 (b) Cities of all classes are not authorized to levy a sales or use tax on:
- 26 1. Retail sales of tangible personal property or digital property; or
- 27 <u>2. The furnishing of any service.</u>

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Nothing in this section shall be construed to repeal, amend, or affect in any way the provisions of KRS 243.070.

- This section shall not in any wise repeal, amend, affect, or apply to any existing statute exempting property from local taxation or fixing a special rate on proper classification or imposing a state tax which is declared to be in lieu of all local taxation, nor shall it be construed to authorize a city to require any company that pays both an ad valorem tax and a franchise tax to pay a license tax.
- 8 (4) This section shall also be subject to the provisions of KRS 91.200 in cities of the first class having a sinking fund and commissioners of a sinking fund.
- 10 (5) License fees or occupational taxes may not be imposed against or collected on 11 income received by precinct workers for election training or work at election booths 12 in state, county, and local primary, regular, or special elections.
- 13 (6) License fees or occupational taxes may not be imposed against or collected on any 14 profits, earnings, or distributions of an investment fund which would qualify under 15 KRS 154.20-250 to 154.20-284 to the extent any profits, earnings, or distributions 16 would not be taxable to an individual investor.
- 17 (7) (a) It is the intent of the General Assembly to continue the exemption from local
  18 license fees and occupational taxes that existed on January 1, 2006, for
  19 providers of multichannel video programming services or communications
  20 services as defined in KRS 136.602 that were taxed under KRS 136.120 prior
  21 to January 1, 2006.

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(b) To further this intent, license fees or occupational taxes may not be imposed against any company providing multichannel video programming services or communications services as defined in KRS 136.602. If only a portion of an entity's business is providing multichannel video programming services or communications services including products or services that are related to and provided in support of the multichannel video programming services or

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communications services, this exclusion applies only to that portion of the business that provides multichannel video programming services or communications services including products or services that are related to and provided in support of the multichannel video programming services or communications services.

→ Section 38. KRS 610.350 is amended to read as follows:

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- In proceedings in the juvenile session of the District Court, no court fees shall be charged against, and no witness fees shall be allowed to, any party to a petition. No public officer shall be entitled to receive any fee from the service of process or for attendance in court in any such proceedings. All other persons acting under orders of the court may be paid for service of process and attendance as witnesses. The payments for fees provided by law for like services in civil cases in the Circuit Court are to be made out of the county treasury. The county or state may compensate any officer or person in the amount prescribed by law for the transportation of a child to a place where he will be detained or placed or the return of any child to the jurisdiction of the court, and funds for this purpose may be appropriated and paid by the fiscal court.
- 18 (2) (a) For the purpose of paying salaries and expenses necessary to carry out the purposes of KRS Chapters 600 to 645, the fiscal court of any county, or urban-county council of an urban-county government, may levy taxes and make appropriations within constitutional limitations, provided that the tax is allowed by the statutes of this state now or hereafter enacted.
- 23 (b) The fiscal court of any county, or urban-county council of an urban-county
  24 government, is not authorized to levy a sales or use tax on:
- 25 <u>1. Retail sales of tangible personal property or digital property; or</u>
- 26 <u>2. The furnishing of any service.</u>
- 27 (c) The legislative body of any city also is authorized to appropriate funds to

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1		assist the county in carrying out the purposes of KRS Chapters 600 to 645,
2		including providing facilities for custody and care of children coming within
3		the purview of KRS Chapters 600 to 645.
4		→ Section 39. KRS 83.520 is amended to read as follows:
5	<u>(1)</u>	The legislative body of a city of the first class shall have the power to exercise all of
6		the rights, privileges, powers, franchises, including the power to levy all taxes, not
7		in conflict with the Constitution, provided that the taxes are allowed by the statutes
8		of this state now or hereafter enacted.
9	<u>(2)</u>	The legislative body of a city of the first class is not authorized to levy a sales or
10		use tax on:
11		(a) Retail sales of tangible personal property or digital property; or
12		(b) The furnishing of any service. [ and so as ]
13	<u>(3)</u>	The powers granted under subsection (1) of this section are to provide for the
14		health, education, safety and welfare of the inhabitants of the city, to the same
15		extent and with the same force and effect as if the General Assembly had granted
16		and delegated to the legislative body of the city all of the authority and powers that
17		are within its powers to grant to a municipal corporation as if expressly enumerated
18		herein.
19	<u>(4)</u>	Nothing therein contained to the contrary, the provisions of KRS Chapters 65, 66,
20		76, 77, 79, 80, 91, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 103, 104, 106, 107, 108 and 109 shall be
21		considered permissive rather than mandatory and the powers, rights and duties
22		therein delineated may be modified or delegated by the legislative body to different
23		departments and agencies of city government and any restrictions therein set forth
24		shall not be considered abridging in any manner the complete grant of home rule set
25		forth in this grant of power except no right heretofore vested by operation of statute
26		shall in any way be affected.
27		→ Section 40. KRS 65.760 is amended to read as follows:

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1	(1)	Any local government may establish 911 emergency service upon approval of the
2		governing body of the city, county, or urban-county government and may adopt
3		regulations concerning the provision of this service by ordinance.
4	(2)	Any local government, or any combination thereof, may with the approval of their
5		governing bodies enter into an interlocal cooperation agreement creating a joint 911
6		emergency service.
7	(3)	(a) The funds required by a local government to establish and operate 911
8		emergency service, or to participate in joint service with other local
9		governments, may be obtained through the levy of any special tax, license, or
10		fee not in conflict with the Constitution and statutes of this state, provided
11		that no local government, or any combination thereof, is authorized to levy
12		a sales or use tax on:
13		1. Retail sales of tangible personal property or digital property; or
14		2. The furnishing of any service.
15		(b) The special tax, license, or fee may include a subscriber charge for 911
16		emergency service that shall be levied on an individual exchange-line basis,
17		limited to a maximum of twenty-five (25) exchange lines per account per
18		government entity.
19		(c)[(b)] Any private commercial telephone service or owner of a dispersed
20		private telephone system (DPTS) that provides local and 911 emergency
21		service to subscribers for compensation shall collect and remit the subscriber
22		charge to the local government on the same basis as the primary local
23		exchange carrier, except that this requirement shall not apply to a state agency
24		that currently maintains an independent 911 system with its own public safety
25		answering point.
26		(d)[(e)] Any provider of interconnected VoIP local and 911 emergency services
27		to subscribers for compensation shall collect and remit any special tax,

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1			licer	nse, or fee levied under paragraph (a) of this subsection to the local
2			gove	ernment, except that the special tax, license, or fee levied under paragraph
3			(a) (	of this subsection shall not apply to a commercial mobile radio service
4			subj	ect to a fee imposed under KRS 65.7629 or 65.7634.
5	(4)	All	reveni	ues raised from any special tax, license, or fee levied under subsection (3)
6		of th	nis sec	ction shall be expended only as provided in this subsection and only to the
7		exte	nt tha	t the expenditure is directly attributable to the establishment, operation, or
8		mai	ntenar	nce of a PSAP, the delivery of 911 emergency services, or the provision of
9		wire	eless e	nhanced 911 services, as follows:
10		(a)	The	hiring of personnel;
11		(b)	The	following costs for employees:
12			1.	Salaries;
13			2.	Fringe benefits;
14			3.	MSAG coordination;
15			4.	Uniforms; and
16			5.	Addressing and database development and management;
17		(c)	Faci	lity costs for the following expenses:
18			1.	Capital improvements for construction, remodeling, or expansion;
19			2.	Lease or rental payments;
20			3.	Utilities;
21			4.	Heating and air conditioning;
22			5.	Fire suppression systems;
23			6.	Security systems;
24			7.	Cleaning and maintenance;
25			8.	Emergency power and uninterruptable power equipment;
26			9.	Insurance;
27			10.	Office supplies;

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1		11.	Printing and copying services; and
2		12.	Furniture;
3	(d)	Trai	ning and memberships in professional associations, including:
4		1.	Vendor-provided training;
5		2.	Conferences;
6		3.	Necessary travel and lodging;
7		4.	On-the-job training; and
8		5.	Memberships in 911-related associations;
9	(e)	Cost	ts for the following equipment shall be allowed to the extent its function is
10		direc	ctly attributable to the provision of 911 emergency services, whether on
11		the p	premises or remotely located:
12		1.	911 controllers, equipment, or software;
13		2.	911 trunks or administrative lines for the 911 center;
14		3.	Remote 911 hardware or modems;
15		4.	ACD systems or other call management facilities and software;
16		5.	Call-time stamping or other clock functions;
17		6.	Computer workstations;
18		7.	Telephone and related services to support the receipt of 911 contact
19			from the deaf and hard of hearing community;
20		8.	Voice and data recording systems;
21		9.	Radio systems, including consoles and any fixed radio asset that is not
22			mobile or portable and that is used for 911 and emergency response;
23		10.	CAD, GIS mapping, paging, mobile data, LINK/NCIC, or AVL systems
24			and associated databases;
25		11.	Network connectivity;
26		12.	Software licenses; and
27		13.	Maintenance or service agreements for equipment or software listed in

