As Introduced

131st General Assembly

Regular Session 2015-2016

H. B. No. 157

Representatives Butler, Johnson, T.

Cosponsors: Representatives Becker, Boose, Brenner, Brinkman, Conditt, DeVitis, Henne, Hood, Huffman, Maag, McColley, Perales, Retherford, Rezabek, Roegner, Romanchuk, Sprague, Terhar, Thompson, Vitale, Young, Zeltwanger

A BILL

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and 5167.33	, and t	o repeal	section 4	1731.143 of	37
the Revised	. Code t	o revise	the laws	governing	38
health insu	rance c	overage,	medical m	nalpractice	39
claims, the	Medica	id progra	m, health	n care	40
provider di	sciplin	e, and re	quired an	nd permitted	41
health care	provid	er disclo	sures; an	nd to create	42
the Nonstan	dard Mu	ltiple Em	nployer We	elfare	43
Arrangement	Progra	m and to	terminate	e that	44
program aft	er five	years.			45

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

:	Sect	ion 1. Th	nat section	ns 1751.6	7, 2117.0	6, 2125.0	1,	46
2125.0	02,	2305.11,	2305.113,	2305.15,	2305.23,	2305.231	,	47
2305.2	234,	2305.25,	2307.24,	2307.26,	2315.21,	2315.32,	2317.02,	48
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5166.53, 5167.04, 5167.16, 5167.32, and 5167.33 of the Revised	72
Code be enacted to read as follows:	73
Sec 105 01 As yeard in this shanton.	74
Sec. 195.01. As used in this chapter:	74
(A) "Administrator" means an administrator subject to	75
Chapter 3959. of the Revised Code.	76
(B) "Insurer" means any of the following:	77
(1) A person authorized under Title XXXIX of the Revised	78
Code to engage in the business of sickness and accident	79

<pre>insurance in this state;</pre>	80
(2) A health insuring corporation;	81
(3) A multiple employer welfare arrangement;	82
(4) A legal entity that is self-insured and provides	83
benefits to its employees or members;	84
(5) Any other person that is obligated pursuant to a	85
benefits contract to reimburse for covered health care services	86
rendered to beneficiaries under such a contract.	87
(C) "Participant" means a person or government entity that	88
accepts money from the state or a county for any of the	89
<pre>following reasons:</pre>	90
(1) The person or government entity purchases drugs	91
eligible for partial or full reimbursement from the state or a	92
county or purchases, leases, or uses medical equipment eligible	93
for partial or full reimbursement from the state or a county.	94
(2) The person or government entity reimburses another	95
person or government entity for the expenses described in	96
division (C)(1) of this section.	97
(3) The person or government entity uses the money to pay	98
for the expenses described in division (C)(1) of this section.	99
Sec. 195.02. Sections 195.03 to 195.06 of the Revised Code	100
are subject to section 5166.50 of the Revised Code.	101
Sec. 195.03. There is hereby created the office of medical_	102
purchasing in the department of administrative services. The	103
office shall be under the supervision of a manager, who shall be	104
appointed by the director of administrative services. The	105
director, in consultation with the manager, shall hire or assign	106

