Sixty-fourth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SENATE BILL NO. 2130

Introduced by

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Industry, Business and Labor Committee

(At the request of the Insurance Commissioner)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact sections 26.1-31.2-01, 26.1-31.2-02, 26.1-31.2-03, and
- 2 26.1-31.2-04 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to reinsurance credit of insurers.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 4 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 26.1-31.2-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 6 26.1-31.2-01. Credit allowed a domestic ceding insurer.
 - Credit for reinsurance must be allowed a domestic ceding insurer as either an asset or a deduction from liability on account of reinsurance ceded only when the reinsurer meets the requirements of either subsection 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5, or 6. Credit will be allowed under subsection 1, 2, or 3 only with respect to cessions of a kind or class of business that the assuming insurer is licensed or otherwise allowed permitted to write or assume in its state of domicile or, in the case of a United States branch of an alien assuming insurer, in the state through which it is entered and licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance. If meeting the requirements of Credit must be allowed under subsection 3 or 4, only if the applicable requirements of subsection 6 must also be met7 have been satisfied.
 - Credit must be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer ornonprofit health service corporation whichthat is licensed to transact insurance or
 reinsurance in this state.
 - Credit must be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer which is accredited <u>by the commissioner</u> as a reinsurer in this state. An accredited<u>In order to</u> <u>be eligible for accreditation, a</u> reinsurer is one which:
- 22 a. FilesShall file with the commissioner evidence of its submission to this state's jurisdiction;
 - b. Submits Shall submit to this state's authority to examine its books and records:

1		C.	lsMust be licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in at least one state, or,
2			in the case of a United States branch of an alien assuming insurer, isbe entered
3			through and licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in at least one state;
4			and
5		d.	Files annually Annually, shall file with the commissioner a copy of its annual
6			statement filed with the insurance department of its state of domicile and a copy
7			of its most recent audited financial statement; and either
8			(1) Maintains
9		<u>e.</u>	Shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the commissioner the assuming insurer
10			has adequate financial capacity to meet the assuming insurer's reinsurance
11			obligations and is otherwise qualified to assume reinsurance from domestic
12			insurers. An assuming insurer is deemed to meet this requirement as of the time
13			of application the assuming insurer maintains a surplus as regards policyholders
14			in an amount which is not less than twenty million dollars and whosethe
15			assuming insurer's accreditation has not been denied by the commissioner within
16			ninety days of itsafter submission; or
17			(2) Maintains a surplus as regards policyholders in an amount less than twenty-
18			million dollars and whose accreditation has been approved by the
19			commissioner.
20			No credit may be allowed a domestic ceding insurer if the assuming insurer's
21			accreditation has been revoked by the commissioner after notice and hearing of
22			its application.
23	3.	<u>a.</u>	Credit must be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer
24			which is domiciled and licensed in, or in the case of a United States branch of an
25			alien assuming insurer, is entered through, a state which employs standards
26			regarding credit for reinsurance substantially similar to those applicable under
27			this statute and the assuming insurer or United States branch of an alien
28			assuming insurer:
29		a.	(1) Maintains a surplus as regards policyholders in an amount not less than
30			twenty million dollars; and
31		b.	(2) Submits to the authority of this state to examine its books and records.

1 Provided, however, that the

- <u>b.</u> The requirement of subdivision a does not apply to reinsurance ceded and assumed pursuant to pooling arrangements among insurers in the same holding company system.
- 4. a. Credit must be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer whichthat maintains a trust fund in a qualified United States financial institution, as defined in subsection 2 of section 26.1-31.2-03, for the payment of valid claims of its United States policyholders and ceding insurers, their assigns, and successors in interest. TheTo enable the commissioner to determine the sufficiency of the trust fund, the assuming insurer shall report annually to the commissioner information substantially the same as that required to be reported on the national association of insurance commissioners annual statement form by licensed insurers to enable the commissioner to determine the sufficiency of the trust fund. In the case of, The assuming insurer shall submit to examination of the insurer's books and records by the commissioner and bear the expense of examination.
 - b. (1) Credit for reinsurance may not be granted under this subsection unless the form of the trust and any amendments to the trust have been approved by:
 - (a) The commissioner of the state in which the trust is domiciled; or
 - (b) The commissioner of another state who, pursuant to the terms of the trust instrument, accepted principal regulatory oversight of the trust.
 - The form of the trust and any trust amendments also must be filed with the commissioner of every state in which the ceding insurer beneficiaries of the trust are domiciled. The trust instrument must provide that contested claims are valid and enforceable upon the final order of any court of competent jurisdiction in the United States. The trust must vest legal title to the trust's assets in the trust's trustees for the benefit of the assuming insurer's United States ceding insurers, their assigns, and successors in interest. The trust and the assuming insurer are subject to examination as determined by the commissioner.