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I			this subsection;
2		(f)	Vehicle costs for the following, either as reimbursement to an employee for
3			the use of a private vehicle or direct costs for a vehicle assigned to the agency:
4			1. MSAG development and maintenance;
5			2. GIS data development, verification, and testing; and
6			3. Public education;
7		(g)	Costs for the following professional services:
8			1. Legal;
9			2. Architectural;
10			3. Auditing; and
11			4. Consultation; and
12		(h)	Costs for public education regarding the proper use of 911 emergency
13			services.
14	(5)	A lo	ocal government shall not use revenues from any special tax, license, or fee
15		levi	ed under subsection (3) of this section for personnel costs, facility costs, training
16		and	membership costs, equipment costs, vehicle costs, professional services costs,
17		pub	ic education costs, nor any of the following costs, unless the expense is directly
18		attri	butable to the delivery of 911 emergency services:
19		(a)	Personnel costs for the following personnel, unless directly functioning as
20			PSAP staff:
21			1. Law enforcement;
22			2. Emergency medical services personnel;
23			3. Fire protection personnel;
24			4. Emergency management staff; and
25			5. Shared support or technical staff;
26		(b)	Facility costs for the following purposes and facilities, except for that portion
27			used for the delivery of 911 emergency services:

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1		1.	Capital and furnishing costs for facilities whose primary purpose is not
2			the delivery of 911 emergency services;
3		2.	Facilities primarily intended for use by police, fire, emergency medical
4			services, or other emergency management personnel; and
5		3.	Facilities providing general offices for local government operations;
6	(c)	Trai	ning and membership costs for the following purposes:
7		1.	Costs for training for staff not directly involved in the delivery of 911
8			emergency services or courses whose content is not intended to increase
9			the knowledge, skills, and abilities of 911 personnel with regard to
10			delivery of 911 emergency services; and
11		2.	Costs for memberships in organizations or associations whose primary
12			purpose is not public safety communications or the delivery of 911
13			emergency services;
14	(d)	The	following hardware, software, or peripheral costs:
15		1.	Law enforcement, fire protection, emergency medical services, or jail
16			record management systems;
17		2.	Word processing and other general computer applications;
18		3.	GIS applications providing data layers not needed for the location of
19			emergency calls or other general mapping and locations services for
20			government operations;
21		4.	Court information systems;
22		5.	Field equipment used outside of the PSAP by emergency responders or
23			other government personnel for radio, paging, mobile data, LINK/NCIC,
24			ACD, or AVL systems;
25		6.	Internet connectivity for an application listed in this subsection;
26		7.	A maintenance or service agreement for an application listed in this
27			subsection; and

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1		8. A software license for an application listed in this subsection;
2		(e) The cost of an emergency response or other government vehicle;
3		(f) Costs for professional services; and
4		(g) Costs for public education.
5	(6)	The governing body may apply for and accept federal moneys and may accept
6		contributions and donations from any source for the purpose of funding 911
7		emergency service.
8	(7)	Nothing in this section shall preclude other means of establishing or funding a 911
9		emergency service within any local area or exchange, nor require the operation of
10		such service by any local government.
11		→ SECTION 41. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 92 IS CREATED TO
12	REA	AD AS FOLLOWS:
13	<u>(1)</u>	Municipal corporations that are authorized to levy and collect taxes or fees shall
	<u>(1)</u>	Municipal corporations that are authorized to levy and collect taxes or fees shall not levy the tax or fee unless the tax or fee is allowed by the statutes of this state
14	<u>(1)</u>	
14 15	(1) (2)	not levy the tax or fee unless the tax or fee is allowed by the statutes of this state
14 15 16		not levy the tax or fee unless the tax or fee is allowed by the statutes of this state now or hereafter enacted.
14 15 16 17		not levy the tax or fee unless the tax or fee is allowed by the statutes of this state now or hereafter enacted.  Municipal corporations are not authorized to levy a sales or use tax on:
13 14 15 16 17 18		not levy the tax or fee unless the tax or fee is allowed by the statutes of this state  now or hereafter enacted.  Municipal corporations are not authorized to levy a sales or use tax on:  (a) Retail sales of tangible personal property or digital property; or
14 15 16 17		not levy the tax or fee unless the tax or fee is allowed by the statutes of this state now or hereafter enacted.  Municipal corporations are not authorized to levy a sales or use tax on:  (a) Retail sales of tangible personal property or digital property; or  (b) The furnishing of any service.
14 15 16 17 18	(2)	not levy the tax or fee unless the tax or fee is allowed by the statutes of this state now or hereafter enacted.  Municipal corporations are not authorized to levy a sales or use tax on:  (a) Retail sales of tangible personal property or digital property; or  (b) The furnishing of any service.  → Section 42. KRS 189A.050 is amended to read as follows:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(2)	not levy the tax or fee unless the tax or fee is allowed by the statutes of this state  now or hereafter enacted.  Municipal corporations are not authorized to levy a sales or use tax on:  (a) Retail sales of tangible personal property or digital property; or  (b) The furnishing of any service.  → Section 42. KRS 189A.050 is amended to read as follows:  All persons convicted of violation of KRS 189A.010(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) shall
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(2)	not levy the tax or fee unless the tax or fee is allowed by the statutes of this state now or hereafter enacted.  Municipal corporations are not authorized to levy a sales or use tax on:  (a) Retail sales of tangible personal property or digital property; or  (b) The furnishing of any service.  → Section 42. KRS 189A.050 is amended to read as follows:  All persons convicted of violation of KRS 189A.010(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) shall be sentenced to pay a service fee of four hundred twenty-five dollars (\$425){three}
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(2)	not levy the tax or fee unless the tax or fee is allowed by the statutes of this state now or hereafter enacted.  Municipal corporations are not authorized to levy a sales or use tax on:  (a) Retail sales of tangible personal property or digital property; or  (b) The furnishing of any service.  → Section 42. KRS 189A.050 is amended to read as follows:  All persons convicted of violation of KRS 189A.010(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) shall be sentenced to pay a service fee of four hundred twenty-five dollars (\$425)[three hundred seventy-five dollars (\$375)], which shall be in addition to all other

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(3)

The first fifty dollars (\$50) of each service fee imposed by this section shall be paid

into the general fund, the second fifty dollars (\$50) of each service fee imposed by

1	<i>this</i>	section shall be paid to the ignition interlock administration fund established				
2	<u>in S</u>	in Section 44 of this Act, and the remainder of the revenue collected from the				
3	servi	ice fee imposed by this section shall be utilized as follows:				
4	(a)	Twelve percent (12%)[ of the amount collected] shall be transferred to the				
5		Department of Kentucky State Police forensic laboratory for the acquisition,				
6		maintenance, testing, and calibration of alcohol concentration testing				
7		instruments and the training of laboratory personnel to perform these tasks;				
8	(b)	Twenty percent (20%)[ of the service fee collected pursuant to this section]				
9		shall be allocated to the Department of Public Advocacy;				
10	(c)	One percent (1%) shall be transferred to the Prosecutor's Advisory Council for				
11		training of prosecutors for the prosecution of persons charged with violations				
12		of this chapter and for obtaining expert witnesses in cases involving the				
13		prosecution of persons charged with violations of this chapter or any other				
14		offense in which driving under the influence is a factor in the commission of				
15		the offense charged;				
16	(d)	Sixteen percent (16%)[ of the amount collected] shall be transferred as				
17		follows:				
18		1. Fifty percent (50%) shall be credited to the traumatic brain injury trust				
19		fund established under KRS 211.476; and				
20		2. Fifty percent (50%) shall be credited to the Cabinet for Health and				
21		Family Services, Department for Behavioral Health, Developmental and				
22		Intellectual Disabilities, for the purposes of providing direct services to				
23		individuals with brain injuries that may include long-term supportive				
24		services and training and consultation to professionals working with				
25		individuals with brain injuries. As funding becomes available under this				