employees. The director shall furnish equipment and supplies, as	107
necessary, for the fulfillment of the office's purpose as stated	108
in section 195.04 of the Revised Code. Administrative costs	109
associated with the operation of the office shall be paid from	110
amounts appropriated to the department for such purposes.	111
Sec. 195.04. The purpose of the office of medical	112
purchasing is to maximize the purchasing power of participants,	113
insurers, and administrators so that expenses for drugs and	114
medical equipment are minimized. In furtherance of this purpose,	115
the office shall seek to enter into a pact with other states and	116
Canadian provinces to negotiate discounted prices for drugs and	117
medical equipment with the suppliers of those items.	118
Sec. 195.05. If the office of medical purchasing enters	119
into a pact described in section 195.04 of the Revised Code, the	120
office shall collaborate with the other pact members to ensure	121
that the prices that are negotiated are the lowest prices that	122
can be attained. The office shall seek to negotiate prices that	123
do not exceed those negotiated by Canadian provinces that are	124
<pre>not pact members.</pre>	125
Sec. 195.06. (A) A participant described in division (C)	126
(1) or (3) of section 195.01 of the Revised Code shall purchase	127
drugs or purchase, lease, or use medical equipment from	128
suppliers that have agreed to provide those items at the	129
discounted prices negotiated by members of a pact described in	130
section 193.04 of the Revised Code.	131
(B) A participant described in division (C) (2) of section	132
195.01 of the Revised Code shall reimburse a person or	133
government entity for the expenses described in division (C)(1)	134
of this section only if those expenses are incurred as a result	135
of a relationship with a supplier that has agreed to provide	136

those items at the discounted prices negotiated by pact members.	137
(C) An insurer or administrator may purchase drugs or	138
purchase, lease, or use medical equipment from suppliers that	139
have agreed to provide those items at the discounted prices	140
negotiated by pact members.	141
Sec. 1739.30. As used in sections 1739.30 to 1739.33 of	142
<pre>the Revised Code:</pre>	143
(A) "Medicare physician fee schedule" means the medicare	144
physician fee schedule produced by the centers for medicare and	145
medicaid services.	146
(B) "Program" means the nonstandard multiple employer	147
welfare arrangement program prescribed in sections 1739.30 to	148
1739.33 of the Revised Code.	149
(C) "Program participant" means a multiple employer	150
welfare arrangement formed under sections 1739.30 to 1739.33 of	151
the Revised Code.	152
(D) "Program participant insurer" means any insurer that	153
provides stop-loss insurance to a multiple employer welfare	154
arrangement under section 1739.12 of the Revised Code that is a	155
program participant.	156
(E) "Reference-based pricing" means an insurance model	157
through which the insurer provides benefits according to a	158
predetermined reference cost for each covered service.	159
(F) "Stop-loss insurance" has the same meaning as in	160
section 1739.01 of the Revised Code.	161
Sec. 1739.31. (A) Notwithstanding any provision of	162
sections 1739.01 to 1739.27 of the Revised Code, the department	163
of insurance shall operate a nonstandard multiple employer	164

welfare arrangement program for the purpose of enabling a group	165
of employers that is a bona fide association, as defined in 45	166
C.F.R. 144.103, to form a self-insured multiple employer welfare	167
arrangement that does not meet the criteria or standards	168
necessary for certification prescribed in sections 1739.01 to	169
1739.27 of the Revised Code.	170
(B) Program participants shall have a projected enrollment	171
of at least two individuals and not more than five hundred	172
individuals.	173
(C) The department of insurance shall provide reinsurance	174
coverage for program participants as prescribed in section	175
1739.32 of the Revised Code.	176
(D) The department of insurance shall guarantee the	177
liabilities of program participants as prescribed in section	178
1739.33 of the Revised Code.	179
(E) A multiple employer welfare arrangement shall not	180
participate in the program for a period greater than five years.	181
(F) While participating in the program, a multiple	182
<pre>employer welfare arrangement shall adhere to both of the</pre>	183
<pre>following:</pre>	184
(1) A program participant shall have appointed to its	185
board of trustees a representative of the department of	186
insurance and at least one representative of the participating	187
members of the arrangement.	188
(2) (a) A program participant shall reimburse health care	189
providers using reference-based pricing.	190
(b) The reference cost for such reimbursements shall be	191
set at an amount not to exceed the rate prescribed for a	192

