As Introduced

133rd General Assembly

Regular Session 2019-2020

S. B. No. 160

Senators O'Brien, Rulli

Cosponsors: Senators Antonio, Craig, Eklund, Fedor, Huffman, M., Sykes, Thomas, Williams, Yuko, Lehner

A BILL

То	amend sections 2923.125, 2953.32, 2953.321,	1
	2953.33, 2953.35, and 2953.52 and to enact	2
	section 2953.39 of the Revised Code to provide a	3
	mechanism for the expungement of records of most	4
	convictions that, depending on the category of	5
	the offense, are at least 10 years old, 15 years	6
	old, or 20 years old, and to eliminate the	7
	waiting period for sealing a record related to a	8
	no bill.	9

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2923.125, 2953.32, 2953.321,	10
2953.33, 2953.35, and 2953.52 be amended and section 2953.39 of	11
the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	12
Sec. 2923.125. It is the intent of the general assembly	13
that Ohio concealed handgun license law be compliant with the	14
national instant criminal background check system, that the	15
bureau of alcohol, tobacco, firearms, and explosives is able to	16
determine that Ohio law is compliant with the national instant	17
criminal background check system, and that no person shall be	18

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eligible to receive a concealed handgun license permit under

section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code unless the

person is eligible lawfully to receive or possess a firearm in

the United States.

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- (A) This section applies with respect to the application for and issuance by this state of concealed handqun licenses other than concealed handgun licenses on a temporary emergency basis that are issued under section 2923.1213 of the Revised Code. Upon the request of a person who wishes to obtain a concealed handgun license with respect to which this section applies or to renew a concealed handgun license with respect to which this section applies, a sheriff, as provided in division (I) of this section, shall provide to the person free of charge an application form and the web site address at which a printable version of the application form that can be downloaded and the pamphlet described in division (B) of section 109.731 of the Revised Code may be found. A sheriff shall accept a completed application form and the fee, items, materials, and information specified in divisions (B)(1) to (5) of this section at the times and in the manners described in division (I) of this section.
- (B) An applicant for a concealed handgun license who is a 40 resident of this state shall submit a completed application form 41 and all of the material and information described in divisions 42 (B)(1) to (6) of this section to the sheriff of the county in 43 which the applicant resides or to the sheriff of any county 44 adjacent to the county in which the applicant resides. An 45 applicant for a license who resides in another state shall 46 submit a completed application form and all of the material and 47 information described in divisions (B)(1) to (7) of this section 48 to the sheriff of the county in which the applicant is employed 49

or to the sheriff of any county adjacent to the county in which	50
the applicant is employed:	51
(1)(a) A nonrefundable license fee as described in either	52
of the following:	53
(i) For an applicant who has been a resident of this state	54
for five or more years, a fee of sixty-seven dollars;	55
(ii) For an applicant who has been a resident of this	56
state for less than five years or who is not a resident of this	57
state, but who is employed in this state, a fee of sixty-seven	58
dollars plus the actual cost of having a background check	59
performed by the federal bureau of investigation.	60
(b) No sheriff shall require an applicant to pay for the	61
cost of a background check performed by the bureau of criminal	62
identification and investigation.	63
(c) A sheriff shall waive the payment of the license fee	64
described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section in connection	65
with an initial or renewal application for a license that is	66
submitted by an applicant who is an active or reserve member of	67
the armed forces of the United States or has retired from or was	68
honorably discharged from military service in the active or	69
reserve armed forces of the United States, a retired peace	70
officer, a retired person described in division (B)(1)(b) of	71
section 109.77 of the Revised Code, or a retired federal law	72
enforcement officer who, prior to retirement, was authorized	73
under federal law to carry a firearm in the course of duty,	74
unless the retired peace officer, person, or federal law	75
enforcement officer retired as the result of a mental	76
disability.	77
(d) The sheriff shall deposit all fees paid by an	78

applicant under division (B)(1)(a) of this section into the	79
sheriff's concealed handgun license issuance fund established	80
pursuant to section 311.42 of the Revised Code. The county shall	81
distribute the fees in accordance with section 311.42 of the	82
Revised Code.	83
(2) A color photograph of the applicant that was taken	84
within thirty days prior to the date of the application;	85
(3) One or more of the following competency	86
certifications, each of which shall reflect that, regarding a	87
certification described in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), (e), or	88
(f) of this section, within the three years immediately	89
preceding the application the applicant has performed that to	90
which the competency certification relates and that, regarding a	91
certification described in division (B)(3)(d) of this section,	92
the applicant currently is an active or reserve member of the	93
armed forces of the United States, the applicant has retired	94
from or was honorably discharged from military service in the	95
active or reserve armed forces of the United States, or within	96
the ten years immediately preceding the application the	97
retirement of the peace officer, person described in division	98
(B)(1)(b) of section 109.77 of the Revised Code, or federal law	99
enforcement officer to which the competency certification	100
relates occurred:	101
(a) An original or photocopy of a certificate of	102
completion of a firearms safety, training, or requalification or	103
firearms safety instructor course, class, or program that was	104
offered by or under the auspices of a national gun advocacy	105
organization and that complies with the requirements set forth	106
in division (G) of this section;	107

(b) An original or photocopy of a certificate of

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completion of a firearms safety, training, or requalification or	109
firearms safety instructor course, class, or program that	110
satisfies all of the following criteria:	111
(i) It was open to members of the general public.	112
(ii) It utilized qualified instructors who were certified	113
by a national gun advocacy organization, the executive director	114
of the Ohio peace officer training commission pursuant to	115
section 109.75 or 109.78 of the Revised Code, or a governmental	116
official or entity of another state.	117
(iii) It was offered by or under the auspices of a law	118
enforcement agency of this or another state or the United	119
States, a public or private college, university, or other	120
similar postsecondary educational institution located in this or	121
another state, a firearms training school located in this or	122
another state, or another type of public or private entity or	123
organization located in this or another state.	124
(iv) It complies with the requirements set forth in	125
division (G) of this section.	126
(c) An original or photocopy of a certificate of	127
completion of a state, county, municipal, or department of	128
natural resources peace officer training school that is approved	129
by the executive director of the Ohio peace officer training	130
commission pursuant to section 109.75 of the Revised Code and	131
that complies with the requirements set forth in division (G) of	132
this section, or the applicant has satisfactorily completed and	133
been issued a certificate of completion of a basic firearms	134
training program, a firearms requalification training program,	135
or another basic training program described in section 109.78 or	136
109.801 of the Revised Code that complies with the requirements	137

set forth in division (G) of this section;	138
(d) A document that evidences both of the following:	139
(i) That the applicant is an active or reserve member of	140
the armed forces of the United States, has retired from or was	141
honorably discharged from military service in the active or	142
reserve armed forces of the United States, is a retired trooper	143
of the state highway patrol, or is a retired peace officer or	144
federal law enforcement officer described in division (B)(1) of	145
this section or a retired person described in division (B)(1)(b)	146
of section 109.77 of the Revised Code and division (B)(1) of	147
this section;	148
(ii) That, through participation in the military service	149
or through the former employment described in division (B)(3)(d)	150
(i) of this section, the applicant acquired experience with	151
handling handguns or other firearms, and the experience so	152
acquired was equivalent to training that the applicant could	153
have acquired in a course, class, or program described in	154
division (B)(3)(a), (b), or (c) of this section.	155
(e) A certificate or another similar document that	156
evidences satisfactory completion of a firearms training,	157
safety, or requalification or firearms safety instructor course,	158
class, or program that is not otherwise described in division	159
(B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section, that was conducted	160
by an instructor who was certified by an official or entity of	161
the government of this or another state or the United States or	162
by a national gun advocacy organization, and that complies with	163
the requirements set forth in division (G) of this section;	164
(f) An affidavit that attests to the applicant's	165
satisfactory completion of a course, class, or program described	166