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subparagraph, the cabinet may promulgate administrative regulations

pursuant to KRS Chapter 13A to implement the services permitted by

1				this subparagraph;
2		(e)	Any	amount specified by a specific statute shall be transferred as provided in
3			that	statute;
4		(f)	Fort	y-six percent (46%)[ of the amount collected] shall be transferred to be
5			utiliz	zed to fund enforcement of this chapter and for the support of jails,
6			reco	rdkeeping, treatment, and educational programs authorized by this chapter
7			and l	by the Department of Public Advocacy; and
8		(g)	The	remainder[ of the amount collected] shall be transferred to the general
9			fund	•
10	(4)	The	amou	nts specified in subsection (3)(a), (b), (c), and (d) of this section shall be
11		plac	ed in t	rust and agency accounts that shall not lapse.
12		<b>→</b> S	ection	43. KRS 189A.350 (Effective July 1, 2020) is amended to read as
13	follo	ws:		
14	(1)	(a)	The	Transportation Cabinet shall:
15			1.	Issue ignition interlock license application forms and other forms
16				necessary for the implementation of ignition interlock licenses;
17			2.	Create a uniform ignition interlock certificate of installation to be
18				provided to a defendant by an ignition interlock provider upon
19				installation of an ignition interlock device;
20			3.	Create an ignition interlock license. The ignition interlock license may
21				be a regular driver's or operator's license with an ignition interlock
22				restriction printed on the license;
23			4.	Require a person issued an ignition interlock license to maintain motor
24				vehicle insurance for the duration of his or her ignition interlock license;
25			5.	Certify ignition interlock devices approved for use in the
26				Commonwealth;
27			6.	Publish and periodically update on the Transportation Cabinet Web site

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1		a list of contact information, including a link to the Web site of each
2		certified ignition interlock device provider, with the entity appearing
3		first on the list changing on a statistically random basis each time a
4		unique visitor visits the list of the approved ignition interlock installers
5		and the approved servicing and monitoring entities;
6		7. Monitor the ignition interlock device service locations of providers and
7		create a random or designated selection process to require a provider to
8		provide ignition interlock device services in any area of the
9		Commonwealth which the Transportation Cabinet determines is
10		underserved by providers; and
11		8. Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, promulgate
12		administrative regulations to carry out the provisions of this section.
13		(b) The Transportation Cabinet shall not create any ignition interlock license or
14		device violations in administrative regulations. The sole ignition interlock
15		license or device violations are established in this chapter.
16	(2)	No model of ignition interlock device shall be certified for use in the
17		Commonwealth unless it meets or exceeds standards promulgated by the
18		Transportation Cabinet pursuant to this section.
19	(3)	In bidding for a contract with the Transportation Cabinet to provide ignition
20		interlock devices and servicing or monitoring or both, the ignition interlock devices
21		provider shall take into account that some defendants will not be able to pay the full
22		amount of the fees established pursuant to KRS 189A.340(7)(a).
23	(4)	Any contract between the cabinet and an ignition interlock device provider shall
24		include the following:
25		(a) A requirement that the provider accept reduced payments as a full payment for
26		all purposes from persons determined to be at or below two hundred percent

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(200%) of the federal poverty guidelines by the Transportation Cabinet as

1		provided by KRS 189A.340(7)(c);
2	(b)	A requirement that no unit of state or local government and no public officer
3		or employee shall be liable for the cost of purchasing or installing the ignition
4		interlock device or associated costs;
5	(c)	A requirement that the provider agree to a price for the cost of leasing or
6		purchasing an ignition interlock device and any associated servicing or
7		monitoring fees during the duration of the contract. This price shall not be
8		increased but may be reduced during the duration of the contract;
9	(d)	Requirements and standards for the servicing, inspection, and monitoring of
10		the ignition interlock device;
11	(e)	Provisions for training for service center technicians and clients;
12	(f)	A requirement that the provider electronically transmit reports on driving
13		activity within seven (7) days of servicing an ignition interlock device to the
14		Transportation Cabinet, prosecuting attorney, and defendant;
15	(g)	Requirements for a transition plan for the ignition interlock device provider
16		before the provider leaves the state to ensure that continuous monitoring is
17		achieved and to provide a minimum forty-five (45) day notice to the cabinet of
18		any material change to the design of the ignition interlock device, or any
19		changes to the provider's installation, servicing, or monitoring capabilities;
20	(h)	A requirement that, before beginning work, the ignition interlock device
21		provider have and maintain insurance as approved by the cabinet, including
22		provider's public liability and property damage insurance, in an amount
23		determined by the cabinet, that covers the cost of defects or problems with
24		product design, materials, workmanship during manufacture, calibration,
25		installation, device removal, or any use thereof;
26	(i)	A provision requiring that an ignition interlock provider agree to hold

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harmless and indemnify any unit of state or local government, public officer,

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I		or employee from all claims, demands, and actions, as a result of damage or
2		injury to persons or property which may arise, directly or indirectly, out of any
3		action or omission by the ignition interlock provider relating to the
4		installation, service, repair, use, or removal of an ignition interlock device;
5	(j)	A requirement that a warning label to be affixed to each ignition interlock
6		device upon installation. The label shall contain a warning that any person
7		who tampers with, circumvents, or otherwise misuse the device commits a
8		violation of law under KRS 189A.345;
9	(k)	A requirement that a provider will remove an ignition interlock device without
10		cost, if the device is found to be defective;
11	(1)	A requirement that a provider have at least one (1) ignition interlock device
12		service location in each Transportation Cabinet highway district; and
13	(m)	A requirement that a provider accept assignments to provide ignition interlock
14		device services in areas of the Commonwealth which the Transportation
15		Cabinet determines are underserved by providers in accordance with
16		subsection (1) of this section.
17	(5) $(a)$	The Transportation Cabinet may require ignition interlock device providers
18		to pay the following fees:
19		1. An application fee not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500);
20		2. An annual renewal fee not to exceed two hundred dollars (\$200);
21		3. An annual service inspection fee not to exceed one hundred dollars
22		(\$100); or
23		4. A revisit fee for a failed inspection not to exceed one hundred fifty
24		<u>dollars (\$150).</u>
25	<u>(b)</u>	Any fees collected pursuant to this subsection shall be paid to the ignition
26		interlock administration fund established in Section 44 of this Act.
27	<b>→</b> S]	ECTION 44. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 189A IS CREATED

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1	TO	REAL	O AS FOLLOWS:
2	<u>(1)</u>	The	ignition interlock administration fund is created as a restricted fund. The
3		<u>resti</u>	ricted fund shall consist of funds deposited pursuant to Sections 42 and 43 of
4		this	Act. The Transportation Cabinet shall administer the fund.
5	<u>(2)</u>	The	funds deposited pursuant to:
6		<u>(a)</u>	Section 42 of this Act shall be appropriated to the Department of Vehicle
7			Regulation; and
8		<u>(b)</u>	Section 43 of this Act shall be appropriated to the Office of Highway Safety;
9			for administrative costs associated with ignition interlock pursuant to this
10			chapter.
11	<u>(3)</u>	Not	withstanding KRS 45.229, any moneys remaining in the fund at the close of
12		the_	fiscal year shall not lapse but shall be carried forward into the succeeding
13		fisco	al year to be used for the purposes set forth in subsection (2) of this section.
14	<u>(4)</u>	Any	interest earned on moneys in the fund shall become a part of the fund and
15		<u>shal</u>	l not lapse.
16		<b>→</b> S	ection 45. KRS 138.146 is amended to read as follows:
17	(1)	The	cigarette tax shall be due when any licensed wholesaler or unclassified acquirer
18		take	s possession within this state of untax-paid cigarettes.
19	(2)	(a)	The cigarette tax shall be paid by the purchase of stamps by a resident
20			wholesaler within forty-eight (48) hours after the wholesaler receives the
21			cigarettes.
22		(b)	A stamp shall be affixed to each package of an aggregate denomination not
23			less than the amount of the cigarette tax on the package.
24		(c)	The affixed stamp shall be prima facie evidence of payment of the cigarette
25			tax.
26		(d)	Unless stamps have been previously affixed, they shall be affixed by each
27			resident wholesaler prior to the delivery of any cigarettes to a retail location or

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1		any person in this state.
2	(e)	The evidence of cigarette tax payment shall be affixed

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2 (e) The evidence of cigarette tax payment shall be affixed to each individual package of cigarettes by a nonresident wholesaler prior to the introduction or importation of the cigarettes into the territorial limits of this state.

- (f) The evidence of cigarette tax payment shall be affixed by an unclassified acquirer within twenty-four (24) hours after the cigarettes are received by the unclassified acquirer.
- 8 (3) (a) The department shall by regulation prescribe the form of cigarette tax evidence, the method and manner of the sale and distribution of cigarette tax evidence, and the method and manner that tax evidence shall be affixed to the cigarettes.
  - (b) All cigarette tax evidence prescribed by the department shall be designed and furnished in a fashion to permit identification of the person that affixed the cigarette tax evidence to the particular package of cigarettes, by means of numerical rolls or other mark on the cigarette tax evidence.
  - (c) The department shall maintain for at least three (3) years information identifying the person that affixed the cigarette tax evidence to each package of cigarettes. This information shall not be kept confidential or exempt from disclosure to the public through open records.
- 20 (4) Units of cigarette tax evidence shall be sold at their face value, but the (a) 21 department shall allow as compensation to any licensed wholesaler an amount 22 of tax evidence equal to thirty cents (\$0.30) face value for each three dollars 23 (\$3) of tax evidence purchased at face value and attributable to the tax 24 assessed in KRS 138.140(1)(a). No compensation shall be allowed for tax 25 evidence purchased at face value attributable to the surtaxes imposed in KRS 26 138.140(1)(b) or (c).

