CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 42

AN ACT

To repeal sections 163.011 and 163.031 as enacted by house bill no. 1689, ninety-seventh general assembly, second regular session, and sections 160.011, 160.400, 160.403, 160.405, 160.410, 160.415, 160.417, 160.425, 162.081, 162.1250, 163.018, 163.036, 167.121, 167.131, 171.031, and 210.861, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof fifty-one new sections relating to elementary and secondary education, with an emergency clause.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI, AS FOLLOWS:

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14 Section A. Sections 163.011 and 163.031, as enacted by 15 house bill no. 1689, ninety-seventh general assembly, second 16 regular session, and sections 160.011, 160.400, 160.403, 160.405, 160.410, 160.415, 160.417, 160.425, 162.081, 162.1250, 163.018, 17 163.036, 167.121, 167.131, 171.031, and 210.861, RSMo, are 18 19 repealed and fifty-one new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to 20 be known as sections 160.011, 160.400, 160.403, 160.405, 160.408, 21 160.410, 160.415, 160.417, 160.425, 161.084, 161.087, 161.238, 22 161.1000, 161.1005, 162.081, 162.1250, 162.1303, 162.1305, 162.1310, 162.1313, 163.011, 163.018, 163.031, 163.036, 167.121, 2.3 167.127, 167.131, 167.132, 167.642, 167.685, 167.688, 167.730, 24

167.825, 167.826, 167.827, 167.830, 167.833, 167.836, 167.839,

- 1 167.842, 167.845, 167.848, 167.890, 170.215, 170.320, 171.031,
- 2 177.015, 210.861, 633.420, 1, and 2, to read as follows:
- 3 160.011. As used in chapters 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165,
- 4 167, 168, 170, 171, 177 and 178, the following terms mean:
- 5 (1) "District" or "school district", when used alone, may 6 include seven-director, urban, and metropolitan school districts;
- 7 (2) "Elementary school", a public school giving instruction 8 in a grade or grades not higher than the eighth grade;
- 9 (3) "Family literacy programs", services of sufficient
 10 intensity in terms of hours, and of sufficient duration, to make
 11 sustainable changes in families that include:
- 12 (a) Interactive literacy activities between parents and their children;

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- (b) Training of parents regarding how to be the primary teacher of their children and full partners in the education of their children;
- 17 (c) Parent literacy training that leads to high school 18 completion and economic self sufficiency; and
 - (d) An age-appropriate education to prepare children of all ages for success in school;
 - (4) "Graduation rate", the [quotient of the number of graduates in the current year as of June thirtieth divided by the sum of the number of graduates in the current year as of June thirtieth plus the number of twelfth graders who dropped out in the current year plus the number of eleventh graders who dropped out in the preceding year plus the number of tenth graders who dropped out in the second preceding year plus the number of ninth graders who dropped out in the third preceding year] graduation

- 1 rate determined by the annual performance report required by the
 2 Missouri school improvement program;
- 3 (5) "High school", a public school giving instruction in a 4 grade or grades not lower than the ninth nor higher than the 5 twelfth grade;
 - (6) "Metropolitan school district", any school district the boundaries of which are coterminous with the limits of any city which is not within a county;
 - (7) "Public school" includes all elementary and high schools operated at public expense;

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- (8) "School board", the board of education having general control of the property and affairs of any school district;
- "School term", a minimum of one hundred seventy-four school days, as that term is defined in section 160.041, for schools with a five-day school week or a minimum of one hundred forty-two school days, as that term is defined in section 160.041, for schools with a four-day school week, and one thousand forty-four hours of actual pupil attendance as scheduled by the board pursuant to section 171.031 during a twelve-month period in which the academic instruction of pupils is actually and regularly carried on for a group of students in the public schools of any school district. A school term may be within a school year or may consist of parts of two consecutive school years, but does not include summer school. A district may choose to operate two or more terms for different groups of children. A school term for students participating in a school flex program as established in section 160.539 may consist of a combination of actual pupil attendance and attendance at college or technical

- 1 career education or approved employment aligned with the
- 2 student's career academic plan for a total of one thousand
- 3 forty-four hours;
- 4 (10) "Secretary", the secretary of the board of a school
- 5 district;
- 6 (11) "Seven-director district", any school district which
- 7 has seven directors and includes urban districts regardless of
- 8 the number of directors an urban district may have unless
- 9 otherwise provided by law;
- 10 (12) "Taxpayer", any individual who has paid taxes to the
- 11 state or any subdivision thereof within the immediately preceding
- 12 twelve-month period or the spouse of such individual;
- 13 (13) "Town", any town or village, whether or not
- incorporated, the plat of which has been filed in the office of
- 15 the recorder of deeds of the county in which it is situated;
- 16 (14) "Urban school district", any district which includes
- more than half of the population or land area of any city which
- 18 has not less than seventy thousand inhabitants, other than a city
- 19 which is not within a county.
- 20 160.400. 1. A charter school is an independent public
- 21 school.
- 22 2. Except as further provided in subsection 4 of this
- 23 section, charter schools may be operated [only]:
- 24 (1) In a metropolitan school district;
- 25 (2) In an urban school district containing most or all of a
- 26 city with a population greater than three hundred fifty thousand
- 27 inhabitants:
- 28 (3) In a school district that has been [declared]

classified as unaccredited by the state board of education;

- (4) In a school district that has been classified as provisionally accredited by the state board of education [and has received scores on its annual performance report consistent with a classification of provisionally accredited or unaccredited for three consecutive school years beginning with the 2012-13 accreditation year under the following conditions:
- (a) The eligibility for charter schools of any school district whose provisional accreditation is based in whole or in part on financial stress as defined in sections 161.520 to 161.529, or on financial hardship as defined by rule of the state board of education, shall be decided by a vote of the state board of education during the third consecutive school year after the designation of provisional accreditation; and
- (b) The sponsor is limited to the local school board or a sponsor who has met the standards of accountability and performance as determined by the department based on sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section 167.349 and properly promulgated rules of the department]; [or]
- (5) In a school district that has been accredited without provisions, sponsored only by the local school board; provided that no board with a current year enrollment of one thousand five hundred fifty students or greater shall permit more than thirty-five percent of its student enrollment to enroll in charter schools sponsored by the local board under the authority of this subdivision, except that this restriction shall not apply to any school district that subsequently becomes eligible under subdivision (3) or (4) of this subsection or to any district

accredited without provisions that sponsors charter schools prior to having a current year student enrollment of one thousand five hundred fifty students or greater;

- (6) In any school district that has most or all of its land area located in a county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred thousand inhabitants, except for any district in such county that is accredited without provisions by the state board of education and that has a resident pupil enrollment of less than three thousand; or
 - (7) In any school district that has most or all of its land area located in a county with a charter form of government and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants.
 - 3. Except as further provided in subsection 4 of this section, the following entities are eligible to sponsor charter schools:
- (1) The school board of the district in any district which is sponsoring a charter school as of August 27, 2012, as permitted under subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection 2 of this section, the special administrative board of a metropolitan school district during any time in which powers granted to the district's board of education are vested in a special administrative board, or if the state board of education appoints a special administrative board to retain the authority granted to the board of education of an urban school district containing most or all of a city with a population greater than three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, the special administrative board of such school district;

- 1 (2) A public four-year college or university with an 2 approved teacher education program that meets regional or 3 national standards of accreditation;
- 4 (3) A community college, the service area of which 5 encompasses some portion of the district;

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- (4) Any private four-year college or university with an enrollment of at least one thousand students, with its primary campus in Missouri, and with an approved teacher preparation program;
- (5) Any two-year private vocational or technical school designated as a 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, [which is a member of the North Central Association] and accredited by the Higher Learning Commission, with its primary campus in Missouri; [or]
- 15 (6) The Missouri charter public school commission created 16 in section 160.425.
 - 4. [Changes in a school district's accreditation status that affect charter schools shall be addressed as follows, except for the districts described in subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection 2 of this section:
 - (1) As a district transitions from unaccredited to provisionally accredited, the district shall continue to fall under the requirements for an unaccredited district until it achieves three consecutive full school years of provisional accreditation;
 - (2) As a district transitions from provisionally accredited to full accreditation, the district shall continue to fall under the requirements for a provisionally accredited district until it

1 achieves three consecutive full school years of full
2 accreditation;

- or provisionally accredited where a charter school is operating and is sponsored by an entity other than the local school board, when the school district becomes classified as accredited without provisions, a charter school may continue to be sponsored by the entity sponsoring it prior to the classification of accredited without provisions and shall not be limited to the local school board as a sponsor.
 - (2) A charter school operating in a school district identified in subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection 2 of this section may be sponsored by any of the entities identified in subsection 3 of this section, irrespective of the accreditation classification of the district in which it is located. A charter school in a district described in this subsection whose charter provides for the addition of grade levels in subsequent years may continue to add levels until the planned expansion is complete to the extent of grade levels in comparable schools of the district in which the charter school is operated.
 - 5. The mayor of a city not within a county may request a sponsor under subdivision (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6) of subsection 3 of this section to consider sponsoring a "workplace charter school", which is defined for purposes of sections 160.400 to 160.425 as a charter school with the ability to target prospective students whose parent or parents are employed in a business district, as defined in the charter, which is located in the city.

- 1 6. No sponsor shall receive from an applicant for a charter 2 school any fee of any type for the consideration of a charter, 3 nor may a sponsor condition its consideration of a charter on the 4 promise of future payment of any kind.
 - 7. The charter school shall be organized as a Missouri nonprofit corporation incorporated pursuant to chapter 355. The charter provided for herein shall constitute a contract between the sponsor and the charter school.

- 8. As a nonprofit corporation incorporated pursuant to chapter 355, the charter school shall select the method for election of officers pursuant to section 355.326 based on the class of corporation selected. Meetings of the governing board of the charter school shall be subject to the provisions of sections 610.010 to 610.030.
- 9. A sponsor of a charter school, its agents and employees are not liable for any acts or omissions of a charter school that it sponsors, including acts or omissions relating to the charter submitted by the charter school, the operation of the charter school and the performance of the charter school.
- 10. A charter school may affiliate with a four-year college or university, including a private college or university, or a community college as otherwise specified in subsection 3 of this section when its charter is granted by a sponsor other than such college, university or community college. Affiliation status recognizes a relationship between the charter school and the college or university for purposes of teacher training and staff development, curriculum and assessment development, use of physical facilities owned by or rented on behalf of the college

or university, and other similar purposes. A university, college or community college may not charge or accept a fee for affiliation status.

- 11. The expenses associated with sponsorship of charter schools shall be defrayed by the department of elementary and secondary education retaining one and five-tenths percent of the amount of state and local funding allocated to the charter school under section 160.415, not to exceed one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars, adjusted for inflation. The department of elementary and secondary education shall remit the retained funds for each charter school to the school's sponsor, provided the sponsor remains in good standing by fulfilling its sponsorship obligations under sections 160.400 to 160.425 and 167.349 with regard to each charter school it sponsors, including appropriate demonstration of the following:
 - (1) Expends no less than ninety percent of its charter school sponsorship funds in support of its charter school sponsorship program, or as a direct investment in the sponsored schools;
 - (2) Maintains a comprehensive application process that follows fair procedures and rigorous criteria and grants charters only to those developers who demonstrate strong capacity for establishing and operating a quality charter school;
 - (3) Negotiates contracts with charter schools that clearly articulate the rights and responsibilities of each party regarding school autonomy, expected outcomes, measures for evaluating success or failure, performance consequences <u>aligned</u> with annual performance report evaluations of public schools, and

- 1 other material terms;
- 2 (4) Conducts contract oversight that evaluates performance,
- 3 monitors compliance, informs intervention and renewal decisions,
- 4 and ensures autonomy provided under applicable law; and
- 5 (5) Designs and implements a transparent and rigorous
- 6 process that uses comprehensive data to make merit-based renewal
- 7 decisions.
- 8 12. Sponsors receiving funds under subsection 11 of this
- 9 section shall be required to submit annual reports to the joint
- 10 committee on education demonstrating they are in compliance with
- 11 subsection 17 of this section.
- 12 13. No university, college or community college shall grant
- a charter to a nonprofit corporation if an employee of the
- 14 university, college or community college is a member of the
- 15 corporation's board of directors.
- 16 14. No sponsor shall grant a charter under sections 160.400
- to 160.425 and 167.349 without ensuring that a criminal
- 18 background check and family care safety registry check are
- 19 conducted for all members of the governing board of the charter
- 20 schools or the incorporators of the charter school if initial
- 21 directors are not named in the articles of incorporation, nor
- 22 shall a sponsor renew a charter without ensuring a criminal
- 23 background check and family care safety registry check are
- 24 conducted for each member of the governing board of the charter
- 25 school.
- 26 15. No member of the governing board of a charter school
- shall hold any office or employment from the board or the charter
- school while serving as a member, nor shall the member have any

- 1 substantial interest, as defined in section 105.450, in any
- 2 entity employed by or contracting with the board. No board
- 3 member shall be an employee of a company that provides
- 4 substantial services to the charter school. All members of the
- 5 governing board of the charter school shall be considered
- 6 decision-making public servants as defined in section 105.450 for
- 7 the purposes of the financial disclosure requirements contained
- 8 in sections 105.483, 105.485, 105.487, and 105.489.
- 9 16. A sponsor shall develop the policies and procedures 10 for:
- 11 (1) The review of a charter school proposal including an
- 12 application that provides sufficient information for rigorous
- evaluation of the proposed charter and provides clear
- documentation that the education program and academic program are
- 15 aligned with the state standards and grade-level expectations,
- and provides clear documentation of effective governance and
- management structures, and a sustainable operational plan;
- 18 (2) The granting of a charter;
- 19 (3) The performance [framework] contract that the sponsor
- 20 will use to evaluate the performance of charter schools. Charter
- 21 schools shall meet current state academic performance standards
- 22 <u>as well as other standards agreed upon by the sponsor and the</u>
- 23 charter school in the performance contract;
- 24 (4) The sponsor's intervention, renewal, and revocation
- 25 policies, including the conditions under which the charter
- 26 sponsor may intervene in the operation of the charter school,
- 27 along with actions and consequences that may ensue, and the
- 28 conditions for renewal of the charter at the end of the term,

1 consistent with subsections 8 and 9 of section 160.405;

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- 2 (5) Additional criteria that the sponsor will use for ongoing oversight of the charter; and
 - (6) Procedures to be implemented if a charter school should close, consistent with the provisions of subdivision (15) of subsection 1 of section 160.405. The department shall provide guidance to sponsors in developing such policies and procedures.
- (1) A sponsor shall provide timely submission to the 8 17. 9 state board of education of all data necessary to demonstrate 10 that the sponsor is in material compliance with all requirements of sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section 167.349. 11 12 board of education shall ensure each sponsor is in compliance with all requirements under sections 160.400 to 160.425 and 13 14 167.349 for each charter school sponsored by any sponsor. The 15 state board shall notify each sponsor of the standards for 16 sponsorship of charter schools, delineating both what is mandated 17 by statute and what best practices dictate. The state board 18 shall evaluate sponsors to determine compliance with these 19 standards every three years. The evaluation shall include a 20 sponsor's policies and procedures in the areas of charter 21 application approval; required charter agreement terms and 22 content; sponsor performance evaluation and compliance 23 monitoring; and charter renewal, intervention, and revocation 24 decisions. Nothing shall preclude the department from 25 undertaking an evaluation at any time for cause.
 - (2) If the department determines that a sponsor is in material noncompliance with its sponsorship duties, the sponsor shall be notified and given reasonable time for remediation. If

remediation does not address the compliance issues identified by the department, the commissioner of education shall conduct a public hearing and thereafter provide notice to the charter sponsor of corrective action that will be recommended to the state board of education. Corrective action by the department may include withholding the sponsor's funding and suspending the sponsor's authority to sponsor a school that it currently sponsors or to sponsor any additional school until the sponsor is reauthorized by the state board of education under section 160.403.

- of the notice of the commissioner's recommendation, provide a written statement and other documentation to show cause as to why that action should not be taken. Final determination of corrective action shall be determined by the state board of education based upon a review of the documentation submitted to the department and the charter sponsor.
- (4) If the state board removes the authority to sponsor a currently operating charter school under any provision of law, the Missouri charter public school commission shall become the sponsor of the school.
- 18. If a sponsor notifies a charter school of closure under subsection 8 of section 160.405, the department of elementary and secondary education shall exercise its financial withholding authority under subsection 13 of section 160.415 to assure all obliqations of the charter school shall be met. The state, charter sponsor, or resident district shall not be liable for any outstanding liability or obligations of the charter school.

- 160.403. 1. The department of elementary and secondary 1 2 education shall establish an annual application and approval 3 process for all entities eligible to sponsor charters as set forth in section 160.400 which are not sponsoring a charter 4 5 school as of August 28, 2012, except that the Missouri charter public school commission shall not be required to undergo the 6 7 application and approval process. No later than November 1, 2012, the department shall make available information and 8 9 guidelines for all eligible sponsors concerning the opportunity 10 to apply for sponsoring authority under this section.
 - 2. The application process for sponsorship shall require each interested eligible sponsor, except for the Missouri charter public school commission, to submit an application by February first that includes the following:
 - (1) Written notification of intent to serve as a charter school sponsor in accordance with sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section 167.349;
 - (2) Evidence of the applicant sponsor's budget and personnel capacity;

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- 20 (3) An outline of the request for proposal that the 21 applicant sponsor would, if approved as a charter sponsor, issue 22 to solicit charter school applicants consistent with sections 23 160.400 to 160.425 and section 167.349;
 - (4) The performance [framework] <u>contract</u> that the applicant sponsor would, if approved as a charter sponsor, use to [guide the establishment of a charter contract and for ongoing oversight and a description of how it would] evaluate the charter schools it sponsors; and

(5) The applicant sponsor's renewal, revocation, and nonrenewal processes consistent with section 160.405.

- 3. By April first of each year, the department shall decide
 4 whether to grant or deny a sponsoring authority to a sponsor
 5 applicant. This decision shall be made based on the applicant
 6 charter's compliance with sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section
 7 167.349 and properly promulgated rules of the department.
 - 4. Within thirty days of the department's decision, the department shall execute a renewable sponsoring contract with each entity it has approved as a sponsor. The term of each authorizing contract shall be six years and renewable. [No eligible sponsor which is not currently sponsoring a charter school as of August 28, 2012, shall commence charter sponsorship without approval from the state board of education and a sponsor contract with the state board of education in effect.]
 - establish a charter school shall submit the proposed charter, as provided in this section, to a sponsor. If the sponsor is not a school board, the applicant shall give a copy of its application to the school board of the district in which the charter school is to be located and to the state board of education, within five business days of the date the application is filed with the proposed sponsor. The school board may file objections with the proposed sponsor, and, if a charter is granted, the school board may file objections with the state board of education. The charter shall [be] include a legally binding performance contract that describes the obligations and responsibilities of the school and the sponsor as outlined in sections 160.400 to 160.425 and

section 167.349 and shall [also include] address the following:

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- (1) A mission and vision statement for the charter school;
- 3 (2) A description of the charter school's organizational 4 structure and bylaws of the governing body, which will be 5 responsible for the policy, financial management, and operational 6 decisions of the charter school, including the nature and extent 7 of parental, professional educator, and community involvement in

the governance and operation of the charter school;

- (3) A financial plan for the first three years of operation of the charter school including provisions for annual audits;
- (4) A description of the charter school's policy for securing personnel services, its personnel policies, personnel qualifications, and professional development plan;
- 14 (5) A description of the grades or ages of students being 15 served;
 - (6) The school's calendar of operation, which shall include at least the equivalent of a full school term as defined in section 160.011;
 - (7) A description of the charter school's pupil performance standards and academic program performance standards, which shall meet the requirements of subdivision (6) of subsection 4 of this section. The charter school program shall be designed to enable each pupil to achieve such standards and shall contain a complete set of indicators, measures, metrics, and targets for academic program performance, including specific goals on graduation rates and standardized test performance and academic growth;
 - (8) A description of the charter school's educational program and curriculum;

1 (9) The term of the charter, which shall be five years and 2 [shall] may be [renewable] renewed;

- (10) Procedures, consistent with the Missouri financial accounting manual, for monitoring the financial accountability of the charter, which shall meet the requirements of subdivision (4) of subsection 4 of this section;
- (11) Preopening requirements for applications that require that charter schools meet all health, safety, and other legal requirements prior to opening;
 - (12) A description of the charter school's policies on student discipline and student admission, which shall include a statement, where applicable, of the validity of attendance of students who do not reside in the district but who may be eligible to attend under the terms of judicial settlements and procedures that ensure admission of students with disabilities in a nondiscriminatory manner;
- 17 (13) A description of the charter school's grievance 18 procedure for parents or guardians;
- implementation between the charter school and the sponsor as to
 when a sponsor shall intervene in a charter school, when a
 sponsor shall revoke a charter for failure to comply with
 subsection 8 of this section, and when a sponsor will not renew a
 charter under subsection 9 of this section;
 - (15) Procedures to be implemented if the charter school should close, as provided in subdivision (6) of subsection 16 of section 160.400 including:
 - (a) Orderly transition of student records to new schools

- 1 and archival of student records;
- 2 (b) Archival of business operation and transfer or
- 3 repository of personnel records;
- 4 (c) Submission of final financial reports;
- 5 (d) Resolution of any remaining financial obligations;
- 6 [and]
- 7 (e) Disposition of the charter school's assets upon
- 8 closure; and
- 9 (f) A notification plan to inform parents or guardians of
- 10 students, the local school district, the retirement system in
- 11 which the charter school's employees participate, and the state
- 12 board of education within thirty days of the decision to close;
- 13 (16) A description of the special education and related
- services that shall be available to meet the needs of students
- 15 with disabilities; and
- 16 (17) For all new or revised charters, procedures to be used
- 17 upon closure of the charter school requiring that unobligated
- assets of the charter school be returned to the department of
- 19 elementary and secondary education for their disposition, which
- 20 upon receipt of such assets shall return them to the local school
- 21 district in which the school was located, the state, or any other
- 22 entity to which they would belong.
- 24 Charter schools operating on August 27, 2012, shall have until
- 25 August 28, 2015, to meet the requirements of this subsection.
- 26 2. Proposed charters shall be subject to the following
- 27 requirements:

28 (1) A charter shall be submitted to the sponsor, and follow

- the sponsor's policies and procedures for review and granting of 2 a charter approval, and be approved by the state board of education by [December first of the year] January thirty-first 3
- prior to the school year of the proposed opening date of the 4
- charter school; 5

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- A charter may be approved when the sponsor determines (2) that the requirements of this section are met, determines that the applicant is sufficiently qualified to operate a charter school, and that the proposed charter is consistent with the sponsor's charter sponsorship goals and capacity. The sponsor's decision of approval or denial shall be made within ninety days of the filing of the proposed charter;
 - If the charter is denied, the proposed sponsor shall notify the applicant in writing as to the reasons for its denial and forward a copy to the state board of education within five business days following the denial;
 - If a proposed charter is denied by a sponsor, the proposed charter may be submitted to the state board of education, along with the sponsor's written reasons for its denial. If the state board determines that the applicant meets the requirements of this section, that the applicant is sufficiently qualified to operate the charter school, and that granting a charter to the applicant would be likely to provide educational benefit to the children of the district, the state board may grant a charter and act as sponsor of the charter school. The state board shall review the proposed charter and make a determination of whether to deny or grant the proposed charter within sixty days of receipt of the proposed charter,

provided that any charter to be considered by the state board of education under this subdivision shall be submitted no later than March first prior to the school year in which the charter school intends to begin operations. The state board of education shall notify the applicant in writing as the reasons for its denial, if applicable; and

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The sponsor of a charter school shall give priority to charter school applicants that propose a school oriented to high-risk students and to the reentry of dropouts into the school system. If a sponsor grants three or more charters, at least one-third of the charters granted by the sponsor shall be to schools that actively recruit dropouts or high-risk students as their student body and address the needs of dropouts or high-risk students through their proposed mission, curriculum, teaching methods, and services. For purposes of this subsection, a "high-risk" student is one who is at least one year behind in satisfactory completion of course work or obtaining high school credits for graduation, has dropped out of school, is at risk of dropping out of school, needs drug and alcohol treatment, has severe behavioral problems, has been suspended from school three or more times, has a history of severe truancy, is a pregnant or parenting teen, has been referred for enrollment by the judicial system, is exiting incarceration, is a refugee, is homeless or has been homeless sometime within the preceding six months, has been referred by an area school district for enrollment in an alternative program, or qualifies as high risk under department of elementary and secondary education quidelines. "Dropout" shall be defined through the guidelines of the school core data

report. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to charters sponsored by the state board of education.