in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section and that	167
is subscribed by the applicant's instructor or an authorized	168
representative of the entity that offered the course, class, or	169
program or under whose auspices the course, class, or program	170
was offered;	171
(g) A document that evidences that the applicant has	172
successfully completed the Ohio peace officer training program	173
described in section 109.79 of the Revised Code.	174
(4) A certification by the applicant that the applicant	175
has read the pamphlet prepared by the Ohio peace officer	176
training commission pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised	177
Code that reviews firearms, dispute resolution, and use of	178
deadly force matters.	179
(5) A set of fingerprints of the applicant provided as	180
described in section 311.41 of the Revised Code through use of	181
an electronic fingerprint reading device or, if the sheriff to	182
whom the application is submitted does not possess and does not	183
have ready access to the use of such a reading device, on a	184
standard impression sheet prescribed pursuant to division (C)(2)	185
of section 109.572 of the Revised Code.	186
(6) If the applicant is not a citizen or national of the	187
United States, the name of the applicant's country of	188
citizenship and the applicant's alien registration number issued	189
by the United States citizenship and immigration services	190
agency.	191
(7) If the applicant resides in another state, adequate	192
proof of employment in Ohio.	193
(C) Upon receipt of the completed application form,	194

supporting documentation, and, if not waived, license fee of an

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applicant under this section, a sheriff, in the manner specified	196
in section 311.41 of the Revised Code, shall conduct or cause to	197
be conducted the criminal records check and the incompetency	198
records check described in section 311.41 of the Revised Code.	199
(D)(1) Except as provided in division (D)(3) of this	200
section, within forty-five days after a sheriff's receipt of an	201
applicant's completed application form for a concealed handgun	202
license under this section, the supporting documentation, and,	203
if not waived, the license fee, the sheriff shall make available	204
through the law enforcement automated data system in accordance	205
with division (H) of this section the information described in	206
that division and, upon making the information available through	207
the system, shall issue to the applicant a concealed handgun	208
license that shall expire as described in division (D)(2)(a) of	209
this section if all of the following apply:	210
(a) The applicant is legally living in the United States.	211
For purposes of division (D)(1)(a) of this section, if a person	212
is absent from the United States in compliance with military or	213
naval orders as an active or reserve member of the armed forces	214
of the United States and if prior to leaving the United States	215
the person was legally living in the United States, the person,	216
solely by reason of that absence, shall not be considered to	217
have lost the person's status as living in the United States.	218
(b) The applicant is at least twenty-one years of age.	219
(c) The applicant is not a fugitive from justice.	220
(d) The applicant is not under indictment for or otherwise	221
charged with a felony; an offense under Chapter 2925., 3719., or	222
4729. of the Revised Code that involves the illegal possession,	223
use, sale, administration, or distribution of or trafficking in	224

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a drug of abuse; a misdemeanor offense of violence; or a 225 violation of section 2903.14 or 2923.1211 of the Revised Code. 226

- (e) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(4) or (5) 227 of this section, the applicant has not been convicted of or 228 pleaded guilty to a felony or an offense under Chapter 2925., 229 3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code that involves the illegal 230 possession, use, sale, administration, or distribution of or 231 trafficking in a drug of abuse; has not been adjudicated a 232 delinquent child for committing an act that if committed by an 233 adult would be a felony or would be an offense under Chapter 234 2925., 3719., or 4729. of the Revised Code that involves the 235 illegal possession, use, sale, administration, or distribution 236 of or trafficking in a drug of abuse; has not been convicted of, 237 pleaded guilty to, or adjudicated a delinquent child for 238 committing a violation of section 2903.13 of the Revised Code 239 when the victim of the violation is a peace officer, regardless 240 of whether the applicant was sentenced under division (C)(4) of 241 that section; and has not been convicted of, pleaded quilty to, 242 or adjudicated a delinquent child for committing any other 243 offense that is not previously described in this division that 244 is a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding 245 one year. 246
- (f) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(4) or (5) 247 of this section, the applicant, within three years of the date 248 of the application, has not been convicted of or pleaded quilty 249 to a misdemeanor offense of violence other than a misdemeanor 250 violation of section 2921.33 of the Revised Code or a violation 251 of section 2903.13 of the Revised Code when the victim of the 252 violation is a peace officer, or a misdemeanor violation of 253 section 2923.1211 of the Revised Code; and has not been 254 adjudicated a delinquent child for committing an act that if 255

committed by an adult would be a misdemeanor offense of violence	256
other than a misdemeanor violation of section 2921.33 of the	257
Revised Code or a violation of section 2903.13 of the Revised	258
Code when the victim of the violation is a peace officer or for	259
committing an act that if committed by an adult would be a	260
misdemeanor violation of section 2923.1211 of the Revised Code.	261
(g) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(1)(e) of	262
this section, the applicant, within five years of the date of	263
the application, has not been convicted of, pleaded guilty to,	264
or adjudicated a delinquent child for committing two or more	265
violations of section 2903.13 or 2903.14 of the Revised Code.	266
(h) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(4) or (5)	267
of this section, the applicant, within ten years of the date of	268
the application, has not been convicted of, pleaded guilty to,	269
or adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a violation of	270
section 2921.33 of the Revised Code.	271
(i) The applicant has not been adjudicated as a mental	272
defective, has not been committed to any mental institution, is	273
not under adjudication of mental incompetence, has not been	274
found by a court to be a mentally ill person subject to court	275
order, and is not an involuntary patient other than one who is a	276
patient only for purposes of observation. As used in this	277
division, "mentally ill person subject to court order" and	278
"patient" have the same meanings as in section 5122.01 of the	279
Revised Code.	280
(j) The applicant is not currently subject to a civil	281
protection order, a temporary protection order, or a protection	282
order issued by a court of another state.	283

(k) The applicant certifies that the applicant desires a

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legal means to carry a concealed handgun for defense of the	285
applicant or a member of the applicant's family while engaged in	286
lawful activity.	287
(1) The applicant submits a competency certification of	288
the type described in division (B)(3) of this section and	289
submits a certification of the type described in division (B)(4)	290
of this section regarding the applicant's reading of the	291
pamphlet prepared by the Ohio peace officer training commission	292
pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised Code.	293
(m) The applicant currently is not subject to a suspension	294
imposed under division (A)(2) of section 2923.128 of the Revised	295
Code of a concealed handgun license that previously was issued	296
to the applicant under this section or section 2923.1213 of the	297
Revised Code or a similar suspension imposed by another state	298
regarding a concealed handgun license issued by that state.	299
(n) If the applicant resides in another state, the	300
applicant is employed in this state.	301
(o) The applicant certifies that the applicant is not an	302
unlawful user of or addicted to any controlled substance as	303
defined in 21 U.S.C. 802.	304
(p) If the applicant is not a United States citizen, the	305
applicant is an alien and has not been admitted to the United	306
States under a nonimmigrant visa, as defined in the "Immigration	307
and Nationality Act," 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(26).	308
(q) The applicant has not been discharged from the armed	309
forces of the United States under dishonorable conditions.	310
(r) The applicant certifies that the applicant has not	311
renounced the applicant's United States citizenship, if	312
applicable.	313

(s) The applicant has not been convicted of, pleaded	314
guilty to, or adjudicated a delinquent child for committing a	315
violation of section 2919.25 of the Revised Code or a similar	316
violation in another state.	317
(2)(a) A concealed handgun license that a sheriff issues	318
under division (D)(1) of this section shall expire five years	319
after the date of issuance.	320
If a sheriff issues a license under this section, the	321
sheriff shall place on the license a unique combination of	322
letters and numbers identifying the license in accordance with	323
the procedure prescribed by the Ohio peace officer training	324
commission pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised Code.	325
(b) If a sheriff denies an application under this section	326
because the applicant does not satisfy the criteria described in	327
division (D)(1) of this section, the sheriff shall specify the	328
grounds for the denial in a written notice to the applicant. The	329
applicant may appeal the denial pursuant to section 119.12 of	330
the Revised Code in the county served by the sheriff who denied	331
the application. If the denial was as a result of the criminal	332
records check conducted pursuant to section 311.41 of the	333
Revised Code and if, pursuant to section 2923.127 of the Revised	334
Code, the applicant challenges the criminal records check	335
results using the appropriate challenge and review procedure	336
specified in that section, the time for filing the appeal	337
pursuant to section 119.12 of the Revised Code and this division	338
is tolled during the pendency of the request or the challenge	339
and review.	340
(c) If the court in an appeal under section 119.12 of the	341
Revised Code and division (D)(2)(b) of this section enters a	342