27 (b) The department shall have the power to withhold compensation as provided in

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1			paragraph (a) of this subsection from any licensed wholesaler for failure to
2			abide by any provisions of KRS 138.130 to 138.205 or any administrative
3			regulations promulgated thereunder. Any refund or credit for unused cigarette
4			tax evidence shall be reduced by the amount allowed as compensation at the
5			time of purchase.
6	(5)	(a)	Payment for units of cigarette tax evidence shall be made at the time the
7			units are sold, unless the licensed wholesaler:
8			1. Has filed with the department a bond, issued by a corporation
9			authorized to do surety business in Kentucky, in an amount equal to
10			or greater than the amount of payment for the units of cigarette tax
11			evidence purchased, plus all penalties, interest, and collection fees
12			applicable to that amount, should the taxpayer default on the
13			payment; and
14			2. Has registered and agrees to make the payment of tax to the
15			department electronically.
16		<u>(b)</u>	Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this subsection, if the licensed
17			wholesaler qualifies under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the licensed
18			wholesaler shall have ten (10) days from the date of purchase to remit
19			payment of cigarette tax, without the assessment of civil penalties under
20			KRS 131.180 or interest under KRS 131.183 during the ten (10) day period.
21		<u>(c)</u>	1. The ten (10) day payment period under paragraph (b) of this
22			subsection shall not apply to the payment for units of cigarette tax
23			evidence during the last ten (10) days of the month of June during
24			each fiscal year.
25			2. All payments for units of cigarette tax evidence made under paragraph
26			(b) of this subsection during the month of June shall be made the
27			<u>earlier of:</u>

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1		a. The ten (10) period; or
2		<u>b. June 25.</u>
3	<u>(d)</u>	If the licensed wholesaler does not make the payment of cigarette tax within
4		the ten (10) day period, or within the period of time under paragraph (c) of
5		this subsection, the department shall:
6		1. Revoke the license required under KRS 138.195;
7		2. Issue a demand for payment in an amount equal to the cigarette tax
8		evidence purchased, plus all penalties, interest, and collection fees
9		applicable to that amount; and
10		3. Require immediate payment of the bond.
11	(6) (a)	The bond required under subsection (5) of this section shall be on a form
12		and with a surety approved by the department.
13	<u>(b)</u>	The licensed wholesaler shall be named as the principal obligor and the
14		department shall be named as the obligee within the bond.
15	<u>(c)</u>	The bond shall be conditioned upon the payment by the licensed wholesaler
16		of all cigarette tax imposed by the Commonwealth.
17	<u>(d)</u>	The provisions of KRS 131.110 shall not apply to the demand for payment
18		required under paragraph (c)2. of subsection (5) of this section.
19	<u>(7)</u> No t	ax evidence may be affixed, or used in any way, by any person other than the
20		person purchasing the evidence from the department.
21	(b)	Tax evidence may not be transferred or negotiated, and may not, by any
22		scheme or device, be given, bartered, sold, traded, or loaned to any other
23		person.
24	(c)	Unaffixed tax evidence may be returned to the department for credit or refund
25		for any reason satisfactory to the department.
26	<u>(8)[(6)]</u>	(a) In the event any retailer receives into his possession cigarettes to which
27		evidence of Kentucky tax payment is not properly affixed, the retailer shall,

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1		within twenty-four (24) hours, notify the department of the receipt.
2	(b)	The notification to the department shall be in writing, stating the name of the
3		person from whom the cigarettes were received and the quantity of those
4		cigarettes.
5	(c)	The written notice may be:
6		1. Given to any field agent of the department; or
7		2. Directed to the commissioner of the Department of Revenue, Frankfort,
8		Kentucky.
9	(d)	If the notice is given by means of the United States mail, it shall be sent by
10		certified mail.
11	(e)	Any such cigarettes shall be retained by the retailer, and not sold, for a period
12		of fifteen (15) days after giving the notice provided in this subsection.
13	(f)	The retailer may, at his option, pay the tax due on those cigarettes according to
14		administrative regulations prescribed by the department, and proceed to sell
15		those cigarettes after the payment.
16	<u>(9)</u> [(7)]	(a) Cigarettes stamped with the cigarette tax evidence of another state shall
17		at no time be commingled with cigarettes on which the Kentucky cigarette tax
18		evidence has been affixed.
19	(b)	Any licensed wholesaler, licensed sub-jobber, or licensed vending machine
20		operator may hold cigarettes stamped with the tax evidence of another state
21		for any period of time, subsection (2) of this section notwithstanding.
22	<b>→</b> Se	ection 46. KRS 91A.040 is amended to read as follows:
23	(1) Exce	ept as provided in subsections (2) to (4) of this section, each city shall, after the
24	close	e of each fiscal year, cause each fund of the city to be audited by the Auditor of
25	Publ	ic Accounts or a certified public accountant. The audit shall be completed by
26	Febr	uary 1 immediately following the fiscal year being audited. The city shall
27	forw	ard an electronic copy of the audit report to the Department for Local

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Government for information purposes by no later than March 1 immediately following the fiscal year being audited.

- (2) In lieu of the annual audit requirements in subsection (1) of this section, a city with a population equal to or less than one thousand (1,000) based upon the most recent federal decennial census may elect to have an audit performed every other fiscal year in the following manner:
  - (a) After the close of each odd-numbered fiscal year, the city shall for that odd-numbered year cause each fund of the city to be audited by the Auditor of Public Accounts or a certified public accountant. The audits shall be completed by February 1 immediately following the fiscal year to be audited. The city shall forward an electronic copy of the audit report to the Department for Local Government for information purposes by no later than March 1 immediately following the fiscal year being audited; and
  - (b) After the close of each even-numbered fiscal year, the city shall not be required to complete an annual audit but shall forward an electronic copy of its financial statement [prepared in accordance with KRS 424.220] to the Department for Local Government by no later than October 1 immediately following the close of the even-numbered fiscal year.
- (3) In lieu of the annual audit requirements in subsection (1) of this section, a city with a population of more than one thousand (1,000) but less than two thousand (2,000) based upon the most recent federal decennial census may elect to have an audit performed every other fiscal year to cover the two (2) fiscal years occurring since the prior audit in the following manner:
  - (a) After the close of each odd-numbered fiscal year, the city shall cause each fund of the city to be audited by the Auditor of Public Accounts or a certified public accountant. The audit shall include both fiscal years since the prior audit and shall be completed by February 1 immediately following the fiscal

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years to be audited. The city shall forward an electronic copy of the audit report to the Department for Local Government for information purposes by no later than March 1 immediately following the fiscal years being audited; and

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- (b) After the close of each even-numbered fiscal year, the city shall not be required to complete an annual audit but shall forward an electronic copy of its financial statement [prepared in accordance with KRS 424.220] to the Department for Local Government by no later than October 1 immediately following the close of the even-numbered fiscal year.
- 10 Any city, which for any fiscal year receives and expends, from all sources and for (4) 11 all purposes, less than seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000), and which has no 12 long-term debt, whether general obligation or revenue debt, shall not be required to 13 audit each fund of the city for that particular fiscal year. Each city exempted in 14 accordance with this subsection shall annually prepare a financial statement in 15 accordance with KRS 424.220] and shall, not later than October 1 following the 16 conclusion of the fiscal year, forward one (1) electronic copy to the Department for 17 Local Government for information purposes.
- 18 (5) If a city is required by another provision of law to audit its funds more frequently or
  19 more stringently than is required by this section, the city shall also comply with the
  20 provisions of that law.
  - (6) The Department for Local Government shall, upon request, make available electronic copies of the audit reports and financial statements received by it under subsections (1) to (4) of this section to the Legislative Research Commission to be used for the purposes of KRS 6.955 to 6.975 or to the Auditor of Public Accounts.
- 25 (7) Each city required by this section to conduct an annual or biennial audit shall enter 26 into a written contract with the selected auditor. The contract shall set forth all 27 terms and conditions of the agreement which shall include but not be limited to