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- 3 If a charter is approved by a sponsor, the charter application shall be submitted to the state board of education, 4 5 along with a statement of finding by the sponsor that the application meets the requirements of sections 160.400 to 160.425 6 and section 167.349 and a monitoring plan under which the charter 7 sponsor shall evaluate the academic performance, including annual 8 9 performance reports, of students enrolled in the charter school. 10 The state board of education [may, within sixty days, disapprove 11 the granting of the charter] shall approve or deny a charter 12 application within sixty days of receipt of the application. The 13 state board of education may [disapprove] deny a charter on 14 grounds that the application fails to meet the requirements of sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section 167.349 or that a charter 15 16 sponsor previously failed to meet the statutory responsibilities of a charter sponsor. Any denial of a charter application made 17 by the state board of education shall be in writing and shall 18 19 identify the specific failures of the application to meet the 20 requirements of sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section 167.349, 21 and the written denial shall be provided within ten business days 22 to the sponsor.
 - 4. A charter school shall, as provided in its charter:
 - (1) Be nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices, and all other operations;
- 26 (2) Comply with laws and regulations of the state, county, 27 or city relating to health, safety, and state minimum educational 28 standards, as specified by the state board of education,

- 1 including the requirements relating to student discipline under
- 2 sections 160.261, 167.161, 167.164, and 167.171, notification of
- 3 criminal conduct to law enforcement authorities under sections
- 4 167.115 to 167.117, academic assessment under section 160.518,
- 5 transmittal of school records under section 167.020, the minimum
- 6 [number of school days and hours] amount of school time required
- 7 under section 160.041, and the employee criminal history
- 8 background check and the family care safety registry check under
- 9 section 168.133;
- 10 (3) Except as provided in sections 160.400 to 160.425 <u>and</u>
- 11 as specifically provided in other sections, be exempt from all
- laws and rules relating to schools, governing boards and school
- 13 districts;
- 14 (4) Be financially accountable, use practices consistent
- 15 with the Missouri financial accounting manual, provide for an
- annual audit by a certified public accountant, publish audit
- 17 reports and annual financial reports as provided in chapter 165,
- 18 provided that the annual financial report may be published on the
- department of elementary and secondary education's internet
- 20 website in addition to other publishing requirements, and provide
- 21 liability insurance to indemnify the school, its board, staff and
- 22 teachers against tort claims. A charter school that receives
- local educational agency status under subsection 6 of this
- section shall meet the requirements imposed by the Elementary and
- 25 Secondary Education Act for audits of such agencies and comply
- 26 with all federal audit requirements for charters with local
- 27 [education] educational agency status. For purposes of an audit
- 28 by petition under section 29.230, a charter school shall be

conditions as the school district in which it is located. For the purposes of securing such insurance, a charter school shall be eligible for the Missouri public entity risk management fund

treated as a political subdivision on the same terms and

- 5 pursuant to section 537.700. A charter school that incurs debt
- 6 shall include a repayment plan in its financial plan;

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- 7 (5) Provide a comprehensive program of instruction for at
 8 least one grade or age group from [kindergarten] early childhood
 9 through grade twelve, [which may include early childhood
 10 education if funding for such programs is established by
 11 statute,] as specified in its charter;
 - (a) Design a method to measure pupil progress toward the pupil academic standards adopted by the state board of education pursuant to section 160.514, establish baseline student performance in accordance with the performance contract during the first year of operation, collect student performance data as defined by the annual performance report throughout the duration of the charter to annually monitor student academic performance, and to the extent applicable based upon grade levels offered by the charter school, participate in the statewide system of assessments, comprised of the essential skills tests and the nationally standardized norm-referenced achievement tests, as designated by the state board pursuant to section 160.518, complete and distribute an annual report card as prescribed in section 160.522, which shall also include a statement that background checks have been completed on the charter school's board members, report to its sponsor, the local school district, and the state board of education as to its teaching methods and

any educational innovations and the results thereof, and provide data required for the study of charter schools pursuant to subsection 4 of section 160.410. No charter school shall be considered in the Missouri school improvement program review of the district in which it is located for the resource or process standards of the program.

- - (c) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as permitting a charter school to be held to lower performance standards than other public schools within a district; however, the charter of a charter school may permit students to meet performance standards on a different time frame as specified in its charter. The performance standards for alternative and special purpose charter schools that target high-risk students as defined in subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section shall

- be based on measures defined in the school's performance contract
 with its sponsors;
- 3 (7) Comply with all applicable federal and state laws and 4 regulations regarding students with disabilities, including 5 sections 162.670 to 162.710, the Individuals with Disabilities 6 Education Act (20 U.S.C. Section 1400) and Section 504 of the 7 Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794) or successor 8 legislation;
- 9 (8) Provide along with any request for review by the state 10 board of education the following:

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- (a) Documentation that the applicant has provided a copy of the application to the school board of the district in which the charter school is to be located, except in those circumstances where the school district is the sponsor of the charter school; and
- (b) A statement outlining the reasons for approval or [disapproval] denial by the sponsor, specifically addressing the requirements of sections 160.400 to 160.425 and 167.349.
- 5. (1) Proposed or existing high-risk or alternative charter schools may include alternative arrangements for students to obtain credit for satisfying graduation requirements in the school's charter application and charter. Alternative arrangements may include, but not be limited to, credit for off-campus instruction, embedded credit, work experience through an internship arranged through the school, and independent studies. When the state board of education approves the charter, any such alternative arrangements shall be approved at such time.
 - (2) The department of elementary and secondary education

shall conduct a study of any charter school granted alternative
arrangements for students to obtain credit under this subsection
after three years of operation to assess student performance,
graduation rates, educational outcomes, and entry into the
workforce or higher education.

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- The charter of a charter school may be amended at the request of the governing body of the charter school and on the approval of the sponsor. The sponsor and the governing board and staff of the charter school shall jointly review the school's performance, management and operations during the first year of operation and then every other year after the most recent review or at any point where the operation or management of the charter school is changed or transferred to another entity, either public or private. The governing board of a charter school may amend the charter, if the sponsor approves such amendment, or the sponsor and the governing board may reach an agreement in writing to reflect the charter school's decision to become a local educational agency. In such case the sponsor shall give the department of elementary and secondary education written notice no later than March first of any year, with the agreement to become effective July first. The department may waive the March first notice date in its discretion. The department shall identify and furnish a list of its regulations that pertain to local educational agencies to such schools within thirty days of receiving such notice.
 - 7. Sponsors shall annually review the charter school's compliance with statutory standards including:
 - (1) Participation in the statewide system of assessments,

- 1 as designated by the state board of education under section
- 2 160.518;

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- 3 (2) Assurances for the completion and distribution of an 4 annual report card as prescribed in section 160.522;
- 5 (3) The collection of baseline data during the first three 6 years of operation to determine the longitudinal success of the 7 charter school;
- 8 (4) A method to measure pupil progress toward the pupil 9 academic standards adopted by the state board of education under 10 section 160.514; and
- 11 (5) Publication of each charter school's annual performance 12 report.
- 8. (1) (a) A sponsor's [intervention] policies shall give schools clear, adequate, evidence-based, and timely notice of contract violations or performance deficiencies and mandate intervention based upon findings of the state board of education of the following:
- a. The charter school provides a high school program which
 fails to maintain a graduation rate of at least seventy percent
 in three of the last four school years unless the school has
 dropout recovery as its mission;
 - b. The charter school's annual performance report results are below the district's annual performance report results based on the performance standards that are applicable to the grade level configuration of both the charter school and the district in which the charter school is located in three of the last four school years; and
 - c. The charter school is identified as a persistently

- lowest achieving school by the department of elementary and secondary education.
- 3 (b) A sponsor shall have a policy to revoke a charter 4 during the charter term if there is:
- 5 a. Clear evidence of underperformance as demonstrated in 6 the charter school's annual performance report in three of the 7 last four school years; or
- b. A violation of the law or the public trust that imperilsstudents or public funds.
- 10 A sponsor shall revoke a charter or take other appropriate remedial action, which may include placing the 11 12 charter school on probationary status for no more than [twelve] 13 twenty-four months, provided that no more than one designation of 14 probationary status shall be allowed for the duration of the 15 charter contract, at any time if the charter school commits a 16 serious breach of one or more provisions of its charter or on any 17 of the following grounds: failure to meet the performance contract as set forth in its charter, failure to meet generally 18 19 accepted standards of fiscal management, failure to provide 20 information necessary to confirm compliance with all provisions of the charter and sections 160.400 to 160.425 and 167.349 within 21 22 forty-five days following receipt of written notice requesting 23 such information, or violation of law.
 - (2) The sponsor may place the charter school on probationary status to allow the implementation of a remedial plan, which may require a change of methodology, a change in leadership, or both, after which, if such plan is unsuccessful, the charter may be revoked.

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1 (3) At least sixty days before acting to revoke a charter,
2 the sponsor shall notify the governing board of the charter
3 school of the proposed action in writing. The notice shall state
4 the grounds for the proposed action. The school's governing
5 board may request in writing a hearing before the sponsor within
6 two weeks of receiving the notice.

- (4) The sponsor of a charter school shall establish procedures to conduct administrative hearings upon determination by the sponsor that grounds exist to revoke a charter. Final decisions of a sponsor from hearings conducted pursuant to this subsection are subject to an appeal to the state board of education, which shall determine whether the charter shall be revoked.
- (5) A termination shall be effective only at the conclusion of the school year, unless the sponsor determines that continued operation of the school presents a clear and immediate threat to the health and safety of the children.
- (6) A charter sponsor shall make available the school accountability report card information as provided under section 160.522 and the results of the academic monitoring required under subsection 3 of this section.
- 9. (1) A sponsor shall take all reasonable steps necessary to confirm that each charter school sponsored by such sponsor is in material compliance and remains in material compliance with all material provisions of the charter and sections 160.400 to 160.425 and 167.349. Every charter school shall provide all information necessary to confirm ongoing compliance with all provisions of its charter and sections 160.400 to 160.425 and

- 1 167.349 in a timely manner to its sponsor.
- 2 (2) The sponsor's renewal process of the charter school
- 3 shall be based on the thorough analysis of a comprehensive body
- 4 of objective evidence and consider if:
- 5 (a) The charter school has maintained results on its annual
- 6 performance report that meet or exceed the district in which the
- 7 charter school is located based on the performance standards that
- 8 are applicable to the grade-level configuration of both the
- 9 charter school and the district in which the charter school is
- 10 located in three of the last four school years;
- 11 (b) The charter school is organizationally and fiscally
- viable determining at a minimum that the school does not have:
- 13 a. A negative balance in its operating funds;
- 14 b. A combined balance of less than three percent of the
- amount expended for such funds during the previous fiscal year;
- 16 or
- 17 c. Expenditures that exceed receipts for the most recently
- 18 completed fiscal year;
- 19 (c) The charter is in compliance with its legally binding
- 20 performance contract and sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section
- 21 167.349; and
- 22 (d) The charter school has an annual performance report
- 23 consistent with a classification of accredited for three of the
- last four years and is fiscally viable as described in paragraph
- 25 (b) of subdivision (2) of this subsection. If such is the case,
- the charter school may have an expedited renewal process as
- 27 defined by rule of the department of elementary and secondary
- 28 education.

- 1 (3) (a) Beginning August first during the year in which a
 2 charter is considered for renewal, a charter school sponsor shall
 3 demonstrate to the state board of education that the charter
 4 school is in compliance with federal and state law as provided in
 5 sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section 167.349 and the school's
 6 performance contract including but not limited to those
 7 requirements specific to academic performance.
 - (b) Along with data reflecting the academic performance standards indicated in paragraph (a) of this subdivision, the sponsor shall submit a revised charter application to the state board of education for review.

- (c) Using the data requested and the revised charter application under paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision, the state board of education shall determine if compliance with all standards enumerated in this subdivision has been achieved. The state board of education at its next regularly scheduled meeting shall vote on the revised charter application.
- (d) If a charter school sponsor demonstrates the objectives identified in this subdivision, the state board of education shall renew the school's charter.
- 21 10. A school district may enter into a lease with a charter 22 school for physical facilities.
 - 11. A governing board or a school district employee who has control over personnel actions shall not take unlawful reprisal against another employee at the school district because the employee is directly or indirectly involved in an application to establish a charter school. A governing board or a school district employee shall not take unlawful reprisal against an

- 1 educational program of the school or the school district because
- 2 an application to establish a charter school proposes the
- 3 conversion of all or a portion of the educational program to a
- 4 charter school. As used in this subsection, "unlawful reprisal"
- 5 means an action that is taken by a governing board or a school
- 6 district employee as a direct result of a lawful application to
- 7 establish a charter school and that is adverse to another
- 8 employee or an educational program.
- 9 12. Charter school board members shall be subject to the
- same liability for acts while in office as if they were regularly
- and duly elected members of school boards in any other public
- school district in this state. The governing board of a charter
- 13 school may participate, to the same extent as a school board, in
- 14 the Missouri public entity risk management fund in the manner
- provided under sections 537.700 to 537.756.
- 16 13. Any entity, either public or private, operating,
- administering, or otherwise managing a charter school shall be
- 18 considered a quasi-public governmental body and subject to the
- 19 provisions of sections 610.010 to 610.035.
- 20 14. The chief financial officer of a charter school shall
- 21 maintain:
- 22 (1) A surety bond in an amount determined by the sponsor to
- 23 be adequate based on the cash flow of the school; or
- 24 (2) An insurance policy issued by an insurance company
- licensed to do business in Missouri on all employees in the
- amount of five hundred thousand dollars or more that provides
- coverage in the event of employee theft.
- 28 15. The department of elementary and secondary education

- 1 shall calculate an annual performance report for each charter
- 2 school and shall publish it in the same manner as annual
- 3 performance reports are calculated and published for districts
- 4 and attendance centers.
- 5 16. The department of elementary and secondary education
- 6 shall create a committee to investigate facility access and
- 7 <u>affordability for charter schools. The committee shall be</u>
- 8 comprised of equal numbers of the charter school sector and the
- 9 <u>public school sector and shall report its findings to the general</u>
- assembly by December 31, 2015.
- 11 160.408. 1. For purposes of this section, "high-quality
- 12 <u>local educational agency" means a charter school operating in the</u>
- 13 <u>state of Missouri that meets the following requirements:</u>
- 14 (1) Receives eighty percent or more of the total points on
- the annual performance report for three out of the last four
- school years by comparing points earned to the points possible on
- the annual performance report for three of the last four school
- 18 years;
- 19 (2) Maintains a graduation rate of at least eighty percent
- for three of the last four school years, if the charter school
- 21 provides a high school program;
- 22 (3) Is in material compliance with its legally binding
- 23 performance contract and sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section
- 24 167.349; and
- 25 (4) Is organizationally and fiscally viable as described in
- 26 paragraph (b) of subdivision (2) of subsection 9 of section
- 27 160.405.
- 28 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, high-quality

- local educational agencies shall be provided expedited 1 2 opportunities to replicate and expand into unaccredited 3 districts; provisionally accredited districts; a metropolitan 4 school district; an urban school district containing most or all 5 of a city with a population greater than three hundred fifty 6 thousand inhabitants; a school district that has most or all of
- 7 its land area located in a county with a charter form of
- government and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand 8
- 9 inhabitants; and a school district that has most or all of its
- 10 land area located in a county with a charter form of government
- 11 and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven
- 12 hundred thousand inhabitants, except for any district in such
- county that is accredited without provisions by the state board 13
- 14 of education and that has a resident pupil enrollment of less
- than three thousand. Such replication and expansion shall be 15
- 16 subject to the following:

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- 17 (1) The school seeking to replicate or expand shall submit its proposed charter to a proposed sponsor. The charter shall 18 19 include a legally binding performance contract that meets the 20 requirements of sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section 167.349;
 - (2) The sponsor's decision to approve or deny shall be made within sixty days of the filing of the proposed charter with the proposed sponsor; and
 - (3) If a charter is approved by a sponsor, the charter application shall be filed with the state board of education with a statement of finding from the sponsor that the application meets the requirements of sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section
 - 167.349 and a monitoring plan under which the sponsor shall

- 1 evaluate the academic performance of students enrolled in the
- 2 charter school. Such filing shall be made by January thirty-
- 3 <u>first prior to the school year in which the charter school</u>
- 4 intends to begin operations.
- 5 <u>3. The term of the charter for schools operating under this</u>
- 6 section shall be five years, and the charter may be renewed for
- 7 terms of up to ten years. Renewal shall be subject to the
- 8 provisions of paragraphs (a) to (d) of subdivision (3) of
- 9 <u>subsection 9 of section 160.405.</u>
- 10 160.410. 1. A charter school shall enroll:
- 11 (1) All pupils resident in the district in which it
- 12 operates;
- 13 (2) Nonresident pupils eligible to attend a district's
- school under an urban voluntary transfer program;
- 15 (3) Nonresident pupils who are residents of Missouri and
- have at least one parent employed by the charter school at which
- the nonresident pupil is seeking enrollment unless the pupil's
- 18 enrollment will cause a resident student to be denied enrollment;
- 19 (4) Nonresident pupils from the same or an adjoining county
- 20 who were enrolled in and attended an unaccredited school for at
- 21 least one semester immediately prior to requesting the transfer
- 22 and who were unable to transfer to an accredited school within
- 23 their district of residence as provided in section 167.826,
- 24 provided the school is an approved charter school, as defined in
- section 167.848, and subject to all other provisions of section
- 26 167.826;
- 27 (5) In the case of a charter school whose mission includes
- student drop-out prevention or recovery, any nonresident pupil

- 1 from the same or an adjacent county who resides in a residential
- 2 care facility, a transitional living group home, or an
- 3 independent living program whose last school of enrollment is in
- 4 the school district where the charter school is established, who
- 5 submits a timely application; and
- [(4)] $\underline{(6)}$ In the case of a workplace charter school, any
- 7 student eligible to attend under subdivision (1) or (2) of this
- 8 subsection whose parent is employed in the business district, who
- 9 submits a timely application, unless the number of applications
- 10 exceeds the capacity of a program, class, grade level or
- 11 building. The configuration of a business district shall be set
- 12 forth in the charter and shall not be construed to create an
- undue advantage for a single employer or small number of
- employers.

- 15 2. If capacity is insufficient to enroll all pupils who
- submit a timely application, the charter school shall have an
- 17 admissions process that assures all applicants of an equal chance
- of gaining admission and does not discriminate based on parents'
 - ability to pay fees or tuition except that:
- 20 (1) A charter school may establish a geographical area
- 21 around the school whose residents will receive a preference for
- 22 enrolling in the school, provided that such preferences do not
- 23 result in the establishment of racially or socioeconomically
- isolated schools and provided such preferences conform to
- 25 policies and quidelines established by the state board of
- 26 education;
- 27 (2) A charter school may also give a preference for
- admission of children whose siblings attend the school, for

- admission of children resident in the district in which it

 operates and [or] whose parents are employed at the school, or,

 in the case of a workplace charter school, for admission of a
- 4 child whose parent is employed in the business district or at the 5 business site of such school; and
- 6 (3) Charter alternative and special purpose schools may
 7 also give a preference for admission to high-risk students, as
 8 defined in subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of section 160.405,
 9 when the school targets these students through its proposed

mission, curriculum, teaching methods, and services.

- 3. A charter school shall not limit admission based on race, ethnicity, national origin, disability, income level, proficiency in the English language or athletic ability, but may limit admission to pupils within a given age group or grade level. Charter schools may limit admission based on gender only when the school is a single-gender school. Students of a charter school [that are present for the January membership count as defined in section 163.011] who have been enrolled for a full academic year shall be counted in the performance of the charter school on the statewide assessments in that calendar year, unless otherwise exempted as English language learners. For purposes of this subsection, "full academic year" means the last Wednesday in September through the administration of the Missouri assessment program test without transferring out of the school and reenrolling.
- 4. The department of elementary and secondary education shall commission a study of the performance of students at each charter school in comparison with an equivalent group of district

- 1 students representing an equivalent demographic and geographic
- 2 population and a study of the impact of charter schools upon the
- 3 constituents they serve in the districts in which they are
- 4 located, to be conducted by the joint committee on education.
- 5 The charter school study shall include analysis of the
- 6 administrative and instructional practices of each charter school
- 7 and shall include findings on innovative programs that illustrate
- 8 best practices and lend themselves to replication or
- 9 incorporation in other schools. The joint committee on education
- 10 shall coordinate with individuals representing charter schools
- 11 and the districts in which charter schools are located in
- 12 conducting the study. The study of a charter school's student
- performance in relation to a comparable group shall be designed
- 14 to provide information that would allow parents and educators to
- make valid comparisons of academic performance between the
- 16 charter school's students and an equivalent group of district
- 17 students representing an equivalent demographic and geographic
- 18 population. The student performance assessment and comparison
- 19 shall include, but may not be limited to:
 - (1) Missouri assessment program test performance and
- 21 aggregate growth over several years;

- 22 (2) Student reenrollment rates;
 - (3) Educator, parent, and student satisfaction data;
- 24 (4) Graduation rates in secondary programs; and
- 25 (5) Performance of students enrolled in the same public
- 26 school for three or more consecutive years. The impact study
- 27 shall be undertaken every two years to determine the impact of
- 28 charter schools on the constituents they serve in the districts

- 1 where charter schools are operated. The impact study shall
- 2 include, but is not limited to, determining if changes have been
- 3 made in district policy or procedures attributable to the charter
- 4 school and to perceived changes in attitudes and expectations on
- 5 the part of district personnel, school board members, parents,
- 6 students, the business community and other education
- 7 stakeholders. The department of elementary and secondary
- 8 education shall make the results of the studies public and shall
- 9 deliver copies to the governing boards of the charter schools,
- 10 the sponsors of the charter schools, the school board and
- 11 superintendent of the districts in which the charter schools are
- 12 operated.
- 13 5. A charter school shall make available for public
- inspection, and provide upon request, to the parent, guardian, or
- other custodian of any school-age pupil resident in the district
- in which the school is located the following information:
- 17 (1) The school's charter;
- 18 (2) The school's most recent annual report card published
- 19 according to section 160.522;
- 20 (3) The results of background checks on the charter
- 21 school's board members; and
- 22 (4) If a charter school is operated by a management
- company, a copy of the written contract between the governing
- 24 board of the charter school and the educational management
- organization or the charter management organization for services.
- 26 The charter school may charge reasonable fees, not to exceed the
- 27 rate specified in section 610.026 for furnishing copies of
- 28 documents under this subsection.

- 6. When a student attending a charter school who is a resident of the school district in which the charter school is located moves out of the boundaries of such school district, the student may complete the current semester and shall be considered a resident student. The student's parent or legal guardian shall be responsible for the student's transportation to and from the charter school.
- If a change in school district boundary lines occurs under section 162.223, 162.431, 162.441, or 162.451, or by action of the state board of education under section 162.081, including attachment of a school district's territory to another district or dissolution, such that a student attending a charter school prior to such change no longer resides in a school district in which the charter school is located, then the student may complete the current academic year at the charter school. student shall be considered a resident student. The student's parent or legal quardian shall be responsible for the student's transportation to and from the charter school.
 - 8. The provisions of sections 167.018 and 167.019 concerning foster children's educational rights are applicable to charter schools.

distribution of state school aid under section 163.031, pupils enrolled in a charter school shall be included in the pupil enrollment of the school district within which each pupil resides. Each charter school shall report the names, addresses, and eligibility for free and reduced price lunch, special education, or limited English proficiency status, as well as

- eligibility for categorical aid, of pupils resident in a school district who are enrolled in the charter school to the school district in which those pupils reside. The charter school shall report the average daily attendance data, free and reduced price lunch count, special education pupil count, and limited English proficiency pupil count to the state department of elementary and secondary education. Each charter school shall promptly notify the state department of elementary and secondary education and the pupil's school district when a student discontinues enrollment at a charter school.
 - 2. Except as provided in subsections 3 and 4 of this section, the aid payments for charter schools shall be as described in this subsection.

- (1) A school district having one or more resident pupils attending a charter school shall pay to the charter school an annual amount equal to the product of the charter school's weighted average daily attendance and the state adequacy target, multiplied by the dollar value modifier for the district, plus local tax revenues per weighted average daily attendance from the incidental and teachers' funds in excess of the performance levy as defined in section 163.011 plus all other state aid attributable to such pupils.
 - (2) The district of residence of a pupil attending a charter school shall also pay to the charter school any other federal or state aid that the district receives on account of such child.
- (3) If the department overpays or underpays the amount due to the charter school, such overpayment or underpayment shall be

- repaid by the public charter school or credited to the public charter school in twelve equal payments in the next fiscal year.
- 3 (4) The amounts provided pursuant to this subsection shall 4 be prorated for partial year enrollment for a pupil.