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judgment sustaining the sheriff's refusal to grant to the

applicant a concealed handgun license, the applicant may file a	344
new application beginning one year after the judgment is	345
entered. If the court enters a judgment in favor of the	346
applicant, that judgment shall not restrict the authority of a	347
sheriff to suspend or revoke the license pursuant to section	348
2923.128 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code or to refuse to renew	349
the license for any proper cause that may occur after the date	350
the judgment is entered. In the appeal, the court shall have	351
full power to dispose of all costs.	352

- (3) If the sheriff with whom an application for a 353 concealed handgun license was filed under this section becomes 354 aware that the applicant has been arrested for or otherwise 355 charged with an offense that would disqualify the applicant from 356 holding the license, the sheriff shall suspend the processing of 357 the application until the disposition of the case arising from 358 the arrest or charge.
- (4) If an applicant has been convicted of or pleaded 360 quilty to an offense identified in division (D)(1)(e), (f), or 361 (h) of this section or has been adjudicated a delinquent child 362 for committing an act or violation identified in any of those 363 divisions, and if a court has ordered the sealing or expungement 364 of the records of that conviction, guilty plea, or adjudication 365 pursuant to sections 2151.355 to 2151.358, sections 2953.31 to 366 2953.36, or section 2953.37 or 2953.39 of the Revised Code or 367 the applicant has been relieved under operation of law or legal 368 process from the disability imposed pursuant to section 2923.13 369 of the Revised Code relative to that conviction, quilty plea, or 370 adjudication, the sheriff with whom the application was 371 submitted shall not consider the conviction, guilty plea, or 372 adjudication in making a determination under division (D)(1) or 373 (F) of this section or, in relation to an application for a 374

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concealed handgun license on a temporary emergency basis	375
submitted under section 2923.1213 of the Revised Code, in making	376
a determination under division (B)(2) of that section.	377
(5) If an applicant has been convicted of or pleaded	378
guilty to a minor misdemeanor offense or has been adjudicated a	379
delinquent child for committing an act or violation that is a	380
minor misdemeanor offense, the sheriff with whom the application	381
was submitted shall not consider the conviction, guilty plea, or	382
adjudication in making a determination under division (D)(1) or	383
(F) of this section or, in relation to an application for a	384
concealed handgun license on a temporary basis submitted under	385
section 2923.1213 of the Revised Code, in making a determination	386
under division (B)(2) of that section.	387
(E) If a concealed handgun license issued under this	388
section is lost or is destroyed, the licensee may obtain from	389
the sheriff who issued that license a duplicate license upon the	390
payment of a fee of fifteen dollars and the submission of an	391
affidavit attesting to the loss or destruction of the license.	392
The sheriff, in accordance with the procedures prescribed in	393
section 109.731 of the Revised Code, shall place on the	394
replacement license a combination of identifying numbers	395
different from the combination on the license that is being	396
replaced.	397
(F)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (F)(1)(b) of this	398
section, a licensee who wishes to renew a concealed handgun	399
license issued under this section may do so at any time before	400
the expiration date of the license or at any time after the	401

expiration date of the license by filing with the sheriff of the

county in which the applicant resides or with the sheriff of an

adjacent county, or in the case of an applicant who resides in

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another state with the sheriff of the county that issued the	405
applicant's previous concealed handgun license an application	406
for renewal of the license obtained pursuant to division (D) of	407
this section, a certification by the applicant that, subsequent	408
to the issuance of the license, the applicant has reread the	409
pamphlet prepared by the Ohio peace officer training commission	410
pursuant to section 109.731 of the Revised Code that reviews	411
firearms, dispute resolution, and use of deadly force matters,	412
and a nonrefundable license renewal fee in an amount determined	413
pursuant to division (F)(4) of this section unless the fee is	414
waived.	415

(b) A person on active duty in the armed forces of the 416 United States or in service with the peace corps, volunteers in 417 service to America, or the foreign service of the United States 418 is exempt from the license requirements of this section for the 419 period of the person's active duty or service and for six months 420 thereafter, provided the person was a licensee under this 421 section at the time the person commenced the person's active 422 duty or service or had obtained a license while on active duty 423 or service. The spouse or a dependent of any such person on 424 active duty or in service also is exempt from the license 425 requirements of this section for the period of the person's 426 active duty or service and for six months thereafter, provided 427 the spouse or dependent was a licensee under this section at the 428 time the person commenced the active duty or service or had 429 obtained a license while the person was on active duty or 430 service, and provided further that the person's active duty or 431 service resulted in the spouse or dependent relocating outside 432 of this state during the period of the active duty or service. 433 This division does not prevent such a person or the person's 434 spouse or dependent from making an application for the renewal 435 of a concealed handgun license during the period of the person's 436 active duty or service. 437 (2) A sheriff shall accept a completed renewal 438 application, the license renewal fee, and the information 439 specified in division (F)(1) of this section at the times and in 440 the manners described in division (I) of this section. Upon 441 receipt of a completed renewal application, of certification 442 that the applicant has reread the specified pamphlet prepared by 443 the Ohio peace officer training commission, and of a license 444 445 renewal fee unless the fee is waived, a sheriff, in the manner specified in section 311.41 of the Revised Code shall conduct or 446 cause to be conducted the criminal records check and the 447 incompetency records check described in section 311.41 of the 448 Revised Code. The sheriff shall renew the license if the sheriff 449 determines that the applicant continues to satisfy the 450 requirements described in division (D)(1) of this section, 4.51 except that the applicant is not required to meet the 452 requirements of division (D)(1)(1) of this section. A renewed 453 license shall expire five years after the date of issuance. A 454 renewed license is subject to division (E) of this section and 455 sections 2923.126 and 2923.128 of the Revised Code. A sheriff 456 shall comply with divisions (D)(2) and (3) of this section when 457 the circumstances described in those divisions apply to a 458 requested license renewal. If a sheriff denies the renewal of a 459

(3) A renewal application submitted pursuant to division 466

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concealed handgun license, the applicant may appeal the denial,

specified in division (D)(2)(b) of this section and in section

2923.127 of the Revised Code, regarding the denial of a license

or challenge the criminal record check results that were the

basis of the denial if applicable, in the same manner as

under this section.

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(F) of this section shall only require the licensee to list on	467
the application form information and matters occurring since the	468
date of the licensee's last application for a license pursuant	469
to division (B) or (F) of this section. A sheriff conducting the	470
criminal records check and the incompetency records check	471
described in section 311.41 of the Revised Code shall conduct	472
the check only from the date of the licensee's last application	473
for a license pursuant to division (B) or (F) of this section	474
through the date of the renewal application submitted pursuant	475
to division (F) of this section.	476
(4) An applicant for a renewal concealed handgun license	477
under this section shall submit to the sheriff of the county in	478
which the applicant resides or to the sheriff of any county	479
adjacent to the county in which the applicant resides, or in the	480
case of an applicant who resides in another state to the sheriff	481
of the county that issued the applicant's previous concealed	482
handgun license, a nonrefundable license fee as described in	483
either of the following:	484
(a) For an applicant who has been a resident of this state	485
for five or more years, a fee of fifty dollars;	486
(b) For an applicant who has been a resident of this state	487
for less than five years or who is not a resident of this state	488
but who is employed in this state, a fee of fifty dollars plus	489

(5) The concealed handgun license of a licensee who is no longer a resident of this state or no longer employed in this state, as applicable, is valid until the date of expiration on the license, and the licensee is prohibited from renewing the concealed handgun license.

federal bureau of investigation.