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1 requirements the	requirements that	1
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- 2 (a) The auditor be employed to examine the basic financial statements, which shall include the government-wide and fund financial statements;
  - (b) The auditor shall include in the annual or biennial city audit report an examination of local government economic assistance funds granted to the city under KRS 42.450 to 42.495. The auditor shall include a certification with the annual or biennial audit report that the funds were expended for the purpose intended;
    - (c) All audit information be prepared in accordance with generally accepted governmental auditing standards which include tests of the accounting records and auditing procedures considered necessary in the circumstances. Where the audit is to cover the use of state or federal funds, appropriate state or federal guidelines shall be utilized;
    - (d) The auditor shall prepare a typewritten or printed report embodying:
      - The basic financial statements and accompanying supplemental and required supplemental information;
      - 2. The auditor's opinion on the basic financial statements or reasons why an opinion cannot be expressed; and
      - 3. Findings required to be reported as a result of the audit;
    - (e) The completed audit and all accompanying documentation shall be presented to the city legislative body at a regular or special meeting; and
- 22 (f) Any contract with a certified public accountant for an audit shall require the
  23 accountant to forward a copy of the audit report and management letters to the
  24 Auditor of Public Accounts upon request of the city or the Auditor of Public
  25 Accounts, and the Auditor of Public Accounts shall have the right to review
  26 the certified public accountant's work papers upon request.
- 27 (8) A copy of an audit report which meets the requirements of this section shall be

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1		cons	idered satisfactory and final in meeting any official request to a city for
2		finar	ncial data, except for statutory or judicial requirements, or requirements of the
3		Legi	slative Research Commission necessary to carry out the purposes of KRS 6.955
4		to 6.	975.
5	(9)	<u>(a)</u>	Each city shall, within thirty (30) days after the presentation of an audit to the
6			city legislative body, publish the audit by posting the full audit report,
7			including the auditor's opinion letter, on a Web site maintained by the city
8			government, for a period of at least one (1) year.
9		<u>(b)</u>	The posting under paragraph (a) of this subsection shall satisfy all[an]
10			advertisement <u>requirements under</u> [in accordance with] KRS Chapter 424 <u>for</u>
11			the city[containing:
12		<del>(a)</del>	The auditor's opinion letter;
13		<del>(b)</del>	The "Budgetary Comparison Schedules Major Funds," which shall include the
14			general fund and all major funds;
15		<del>(c)</del>	A statement that a copy of the complete audit report, including financial
16			statements and supplemental information, is on file at city hall and is available
17			for public inspection during normal business hours;
18		<del>(d)</del>	A statement that any citizen may obtain from city hall a copy of the complete
19			audit report, including financial statements and supplemental information, for
20			his personal use;
21		<del>(e)</del>	A statement which notifies citizens requesting a personal copy of the city
22			audit report that they will be charged for duplication costs at a rate that shall
23			not exceed twenty-five cents (\$0.25) per page; and
24		<del>(f)</del>	A statement that copies of the financial statement prepared in accordance with
25			KRS 424.220, when a financial statement is required by KRS 424.220, are
26			available to the public at no cost at the business address of the officer
27			responsible for preparation of the statement].

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1	(10) (a) A city may publish bid solicitations by posting the solicitations, on a Web
2	site maintained by the city government, for a period of at least one (1) year.
3	(b) The posting under paragraph (a) of this subsection shall satisfy all
4	advertisement requirements under Section 48 of this Act for the city.
5	(11) If a city publishes an audit or a bid solicitation on a Web site under subsections
6	(9) or (10) of this section, the city shall also publish an advertisement, in a city
7	newspaper qualified under KRS 424.120, providing a description of the audit of
8	bid solicitation published on the Web site, including the Uniform Resource
9	Locator (URL) where the document can be viewed.
10	(12) Any resident of the city or owner of real property within the city may bring ar
11	action in the Circuit Court to enforce the provisions of this section. Any person who
12	violates any provision of this section shall be fined not less than fifty dollars (\$50)
13	nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500). In addition, any officer who fails to
14	comply with any of the provisions of this section shall, for each failure, be subject
15	to a forfeiture of not less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than five hundred dollars
16	(\$500), in the discretion of the court, which may be recovered only once in a civi
17	action brought by any resident of the city or owner of real property within the city
18	The costs of all proceedings, including a reasonable fee for the attorney of the
19	resident or property owner bringing the action, shall be assessed against the
20	unsuccessful party.
21	(13)[(11)] In the event of extenuating circumstances that prevent a city from completing
22	and submitting a required audit or financial statement in compliance with the
23	applicable deadlines in subsections (1) to (4) of this section, the city may submit a
24	written request for an extension of time to the Department for Local Government or
25	a form prescribed by the Department for Local Government. The Department for
26	Local Government shall approve the request if it is submitted on or before the
27	applicable deadline and, in the judgment of the Department for Local Government

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1	the request is warranted by extenuating circumstances beyond the control of the
2	city. Extensions granted under this subsection shall not exceed nine (9) months
3	from the original due date of the audit or financial statement. If the Department for
4	Local Government approves an extension for a city and the city fails to complete
5	and submit the required audit or financial statement in compliance with that
6	extended deadline, then the provisions of subsection (12) of this section shall apply.
7	(14)[(12)] If a city fails to complete an audit or financial statement and submit it to the
8	Department for Local Government as required in subsections (1) to (4) and
9	(13)[(11)] of this section, the Department for Local Government shall notify the
10	Finance and Administration Cabinet that the city has failed to comply with the audit
11	requirements of this section, and that any funds in the possession of any agency,
12	entity, or branch of state government shall be withheld from the city until further
13	notice. The Department for Local Government shall immediately notify the Finance
14	and Administration Cabinet when the city complies with the requirements of
15	subsections (1) to (4) and $\underline{(13)}[(11)]$ of this section for all prior fiscal years it has
16	failed to comply with the audit requirements of this section, and the Finance and
17	Administration Cabinet shall direct the reinstatement of payments to the city,
18	including any funds that were withheld due to the noncompliance.
19	(15)[(13)] Within a reasonable time after the completion of a special audit or
20	examination conducted pursuant to KRS 43.050, the Auditor shall bill the city for
21	the actual expense of the audit or examination conducted. The actual expense shall
22	include the hours of work performed on the audit or examination as well as
23	reasonable associated costs, including but not limited to travel costs. The bill
24	submitted to the city shall include a statement of the hourly rate, total hours, and
25	total costs for the entire audit or examination.
26	→ Section 47. KRS 424.220 is amended to read as follows:

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(1) Excepting officers who are exempted under subsection (8) of this section, every

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public officer of any school district, [city,] county, or district less than a county, or
of any board, commission, or other authority of a[city,] county, or district whose
duty it is to collect, receive, have the custody, control, or disbursement of any funds
collected from the public in any form shall, at the expiration of each fiscal year,
prepare an itemized, sworn statement of the funds collected, received, held, or
disbursed by him or her during the fiscal year just closed, unless he or she has
complied with KRS 424.230.
The statement shall show:

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- The total amount of funds collected and received during the fiscal year from (a) each individual source; and
- 11 (b) The total amount of funds disbursed during the fiscal year to each individual 12 payee. The list shall include only aggregate amounts to vendors exceeding one 13 thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- 14 (3) Only the totals of amounts paid to each individual as salary or commission and 15 public utility bills shall be shown. The amount of salaries paid to all nonelected 16 county employees shall be shown as lump-sum expenditures by category, including 17 but not limited to road department, jails, solid waste, public safety, and 18 administrative personnel.
- 19 (4) (a) The financial reporting and publishing requirements for a school district are 20 provided in KRS 160.463.

