Sixty-fourth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

HOUSE BILL NO. 1027

Introduced by

Legislative Management

(Agriculture Committee)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact chapter 4.1-26 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating
- 2 to the milk marketing board; to amend and reenact section 54-07-01.2 of the North Dakota
- 3 Century Code, relating to boards and commissions; and to repeal chapter 4-18.1 of the North
- 4 Dakota Century Code, relating to the milk marketing board.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 6 SECTION 1. Chapter 4.1-26 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as 7 follows:
- 8 4.1-26-01. Definitions.
- 9 Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions in this section apply to this chapter.
- 10 "Bulk milk" means milk that is purchased by a processor from a person other than a
- 11 dairy farmer and which is purchased in a container other than the one in which the
- 12 milk will be resold to a retailer or to a consumer.
- 13 "Dairy farmer" means any person who produces grade A raw milk for sale to a <u>2.</u> 14 processor.
- 15 "Dairy farmer-processor" means a person who is both a dairy farmer and a processor 3. 16

and who does not purchase raw milk from other dairy farmers, provided:

- 17 A dairy farmer-processor is a dairy farmer with respect to the sale of raw milk a.
- 18 produced by that person to a processor; and
- 19 A dairy farmer-processor is a processor with respect to any processing, <u>b.</u> 20 manufacturing, or sale of milk products or frozen dairy products or with respect to 21 the receipt of bulk milk from a source other than that person's own production.
- 22 "Dealer" means any processor or distributor. <u>4.</u>
- 23 5. "Distributor" means a person, other than a processor, that sells to consumers on one 24 or more home delivery routes, that sells to retailers, or that sells to both.

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1	<u>6.</u>	"Distribu	tor price" means the price at which any milk product or frozen dairy product,						
2		not inten	ded for resale at a fixed location owned by a distributor, is purchased by a						
3		distributor.							
4	<u>7.</u>	"Frozen	"Frozen dairy product" means:						
5		a. Ice	cream;						
6		b. <u>lce</u>	milk;						
7		c. Fro	zen custard;						
8		<u>d.</u> Fru	it sherbet;						
9		e. The	mix from which any such product listed in subdivisions a through d is made;						
10		<u>and</u>							
11		<u>f.</u> Any	frozen product that contains milk solids not fat, or butterfat, and which is						
12		con	nmonly referred to in the dairy industry as a novelty.						
13	<u>8.</u>	<u>"Marketir</u>	ng area" means a geographical portion of this state, within which minimum or						
14		maximur	n prices established by the board must be uniform.						
15	<u>9.</u>	<u>"Milk" me</u>	eans the lacteal secretion of a cow, including when the secretion is raw,						
16		cooled, p	pasteurized, standardized, homogenized, recombined, or concentrated,						
17		provided	the secretion meets applicable grade A requirements.						
18	<u>10.</u>	"Milk pro	duct" means:						
19		<u>a. (1)</u>	Buttermilk, including plain and creamed;						
20		<u>(2)</u>	Concentrated milk;						
21		<u>(3)</u>	Creamline milk;						
22		<u>(4)</u>	Flavored milk;						
23		<u>(5)</u>	Flavored skim milk;						
24		<u>(6)</u>	Fortified milk;						
25		<u>(7)</u>	Homogenized milk;						
26		<u>(8)</u>	Low fat milk;						
27		<u>(9)</u>	Raw milk;						
28		<u>(10)</u>	Regular milk;						
29		<u>(11)</u>	Skim milk;						
30		<u>(12)</u>	Special milk;						
31		<u>(13)</u>	Standardized milk; and						

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1			<u>(14)</u>	Whole pasteurized milk;
2		<u>b.</u>	<u>(1)</u>	Cottage cheese; and
3			<u>(2)</u>	Creamed cottage cheese;
4		<u>C.</u>	<u>Egg</u>	inog:
5		<u>d.</u>	<u>(1)</u>	Fluid cream;
6			<u>(2)</u>	Half and half;
7			<u>(3)</u>	Sour cream;
8			<u>(4)</u>	Whipped cream; and
9			<u>(5)</u>	Whipping cream; and
10		<u>e.</u>	<u>Yog</u>	<u>urt.</u>
11	<u>11.</u>	<u>a.</u>	<u>"Pro</u>	ocessor" means a person who:
12			<u>(1)</u>	Processes or manufactures milk products or frozen dairy products;
13			<u>(2)</u>	Purchases raw milk from a grade A dairy farmer for resale to a person who
14				processes or manufactures milk products or frozen dairy products; or
15			<u>(3)</u>	Purchases bulk milk from anyone for resale to a person who processes or
16				manufactures milk products or frozen dairy products.
17		<u>b.</u>	The	term "processor" does not include a person who purchases ice cream mix,
18			ice	milk mix, or other frozen dairy products, provided:
19			<u>(1)</u>	The person's processing activities are limited to converting the mix into a
20				frozen dairy product; and
21			<u>(2)</u>	More than half the sales of which are then made by the person to
22				consumers at retail on the premises where the processing activities take
23				place.
24	<u>12.</u>	<u>"Re</u>	etail pi	rice" means the price at which any milk product or frozen dairy product is
25		pur	chase	ed by any person who makes such purchase for purposes other than resale.
26	<u>13.</u>	<u>"Re</u>	etailer	" means any person who is engaged in transferring title to milk products or
27		froz	zen da	airy products to consumers at one or more retail establishments located in this
28		<u>sta</u>	<u>te.</u>	
29	<u>14.</u>	<u>"Sta</u>	abiliza	ation plan" means a plan that contains minimum prices, maximum prices, or
30		bot	h, and	d enforcement mechanisms.