- (5) A school district shall pay the amounts due pursuant to this subsection as the disbursal agent and no later than twenty days following the receipt of any such funds. The department of elementary and secondary education shall pay the amounts due when it acts as the disbursal agent within five days of the required due date.
- 3. A workplace charter school shall receive payment for each eligible pupil as provided under subsection 2 of this section, except that if the student is not a resident of the district and is participating in a voluntary interdistrict transfer program, the payment for such pupils shall be the same as provided under section 162.1060.
- 4. A charter school that has declared itself as a local educational agency shall receive from the department of elementary and secondary education an annual amount equal to the product of the charter school's weighted average daily attendance and the state adequacy target, multiplied by the dollar value modifier for the district, plus local tax revenues per weighted average daily attendance from the incidental and teachers funds in excess of the performance levy as defined in section 163.011 plus all other state aid attributable to such pupils. If a charter school declares itself as a local [education] educational agency, the department of elementary and secondary education shall, upon notice of the declaration, reduce the payment made to

- the school district by the amount specified in this subsection and pay directly to the charter school the annual amount reduced from the school district's payment.
- If a school district fails to make timely payments of 5 any amount for which it is the disbursal agent, the state department of elementary and secondary education shall authorize 6 7 payment to the charter school of the amount due pursuant to subsection 2 of this section and shall deduct the same amount 8 9 from the next state school aid apportionment to the owing school 10 district. If a charter school is paid more or less than the amounts due pursuant to this section, the amount of overpayment 11 or underpayment shall be adjusted equally in the next twelve 12 payments by the school district or the department of elementary 13 and secondary education, as appropriate. Any dispute between the 14 15 school district and a charter school as to the amount owing to 16 the charter school shall be resolved by the department of elementary and secondary education, and the department's decision 17 shall be the final administrative action for the purposes of 18 19 review pursuant to chapter 536. During the period of dispute, the department of elementary and secondary education shall make 20 21 every administrative and statutory effort to allow the continued 22 education of children in their current public charter school 23 setting.
 - 6. For purposes of calculation and distribution of state school aid to charter schools under this section, a charter school's weighted average daily attendance shall include any nonresident pupil who is a resident of Missouri, who attends the charter school, and whose parent is employed at the charter

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- The charter school and a local school board may agree by 7. contract for services to be provided by the school district to the charter school. The charter school may contract with any other entity for services. Such services may include but are not limited to food service, custodial service, maintenance, management assistance, curriculum assistance, media services and libraries and shall be subject to negotiation between the charter school and the local school board or other entity. Documented actual costs of such services shall be paid for by the charter school.
 - [7.] <u>8.</u> In the case of a proposed charter school that intends to contract with an education service provider for substantial educational services[,] <u>or</u> management services, the request for proposals shall additionally require the charter school applicant to:
 - (1) Provide evidence of the education service provider's success in serving student populations similar to the targeted population, including demonstrated academic achievement as well as successful management of nonacademic school functions, if applicable;
 - (2) Provide a term sheet setting forth the proposed duration of the service contract; roles and responsibilities of the governing board, the school staff, and the service provider; scope of services and resources to be provided by the service provider; performance evaluation measures and time lines; compensation structure, including clear identification of all fees to be paid to the service provider; methods of contract

- oversight and enforcement; investment disclosure; and conditions for renewal and termination of the contract;
- 3 (3) Disclose any known conflicts of interest between the 4 school governing board and proposed service provider or any 5 affiliated business entities;

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- (4) Disclose and explain any termination or nonrenewal of contracts for equivalent services for any other charter school in the United States within the past five years;
- 9 (5) Ensure that the legal counsel for the charter school
 10 shall report directly to the charter school's governing board;
 11 and
 - (6) Provide a process to ensure that the expenditures that the [educational] education service provider intends to bill to the charter school shall receive prior approval of the governing board or its designee.
 - [8.] 9. A charter school may enter into contracts with community partnerships and state agencies acting in collaboration with such partnerships that provide services to children and their families linked to the school.
 - [9.] 10. A charter school shall be eligible for transportation state aid pursuant to section 163.161 and shall be free to contract with the local district, or any other entity, for the provision of transportation to the students of the charter school.
 - [10.] 11. (1) The proportionate share of state and federal resources generated by students with disabilities or staff serving them shall be paid in full to charter schools enrolling those students by their school district where such

enrollment is through a contract for services described in this section. The proportionate share of money generated under other federal or state categorical aid programs shall be directed to charter schools serving such students eligible for that aid.

- (2) A charter school shall provide the special services provided pursuant to section 162.705 and may provide the special services pursuant to a contract with a school district or any provider of such services.
- [11.] 12. A charter school may not charge tuition[, nor may it] or impose fees that a school district is prohibited from charging or imposing except that a charter school may receive tuition payments from districts in the same or an adjoining county for nonresident students who transfer to a charter school from an unaccredited school under section 167.826.
 - [12.] 13. A charter school is authorized to incur debt in anticipation of receipt of funds. A charter school may also borrow to finance facilities and other capital items. A school district may incur bonded indebtedness or take other measures to provide for physical facilities and other capital items for charter schools that it sponsors or contracts with. Except as otherwise specifically provided in sections 160.400 to 160.425, upon the dissolution of a charter school, any liabilities of the corporation will be satisfied through the procedures of chapter 355. The department of elementary and secondary education may withhold funding at a level the department determines to be adequate during a school's last year of operation until the department determines that school records, liabilities, and reporting requirements, including a full audit, are satisfied.

1 [13.] 14. Charter schools shall not have the power to acquire property by eminent domain.

- [14.] 15. The governing body of a charter school is authorized to accept grants, gifts or donations of any kind and to expend or use such grants, gifts or donations. A grant, gift or donation may not be accepted by the governing body if it is subject to any condition contrary to law applicable to the charter school or other public schools, or contrary to the terms of the charter.
 - thereafter, the sponsor of each charter school shall review the information submitted on the report required by section 162.821 to identify charter schools experiencing financial stress. The department of elementary and secondary education shall be authorized to obtain such additional information from a charter school as may be necessary to determine the financial condition of the charter school. Annually, a listing of charter schools identified as experiencing financial stress according to the provisions of this section shall be provided to the governor, speaker of the house of representatives, and president pro tempore of the senate by the department of elementary and secondary education.
 - 2. For the purposes of this section, a charter school shall be identified as experiencing financial stress if it:
 - (1) At the end of its most recently completed fiscal year:
 - (a) Has a negative balance in its operating funds; or
 - (b) Has a combined balance of less than three percent of the amount expended from such funds during the previous fiscal

1 year; or

- 2 (2) For the most recently completed fiscal year
 3 expenditures, exceeded receipts for any of its funds because of
 4 recurring costs.
 - 3. The sponsor shall notify by November first the governing board of the charter school identified as experiencing financial stress. Upon receiving the notification, the governing board shall develop, or cause to have developed, and shall approve a budget and education plan on forms provided by the sponsor. The budget and education plan shall be submitted to the sponsor, signed by the officers of the charter school, within forty-five calendar days of notification that the charter school has been identified as experiencing financial stress. Minimally, the budget and education plan shall:
 - (1) Give assurances that adequate educational services to students of the charter school shall continue uninterrupted for the remainder of the current school year and that the charter school can provide the minimum [number of school days and hours] amount of school time required by section 160.041;
 - (2) Outline a procedure to be followed by the charter school to report to charter school patrons about the financial condition of the charter school; and
 - (3) Detail the expenditure reduction measures, revenue increases, or other actions to be taken by the charter school to address its condition of financial stress.
 - 4. Upon receipt and following review of any budget and education plan, the sponsor may make suggestions to improve the plan. Nothing in sections 160.400 to 160.425 or section 167.349

education plan to the sponsor according to the provisions of this section following each such notification that a charter school

shall exempt a charter school from submitting a budget and

- 4 has been identified as experiencing financial stress, except that
- 5 the sponsor may permit a charter school's governing board to make
- 6 amendments to or update a budget and education plan previously
- 7 submitted to the sponsor.

section.

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- 5. The department may withhold any payment of financial aid otherwise due to the charter school until such time as the sponsor and the charter school have fully complied with this
- 12 160.425. 1. The "Missouri Charter Public School
- Commission" is hereby created with the authority to sponsor [high
- 14 quality high-quality charter schools throughout the state of
- 15 Missouri as specified in section 160.400.
- 16 2. The commission shall consist of nine members appointed
- by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the
- 18 senate. No more than five of the members shall be of the same
- 19 political party. No more than two members shall be from the same
- 20 congressional district. The term of office of each member shall
- 21 be four years, except those of the members first appointed, of
- 22 which three shall be appointed for a term of one year, two for a
- 23 term of two years, two for a term of three years, and two for a
- term of four years. At the expiration of the term of each
- 25 member, the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the
- 26 senate, shall appoint a successor.
- 27 3. The appointees to the commission shall be selected as
- 28 follows:

- 1 (1) One member selected by the governor from a slate of 2 three recommended by the commissioner of education;
- 3 (2) One member selected by the governor from a slate of 4 three recommended by the commissioner of higher education;

- (3) One member selected by the governor from a slate of three recommended by the president pro tempore of the senate;
- (4) One member selected by the governor from a slate of three recommended by the speaker of the house of representatives;
 - (5) Five additional members appointed by the governor, one of whom shall be selected from a slate of three nominees recommended by the Missouri School Boards Association.
 - 4. Members appointed to the commission shall collectively possess strong experience and expertise in governance, management and finance, school leadership, assessment, curriculum and instruction, and education law. All members of the commission shall have demonstrated understanding of and commitment to charter schooling as a strategy for strengthening public education.
 - 5. The commission shall annually elect a chairperson and vice chairperson, who shall act as chairperson in his or her absence. The commission shall meet at the call of the chairperson. The chairperson may call meetings at such times as he or she deems advisable and shall call a meeting when requested to do so by three or more members of the commission. Members of the commission are not eligible to receive compensation.
 - 6. The commission may approve proposed charters for its sponsorship under sections 160.400 to 160.425 and shall:

- 1 (1) Comply with all of the requirements applicable to 2 sponsors under sections 160.400 to 160.425;
- 3 (2) Exercise sponsorship over charters approved by the 4 commission under sections 160.400 to 160.425, including receipt 5 of sponsorship funding under subsection 11 of section 160.400.
- 7. Charter schools sponsored by the commission shall comply with all of the requirements applicable to charter schools under sections 160.400 to 160.425.
- 9 8. The commission shall conduct its business in accordance with chapter 610.
- 9. The department of elementary and secondary education shall provide start-up funding for the commission to operate.

 The commission shall reimburse the department's costs from any funds it receives as sponsor under section 160.400.

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- 10. The commission is authorized to receive and expend gifts, grants, and donations of any kind from any public or private entity to carry out the purposes of sections 160.400 to 160.425, subject to the terms and conditions under which they are given, provided that all such terms and conditions are permissible under law.
- 21 11. The commission may employ staff including, but not 22 limited to, an executive director as needed to carry out its 23 duties. The commission may establish personnel, payroll, benefit, and other such systems as needed and may provide death 24 25 and disability benefits. Commission employees shall be 26 considered state employees for the purposes of membership in the 27 Missouri state employees' retirement system and the Missouri 28 consolidated health care plan. Compensation paid by the

commission shall constitute pay from a state department for
purposes of accruing benefits under the Missouri state employees'
retirement system.

12. There is hereby created in the state treasury the "Missouri Charter Public School Commission Revolving Fund", which shall consist of money collected under this section. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve disbursements. The fund shall be a dedicated fund, and moneys in the fund shall be used solely by the Missouri charter public school commission for purposes of sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section 167.349. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the general revenue fund. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

161.084. When classifying the public schools of the state under section 161.092, if there is no state board of education member who is a resident of the congressional district in which such school district under consideration is located, the state board of education shall assign such school district a classification designation of unaccredited or change a district's classification designation from accredited to provisionally accredited only after notifying the governor of its intent to change the classification of the district. The governor shall make the appointment under section 161.052 within thirty days of

1 notification.

2 161.087. 1. When assigning classification designations to

3 school districts pursuant to its authority to classify the public

- schools of the state under section 161.092, the state board of
- 5 <u>education shall use only the following classification</u>
- 6 designations:

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- 7 (1) Unaccredited;
- 8 <u>(2) Provisionally accredited;</u>
- 9 <u>(3) Accredited; and</u>
- 10 (4) Accredited with distinction.
- 11 2. The state board of education shall develop and implement 12 a process to provide assistance teams to borderline districts, as defined in section 167.848, as determined by the department of 13 14 elementary and secondary education and to underperforming 15 districts, as defined in section 167.848, upon assignment of a classification designation of unaccredited or provisionally 16 17 accredited or determination made by the state board of education. 18 The composition and size of the team may vary, based on academic, 19 demographic, and financial circumstances of the district, but in 20 no case will the team have fewer than ten members, two of whom 21 shall be active classroom teachers in the district, two of whom 22 shall be principals, and one of whom shall be a parent of a 23 student in the district. The department staff member assigned to 24 the region in which the district is located may be included in

25 <u>the assistance team's activities but shall not be formally</u>

26 <u>assigned to the team. The team shall provide recommendations for</u>

improvement based on the needs of the community and the district

and analysis of, at a minimum, the assessment data, classroom

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practices, and communication processes within attendance centers,
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     within the district, and with the larger community. Separate
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     teams may be used to provide analysis and recommendations at the
     discretion of the state board. Beginning with school year
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     2015-16, the team shall provide its recommendations no later than
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     June 30, 2016, for underperforming districts and borderline
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     districts. The state board shall prioritize the assignment of
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     teams so that the districts with the lower annual performance
     report scores are addressed first. The assistance team's
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     suggestions for improvement shall be mandatory for
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     underperforming districts but shall not be mandatory for
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     borderline districts. If an underperforming district disagrees
     with any suggestion of the assistance team, the district shall
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     propose a different method of accomplishing the goal of the
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     assistance team's suggestion and the state board of education
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     shall be the final arbiter of the matter.
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          161.238. 1. Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 536
     and subdivisions (9) and (14) of section 161.092 to the contrary,
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     the state board of education shall adopt a policy to classify
     individual attendance centers. Attendance centers that do not
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     offer classes above the second grade level are exempt from
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     classification under this subsection. The policy shall require
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     that an attendance center's classification be based solely on a
24
     three-year average of the attendance center's annual performance
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     report scores using the three most recent years. The state board
     shall assign a classification consistent with such three-year
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27
     average score. The state board shall implement such policy and:
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(1) Within forty-five days of the effective date of this

section, for each district that is classified as unaccredited by

the state board of education at that time, classify each of the

unaccredited district's attendance centers separately from the

district as a whole using the classification designations

provided in section 161.087;

- (2) Within ninety days of the effective date of this section, for each district that is classified as provisionally accredited by the state board of education at that time, classify each of the provisionally accredited district's attendance centers separately from the district as a whole using the classification designations provided in section 161.087; and
- each metropolitan school district, each school district that has most or all of its land area located in a county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred thousand inhabitants, and each district that has most or all of its land area located in a county with a charter form of government and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, classify each of the district's attendance centers separately from the district as a whole using the classification designations provided in section 161.087.
- 2. The classifications assigned by the state board under subsection 1 of this section shall become effective immediately and shall remain in effect until the state board develops, adopts, and implements the system of classification described in subsection 3 of this section. At such time, the state board shall classify attendance centers based on the system of classification described in subsection 3 of this section.

3. By January 1, 2016, the state board of education shall, through administrative rule, develop a system of classification that accredits attendance centers within a district separately from the district as a whole using the classification designations provided in section 161.087. The state board of education's system shall not assign classification designations to attendance centers that do not offer classes above the second grade level. When the state board adopts its system, it shall assign a classification designation to each attendance center, except for those attendance centers that do not offer classes above the second grade level. The state board of education may assign classification numbers outside the range of numbers assigned to high schools, middle schools, junior high schools, or elementary schools as classification designations for attendance centers that are exempt from the accreditation classification system. Public separate special education schools within a special school district and within a school district are exempted from the accreditation requirements of this section and section 161.087. While not applicable for the purpose of accreditation, a special school district shall continue to report all scores on its annual performance report to the department of elementary and secondary education for all its schools. Juvenile detention centers within a special school district are also exempted from the accreditation standards of this section and section 161.087. 4. Upon adoption of the classification system described in

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4. Upon adoption of the classification system described in subsection 3 of this section, the state board may change any classification it has assigned to an attendance center under subsection 1 of this section.

- 5. An attendance center that does not offer classes above
 the second grade level shall be exempt from any requirements
 related to statewide assessments.
- 6. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (9) of

 section 161.092, the rules and regulations promulgated under this

 section shall be effective thirty days after publication in the

 code of state regulations as provided in section 536.021 and

 shall not be subject to the two-year delay contained in

 subdivision (9) of section 161.092.

- 7. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after the effective date of this section shall be invalid and void.
- 161.1000. 1. There is hereby established within the department of elementary and secondary education a task force, to be known as the "School Transfer and Improvement Task Force", which shall be composed of eleven members.
- 25 <u>2. The task force is hereby created to study the following:</u>
- 26 (1) Means to address failing schools including, but not 27 limited to, the creation of a school improvement district;
 - (2) Options for school transfer finance formulas;

1	(3) Best practices for how to design and finance public
2	virtual and blended schools;
3	(4) Best practices and possible pilot projects to assist
4	transient students;
5	(5) Options for comprehensive school quality indicators
6	<pre>leading to student success;</pre>
7	(6) Options for school quality review models based on
8	successful review models currently in use;
9	(7) Options for locally created assessment and
10	accountability systems; and
11	(8) Best practices in parent and community engagement.
12	3. The task force shall consist of the following members:
13	(1) Three members of the senate, appointed by the president
14	pro tempore of the senate, of whom not more than two shall be of
15	the same party;
16	(2) One member from an education policy research
17	organization in Missouri, appointed by the president pro tempore
18	of the senate;
19	(3) Three members of the house of representatives,
20	appointed by the speaker, of whom not more than two shall be of
21	the same party;
22	(4) One member from a statewide business association,
23	appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives;
24	(5) The commissioner of education or his or her designee;
25	(6) One member from an education organization consisting
26	exclusively of elected officials, appointed by the commissioner
27	of education; and
28	(7) The lieutenant governor or his or her designee.

- 1 4. The first meeting of the task force shall be called by
- 2 the president pro tempore of the senate. The task force shall
- 3 <u>elect a presiding officer by a majority vote of the membership of</u>
- 4 the task force. Subsequent meetings of the task force shall be
- 5 <u>at the call of the presiding officer.</u>
- 5. The task force shall make recommendations regarding the
- 7 provisions of subsection 2 of this section. In making those
- 8 <u>recommendations</u>, the task force shall receive reports and
- 9 testimony from individuals, state and local agencies, experts,
- and other public and private organizations.
- 11 <u>6. The task force's recommendations may include proposals</u>
- 12 <u>for specific statutory changes.</u>
- 7. The members shall receive no compensation for their
- 14 services on the task force but shall be reimbursed for ordinary
- and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their
- 16 duties.
- 8. By February 1, 2016, the task force shall report its
- 18 findings and recommendations to the general assembly.
- 19 <u>9. The provisions of this section shall expire on April 30,</u>
- 20 2016.
- 21 161.1005. 1. By July 1, 2016, the department shall employ
- 22 a dyslexia therapist, licensed psychometrist, licensed speech-
- 23 language pathologist, certified academic language therapist, or
- 24 certified training specialist to serve as the department's
- 25 dyslexia specialist. Such dyslexia specialist shall have a
- 26 minimum of three years of field experience in screening,
- 27 identifying, and treating dyslexia and related disorders.
- 28 2. The department shall ensure that the dyslexia specialist

- 1 has completed training and received certification from a program
- 2 approved by the legislative task force on dyslexia and is able to
- 3 provide necessary information and support to school district
- 4 teachers.
- 5 3. The dyslexia specialist shall:
- 6 (1) Be highly trained in dyslexia and related disorders,
- 7 <u>including best practice interventions and treatment models;</u>
- 8 (2) Be responsible for the implementation of professional
- 9 <u>development; and</u>
- 10 (3) Serve as the primary source of information and support
- for districts addressing the needs of students with dyslexia and
- 12 related disorders.
- 13 <u>4. In addition to the duties assigned under subsection 3 of</u>
- this section, the dyslexia specialist shall also assist the
- department with developing and administering professional
- development programs to be made available to school districts no
- 17 <u>later than the 2016-17 school year. The programs shall focus on</u>
- 18 educating teachers regarding the indicators of dyslexia, the
- 19 <u>science surrounding teaching a student who is dyslexic, and</u>
- 20 classroom accommodations necessary for a student with dyslexia.
- 21 162.081. 1. Whenever any school district in this state
- fails or refuses in any school year to provide for the minimum
- 23 school term required by section 163.021 or is classified
- 24 unaccredited, the state board of education shall, upon a
- 25 district's initial classification or reclassification as
- 26 unaccredited:
- 27 (1) Review the governance of the district to establish the
- 28 conditions under which the existing school board shall continue

1 to govern; or

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- 2 (2) Determine the date the district shall lapse and
 3 determine an alternative governing structure for the district.
- If at the time any school district in this state shall 5 be classified as unaccredited, the department of elementary and secondary education shall conduct at least two public hearings at 7 a location in the unaccredited school district regarding the accreditation status of the school district. The hearings shall 8 9 provide an opportunity to convene community resources that may be 10 useful or necessary in supporting the school district as it attempts to return to accredited status, continues under revised 11 12 governance, or plans for continuity of educational services and resources upon its attachment to a neighboring district. 13 14 department may request the attendance of stakeholders and 15 district officials to review the district's plan to return to 16 accredited status, if any; offer technical assistance; and 17 facilitate and coordinate community resources. Such hearings 18 shall be conducted at least twice annually for every year in 19 which the district remains unaccredited or provisionally 20 accredited.
- 3. Upon classification of a district as unaccredited, the state board of education may:
 - (1) Allow continued governance by the existing school district board of education under terms and conditions established by the state board of education; or
- 26 (2) Lapse the corporate organization of <u>all or part of</u> the unaccredited district and:
 - (a) Appoint a special administrative board for the

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operation of all or part of the district. If a special
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 2
     administrative board is appointed for the operation of a part of
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     a school district, the state board of education shall determine
 4
      an equitable apportionment of state and federal aid for the part
 5
     of the district, and the school district shall provide local
 6
     revenue in proportion to the weighted average daily attendance of
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     the part. The number of members of the special administrative
     board shall not be less than five, the majority of whom shall be
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 9
     residents of the district. The members of the special
10
      administrative board shall reflect the population characteristics
     of the district and shall collectively possess strong experience
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      in school governance, management and finance, and leadership.
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     The state board of education may appoint members of the
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     district's elected school board to the special administrative
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     board, but members of the elected school board shall not comprise
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     more than forty-nine percent of the special administrative
     board's membership. Within fourteen days after the appointment
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     by the state board of education, the special administrative board
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      shall organize by the election of a president, vice president,
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      secretary and a treasurer, with their duties and organization as
21
     enumerated in section 162.301. The special administrative board
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      shall appoint a superintendent of schools to serve as the chief
23
      executive officer of the school district, or a subset of schools,
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     and to have all powers and duties of any other general
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     superintendent of schools in a seven-director school district.
     Nothing in this section shall be construed to permit either the
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     state board of education or a special administrative board to
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      raise, in any way not specifically allowed by law, the tax levy
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- of the district or any part of the district without a vote of the
- 2 <u>people.</u> Any special administrative board appointed under this
- 3 section shall be responsible for the operation of the district or
- 4 part of the district until such time that the district is
- 5 classified by the state board of education as provisionally
- 6 accredited for at least two successive academic years, after
- 7 which time the state board of education may provide for a
- 8 transition pursuant to section 162.083; or

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- 9 (b) Determine an alternative governing structure for the district including, at a minimum:
- 11 a. A rationale for the decision to use an alternative form
 12 of governance and in the absence of the district's achievement of
 13 full accreditation, the state board of education shall review and
 14 recertify the alternative form of governance every three years;
 - b. A method for the residents of the district to provide public comment after a stated period of time or upon achievement of specified academic objectives;
 - c. Expectations for progress on academic achievement, which shall include an anticipated time line for the district to reach full accreditation; and
 - d. Annual reports to the general assembly and the governor on the progress towards accreditation of any district that has been declared unaccredited and is placed under an alternative form of governance, including a review of the effectiveness of the alternative governance; or
 - (c) Attach the territory of the lapsed district to another district or districts for school purposes; or
 - (d) Establish one or more school districts within the

territory of the lapsed district, with a governance structure specified by the state board of education, with the option of permitting a district to remain intact for the purposes of assessing, collecting, and distributing property taxes, to be distributed equitably on a weighted average daily attendance basis, but to be divided for operational purposes, which shall take effect sixty days after the adjournment of the regular session of the general assembly next following the state board's decision unless a statute or concurrent resolution is enacted to nullify the state board's decision prior to such effective date.