## 21 (b) The financial reporting and publishing requirements for a city are provided 22 in Section 46 of this Act.

- 23 The officer shall procure and include in or attach to the financial statement, as a part (5)24 thereof, a certificate from the cashier or other proper officer of the banks in which 25 the funds are or have been deposited during the past year, showing the balance, if 26 any, of funds to the credit of the officer making the statement.
- 27 [To provide notice to the public that the city's financial statement has been (6)

completed as required by this section:

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2	<del>(a)</del>	The appropriate officer of a city that has performed an audit under KRS
3		91A.040 for the fiscal year or years, including the appropriate officer of any
4		municipally owned electric, gas, or water system, shall publish the audit report
5		in accordance with KRS 91A.040(9); and
6	<del>(b)</del>	The appropriate officer of a city that has not conducted an annual audit for the
7		fiscal year under one (1) of the exceptions provided in KRS 91A.040(2), (3),
8		or (4) shall publish a legal display advertisement of not less than six (6)
9		column inches in a newspaper qualified under KRS 424.120 that the statement
10		required by subsection (1) of this section has been prepared and that copies
11		have been provided to each local newspaper of general circulation, each news
12		service, and each local radio and television station which has on file with the
13		city a written request to be provided a statement. The advertisement shall be
14		published within ninety (90) days after the close of the fiscal year.
15	<del>(7)]</del> To j	provide notice to the public that the county's financial statement has been
16	com	pleted as required by this section, the appropriate officer of a county shall
17	publ	ish the county's audit, prepared in accordance with KRS 43.070 or 64.810, in
18	the s	ame manner that city audits are published in accordance with KRS 91A.040(9).
19	<u>(7)</u> [(8)]	The provisions of this section shall not apply to officers of:
20	(a)	A city of the first class;
21	(b)	A county containing a city of the first class;
22	(c)	A consolidated local government;
23	(d)	An urban-county government;
24	(e)	A city with a population equal to or greater than twenty thousand (20,000)
25		based upon the most recent federal decennial census;
26	(f)	A public agency or joint public agency of a:
27		1. City of the first class;

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2.	Consolidated local	government:	or
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- 2 3. County containing a city of the first class; or
- 3 (g) A school district of a:

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- 4 1. City of the first class;
- 5 2. Consolidated local government; or
- 6 3. County containing a city of the first class.
- 7 → Section 48. KRS 424.260 is amended to read as follows:
- 8 Except under subsection (10)(a) of Section 46 of this Act or where a statute (1) 9 specifically fixes a larger sum as the minimum for a requirement of advertisement 10 for bids, no city, county, or district, or board or commission of a city or county, or 11 sheriff or county clerk, may make a contract, lease, or other agreement for materials, 12 supplies except perishable meat, fish, and vegetables, equipment, or for contractual 13 services other than professional, involving an expenditure of more than thirty 14 thousand dollars (\$30,000) without first making newspaper advertisement for bids. 15 This subsection shall not apply to the transfer of property between governmental 16 agencies as authorized in KRS 82.083(4)(a).
- 17 (2) If the fiscal court requires that the sheriff or county clerk advertise for bids on expenditures of less than thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000), the fiscal court requirement shall prevail.
- 20 (3) Nothing in this statute shall limit or restrict the ability of a local school district (a) 21 to acquire supplies and equipment outside of the bidding procedure if those 22 supplies and equipment meet the specifications of the contracts awarded by 23 the Office of Material and Procurement Services in the Office of the 24 Controller within the Finance and Administration Cabinet or a federal, local, 25 or cooperative agency and are available for purchase elsewhere at a lower 26 price. A board of education may purchase those supplies and equipment 27 without advertising for bids if, prior to making the purchases, the board of

education obtains certification from the district's finance or purchasing officer that the items to be purchased meet the standards and specifications fixed by state price contract, federal (GSA) price contract, or the bid of another school district whose bid specifications allow other districts to utilize their bids, and that the sales price is lower than that established by the various price contract agreements or available through the bid of another school district whose bid specifications would allow the district to utilize their bid.

- (b) The procedures set forth in paragraph (a) of this subsection shall not be available to the district for any specific item once the bidding procedure has been initiated by an invitation to bid and a publication of specifications for that specific item has been published. In the event that all bids are rejected, the district may again avail itself of the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subsection.
- (4) This requirement shall not apply in an emergency if the chief executive officer of the city, county, or district has duly certified that an emergency exists, and has filed a copy of the certificate with the chief financial officer of the city, county, or district, or if the sheriff or the county clerk has certified that an emergency exists, and has filed a copy of the certificate with the clerk of the court where his necessary office expenses are fixed pursuant to KRS 64.345 or 64.530, or if the superintendent of the board of education has duly certified that an emergency exists, and has filed a copy of the certificate with the chief state school officer.
- (5) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section shall not apply for the purchase of wholesale electric power for resale to the ultimate customers of a municipal utility organized under KRS 96.550 to 96.900.
- **→** Section 49. KRS 139.495 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (1) The taxes imposed by this chapter shall apply to:
- 27 (a) Resident, nonprofit educational, charitable, or religious institutions which

1			have	e qualified for exemption from income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of
2			the 1	Internal Revenue Code; and
3		(b)	Any	resident, single member limited liability company that is:
4			1.	Wholly owned and controlled by a resident or nonresident, nonprofit
5				educational, charitable, or religious institution which has qualified for
6				exemption from income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal
7				Revenue Code; and
8			2.	Disregarded as an entity separate from the resident or nonresident,
9				nonprofit educational, charitable, or religious institution for federal
10				income tax purposes pursuant to 26 C.F.R. sec. 301.7701-2;
11		as p	rovide	ed in this section.
12	(2)	(a)	Tax	does not apply to:
13			1.	Sales of tangible personal property, digital property, or services to these
14				institutions or limited liability companies described in subsection (1) of
15				this section, provided the tangible personal property, digital property, or
16				service is to be used solely in this state within the educational,
17				charitable, or religious function;
18			2.	Sales of food to students in school cafeterias or lunchrooms;
19			3.	Sales by school bookstores of textbooks, workbooks, and other course
20				materials;
21			4.	Sales by nonprofit, school sponsored clubs and organizations, provided
22				such sales do not include tickets for athletic events;
23			5.	Sales of admissions, including the sales of admissions to a golf course
24				when the admission is the result of a fundraising event, by nonprofit
25				educational, charitable, or religious institutions described in subsection
26				(1) of this section. All other sales of admissions to a golf course by
27				these institutions are not exempt from tax under this section; or

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1			6.	a.	Fundraising event sales made by nonprofit educational, charitable,
2					or religious institutions and limited liability companies described
3					in subsection (1) of this section.
4				b.	For the purposes of this subparagraph, "fundraising event sales"
5					does not include sales related to the operation of a retail business,
6					including but not limited to thrift stores, bookstores, surplus
7					property auctions, recycle and reuse stores, or any ongoing
8					operations in competition with for-profit retailers.
9		(b)	The	exem	aptions provided in subparagraphs 5. and 6. of paragraph (a) of this
10			subs	ection	n shall not apply to sales generated by or arising at a tourism
11			deve	elopm	ent project approved under KRS 148.851 to 148.860.
12	(3)	An i	nstitu	tion s	hall be entitled to a refund equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the
13		tax	collec	eted o	on its sale of donated goods if the refund is used exclusively as
14		reim	burse	ment	for capital construction costs of additional retail locations in this
15		state	e, prov	vided	the institution:
16		(a)	Rou	tinely	sells donated items;
17		(b)	Prov	vides	job training and employment to individuals with workplace
18			disa	dvant	ages and disabilities;
19		(c)	Spei	nds a	t least seventy-five percent (75%) of its annual revenue on job
20			train	ing, j	ob placement, or other related community services;
21		(d)	Sub	mits a	refund application to the department within sixty (60) days after the
22			new	retail	location opens for business; and
23		(e)	Prov	vides	records of capital construction costs for the new retail location and
24			any	other	information the department deems necessary to process the refund.
25		The	maxi	mum	refund allowed for any location shall not exceed one million dollars
26		(\$1,	0,000	00). A	as used in this subsection, "capital construction cost" means the cost
27		of co	onstru	ction	of any new facilities or the purchase and renovation of any existing

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1		facilities, but does not include the cost of real property other than real property
2		designated as a brownfield site as defined in KRS 65.680(4).
3	(4)	Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, refunds under
4		subsection (3) of this section shall be made directly to the institution. Interest shall
5		not be allowed or paid on the refund. The department may examine any refund
6		within four (4) years from the date the refund application is received. Any
7		overpayment shall be subject to the interest provisions of KRS 131.183 and the
8		penalty provisions of KRS 131.180.
9	(5)	All other sales made by nonprofit educational, charitable, or religious institutions or
10		limited liability companies described in subsection (1) of this section are taxable
11		and the tax may be passed on to the purchaser as provided in KRS 139.210.
12		→ Section 50. KRS 139.498 is amended to read as follows:
13	(1)	(a) For nonprofit civic, governmental, or other nonprofit organizations, except as
14		described in KRS 139.495 and 139.497, the taxes imposed by this chapter do
15		not apply to:
16		1. The sale of admissions, including the sales of admissions to a golf
17		course when the admission is the result of a fundraising event. All
18		other sales of admissions to a golf course by these organizations are
19		not exempt from tax under this section; or
20		2. a. Fundraising event sales.
21		b. For the purposes of this paragraph, "fundraising event sales" does
22		not include sales related to the operation of a retail business,
23		including but not limited to thrift stores, bookstores, surplus
24		property auctions, recycle and reuse stores, or any ongoing
25		operations in competition with for-profit retailers.
26		(b) The exemption provided in subparagraph 1. of paragraph (a) of this subsection

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shall not apply to the sale of admissions to a public facility that qualifies for a