1	<u>(3)</u>	The trust shall remain in effect for as long as the assuming insurer has
2		outstanding obligations due under the reinsurance agreements subject to
3		the trust. No later than February twenty-eighth of each year the trustee of
4		the trust shall report to the commissioner in writing the balance of the trust
5		and listing of the trust's investments at the preceding year-end and shall
6		certify the date of termination of the trust, if so planned, or certify the trust
7		will not expire before the following December thirty-first.
8	<u>c.</u> The	e following requirements apply to the following categories of assuming insurer:
9	(1)	The trust fund for a single assuming insurer, the trust must consist of a
10		trusteed account representing the must consist of funds in trust in an
11		amount not less than the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to
12		reinsurance ceded by United States ceding insurers and, in addition, the
13		assuming insurer shall maintain a trusteed surplus of not less than twenty
14		million dollars, except as provided in paragraph 2.
15	<u>(2)</u>	At any time after the assuming insurer has permanently discontinued
16		underwriting new business secured by the trust for at least three full years,
17		the commissioner with principal regulatory oversight of the trust may
18		authorize a reduction in the required trusteed surplus, but only after a
19		finding, based on an assessment of the risk, that the new required surplus
20		level is adequate for the protection of United States ceding insurers,
21		policyholders, and claimants in light of reasonably foreseeable adverse loss
22		development. The risk assessment may involve an actuarial review,
23		including an independent analysis of reserves and cash flows, and must
24		consider all material risk factors, including when applicable the lines of
25		business involved, the stability of the incurred loss estimates, and the effect
26		of the surplus requirements on the assuming insurer's liquidity or solvency.
27		The minimum required trusteed surplus may not be reduced to an amount
28		less than thirty percent of the assuming insurer's liabilities attributable to
29		reinsurance ceded by United States ceding insurers covered by the trust.
30	<u>(3)</u>	(a) In the case of a group, including incorporated and individual
31		unincorporated underwriters:

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1		[1]	For reinsurance ceded under a reinsurance agreement with an
2			inception, amendment, or renewal date after December 31,
3			1992, the trust must consist of a trusteed account representing-
4			the group's liabilitiesin an amount not less than the respective
5			underwriters' several liabilities attributable to business ceded by
6			United States domiciled ceding insurers to any underwriter of the
7			group:
8		<u>[2]</u>	For reinsurance ceded under a reinsurance agreement with an
9			inception date before January 1, 1993, and not amended or
10			renewed after that date, notwithstanding the other provisions of
11			this chapter, the trust must consist of a trusteed account in an
12			amount not less than the respective underwriters' several
13			insurance and reinsurance liabilities attributable to business
14			written in the United States; and, in
15		<u>[3]</u>	In addition to these trusts, the group shall maintain a trusteed
16			surplus of which one hundred million dollars which must be held
17			jointly for the benefit of the United States domiciled ceding
18			insurers of any member of the group for all years of account; the.
19	<u>(b)</u>	<u>The</u>	incorporated members of the group may not be engaged in any
20		busi	ness other than underwriting as a member of the group and are
21		subj	ect to the same level of solvency regulation and solvency control
22		by th	ne group's domiciliary regulator as are the unincorporated
23		men	nbers.
24	<u>(c)</u>	With	nin ninety days after its financial statements are due to be filed
25		with	the group's domiciliary regulator, the group shall provide to the
26		com	missioner an annual certification of the solvency of each
27		unde	erwriter by the group's domiciliary regulator of the solvency of
28		each	n underwriter member; or if a certification is unavailable, financial
29		state	ements prepared by each underwriter's independent public
30		acco	ountants of each underwriter member of the group.