- 4. If a district remains under continued governance by the school board under subdivision (1) of subsection 3 of this section and either has been unaccredited for three consecutive school years and failed to attain accredited status after the third school year or has been unaccredited for two consecutive school years and the state board of education determines its academic progress is not consistent with attaining accredited status after the third school year, then the state board of education shall proceed under subdivision (2) of subsection 3 of this section in the following school year.
- 5. A special administrative board or any other form of governance appointed under this section shall retain the authority granted to a board of education for the operation of the lapsed school district under the laws of the state in effect at the time of the lapse and may enter into contracts with accredited school districts or other education service providers in order to deliver high-quality educational programs to the residents of the district. If a student graduates while

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attending a school building in the district that is operated
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     under a contract with an accredited school district as specified
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     under this subsection, the student shall receive his or her
     diploma from the accredited school district. The authority of
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     the special administrative board or any other form of governance
     appointed under this section shall expire at the end of the third
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      full school year following its appointment, unless extended by
     the state board of education. If the lapsed district is
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 9
     reassigned, the [special administrative board] governing board
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     prior to lapse shall provide an accounting of all funds, assets
     and liabilities of the lapsed district and transfer such funds,
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     assets, and liabilities of the lapsed district as determined by
13
     the state board of education. Neither the special administrative
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     board nor any other form of governance appointed under this
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     section nor its members or employees shall be deemed to be the
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     state or a state agency for any purpose, including section
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      105.711, et seq. The state of Missouri, its agencies and
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     employees shall be absolutely immune from liability for any and
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     all acts or omissions relating to or in any way involving the
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     lapsed district, [the] a special administrative board, any other
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     form of governance appointed under this section, [its] or the
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     members or employees of the lapsed district, a special
     administrative board, or any other form of governance appointed
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     under this section. Such immunities, and immunity doctrines as
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     exist or may hereafter exist benefitting boards of education,
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     their members and their employees, shall be available to the
      special administrative board, any other form of governance
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     appointed under this section, [its] and the members and employees
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of the special administrative board or any other form of governance appointed under this section.

- 6. Neither the special administrative board <u>nor any other</u> form of governance appointed under this section nor any district or other entity assigned territory, assets or funds from a lapsed district shall be considered a successor entity for the purpose of employment contracts, unemployment compensation payment pursuant to section 288.110, or any other purpose.
 - 7. If additional teachers are needed by a district as a result of increased enrollment due to the annexation of territory of a lapsed or dissolved district, such district shall grant an employment interview to any permanent teacher of the lapsed or dissolved district upon the request of such permanent teacher.
 - 8. In the event that a school district with an enrollment in excess of five thousand pupils lapses, no school district shall have all or any part of such lapsed school district attached without the approval of the board of the receiving school district.
- 9. If the state board of education reasonably believes that a school district is unlikely to provide for the minimum number of school hours required in a school term required by section 163.021 because of financial difficulty, the state board of education may, prior to the start of the school term:
 - (1) Allow continued governance by the existing district school board under terms and conditions established by the state board of education; or
- (2) Lapse the corporate organization of the district and implement one of the options available under subdivision (2) of

- 1 subsection 3 of this section.
- 2 10. The provisions of subsection 9 of this section shall
- 3 <u>not apply to any district solely on the basis of financial</u>
- 4 difficulty resulting from paying tuition and providing
- 5 transportation for transfer students under sections 167.825 to
- 6 167.827.
- 7 162.1250. 1. School districts shall receive state school
- 8 funding under sections 163.031, 163.043, and 163.087 for resident
- 9 students who are enrolled in the school district and who are
- taking a virtual course or full-time virtual program offered by
- 11 the school district. The school district may offer instruction
- in a virtual setting using technology, intranet, and internet
- methods of communications that could take place outside of the
- 14 regular school district facility. The school district may
- develop a virtual program for any grade level, kindergarten
- 16 through twelfth grade, with the courses available in accordance
- 17 with district policy to any resident student of the district who
- 18 is enrolled in the school district. Nothing in this section
- 19 shall preclude a private, parochial, or home school student
- 20 residing within a school district offering virtual courses or
- virtual programs from enrolling in the school district in
- 22 accordance with the combined enrollment provisions of section
- 23 167.031 for the purposes of participating in the virtual courses
- 24 or virtual programs.
- 25 2. Charter schools shall receive state school funding under
- section 160.415 for students enrolled in the charter school who
- 27 are completing a virtual course or full-time virtual program
- offered by the charter school. Charter schools may offer

instruction in a virtual setting using technology, intranet, and internet methods of communications. The charter school may develop a virtual program for any grade level, kindergarten through twelfth grade, with the courses available in accordance with school policy and the charter school's charter to any

student enrolled in the charter school.

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- 7 For purposes of calculation and distribution of state school funding, attendance of a student enrolled in a district or 8 9 charter school virtual class shall equal, upon course completion, 10 ninety-four percent of the hours of attendance possible for such 11 class delivered in the nonvirtual program in the student's resident district or charter school. <u>In the case of a student</u> 12 who is a candidate for A+ tuition reimbursement and taking a 13 14 virtual course under this section, the school shall not attribute 15 ninety-four percent attendance to such student for such course, 16 but shall attribute no less than ninety-five percent attendance to any such student who has completed such virtual course. 17 18 Course completion shall be calculated in two increments, fifty 19 percent completion and one hundred percent completion, based on 20 the student's completion of defined assignments and assessments, 21 with distribution of state funding to a school district or 22 charter school at each increment equal to forty-seven percent of 23 hours of attendance possible for such course delivered in the 24 nonvirtual program in a student's school district of residence or charter school. 25
 - 4. When courses are purchased from an outside vendor, the district or charter school shall ensure that they are aligned with the show-me curriculum standards and comply with state

- 1 requirements for teacher certification. The state board of
- 2 education reserves the right to request information and materials
- 3 sufficient to evaluate the online course. Online classes should
- 4 be considered like any other class offered by the school district
- 5 or charter school.
- 6 5. Any school district or charter school that offers
- 7 instruction in a virtual setting, develops a virtual course or
- 8 courses, or develops a virtual program of instruction shall
- 9 ensure that the following standards are satisfied:
- 10 (1) The virtual course or virtual program utilizes
- 11 appropriate content-specific tools and software;
- 12 (2) Orientation training is available for teachers,
- instructors, and students as needed;
- 14 (3) Privacy policies are stated and made available to
- 15 teachers, instructors, and students;
- 16 (4) Academic integrity and internet etiquette expectations
- 17 regarding lesson activities, discussions, electronic
- 18 communications, and plagiarism are stated to teachers,
- instructors, and students prior to the beginning of the virtual
- 20 course or virtual program;
- 21 (5) Computer system requirements, including hardware, web
- 22 browser, and software, are specified to participants;
- 23 (6) The virtual course or virtual program architecture,
- 24 software, and hardware permit the online teacher or instructor to
- 25 add content, activities, and assessments to extend learning
- 26 opportunities;
- 27 (7) The virtual course or virtual program makes resources
- available by alternative means, including but not limited to,

- video and podcasts;
- 2 (8) Resources and notes are available for teachers and
- 3 instructors in addition to assessment and assignment answers and
- 4 explanations;
- 5 (9) Technical support and course management are available
- 6 to the virtual course or virtual program teacher and school
- 7 coordinator;
- 8 (10) The virtual course or virtual program includes
- 9 assignments, projects, and assessments that are aligned with
- 10 students' different visual, auditory, and hands-on learning
- 11 styles;
- 12 (11) The virtual course or virtual program demonstrates the
- ability to effectively use and incorporate subject-specific and
- developmentally appropriate software in an online learning
- 15 module; and
- 16 (12) The virtual course or virtual program arranges media
- and content to help transfer knowledge most effectively in the
- 18 online environment.
- 19 6. Any special school district shall count any student's
- 20 completion of a virtual course or program in the same manner as
- 21 the district counts completion of any other course or program for
- 22 credit.
- 7. A school district or charter school may contract with
- 24 multiple providers of virtual courses or virtual programs,
- 25 provided they meet the criteria for virtual courses or virtual
- 26 programs under this section.
- 27 8. A parent or quardian may enroll his or her child in a
- virtual school of his or her choice if the child is enrolled in

1	and has attended, for at least one semester immediately prior to
2	enrolling in the virtual school, any of the following:
3	(1) An unaccredited school in any district in this state;
4	(2) An attendance center in an unaccredited district;
5	(3) An attendance center in a provisionally accredited
6	district;
7	(4) An attendance center in a district that has most or all
8	of its land area located in a county with a charter form of
9	government and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than
10	seven hundred thousand inhabitants;
11	(5) An attendance center in a district that has most or all
12	of its land area located in a county with a charter form of
13	government and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand
14	<u>inhabitants; or</u>
15	(6) An attendance center in a metropolitan district.
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17	If the child is eligible to begin kindergarten or first grade at
18	any school described in subdivisions (1) to (6) of this
19	subsection, the requirement that the child be enrolled in and
20	have attended, for at least one semester immediately prior to
21	enrolling in the virtual school, any of such schools does not
22	apply.
23	9. For purposes of subsection 8 of this section, a parent
24	may enroll a child only in a virtual school that meets the
25	requirements described in subdivisions (1) to (12) of subsection
26	5 of this section. Courses in such virtual school shall be
27	aligned with the show-me curriculum standards and comply with
28	state requirements for teacher certification. The state board of

education shall reserve the right to request information and materials sufficient to evaluate any online course. These online courses shall be considered like any other courses offered by a school district or charter school. The student's district of residence shall pay tuition for any such student who enrolls in a virtual school under subsection 8 of this section. The tuition amount shall not exceed the state adequacy target, as defined in section 163.011. For purposes of this subsection, beginning on July 1, 2016, the state adequacy target amount used shall be as calculated under subsection 8 of section 163.031 for the applicable fiscal year.

10. If an unaccredited school becomes classified as provisionally accredited or accredited without provisions by the state board of education or if an unaccredited or provisionally accredited district becomes classified as accredited without provisions by the state board of education, any student who has enrolled in a virtual school described in subsection 8 of this section shall be permitted to continue his or her educational program in the virtual school through the completion of high school.

11. Unaccredited schools, unaccredited districts, and provisionally accredited districts shall be responsible for notifying students and parents and guardians of the virtual school options described in this section. The decision to enroll in such virtual school coursework shall be solely at the discretion of the student and his or her parent or guardian.

School districts and schools shall not use the availability of a virtual school to prevent a student from transferring to another

- 1 school under section 167.826.
- 2 162.1303. 1. For purposes of this section, "transient
- 3 <u>student" means any student who withdraws from one attendance</u>
- 4 center and enrolls in any other attendance center two or more
- 5 <u>times within two school years.</u>
- 6 2. The department of elementary and secondary education
- 7 <u>shall annually calculate a transient student ratio for each</u>
- 8 <u>attendance center, each charter school, and each local</u>
- 9 educational agency. The department shall annually calculate a
- 10 transient student ratio for each school district based on the
- 11 transient student ratios of all the attendance centers in such
- 12 district. The department shall publish the transient student
- 13 <u>ratio of each district, each attendance center, each charter</u>
- school, and each local educational agency on its website.
- 15 3. The department shall include, or cause to be included,
- in each district's school accountability report card the
- 17 <u>transient student ratio of the district and of each attendance</u>
- 18 center operated by the district.
- 19 <u>4. The department shall include the transient student</u>
- 20 ratios of attendance centers, charter schools, and local
- 21 educational agencies in their respective school accountability
- 22 report cards.
- 23 5. The department shall publish the state's aggregate
- transient student ratio on its website.
- 25 6. A transient student ratio shall be calculated as the
- 26 product of:
- 27 (1) One hundred; and
- 28 (2) The quotient of:

1 (a) The sum of the number of transient students and the
2 number of students who withdrew from the district during the
3 school year; and

- (b) The sum of the number of students who enrolled in the district on or before the last Wednesday in September and the number of students who enrolled in the district after the last Wednesday of September.
 - 7. Each school district, charter school, and local educational agency shall annually report to the department, by a date established by the department, any information and data required to comply with and perform the calculation required by the provisions of this section.
 - 162.1305. 1. For purposes of this section, "transient student" means any student who withdraws from one attendance center and enrolls in any other attendance center two or more times within two school years.
 - 2. In the first year of attendance in a district or charter school, a transient student's score on a statewide assessment shall not be included when calculating the status or progress scores on the district's or charter school's annual performance report scores. A transient student's growth score shall be weighted at one hundred percent.
 - 3. In the second year of attendance, a transient student's score on a statewide assessment shall be weighted at thirty percent when calculating the district's or charter school's performance for purposes of the district's or charter school's annual performance report status or progress score, with the transient student's growth score weighted at one hundred percent.

4. In the third year of attendance, a transient student's

score on a statewide assessment shall be weighted at seventy

percent when calculating the district's or charter school's

performance for purposes of the district's or charter school's

annual performance report status or progress score, with the

transient student's growth score weighted at one hundred percent.

5. In the fourth year of attendance and any subsequent years of attendance, a transient student's score on a statewide assessment shall be weighted at one hundred percent when calculating the district's or charter school's performance for purposes of the district's or charter school's annual performance report status or progress score, with the transient student's growth score weighted at one hundred percent.

district or attendance center as unaccredited, the district shall notify the parent or quardian of any student enrolled in the unaccredited district or unaccredited attendance center of the loss of accreditation within seven business days. The district shall also notify district taxpayers of the loss of accreditation within seven business days. The district's notice shall include an explanation of which students may be eliqible to transfer, the transfer process under sections 167.825 to 167.827, and any services students may be entitled to receive. The district's notice shall be written in a clear, concise, and easy-to-understand manner. The district shall post the notice in a conspicuous and accessible place in each district attendance center. The district shall also send the notice to each municipality located within the boundaries of the district.

- 162.1313. The school board of any district that operates an underperforming school, as defined in section 167.848, shall adopt a policy regarding the availability of home visits by school personnel. Pursuant to such policy, the school may offer the parent or quardian of a student enrolled in any such school the opportunity to have one or more annual home visits. If the school decides to offer one or more annual home visits, the school shall offer an opportunity for each visit to occur at the attendance center or at a mutually agreeable site.
- 10 163.011. As used in this chapter unless the context requires otherwise:

- (1) "Adjusted operating levy", the sum of tax rates for the current year for teachers' and incidental funds for a school district as reported to the proper officer of each county pursuant to section 164.011;
- (2) "Average daily attendance", the quotient or the sum of the quotients obtained by dividing the total number of hours attended in a term by resident pupils between the ages of five and twenty-one by the actual number of hours school was in session in that term. To the average daily attendance of the following school term shall be added the full-time equivalent average daily attendance of summer school students. "Full-time equivalent average daily attendance of summer school students" shall be computed by dividing the total number of hours, except for physical education hours that do not count as credit toward graduation for students in grades nine, ten, eleven, and twelve, attended by all summer school pupils by the number of hours required in section 160.011 in the school term. For purposes of

- determining average daily attendance under this subdivision, the term "resident pupil" shall include all children between the ages of five and twenty-one who are residents of the school district and who are attending kindergarten through grade twelve in such district. If a child is attending school in a district other than the district of residence and the child's parent is teaching in the school district or is a regular employee of the school district which the child is attending, then such child shall be considered a resident pupil of the school district which the child is attending for such period of time when the district of residence is not otherwise liable for tuition. Average daily attendance for students below the age of five years for which a school district may receive state aid based on such attendance shall be computed as regular school term attendance unless otherwise provided by law;
 - (3) "Current operating expenditures":

(a) For the fiscal year 2007 calculation, "current operating expenditures" shall be calculated using data from fiscal year 2004 and shall be calculated as all expenditures for instruction and support services except capital outlay and debt service expenditures minus the revenue from federal categorical sources; food service; student activities; categorical payments for transportation costs pursuant to section 163.161; state reimbursements for early childhood special education; the career ladder entitlement for the district, as provided for in sections 168.500 to 168.515; the vocational education entitlement for the district, as provided for in section other districts;

- In every fiscal year subsequent to fiscal year 2007, 1 2 current operating expenditures shall be the amount in paragraph (a) of this subdivision plus any increases in state funding 3 pursuant to sections 163.031 and 163.043 subsequent to fiscal 4 5 year 2005, not to exceed five percent, per recalculation, of the state revenue received by a district in the 2004-05 school year 6 7 from the foundation formula, line 14, gifted, remedial reading, exceptional pupil aid, fair share, and free textbook payments for 8 9 any district from the first preceding calculation of the state 10 adequacy target. Beginning on July 1, 2010, current operating expenditures shall be the amount in paragraph (a) of this 11 12 subdivision plus any increases in state funding pursuant to sections 163.031 and 163.043 subsequent to fiscal year 2005 13 received by a district in the 2004-05 school year from the 14 foundation formula, line 14, gifted, remedial reading, 15 16 exceptional pupil aid, fair share, and free textbook payments for any district from the first preceding calculation of the state 17 adequacy target; provided that, when used to recalculate the 18 state adequacy target as provided in subdivision (18) of this 19 section, any increase in state funding attributable to an 20 21 individual district shall be limited to two hundred percent of 22 the aggregate percentage increase in state funding for all of the 23 performance districts used in the same recalculation;
 - (4) "District's tax rate ceiling", the highest tax rate ceiling in effect subsequent to the 1980 tax year or any subsequent year. Such tax rate ceiling shall not contain any tax levy for debt service;

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(5) "Dollar-value modifier", an index of the relative

- purchasing power of a dollar, calculated as one plus fifteen 1 percent of the difference of the regional wage ratio minus one, 2 3 provided that the dollar value modifier shall not be applied at a
 - "County wage per job", the total county wage and salary (a) disbursements divided by the total county wage and salary employment for each county and the City of St. Louis as reported by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the United States Department of Commerce for the fourth year preceding the payment year;
 - "Regional wage per job": (b)

rate less than 1.0:

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- The total Missouri wage and salary disbursements of the metropolitan area as defined by the Office of Management and Budget divided by the total Missouri metropolitan wage and salary employment for the metropolitan area for the county signified in the school district number or the City of St. Louis, as reported by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the United States Department of Commerce for the fourth year preceding the payment year and recalculated upon every decennial census to incorporate counties that are newly added to the description of metropolitan areas; or if no such metropolitan area is established, then:
- The total Missouri wage and salary disbursements of the micropolitan area as defined by the Office of Management and Budget divided by the total Missouri micropolitan wage and salary employment for the micropolitan area for the county signified in the school district number, as reported by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the United States Department of Commerce for the

- for such county has been established and recalculated upon every decennial census to incorporate counties that are newly added to the description of micropolitan areas; or
- c. If a county is not part of a metropolitan or
 micropolitan area as established by the Office of Management and
 Budget, then the county wage per job, as defined in paragraph (a)
 of this subdivision, shall be used for the school district, as
 signified by the school district number;
- 9 (c) "Regional wage ratio", the ratio of the regional wage 10 per job divided by the state median wage per job;
- 11 (d) "State median wage per job", the fifty-eighth highest 12 county wage per job;

- districts not eligible for and those that do not choose the USDA Community Eligibility Option, the number of pupils eligible for free and reduced price lunch on the last Wednesday in January for the preceding school year who were enrolled as students of the district, as approved by the department in accordance with applicable federal regulations. For eligible school districts that choose the USDA Community Eligibility Option, the free and reduced price lunch pupil count shall be the percentage of free and reduced price lunch students calculated as eligible on the last Wednesday in January of the most recent school year that included household applications to determine free and reduced price lunch count multiplied by the district's average daily attendance figure;
 - (7) "Free and reduced <u>price</u> lunch threshold" shall be calculated by dividing the total free and reduced <u>price</u> lunch

- pupil count of every performance district that falls entirely
 above the bottom five percent and entirely below the top five
 percent of average daily attendance, when such districts are
 rank-ordered based on their current operating expenditures per
 average daily attendance, by the total average daily attendance
 of all included performance districts;
- 7 "Limited English proficiency pupil count", the number in the preceding school year of pupils aged three through 8 9 twenty-one enrolled or preparing to enroll in an elementary 10 school or secondary school who were not born in the United States or whose native language is a language other than English or are 11 12 Native American or Alaskan native, or a native resident of the 13 outlying areas, and come from an environment where a language 14 other than English has had a significant impact on such 15 individuals' level of English language proficiency, or are 16 migratory, whose native language is a language other than 17 English, and who come from an environment where a language other 18 than English is dominant; and have difficulties in speaking, 19 reading, writing, or understanding the English language sufficient to deny such individuals the ability to meet the 20 21 state's proficient level of achievement on state assessments 22 described in Public Law 107-10, the ability to achieve 23 successfully in classrooms where the language of instruction is English, or the opportunity to participate fully in society; 24
 - (9) "Limited English proficiency threshold" shall be calculated by dividing the total limited English proficiency pupil count of every performance district that falls entirely above the bottom five percent and entirely below the top five

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- percent of average daily attendance, when such districts are rank-ordered based on their current operating expenditures per average daily attendance, by the total average daily attendance of all included performance districts;
 - (10) "Local effort":

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For the fiscal year 2007 calculation, "local effort" 7 shall be computed as the equalized assessed valuation of the property of a school district in calendar year 2004 divided by 8 9 one hundred and multiplied by the performance levy less the 10 percentage retained by the county assessor and collector plus one hundred percent of the amount received in fiscal year 2005 for 11 school purposes from intangible taxes, fines, escheats, payments 12 in lieu of taxes and receipts from state-assessed railroad and 13 14 utility tax, one hundred percent of the amount received for 15 school purposes pursuant to the merchants' and manufacturers' 16 taxes under sections 150.010 to 150.370, one hundred percent of the amounts received for school purposes from federal properties 17 18 under sections 12.070 and 12.080 except when such amounts are 19 used in the calculation of federal impact aid pursuant to P.L. 20 81-874, fifty percent of Proposition C revenues received for 21 school purposes from the school district trust fund under section 22 163.087, and one hundred percent of any local earnings or income 23 taxes received by the district for school purposes. Under this 24 paragraph, for a special district established under sections 25 162.815 to 162.940 in a county with a charter form of government and with more than one million inhabitants, a tax levy of zero 26 shall be utilized in lieu of the performance levy for the special 27 28 school district;

- In every year subsequent to fiscal year 2007, "local 1 2 effort" shall be the amount calculated under paragraph (a) of 3 this subdivision plus any increase in the amount received for school purposes from fines. If a district's assessed valuation 4 5 has decreased subsequent to the calculation outlined in paragraph (a) of this subdivision, the district's local effort shall be 6 calculated using the district's current assessed valuation in 7 lieu of the assessed valuation utilized in the calculation 8 9 outlined in paragraph (a) of this subdivision. When a change in 10 a school district's boundary lines occurs because of a boundary 11 line change, annexation, attachment, consolidation, 12 reorganization, or dissolution under section 162.071, 162.081, sections 162.171 to 162.201, section 162.221, 162.223, 162.431, 13 14 162.441, or 162.451, or in the event that a school district 15 assumes any territory from a district that ceases to exist for 16 any reason, the department of elementary and secondary education shall make a proper adjustment to each affected district's local 17 18 effort, so that each district's local effort figure conforms to 19 the new boundary lines of the district. The department shall 20 compute the local effort figure by applying the calendar year 21 2004 assessed valuation data to the new land areas resulting from 22 the boundary line change, annexation, attachment, consolidation, 23 reorganization, or dissolution and otherwise follow the 24 procedures described in this subdivision;
 - (11) "Membership" shall be the average of:

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(a) The number of resident full-time students and the full-time equivalent number of part-time students who were enrolled in the public schools of the district on the last

Wednesday in September of the previous year and who were in attendance one day or more during the preceding ten school days;

and

- (b) The number of resident full-time students and the full-time equivalent number of part-time students who were enrolled in the public schools of the district on the last Wednesday in January of the previous year and who were in attendance one day or more during the preceding ten school days, plus the full-time equivalent number of summer school pupils.

 "Full-time equivalent number of part-time students" is determined by dividing the total number of hours for which all part-time students are enrolled by the number of hours in the school term.