1			sales tax rebate under KRS 139.533.
2	(2)	All	other sales made by organizations referred to in subsection (1) of this section are
3		taxa	ble.
4		<b>→</b> S	ection 51. KRS 139.200 is amended to read as follows:
5	A ta	x is l	nereby imposed upon all retailers at the rate of six percent (6%) of the gross
6	rece	ipts d	erived from:
7	(1)	Reta	il sales of:
8		(a)	Tangible personal property, regardless of the method of delivery, made within
9			this Commonwealth; and
10		(b)	Digital property regardless of whether:
11			1. The purchaser has the right to permanently use the property;
12			2. The purchaser's right to access or retain the property is not permanent; or
13			3. The purchaser's right of use is conditioned upon continued payment; and
14	(2)	The	furnishing of the following:
15		(a)	The rental of any room or rooms, lodgings, campsites, or accommodations
16			furnished by any hotel, motel, inn, tourist camp, tourist cabin, campgrounds,
17			recreational vehicle parks, or any other place in which rooms, lodgings,
18			campsites, or accommodations are regularly furnished to transients for a
19			consideration. The tax shall not apply to rooms, lodgings, campsites, or
20			accommodations supplied for a continuous period of thirty (30) days or more
21			to a person;
22		(b)	Sewer services;
23		(c)	The sale of admissions, except:
24			1. Admissions to racetracks taxed under KRS 138.480;
25			2. Admissions to historical sites exempt under KRS 139.482;
26			3. Admissions taxed under KRS 229.031;

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Admissions that are charged by nonprofit educational, charitable, or

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1		religious institutions and for which an exemption is provided [exempt]
2		under KRS 139.495; and
3		5. Admissions <u>that are</u> charged by nonprofit civic, governmental, or other
4		nonprofit organizations <u>and for which an exemption is</u>
5		provided[exempt] under KRS 139.498;
6	(d)	Prepaid calling service and prepaid wireless calling service;
7	(e)	Intrastate, interstate, and international communications services as defined in
8		KRS 139.195, except the furnishing of pay telephone service as defined in
9		KRS 139.195;
10	(f)	Distribution, transmission, or transportation services for natural gas that is for
11		storage, use, or other consumption in this state, excluding those services
12		furnished:
13		1. For natural gas that is classified as residential use as provided in KRS
14		139.470(7); or
15		2. To a seller or reseller of natural gas;
16	(g)	Landscaping services, including but not limited to:
17		1. Lawn care and maintenance services;
18		2. Tree trimming, pruning, or removal services;
19		3. Landscape design and installation services;
20		4. Landscape care and maintenance services; and
21		5. Snow plowing or removal services;
22	(h)	Janitorial services, including but not limited to residential and commercial
23		cleaning services, and carpet, upholstery, and window cleaning services;
24	(i)	Small animal veterinary services, excluding veterinary services for equine,
25		cattle, poultry, swine, sheep, goats, llamas, alpacas, ratite birds, buffalo, and
26		cervids;
27	(j)	Pet care services, including but not limited to grooming and boarding services,

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1	net sitting	Services	and	net (	obedience	fraining	Services.
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- 2 (k) Industrial laundry services, including but not limited to industrial uniform supply services, protective apparel supply services, and industrial mat and rug supply services;
- 5 (1) Non-coin-operated laundry and dry cleaning services;
- 6 (m) Linen supply services, including but not limited to table and bed linen supply services and nonindustrial uniform supply services;
- 8 (n) Indoor skin tanning services, including but not limited to tanning booth or tanning bed services and spray tanning services;
- 10 (o) Non-medical diet and weight reducing services;
- 11 (p) Limousine services, if a driver is provided; and
- 12 (q) Extended warranty services.
- → Section 52. KRS 45A.077 is amended to read as follows:
- 14 (1) A public-private partnership delivery method may be utilized as provided in this 15 section and administrative regulations promulgated thereunder. State contracts 16 using this method shall be awarded by competitive negotiation.
- 17 (2) A contracting body utilizing a public-private partnership shall continue to be 18 responsible for oversight of any function that is delegated to or otherwise performed 19 by a private partner.
- 20 On or before December 31, 2016, the secretary of the Finance and Administration 21 Cabinet shall promulgate administrative regulations setting forth criteria to be used 22 in determining when a public-private partnership is to be used for a particular 23 project. The administrative regulations shall reflect the intent of the General 24 Assembly to promote and encourage the use of public-private partnerships in the 25 Commonwealth. The secretary shall consult with design-builders, construction 26 managers, contractors, design professionals including engineers and architects, and 27 other appropriate professionals during the development of these administrative

1		regu	lations.				
2	(4)	A re	A request for proposal for a project utilizing a public-private partnership shall				
3		inclu	include at a minimum:				
4		(a)	The parameters of the proposed public-private partnership agreement;				
5		(b)	The duties and responsibilities to be performed by the private partner or				
6			partners;				
7		(c)	The methods of oversight to be employed by the contracting body;				
8		(d)	The duties and responsibilities that are to be performed by the contracting				
9			body and any other partners to the contract;				
10		(e)	The evaluation factors and the relative weight of each to be used in the scoring				
11			of awards;				
12		(f)	Plans for financing and operating the qualifying project and the revenues				
13			service payments, bond financings, and appropriations of public funds needed				
14			for the qualifying project;				
15		(g)	Comprehensive documentation of the experience, capabilities, capitalization				
16			and financial condition, and other relevant qualifications of the private entity;				
17		(h)	The ability of a private partner or partners to quickly respond to the needs				
18			presented in the request for proposal, and the importance of economic				
19			development opportunities represented by the qualifying project. In evaluating				
20			proposals, preference shall be given to a plan that includes the involvement of				
21			small businesses as subcontractors, to the extent that small businesses car				
22			provide services in a competitive manner, unless any preference interferes				
23			with the qualification for federal or other funds; and				
24		(i)	Other information required by the contracting body or the cabinet to evaluate				
25			the proposals submitted by respondents and the overall proposed public-				
26			private partnership.				

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(5) A private entity desiring to be a private partner shall demonstrate to the satisfaction

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1	of the contracting body or the cabinet that it is capable of performing any duty,
2	responsibility, or function it may be authorized or directed to perform as part of the
3	public-private partnership agreement.

- (6) When a request for proposal for a project utilizing a public-private partnership is issued for a capital project, the contracting body shall transmit a copy of the request for proposal to the Capital Projects and Bond Oversight Committee staff, clearly identifying to the staff that a public-private partnership is being utilized. The contracting body shall submit the final contract to the Capital Projects and Bond Oversight Committee under KRS 45.763 before work may be begun on the project.
- 10 (7) A request for proposal or other solicitation may be canceled, or all proposals may be 11 rejected, if it is determined in writing that the action is taken in the best interest of 12 the Commonwealth and approved by the purchasing officer.
  - (8) (a) Beginning July 1, <u>2022[2020]</u>, in the case of any public-private partnership for a capital project with an aggregate value of twenty-five million dollars (\$25,000,000) or more, the project shall be authorized by the General Assembly, by inclusion in the branch budget bill or by any other means specified by the General Assembly, explicitly identifying and authorizing the utilization of a public-private partnership delivery method for the applicable capital project. The authorization of a capital project required by this subsection is in addition to any other statutorily required authorization for a capital project.
    - (b) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any public-private partnership project made public through a request for proposal or a public notice of an unsolicited proposal issued prior to July 1, <u>2022[2020]</u>.
- 25 (9) Any corporation as described by KRS 45.750(2)(c), or as created under the Kentucky Revised Statutes as a governmental agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth, that manages its capital construction program shall:

1	(a)	Adhere to the administrative regulations promulgated under this section when
2		utilizing a public-private partnership for financing capital projects;
3	(b)	Report to legislative committees as specified in this section; and
4	(c)	Submit public-private partnership agreements issued by it to the General
5		Assembly for authorization as provided in subsection (8) of this section.
6	(10) (a)	The governing body of a postsecondary institution that manages its capital
7		construction program under KRS 164A.580 shall report to the Capital Projects
8		and Bond Oversight Committee staff as specified in this section.
9	(b)	Any provision of a public-private partnership agreement issued by a
10		postsecondary institution which provides for a lease by or to the
11		postsecondary institution shall be valid and enforceable if approved by the
12		governing board of the institution.
13	(11) (a)	A person or business may submit an unsolicited proposal to a governmental
14		body, which may receive the unsolicited proposal.
15	(b)	Within ninety (90) days of receiving an unsolicited proposal, a governmental
16		body may elect to consider further action on the proposal, at which point the
17		governmental body shall provide public notice of the proposal. Discussion of
18		the project shall not be deemed a solicitation of the project or its concepts
19		after public notice is given. The public notice shall:
20		1. Provide specific information regarding the proposed nature, timing, and
21		scope of the unsolicited proposal, except that trade secrets, financial
22		records, or other records of the person or business making the proposal
23		shall not be posted unless otherwise agreed to by the governmental body
24		and the person or business; and
25		2. Provide for a notice period for the submission of competing proposals as
26		follows:

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Unsolicited proposals valued below five million dollars

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a.