1 b. <u>(4)</u> In the case of a group of incorporated insurers underwriters under common 2 administration which complies with the filing requirements contained in 3 subdivision a, and which has, the group: 4 Must have continuously transacted an insurance business outside the <u>(a)</u> 5 United States for at least three years immediately prior to making 6 application for accreditation and submits to this state's authority to-7 examine its books and records and bears the expense of the 8 examination, and which has; 9 (b) Shall maintain aggregate policyholders' surplus of at least ten billion 10 dollars; the 11 (c) <u>Shall maintain a trust must befund</u> in an amount equal tonot less than 12 the group's several liabilities attributable to business ceded by United 13 States domiciled ceding insurers to any member of the group 14 pursuant to reinsurance contracts issued in the name of suchthe 15 group plus the group shall; 16 Shall maintain a joint trusteed surplus of which one hundred million <u>(d)</u> 17 dollars must be held jointly and exclusively for the benefit of United 18 States <u>domiciled</u> ceding insurers of any member of the group as 19 additional security for any such these liabilities; and 20 Within ninety days after its financial statements are due to be filed <u>(e)</u> 21 with the group's domiciliary regulator, each member of the group shall 22 make available to the commissioner an annual certification of theeach 23 <u>underwriter</u> member's solvency by the member's domiciliary regulator 24 and financial statements of each underwriter member of the group 25 prepared by its independent public accountant. 26 The trust and any amendments to the trust must be established in a form-C. 27 approved by the commissioner of the state where the trust is domiciled or the 28 commissioner of another state who, pursuant to the terms of the trust instrument, 29 has accepted principal regulatory oversight of the trust. The form of the trust and 30 any trust amendments also must be filed with the commissioner of every state in-31 which the ceding insurer beneficiaries of the trust are domiciled. The trust

I			instr	ument must provide that contested cialms must be valid and enforceable
2			upo	n the final order of any court of competent jurisdiction in the United States.
3			The	trust must vest legal title to its assets in the trustees of the trust for its United
4			Stat	es policyholders and ceding insurers, their assigns, and successors in-
5			inter	rest. The trust and the assuming insurer are subject to examination as
6			dete	ermined by the commissioner. The trust described herein must remain in
7			effe	ct for as long as the assuming insurer, or any member or former member of a
8			grou	up of insurers, has outstanding obligations due under the reinsurance
9			agre	eements subject to the trust.
0		d.	No I	ater than February twenty-eighth of each year the trustees of the trust shall
11			repo	ort to the commissioner in writing setting forth the balance of the trust and
2			listir	ng the trust's investments at the preceding yearend and shall certify the date-
3			of to	ermination of the trust, if so planned, or certify that the trust will not expire
4			prio	r to the next following December thirty-first.
5	5.	<u>Cre</u>	dit mı	ust be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer that has
6		<u>bee</u>	n cert	tified by the commissioner as a reinsurer in this state and secures the
7		<u>ass</u>	<u>uming</u>	g insurer's obligations in accordance with the requirements of this subsection.
8		<u>a.</u>	<u>In o</u>	rder to be eligible for certification, the assuming insurer shall meet the
9			follo	wing requirements:
20			<u>(1)</u>	The assuming insurer must be domiciled and licensed to transact insurance
21				or reinsurance in a qualified jurisdiction, as determined by the commissioner
22				pursuant to subdivision c;
23			<u>(2)</u>	The assuming insurer shall maintain minimum capital and surplus, or its
24				equivalent, in an amount to be determined by the commissioner pursuant to
25				rule;
26			<u>(3)</u>	The assuming insurer shall maintain financial strength ratings from two or
27				more rating agencies deemed acceptable by the commissioner pursuant to
28				rule;
29			<u>(4)</u>	The assuming insurer shall agree to submit to the jurisdiction of this state,
30				appoint the commissioner as its agent for service of process in this state,
31				and agree to provide security for one hundred percent of the assuming