 "Full-time equivalent number of summer school pupils" is determined by dividing the total number of hours for which all summer school pupils were enrolled by the number of hours required pursuant to section 160.011 in the school term. Only students eligible to be counted for average daily attendance
 - rates levied for teachers' and incidental funds plus the operating levy or sales tax equivalent pursuant to section 162.1100 of any transitional school district containing the school district, in the payment year, not including any equalized operating levy for school purposes levied by a special school district in which the district is located;

shall be counted for membership;

(13) "Performance district", any district that has met performance standards and indicators as established by the department of elementary and secondary education for purposes of

- 1 accreditation under section 161.092 and as reported on the final
- 2 annual performance report for that district each year; for
- 3 calculations to be utilized for payments in fiscal years
- 4 subsequent to fiscal year 2018, the number of performance
- 5 districts shall not exceed twenty-five percent of all public
- 6 school districts;
- 7 (14) "Performance levy", three dollars and forty-three
- 8 cents;
- 9 (15) "School purposes" pertains to teachers' and incidental
- 10 funds;
- 11 (16) "Special education pupil count", the number of public
- school students with a current individualized education program
- or services plan and receiving services from the resident
- 14 district as of December first of the preceding school year,
- 15 except for special education services provided through a school
- 16 district established under sections 162.815 to 162.940 in a
- 17 county with a charter form of government and with more than one
- 18 million inhabitants, in which case the sum of the students in
- each district within the county exceeding the special education
- 20 threshold of each respective district within the county shall be
- 21 counted within the special district and not in the district of
- 22 residence for purposes of distributing the state aid derived from
- 23 the special education pupil count;
- 24 (17) "Special education threshold" shall be calculated by
- 25 dividing the total special education pupil count of every
- 26 performance district that falls entirely above the bottom five
- 27 percent and entirely below the top five percent of average daily
- 28 attendance, when such districts are rank-ordered based on their

- current operating expenditures per average daily attendance, by the total average daily attendance of all included performance districts;
- "State adequacy target", the sum of the current (18)5 operating expenditures of every performance district that falls entirely above the bottom five percent and entirely below the top 6 five percent of average daily attendance, when such districts are 7 rank-ordered based on their current operating expenditures per 8 9 average daily attendance, divided by the total average daily 10 attendance of all included performance districts. The department of elementary and secondary education shall first calculate the 11 12 state adequacy target for fiscal year 2007 and recalculate the 13 state adequacy target every two years using the most current available data. The recalculation shall never result in a 14 15 decrease from the previous state adequacy target amount. Should 16 a recalculation result in an increase in the state adequacy target amount, fifty percent of that increase shall be included 17 18 in the state adequacy target amount in the year of recalculation, 19 and fifty percent of that increase shall be included in the state 20 adequacy target amount in the subsequent year. The state 21 adequacy target may be adjusted to accommodate available 22 appropriations as provided in subsection 8 of section 163.031;
 - (19) "Teacher", any teacher, teacher-secretary, substitute teacher, supervisor, principal, supervising principal, superintendent or assistant superintendent, school nurse, social worker, counselor or librarian who shall, regularly, teach or be employed for no higher than grade twelve more than one-half time in the public schools and who is certified under the laws

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governing the certification of teachers in Missouri;

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"Weighted average daily attendance", the average daily attendance plus the product of twenty-five hundredths multiplied by the free and reduced price lunch pupil count that exceeds the free and reduced price lunch threshold, plus the product of seventy-five hundredths multiplied by the number of special education pupil count that exceeds the special education threshold, plus the product of six-tenths multiplied by the number of limited English proficiency pupil count that exceeds the limited English proficiency threshold. For special districts established under sections 162.815 to 162.940 in a county with a charter form of government and with more than one million inhabitants, weighted average daily attendance shall be the average daily attendance plus the product of twenty-five hundredths multiplied by the free and reduced price lunch pupil count that exceeds the free and reduced price lunch threshold, plus the product of seventy-five hundredths multiplied by the sum of the special education pupil count that exceeds the threshold for each county district, plus the product of six-tenths multiplied by the limited English proficiency pupil count that exceeds the limited English proficiency threshold. None of the districts comprising a special district established under sections 162.815 to 162.940 in a county with a charter form of government and with more than one million inhabitants, shall use any special education pupil count in calculating their weighted average daily attendance.

163.018. 1. Notwithstanding the definition of average daily attendance in subdivision (2) of section 163.011 to the

- contrary, pupils between the ages of three and five who are eligible for free and reduced price lunch and attend an early childhood education program that is operated by and in a district or by a charter school that has declared itself as a local educational agency providing full-day kindergarten and that meets standards established by the state board of education shall be included in the district's or charter school's calculation of average daily attendance. The total number of such pupils included in the district's or charter school's calculation of average daily attendance shall not exceed four percent of the total number of pupils who are eligible for free and reduced price lunch between the ages of [three] five and eighteen who are included in the district's or charter school's calculation of average daily attendance.
 - 2. (1) For any district that has been declared unaccredited by the state board of education and remains unaccredited as of July 1, 2015, and for any charter school located in said district, the provisions of subsection 1 of this section shall become applicable during the 2015-16 school year.

- (2) For any district that is declared unaccredited by the state board of education after July 1, 2015, and for any charter school located in said district, the provisions of subsection 1 of this section shall become applicable immediately upon such declaration.
- (3) For any district that has been declared provisionally accredited by the state board of education and remains provisionally accredited as of July 1, 2016, and for any charter school located in said district, the provisions of subsection 1

- of this section shall become applicable beginning in the 2016-17 school year.
- 3 (4) For any district that is declared provisionally
 4 accredited by the state board of education after July 1, 2016,
 5 and for any charter school located in said district, the
 6 provisions of this section shall become applicable beginning in
 7 the 2016-17 school year or immediately upon such declaration,
 8 whichever is later.

- (5) For all other districts <u>and charter schools</u>, the provisions of subsection 1 of this section shall become effective in any school year subsequent to a school year in which the amount appropriated for subsections 1 and 2 of section 163.031 is equal to or exceeds the amount necessary to fund the entire entitlement calculation determined by subsections 1 and 2 of section 163.031, and shall remain effective in all school years thereafter, irrespective of the amount appropriated for subsections 1 and 2 of section 163.031 in any succeeding year.
- 3. This section shall not require school attendance beyond that mandated under section 167.031 and shall not change or amend the provisions of sections 160.051, 160.053, 160.054, and 160.055 relating to kindergarten attendance.
- education shall calculate and distribute to each school district qualified to receive state aid under section 163.021 an amount determined by multiplying the district's weighted average daily attendance by the state adequacy target, multiplying this product by the dollar value modifier for the district, and subtracting from this product the district's local effort and, in years not

- governed under subsection 4 of this section, subtracting payments from the classroom trust fund under section 163.043.
- 3 2. Other provisions of law to the contrary notwithstanding:
- 4 (1) For districts with an average daily attendance of more
 5 than three hundred fifty in the school year preceding the payment
 6 year:

- (a) For the 2006-07 school year, the state revenue per weighted average daily attendance received by a district from the state aid calculation under subsections 1 and 4 of this section, as applicable, and the classroom trust fund under section 163.043 shall not be less than the state revenue received by a district in the 2005-06 school year from the foundation formula, line 14, gifted, remedial reading, exceptional pupil aid, fair share, and free textbook payment amounts multiplied by the sum of one plus the product of one-third multiplied by the remainder of the dollar value modifier minus one, and dividing this product by the weighted average daily attendance computed for the 2005-06 school year;
- weighted average daily attendance received by a district from the state aid calculation under subsections 1 and 4 of this section, as applicable, and the classroom trust fund under section 163.043 shall not be less than the state revenue received by a district in the 2005-06 school year from the foundation formula, line 14, gifted, remedial reading, exceptional pupil aid, fair share, and free textbook payment amounts multiplied by the sum of one plus the product of two-thirds multiplied by the remainder of the dollar value modifier minus one, and dividing this product by the

- weighted average daily attendance computed for the 2005-06 school
 year;
- For the 2008-09 school year, the state revenue per weighted average daily attendance received by a district from the state aid calculation under subsections 1 and 4 of this section, as applicable, and the classroom trust fund under section 163.043 shall not be less than the state revenue received by a district in the 2005-06 school year from the foundation formula, line 14, gifted, remedial reading, exceptional pupil aid, fair share, and free textbook payment amounts multiplied by the dollar value modifier, and dividing this product by the weighted average daily attendance computed for the 2005-06 school year;
 - (d) For each year subsequent to the 2008-09 school year, the amount shall be no less than that computed in paragraph (c) of this subdivision, multiplied by the weighted average daily attendance pursuant to section 163.036, less any increase in revenue received from the classroom trust fund under section 163.043;

- (2) For districts with an average daily attendance of three hundred fifty or less in the school year preceding the payment year:
- (a) For the 2006-07 school year, the state revenue received by a district from the state aid calculation under subsections 1 and 4 of this section, as applicable, and the classroom trust fund under section 163.043 shall not be less than the greater of state revenue received by a district in the 2004-05 or 2005-06 school year from the foundation formula, line 14, gifted, remedial reading, exceptional pupil aid, fair share, and free

- textbook payment amounts multiplied by the sum of one plus the product of one-third multiplied by the remainder of the dollar value modifier minus one;
- For the 2007-08 school year, the state revenue received by a district from the state aid calculation under subsections 1 and 4 of this section, as applicable, and the classroom trust fund under section 163.043 shall not be less than the greater of state revenue received by a district in the 2004-05 or 2005-06 school year from the foundation formula, line 14, gifted, remedial reading, exceptional pupil aid, fair share, and free textbook payment amounts multiplied by the sum of one plus the product of two-thirds multiplied by the remainder of the dollar value modifier minus one;

- (c) For the 2008-09 school year, the state revenue received by a district from the state aid calculation under subsections 1 and 4 of this section, as applicable, and the classroom trust fund under section 163.043 shall not be less than the greater of state revenue received by a district in the 2004-05 or 2005-06 school year from the foundation formula, line 14, gifted, remedial reading, exceptional pupil aid, fair share, and free textbook payment amounts multiplied by the dollar value modifier;
- (d) For each year subsequent to the 2008-09 school year, the amount shall be no less than that computed in paragraph (c) of this subdivision;
- (3) The department of elementary and secondary education shall make an addition in the payment amount specified in subsection 1 of this section to assure compliance with the provisions contained in this subsection.

- School districts that meet the requirements of section 163.021 shall receive categorical add-on revenue as provided in this subsection. The categorical add-on for the district shall be the sum of: seventy-five percent of the district allowable transportation costs under section 163.161; the career ladder entitlement for the district, as provided for in sections 168.500 to 168.515; the vocational education entitlement for the district, as provided for in section 167.332; and the district educational and screening program entitlements as provided for in sections 178.691 to 178.699. The categorical add-on revenue amounts may be adjusted to accommodate available appropriations.
 - 4. In the 2006-07 school year and each school year thereafter for five years, those districts entitled to receive state aid under the provisions of subsection 1 of this section shall receive state aid in an amount as provided in this subsection.

- (1) For the 2006-07 school year, the amount shall be fifteen percent of the amount of state aid calculated for the district for the 2006-07 school year under the provisions of subsection 1 of this section, plus eighty-five percent of the total amount of state revenue received by the district for the 2005-06 school year from the foundation formula, line 14, gifted, remedial reading, exceptional pupil aid, fair share, and free textbook payments less any amounts received under section 163.043.
- (2) For the 2007-08 school year, the amount shall be thirty percent of the amount of state aid calculated for the district for the 2007-08 school year under the provisions of subsection 1

of this section, plus seventy percent of the total amount of state revenue received by the district for the 2005-06 school year from the foundation formula, line 14, gifted, remedial reading, exceptional pupil aid, fair share, and free textbook payments less any amounts received under section 163.043.

- (3) For the 2008-09 school year, the amount of state aid shall be forty-four percent of the amount of state aid calculated for the district for the 2008-09 school year under the provisions of subsection 1 of this section plus fifty-six percent of the total amount of state revenue received by the district for the 2005-06 school year from the foundation formula, line 14, gifted, remedial reading, exceptional pupil aid, fair share, and free textbook payments less any amounts received under section 163.043.
 - (4) For the 2009-10 school year, the amount of state aid shall be fifty-eight percent of the amount of state aid calculated for the district for the 2009-10 school year under the provisions of subsection 1 of this section plus forty-two percent of the total amount of state revenue received by the district for the 2005-06 school year from the foundation formula, line 14, gifted, remedial reading, exceptional pupil aid, fair share, and free textbook payments less any amounts received under section 163.043.
 - (5) For the 2010-11 school year, the amount of state aid shall be seventy-two percent of the amount of state aid calculated for the district for the 2010-11 school year under the provisions of subsection 1 of this section plus twenty-eight percent of the total amount of state revenue received by the

district for the 2005-06 school year from the foundation formula, line 14, gifted, remedial reading, exceptional pupil aid, fair share, and free textbook payments less any amounts received under

section 163.043.

- For the 2011-12 school year, the amount of state aid shall be eighty-six percent of the amount of state aid calculated for the district for the 2011-12 school year under the provisions of subsection 1 of this section plus fourteen percent of the total amount of state revenue received by the district for the 2005-06 school year from the foundation formula, line 14, gifted, remedial reading, exceptional pupil aid, fair share, and free textbook payments less any amounts received under section 163.043.
 - district experiences a decrease in summer school average daily attendance of more than twenty percent from the district's 2005-06 summer school average daily attendance, an amount equal to the product of the percent reduction that is in excess of twenty percent of the district's summer school average daily attendance multiplied by the funds generated by the district's summer school program in the 2005-06 school year shall be subtracted from the district's current year payment amount.
 - b. For the 2007-08 school year, if a school district experiences a decrease in summer school average daily attendance of more than thirty percent from the district's 2005-06 summer school average daily attendance, an amount equal to the product of the percent reduction that is in excess of thirty percent of the district's summer school average daily attendance multiplied

by the funds generated by the district's summer school program in the 2005-06 school year shall be subtracted from the district's payment amount.

- c. For the 2008-09 school year, if a school district experiences a decrease in summer school average daily attendance of more than thirty-five percent from the district's 2005-06 summer school average daily attendance, an amount equal to the product of the percent reduction that is in excess of thirty-five percent of the district's summer school average daily attendance multiplied by the funds generated by the district's summer school program in the 2005-06 school year shall be subtracted from the district's payment amount.
- d. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, no such reduction shall be made in the case of a district that is receiving a payment under section 163.044 or any district whose regular school term average daily attendance for the preceding year was three hundred fifty or less.
- e. This paragraph shall not be construed to permit any reduction applied under this paragraph to result in any district receiving a current-year payment that is less than the amount calculated for such district under subsection 2 of this section.
- (b) If a school district experiences a decrease in its gifted program enrollment of more than twenty percent from its 2005-06 gifted program enrollment in any year governed by this subsection, an amount equal to the product of the percent reduction in the district's gifted program enrollment multiplied by the funds generated by the district's gifted program in the 2005-06 school year shall be subtracted from the district's

- 1 current year payment amount.
- 2 5. For any school district meeting the eligibility criteria
- 3 for state aid as established in section 163.021, but which is
- 4 considered an option district under section 163.042 and therefore
- 5 receives no state aid, the commissioner of education shall
- 6 present a plan to the superintendent of the school district for
- 7 the waiver of rules and the duration of said waivers, in order to
- 8 promote flexibility in the operations of the district and to
- 9 enhance and encourage efficiency in the delivery of instructional
- services as provided in section 163.042.
- 11 6. (1) No less than seventy-five percent of the state
- 12 revenue received under the provisions of subsections 1, 2, and 4
- of this section shall be placed in the teachers' fund, and the
- 14 remaining percent of such moneys shall be placed in the
- incidental fund. No less than seventy-five percent of one-half
- 16 of the funds received from the school district trust fund
- distributed under section 163.087 shall be placed in the
- 18 teachers' fund. One hundred percent of revenue received under
- the provisions of section 163.161 shall be placed in the
- 20 incidental fund. One hundred percent of revenue received under
- 21 the provisions of sections 168.500 to 168.515 shall be placed in
- 22 the teachers' fund.
- 23 (2) A school district shall spend for certificated
- 24 compensation and tuition expenditures each year:
- 25 (a) An amount equal to at least seventy-five percent of the
- state revenue received under the provisions of subsections 1, 2,
- 27 and 4 of this section:
- 28 (b) An amount equal to at least seventy-five percent of

one-half of the funds received from the school district trust 1 2 fund distributed under section 163.087 during the preceding 3 school year; and

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Beginning in fiscal year 2008, as much as was spent per the second preceding year's weighted average daily attendance for certificated compensation and tuition expenditures the previous year from revenue produced by local and county tax sources in the teachers' fund, plus the amount of the incidental fund to teachers' fund transfer calculated to be local and county tax sources by dividing local and county tax sources in the incidental fund by total revenue in the incidental fund.

In the event a district fails to comply with this provision, the amount by which the district fails to spend funds as provided herein shall be deducted from the district's state revenue received under the provisions of subsections 1, 2, and 4 of this section for the following year, provided that the state board of education may exempt a school district from this provision if the state board of education determines that circumstances warrant such exemption.

If a school district's annual audit discloses that students were inappropriately identified as eligible for free and reduced price lunch, special education, or limited English proficiency and the district does not resolve the audit finding, the department of elementary and secondary education shall require that the amount of aid paid pursuant to the weighting for free and reduced price lunch, special education, or limited English proficiency in the weighted average daily attendance on

the inappropriately identified pupils be repaid by the district in the next school year and shall additionally impose a penalty of one hundred percent of such aid paid on such pupils, which penalty shall also be paid within the next school year. Such amounts may be repaid by the district through the withholding of the amount of state aid.

- 8. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, beginning on July 1, 2016, in any fiscal year during which the total formula appropriation is insufficient to fully fund the entitlement calculation of this section, the department of elementary and secondary education shall adjust the state adequacy target in order to accommodate the appropriation level for the given fiscal year. Beginning on July 1, 2016, in no manner shall any payment modification be rendered for any district qualified to receive payments under subsection 2 of this section based on insufficient appropriations.
- district is entitled to receive for the minimum school term only under section 163.031, a school district may use an estimate of the weighted average daily attendance for the current year, or the weighted average daily attendance for the immediately preceding year or the weighted average daily attendance for the second preceding school year, whichever is greater. Beginning with the 2006-07 school year, the summer school attendance included in the average daily attendance as defined in subdivision (2) of section 163.011 shall include only the attendance hours of pupils that attend summer school in the current year. Beginning with the 2004-05 school year, when a

- district's official calendar for the current year contributes to a more than ten percent reduction in the average daily attendance for kindergarten compared to the immediately preceding year, the payment attributable to kindergarten shall include only the current year kindergarten average daily attendance. Any error made in the apportionment of state aid because of a difference between the actual weighted average daily attendance and the estimated weighted average daily attendance shall be corrected as provided in section 163.091, except that if the amount paid to a district estimating weighted average daily attendance exceeds the amount to which the district was actually entitled by more than five percent, interest at the rate of six percent shall be charged on the excess and shall be added to the amount to be deducted from the district's apportionment the next succeeding year.
 - 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section or any other provision of law, the state board of education shall make an adjustment for the immediately preceding year for any increase in the actual weighted average daily attendance above the number on which the state aid in section 163.031 was calculated. Said adjustment shall be made in the manner providing for correction of errors under subsection 1 of this section.

3. Any error made in the apportionment of state aid because of a difference between the actual equalized assessed valuation for the current year and the estimated equalized assessed valuation for the current year shall be corrected as provided in section 163.091, except that if the amount paid to a district

estimating current equalized assessed valuation exceeds the
amount to which the district was actually entitled, interest at
the rate of six percent shall be charged on the excess and shall
be added to the amount to be deducted from the district's
apportionment the next succeeding year.

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For the purposes of distribution of state school aid pursuant to section 163.031, a school district with ten percent or more of its assessed valuation that is owned by one person or corporation as commercial or personal property who is delinquent in a property tax payment may elect, after receiving notice from the county clerk on or before March fifteenth that more than ten percent of its current taxes due the preceding December thirty-first by a single property owner are delinquent, to use in the local effort calculation of the state aid formula the district's equalized assessed valuation for the preceding year or the actual assessed valuation of the year for which the taxes are delinquent less the assessed valuation of property for which the current year's property tax is delinquent. To qualify for use of the actual assessed valuation of the year for which the taxes are delinquent less the assessed valuation of property for which the current year's property tax is delinquent, a district must notify the department of elementary and secondary education on or before April first, except in the year enacted, of the current year amount of delinquent taxes, the assessed valuation of such property for which delinquent taxes are owed and the total assessed valuation of the district for the year in which the taxes were due but not paid. Any district giving such notice to the department of elementary and secondary education shall

present verification of the accuracy of such notice obtained from the clerk of the county levying delinquent taxes. When any of the delinquent taxes identified by such notice are paid during a four-year period following the due date, the county clerk shall give notice to the district and the department of elementary and secondary education, and state aid paid to the district shall be reduced by an amount equal to the delinquent taxes received plus interest. The reduction in state aid shall occur over a period not to exceed five years and the interest rate on excess state aid not refunded shall be six percent annually.

- assessed valuation as determined by subsection 4 of this section and if prior to such notice the district was paid state aid pursuant to section 163.031, the amount of state aid paid during the year of such notice and the first year following shall equal the sum of state aid paid pursuant to section 163.031 plus the difference between the state aid amount being paid after such notice minus the amount of state aid the district would have received pursuant to section 163.031 before such notice. To be eligible to receive state aid based on this provision the district must levy during the first year following such notice at least the maximum levy permitted school districts by Article X, Section 11(b) of the Missouri Constitution and have a voluntary rollback of its tax rate which is no greater than one cent per one hundred dollars assessed valuation.
- 6. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section, any district in which the local school board sponsors a charter school as provided in section 160.400 shall use only an

- 1 estimate of the district's weighted average daily attendance for
- 2 the current year and shall not use a weighted average daily
- 3 attendance count from any preceding year for purposes of
- 4 <u>determining the amount of state aid to which the district is</u>
- 5 entitled.
- 6 167.121. 1. If the residence of a pupil is so located that
- 7 attendance in the district of residence constitutes an unusual or
- 8 unreasonable transportation hardship because of natural barriers,
- 9 travel time, or distance, the commissioner of education or his or
- 10 <u>her</u> designee may assign the pupil to another district. Subject
- 11 to the provisions of this section, all existing assignments shall
- 12 be reviewed prior to July 1, 1984, and from time to time
- 13 thereafter, and may be continued or rescinded. The board of
- education of the district in which the pupil lives shall pay the
- tuition of the pupil assigned. The tuition shall not exceed the
- 16 pro rata cost of instruction.
- 17 2. (1) For the school year beginning July 1, 2008, and
- 18 each succeeding school year, a parent or guardian residing in a
- lapsed public school district or a parent or quardian residing in
- 20 a district that has [scored] received an annual performance
- 21 report score consistent with a state board of education
- 22 <u>classification of</u> either unaccredited or provisionally
- 23 accredited[, or a combination thereof, on two consecutive annual
- 24 performance reports] may enroll the parent's or quardian's child
- 25 in the Missouri virtual school created in section 161.670
- 26 provided the pupil first enrolls in the school district of
- 27 residence. The school district of residence shall include the
- 28 pupil's enrollment in the virtual school created in section

- 1 161.670 in determining the district's average daily attendance.
- 2 Full-time enrollment in the virtual school shall constitute one
- 3 average daily attendance equivalent in the school district of
- 4 residence. Average daily attendance for part-time enrollment in
- 5 the virtual school shall be calculated as a percentage of the
- 6 total number of virtual courses enrolled in divided by the number
- 7 of courses required for full-time attendance in the school
- 8 district of residence.
- 9 (2) A pupil's residence, for purposes of this section,
- 10 means residency established under section 167.020. Except for
- 11 students residing in a K-8 district attending high school in a
- district under section 167.131, the board of the home district
- shall pay to the virtual school the amount required under section
- 14 161.670.
- 15 (3) Nothing in this section shall require any school
- 16 district or the state to provide computers, equipment, internet
- or other access, supplies, materials or funding, except as
- 18 provided in this section, as may be deemed necessary for a pupil
- 19 to participate in the virtual school created in section 161.670.
- 20 (4) Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined
- in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated
- in this section shall become effective only if it complies with
- and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if
- 24 applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are
- 25 nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general
- assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the
- 27 effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are
- subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking

authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void.

167.127. If a school district contains a facility that serves neglected or delinquent children residing in a court-ordered group home, an institution for neglected children, or an institution for delinquent children, the department of elementary and secondary education shall be prohibited from creating any report or publication related to the Missouri school improvement program, or any successor program, in which data from the district's regularly enrolled pupils is aggregated with data from the children residing in such facilities.

this state that does not maintain [an accredited] a high school [pursuant to the authority of the state board of education to classify schools as established in section 161.092] offering work through the twelfth grade shall pay [the] tuition [of] as calculated by the receiving district under subsection 2 of this section and provide transportation consistent with the provisions of section 167.241 for each pupil resident therein who has completed the work of the highest grade offered in the schools of the district and who attends an accredited public high school in another district of the same or an adjoining county.

