

SENATE No. 834

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Anne M. Gobi

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to Child-Centered Family Law.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:
<i>Anne M. Gobi</i>	<i>Worcester, Hampden, Hampshire and Middlesex</i>
<i>Sal N. DiDomenico</i>	<i>Middlesex and Suffolk</i>
<i>James E. Timilty</i>	<i>Bristol and Norfolk</i>
<i>Jason M. Lewis</i>	<i>Fifth Middlesex</i>
<i>Richard J. Ross</i>	<i>Norfolk, Bristol and Middlesex</i>
<i>Viriato M. deMacedo</i>	<i>Plymouth and Barnstable</i>
<i>David Paul Linsky</i>	<i>5th Middlesex</i>
<i>Theodore C. Speliotis</i>	<i>13th Essex</i>
<i>James J. Dwyer</i>	<i>30th Middlesex</i>
<i>Jay R. Kaufman</i>	<i>15th Middlesex</i>
<i>Jeffrey N. Roy</i>	<i>10th Norfolk</i>
<i>Alice Hanlon Peisch</i>	<i>14th Norfolk</i>
<i>Thomas J. Calter</i>	<i>12th Plymouth</i>
<i>Paul McMurtry</i>	<i>11th Norfolk</i>
<i>Shawn Dooley</i>	<i>9th Norfolk</i>
<i>Chris Walsh</i>	<i>6th Middlesex</i>
<i>Colleen M. Garry</i>	<i>36th Middlesex</i>

<i>Diana DiZoglio</i>	<i>14th Essex</i>
<i>David T. Vieira</i>	<i>3rd Barnstable</i>
<i>Michael D. Brady</i>	<i>9th Plymouth</i>
<i>Sheila C. Harrington</i>	<i>1st Middlesex</i>
<i>Anthony W. Petruccelli</i>	<i>First Suffolk and Middlesex</i>
<i>Mary S. Keefe</i>	<i>15th Worcester</i>
<i>Ann-Margaret Ferrante</i>	<i>5th Essex</i>
<i>Carolyn C. Dykema</i>	<i>8th Middlesex</i>
<i>Denise Provost</i>	<i>27th Middlesex</i>
<i>Marjorie C. Decker</i>	<i>25th Middlesex</i>
<i>Thomas A. Golden, Jr.</i>	<i>16th Middlesex</i>
<i>Josh S. Cutler</i>	<i>6th Plymouth</i>
<i>James Arciero</i>	<i>2nd Middlesex</i>
<i>Thomas M. Stanley</i>	<i>9th Middlesex</i>
<i>Benjamin Swan</i>	<i>11th Hampden</i>
<i>Danielle W. Gregoire</i>	<i>4th Middlesex</i>
<i>Bradford R. Hill</i>	<i>4th Essex</i>
<i>Peter V. Kocot</i>	<i>1st Hampshire</i>
<i>Shaunna L. O'Connell</i>	<i>3rd Bristol</i>
<i>Carole A. Fiola</i>	<i>6th Bristol</i>
<i>Donald R. Berthiaume, Jr.</i>	<i>5th Worcester</i>
<i>Paul Tucker</i>	<i>7th Essex</i>
<i>Walter F. Timilty</i>	<i>7th Norfolk</i>
<i>Randy Hunt</i>	<i>5th Barnstable</i>
<i>Paul K. Frost</i>	<i>7th Worcester</i>
<i>Kimberly N. Ferguson</i>	<i>1st Worcester</i>

SENATE No. 834

By Ms. Gobi, a petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 834) of Anne M. Gobi, Sal N. DiDomenico, James E. Timilty, Jason M. Lewis and other members of the General Court for legislation relative to Child-Centered Family Law. The Judiciary.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

**In the One Hundred and Eighty-Ninth General Court
(2015-2016)**

An Act relative to Child-Centered Family Law.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Chapter 208 of the General Laws is amended by striking out section 31, as
2 appearing in the 2012 Official Edition, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

3 Section 31. Parenting of Children.

4 A. Public Policy Statement. It is the policy of the Commonwealth to promote the best
5 interest of children by supporting safe, healthy, and meaningful relationships between children
6 and their parents. Each parent has a right to parent his or her child absent any limiting factor to
7 the contrary and subject to the court’s determination of each child’s best interest. The
8 Commonwealth encourages shared parental responsibilities and parenting plans that prioritize the
9 unique needs and evolving maturity of each child consistent with the safety and well-being of the
10 child. A parenting plan shall be incorporated into every temporary order, judgment of divorce
11 nisi and modification judgment involving parental responsibility for minor children.

12 B. Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following terms shall have the meanings
13 set forth below:

14 1. “Decision-Making Responsibility”

15 a. Shared. Both parents shall have mutual responsibility and involvement in major
16 decisions regarding the child’s welfare including matters of education, medical care, and
17 emotional, moral and religious development, in accordance with the best interest of the child.

18 b. Sole. A parent shall have the responsibility to make major decisions regarding the
19 child’s welfare including matters of education, medical care, or emotional, moral and religious
20 development, in accordance with the best interest of the child.

21 2. “Residential Responsibility”

22 a. Shared. A child shall have periods of residing with and being under the care and
23 responsibility of each parent; provided, however, that such periods shall be shared by the parents
24 in such a way as to assure a child frequent, continued and developmentally appropriate contact
25 with both parents and in accordance with the best interest of the child. Time with each parent
26 may but shall not necessarily be equal. Unless the parents agree or the court determines
27 otherwise, a child shall reside one-third of the time or more with each parent.