1			insurer's liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by United States ceding
2			insurers if the assuming insurer resists enforcement of a final United States
3			judgment;
4		<u>(5)</u>	The assuming insurer shall agree to meet applicable information filing
5			requirements as determined by the commissioner, both with respect to an
6			initial application for certification and on an ongoing basis; and
7		<u>(6)</u>	The assuming insurer shall satisfy any other requirements for certification
8			deemed relevant by the commissioner.
9	<u>b.</u>	<u>An a</u>	association, including incorporated and individual unincorporated
10		und	erwriters, may be a certified reinsurer. In order to be eligible for certification,
11		in a	ddition to satisfying requirements of subdivision a:
12		<u>(1)</u>	The association shall satisfy its minimum capital and surplus requirements
13			through the capital and surplus equivalents, net of liabilities, of the
14			association and the association's members which must include a joint
15			central fund that may be applied to any unsatisfied obligation of the
16			association or any of the association's members, in an amount determined
17			by the commissioner to provide adequate protection;
18		<u>(2)</u>	The incorporated members of the association may not be engaged in any
19			business other than underwriting as a member of the association and are
20			subject to the same level of regulation and solvency control by the
21			association's domiciliary regulator as are the unincorporated members; and
22		<u>(3)</u>	Within ninety days after the association's financial statements are due to be
23			filed with the association's domiciliary regulator, the association shall
24			provide to the commissioner an annual certification by the association's
25			domiciliary regulator of the solvency of each underwriter member; or if a
26			certification is unavailable, financial statements, prepared by independent
27			public accountants, of each underwriter member of the association.
28	<u>C.</u>	<u>The</u>	commissioner shall create and publish a list of qualified jurisdictions, under
29		whic	ch an assuming insurer licensed and domiciled in such jurisdiction is eligible
30		to b	e considered for certification by the commissioner as a certified reinsurer.

ı		(1)	in order to determine whether the domiciliary jurisdiction of a non-United
2			States assuming insurer is eligible to be recognized as a qualified
3			jurisdiction, the commissioner shall evaluate the appropriateness and
4			effectiveness of the reinsurance supervisory system of the jurisdiction, both
5			initially and on an ongoing basis, and consider the rights, benefits, and the
6			extent of reciprocal recognition afforded by the non-United States
7			jurisdiction to reinsurers licensed and domiciled in the United States. A
8			qualified jurisdiction must agree to share information and cooperate with the
9			commissioner with respect to all certified reinsurers domiciled within that
10			jurisdiction. A jurisdiction may not be recognized as a qualified jurisdiction if
11			the commissioner has determined the jurisdiction does not adequately and
12			promptly enforce final United States judgments and arbitration awards.
13			Additional factors may be considered in the discretion of the commissioner.
14		<u>(2)</u>	A list of qualified jurisdictions must be published through the national
15			association of insurance commissioner committee process. The
16			commissioner shall consider this list in determining qualified jurisdictions. If
17			the commissioner approves a jurisdiction as qualified which does not appear
18			on the list of qualified jurisdictions, the commissioner shall provide
19			thoroughly documented justification in accordance with criteria to be
20			developed under regulations.
21		<u>(3)</u>	United States jurisdictions that meet the requirement for accreditation under
22			the national association of insurance commissioners financial standards and
23			accreditation program must be recognized as qualified jurisdictions.
24		<u>(4)</u>	If a certified reinsurer's domiciliary jurisdiction ceases to be a qualified
25			jurisdiction, in lieu of revocation, the commissioner may suspend the
26			reinsurer's certification indefinitely.
27	<u>d.</u>	<u>The</u>	commissioner shall assign a rating to each certified reinsurer. Giving due
28		cons	sideration to the financial strength ratings that have been assigned by rating
29		<u>age</u>	ncies deemed acceptable to the commissioner pursuant to rule. The
30		com	missioner shall publish a list of all certified reinsurers and the reinsurer's
31		ratin	<u>igs.</u>