the actual cost of having a background check performed by the

(G)(1) Each course, class, or program described in	497
division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section shall	498
provide to each person who takes the course, class, or program	499
the web site address at which the pamphlet prepared by the Ohio	500
peace officer training commission pursuant to section 109.731 of	501
the Revised Code that reviews firearms, dispute resolution, and	502
use of deadly force matters may be found. Each such course,	503
class, or program described in one of those divisions shall	504
include at least eight hours of training in the safe handling	505
and use of a firearm that shall include training, provided as	506
described in division (G)(3) of this section, on all of the	507
following:	508
(a) The ability to name, explain, and demonstrate the	509
rules for safe handling of a handgun and proper storage	510
practices for handguns and ammunition;	511
(b) The ability to demonstrate and explain how to handle	512
ammunition in a safe manner;	513
(c) The ability to demonstrate the knowledge, skills, and	514
attitude necessary to shoot a handgun in a safe manner;	515
(d) Gun handling training;	516
(0, 000 1000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	
(e) A minimum of two hours of in-person training that	517
consists of range time and live-fire training.	518
(2) To satisfactorily complete the course, class, or	519
program described in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of	520
this section, the applicant shall pass a competency examination	521
that shall include both of the following:	522
(a) A written section, provided as described in division	523
(G) (3) of this section, on the ability to name and explain the	524
rules for the safe handling of a handgun and proper storage	525
= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	020

practices for handguns an	d ammunition;	526
(b) An in-person phy	sical demonstration of competence	in 527

- (b) An in-person physical demonstration of competence in 527 the use of a handgun and in the rules for safe handling and 528 storage of a handgun and a physical demonstration of the 529 attitude necessary to shoot a handgun in a safe manner. 530
- (3) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this division, the 531 training specified in division (G)(1)(a) of this section shall 532 be provided to the person receiving the training in person by an 533 instructor. If the training specified in division (G)(1)(a) of 534 this section is provided by a course, class, or program 535 described in division (B)(3)(a) of this section, or it is 536 provided by a course, class, or program described in division 537 (B)(3)(b), (c), or (e) of this section and the instructor is a 538 qualified instructor certified by a national gun advocacy 539 organization, the training so specified, other than the training 540 that requires the person receiving the training to demonstrate 541 handling abilities, may be provided online or as a combination 542 of in-person and online training, as long as the online training 543 includes an interactive component that regularly engages the 544 545 person.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this division, the 546 written section of the competency examination specified in 547 division (G)(2)(a) of this section shall be administered to the 548 person taking the competency examination in person by an 549 instructor. If the training specified in division (G)(1)(a) of 550 this section is provided to the person receiving the training by 551 a course, class, or program described in division (B)(3)(a) of 552 this section, or it is provided by a course, class, or program 553 described in division (B)(3)(b), (c), or (e) of this section and 554 the instructor is a qualified instructor certified by a national 555

gun advocacy organization, the written section of the competency	556
examination specified in division (G)(2)(a) of this section may	557
be administered online, as long as the online training includes	558
an interactive component that regularly engages the person.	559
(4) The competency certification described in division (B)	560
(3)(a), (b), (c), or (e) of this section shall be dated and	561
shall attest that the course, class, or program the applicant	562
successfully completed met the requirements described in	563
division (G)(1) of this section and that the applicant passed	564
the competency examination described in division (G)(2) of this	565
section.	566
(H) Upon deciding to issue a concealed handgun license,	567
deciding to issue a replacement concealed handgun license, or	568
deciding to renew a concealed handgun license pursuant to this	569
section, and before actually issuing or renewing the license,	570
the sheriff shall make available through the law enforcement	571
automated data system all information contained on the license.	572
If the license subsequently is suspended under division (A)(1)	573
or (2) of section 2923.128 of the Revised Code, revoked pursuant	574
to division (B)(1) of section 2923.128 of the Revised Code, or	575
lost or destroyed, the sheriff also shall make available through	576
the law enforcement automated data system a notation of that	577
fact. The superintendent of the state highway patrol shall	578
ensure that the law enforcement automated data system is so	579
configured as to permit the transmission through the system of	580
the information specified in this division.	581
(I)(1) A sheriff shall accept a completed application form	582
or renewal application, and the fee, items, materials, and	583
information specified in divisions (B)(1) to (5) or division (F)	584

of this section, whichever is applicable, and shall provide an

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application form or renewal application to any person during at 586 least fifteen hours a week and shall provide the web site 587 address at which a printable version of the application form 588 that can be downloaded and the pamphlet described in division 589 (B) of section 109.731 of the Revised Code may be found at any 590 time, upon request. The sheriff shall post notice of the hours 591 during which the sheriff is available to accept or provide the 592 information described in this division. 593

(2) A sheriff shall transmit a notice to the attorney 594 general, in a manner determined by the attorney general, every 595 time a license is issued that waived payment under division (B) 596 (1)(c) of this section for an applicant who is an active or 597 reserve member of the armed forces of the United States or has 598 retired from or was honorably discharged from military service 599 in the active or reserve armed forces of the United States. The 600 attorney general shall monitor and inform sheriffs issuing 601 licenses under this section when the amount of license fee 602 payments waived and transmitted to the attorney general reach 603 604 one million five hundred thousand dollars each year. Once a sheriff is informed that the payments waived reached one million 605 five hundred thousand dollars in any year, a sheriff shall no 606 longer waive payment of a license fee for an applicant who is an 607 active or reserve member of the armed forces of the United 608 States or has retired from or was honorably discharged from 609 military service in the active or reserve armed forces of the 610 United States for the remainder of that year. 611

Sec. 2953.32. (A) (1) Except as provided in section 2953.61 612 of the Revised Code, an eligible offender may apply to the 613 sentencing court if convicted in this state, or to a court of 614 common pleas if convicted in another state or in a federal 615 court, for the sealing of the record of the case that pertains 616

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to the conviction. Application may be made at one of the	617
following times:	618
(a) At the expiration of three years after the offender's	619
final discharge if convicted of one felony;	620
(b) When division (A)(1)(a) of section 2953.31 of the	621
Revised Code applies to the offender, at the expiration of four	622
years after the offender's final discharge if convicted of two	623
felonies, or at the expiration of five years after final	624
discharge if convicted of three, four, or five felonies;	625
(c) At the expiration of one year after the offender's	626
final discharge if convicted of a misdemeanor.	627
(2) Any person who has been arrested for any misdemeanor	628
offense and who has effected a bail forfeiture for the offense	629
charged may apply to the court in which the misdemeanor criminal	630
case was pending when bail was forfeited for the sealing of the	631
record of the case that pertains to the charge. Except as	632
provided in section 2953.61 of the Revised Code, the application	633
may be filed at any time after the expiration of one year from	634
the date on which the bail forfeiture was entered upon the	635
minutes of the court or the journal, whichever entry occurs	636
first.	637
(B) Upon the filing of an application under this section,	638
the court shall set a date for a hearing and shall notify the	639
prosecutor for the case of the hearing on the application. The	640
prosecutor may object to the granting of the application by	641
filing an objection with the court prior to the date set for the	642
hearing. The prosecutor shall specify in the objection the	643
reasons for believing a denial of the application is justified.	644
The court shall direct its regular probation officer, a state	645

probation officer, or the department of probation of the county	646
in which the applicant resides to make inquiries and written	647
reports as the court requires concerning the applicant. The	648
probation officer or county department of probation that the	649
court directs to make inquiries concerning the applicant shall	650
determine whether or not the applicant was fingerprinted at the	651
time of arrest or under section 109.60 of the Revised Code. If	652
the applicant was so fingerprinted, the probation officer or	653
county department of probation shall include with the written	654
report a record of the applicant's fingerprints. If the	655
applicant was convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of	656
division (A)(2) or (B) of section 2919.21 of the Revised Code,	657
the probation officer or county department of probation that the	658
court directed to make inquiries concerning the applicant shall	659
contact the child support enforcement agency enforcing the	660
applicant's obligations under the child support order to inquire	661
about the offender's compliance with the child support order.	662

- (C) (1) The court shall do each of the following:
- (a) Determine whether the applicant is an eligible 664 offender or whether the forfeiture of bail was agreed to by the 665 applicant and the prosecutor in the case. If the applicant 666 applies as an eligible offender pursuant to division (A)(1) of 667 this section and has two or three convictions that result from 668 the same indictment, information, or complaint, from the same 669 plea of quilty, or from the same official proceeding, and result 670 from related criminal acts that were committed within a three-671 month period but do not result from the same act or from 672 offenses committed at the same time, in making its determination 673 under this division, the court initially shall determine whether 674 it is not in the public interest for the two or three 675 convictions to be counted as one conviction. If the court 676