1 "Wholesale price" means the price at which any milk product or frozen dairy product is 2 purchased by a retailer. 3 4.1-26-02. Milk marketing board - Membership. 4 The milk marketing board consists of: 1. 5 A dairy farmer appointed by the governor from a list of two names submitted by a. 6 the milk producers association of North Dakota; 7 A processor appointed by the governor from a list of two names submitted by the b. 8 North Dakota dairy industries association; 9 A retailer appointed by the governor from a list of two names submitted by the <u>C.</u> 10 North Dakota grocers association; and 11 Two consumer representatives appointed by the governor, provided that neither <u>d.</u> 12 consumer representative may have a financial interest in a dairy farm nor in an 13 entity that processes, distributes, or sells milk products. 14 <u>2.</u> An individual is not qualified to serve on the board if the individual held any other 15 public office, in an elected or an appointed capacity, during the two-year period 16 preceding appointment to the board. 17 <u>3.</u> A member of the board may not hold any other public office, in an elected or an 18 appointed capacity, during the member's term of office. 19 In considering individuals for appointment to the board, the governor shall ensure that <u>4.</u> 20 a geographic balance is maintained. 21 4.1-26-03. Terms of office. 22 The term of office for each member is five years and begins on July first. 1. 23 <u>2.</u> Terms of office must be staggered so that no more than one term expires each year. 24 <u>3.</u> If at any time during a member's term the member ceases to possess any of the 25 qualifications required by this chapter, the member's office is deemed vacant and the 26 governor shall appoint another individual for the remainder of the term. 27 4.1-26-04. Compensation. 28 Each member of the board is entitled to receive compensation in the amount established by 29 the board, but not exceeding one hundred thirty-five dollars per day, plus reimbursement for 30 expenses as provided by law for state officers, if the member is attending meetings or 31 performing duties directed by the board.

1 <u>4.1-26-05. Chairman - Meetings.</u>

- 2 <u>1. Annually, the board shall elect one member to serve as the chairman.</u>
- 3 <u>2.</u> The chairman shall call all meetings of the board and shall call a special meeting of
- 4 <u>the board within seven days when petitioned to do so by three board members.</u>
- 5 <u>4.1-26-06. Board powers.</u>
- 6 The board may:
- 7 1. Do all things necessary and proper to enforce and administer this chapter;
- 8 <u>2. Employ and compensate necessary personnel;</u>
- 9 <u>3. Employ an attorney licensed in this state;</u>
- 10 <u>4. Serve as a mediator or an arbitrator in any dispute among or between dairy farmers,</u>
- 11 <u>processors, distributors, retailers, or consumers, provided:</u>
- 12 <u>a.</u> All parties to the dispute request the board to provide such services; and
- b. The dispute pertains to the production, transportation, processing, storage,
- 14 <u>distribution, or sale of milk products or frozen dairy products; and</u>
- 5. Contract with any person for any purpose related to this chapter.
- 16 <u>4.1-26-07. Director.</u>
- 17 The board shall employ and compensate a director and annually review the appointment of
- 18 the director. The director serves at the pleasure of the board.
- 19 <u>4.1-26-08. Authority of governmental entities.</u>
- 20 <u>1. This chapter does not limit, decrease, or amend the authority of the agriculture</u>
- 21 commissioner, any public board of health, or any public health official, with respect to
- 22 matters of health and sanitation.
- 23 <u>2. This chapter does not authorize the milk marketing board to regulate the sale of raw</u>
- 24 <u>milk that is not grade A.</u>
- 25 <u>4.1-26-09. Milk marketing areas Boundaries.</u>
- 26 <u>1. The milk marketing board shall divide the state into milk marketing areas.</u>
- 27 <u>2. All real property in the state must belong to a milk marketing area.</u>
- 28 3. The board may increase the number of marketing areas in the state, decrease the
- 29 <u>number of marketing areas in the state, or alter the boundaries of marketing areas,</u>
- provided the board holds a hearing in accordance with chapter 28-32 and considers:

1		<u>a.</u>	<u>Test</u>	timony and documentary evidence regarding the production, distribution, and						
2			<u>sale</u>	e of milk products and frozen dairy products in the areas;						
3		<u>b.</u>	The	The regulation of prices paid by processors for raw milk in accordance with						
4			<u>fede</u>	eral milk marketing orders; and						
5		<u>C.</u>	<u>Any</u>	other factors affecting implementation of this chapter.						
6	<u>4.1-2</u>	26-1	<u>0. Mil</u>	k stabilization plans - Required provisions.						
7	The	<u>milk</u>	mark	eting board shall establish a milk stabilization plan for each milk marketing						
8	area.									
9	<u>1.</u>	<u>a.</u>	Eac	h milk stabilization plan must include the minimum price that processors						
10			loca	ted within the particular milk marketing area must pay to dairy farmers for raw						
11			<u>milk</u>	<u>u</u>						
12		<u>b.</u>	<u>In e</u>	stablishing the minimum price, as required by this subsection, the board shall						
13			con	sider various factors pertinent to the milk marketing area, including:						
14			<u>(1)</u>	Supplies of raw milk;						
15			<u>(2)</u>	Reserve supplies of raw milk;						
16			<u>(3)</u>	Production and retail sales data;						
17			<u>(4)</u>	Feed prices; and						
18			<u>(5)</u>	Wage rates.						
19	<u>2.</u>	<u>a.</u>	Eac	h milk stabilization plan must include the minimum price that a processor						
20			mus	st charge a retailer for milk products, provided the minimum price for each						
21			item	n is applicable, regardless of the location at which the retailer accepts delivery.						
22		<u>b.</u>	Eac	h milk stabilization plan must include the minimum price that a distributor						
23			mus	st charge a retailer for milk products, provided the minimum price for each						
24			item	n is applicable, regardless of the location at which the retailer accepts delivery.						
25		<u>C.</u>	Eac	h milk stabilization plan must include the minimum price that any person must						
26			<u>cha</u>	rge a consumer for milk products.						
27		<u>d.</u>	<u>In e</u>	stablishing the minimum price, as required by this subsection, the board shall						
28			con	sider various factors pertinent to the milk marketing area, including:						
29			<u>(1)</u>	Raw milk prices;						
30			<u>(2)</u>	Processing and distribution costs;						
31			<u>(3)</u>	Returns upon investment; and						

1			<u>(4)</u>	Retail sales volumes.
2	<u>4.1-</u>	<u> 26-11.</u>	Milk	stabilization plans - Optional provisions.
3	<u>1.</u>	<u>a.</u>	<u>A mi</u>	ilk stabilization plan established in accordance with section 4.1-26-10 may
4			<u>inclu</u>	ide the minimum price that must be charged for milk products and frozen
5			<u>dair</u> y	y products by any person other than those referenced in subsection 2 of
6			<u>sect</u>	ion 4.1-26-10.
7		<u>b.</u>	<u>(1)</u>	Nothing in this subsection requires the establishment of minimum prices for
8				all items in a category.
9			<u>(2)</u>	Nothing in this subsection requires the establishment of both minimum
10				wholesale and retail prices for a particular item.
11	<u>2.</u>	<u>A mil</u>	k sta	abilization plan established in accordance with section 4.1-26-10 may provide
12		for a	clas	sified pricing system predicated upon utilization and may provide for a
13		mark	etwi	de pooling arrangement or a handler pooling arrangement, as defined in the
14		<u>Agric</u>	ultur	ral Marketing Agreement Act of 1937 [7 U.S.C. 601 et seq.], as amended.
15	<u>3.</u>	<u>If sor</u>	ne p	ortion of a milk marketing area falls under the jurisdiction of a federal milk
16		mark	eting	g order, a milk stabilization plan established in accordance with section
17		<u>4.1-2</u>	26-10) for the marketing area may require that licensed processors subject to both
18		the n	nilk s	stabilization plan and the federal milk marketing order:
19		<u>a.</u>	<u>Pay</u>	minimum raw milk class prices that exceed the minimum raw milk class
20			price	es established by the federal milk marketing order; and
21		<u>b.</u>	<u>Pay</u>	the difference between the federal and state minimums directly to dairy
22			farm	ners, on a handler pool basis.
23	<u>4.</u>	<u>A mil</u>	k sta	abilization plan established in accordance with section 4.1-26-10 may contain
24		a for	mula	that automatically changes the minimum price payable to dairy farmers,
25		provi	ded	the formula is based on changes in the factors set forth in subdivision b of
26		<u>subs</u>	ectio	on 1 of section 4.1-26-10.
27	<u>5.</u>	<u>A mil</u>	k sta	abilization plan established in accordance with section 4.1-26-10 may:
28		<u>a.</u>	<u>Esta</u>	ablish the prices payable by a processor for raw milk purchased from sources
29			<u>othe</u>	er than dairy farmers; and

1 Contain provisions necessary to ensure that the prices paid for butterfat and milk 2 solids not fat, whether in the form of raw milk or otherwise, are uniform for all 3 processors whose raw milk purchases are regulated under the plan. 4 If a milk stabilization plan established in accordance with section 4.1-26-10 contains a 6. 5 marketwide pooling arrangement, the plan may require that raw milk produced by 6 dairy farmer-processors be included in the pooling arrangement. 7 A milk stabilization plan established in accordance with section 4.1-26-10 may provide 7. 8 for price adjustments based upon: 9 The butterfat content of the raw milk; <u>a.</u> 10 The location at which the raw milk is received; b. 11 The location of a plant receiving raw milk that the processor purchased and <u>C.</u> 12 thereafter transferred or diverted from the plant at which such raw milk is 13 normally utilized; and 14 Any other factors for which price adjustments are permitted in the Agricultural d. Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, [7 U.S.C. 601 et seq.], as amended. 15 16 4.1-26-12. Milk stabilization plans - Optional provisions - Maximum prices. 17 A milk stabilization plan established in accordance with section 4.1-26-10 may include 18 maximum prices for sales of milk products by a: 19 Processor; <u>a.</u> 20 Distributor; or <u>b.</u> 21 Retailer. <u>C.</u> 22 In establishing the maximum prices as permitted by this section, the board must 2. 23 consider various factors pertinent to the milk marketing area, including: 24 <u>a.</u> Supplies of raw milk; 25 <u>b.</u> Reserve supplies of raw milk; 26 Production and retail sales data; <u>C.</u> 27 <u>d.</u> Feed prices; and 28 Wage rates. e.