1 A certified reinsurer shall secure obligations assumed from United States ceding 2 insurers under this subsection at a level consistent with the certified reinsurer's 3 rating, as specified in rules adopted by the commissioner. 4 In order for a domestic ceding insurer to qualify for full financial statement (1) 5 credit for reinsurance ceded to a certified reinsurer, the certified reinsurer 6 shall maintain security in a form acceptable to the commissioner and 7 consistent with the provisions of section 26.1-31.2-02 or in a 8 multibeneficiary trust in accordance with subsection 4, except as otherwise 9 provided in this subsection. 10 (2) If a certified reinsurer maintains a trust to fully secure the certified 11 reinsurer's obligations subject to subsection 4, and chooses to secure the 12 certified reinsurer's obligations incurred as a certified reinsurer in the form of 13 a multibeneficiary trust, the certified reinsurer shall maintain separate trust 14 accounts for the certified reinsurer's obligations incurred under reinsurance 15 agreements issued or renewed as a certified reinsurer with reduced security 16 as permitted by this subsection or comparable laws of other United States 17 jurisdictions and for the certified reinsurer's obligations subject to 18 subsection 4. As a condition to the grant of certification under subsection 5, 19 the certified reinsurer must have bound itself, by the language of the trust 20 and agreement with the commissioner with principal regulatory oversight of 21 each such trust account, to fund, upon termination of any such trust 22 account, out of the remaining surplus of such trust any deficiency of any 23 other such trust account. 24 (3) The minimum trusteed surplus requirements provided in subsection 4 are 25 not applicable with respect to a multibeneficiary trust maintained by a 26 certified reinsurer for the purpose of securing obligations incurred under this 27 subsection, except that such trust must maintain a minimum trusteed 28 surplus of ten million dollars. 29 With respect to obligations incurred by a certified reinsurer under this (4) 30 subsection, if the security is insufficient, the commissioner shall reduce the 31 allowable credit by an amount proportionate to the deficiency, and may

1				<u>ımpo</u>	se further reductions in allowable credit upon finding there is a material
2				<u>risk t</u>	he certified reinsurer's obligations will not be paid in full when due.
3			<u>(5)</u>	For p	ourposes of this subsection, a certified reinsurer whose certification has
4				<u>been</u>	terminated for any reason must be treated as a certified reinsurer
5				requi	red to secure one hundred percent of the certified reinsurer's
6				<u>oblig</u>	ations.
7				<u>(a)</u>	As used in this subsection, "terminated" refers to revocation,
8					suspension, voluntary surrender, and inactive status.
9				<u>(b)</u>	If the commissioner continues to assign a higher rating as permitted
10					by other provisions of this section, this requirement does not apply to
11					a certified reinsurer in inactive status or to a reinsurer whose
12					certification has been suspended.
13		<u>f.</u>	<u>lf an a</u>	appli	cant for certification has been certified as a reinsurer in a national
14			assoc	ciatio	n of insurance commissioners accredited jurisdiction, the commissioner
15			may o	defer	to that jurisdiction's certification, and may defer to the rating assigned
16			by tha	at jur	isdiction, and such assuming insurer must be considered to be a
17			certifi	ed re	einsurer in this state.
18		<u>g.</u>	A cer	tified	reinsurer that ceases to assume new business in this state may
19			reque	est to	maintain the certified reinsurer's certification in inactive status in order
20			to cor	ntinu	e to qualify for a reduction in security for the certified reinsurer's in-force
21			<u>busin</u>	ess.	An inactive certified reinsurer shall continue to comply with all
22			applic	cable	requirements of this subsection, and the commissioner shall assign a
23			rating	that	takes into account, if relevant, the reasons why the reinsurer is not
24			assur	ming	new business.
25	<u>6.</u>	Cre	dit mus	st be	allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer not
26		mee	eting th	e rec	quirements of subsection 1, 2, 3, or 4, or 5 but only with respectas to
27		the	insurar	nce c	f risks located in jurisdictions where the reinsurance is required by
28		арр	licable	law	or regulation of that jurisdiction.
29	6. 7.	<u>a.</u>	If the	assu	ming insurer is not licensed or, accredited, or certified to transact
30			insura	ance	or reinsurance in this state, the credit permitted by subsections 3 and 4