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determines that it is not in the public interest for the two or	677
three convictions to be counted as one conviction, the court	678
shall determine that the applicant is not an eligible offender;	679
if the court does not make that determination, the court shall	680
determine that the offender is an eligible offender.	681
(b) Determine whether criminal proceedings are pending	682
against the applicant;	683
(c) If the applicant is an eligible offender who applies	684
pursuant to division (A)(1) of this section, determine whether	685
the applicant has been rehabilitated to the satisfaction of the	686
court;	687
(d) If the prosecutor has filed an objection in accordance	688
with division (B) of this section, consider the reasons against	689
granting the application specified by the prosecutor in the	690
objection;	691
(e) Weigh the interests of the applicant in having the	692
records pertaining to the applicant's conviction or bail	693
forfeiture sealed against the legitimate needs, if any, of the	694
government to maintain those records.	695
(2) If the court determines, after complying with division	696
(C)(1) of this section, that the applicant is an eligible	697
offender or the subject of a bail forfeiture, that no criminal	698
proceeding is pending against the applicant, that the interests	699
of the applicant in having the records pertaining to the	700
applicant's conviction or bail forfeiture sealed are not	701
outweighed by any legitimate governmental needs to maintain	702
those records, and that the rehabilitation of an applicant who	703
is an eligible offender applying pursuant to division (A)(1) of	704
this section has been attained to the satisfaction of the court,	705

the court, except as provided in division (C)(4), (G), (H), or	706
(I) of this section, shall order all official records of the	707
case that pertain to the conviction or bail forfeiture sealed	708
and, except as provided in division (F) of this section, all	709
index references to the case that pertain to the conviction or	710
oail forfeiture deleted and, in the case of bail forfeitures,	711
shall dismiss the charges in the case. The proceedings in the	712
case that pertain to the conviction or bail forfeiture shall be	713
considered not to have occurred and the conviction or bail	714
forfeiture of the person who is the subject of the proceedings	715
shall be sealed, except that upon conviction of a subsequent	716
offense, the sealed record of prior conviction or bail	717
forfeiture may be considered by the court in determining the	718
sentence or other appropriate disposition, including the relief	719
provided for in sections 2953.31 to 2953.33 of the Revised Code.	720

- (3) An applicant may request the sealing of the records of more than one case in a single application under this section.

 Upon the filing of an application under this section, the applicant, unless indigent, shall pay a fee of fifty dollars, regardless of the number of records the application requests to have sealed. The court shall pay thirty dollars of the fee into the state treasury. It shall pay twenty dollars of the fee into the county general revenue fund if the sealed conviction or bail forfeiture was pursuant to a state statute, or into the general revenue fund of the municipal corporation involved if the sealed conviction or bail forfeiture was pursuant to a municipal ordinance.
- (4) If the court orders the official records pertaining to 733 the case sealed, the court shall do one of the following: 734
 - (a) If the applicant was fingerprinted at the time of 735

arrest or under section 109.60 of the Revised Code and the	736
record of the applicant's fingerprints was provided to the court	737
under division (B) of this section, forward a copy of the	738
sealing order and the record of the applicant's fingerprints to	739
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation.	740
(b) If the applicant was not fingerprinted at the time of	741
arrest or under section 109.60 of the Revised Code, or the	742
record of the applicant's fingerprints was not provided to the	743
court under division (B) of this section, but fingerprinting was	744
required for the offense, order the applicant to appear before a	745
sheriff to have the applicant's fingerprints taken according to	746
the fingerprint system of identification on the forms furnished	747
by the superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification	748
and investigation. The sheriff shall forward the applicant's	749
fingerprints to the court. The court shall forward the	750
applicant's fingerprints and a copy of the sealing order to the	751
bureau of criminal identification and investigation.	752
Failure of the court to order fingerprints at the time of	753
sealing does not constitute a reversible error.	754
(D) Inspection of the sealed records included in the order	755
may be made only by the following persons or for the following	756
purposes:	757
(1) By a law enforcement officer or prosecutor, or the	758
assistants of either, to determine whether the nature and	759
character of the offense with which a person is to be charged	760
would be affected by virtue of the person's previously having	761
been convicted of a crime;	762

(2) By the parole or probation officer of the person who

is the subject of the records, for the exclusive use of the

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officer in supervising the person while on parole or under a	765
community control sanction or a post-release control sanction,	766
and in making inquiries and written reports as requested by the	767
court or adult parole authority;	768
(3) Upon application by the person who is the subject of	769
the records, by the persons named in the application;	770
(4) By a law enforcement officer who was involved in the	771
case, for use in the officer's defense of a civil action arising	772
out of the officer's involvement in that case;	773
(5) By a prosecuting attorney or the prosecuting	774
attorney's assistants, to determine a defendant's eligibility to	775
enter a pre-trial diversion program established pursuant to	776
section 2935.36 of the Revised Code;	777
(6) By any law enforcement agency or any authorized	778
employee of a law enforcement agency or by the department of	779
rehabilitation and correction or department of youth services as	780
part of a background investigation of a person who applies for	781
employment with the agency or with the department;	782
(7) By any law enforcement agency or any authorized	783
employee of a law enforcement agency, for the purposes set forth	784
in, and in the manner provided in, section 2953.321 of the	785
Revised Code;	786
(8) By the bureau of criminal identification and	787
investigation or any authorized employee of the bureau for the	788
purpose of providing information to a board or person pursuant	789
to division (F) or (G) of section 109.57 of the Revised Code;	790
(9) By the bureau of criminal identification and	791
investigation or any authorized employee of the bureau for the	792
purpose of performing a criminal history records check on a	793

person to whom a certificate as prescribed in section 109.77 of	794
the Revised Code is to be awarded;	795
(10) By the bureau of criminal identification and	796
investigation or any authorized employee of the bureau for the	797
purpose of conducting a criminal records check of an individual	798
pursuant to division (B) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code	799
that was requested pursuant to any of the sections identified in	800
division (B)(1) of that section;	801
(11) By the bureau of criminal identification and	802
investigation, an authorized employee of the bureau, a sheriff,	803
or an authorized employee of a sheriff in connection with a	804
criminal records check described in section 311.41 of the	805
Revised Code;	806
(12) By the attorney general or an authorized employee of	807
the attorney general or a court for purposes of determining a	808
person's classification pursuant to Chapter 2950. of the Revised	809
Code;	810
(13) By a court, the registrar of motor vehicles, a	811
prosecuting attorney or the prosecuting attorney's assistants,	812
or a law enforcement officer for the purpose of assessing points	813
against a person under section 4510.036 of the Revised Code or	814
for taking action with regard to points assessed.	815
When the nature and character of the offense with which a	816
person is to be charged would be affected by the information, it	817
may be used for the purpose of charging the person with an	818
offense.	819
(E) In any criminal proceeding, proof of any otherwise	820
admissible prior conviction may be introduced and proved,	821
notwithstanding the fact that for any such prior conviction an	822

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order of sealing previously was issued pursuant to sections 823 2953.31 to 2953.36 of the Revised Code. 824