2. The rate of tuition to be charged by the district attended and paid by the sending district is the per pupil cost of maintaining the district's grade level grouping which includes the school attended. The cost of maintaining a grade level grouping shall be determined by the board of education of the district but in no case shall it exceed all amounts spent for

- 1 teachers' wages, incidental purposes, debt service, maintenance
- 2 and replacements. The term "debt service", as used in this
- 3 section, means expenditures for the retirement of bonded
- 4 indebtedness and expenditures for interest on bonded
- 5 indebtedness. Per pupil cost of the grade level grouping shall
- 6 be determined by dividing the cost of maintaining the grade level
- 7 grouping by the average daily pupil attendance. If there is
- 8 disagreement as to the amount of tuition to be paid, the facts
- 9 shall be submitted to the state board of education, and its
- decision in the matter shall be final. Subject to the
- limitations of this section, each pupil shall be free to attend
- 12 the public school of his or her choice.
- 13 <u>167.132.</u> 1. For purposes of this section, the following
- 14 terms mean:
- 15 <u>(1) "Available receiving district", an accredited district</u>
- able to receive transfer students under section 167.826;
- 17 (2) "Average per-pupil current expenditure", the average
- 18 per-pupil current expenditure for a district as a whole as
- 19 reported to the department of elementary and secondary education
- in its most recent school accountability report card under
- 21 section 160.522;
- 22 (3) "Receiving approved charter school", an approved charter
- 23 school, as defined in section 167.848, receiving transfer
- 24 students under section 167.826;
- 25 <u>(4) "Receiving district", a district receiving transfer</u>
- 26 students under section 167.826;
- 27 (5) "Sending district", a district from which students are
- transferring to an available receiving district or an approved

- 1 charter school, as allowed under section 167.826.
- 2 2. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the
- 3 <u>contrary</u>, a receiving district or a receiving approved charter
- 4 school may negotiate with a sending district to accept a reduced
- 5 <u>tuition rate for transfer students. The receiving district or</u>
- 6 receiving approved charter school may limit the number of
- 7 transfer students accepted at the reduced tuition rate as
- 8 <u>calculated under subsection 3 of this section.</u> If the receiving
- 9 <u>district or receiving approved charter school elects to accept</u>
- 10 <u>tuition as calculated under subsection 3 of this section and does</u>
- 11 <u>not limit the number of transfer students accepted at such</u>
- reduced rate, such district or approved charter school shall
- 13 <u>receive students through the education authority based solely on</u>
- the parent request and available seats.
- 3. In school year 2015-16 and subsequent years, if a
- sending district and a receiving district or receiving approved
- 17 <u>charter school have agreed upon a reduced tuition rate, such</u>
- 18 tuition shall be calculated as the product of:
- 19 <u>(1) The sum of the average per-pupil current expenditures of</u>
- 20 all available receiving districts for the sending district
- 21 divided by the number of all available receiving districts for
- 22 the sending district; and
- 23 (2) Seventy percent.
- 4. The appropriate education authority, as defined in
- 25 <u>section 167.848, that is coordinating the transfers for students</u>
- 26 <u>in the sending district shall perform the calculation in</u>
- 27 subsection 3 of this section annually.
- 28 5. If there is disagreement as to the amount of tuition to

be paid, the facts shall be submitted to the state board of 1 2 education, and its decision in the matter shall be final. 3 6. For each of the first two full school years that a receiving district or receiving approved charter school charges a 4 5 rate of tuition as calculated under subsection 3 of this section, 6 accepts a minimum of twenty-five transfer students at such 7 reduced rate, and does not limit the number of transfer students accepted at such reduced rate, if the aggregate scores of student 8 9 growth of all the transfer students in the receiving district or 10 receiving approved charter school meet or exceed targets 11 established in the state accountability system, the receiving 12 district or receiving approved charter school shall earn additional credit in academic achievement on its annual 13 performance report. The department of elementary and secondary 14 education shall promulgate an administrative rule to implement 15 16 the provisions of this subsection. Any rule or portion of a 17 rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created 18 under the authority delegated in this section shall become 19 effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the

powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536
to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and
annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the
grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted
after the effective date of this section shall be invalid and
void.

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provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028.

This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the

7. If a receiving district elects to accept tuition as

- 1 <u>calculated under subsection 3 of this section and does not limit</u>
- 2 the number of transfer students accepted at such reduced rate,
- 3 <u>the department of elementary and secondary education shall</u>
- 4 consider such action as an additional criterion when determining
- 5 <u>whether to assign the receiving district a classification of</u>
- 6 <u>accredited with distinction.</u>
- 7 <u>8. If a receiving district or receiving approved charter</u>
- 8 school elects to accept tuition as calculated under subsection 3
- 9 of this section and does not limit the number of transfer
- 10 <u>students accepted at such reduced rate, ten percent of the amount</u>
- 11 calculated under subdivision (1) of subsection 3 of this section
- for the receiving district or receiving approved charter school
- 13 <u>shall be paid from the supplemental tuition fund created in</u>
- 14 subsection 9 of this section.
- 15 9. There is hereby created in the state treasury the
- 16 "Supplemental Tuition Fund". The fund shall consist of any
- moneys appropriated annually by the general assembly from general
- 18 revenue to such fund, any moneys paid into the state treasury and
- required by law to be credited to such fund and any gifts,
- 20 bequests, or public or private donations to such fund. The state
- 21 <u>treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. The department of</u>
- 22 elementary and secondary education shall administer the fund. In
- 23 accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer
- 24 may approve disbursements. The fund shall be a dedicated fund
- and, upon appropriation, moneys in the fund shall be used solely
- 26 for the administration of this section. Notwithstanding the
- 27 provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys
- remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert

- 1 <u>to the credit of the general revenue fund. The state treasurer</u>
- 2 <u>shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as other funds</u>
- 3 <u>are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments</u>
- 4 shall be credited to the fund.
- 5 <u>167.642.</u> 1. No underperforming district, as defined in
- 6 section 167.848, located in a county with a charter form of
- 7 government and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand
- 8 <u>inhabitants shall promote a student from the fifth grade to the</u>
- 9 sixth grade or from the eighth grade to the ninth grade who is
- 10 <u>two years or more below grade level as measured by quantifiable</u>
- 11 <u>student performance data designated by the local district to</u>
- 12 satisfy the requirements of this section. The term "quantifiable
- 13 <u>student performance data" shall be as defined in subsection 2 of</u>
- 14 section 161.096.
- 15 <u>2. Notwithstanding subsection 1 of this section, the</u>
- provisions of this section shall not apply to any student with an
- 17 <u>individualized education program or any student receiving</u>
- 18 services through a plan prepared under Section 504 of the
- 19 Rehabilitation Act of 1973.
- 20 167.685. 1. Each unaccredited district shall offer free
- 21 <u>tutoring and supplemental education services to students who are</u>
- 22 performing below grade level or identified by the district as
- 23 struggling, using funds from the school district improvement fund
- to the extent that such funds are available. A district may
- 25 <u>implement the free tutoring services requirement by entering into</u>
- 26 a contract with a public library for online tutoring services as
- 27 provided in section 170.215.

2. There is hereby created in the state treasury the

- 1 <u>"School District Improvement Fund". The fund shall consist of</u>
- 2 any gifts, bequests, or public or private donations to such fund.
- 3 Any person or entity that makes a gift, bequest, or donation to
- 4 the fund may specify the district that shall be the recipient of
- 5 <u>such gift, bequest, or donation.</u>
- 6 3. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In
- 7 <u>accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer</u>
- 8 may approve disbursements of public moneys in accordance with
- 9 <u>distribution requirements and procedures developed by the</u>
- department of elementary and secondary education and shall make
- 11 disbursement of private funds according to the directions of the
- donor. If the donor did not specify how the private funds were
- to be disbursed, the state treasurer shall contact the donor to
- 14 <u>determine the manner of disbursement. The fund shall be a</u>
- dedicated fund and, upon appropriation, moneys in the fund shall
- be used solely for the administration of this section. A
- district that receives moneys from the fund may use such moneys
- 18 to cover the cost of online tutoring services provided through a
- contract with a public library under section 170.215.
- 20 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the
- 21 contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the
- 22 biennium shall not revert to the credit of the general revenue
- 23 fund.
- 5. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in
- 25 the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and
- 26 moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.
- 27 167.688. 1. Any underperforming district, as defined in
- section 167.848, may perform any or all of the following actions

including, but not limited to:

- 2 (1) Implement a new curriculum, including appropriate
- 3 professional development, based on scientifically based research
- 4 that offers substantial promise of improving educational
- 5 achievement of low-achieving students;
- 6 (2) Retain an outside expert to advise the district or 7 school on its progress toward regaining accreditation;
- 8 (3) Enter into a contract with an education management
 9 company or education services provider that has a demonstrated
 10 record of effectiveness operating a school or schools;
 - (4) For any unaccredited school, enter into a collaborative relationship and agreement with an accredited district in which teachers from the unaccredited school may exchange positions with teachers from an accredited school in an accredited district for a period of two school weeks; or
 - (5) Implement any other change that is suggested by the state board of education, an expert or contractor approved under this section, or an assistance team under section 161.087, in accordance with state law, that the school board has reason to believe will result in improved performance for accreditation purposes.
 - 2. Any underperforming district that offers an attendance recovery program designed exclusively to allow students to recapture attendance hours lost due to absences shall be allowed to include such attendance recovery hours in the district's attendance rate for purposes of the Missouri school improvement program accreditation scoring. Districts may offer attendance recovery programs on Saturdays or at any time before or after the

1 school's regularly scheduled school hours. Extended hour and day
2 programs designed for remediation or enrichment purposes shall

3 <u>not fulfill the criteria of attendance recovery programs as</u>

4 provided in this subsection.

167.730. 1. Beginning July 1, 2016, and continuing thereafter, every public school, including every charter school, in the metropolitan school district or in any urban school district containing most or all of a home rule city with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county shall incorporate a response-to-intervention tiered approach to reading instruction to focus resources on students who are determined by their school to need additional or changed instruction to make progress as readers. At a minimum, the reading levels of students in kindergarten through tenth grade shall be assessed at the beginning and middle of the school year, and students who score below district benchmarks shall be provided with intensive and systematic reading instruction.

2. Beginning January 1, 2016, and every January first
thereafter, every public school, including every charter school,
in the metropolitan school district or in any urban school
district containing most or all of a home rule city with more
than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than
one county shall prepare a personalized learning plan for any
kindergarten or first grade student whose most recent school-wide
reading assessment result shows the student is working below
grade level unless the student has been determined by other means
in the current school year to be working at grade level or above.
The provisions of this section shall not apply to students

otherwise served under an individualized education program, to

students receiving services through a plan prepared under Section

504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 that includes an element

addressing reading below grade level, or to students determined

to have limited English proficiency.

- 3. For any student who is required by this section to have a personalized learning plan, the student's main teacher shall consult with the student's parent or quardian during the preparation of the plan and shall consult, as appropriate, any district personnel or department of elementary and secondary education personnel with necessary expertise to develop such a plan. The school shall require the written consent of the parent or quardian to implement the plan; however, if the school is unsuccessful in contacting the parent or quardian by January fifteenth, the school may send a letter by certified mail to the student's last known address stating its intention to implement the plan by February first.
 - 4. After implementing the personalized learning plan through the end of the student's first grade year, the school shall refer any student who still performs below grade level for assessment to determine if an individualized education program is necessary for the student. A student who is assessed as not needing an individualized education program but who is reading below grade level at the end of the first grade shall continue to be required to have a personalized learning plan until the student is reading at grade level.
- 5. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any student in a metropolitan school district, in any urban

- school district containing most or all of a home rule city with

 more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more

 than one county, or in any charter school located in any such

 district who is not reading at second-grade level by the end of
- 5 second grade may be promoted to the third grade only under one of
- 6 <u>the following circumstances:</u>

- 7 (1) The school provides additional reading instruction
 8 during the summer and demonstrates the student is ready for third
 9 grade at the end of the summer school;
 - (2) The school provides a combined classroom in which the student continues with the same teacher, sometimes referred to as "looping". If the student in such a classroom is not reading at third-grade level by the end of third grade, the student shall be retained in third grade; or
 - (3) The student's parents or quardians have signed a notice that they prefer to have their student promoted although the student is reading below grade level. The school shall have the final determination on the issue of retention.
 - district containing most or all of a home rule city with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county, and each charter school located in them shall provide in its annual report card under section 160.522 the numbers and percentages by grade from first grade to tenth grade in each school of any students at any grade level who have been promoted who have been determined as reading below grade level, except that no reporting shall permit the identification of an individual student.

- 7. School districts and charter schools under this section
 may provide for a student promotion and retention program and a
 reading instruction program that are equivalent to those that are
- 4 described in this section with the oversight and approval of the
- 5 <u>department of elementary and secondary education.</u>
- 6 <u>167.825. 1. For school year 2015-16, students who</u>
- 7 <u>transferred from an unaccredited district to an accredited</u>
- 8 <u>district in the same or an adjoining county under section 167.131</u>
- 9 <u>as it existed on July 1, 2013, shall be allowed to participate</u>
- 10 <u>under the same terms that governed such transfers in school year</u>
- 11 <u>2013-14</u>, except that section 167.132 shall apply to determine the
- 12 <u>reimbursement of their tuition.</u>
- 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this
- section, for school year 2015-16, any student who transferred
- from an unaccredited district to an accredited district in the
- same or an adjoining county in school year 2013-14 or school year
- 17 <u>2014-15 but did not attend a public school in the unaccredited</u>
- 18 district for the semester prior to the transfer, unless the
- 19 <u>student was entering kindergarten or first grade when he or she</u>
- transferred, shall no longer be eligible to transfer under this
- 21 section <u>in school_year_2015-16.</u>
- 3. For school year 2015-16, if an unaccredited district
- 23 becomes classified as provisionally accredited or accredited
- 24 without provisions by the state board of education, any resident
- 25 <u>student of the unaccredited district who has transferred under</u>
- section 167.131 as it existed on July 1, 2013, shall be permitted
- 27 to continue the student's educational program through the
- completion of middle school, junior high school, or high school,

whichever occurs first, except that a student who attends any school serving students through high school graduation but starting at grades lower than ninth grade shall be permitted to complete high school in the school to which he or she has transferred. However, any such student shall have previously attended a school in the sending district for at least one semester immediately before initially transferring, unless the student was entering kindergarten or was a first grade student, and shall continue to reside within the boundaries of the unaccredited district as those boundaries existed when the student entered the transfer program to maintain eligibility. A student who returns to his or her district of residence shall be ineligible to transfer again.

4. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any student who was participating in the school transfer program before January 1, 2015, and who attended, for at least one semester immediately prior to transferring, a school in an unaccredited district, shall have the option of transferring to a virtual school as provided in subsection 8 of section 162.1250, an approved charter school, or another public school in the student's district of residence that offers the student's grade level of enrollment, as further provided in section 167.826.

school in the student's district of residence that offers the

student's grade level of enrollment and that is accredited

without provisions by the state board of education if such

student is enrolled in and has attended an unaccredited school in

an unaccredited district for the full semester immediately prior

- 1 to requesting the transfer.
- 2. Any student may transfer to another public school in the
- 3 <u>student's district of residence that offers the student's grade</u>
- 4 level of enrollment and that is accredited without provisions by
- 5 the state board of education if such student is enrolled in and
- 6 has attended an unaccredited school, for the full semester
- 7 immediately prior to requesting the transfer, in:
- 8 <u>(1) An urban school district;</u>
- 9 <u>(2) A metropolitan school district;</u>
- 10 (3) A district that has most or all of its land area
 11 located in a county with a charter form of government and with
- more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants; or
- 13 (4) A district that has most or all of its land area
- 14 located in a county with a charter form of government and with
- 15 <u>more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred</u>
- 16 thousand inhabitants.
- 3. No such transfer under subsections 1 and 2 of this
- 18 section shall result in a class size and assigned enrollment in a
- 19 receiving school that exceeds the standards for class size and
- 20 assigned enrollment as promulgated in the Missouri school
- improvement program's resource standards. If the student chooses
- 22 to attend a magnet school, an academically selective school, or a
- 23 school with a competitive entrance process within his or her
- 24 district of residence that has admissions requirements, the
- 25 <u>student shall meet such admissions requirements in order to</u>
- 26 attend. The school board of each district described in
- 27 subsections 1 and 2 of this section that operates an unaccredited
- 28 school shall determine the capacity at each of the district's

- attendance centers that the state board of education has assigned

 a classification designation of accredited or accredited with

 distinction. The district's school board shall be responsible

 for coordinating student transfers from unaccredited schools to

 accredited schools within the district. No student enrolled in

 and attending an attendance center that does not offer classes
- 7 above the second grade level shall be eligible to transfer under
 8 this section.

- 4. Any student who is enrolled in and has attended an unaccredited school in an unaccredited district for the full semester immediately prior to requesting the transfer and who has first attempted but is unable to transfer to an accredited school within his or her district of residence under subsection 1 of this section due to a lack of capacity in accredited schools in the district of residence may apply to the appropriate education authority to transfer to:
- 17 <u>(1) An accredited school in another district located in the</u>
 18 <u>same or an adjoining county;</u> or
- 19 (2) An approved charter school, as defined in section
 20 167.848, in another district located in the same or an adjoining
 21 county.
 - 5. After the state board of education has assigned classification designations to all attendance centers under subsection 3 of section 161.238 and continuing thereafter, any student who is eligible to transfer under subsection 2 of this section and who has first attempted but is unable to transfer to an accredited school within his or her district of residence under subsection 2 of this section due to a lack of capacity in

- 1 accredited schools in the district of residence may apply to the
 2 appropriate education authority to transfer to:
- 3 (1) An accredited school in another district located in the 4 same or an adjoining county; or
- 5 (2) An approved charter school, as defined in section
 6 167.848, in another district located in the same or an adjoining
 7 county.
- 8 <u>6. The application to the education authority to transfer</u>
 9 <u>shall be made by March first before the school year in which the</u>
 10 student intends to transfer.

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7. A student who is eligible to begin kindergarten or first grade at an unaccredited school as described in subsection 1 or 2 of this section may apply to the appropriate education authority for a transfer if he or she resides in the attendance area of an unaccredited school on March first preceding the school year of first attendance. A student who does not apply by March first shall be required to enroll and attend for one semester to become eligible to transfer. If the student chooses to apply to attend a magnet school, an academically selective school, or a school with a competitive entrance process that has admissions requirements, the student shall furnish proof that he or she meets such admissions requirements. Any student who does not maintain residency in the attendance area of his or her attendance center in the district of residence shall lose eligibility to transfer. Any student who transfers but later withdraws shall lose eligibility to transfer. The transfer provisions of this subsection shall not apply to a district created under sections 162.815 to 162.840 or to any early

- 1 childhood programs or early childhood special education programs.
- 2 8. No unaccredited district, provisionally accredited
- 3 <u>district</u>, <u>unaccredited school</u>, <u>or provisionally accredited school</u>
- 4 shall be eliqible to receive transfer students, except that,
- 5 <u>within an unaccredited district, students may transfer from</u>
- 6 unaccredited schools to accredited schools, and a transfer
- 7 <u>student who chooses to attend a provisionally accredited school</u>
- 8 <u>in the district of residence shall be allowed to transfer to such</u>
- 9 school if there is an available slot.
- 10 <u>9. If a charter school may receive nonresident transfer</u>
- 11 students under this section because it has been operating for
- 12 less than three years but then loses its status as an approved
- charter school immediately after those three years because its
- 14 three-year average score on its annual performance report is
- below seventy percent, any students who previously transferred to
- the charter school may remain enrolled in the charter school but
- 17 <u>no additional nonresident students may transfer to the charter</u>
- 18 school.
- 19 <u>10. No attendance center with a three-year average score of</u>
- 20 seventy percent or lower on its annual performance report shall
- 21 be eligible to receive any transfer students, irrespective of its
- 22 state board of education classification designation, except that
- any student who was granted a transfer to such an attendance
- 24 center prior to the effective date of this section may remain
- 25 <u>enrolled in that attendance center.</u>
- 26 11. For a receiving district or receiving approved charter
- 27 school, no acceptance of a transfer student shall require any of
- the following actions, unless the school board of the receiving

- 1 district or the receiving approved charter school's governing
 2 board has approved the action:
- 3 (1) A class size and assigned enrollment in a receiving 4 school that exceeds the number of students provided by its 5 approved policy on class size under subsection 12 of this 6 section;
- 7 (2) The hiring of additional classroom teachers; or
- 8 (3) The construction of additional classrooms.

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12. Each receiving district and each receiving approved charter school shall have the right to establish and adopt, by objective means, a policy for desirable class size and studentteacher ratios. A district's policy may allow for estimated growth in the resident student population. An approved charter school may use the class size, student-teacher ratios, and growth projections for student enrollment contained in the charter school's charter application and charter when adopting a policy. Any district or approved charter school that adopts such a policy shall do so by January first annually. A receiving district or receiving approved charter school shall publish its policy and shall not be required to accept any transfer students under this section that would violate its class size or student-teacher ratio. If a student seeking to transfer is denied admission to a district or approved charter school based on a lack of space under the policy, the student or the student's parent or quardian may appeal the ruling to the state board of education if he or she believes the district's policy or approved charter school's policy is unduly restrictive to student transfers. If more than one student or parent appeals a denial of admission from the same

- district or approved charter school to the state board of 2 education, the state board shall make an effort to hear such actions at the same time. If the state board of education finds 3
- that the policy is unduly restrictive to student transfers, the 4
- 5 state board may limit the policy. The state board's decision
- 6 shall be final.

first annually.

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- 7 13. For each student who transfers to another district or approved charter school, the student's district of residence 8 9 shall pay the tuition amount for each transfer student to the 10 receiving district or receiving approved charter school in two 11 increments annually, once at the start of the school year and 12 once at the start of the second semester of the school year. Each receiving district and receiving approved charter school 13 14 shall adopt a policy establishing a tuition rate by February
- 14. If an unaccredited school becomes classified as provisionally accredited or accredited without provisions by the state board of education, any student who was assigned to such attendance center and who has transferred under this section shall be permitted to continue his or her educational program in that education option through the completion of middle school, junior high school, or high school, whichever occurs first, 23 except that a student who attends any school serving students through high school graduation but starting at grades lower than 24 ninth grade shall be permitted to complete high school in the school to which he or she has transferred.
 - 15. (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, if a district described in subsection 1 or 2 of this

section operates an unaccredited school, the education authority for the county in which the district is located shall designate at least one accredited district in the same or an adjoining county to which the district operating the unaccredited school shall provide transportation for transfer students. If the designated district reaches full student capacity and is unable to receive additional students, the education authority shall designate at least one additional accredited district to which the district operating an unaccredited school shall provide transportation for transfer students.

- (2) For the 2015-16 school year, and until such time as the governor has appointed a number of members sufficient to constitute a quorum to the education authority whose geographic coverage area includes a district operating an unaccredited school, the department of elementary and secondary education shall designate at least one accredited district in the same or an adjoining county to which a district operating an unaccredited school shall provide transportation for transfer students. If the designated district reaches full student capacity and is unable to receive additional students, the department shall designate at least one additional accredited district to which a district operating an unaccredited school shall provide transportation for transfer students.
- (3) During the 2015-16 school year, for any district in a county with a charter form of government and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants that the state board of education classified as unaccredited effective January 1, 2013, the costs of providing transportation for transfer students to a

- designated accredited district in the same or an adjoining county
- 2 <u>shall be paid from the student transfer transportation fund.</u>
- 3 There is hereby created in the state treasury the "Student
- 4 Transfer Transportation Fund", which shall consist of moneys
- 5 appropriated to this fund. The state treasurer shall be
- 6 <u>custodian of the fund</u>. The commissioner of education shall
- 7 administer the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and
- 8 30.180, the state treasurer may approve disbursements. The fund
- 9 shall be a dedicated fund, and moneys in the fund shall be used
- solely by the department of elementary and secondary education
- 11 for the purposes of this subdivision. Notwithstanding the
- provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys
- remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert
- 14 to the credit of the general revenue fund. The state treasurer
- shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as other funds
- are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments
- shall be credited to the fund.
- 18 (4) Beginning in the 2016-17 school year, when determining
- 19 <u>transportation arrangements under this subsection</u>, neither the
- 20 department of elementary and secondary education nor any
- 21 education authority shall contract with or collaborate with any
- 22 established regional association or cooperative of school
- 23 districts located in any city not within a county or any county
- 24 with a charter form of government and with more than nine hundred
- 25 fifty thousand inhabitants.
- 26 <u>16. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 13 of this</u>
- 27 section to the contrary, if costs associated with the provision
- of special education and related services to a student with a

- disability exceed the tuition amount established under this 1 2 section, the transfer student's district of residence shall 3 remain responsible to pay the excess cost to the receiving district or receiving approved charter school. If the receiving 4 5 district is a component district of a special school district, 6 the transfer student's district of residence, including any 7 metropolitan school district, shall contract with the special school district for the entirety of the costs to provide special 8 9 education and related services, excluding transportation pursuant 10 to this section. The special school district may contract with 11 the transfer student's district of residence, including any 12 metropolitan district, for the provision of transportation of a student with a disability, or the transfer student's district of 13 14 residence may provide transportation on its own.
 - 17. A special school district shall continue to provide special education and related services, with the exception of transportation under this section, to a student with a disability transferring from an unaccredited school within a component district to an accredited school within the same or a different component district within the special school district.