28 b. Primary. A child shall reside with and be under the care and responsibility of one
29 parent for at least two-thirds of the time, and have reasonable parenting time with the other
30 parent, unless the court determines that such time with the other parent would not be in the best
31 interest of the child.

32 3. "Parental Responsibility." This term shall encompass both decision-making and
33 residential responsibility.

34 4. "Parenting Plan." A written plan describing parental responsibility relative to each
35 child.

36 C. Decision-Making Responsibility Prior to the Entry of Court Order or Judgment.
37 Parents shall have shared decision-making responsibility of any minor child of their marriage
38 until a court orders otherwise.

39 D. Determination of Parental Responsibilities. In determining parental responsibilities,
40 both at the time of entry of temporary orders and judgment, the court shall be guided by the best
41 interest of the child, and shall consider both G. L. c. 208, § 31A1, if applicable, and the
42 following factors:

43 1. The relationship of the child with each parent.

44 2. The reasonable wishes of the child, if the child is of sufficient age, capacity, and
45 understanding. When considering the child's wishes, the court shall also give due consideration
46 to factors which may have unduly influenced the child's preference.

47 3. The ability of each parent to communicate and cooperate with the other parent and
48 participate in making joint decisions concerning the child.

49 4. The present and expected physical, emotional, and geographical availability of each
50 parent.

51 5. The present interest, desire, and abilities of each parent to fulfill caregiving functions,
52 as well as the history of caregiving functions provided by each parent. Caregiving functions are

53 tasks that involve direct interaction with the child or arranging and supervising the interaction
54 and care provided by others.

55 6. The ability of a parent to foster a positive relationship and frequent and continuing
56 physical, written, electronic, telephonic, and other contact between the child and the other parent.

57 7. Any other additional factors the court deems relevant.

58 Any award of temporary sole decision-making responsibility shall be supported by a
59 written rationale.

60 E. Limiting Factors. Factors that may restrict parenting time include, but are not limited
61 to, the following:

62 1. A parent's emotional abuse of a child.

63 2. A parent's having inflicted abuse on the other parent or child as provided for in G. L. c.
64 208, § 31A.

65 3. A parent's abuse of drugs, alcohol, or another substance that interferes with a parent's
66 caregiving of the child or exposes the child to harm.

67 4. A parent's incarceration.

68 5. A parent's involving or attempting to involve the child in the parents' dispute through
69 manipulation or coercive behavior.

70 6. A parent's obstructing or impeding communication, cooperation, parenting time, or
71 shared decision-making or attempting to do so.

72 7. A parent’s interference with the other parent’s access to the child, absent a reasonable,
73 good-faith belief as to protecting the child, parent or household member from physical or severe
74 or persistent emotional harm by the other parent, and subject to judicial findings as to any such
75 reasonable, good-faith belief.

76 8. A parent’s knowingly providing false information to any court regarding parenting.

77 9. A parent’s conviction for a child-related sexual offense.

78 10. Any other additional factors or behaviors that interfere with a parent’s caregiving of
79 the child or expose the child to harm, as the court deems relevant.

80 F. Parenting Plans.

81 1. A parenting plan shall be incorporated into any separation agreement concerning a
82 minor child. Further, a proposed parenting plan shall be filed simultaneously with any request
83 that an order or judgment pursuant to this section be issued or at such other time as permitted by
84 the court.

85 2. A parenting plan shall include the following as applicable:

86 a. Decision-making responsibilities, which may detail provisions for consultation
87 between and notice to parents;

88 b. Residential responsibilities;

89 c. Legal residence of a child for school enrollment;

90 d. Parenting schedule, which may detail the following:

- 91 1. Weekdays;
- 92 2. Weekends, including holidays and school in-service days preceding or following
93 weekends;
- 94 3. Holidays, school vacations, birthdays and summer and such other vacation planning;
- 95 4. Child's extracurricular and school activities;
- 96 5. Transportation and exchange of the child; and
- 97 6. Process for periodic changes to the schedule;
- 98 e. Information sharing and access, including telephone and electronic access;
- 99 f. Notice and protocols as to travel with the child;
- 100 g. Relocation of a parent within the Commonwealth of Massachusetts;
- 101 h. Safety of the child;
- 102 i. Safety of each parent;
- 103 j. Nondisclosure of a child's or parent's address on any academic or health record if
104 necessary to ensure his or her health, safety or welfare;
- 105 k. Procedure for review of the plan; and
- 106 l. Methods for resolving disputes.
- 107 3. A parenting plan may also include other provisions that further a child's best interest,
108 as well as provisions which address foreseeable changes in a child's or parent's circumstances.

109 G. Compliance. Upon a finding of contempt for noncompliance with a parenting plan, as
110 additional remedies, the court may order any of the following:

111 1. Adjustment of the parenting plan as informed by any such failure of a parent to comply
112 with the parenting plan;

113 2. Reimbursement for any of the following incurred as a result of the other parent's
114 failure to comply with the parenting plan:

115 a. reasonable child care and related expenses;

116 b. reasonable travel and related expenses; or

117 c. lost wages.

118 3. Attendance at an appropriate parenting education course; or

119 4. Award of counsel fees and costs.