- (F) The person or governmental agency, office, or 825 department that maintains sealed records pertaining to 826 convictions or bail forfeitures that have been sealed pursuant 827 to this section may maintain a manual or computerized index to 828 the sealed records. The index shall contain only the name of, 829 and alphanumeric identifiers that relate to, the persons who are 830 the subject of the sealed records, the word "sealed," and the 831 832 name of the person, agency, office, or department that has custody of the sealed records, and shall not contain the name of 833 the crime committed. The index shall be made available by the 834 person who has custody of the sealed records only for the 835 purposes set forth in divisions (C), (D), and (E) of this 836 section. 837
- (G) Notwithstanding any provision of this section or 838 section 2953.33 of the Revised Code that requires otherwise, a 839 board of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint 840 vocational school district that maintains records of an 841 individual who has been permanently excluded under sections 842 3301.121 and 3313.662 of the Revised Code is permitted to 843 maintain records regarding a conviction that was used as the 844 basis for the individual's permanent exclusion, regardless of a 845 court order to seal the record. An order issued under this 846 section to seal the record of a conviction does not revoke the 847 adjudication order of the superintendent of public instruction 848 to permanently exclude the individual who is the subject of the 849 sealing order. An order issued under this section to seal the 850 record of a conviction of an individual may be presented to a 851 district superintendent as evidence to support the contention 852 that the superintendent should recommend that the permanent 853

exclusion of the individual who is the subject of the sealing	854
order be revoked. Except as otherwise authorized by this	855
division and sections 3301.121 and 3313.662 of the Revised Code,	856
any school employee in possession of or having access to the	857
sealed conviction records of an individual that were the basis	858
of a permanent exclusion of the individual is subject to section	859
2953.35 of the Revised Code.	860
(H) For purposes of sections 2953.31 to 2953.36 of the	861
Revised Code, DNA records collected in the DNA database and	862
fingerprints filed for record by the superintendent of the	863
bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall not be	864
sealed unless the superintendent receives a certified copy of a	865
final court order establishing that the offender's conviction	866
has been overturned. For purposes of this section, a court order	867
is not "final" if time remains for an appeal or application for	868
discretionary review with respect to the order.	869
(I) $\underline{(1)}$ The sealing of a record under this section does not	870
affect the assessment of points under section 4510.036 of the	871
Revised Code and does not erase points assessed against a person	872
as a result of the sealed record.	873
(2) The sealing of a record of conviction with respect to	874
an offense under this section does not preclude a person's	875
subsequent use of section 2953.39 of the Revised Code to expunge	876
the record of conviction with respect to the same offense.	877
Sec. 2953.321. (A) As used in this section, "investigatory	878
work product" means any records or reports of a law enforcement	879
officer or agency that are excepted from the definition of	880
"official records" contained in section 2953.51 of the Revised	881
Code and that pertain to a conviction or bail forfeiture the	882

records of which have been ordered sealed pursuant to division

(C)(2) of section 2953.32 of the Revised Code or that pertain to	884
a conviction or delinquent child adjudication the records of	885
which have been ordered expunded pursuant to division (E) of	886
section 2151.358, division (D)(2) of section 2953.37, $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{or}}$	887
division (G) of section 2953.38, or division (G) of section	888
2953.39 of the Revised Code.	889
(B) Upon the issuance of an order by a court pursuant to	890
division (C)(2) of section 2953.32 of the Revised Code directing	891
that all official records of a case pertaining to a conviction	892
or bail forfeiture be sealed or an order by a court pursuant to	893
division (E) of section 2151.358, division (D)(2) of section	894
2953.37, or division (G) of section 2953.38, or division (G) of	895
section 2953.39 of the Revised Code directing that all official	896
records of a case pertaining to a conviction or delinquent child	897
adjudication be expunged:	898
(1) Every law enforcement officer who possesses	899
investigatory work product immediately shall deliver that work	900
product to the law enforcement officer's employing law	901
enforcement agency.	902
(2) Except as provided in division (B)(3) of this section,	903
every law enforcement agency that possesses investigatory work	904
product shall close that work product to all persons who are not	905
directly employed by the law enforcement agency and shall treat	906
that work product, in relation to all persons other than those	907
who are directly employed by the law enforcement agency, as if	908
it did not exist and never had existed.	909
(3) A law enforcement agency that possesses investigatory	910
work product may permit another law enforcement agency to use	911
that work product in the investigation of another offense if the	912

facts incident to the offense being investigated by the other

law enforcement agency and the facts incident to an offense that	914
is the subject of the case are reasonably similar. The agency	915
that permits the use of investigatory work product may provide	916
the other agency with the name of the person who is the subject	917
of the case if it believes that the name of the person is	918
necessary to the conduct of the investigation by the other	919
agency.	920
(C)(1) Except as provided in division (B)(3) of this	921
section, no law enforcement officer or other person employed by	922

- (C) (1) Except as provided in division (B) (3) of this 921 section, no law enforcement officer or other person employed by 922 a law enforcement agency shall knowingly release, disseminate, 923 or otherwise make the investigatory work product or any 924 information contained in that work product available to, or 925 discuss any information contained in it with, any person not 926 employed by the employing law enforcement agency. 927
- (2) No law enforcement agency, or person employed by a law 928 enforcement agency, that receives investigatory work product 929 pursuant to division (B)(3) of this section shall use that work 930 product for any purpose other than the investigation of the 931 offense for which it was obtained from the other law enforcement 932 agency, or disclose the name of the person who is the subject of 933 the work product except when necessary for the conduct of the 934 investigation of the offense, or the prosecution of the person 935 for committing the offense, for which it was obtained from the 936 other law enforcement agency. 937
- (3) It is not a violation of division (C)(1) or (2) of

 this section for the bureau of criminal identification and

 investigation or any authorized employee of the bureau

 participating in the investigation of criminal activity to

 release, disseminate, or otherwise make available to, or discuss

 with, a person directly employed by a law enforcement agency DNA

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records collected in the DNA database or fingerprints filed for	944
record by the superintendent of the bureau of criminal	945
identification and investigation.	946
(D) Whoever violates division (C)(1) or (2) of this	947
section is guilty of divulging confidential investigatory work	948
product, a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	949
Sec. 2953.33. (A) An order issued under section 2953.37 or	950
2953.39 of the Revised Code to expunge the record of a person's	951
conviction or, except as provided in division (G) of section	952
2953.32 of the Revised Code, an order issued under that—section	953
2953.32 of the Revised Code to seal the record of a person's	954
conviction restores the person who is the subject of the order	955
to all rights and privileges not otherwise restored by	956
termination of the sentence or community control sanction or by	957
final release on parole or post-release control.	958
(B)(1) In any application for employment, license, or	959
other right or privilege, any appearance as a witness, or any	960
other inquiry, except as provided in division (E) of section	961
2953.32 and in section 3319.292 of the Revised Code and subject	962
to division (B)(2) of this section, a person may be questioned	963
only with respect to convictions not sealed, bail forfeitures	964
not expunged under section 2953.42 of the Revised Code as it	965
existed prior to June 29, 1988, and bail forfeitures not sealed,	966
unless the question bears a direct and substantial relationship	967
to the position for which the person is being considered.	968
(2) A person may not be questioned in any application,	969
appearance, or inquiry of a type described in division (B)(1) of	970
this section with respect to any conviction expunged under	971

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section 2953.37 or 2953.39 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 2953.35. (A) (1) As used in divisions (A) (2) and (3) 973 of this section, "law enforcement or justice system matter" 974 means an arrest, complaint, indictment, trial, hearing, 975 adjudication, conviction, or correctional supervision. 976

- (2) Except as authorized by divisions (D), (E), and (F) of 977 section 2953.32 of the Revised Code or by Chapter 2950. of the 978 Revised Code and subject to division (A) (3) of this section, any 979 officer or employee of the state, or a political subdivision of 980 the state, who releases or otherwise disseminates or makes 981 982 available for any purpose involving employment, bonding, or licensing in connection with any business, trade, or profession 983 to any person, or to any department, agency, or other 984 985 instrumentality of the state, or any political subdivision of the state, any information or other data concerning any law 986 enforcement or justice system matter the records with respect to 987 which the officer or employee had knowledge of were sealed by an 988 existing order issued pursuant to sections 2953.31 to 2953.36 of 989 the Revised Code, were expunded by an order issued pursuant to 990 division (E) of section 2151.358, or section 2953.37, or section 991 2953.38, or 2953.39 of the Revised Code, or were expunged by an 992 order issued pursuant to section 2953.42 of the Revised Code as 993 it existed prior to June 29, 1988, is quilty of divulging 994 confidential information, a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. 995
- (3) Division (A)(2) of this section does not apply to an 996 officer or employee of the state, or a political subdivision of 997 the state, who releases or otherwise disseminates or makes 998 available for any purpose specified in that division any 999 information or other data concerning a law enforcement or 1000 justice system matter the records of which the officer had 1001 knowledge were sealed or expunged by an order of a type 1002 described in that division, if all of the following apply: 1003