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18. If any metropolitan school district operates an unaccredited school, it shall remain responsible for the provision of special education and related services, including transportation, to students with disabilities. A special school district in an adjoining county to a metropolitan school district may contract with the metropolitan school district for the reimbursement of special education services pursuant to sections 162.705 and 162.710 provided by the special school district for

- 1 transfer students who are residents of the district operating an
 2 unaccredited school.
- 19. Regardless of whether transportation is identified as a related service within a student's individualized education program, a receiving district that is not part of a special school district shall not be responsible for providing transportation to a student transferring under this section. A district operating an unaccredited school may contract with a receiving district that is not part of a special school district pursuant to sections 162.705 and 162.710 for transportation of students with disabilities.

- 20. If a seven-director district or urban school district as described under subsection 1 or 2 of this section operates an unaccredited school, it may contract with a receiving district that is not part of a special school district in the same or an adjoining county for the reimbursement of special education and related services pursuant to sections 162.705 and 162.710 provided by the receiving district for transfer students who are residents of the district operating an unaccredited school.
- 167.827. 1. By August 1, 2015, and by January first annually, each district eligible to receive transfer students under section 167.826 shall report to the education authority for the county in which the district is located its number of available enrollment slots in accredited schools by grade level.

 Each district described in subsection 1 or 2 of section 167.826 operating an unaccredited school shall report to the education authority the number of available enrollment slots in the accredited schools of the district by August 1, 2015, and by

- January first annually. Each approved charter school that is
 eligible to receive transfer students under section 167.826 shall
- 3 report the number of available enrollment slots by August 1,
- 4 <u>2015</u>, and by January first annually.

- 2. Any education authority whose geographic area includes a district described in subsection 1 or 2 of section 167.826 operating an unaccredited school shall make information and assistance available to parents or guardians who intend to transfer their child from an unaccredited school to an accredited school in another district in the same or an adjoining county or an approved charter school in another district in the same or an adjoining county.
 - 3. The parent or quardian of a student who intends to transfer his or her child from an unaccredited school to an accredited school in another district in the same or an adjoining county or an approved charter school in another district in the same or an adjoining county shall send initial notification to the education authority for the county in which he or she resides by March first for enrollment in the subsequent school year.
 - 4. The education authority whose geographic area includes a district that operates an unaccredited school described in subsection 1 or 2 of section 167.826 shall assign those students who are unable to transfer to an accredited school in their district of residence and seek to transfer to an accredited school in another district in the same or an adjoining county or an approved charter school in another district in the same or an adjoining county. When assigning transfer students to approved charter schools, an education authority shall coordinate with

each approved charter school and its admissions process if 1 2 capacity is insufficient to enroll all students who submit a 3 timely application. An approved charter school shall not be required to receive any transfer students that would require it 4 5 to institute a lottery procedure for determining the admission of 6 resident students. The authority shall give first priority to 7 students who live in the same household with any family member within the first or second degree of consanguinity or affinity 8 9 who have already transferred and who apply to attend the same 10 school. If insufficient grade-appropriate enrollment slots are 11 available for a student to be able to transfer, that student 12 shall receive first priority the following school year. The authority shall only disrupt student and parent choice for 13 14 transfer if the available slots are requested by more students than there are slots available. The authority shall consider the 15 16 following factors in assigning schools, with the student's or 17 parent's choice as the most important factor: 18 The student's or parent's choice of the receiving (1)19 school; 20 (2) The best interests of the student; and 21 (3) Distance and travel time to a receiving school.

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The education authority shall not consider student academic performance, free and reduced price lunch status, or athletic ability in assigning a student to a school. When assigning transfer students to approved charter schools, an education authority shall coordinate with each approved charter school and its admissions process if capacity is insufficient to enroll all

28 <u>its admissions process if capacity is insufficient to enroll all</u>

- 1 students who submit a timely application.
- 2 <u>5. An education authority may deny a transfer to a student</u>
- 3 who in the most recent school year has been suspended from school
- 4 two or more times or who has been suspended for an act of school
- 5 violence under subsection 2 of section 160.261. A student whose
- 6 transfer is initially precluded under this subsection may be
- 7 permitted to transfer on a provisional basis as a probationary
- 8 transfer student, subject to no further disruptive behavior, upon
- 9 <u>a statement from the student's current school that the student is</u>
- 10 <u>not disruptive. A student who is denied a transfer under this</u>
- 11 <u>subsection has the right to an in-person meeting with a</u>
- 12 representative of the authority. Each education authority shall
- develop administrative quidelines to provide common standards for
- 14 <u>determining disruptive behavior that shall include</u>, but not be
- limited to, criteria under the safe schools act.
- 16 6. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the test
- 17 <u>scores of transfer students attending schools in districts other</u>
- than their district of residence under section 167.826 shall be
- 19 <u>counted as follows:</u>
- 20 (1) In the first year of attendance in a district or
- 21 <u>approved charter school, a transfer student's score on a</u>
- 22 statewide assessment shall not be included when calculating the
- 23 status or progress scores on the district's or charter school's
- 24 annual performance report scores. The growth score shall be
- 25 <u>weighted at one hundred percent.</u>
- 26 (2) In the second year of attendance, a transfer student's
- 27 score on a statewide assessment shall be weighted at thirty
- percent when calculating the district's or charter school's

performance for purposes of the district's or charter school's
annual performance report status or progress score, with the
growth score weighted at one hundred percent.

- (3) In the third year of attendance, a transfer student's score on a statewide assessment shall be weighted at seventy percent when calculating the district's or charter school's performance for purposes of the district's or charter school's annual performance report status or progress score, with the growth score weighted at one hundred percent.
 - (4) In the fourth year of attendance and any subsequent years of attendance, a transfer student's score on a statewide assessment shall be weighted at one hundred percent when calculating the district's or charter school's performance for purposes of the district's or charter school's annual performance report status or progress score, with the growth score weighted at one hundred percent.
 - 7. When performing the requirements of this section, section 167.132, or sections 167.830 to 167.845, if an education authority whose geographic area includes a district that operates an unaccredited school as described in subsection 1 or 2 of section 167.826 is not coordinating transfers due to insufficient funding or because the governor has not yet appointed a number of members sufficient to constitute a quorum to the education authority, the department of elementary and secondary education shall contract with or collaborate with any organizations it chooses, subject to the exception described in subsection 8 of this section, in order to coordinate transfers that each education authority is required to coordinate under such

sections. The department of elementary and secondary education and such organization or organizations it chooses shall fulfill all functions of the education authorities, including the duty to perform the tuition calculation as described in subsection 4 of section 167.132. Any applications for transfers and any reports of available enrollment slots that the education authorities would have received shall be submitted to the department of elementary and secondary education or such organization or organizations it chooses instead.

- 8. Beginning in the 2016-17 school year, when performing the requirements of this section or sections 167.830 to 167.845, neither the department of elementary and secondary education nor any education authority shall contract with or collaborate with any established regional association or cooperative of school districts located in any city not within a county or any county with a charter form of government and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants. No such regional association or cooperative of school districts shall receive any applications for transfers nor perform any functions assigned to the education authorities.
- Area Education Authority". The authority is hereby constituted a public instrumentality and body politic and corporate, and the exercise by the authority of the powers conferred by this section shall be deemed and held to be the performance of an essential public function. Unless otherwise provided, the authority shall be subject to all general laws pertaining to the operation of seven-director districts as defined in section 160.011.

- 1 2. If any metropolitan school district, any district 2 located in any county with a charter form of government and with 3 more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, or any district located in an adjoining county to them operates at least 4 5 one unaccredited school, the authority shall coordinate student 6 transfers from unaccredited schools to schools in accredited 7 districts as set forth in section 167.826 and, if applicable, to 8 approved charter schools.
- 9 3. The authority shall consist of five members to be 10 appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of 11 the senate, each of whom shall be a resident of the state. The 12 members shall reflect the population characteristics of the districts they represent. Not more than three of the five 13 14 members of the authority shall be of the same political party. 15 Two members shall be residents of the metropolitan school 16 district, two members shall be residents of school districts 17 located in a county with a charter form of government and with 18 more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, and one member 19 shall be a resident of a district located in an adjoining county 20 to a county with a charter form of government and with more than 21 nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants. The length of term for 22 members shall be six years except for the initial members, who 23 shall be appointed in the following manner:
 - (1) One member shall be appointed for a term of two years;
- 25 <u>(2) One member shall be appointed for a term of three</u> 26 years;

- 27 (3) One member shall be appointed for a term of four years;
- 28 (4) One member shall be appointed for a term of five years;

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- 3 <u>4. The term length of each initial appointee shall be</u>
- 4 designated by the governor at the time of making the appointment.
- 5 Upon the expiration of the initial terms of office, successor
- 6 members shall be appointed for terms of six years and shall serve
- 7 <u>until their successors have been appointed and have qualified.</u>
- 8 Any member shall be eliqible for reappointment. The governor
- 9 <u>shall fill any vacancy for the remainder of any unexpired term</u>
- 10 within thirty days of notification of the vacancy. Any member of
- the authority may be removed by the governor for misfeasance,
- malfeasance, willful neglect of duty, or other cause after notice
- and a public hearing unless the notice or hearing shall be
- 14 expressly waived in writing.
- 5. Members of the authority shall receive no compensation
- for services, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for
- 17 <u>necessary expenses</u>, including traveling and lodging expenses,
- incurred in the discharge of their duties. Any payment for
- 19 <u>expenses shall be paid from funds of the authority.</u>
- 20 6. One member of the authority, designated by the governor
- 21 <u>for the purpose, shall call and convene the initial</u>
- 22 organizational meeting of the authority and shall serve as its
- 23 president pro tempore. At the initial meeting and annually
- thereafter, the authority shall elect one of its members as
- 25 president. The authority may appoint an executive director who
- shall not be a member of the authority and who shall serve at its
- 27 pleasure. If an executive director is appointed, he or she shall
- receive such compensation as shall be fixed from time to time by

- 1 <u>action of the authority. The authority shall appoint a member as</u>
- 2 secretary who shall keep a record of the proceedings of the
- 3 authority and shall be the custodian of all books, documents, and
- 4 papers filed with the authority, the minute books or journal
- 5 thereof, and its official seal. The secretary may cause copies
- to be made of all minutes and other records and documents of the
- 7 <u>authority and may give certificates under the official seal of</u>
- 8 the authority to the effect that the copies are true and correct
- 9 copies, and all persons dealing with the authority may rely on
- 10 <u>such certificates</u>. The authority, by resolution duly adopted,
- 11 shall fix the powers and duties of its executive director as it
- may, from time to time, deem proper and necessary.
- 7. Meetings, records, and operations of the authority shall
- be subject to the provisions of chapter 610.
- 15 <u>8. The authority shall have the following powers, together</u>
- 16 with all powers incidental thereto or necessary for the
- 17 performance thereof to:
- 18 <u>(1) Have perpetual succession as a body politic and</u>
- 19 <u>corporate;</u>
- 20 (2) Adopt bylaws for the regulation of its affairs and the
- 21 conduct of its business;
- 22 (3) Sue and be sued and prosecute and defend, at law or in
- 23 equity, in any court having jurisdiction of the subject matter
- 24 and of the parties;
- 25 (4) Establish and use a corporate seal and alter the same
- 26 at pleasure;
- 27 (5) Maintain an office at such place or places in the state
- 28 of Missouri as it may designate;

- 1 (6) Employ an executive director and other staff as needed,
 2 with compensation fixed by the authority;
- 3 (7) Coordinate student transfers located in its
 4 jurisdiction, as provided by law; and

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- (8) Coordinate and collaborate with local districts,
 approved charter schools, and local governments for the transfer
 of students, as provided by law.
 - 167.833. 1. There is hereby created in the state treasury the "St. Louis Area Education Authority Fund". The fund shall consist of any appropriations, gifts, bequests, or public or private donations to such fund. Any moneys in the fund shall be used to fund the operations of the education authority. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve disbursements of public moneys in accordance with distribution requirements and procedures developed by the department of elementary and secondary education and shall make disbursement of private funds according to the directions of the donor. If the donor did not specify how the private funds were to be disbursed, the state treasurer shall contact the donor to determine the manner of disbursement. The fund shall be a dedicated fund and, upon appropriation, moneys in the fund shall be used solely for the administration of sections 167.830 and 167.833.
 - 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the general revenue fund.
 - 3. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in

the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and
moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

- 167.836. 1. There is hereby established the "Kansas City Area Education Authority". The authority is hereby constituted a public instrumentality and body politic and corporate, and the exercise by the authority of the powers conferred by this section shall be deemed and held to be the performance of an essential public function. Unless otherwise provided, the authority shall be subject to all general laws pertaining to the operation of seven-director districts as defined in section 160.011.
- 2. If any district located in any county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred thousand inhabitants or in an adjoining county operates at least one unaccredited school, the authority shall coordinate student transfers from unaccredited schools to schools in accredited districts as set forth in section 167.826 and, if applicable, to approved charter schools.
- 3. The authority shall consist of five members appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, each of whom shall be a resident of the state. Three members shall be residents of an urban school district containing most or all of a home rule city with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county. One member shall be a resident of a school district located in a county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred thousand inhabitants but such member shall be a resident of a school district other than an urban school district containing most or all of a home rule

- city with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county. One member shall be a resident of a school district located in a county adjoining to a county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred thousand inhabitants. The members shall reflect the population characteristics of the districts they represent. Not more than three of the five members of the authority shall be of the same political party. The length of term for members shall be six years except for the initial members, who shall be appointed in the following manner: (1) One member shall be appointed for a term of two years; (2) One member shall be appointed for a term of three years; (3) One member shall be appointed for a term of four years; (4) One member shall be appointed for a term of five years; and
- 17 (5) One member shall be appointed for a term of six years.

4. The term length of each initial appointee shall be designated by the governor at the time of making the appointment.

Upon the expiration of the initial terms of office, successor members shall be appointed for terms of six years and shall serve until their successors have been appointed and have qualified.

Any member shall be eliqible for reappointment. The governor shall fill any vacancy for the remainder of any unexpired term within thirty days of notification of the vacancy. Any member of the authority may be removed by the governor for misfeasance, malfeasance, willful neglect of duty, or other cause after notice and a public hearing unless the notice or hearing shall be

- 1 expressly waived in writing.
- 2 5. Members of the authority shall receive no compensation
- 3 for services, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for
- 4 necessary expenses, including traveling and lodging expenses,
- 5 <u>incurred in the discharge of their duties.</u> Any payment for
- 6 expenses shall be paid from funds of the authority.
- 7 6. One member of the authority, designated by the governor
- 8 for the purpose, shall call and convene the initial
- 9 organizational meeting of the authority and shall serve as its
- 10 president pro tempore. At the initial meeting and annually
- 11 <u>thereafter</u>, the authority shall elect one of its members as
- 12 president. The authority may appoint an executive director who
- shall not be a member of the authority and who shall serve at its
- 14 pleasure. If an executive director is appointed, he or she shall
- receive such compensation as shall be fixed from time to time by
- action of the authority. The authority shall appoint a member as
- secretary who shall keep a record of the proceedings of the
- 18 authority and shall be the custodian of all books, documents, and
- 19 papers filed with the authority, the minute books or journal
- thereof, and its official seal. The secretary may cause copies
- 21 to be made of all minutes and other records and documents of the
- 22 authority and may give certificates under the official seal of
- 23 the authority to the effect that the copies are true and correct
- 24 copies, and all persons dealing with the authority may rely on
- such certificates. The authority, by resolution duly adopted,
- 26 shall fix the powers and duties of its executive director as it
- 27 may, from time to time, deem proper and necessary.
- 7. Meetings, records, and operations of the authority shall

- 1 be subject to the provisions of chapter 610.
- 2 8. The authority shall have the following powers, together
- 3 with all powers incidental thereto or necessary for the
- 4 performance thereof to:
- 5 <u>(1) Have perpetual succession as a body politic and</u>
- 6 corporate;
- 7 (2) Adopt bylaws for the regulation of its affairs and the
- 8 <u>conduct of its business;</u>
- 9 (3) Sue and be sued and prosecute and defend, at law or in
- 10 equity, in any court having jurisdiction of the subject matter
- 11 and of the parties;
- 12 (4) Establish and use a corporate seal and alter the same
- 13 at pleasure;
- 14 (5) Maintain an office at such place or places in the state
- of Missouri as it may designate;
- 16 (6) Employ an executive director and other staff as needed,
- with compensation fixed by the authority;
- 18 (7) Coordinate student transfers located in its
- jurisdiction, as provided by law; and
- 20 (8) Coordinate and collaborate with local districts,
- 21 <u>approved charter schools, and local governments for the transfer</u>
- of students, as provided by law.
- 23 167.839. 1. There is hereby created in the state treasury
- the "Kansas City Area Education Authority Fund". The fund shall
- 25 <u>consist of any appropriations, gifts, bequests, or public or</u>
- 26 private donations to such fund. Any moneys in the fund shall be
- 27 used to fund the operations of the education authority. The
- 28 <u>state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance</u>

- 1 with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve
- 2 <u>disbursements of public moneys in accordance with distribution</u>
- 3 requirements and procedures developed by the department of
- 4 elementary and secondary education and shall make disbursement of
- 5 private funds according to the directions of the donor. If the
- 6 donor did not specify how the private funds were to be disbursed,
- 7 the state treasurer shall contact the donor to determine the
- 8 manner of disbursement. The fund shall be a dedicated fund and,
- 9 upon appropriation, moneys in the fund shall be used solely for
- the administration of sections 167.836 and 167.839.
- 11 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the
- contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the
- biennium shall not revert to the credit of the general revenue
- 14 <u>fund.</u>
- 15 <u>3. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in</u>
- the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and
- 17 moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.
- 18 167.842. 1. There is hereby established the "Statewide
- 19 Education Authority". The authority is hereby constituted a
- 20 public instrumentality and body politic and corporate, and the
- 21 exercise by the authority of the powers conferred by this section
- shall be deemed and held to be the performance of an essential
- 23 public function. Unless otherwise provided, the authority shall
- 24 be subject to all general laws pertaining to the operation of
- 25 <u>seven-director districts as defined in section 160.011. The</u>
- jurisdiction of the statewide education authority shall be all
- 27 counties except for:

(1) Any city not within a county;

1 (2) Any county with a charter form of government and with
2 more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred
3 thousand inhabitants and adjoining counties; and

- (3) Any county with a charter form of government and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and adjoining counties.
 - 2. If any district located in the statewide education authority's jurisdiction operates at least one unaccredited school, the authority shall coordinate student transfers from unaccredited schools to schools in accredited districts as set forth in section 167.826 and, if applicable, to approved charter schools.
 - 3. The authority shall consist of five members to be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, each of whom shall be a resident of the state. The members shall reflect the population characteristics of the districts they represent. Not more than three of the five members of the authority shall be of the same political party. The governor shall not appoint members to the authority until the state board of education gives notice that a district in the authority's jurisdiction has been classified as unaccredited. The length of term for members shall be six years except for the initial members, who shall be appointed in the following manner:
 - (1) One member shall be appointed for a term of two years;
- 25 <u>(2) One member shall be appointed for a term of three</u> 26 years;
- 27 (3) One member shall be appointed for a term of four years;
- 28 <u>(4) One member shall be appointed for a term of five years;</u>

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2 (5) One member shall be appointed for a term of six years.

3 4. The term length of each initial appointee shall be

4 designated by the governor at the time of making the appointment.

5 Upon the expiration of the initial terms of office, successor

6 members shall be appointed for terms of six years and shall serve

until their successors have been appointed and have qualified.

8 Any member shall be eliqible for reappointment. The governor

shall fill any vacancy for the remainder of any unexpired term

within thirty days of notification of the vacancy. Any member of

the authority may be removed by the governor for misfeasance,

malfeasance, willful neglect of duty, or other cause after notice

and a public hearing unless the notice or hearing shall be

14 <u>expressly waived in writing.</u>

- 5. Members of the authority shall receive no compensation for services, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for necessary expenses, including traveling and lodging expenses, incurred in the discharge of their duties. Any payment for expenses shall be paid from funds of the authority.
- 6. One member of the authority, designated by the governor for the purpose, shall call and convene the initial organizational meeting of the authority and shall serve as its president pro tempore. At the initial meeting and annually thereafter, the authority shall elect one of its members as president. The authority may appoint an executive director who shall not be a member of the authority and who shall serve at its pleasure. If an executive director is appointed, he or she shall receive such compensation as shall be fixed from time to time by

- 1 action of the authority. The authority shall appoint a member as
- 2 secretary who shall keep a record of the proceedings of the
- 3 authority and shall be the custodian of all books, documents, and
- 4 papers filed with the authority, the minute books or journal
- 5 thereof, and its official seal. The secretary may cause copies
- 6 to be made of all minutes and other records and documents of the
- 7 authority and may give certificates under the official seal of
- 8 the authority to the effect that the copies are true and correct
- 9 copies, and all persons dealing with the authority may rely on
- 10 <u>such certificates</u>. The authority, by resolution duly adopted,
- 11 shall fix the powers and duties of its executive director as it
- may, from time to time, deem proper and necessary.
- 7. Meetings, records, and operations of the authority shall
- be subject to the provisions of chapter 610.
- 15 8. The authority shall have the following powers, together
- 16 with all powers incidental thereto or necessary for the
- 17 performance thereof to:
- 18 <u>(1) Have perpetual succession as a body politic and</u>
- 19 <u>corporate;</u>
- 20 (2) Adopt bylaws for the regulation of its affairs and the
- 21 conduct of its business;
- 22 (3) Sue and be sued and prosecute and defend, at law or in
- 23 equity, in any court having jurisdiction of the subject matter
- 24 and of the parties;
- 25 (4) Establish and use a corporate seal and alter the same
- 26 at pleasure;
- 27 (5) Maintain an office at such place or places in the state
- 28 of Missouri as it may designate;

- 1 (6) Employ an executive director and other staff as needed,
 2 with compensation fixed by the authority;
- 3 (7) Coordinate student transfers located in its
- 4 jurisdiction, as provided by law; and
- 5 (8) Coordinate and collaborate with local districts,
- 6 <u>approved charter schools, and local governments for the transfer</u>
- of students, as provided by law.
- 8 167.845. 1. There is hereby created in the state treasury
- 9 the "Statewide Education Authority Fund". The fund shall consist
- of any appropriations, gifts, bequests, or public or private
- donations to such fund. Any moneys in the fund shall be used to
- 12 fund the operations of the education authority. The state
- treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance with
- sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve
- disbursements of public moneys in accordance with distribution
- requirements and procedures developed by the department of
- 17 elementary and secondary education and shall make disbursement of
- 18 private funds according to the directions of the donor. If the
- 19 donor did not specify how the private funds were to be disbursed,
- 20 the state treasurer shall contact the donor to determine the
- 21 <u>manner of disbursement. The fund shal</u>l be a dedicated fund and,
- 22 upon appropriation, moneys in the fund shall be used solely for
- 23 the administration of sections 167.842 and 167.845.
- 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the
- 25 <u>contrary</u>, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the
- biennium shall not revert to the credit of the general revenue
- 27 fund.
- 28 3. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in