1 may not be allowed unless the assuming insurer agrees in the reinsurance 2 agreements: 3 (1) In the event of the failure of the assuming insurer to perform its obligations a. 4 under the terms of the reinsurance agreement, the assuming insurer, at the 5 request of the ceding insurer, shall submit to the jurisdiction of any court of 6 competent jurisdiction in any state of the United States, will comply with all 7 requirements necessary to give such the court jurisdiction, and will abide by 8 the final decision of suchthe court or of any appellate court in the event of 9 an appeal; and 10 b. (2) To designate the commissioner or a designated attorney as its true and 11 lawful attorney upon whom may be served any lawful process in any action, 12 suit, or proceeding instituted by or on behalf of the ceding companyinsurer. 13 b. This provisionsubsection is not intended to conflict with or override the obligation 14 of the parties to a reinsurance agreement to arbitrate their disputes, if such anthis 15 obligation is created in the agreement. 16 If the assuming insurer does not meet the requirements of subsection 1, 2, or 3, the <u>8.</u> 17 credit permitted by subsection 4 or 5 may not be allowed unless the assuming insurer 18 agrees in the trust agreements to the following conditions: 19 Notwithstanding any other provisions in the trust instrument, if the trust fund is <u>a.</u> 20 inadequate because the trust fund contains an amount less than the amount 21 required by subdivision c of subsection 4, or if the grantor of the trust has been 22 declared insolvent or placed into receivership, rehabilitation, liquidation, or similar 23 proceedings under the laws of its state or country of domicile, the trustee shall 24 comply with an order of the commissioner with regulatory oversight over the trust 25 or with an order of a court of competent jurisdiction directing the trustee to 26 transfer to the commissioner with regulatory oversight all of the assets of the trust 27 fund. 28 The assets must be distributed by and claims must be filed with and valued by b. 29 the commissioner with regulatory oversight in accordance with the laws of the 30 state in which the trust is domiciled which are applicable to the liquidation of 31 domestic insurers.

1 If the commissioner with regulatory oversight determines the assets of the trust 2 fund or any part of this trust fund are not necessary to satisfy the claims of the 3 United States ceding insurers of the grantor of the trust, the assets or part of the 4 assets must be returned by the commissioner with regulatory oversight to the 5 trustee for distribution in accordance with the trust agreement. 6 <u>d.</u> The grantor shall waive any right otherwise available to the grantor under United 7 States law that is inconsistent with this provision. 8 <u>9.</u> If an accredited or certified reinsurer ceases to meet the requirements for accreditation 9 or certification, the commissioner may suspend or revoke the reinsurer's accreditation 10 or certification. 11 a. The commissioner shall give the reinsurer notice and opportunity for a hearing. 12 The suspension or revocation may not take effect until after the commissioner's 13 order on a hearing, unless: 14 The reinsurer waives the reinsurer's right to a hearing; (1) 15 (2)The commissioner's order is based on regulatory action by the reinsurer's 16 domiciliary jurisdiction or the voluntary surrender or termination of the 17 reinsurer's eligibility to transact insurance or reinsurance business in the 18 reinsurer's domiciliary jurisdiction or in the primary certifying state of the 19 reinsurer under subdivision f of subsection 5; or 20 The commissioner finds an emergency requires immediate action and a <u>(3)</u> 21 court of competent jurisdiction has not stayed the commissioner's action. 22 During the period of suspension of a reinsurer's accreditation or certification, a b. 23 reinsurance contract issued or renewed after the effective date of the suspension 24 does not qualify for credit except to the extent that the reinsurer's obligations 25 under the contract are secured in accordance with section 26.1-31.2-02. If a 26 reinsurer's accreditation or certification is revoked, credit for reinsurance may not 27 be granted after the effective date of the revocation, except to the extent the 28 reinsurer's obligations under the contract are secured in accordance with 29 subdivision e of subsection 6 or section 26.1-31.2-02. 30 <u>10.</u> A ceding insurer shall take steps to manage the ceding insurer's reinsurance 31 recoverables proportionate to the ceding insurer's own book of business. A