(a) The officer or employee released, disseminated, or	1004
made available the information or data from the sealed or	1005
expunged records together with information or data concerning	1006
another law enforcement or justice system matter.	1007
(b) The records of the other law enforcement or justice	1008
matter were not sealed or expunged by any order of a type	1009
described in division (A)(2) of this section.	1010
(c) The law enforcement or justice matter covered by the	1011
information or data from the sealed or expunged records and the	1012
other law enforcement or justice matter covered by the	1013
information or data from the records that were not sealed or	1014
expunged resulted from or were connected to the same act.	1015
(d) The officer or employee made a good faith effort to	1016
not release, disseminate, or make available any information or	1017
other data concerning any law enforcement or justice matter from	1018
the sealed or expunged records, and the officer or employee did	1019
not release, disseminate, or make available the information or	1020
other data from the sealed or expunged records with malicious	1021
purpose, in bad faith, or in a wanton or reckless manner.	1022
(B) Any person who, in violation of section 2953.32 of the	1023
Revised Code, uses, disseminates, or otherwise makes available	1024
any index prepared pursuant to division (F) of section 2953.32	1025
of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth	1026
degree.	1027
(C) It is not a violation of this section for the bureau	1028
of criminal identification and investigation or any authorized	1029
employee of the bureau participating in the investigation of	1030

criminal activity to release, disseminate, or otherwise make

available to, or discuss with, a person directly employed by a

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law enforcement agency DNA records collected in the DNA database	1033
or fingerprints filed for record by the superintendent of the	1034
bureau of criminal identification and investigation.	1035
Sec. 2953.39. (A) As used in this section:	1036
(1) "Disqualifying offense" means, with respect to an	1037
expungement application filed under division (B) of this	1038
section, an offense to which both of the following apply:	1039
(a) The offense is one of the following:	1040
(i) A felony violation of any prohibition in the Revised	1041
Code, a violation of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code, or a	1042
sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented offense;	1043
(ii) A violation of any prohibition in an ordinance of a	1044
municipal corporation that is substantially equivalent to any	1045
violation or offense listed in division (A)(1)(a)(i) of this	1046
<pre>section;</pre>	1047
(iii) A violation of any prohibition in a law of a state	1048
other than this state or of the United States that is	1049
substantially equivalent to any violation or offense listed in	1050
division (A)(1)(a)(i) of this section.	1051
(b) The offense is not the offense that is the subject of	1052
the expungement application.	1053
(2) "Excluded offense" means any of the following	1054
offenses:	1055
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	1056
2903.15, 2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.32, 2909.02, 2909.24,	1057
2919.25, 2925.03, or 2907.04 of the Revised Code;	1058
(b) A violation of any prohibition in Chapter 4511. of the	1059

Revised Code;	1060
(c) A sexually oriented offense or child-victim oriented	1061
offense;	1062
(d) A violation of a municipal ordinance that is	1063
substantially equivalent to any violation listed in division (A)	1064
(2) (a), (b), or (c) of this section.	1065
(3) "Expunge" has the same meaning as in section 2953.37	1066
of the Revised Code.	1067
(4) "LEADS" means the law enforcement automated data	1068
system created by section 5503.10 of the Revised Code.	1069
(5) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section	1070
2953.31 of the Revised Code.	1071
(6) "Record of conviction" means any record related to a	1072
conviction of or plea of guilty to an offense.	1073
(7) "Sexually oriented offense" and "child-victim oriented	1074
offense" have the same meanings as in section 2950.01 of the	1075
Revised Code.	1076
(B) Any person who has been convicted of or pleaded guilty	1077
to any misdemeanor or felony that is not an excluded offense may	1078
apply to the sentencing court for the expungement of the record	1079
of conviction of the offense. The person may file the	1080
application at any time at or after the expiration of the period	1081
of time specified in division (C) of this section that is	1082
applicable with respect to the offense that is the subject of	1083
the application. The application may request an order to expunge	1084
the record of conviction for more than one offense, but if it	1085
does, the court shall consider the request for each offense	1086
separately as if a separate application had been made for each_	1087

offense and all references in divisions (B) to (L) of this	1088
section to "the offense" or "that offense" mean each of those	1089
offenses that is included as a subject of the application. There	1090
is no limit on the number of offenses for which a person may	1091
file an application under this division or for which a court may	1092
grant an application for a person and order the expungement of a	1093
record of conviction. The application shall do all of the	1094
following:	1095
(1) Identify the applicant, the offense that is the	1096
subject of the application, the date of the conviction of or	1097
plea of guilty to that offense, and the court in which the	1098
conviction or guilty plea occurred;	1099
(2) Describe the evidence and provide copies of any	1100
documentation showing that the person is entitled to relief	1101
under this section for the offense that is the subject of the	1102
application;	1103
(3) Include an assertion by the offender that, during the	1104
period commencing with the offender's final discharge for the	1105
offense that is the subject of the application and continuing	1106
until the offender's making of the application, the offender has	1107
not been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any disqualifying	1108
offense;	1109
(4) Include a request for expungement under this section	1110
of the record of conviction of the offense that is the subject	1111
of the application.	1112
(C) An application may be made under division (B) of this	1113
section at any time at or after the expiration of the following	1114
period of time:	1115
(1) If the offense for which expungement is sought is a	1116

misdemeanor or a felony of the third, fourth, or fifth degree,	1117
the expiration of ten years after the offender's final discharge	1118
for the offense;	1119
(2) If the offense for which expungement is sought is a	1120
felony of the second degree, the expiration of fifteen years	1121
after the offender's final discharge for the offense;	1122
(3) If the offense for which expundement is sought is a	1123
felony of the first degree, the expiration of twenty years after	1124
the offender's final discharge for the offense.	1125
(D) The court, without conducting a hearing, may deny an	1126
application made under division (B) of this section if it finds	1127
that the application fails to assert grounds on which relief may	1128
be granted and shall deny an application made under division (B)	1129
of this section that requests expundement of the record of	1130
conviction of an excluded offense.	1131
(E) If an application is made under division (B) of this	1132
section and the court does not deny the application under_	1133
division (D) of this section, the court shall set a date for a	1134
hearing and shall notify the prosecutor for the case from which	1135
the record of conviction that is the subject of the application	1136
resulted, or that prosecutor's successor in office, of the	1137
hearing on the application. The prosecutor may object to the	1138
granting of the application by filing an objection with the	1139
court prior to the date set for the hearing. The prosecutor	1140
shall specify in the objection the reasons for believing a	1141
denial of the application is justified. The court may direct its	1142
regular probation officer, a state probation officer, or the	1143
department of probation of the county in which the applicant	1144
resides to make inquiries and written reports as the court	1145
requires concerning the applicant. The court shall hold the	1146

hearing on the date set as described in this division.	1147
(F) At the hearing held under division (E) of this	1148
section, the court shall do all of the following:	1149
(1) If the prosecutor has filed an objection, consider the	1150
reasons against granting the application specified by the	1151
<pre>prosecutor in the objection;</pre>	1152
(2) Determine whether the applicant has demonstrated by a	1153
preponderance of the evidence that, during the period commencing	1154
with the offender's final discharge for the offense that is the	1155
subject of the application and continuing until the offender's	1156
making of the application, the offender has not been convicted_	1157
of or pleaded quilty to any disqualifying offense;	1158
(3) Consider all of the following factors:	1159
(a) The seriousness of the subject offense;	1160
(b) The relative degree of physical harm done to any	1161
person in the commission of the subject offense;	1162
(c) The length of time that has expired since the	1163
<pre>commission of the subject offense;</pre>	1164
(d) The age of the applicant at the time of the commission	1165
of the subject offense;	1166
(e) All criminal activity of the applicant that occurred	1167
prior to the commission of the subject offense or between the	1168
time of the commission of the subject offense and the making of	1169
the application, including criminal activity involving a law of	1170
the United States or of a state other than this state;	1171
(f) The applicant's current and past participation in the	1172
community in which the applicant resides;	1173