1	<u>4.1-</u>	26-13. Mi	lk stabilization plans - Optional provisions - Quantity discounts to						
2	retailers	ers.							
3	<u>A m</u>	ilk stabilization plan established in accordance with section 4.1-26-10 may permit							
4	process	ors and di	stributors to provide quantity discounts to retailers, in connection with the						
5	sales of	milk prod	ucts and frozen dairy products.						
6	<u>1.</u>	If quantit	ty discounts are permitted, the milk stabilization plan must include for each						
7		retailer:							
8		<u>a.</u> <u>A q</u>	uantity discount rate for purchases of milk products that is based upon the						
9		reta	ailer's total purchases of milk products from all suppliers, during an established						
10		<u>bas</u>	se period of one, three, six, or twelve months; and						
11		<u>b.</u> Aq	uantity discount rate for purchases of frozen dairy products that is based upon						
12		the	retailer's total purchases of frozen dairy products from all suppliers, during an						
13		<u>esta</u>	ablished base period of one, three, six, or twelve months.						
14	<u>2.</u>	Any prod	cessor or distributor delivering milk products or frozen dairy products to an						
15		eligible r	etailer may provide the quantity discounts regardless of the product quantities						
16		actually	purchased by the eligible retailer from a processor or distributor.						
17	<u>3.</u>	If a retai	ler operates two or more separate places of business, the quantity discount						
18		rate mus	st be applied to each place of business and based upon the quantity of milk						
19		products	or frozen dairy products that the retailer purchased for resale at each place of						
20		business	<u>).</u>						
21	<u>4.1-</u>	-26-14. Milk stabilization plans - Optional provisions - Frozen dairy products -							
22	Wholes	ale price	<u>- Filing.</u>						
23	<u>1.</u>	A milk st	abilization plan established in accordance with this chapter may require that						
24		processo	ors and distributors file with the board the uniform wholesale price at which a						
25		frozen da	airy product will be sold within the marketing area.						
26	<u>2.</u>	If price fi	ilings are required, as permitted by this section, the board:						
27		<u>a. (1)</u>	Shall prescribe the time at which and the manner in which the initial price						
28			filings must be submitted; and						
29		<u>(2)</u>	Shall permit a processor or distributor desiring to meet the lower prices of a						
30			competitor to do so in such portions of the marketing area as specified in						
31			the amended price filing;						

1		<u>b.</u>	<u>May r</u>	not prohibit a processor or distributor from meeting lawful competition				
2			witho	ut delay in connection with the sale of a frozen dairy product; and				
3		<u>C.</u>	May e	establish other requirements as necessary to implement this section.				
4	4.1-26-15. Cost variances - Recognition.							
5	<u>1.</u>	<u>Min</u>	<u>imum a</u>	and maximum prices established in accordance with this chapter for				
6		pro	ducts o	ther than raw milk may reflect packaging cost differences.				
7	<u>2.</u>	Min	<u>imum a</u>	and maximum prices established in accordance with this chapter for home-				
8		<u>deli</u>	vered p	products may vary from the prices established for products sold to				
9		con	sumers	s by retailers.				
10	<u>4.1-</u>	26-1	6. Mini	mum prices payable to dairy farmers - Effect of change.				
11	Whe	eneve	er a mil	k stabilization plan is changed with respect to the minimum price that				
12	process	ors lo	cated	within a particular milk marketing area must pay to dairy farmers for raw				
13	milk, the	milk	marke	ting board shall ensure that simultaneous changes occur in all other				
14	minimur	n and	d maxin	num prices established in accordance with this chapter.				
15	<u>4.1-</u>	<u> 26-1</u>	7. Lice	nses.				
16	<u>1.</u>	<u>a.</u>	A per	son must be licensed by the milk marketing board as a dairy farmer if the				
17			perso	on sells grade A raw milk that the person has produced to a processor that:				
18			<u>(1)</u>	Must be licensed in accordance with this chapter; and				
19			<u>(2)</u>	Processes the milk at a plant located in this state.				
20		<u>b.</u>	This s	subsection is applicable regardless of whether the person's dairy farm is				
21			locate	ed within or outside of this state.				
22	<u>2.</u>	<u>A p</u>	erson n	nust be licensed as a processor by the milk marketing board if the person:				
23		<u>a.</u>	<u>Opera</u>	ates a processing plant located in this state;				
24		<u>b.</u>	Sells	milk products or frozen dairy products to a retailer for resale at a retail				
25			<u>estab</u>	lishment in this state, regardless of whether:				
26			(1)	The processor's plant is located in this state or outside of this state; or				
27			<u>(2)</u>	The retailer takes title to or possession of the products in this state or				
28				outside of this state; or				
29		<u>C.</u>	Sells	milk products or frozen dairy products to a distributor for resale to:				
30			(1)	North Dakota consumers on home delivery; or				
31			<u>(2)</u>	A retailer.				