1		domestic ceding insurer shall notify the commissioner within thirty days after
2		reinsurance recoverables from any single assuming insurer, or group of affiliated
3		assuming insurers, exceed fifty percent of the domestic ceding insurer's last
4		reported surplus to policyholders, or after it is determined reinsurance
5		recoverables from any single assuming insurer, or group of affiliated assuming
6		insurers, is likely to exceed this limit. The notification must demonstrate the
7		exposure is safely managed by the domestic ceding insurer.
8	<u>b.</u>	A ceding insurer shall take steps to diversify the ceding insurer's reinsurance
9		program. A domestic ceding insurer shall notify the commissioner within thirty
10		days after ceding to any single assuming insurer, or group of affiliated assuming
11		insurers, more than twenty percent of the ceding insurer's gross written premium
12		in the prior calendar year, or after the ceding insurer's determined the
13		reinsurance ceded to any single assuming insurer, or group of affiliated assuming
14		insurers, is likely to exceed this limit. The notification must demonstrate the
15		exposure is safely managed by the domestic ceding insurer.
16	SECTION	2. AMENDMENT. Section 26.1-31.2-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is
17	amended and	d reenacted as follows:
18	26.1-31.2	2-02. ReductionAsset or reduction from liability for reinsurance ceded by a

26.1-31.2-02. Reduction Asset or reduction from liability for reinsurance ceded by a domestic insurer to an assuming insurer not meeting the requirements of section 26.1-31.2-01.

A<u>An asset or</u> reduction from liability for the reinsurance ceded by a domestic insurer to an assuming insurer not meeting the requirements of section 26.1-31.2-01 must be allowed in an amount not exceeding the liabilities carried by the ceding insurer and such. The reduction must be in the amount of funds held by or on behalf of the ceding insurer, including funds held in trust for the ceding insurer, under a reinsurance contract with the assuming insurer as security for the payment of obligations thereunder, if the security is held in the United States subject to withdrawal solely by, and under the exclusive control of, the ceding insurer; or, in the case of a trust, held in a qualified United States financial institution, as defined in subsection 2 of section 26.1-31.2-03. This security may be in the form of:

1. Cash-;

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- 2. Securities listed by the securities valuation office of the national association of insurance commissioners, including those securities deemed exempt from filing as defined by the purposes and procedures manual of the securities valuation office, and qualifying as admitted assets-;
 - 3. <u>a.</u> Clean, irrevocable, unconditional, and evergreen letters of credit issued or confirmed by a qualified United States institution, as defined in subsection 1 of section 26.1-31.2-03, effective no later than December thirty-first in respect of the year for which the filing is being made, and in the possession of, or in trust for, the ceding companyinsurer on or before the filing date of its annual statement.: or
 - b. Letters of credit meeting applicable standards of issuer acceptability as of the dates of their issuance or confirmation must, notwithstanding the issuing or confirming institution's subsequent failure to meet applicable standards of issuer acceptability, continue to be acceptable as security until their expiration, extension, renewal, modification, or amendment, whichever first occurs-: or
 - 4. Any other form of security acceptable to the commissioner.

SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 26.1-31.2-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

26.1-31.2-03. Qualified United States financial institutions.

- 1. For purposes of subsection 3 of section 26.1-31.2-02, a "qualified United States financial institution" means an institution that:
 - a. Is organized, or in case of a United States office of a foreign banking
 organization, is licensed, under the laws of the United States or any state thereof;
 - b. Is regulated, supervised, and examined by United States federal or state authorities having regulatory authority over banks and trust companies; and
 - c. Has been determined by either the commissioner, or the securities valuation office of the national association of insurance commissioners, to meet such standards of financial condition and standing as are considered necessary and appropriate to regulate the quality of financial institutions whose letters of credit will be acceptable to the commissioner.

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this chapter.

1 A "qualified United States financial institution" means, for purposes of those provisions 2 of this chapter specifying those institutions that are eligible to act as a fiduciary of a 3 trust, an institution that: 4 Is organized, or in the case of a United States branch or agency office of a 5 foreign banking organization, is licensed, under the laws of the United States or 6 any state thereof and has been granted authority to operate with fiduciary 7 powers; and 8 Is regulated, supervised, and examined by federal or state authorities having b. 9 regulatory authority over banks and trust companies. 10 SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 26.1-31.2-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is 11 amended and reenacted as follows: 12 26.1-31.2-04. Rulemaking authority. 13 The commissioner may adopt reasonable rules for the implementation and administration of

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