(g) The applicant's current and past employment situation;	1174
(h) Whether the prosecutor represents to the court that	1175
criminal proceedings are likely to still be initiated against	1176
the applicant for a felony offense for which the period of	1177
<pre>limitations has not expired;</pre>	1178
(i) Any information or input provided by the victim of the	1179
subject offense regarding the victim's belief as to whether the	1180
application should be granted.	1181
(4) Upon consideration of the factors listed in divisions	1182
(F) (3) (a) to (h) of this section and, if the prosecutor has	1183
filed an objection, the reasons specified by the prosecutor as	1184
described in division (F)(1) of this section, determine whether	1185
the applicant represents a threat to society at the time of the	1186
hearing or will represent a threat to society subsequent to the	1187
hearing.	1188
(G) After a court holds the hearing under division (E) of	1189
this section with respect to an application made under division	1190
(B) of this section, the court shall grant the application and	1191
order that the record of conviction be expunded unless one or	1192
both of the following apply:	1193
(1) The court finds that the applicant has not	1194
demonstrated by a preponderance of the evidence that, during the	1195
period commencing with the offender's final discharge for the	1196
offense that is the subject of the application and continuing	1197
until the offender's making of the application, the offender has	1198
not been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any disqualifying	1199
offense.	1200
(2) After consideration of the factors and reasons	1201
specified in division (F)(4) of this section, the court finds	1202

that the applicant represents a threat to society at the time of	1203
the hearing or will represent a threat to society subsequent to	1204
the hearing.	1205
(H) After a court holds a hearing under division (E) of	1206
this section with respect to an application made under division	1207
(B) of this section, the court shall deny the application and	1208
not order that the record of conviction be expunged only if the	1209
court makes either of the findings described in divisions (G)(1)	1210
and (2) of this section.	1211
(I) A court's denial of an application under division (D)	1212
of this section without a hearing or denial of an application	1213
under division (H) of this section after holding a hearing is a	1214
final appealable order, and the applicant may appeal the denial	1215
to the court of appeals with jurisdiction over the territory of	1216
the court that denied the application.	1217
(J) If the court issues an order of expungement under	1218
division (G) of this section, all of the following apply:	1219
(1) The court shall send notice of the issuance to the	1220
bureau of criminal identification and investigation and each	1221
other public office or agency that the court has reason to	1222
believe may have an official record pertaining to the case.	1223
(2) The proceedings in the case that is the subject of the	1224
order shall be considered not to have occurred and the	1225
conviction of the person who is the subject of the proceedings	1226
and that is the subject of the order shall be expunged.	1227
(3) The record of the conviction that is the subject of	1228
the order shall not be used for any purpose, including, but not	1229
limited to, a criminal records check under section 109.572 of	1230
the Revised Code.	1231

(4) The applicant may, and the court shall, reply that no	1232
record exists with respect to the applicant upon any inquiry	1233
into the matter that is the subject of the order.	1234
(5) Upon receipt under division (J)(1) of this section of	1235
the notice of the issuance of the order, the bureau of criminal	1236
identification and investigation shall ensure that all	1237
information pertaining to the conviction that is the subject of	1238
the order, including any record of an arrest, charge, plea,	1239
conviction, or sentence pertaining to it, is removed from LEADS.	1240
(K) If an application is made under division (B) of this	1241
section, the applicant, unless indigent, shall pay a fee of	1242
fifty dollars. The court shall pay thirty dollars of the fee	1243
into the state treasury and shall pay twenty dollars of the fee	1244
into the county general revenue fund.	1245
(L) The sealing of a record of conviction under section	1246
2953.32 of the Revised Code with respect to an offense does not	1247
preclude a person's subsequent use of this section to expunge	1248
the record of conviction with respect to the same offense.	1249
Sec. 2953.52. (A)(1) Any person, who is found not guilty	1250
of an offense by a jury or a court or who is the defendant named	1251
in a dismissed complaint, indictment, or information, may apply	1252
to the court for an order to seal the person's official records	1253
in the case. Except as provided in section 2953.61 of the	1254
Revised Code, the application may be filed at any time after the	1255
finding of not guilty or the dismissal of the complaint,	1256
indictment, or information is entered upon the minutes of the	1257
court or the journal, whichever entry occurs first.	1258
(2) Any person $_{r}$ against whom a no bill is entered by a	1259
grand jury, may apply to the court for an order to seal his	1260

official records in the case. Except as provided in section	1261
2953.61 of the Revised Code, the application may be filed at any	1262
time after the expiration of two years after the date on which-	1263
the foreperson or deputy foreperson of the grand jury reports to	1264
the court that the grand jury has reported a no bill.	1265
(B)(1) Upon the filing of an application pursuant to	1266
division (A) of this section, the court shall set a date for a	1267
hearing and shall notify the prosecutor in the case of the	1268
hearing on the application. The prosecutor may object to the	1269
granting of the application by filing an objection with the	1270
court prior to the date set for the hearing. The prosecutor	1271
shall specify in the objection the reasons the prosecutor	1272
believes justify a denial of the application.	1273
(2) The court shall do each of the following, except as	1274
provided in division (B)(3) of this section:	1275
(a)(i) Determine whether the person was found not guilty	1276
in the case, or whether the complaint, indictment, or	1277
information in the case was dismissed, or $\underline{\text{whether}}$ a no bill was	1278
returned in the case and a period of two years or a longer	1279
period as required by section 2953.61 of the Revised Code has	1280
expired from the date of the report to the court of that no bill-	1281
by the foreperson or deputy foreperson of the grand jury;	1282
(ii) If the complaint, indictment, or information in the	1283
case was dismissed, determine whether it was dismissed with	1284
prejudice or without prejudice and, if it was dismissed without	1285
prejudice, determine whether the relevant statute of limitations	1286
has expired;	1287
(b) Determine whether criminal proceedings are pending	1288
against the person;	1289

(c) If the prosecutor has filed an objection in accordance	1290
with division (B)(1) of this section, consider the reasons	1291
against granting the application specified by the prosecutor in	1292
the objection;	1293
(d) Weigh the interests of the person in having the	1294
official records pertaining to the case sealed against the	1295
legitimate needs, if any, of the government to maintain those	1296
records.	1297
(3) If the court determines after complying with division	1298
(B)(2)(a) of this section that the person was found not guilty	1299
in the case, that the complaint, indictment, or information in	1300
the case was dismissed with prejudice, or that the complaint,	1301
indictment, or information in the case was dismissed without	1302
prejudice and that the relevant statute of limitations has	1303
expired, the court shall issue an order to the superintendent of	1304
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation	1305
directing that the superintendent seal or cause to be sealed the	1306
official records in the case consisting of DNA specimens that	1307
are in the possession of the bureau and all DNA records and DNA	1308
profiles. The determinations and considerations described in	1309
divisions (B)(2)(b), (c), and (d) of this section do not apply	1310
with respect to a determination of the court described in this	1311
division.	1312
(4) The determinations described in this division are	1313
separate from the determination described in division (B)(3) of	1314
this section. If the court determines, after complying with	1315
division (B)(2) of this section, that the person was found not	1316
guilty in the case, that the complaint, indictment, or	1317
information in the case was dismissed, or that a no bill was	1318
returned in the case and that the appropriate period of time has	1319

expired from the date of the report to the court of the no bill-	1320
by the foreperson or deputy foreperson of the grand jury; that	1321
no criminal proceedings are pending against the person; and that	1322
the interests of the person in having the records pertaining to	1323
the case sealed are not outweighed by any legitimate	1324
governmental needs to maintain such records, or if division (E)	1325
(2) (b) of section 4301.69 of the Revised Code applies, in	1326
addition to the order required under division (B)(3) of this	1327
section, the court shall issue an order directing that all	1328
official records pertaining to the case be sealed and that,	1329
except as provided in section 2953.53 of the Revised Code, the	1330
proceedings in the case be deemed not to have occurred.	1331
(5) Any DNA specimens, DNA records, and DNA profiles	1332
ordered to be sealed under this section shall not be sealed if	1333
the person with respect to whom the order applies is otherwise	1334
eligible to have DNA records or a DNA profile in the national	1335
DNA index system.	1336
Section 2. That existing sections 2923.125, 2953.32,	1337
2953.321, 2953.33, 2953.35, and 2953.52 of the Revised Code are	1338
hereby repealed.	1339