1 A person must be licensed as a distributor by the milk marketing board if the person 2 sells milk products or frozen dairy products to: 3 <u>a.</u> North Dakota consumers on one or more home delivery routes; or 4 A retailer. b. 5 <u>4.</u> A person must be licensed as a retailer by the milk marketing board if the person: <u>a.</u> 6 Purchases milk products or frozen dairy products for purposes of resale to 7 consumers; or 8 <u>(2)</u> Sells milk products or frozen dairy products to consumers. 9 A person licensed as a dairy farmer, a processor, or a distributor shall also <u>b.</u> (1) 10 be licensed as a retailer, if the person sells milk products or frozen dairy 11 products to consumers at a fixed place of business located in this state. 12 (2) Each fixed placed of business referenced in this subdivision requires 13 separate licensure. 14 In order to effectuate the purchase of milk products and frozen dairy products at <u>5.</u> 15 wholesale prices, the following entities may be licensed as retailers: 16 School districts; <u>a.</u> 17 Nonpublic schools: <u>b.</u> 18 <u>C.</u> Hospitals; 19 d. State institutions; and 20 Not-for-profit entities. e. 21 This section requires separate licensure for each place of business. 22 4.1-26-18. Vending machine suppliers - Authorization to license. 23 The milk marketing board, by rule, may provide for the licensing of persons engaged in 24 supplying milk products or frozen dairy products to consumers through the use of vending 25 machines. 26 4.1-26-19. License - Application. 27 To obtain a license required by this chapter, a person must complete an application form 28 and submit it to the milk marketing board.

1 <u>4.1-26-20. Licenses - Additional requirements.</u>

- Before a processor may be licensed by the milk marketing board, as required by this
 chapter, the processor shall obtain a license from the agriculture commissioner, in
- 4 <u>accordance with chapter 4-30.</u>
- 5 <u>2.</u> Before a distributor may be licensed by the board, as required by this chapter, the
 6 distributor shall obtain a license from the agriculture commissioner, in accordance with
 7 chapter 4-30.
- Before a dairy farmer may be licensed by the board, as required by this chapter, the

 dairy farmer shall provide proof of inspection by the agriculture commissioner or the

 state department of health, as provided for in accordance with section 23-01-16.
- 4. A person who is a dairy farmer-processor shall obtain both a dairy farmer's license and
 a processor's license.

13 <u>4.1-26-21. License application - Hearing.</u>

- 14 <u>1.</u> Within thirty days after receiving an application for a license under this chapter, the
 milk marketing board shall:
 - a. Issue the license; or

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- b. Notify the applicant of the date on which a hearing will be held to receive
 evidence relative to the application.
- 2. A hearing under this section may not be held less than twenty days after the date on
 which notice is given, unless the board and the applicant agree to an earlier date.
- Within thirty days after the hearing is closed, or as soon thereafter as practicable, the
 board shall notify the applicant of its decision in the matter.
- 23 <u>4.1-26-22</u>. Refusal to license.
- The milk marketing board may refuse to license any person, except a dairy farmer.
- 25 4.1-26-23. Processor's license Distributor's license Grounds for denial.
- The milk marketing board may deny an application for a processor's license or a
- 27 <u>distributor's license if the board determines that:</u>
- Persons currently licensed by the board in that capacity are supplying an adequate
 variety and quantity of high-quality milk products and frozen dairy products to retailers
 and consumers in this state;
 - 2. Deliveries are being made with sufficient regularity and frequency; and

1	<u>3.</u>	The	issuance of additional licenses of the type sought will:
2		<u>a.</u>	Result in an excess of processing plant capacity:
3		<u>b.</u>	Tend to increase to unsatisfactory levels the average unit processing or average
4			unit distribution costs for persons already licensed by the board; or
5		<u>C.</u>	Otherwise tend to prevent achievement of the objectives of this chapter.
6	<u>4.1-</u>	26-24	I. License application - Required declaration.
7	<u>1.</u>	As a	a condition of licensure, an applicant for a processor's license shall declare in the
8		<u>app</u>	lication that the applicant:
9		<u>a.</u>	Will not sell milk products or frozen dairy products to any person who is not
10			properly licensed in accordance with this chapter;
11		<u>b.</u>	Will sell such milk products or frozen dairy products as are customarily handled
12			by a processor to any retailer who:
13			(1) Desires to purchase such products from the processor; and
14			(2) Has a place of business in any community in which the processor
15			processes, distributes, or sells milk products or frozen dairy products; and
16		<u>C.</u>	Will offer to any retailer the same frequency of delivery and the same in-store
17			services as are customary in the community.
18	<u>2.</u>	<u>As</u> a	a condition of licensure, an applicant for a distributor's license shall declare in the
19		<u>app</u>	lication that the applicant:
20		<u>a.</u>	Will not sell milk products or frozen dairy products to any person who is not
21			licensed in accordance with this chapter;
22		<u>b.</u>	Will not purchase milk products or frozen dairy products from any person who is
23			not licensed in accordance with this chapter;
24		<u>C.</u>	Will sell such milk products or frozen dairy products as are customarily handled
25			by a distributor to any retailer who:
26			(1) Desires to purchase such products from the distributor; and
27			(2) Has a place of business in any community in which the distributor
28			distributes or sells milk products or frozen dairy products; and
29		<u>d.</u>	Will offer to any retailer the same frequency of delivery and the same in-store
30			services as are customary in the community.