- 1 the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and
- 2 moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.
- 3 167.848. For purposes of sections 161.084, 161.087,
- 4 161.238, 162.1250, 162.1305, 162.1310, 162.1313, 167.642,
- 5 167.685, 167.688, and 167.825 to 167.848, the following terms
- 6 mean:
- 7 (1) "Accredited district", a school district that is
- 8 <u>classified as accredited or accredited with distinction by the</u>
- 9 state board of education pursuant to the authority of the state
- 10 board of education to classify schools as established in sections
- 11 161.087 and 161.092;
- 12 (2) "Accredited school", an attendance center that is
- 13 <u>classified as accredited or accredited with distinction by the</u>
- 14 <u>state board of education pursuant to the authority of the state</u>
- board of education to classify schools as established in sections
- 16 161.087, 161.092, and 161.238;
- 17 (3) "Approved charter school", a charter school that has
- 18 existed for less than three years or a charter school with a
- 19 <u>three-year average score of seventy percent or higher on its</u>
- 20 annual performance report;
- 21 (4) "Attendance center", a public school building or
- 22 buildings or part of <u>a school building that constitutes one unit</u>
- 23 for accountability purposes under the Missouri school improvement
- 24 program;
- 25 (5) "Borderline district", a school district that has a
- 26 current annual performance report score between seventy-five and
- 27 seventy with the last two consecutive years showing a decline in
- the score, with a district third-grade or eighth-grade statewide

- reading assessment that shows that fifty percent or more of the students are at a level less than proficient, and a transient
- 3 <u>student ratio in the top quartile of districts;</u>

- 4 (6) "Education authority" or "authority", an education 5 authority established under sections 167.830 to 167.845;
 - (7) "Provisionally accredited district", a school district that is classified as provisionally accredited by the state board of education pursuant to the authority of the state board of education to classify schools as established in sections 161.087 and 161.092;
 - (8) "Provisionally accredited school", an attendance center that is classified as provisionally accredited by the state board of education pursuant to the authority of the state board of education to classify schools as established in sections 161.087, 161.092, and 161.238;
 - (9) "Unaccredited district", a school district classified as unaccredited by the state board of education pursuant to the authority of the state board of education to classify schools as established in sections 161.087 and 161.092;
 - (10) "Unaccredited school", an attendance center that is classified as unaccredited by the state board of education pursuant to the authority of the state board of education to classify schools as established in sections 161.087, 161.092, and 161.238;
 - (11) "Underperforming", a school district or an attendance center that has been classified as unaccredited or provisionally accredited pursuant to the authority of the state board of education to classify schools or has a three-year average annual

- performance report score consistent with a classification of
 provisionally accredited or unaccredited.
- 3 <u>167.890.</u> 1. The department of elementary and secondary
- 4 <u>education shall compile and maintain student performance data</u>
- 5 scores of all transfer students enrolled in districts other than
- 6 their resident districts as provided in sections 167.825 and
- 7 167.826 and make such data available on the Missouri
- 8 <u>comprehensive data system.</u> No personally identifiable data shall
- 9 <u>be accessible on the database.</u>
- 10 <u>2. The department of elementary and secondary education may</u>
- 11 promulgate all necessary rules and regulations for the
- 12 <u>administration of this section</u>. Any rule or portion of a rule,
- as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under
- 14 the authority delegated in this section shall become effective
- only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions
- of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section
- and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the powers vested
- 18 with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to
- 19 delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are
- 20 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking
- 21 <u>authority and any rule proposed or ad</u>opted after the effective
- 22 date of this section shall be invalid and void.
- 23 170.215. 1. Any school district may enter into a contract
- 24 with a public library to provide online tutoring services through
- 25 <u>a third-party vendor or a nonprofit organization for the</u>
- district's students. Any tutoring services shall be conducted
- 27 through any compatible computer to participating students who
- have a library card, both within and without the public library

- 1 facility.
- 2. Online tutoring services may include, but shall not be
- 3 limited to, providing participating students with a library card
- 4 the following:
- 5 (1) Assistance with homework;
- 6 (2) Collaboration and study tools in math, science, social
- 7 sciences, English, language arts, and computer literacy;
- 8 (3) Access to comprehensive writing assistance productivity
- 9 <u>software; and</u>
- 10 (4) Test preparation tools.
- 3. Any contract may allow participating students with a
- 12 library card dedicated access to assistance during specified
- 13 <u>hours of the day and specified days of the week.</u> A contract may
- 14 <u>also allow students to submit questions to tutors or join online</u>
- 15 <u>study groups.</u>
- 16 4. Online tutoring services shall be designed and
- implemented in such a manner as to:
- 18 (1) Protect individual student privacy;
- 19 (2) Prohibit voice communication between the parties; and
- 20 (3) Prohibit face-to-face visual communication.
- 5. No employe<u>e of any third-party vendor or nonprofit</u>
- 22 organization with which a public library has contracted for
- 23 online tutoring services shall solicit personally identifiable
- 24 information from any participating student including, but not
- 25 <u>limited to, home address, telephone number, and email address.</u>
- 26 6. Any entity that offers online tutoring services under
- 27 this section shall maintain an archive of all communications
- between students and tutors for two years.

7. School districts may use available funds or seek grants
from private foundations to cover the costs of online tutoring
services.

the "Parent Portal Fund". The fund shall consist of any gifts, bequests, or public or private donations to such fund. Any moneys in the fund shall be used to assist districts in establishing and maintaining a parent portal. School districts may establish a parent portal that shall be accessible by mobile technology for parents to have access to educational information and access to student data. Any person or entity that makes a gift, bequest, or donation to the fund may specify the district that shall be the recipient of such gift, bequest, or donation.

- 2. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve disbursements of public moneys in accordance with distribution requirements and procedures developed by the department of elementary and secondary education and shall make disbursements of private funds according to the directions of the donor. If the donor did not specify how the private funds were to be disbursed, the state treasurer shall contact the donor to determine the manner of disbursement. The fund shall be a dedicated fund and, upon appropriation, moneys in the fund shall be used solely for the administration of this section.
- 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the general revenue fund.

4. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

- 171.031. 1. Each school board shall prepare annually a calendar for the school term, specifying the opening date and providing a minimum term of at least one hundred seventy-four days for schools with a five-day school week or one hundred forty-two days for schools with a four-day school week, and one thousand forty-four hours of actual pupil attendance. In addition, such calendar shall include six make-up days for possible loss of attendance due to inclement weather as defined in subsection 1 of section 171.033.
 - 2. Each local school district may set its opening date each year, which date shall be no earlier than ten calendar days prior to the first Monday in September. No public school district shall select an earlier start date unless the district follows the procedure set forth in subsection 3 of this section.
 - 3. A district may set an opening date that is more than ten calendar days prior to the first Monday in September only if the local school board first gives public notice of a public meeting to discuss the proposal of opening school on a date more than ten days prior to the first Monday in September, and the local school board holds said meeting and, at the same public meeting, a majority of the board votes to allow an earlier opening date. If all of the previous conditions are met, the district may set its opening date more than ten calendar days prior to the first Monday in September. The condition provided in this subsection must be satisfied by the local school board each year that the

- board proposes an opening date more than ten days before the
 first Monday in September.
- 4. If any local district violates the provisions of this section, the department of elementary and secondary education shall withhold an amount equal to one quarter of the state funding the district generated under section 163.031 for each date the district was in violation of this section.
- 5. The provisions of subsections 2 to 4 of this section

 9 shall not apply to school districts in which school is in session

 10 for twelve months of each calendar year.
- 11 6. The state board of education may grant an exemption from
 12 this section to a school district that demonstrates highly
 13 unusual and extenuating circumstances justifying exemption from
 14 the provisions of subsections 2 to 4 of this section. Any
 15 exemption granted by the state board of education shall be valid
 16 for one academic year only.
- 7. No school day for schools with a five-day school week shall be longer than seven hours except for:

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- (1) Vocational schools which may adopt an eight-hour day in a metropolitan school district and a school district in a first class county adjacent to a city not within a county, and any school that adopts a four-day school week in accordance with section 171.029; and
- (2) A school district that increases the length of the school day or the number of required hours by following the procedure established in subsection 8 of this section.
- 27 <u>8. The school board of any district in this state that has</u>
 28 <u>been classified as unaccredited or provisionally accredited by</u>

the state board of education or that is accredited but has a three-year average annual performance report score consistent with a classification of unaccredited or provisionally accredited may increase the length of the school day upon adoption of a resolution by a majority vote to authorize such action. Such a school district may also increase the annual hours of instruction above the required number of hours in subsection 1 of this section by the adoption of a resolution by a majority vote to authorize such action.

- 9. (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury the
 "Extended Learning Time Fund". The fund shall consist of any
 moneys that may be appropriated by the general assembly from
 general revenue to such fund, any moneys paid into the state
 treasury and required by law to be credited to such fund, and any
 gifts, bequests, or public or private donations to such fund.
- (2) The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve disbursements in accordance with distribution requirements and procedures developed by the department of elementary and secondary education. The fund shall be a dedicated fund and, upon appropriation, moneys in the fund shall be used solely for the administration of subsection 8 of this section.
- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the general revenue fund.
 - (4) The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in

the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and
moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

177.015. 1. Each district that owns a building that is not occupied shall, by March fifteenth annually, prepare a public document listing the status of each district-owned building that is not occupied. The document shall include the address of each building and the amount of money the district spends annually on the building including, but not limited to, a separate accounting for repairs, maintenance, utilities, and insurance. The document shall include an estimate of the fair market value of each building. The district shall post this information on its internet website and make the document available to each district taxpayer.

2. For purposes of this section, the term "occupied" means a district-owned building used for the education of children between the ages of four and twenty-one for at least three hours a day for a school term.

210.861. 1. When the tax prescribed by section 210.860 or section 67.1775 is established, the governing body of the city or county or city not within a county shall appoint a board of directors consisting of nine members, who shall be residents of the city or county or city not within a county. All board members shall be appointed to serve for a term of three years, except that of the first board appointed, three members shall be appointed for one-year terms, three members for two-year terms and three members for three-year terms. Board members may be reappointed. In a city not within a county, or any county of the first classification with a charter form of government with a

population not less than nine hundred thousand inhabitants, or any county of the first classification with a charter form of government with a population not less than two hundred thousand inhabitants and not more than six hundred thousand inhabitants, or any noncharter county of the first classification with a population not less than one hundred seventy thousand and not more than two hundred thousand inhabitants, or any noncharter county of the first classification with a population not less than eighty thousand and not more than eighty-three thousand inhabitants, or any third classification county with a population not less than twenty-eight thousand and not more than thirty thousand inhabitants, or any county of the third classification with a population not less than nineteen thousand five hundred and not more than twenty thousand inhabitants the members of the community mental health board of trustees appointed pursuant to the provisions of sections 205.975 to 205.990 shall be the board members for the community children's services fund. The directors shall not receive compensation for their services, but may be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses.

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2. The board shall elect a chairman, vice chairman, treasurer, and such other officers as it deems necessary for its membership. Before taking office, the treasurer shall furnish a surety bond, in an amount to be determined and in a form to be approved by the board, for the faithful performance of his or her duties and faithful accounting of all moneys that may come into his or her hands. The treasurer shall enter into the surety bond with a surety company authorized to do business in Missouri, and the cost of such bond shall be paid by the board of directors.

The board shall administer and expend all funds generated pursuant to section 210.860 or section 67.1775 in a manner consistent with this section.

- 3. The board may contract with public or not-for-profit agencies licensed or certified where appropriate to provide qualified services and may place conditions on the use of such funds. The board shall reserve the right to audit the expenditure of any and all funds. The board and any agency with which the board contracts may establish eligibility standards for the use of such funds and the receipt of services. No member of the board shall serve on the governing body, have any financial interest in, or be employed by any agency which is a recipient of funds generated pursuant to section 210.860 or section 67.1775.
 - 4. Revenues collected and deposited in the community children's services fund may be expended for the purchase of the following services:
 - (1) Up to thirty days of temporary shelter for abused, neglected, runaway, homeless or emotionally disturbed youth; respite care services; and services to unwed mothers;
 - (2) Outpatient chemical dependency and psychiatric treatment programs; counseling and related services as a part of transitional living programs; home-based and community-based family intervention programs; unmarried parent services; crisis intervention services, inclusive of telephone hotlines; and prevention programs which promote healthy lifestyles among children and youth and strengthen families;
 - (3) Individual, group, or family professional counseling and therapy services; psychological evaluations; and mental

- 1 health screenings.
- 2 5. Revenues collected and deposited in the community
- 3 children's services fund may not be expended for inpatient
- 4 medical, psychiatric, and chemical dependency services, or for
- 5 transportation services.
- 6. (1) In fiscal years 2016 and 2017, in any county with a
- 7 <u>charter form of government and with more than nine hundred fifty</u>
- 8 thousand inhabitants that contains all or any portion of a school
- 9 <u>district that has been designated as unaccredited or</u>
- 10 provisionally accredited by the state board of education, up to
- 11 five percent of the community children's services fund's yearly
- 12 <u>revenues, based on the total dollar amount needed to provide</u>
- services as determined by a needs assessment, shall be devoted to
- 14 a grant program that delivers services directly to schools in
- such districts according to the procedure in this subsection.
- The president of the school board shall notify the board of
- 17 <u>directors within five business days after such designation. The</u>
- 18 board shall, in its budget process for the following fiscal year,
- 19 ensure that the total amount of funds needed to provide services
- 20 based on the needs assessment is allocated according to this
- 21 subsection, not to exceed five percent of the fund's yearly
- 22 revenues. If the total amount of funds needed to provide such
- 23 services exceeds five percent of the fund's yearly revenues, the
- funds shall be distributed in an order based on the greatest need
- for each district. Any moneys distributed from the fund to a
- district shall be subject to an annual audit.
- 27 <u>(2) The board shall undertake a needs assessment for any</u>
- 28 such school district within ninety days after receipt of the

- 1 <u>notice under this subsection. The needs assessment shall be used</u>
- 2 <u>as a basis for comprehensive mental health wraparound services</u>
- 3 <u>delivery for which the board shall contract as provided under</u>
- 4 <u>subsection 3 of this section.</u>
- 5 (3) The board shall appoint one of its members to a direct
- 6 school service coordinating committee, which is hereby created.
- 7 The board may appoint an additional one of its members to serve
- 8 <u>as an ex officio member. The board shall appoint a social worker</u>
- 9 to the committee. The school board of each affected district
- 10 <u>shall appoint two parents with a child enrolled in a public</u>
- 11 school in the district based on school district identification
- 12 <u>numbers from the department of elementary and secondary</u>
- education, rotating year to year from highest number to lowest
- 14 <u>number. The school board of each affected district shall appoint</u>
- 15 <u>a school services staff member. The superintendent of each</u>
- 16 affected district shall serve on the committee. An additional
- member from each affected district may be appointed to serve as
- 18 an ex officio member.
- 19 <u>(4) The direct school service coordinating committee shall</u>
- 20 provide recommendations and oversight to the program of
- 21 <u>contracted services under this subsection.</u>
- 22 (5) If an additional district becomes unaccredited or
- 23 provisionally accredited in the service area of the children's
- 24 services fund, the general assembly shall review the percentage
- of revenue dedicated to the grant program for a possible
- 26 increase.
- 27 (6) The provisions of this subsection shall terminate on
- 28 June 30, 2017.

1 633.420. 1. For the purposes of this section, the term 2 "dyslexia" means a disorder that is neurological in origin, 3 characterized by difficulties with accurate and fluent word recognition, and poor spelling and decoding abilities that 4 5 typically result from a deficit in the phonological component of 6 language, often unexpected in relation to other cognitive 7 abilities and the provision of effective classroom instruction, 8 and of which secondary consequences may include problems in 9 reading comprehension and reduced reading experience that can 10 impede growth of vocabulary and background knowledge. Nothing in 11 this section shall prohibit a district from assessing students 12 for dyslexia and offering students specialized reading instruction if a determination is made that a student suffers 13 from dyslexia. Unless required by federal law, nothing in this 14 15 definition shall require a student with dyslexia to be 16 automatically determined eligible as a student with a disability. 17 2. There is hereby created the "Legislative Task Force on Dyslexia". The joint committee on education shall provide 18 19 technical and administrative support as required by the task 20 force to fulfill its duties. The task force shall meet at least 21 quarterly and may hold meetings by telephone or video conference. 22 The task force shall advise and make recommendations to the 23 governor, general assembly, and relevant state agencies regarding 24 matters concerning individuals with dyslexia including education 25 and other adult and adolescent services. 26 3. The task force shall be comprised of eighteen members 27 consisting of the following:

(1) Four members of the general assembly, with two members

1	from the senate to be appointed by the president pro tempore and
2	two members from the house of representatives to be appointed by
3	the speaker of the house of representatives;
4	(2) The commissioner of education, or his or her designee;
5	(3) One representative from an institution of higher
6	education located in this state with specialized expertise in
7	dyslexia and reading instruction;
8	(4) A representative from a state teachers association or
9	the Missouri National Education Association;
10	(5) A representative from the International Dyslexia
11	Association of Missouri;
12	(6) A representative from Decoding Dyslexia of Missouri;
13	(7) A representative from the Missouri Association of
14	Elementary School Principals;
15	(8) A representative from the Missouri Council of
16	Administrators of Special Education;
17	(9) A professional licensed in the state of Missouri with
18	experience diagnosing dyslexia including, but not limited to, a
19	licensed psychologist, school psychologist, or neuropsychologist;
20	(10) A speech-language pathologist with training and
21	experience in early literacy development and effective research-
22	based intervention techniques for dyslexia, including an Orton-
23	Gillingham remediation program recommended by the Missouri
24	Speech-Language Hearing Association, or a certified academic
25	language therapist recommended by the Academic Language
26	Therapists Association who is a resident of this state;
27	(11) A representative from an independent private provider
28	or nonprofit organization serving individuals with dyslexia;

- 1 (12) An assistive technology specialist with expertise in 2 accessible print materials and assistive technology used by 3 individuals with dyslexia recommended by the Missouri assistive 4 technology council;
- 5 (13) One private citizen who has a child who has been 6 diagnosed with dyslexia;
- 7 (14) One private citizen who has been diagnosed with 8 dyslexia; and
- 9 (15) A representative of the Missouri State Council of the 10 International Reading Association.
- 11 4. The members of the task force, other than the members 12 from the general assembly and ex officio members, shall be appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate or the 13 14 speaker of the house of representatives by September 1, 2015, by 15 alternating appointments beginning with the president pro tempore 16 of the senate. A chairperson shall be selected by the members of 17 the task force. Any vacancy on the task force shall be filled in 18 the same manner as the original appointment. Members shall serve 19 on the task force without compensation.
- 5. The task force shall make recommendations for a statewide system for identification, intervention, and delivery of supports for students with dyslexia including the development 23 of resource materials and professional development activities. 24 These recommendations shall be included in a report to the governor and legislature and shall include findings and proposed legislation and shall be made available no longer than twelve months from the task force's first meeting.

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6. The recommendations and resource materials developed by

1 the task force shall:

(1) Identify valid and reliable screening and evaluation

assessments and protocols that can be used and the appropriate

personnel to administer such assessments in order to identify

children with dyslexia or the characteristics of dyslexia as part

of an ongoing reading progress monitoring system, multi-tiered

system of supports, and special education eligibility

determinations in schools;

- (2) Recommend an evidence-based reading instruction, with consideration of the National Reading Panel Report and Orton-Gillingham methodology principles for use in all Missouri schools, and intervention system, including a list of effective dyslexia intervention programs, to address dyslexia or characteristics of dyslexia for use by schools in multi-tiered systems of support and for services as appropriate for special education eligible students;
 - (3) Develop and implement preservice and inservice professional development activities to address dyslexia identification and intervention, including utilization of accessible print materials and assistive technology, within degree programs such as education, reading, special education, speech-language pathology, and psychology;
- (4) Review teacher certification and professional development requirements as they relate to the needs of students with dyslexia;
- (5) Examine the barriers to accurate information on the prevalence of students with dyslexia across the state and recommend a process for accurate reporting of demographic data;

1 and

- 2 (6) Study and evaluate current practices for diagnosing,
 3 treating, and educating children in this state and examine how
 4 current laws and regulations affect students with dyslexia in
 5 order to present recommendations to the governor and general
 6 assembly.
 - 7. The task force shall hire or contract for hire specialist services to support the work of the task force as necessary with appropriations made by the general assembly for that purpose or from other available funding.
- 8. The task force authorized under this section shall
 automatically sunset on August 31, 2017, unless reauthorized by
 an act of the general assembly.
 - Section 1. 1. By September 1, 2015, each metropolitan school district at any time it is underperforming, each urban school district containing most or all of a home rule city with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county at any time it is underperforming, and each district located in any county with a charter form of government and with more than nine hundred fifty thousand inhabitants at any time it is underperforming shall identify any district-owned buildings that are vacant and unused for classroom instruction.

 Each district shall obtain an outside appraisal of each such building.
 - 2. Between September 1, 2015, and October 1, 2015, each district shall publicly list any such building for sale with no restrictions in the deed prohibiting such building from being used for education purposes.

3. Between October 1, 2015, and March 1, 2016, each
district shall provide multiple opportunities for potential
purchasers to tour the buildings. At such time, each potential
purchaser may develop its own cost estimates, at the expense of
the potential purchaser, for a building to be refurbished and
brought into compliance with any required health, safety, or
occupancy code. Each district shall provide public notice of the

4. By March 1, 2016, the district shall place any such buildings that have not been sold into the level one pool.

However, the district may designate up to thirty percent of such buildings as franchise buildings. For any franchise building, the district shall develop a plan to return the building to use within three school years.

opportunities for potential purchasers to tour the buildings.

- 5. By May 1, 2016, the district shall place any buildings not sold through the level one pool into the level two pool.
 - 6. By July 1, 2016, the district shall place any buildings not sold through the level two pool into the level three pool.

 For any building sold through the level three pool, the district shall retain a reversionary interest in the building. If the purchaser is a charter school, the building shall revert to the district if the charter school ceases operation, subject to any deeds of trust that secure any financing of improvements to the property. If the purchaser is an entity other than a charter school, the building shall revert to the district after two years if the purchaser does not begin renovation, refurbishment, or a repurposing of the building during that time.
 - 7. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

- 1 (1) "Certified public bidder", any public library, local
 2 community center, charter school, or political subdivision that
- 3 <u>has created and submitted to the school board a land use plan for</u>
- 4 <u>a building described in subsection 1 of this section;</u>
- 5 (2) "Level one pool", the time at which a district makes
- 6 <u>buildings available for sale at auction with a minimum starting</u>
- 7 price at fifty percent of the appraised value. Bidding is
- 8 <u>limited to certified public bidders only;</u>
- 9 (3) "Level two pool", the time at which a district makes

 10 buildings available for sale at auction with a minimum starting

 11 price at twenty-five percent of the appraised value. Bidding is
- 12 available to any public or private entity;
- 13 <u>(4) "Level three pool", the time at which a district makes</u>
 14 buildings available for sale for a nominal fee;
- 15 (5) "Underperforming", a school district that has been
- 16 <u>classified as unaccredited or provisionally accredited by the</u>
- 17 <u>state board of education or has a three-year average annual</u>
- 18 performance report score consistent with a state board of
- 19 <u>education classification of provisionally accredited or</u>
- 20 unaccredited.
- 8. Any building that has remained in the level three pool
- for longer than six months may be demolished using funds from the
- reclamation and demolition fund. Subject to appropriations, a
- 24 school district may receive an amount equal to twenty-five
- 25 percent of the appraised value of the building to be demolished
- 26 from the reclamation and demolition fund. There is hereby
- 27 created in the state treasury the "The Reclamation and Demolition
- Fund", which shall consist of any moneys that the general

- 1 <u>assembly may appropriate to the fund. The state treasurer shall</u>
- 2 be custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and
- 3 30.180, the state treasurer may approve disbursements. The fund
- 4 shall be a dedicated fund and, upon appropriation, moneys in the
- 5 <u>fund shall be used solely by the office of administration for the</u>
- 6 purposes of carrying out the provisions of this section.
- 7 Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary,
- 8 any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall
- 9 <u>not revert to the credit of the general revenue fund. The state</u>
- 10 treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as
- other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such
- 12 <u>investments shall be credited to the fund.</u>
- 9. If any provision of this section, or the application
- thereof to anyone or to any circumstances is held invalid, the
- 15 <u>remainder of this section or this act and application of such</u>
- 16 provisions to others or other circumstances shall not be affected
- thereby.
- 18 Section 2. If any provision of this act, or the application
- 19 thereof to anyone or to any circumstances is held invalid, the
- 20 remainder of the provisions of this act and the application of
- 21 such provisions to others or other circumstances shall not be
- 22 affected thereby.
- 23 Section B. Because of the importance of improving and
- 24 sustaining Missouri's elementary and secondary education system
- 25 and establishing standards for student transfers to school
- districts, section A of this act is deemed necessary for the
- 27 immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace, and
- safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the

1	meaning of the constitution, and section A of this act shall be
2	in full force and effect upon its passage and approval.
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