(\$5,000,000) shall be posted for thirty (30) days;

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2	b. Unsolicited proposals valued between five million dollars
3	(\$5,000,000) and twenty-five million dollars (\$25,000,000) shall
4	be posted for sixty (60) days; and
5	c. Unsolicited proposals valued over twenty-five million dollars
6	(\$25,000,000) shall be posted for ninety (90) days.
7	(c) Upon the end of the notice period provided under paragraph (b)2. of this
8	subsection, the governmental body may consider the unsolicited proposal and
9	any competing proposals received. If the governmental body determines it is
10	in the best interest of the Commonwealth to implement some or all of the
11	concepts contained within the unsolicited proposal or competing proposals
12	received by it, the governmental body may begin an open, competitive
13	procurement process to do so pursuant to this chapter.
14	(d) An unsolicited proposal shall be deemed rejected if no written response is
15	received from the governmental body within ninety (90) days of submission,
16	during which time the governmental body has not taken any action on the
17	proposal under paragraph (b) of this subsection.
18	→ Section 53. Service Rates: Notwithstanding KRS 45.253(6), the
19	Commonwealth Office of Technology shall maintain the rate schedule in effect in fiscal
20	year 2019-2020 for services rendered or materials furnished during the 2020-2022 fiscal
21	biennium, unless the services or materials are required by law to be furnished
22	gratuitously. Enterprise assessments and security assessments not directly related to
23	specific rated services shall not exceed fiscal year 2019-2020 levels.
24	→ Section 54. Kentucky Agricultural Finance Corporation: Notwithstanding
25	KRS 247.978(2), the total amount of principal which a qualified applicant may owe the
26	Kentucky Agricultural Finance Corporation at any one time shall not exceed \$5,000,000.
27	→ Section 55. Administrative Fee on Infrastructure for Economic

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1 **Development Fund Projects:** A one-half of one percent administrative fee is authorized

- 2 to be paid to the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority for the administration of each project
- 3 funded by the Infrastructure for Economic Development Fund for Coal-Producing
- 4 Counties and the Infrastructure for Economic Development Fund for Tobacco Counties.
- 5 These administrative fees shall be paid, upon inception of the project, out of the fund
- 6 from which the project was allocated.
- 7 → Section 56. Charges for Federal, State, and Local Audits: Any additional
- 8 expenses incurred by the Auditor of Public Accounts for required audits of Federal Funds
- 9 shall be charged to the government or agency that is the subject of the audit. The Auditor
- of Public Accounts receives General Fund appropriations for audits of the statewide
- systems of personnel and payroll, cash and investments, revenue collection, and the state
- 12 accounting system. Any expenses incurred by the Auditor of Public Accounts for any
- other audits shall be charged to the agency that is the subject of such audit. The Auditor
- of Public Accounts shall maintain a record of all time and expenses for each audit or
- 15 investigation.
- Any expenses incurred by the Auditor of Public Accounts for auditing individual
- governmental entities when mandated by a legislative committee shall be charged to the
- agency or entity receiving audit services.
- **→** Section 57. **Personnel Board Operating Assessment:** Each agency of the
- 20 Executive Branch with employees covered by KRS Chapter 18A shall be assessed each
- 21 fiscal year the amount required for the operation of the Personnel Board. The agency
- 22 assessment shall be determined by the Secretary of the Finance and Administration
- 23 Cabinet based on the authorized full-time positions of each agency on July 1 of each year
- of the biennium. The Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet shall collect
- 25 the assessment.
- Section 58. Water Withdrawal Fees: The water withdrawal fees imposed by
- 27 the Kentucky River Authority shall not be subject to state and local taxes.

1 Notwithstanding KRS 151.710(10), Tier I water withdrawal fees shall be used to support

2 the operations of the Authority and for contractual services for water supply and quality

- 3 studies.
- 4 → Section 59. **Urgent Needs School Assistance:** If a school district receives an
- 5 allotment for an Urgent Needs School authorized in 2014 Ky. Acts ch. 117, Part I, A.,
- 6 28., (5), 2014 Ky. Acts ch. 117, Part I, C., 1., (19)(b), 2016 Ky. Acts ch. 149, Part I, A.,
- 7 28., (4) and (5), or 2018 Ky. Acts ch. 169, Part I, A., 27., (3) and subsequently, as a result
- 8 of litigation or insurance, receives funds for the original facility, the school district shall
- 9 reimburse the Commonwealth an amount equal to that received for such purposes. If the
- 10 litigation or insurance receipts are less than the amount received, the district shall
- reimburse the Commonwealth an amount equal to that received as a result of litigation or
- insurance less the district's costs and legal fees in securing the judgment or payment. Any
- 13 funds received in this manner shall be deposited in the Budget Reserve Trust Fund
- 14 Account (KRS 48.705).
- → Section 60. **Pro Rata Assessment:** The Personnel Cabinet shall collect a pro
- rata assessment from all state agencies, in all three branches of government, and other
- organizations that are supported by the System. Those collections shall be deposited and
- retained in a Restricted Funds account within the Personnel Cabinet.
- **→** Section 61. **Premium and Retaliatory Taxes:** Notwithstanding KRS 304.17B-
- 20 021(4)(d), premium taxes collected under KRS Chapter 136 from any insurer and
- 21 retaliatory taxes collected under KRS 304.3-270 from any insurer shall be credited to the
- General Fund.
- **→** Section 62. **Monthly Per Employee Health Insurance Benefits Assessment:**
- 24 The Personnel Cabinet shall collect a benefits assessment per month per employee
- 25 eligible for health insurance coverage in the state group for duly authorized use by the
- 26 Personnel Cabinet in administering its statutory and administrative responsibilities,
- 27 including but not limited to administration of the Commonwealth's health insurance

- 1 program.
- Section 63. KRS 424.215 is amended to read as follows:
- 3 Notwithstanding KRS 65.070, 83A.060, 91A.040, 160.463, 424.180, 424.190, 424.220,
- 4 424.230,<del>[ 424.250,] 424.260, 424.270, 424.330, any public agency required to advertise</del>
- 5 or publish notices or documents in a newspaper shall be charged the lowest rate generally
- 6 charged for advertising by the newspaper.
- 7 → Section 64. KRS 424.990 is amended to read as follows:
- 8 Any person who violates any provision of KRS 424.110 to 424.370 shall be fined not less
- 9 than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500). In addition, any officer
- who fails to comply with any of the provisions of KRS 424.220, 424.230, 424.240,
- 424.250, 424.290 or 424.330 shall, for each such failure, be subject to a forfeiture of not
- less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500), in the discretion of
- the court, which may be recovered only once, in a civil action brought by any citizen of
- 14 the city, county or district for which the officer serves. The costs of all proceedings,
- including a reasonable fee for the attorney of the citizen bringing the action, shall be
- assessed against the unsuccessful party.
- → Section 65. The following KRS sections are repealed:
- 18 132.550 County clerk to compute amount due from each taxpayer -- Compensation of
- 19 clerk.
- 20 132.635 Application of KRS 132.590 and 132.630 to urban-county governments and
- 21 consolidated local governments.
- 22 189A.360 Nonrefundable application fee for ignition interlock license. (Effective July
- 23 1, 2020)
- 24 424.240 County or city budget.
- 25 424.250 School district budget.
- Section 66. Sections 1 and 7 to 17 of this Act apply to taxable years beginning →
- on or after January 1, 2019.

Section 67. Sections 34, 35, 45, and 49 to 51 of this Act take effect August 1, 2 2020.

- Section 68. Sections 36 to 41 of this Act shall become effective only upon the ratification by voters at the November 3, 2020, election of an amendment to Section 181 of the Kentucky Constitution authorizing the implementation of the provisions of that amendment by the enactment of laws by the General Assembly. If such an amendment is not ratified, Sections 36 to 41 of this Act shall be void and shall be given no effect.
- Section 69. Section 43 of this Act takes effect July 1, 2020. 

   Section 69. Section 43 of this Act takes effect July 1, 2020.

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- Section 70. Sections 53 to 62 of this Act apply to the fiscal year beginning July
  1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, and the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021, and ending
  June 30, 2022, and shall expire at the end of June 30, 2022.
  - → Section 71. Whereas many taxpayers are currently preparing to file returns, and clarifications for these taxpayers are needed immediately, an emergency is declared to exist, and this Act takes effect upon its passage and approval by the Governor or upon its otherwise becoming law.