- Legislative Assembly 1 As a condition of licensure, an applicant for a retailer's license shall declare in the 2 application that the applicant will not purchase milk products or frozen dairy products 3 from any person who is not licensed in accordance with this chapter. 4 For purposes of this section, "community" means a city, together with any commonly 5 recognized residential or business area adjacent to the city. 6 4.1-26-25. License - Expiration. 7 A license issued under this chapter is effective until: 8 There is a change of ownership or of location; <u>1.</u>
- 9 2. The license is suspended or revoked; or
- 10 The business that is licensed is discontinued or is inactive for more than thirty days. 3.
- 11 4.1-26-26. License - Fees prohibited.
- 12 The milk marketing board may not charge a fee for the issuance or maintenance of any
- 13 license required by this chapter.

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- 14 4.1-26-27. Assessments - Continuing appropriation.
- 15 <u>1.</u> <u>a.</u> Each licensed processor shall pay to the milk marketing board an amount 16 determined by the board but not exceeding eighteen cents per hundredweight 17 [45.36 kilograms], on all milk and milk equivalents used by the processor in 18 manufacturing milk products and frozen dairy products.
 - The assessment required in accordance with this section is not imposed on milk b. products or frozen dairy products sold outside this state.
- 21 <u>2.</u> The assessment required by this section must be calculated guarterly and paid within 22 fourteen days after the end of each calendar guarter.
- 23 The board shall forward all moneys received under this chapter to the state treasurer <u>3.</u> 24 for deposit in the milk marketing fund. All moneys in the milk marketing fund are 25 appropriated on a continuing basis to the board to carry out this chapter.
 - 4.1-26-28. Records Retention.
- 27 <u>1.</u> The milk marketing board shall specify by rule all records that each licensee must 28 maintain.
- 29 2. Each licensee shall retain the records required in accordance with this section for a 30 period of three years.

1	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>-26-29. Records - Confidential - Penalty.</u>									
2	<u>1.</u>	Any information created, collected, or maintained by the milk marketing board under									
3		this chapter is confidential and not subject to the open records requirements of sect									
4		<u>44-0</u>	44-04-18, except that the board may:								
5		<u>a.</u>	<u>Utiliz</u>	ze the information in the administration of this chapter;							
6		<u>b.</u>	Prov	ride testimony regarding the information in a judicial proceeding or an							
7			<u>adm</u>	inistrative proceeding conducted in accordance with chapter 28-32;							
8		<u>C.</u>	Prov	ride the information to the agriculture commissioner for the purpose of							
9			<u>dete</u>	rmining a licensee's financial condition, as required by chapter 4-30; and							
10		<u>d.</u>	<u>Utiliz</u>	ze the information in compiling and disseminating general statistical data.							
11	<u>2.</u>	Any	perso	on divulging confidential information in violation of this section is guilty of a							
12		class	s A m	isdemeanor.							
13	<u>4.1-</u>	26-30	. Pro	<u>hibitions.</u>							
14	<u>1.</u>	A lice	ense	e may not buy or sell any milk product or any frozen dairy product at a price							
15		that	is les	s than the minimum price nor more than the maximum price set forth in the							
16		<u>appli</u>	icable	e milk stabilization plan.							
17	<u>2.</u>	<u>lf pri</u>	ce fili	ings are required, as permitted by section 4.1-26-14:							
18		<u>a.</u>	A de	ealer may not sell a frozen dairy product at a price that varies from the filed							
19			price	e in effect on the date of the sale; and							
20		<u>b.</u>	A ret	tailer may not purchase a frozen dairy product at a price that varies from the							
21			filed	price in effect on the date of the sale.							
22	<u>3.</u>	A lice	ense	e may not engage in any act or omission that is contrary to a declaration							
23		mad	e in t	he person's application for a license, as submitted to the milk marketing							
24		boar	<u>d.</u>								
25	<u>4.</u>	<u>a.</u>	A lic	ensee may not use or attempt to use any method, device, or transaction that:							
26			<u>(1)</u>	Is intended to accomplish or has the effect of accomplishing, the sale or							
27				attempted sale of milk products or frozen dairy products at less than the							
28				minimum prices set forth in the applicable milk stabilization plan;							
29			<u>(2)</u>	Is intended to accomplish or has the effect of accomplishing the purchase or							
30				attempted purchase of milk products or frozen dairy products at less than							
31				the minimum prices set forth in the applicable milk stabilization plan:							

1			<u>(3)</u>	Is designed to circumvent any price requirements provided for in this
2				chapter; or
3			<u>(4)</u>	Has the effect of substantially undermining the effectiveness of any price
4				requirements provided for in this chapter.
5		<u>b.</u>	<u>The</u>	provisions of subdivision a are applicable regardless of whether the method,
6			<u>dev</u>	ice, or transaction:
7			<u>(1)</u>	Is applied directly to the milk product or frozen dairy product sold or
8				purchased; or
9			<u>(2)</u>	Is used in connection with the sale or handling of any other product,
10				commodity, article, or service.
11	<u>5.</u>	<u>a.</u>	<u>A di</u>	stributor may not purchase milk products or frozen dairy products at prices
12			that	are less than minimum wholesale prices if the products are resold to
13			<u>con</u>	sumers at a fixed place of business owned by the distributor.
14		<u>b.</u>	<u>This</u>	s subdivision does not prohibit a distributor from purchasing at wholesale
15			pric	es those milk products or frozen dairy products that are to be resold at a fixed
16			plac	ce of business owned by the distributor, provided the distributor purchases at
17			<u>dist</u>	ributor prices all other milk products and frozen dairy products that are to be
18			reso	old by the distributor.
19	<u>6.</u>	<u>A re</u>	etailer	may not sell or offer to sell milk products or frozen dairy products of a
20		par	<u>ticula</u>	r brand at a price that is different from that charged by the retailer for the
21		san	ne qu	antity, type, quality, or grade of a different brand, unless the price differential
22		<u>eq</u> ı	ıals th	ne difference in the price paid by the retailer for the referenced products.
	SO	URCI	E: Se	ection 4-18.1-10.
23	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>-26-3</u>	1. Dis	sruptive trade practices.
24	<u>1.</u>	<u>A p</u>	erson	may not provide discounts, rebates, or allowances in connection with the
25		sale	e of m	nilk products or frozen dairy products, unless the discounts, rebates, or
26		<u>allo</u>	wanc	es are permitted in accordance with section 4.1-26-13.
27	<u>2.</u>	<u>A d</u>	<u>ealer</u>	may not provide free equipment or services to a retailer. This subsection does
28		<u>not</u>	<u>prohi</u>	bit a dealer from:
29		a.	Sto	cking the dairy case or frozen products cabinet of a retailer; or

1		<u>b.</u>	<u>Stan</u>	nping on each milk product or frozen dairy product the retail price at which					
2			the r	retailer desires to sell the product.					
3	<u>3.</u>	<u>A p</u>	A person may not provide advertising or display allowances.						
4	<u>4.</u>	<u>a.</u>	A pe	erson may not give a free milk product or a free frozen dairy product to a					
5			cust	omer.					
6		<u>b.</u>	<u>This</u>	subsection does not prohibit a person from:					
7			<u>(1)</u>	Providing tasting samples to an individual; or					
8			<u>(2)</u>	Donating products for charitable purposes.					
9	<u>5.</u>	A de	ealer r	may not make loans to a retailer, renew loans to a retailer, or provide financial					
10		ass	<u>istanc</u>	e in any other form to a retailer.					
11	<u>6.</u>	A de	ealer r	may not furnish signs to a retailer.					
12	<u>7.</u>	<u>A p</u>	erson	may not sell, offer to sell, or advertise any milk product or frozen dairy					
13		pro	duct ir	n combination with any other product or service.					
14	<u>8.</u>	A po	erson	may not sell, offer to sell, or advertise any product or service at a price that is					
15		ava	<u>ilable</u>	only to purchasers of a milk product or a frozen dairy product.					
16	<u>9.</u>	A de	ealer r	may not provide a gift to a retailer.					
17	<u>10.</u>	<u>a.</u>	A de	ealer may not lease, lend, or rent equipment to a retailer.					
18		<u>b.</u>	<u>lf a c</u>	dealer sells equipment to a retailer, the board shall prescribe the minimum					
19			mark	kup, based upon the seller's invoice cost or the depreciated value in the case					
20			of us	sed equipment.					
21	<u>11.</u>	<u>a.</u>	<u>(1)</u>	Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, a person may not require a					
22				deposit if milk products or frozen dairy products are purchased in returnable					
23				containers.					
24			<u>(2)</u>	A person may require a deposit on a milk case, provided the deposit does					
25				not exceed the replacement value of the milk case.					
26		<u>b.</u>	<u>A pe</u>	rson may not provide an allowance or a credit in connection with the return					
27			of a	container.					
28	<u>12.</u>	<u>a.</u>	Exce	ept as otherwise provided, a dealer may not provide payment to a franchisor,					
29			a wh	nolesale grocer, or any other person closely connected with a retailer for					
RO			cent	ral hilling, customer solicitation, or other services, if the nurnose or effect of					

1		the payment is to induce the recipient to influence or attempt to influence a						
2		retailer's decision regarding:						
3		(1) The brand of milk products or frozen dairy products to be purchased and						
4				resold by the retailer; or				
5			<u>(2)</u>	The amount of space to be allocated to any brand of milk products or frozen				
6				dairy products.				
7		<u>b.</u>	<u>lf a</u>	wholesale grocer establishes a central billing service to guarantee the				
8			coll	ection of dealer accounts:				
9			<u>(1)</u>	All dealers that supply member or corporate stores must be afforded the				
10				same service; and				
11			<u>(2)</u>	The central billing service fee may not exceed two percent of the invoice				
12				cost.				
13	<u>4.1-</u>	<u> 26-32</u>	2. Ins	spections and investigations.				
14	<u>1.</u>	A re	pres	entative of the milk marketing board may enter upon real property and access				
15		any	struc	cture and personal property, at any time, for the purpose of:				
16		<u>a.</u>	Insp	pecting or pursuing an investigation pertaining to the production, storage,				
17			pro	cessing, manufacturing, or sale of raw milk, milk products, or frozen dairy				
18			pro	ducts; or				
19		<u>b.</u>	Insp	pecting records to determine statutory and regulatory compliance.				
20	<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	milk	marketing board may subpoena records, copy records, and audit records of				
21		any	pers	on doing business with an individual licensed under this chapter.				
22	<u>4.1-</u>	<u> 26-33</u>	3. Lic	ense - Suspension and revocation.				
23	<u>1.</u>	<u>The</u>	boa	rd may suspend or revoke a license granted to any person under this chapter				
24		if th	e per	rson violates:				
25		<u>a.</u>	<u>This</u>	s chapter;				
26		<u>b.</u>	<u>A m</u>	nilk stabilization plan issued in accordance with this chapter; or				
27		<u>C.</u>	<u>Any</u>	rule that implements this chapter.				
28	<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	prov	visions of this subsection do not apply to a dairy farmer.				
29	<u>4.1-</u>	<u>26-34</u>	1. Vic	olation of chapter - Civil penalty.				
30	<u>A pe</u>	erson	viola	ating this chapter, a milk stabilization plan issued in accordance with this				
31	chapter,	or ar	ny rul	e that implements this chapter, is subject to a civil penalty in an amount not				

- 1 exceeding five hundred dollars per day for each violation. The civil penalty may be adjudicated
- 2 by a court or by the milk marketing board through an administrative hearing.
- 3 <u>4.1-26-35. Administrative and regulatory functions.</u>
- 4 All administrative and regulatory functions of the board must be exercised in accordance
- 5 with chapter 28-32.
- 6 <u>4.1-26-36. Legal actions.</u>
- All legal actions may be brought by or against the board in the name of the North Dakota
- 8 milk marketing board.
- 9 **SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Section 54-07-01.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 10 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 11 54-07-01.2. Governor to have power to appoint majority of members of certain boards
- 12 and commissions Limitations.
- 1. Notwithstanding sections 2-05-01, 4-18.1-04, 4.1-05-02, 4.1-26-02, 6-01-03,
- 14 6-09-02.1, 12-55.1-02, 12-59-01, 15-39.1-05.1, 15.1-01-01, 15.1-13-02, 20.1-02-23,
- 15 23-01-02, 23-25-02, 36-01-01, 37-18.1-01, 50-06-05.6, 50-06.1-16, 54-34.3-10,
- 16 54-54-02, 55-01-01, 55-06-01, 61-02-04, and 61-28-03, all members of the following
- boards and commissions must, subject to the limitations of this section, be considered
- to have resigned from such boards and commissions effective January first of the first
- 19 year of each four-year term of the governor:
- a. The aeronautics commission.
- b. The milk marketing board.
- 22 c. The dairy promotion commission.
- d. The state banking board.
- e. The state credit union board.
- f. The advisory board of directors to the Bank of North Dakota.
- g. The pardon advisory board.
- h. The state parole board.
- i. The state board of public school education.
- j. The education standards and practices board.
- 30 k. The board of trustees of the teachers' fund for retirement.
- I. The state game and fish advisory board.

- 1 m. The health council.
- n. The air pollution control advisory council.
- o. The board of animal health.
- 4 p. The administrative committee on veterans' affairs.
- 5 q. The committee on aging.
- 6 r. The committee on employment of people with disabilities.
- 7 s. The commission on the status of women.
- 8 t. The North Dakota council on the arts.
- 9 u. The state historical board.

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- v. The Yellowstone-Missouri Rivers confluence commission.
- 11 w. The state water commission.
 - x. The state water pollution control board.
 - 2. The governor shall have the option of reappointing any member to any board or commission to complete the term to which the member was appointed, or the governor may appoint a simple majority of any board or commission to complete the terms of those resigned members who do not receive reappointments. In order to assure continuity, the governor shall reappoint for the completion of their original terms no fewer than one less than a simple majority of the former members of each board or commission.
 - 3. If the governor has not acknowledged in writing the resignation of any members of any board or commission prior to July first of the first year of the governor's term, the board or commission member must be considered to have been reappointed to complete the term to which the member was originally appointed. All members of boards and commissions shall continue to serve until the time they are notified of the acceptance of their resignation by the governor, and in all cases the members of boards and commissions shall continue to serve until their successors have been named and qualified.
 - 4. In those instances where nominations for the filling of vacancies on boards and commissions are submitted to the governor pursuant to state law, the governor shall notify such persons and organizations of acceptance of the resignation of any board or commission member. Such persons and organizations shall furnish the governor with

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- the number of required nominations to fill the vacancies within sixty days after the notice or the governor may nominate and appoint such members as are otherwise qualified.
 - 5. The provisions of this section do not apply to those constitutional officers who serve on boards and commissions, except insofar as a governor may count such constitutional officers among those the governor reappoints in order to conform to the continuity requirements of this section.
 - 6. All vacancies created by resignation after July first of the first year of each term of a governor must be filled as provided by law. If any person refuses an appointment, the governor shall fill such position as otherwise provided by law.
- 11 **SECTION 3. REPEAL.** Chapter 4-18.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is repealed.