specific service in the medicare physician fee schedule	193
multiplied by one and two-tenths.	194
(G) The superintendent of insurance shall adopt rules for	195
the implementation of sections 1739.30 to 1739.33 of the Revised	196
Code. The rules shall address all of the following:	197
(1) Eligibility for the program;	198
(2) Enabling a group of employers to participate in the	199
program with relative ease and simplicity;	200
(3) (a) (i) Fees to be paid to the department of insurance	201
<pre>by program participants;</pre>	202
(ii) Fees to be paid by program participant insurers	203
receiving reinsurance coverage under section 1739.32 of the	204
Revised Code.	205
(b) Such fees shall be set at an amount necessary to	206
ensure the continued operation of the program.	207
(4) When payment is to be made under sections 1739.32 and	208
1739.33 of the Revised Code;	209
(5) Any other topic the superintendent considers relevant	210
to the operation of the program.	211
Sec. 1739.32. (A) There is hereby created in the state	212
treasury the nonstandard multiple employer welfare arrangement	213
reinsurance fund. Revenues to the fund shall consist of fees	214
collected by the department of insurance from insurers providing	215
stop-loss insurance coverage to program participants, as	216
required under section 1739.12 of the Revised Code, and any	217
other transfers made to the fund. The fund shall be used to	218
reduce the cost of purchasing stop-loss insurance coverage for	219
	220
program participants and pay any related expenses.	220

(B) The department of insurance shall provide reinsurance	221
coverage to those insurers that provide stop-loss insurance	222
coverage to program participants, as required under section	223
1739.12 of the Revised Code, with the intent of reducing the	224
cost of such coverage.	225
Sec. 1739.33. (A) There is hereby created in the state	226
treasury the nonstandard multiple employer welfare arrangement	227
guarantee fund. Revenue to the fund shall consist of fees	228
collected by the department of insurance from program	229
participants and any other transfers made to the fund. The fund	230
shall be used to guarantee the liabilities of program	231
participants as prescribed in this section and pay any related	232
expenses.	233
(B)(1) The department of insurance, upon default by a	234
program participant on liabilities assumed under this chapter,	235
shall guarantee a program participant's liabilities, with the	236
total amount being paid out on such liabilities being not more	237
than the surplus amount required pursuant to section 1739.13 of	238
the Revised Code.	239
(2)(a) The guarantee amount that a program participant	240
qualifies for, as prescribed in division (C) of this section,	241
shall be counted toward meeting the minimum surplus requirement	242
prescribed in section 1739.13 of the Revised Code.	243
(b) To meet the requirement prescribed in section 1739.13	244
of the Revised Code, a program participant shall maintain	245
surplus in an amount equal to one hundred fifty thousand dollars	246
less the guarantee amount.	247
(3) Any amount paid out by the department of insurance	248
under this section shall be repaid to the department of	249

insurance by the respective program participant, if the program	250
participant is still in existence, according to a timetable and	251
terms set by the department of insurance in rule.	252
(C) A program participant's quarantee amount shall be set	253
according to the following:	254
(1) One hundred per cent of the surplus amount required	255
pursuant to section 1739.31 of the Revised Code for the first	256
year of participation;	257
(2) Eighty per cent of the surplus amount required	258
pursuant to section 1739.13 of the Revised Code for the second	259
<pre>year of participation;</pre>	260
(3) Sixty per cent of the surplus amount required pursuant	261
to section 1739.13 of the Revised Code for the third year of	262
<pre>participation;</pre>	263
(4) Forty per cent of the surplus amount required pursuant	264
to section 1739.13 of the Revised Code for the fourth year of	265
participation;	266
(5) Twenty per cent of the surplus amount required	267
pursuant to section 1739.13 of the Revised Code for the fifth	268
year of participation.	269
(D) Guarantees provided under this section do not preclude	270
a multiple employer welfare arrangement from obtaining stop-loss	271
insurance coverage as required by section 1739.12 of the Revised	272
Code.	273
Sec. 1751.67. (A) Each individual or group health insuring	274
corporation policy, contract, or agreement delivered, issued for	275
delivery, or renewed in this state that provides maternity	276
benefits shall provide coverage of inpatient care and follow-up	277

care for a mother and her newborn as follows: 278

- (1) The policy, contract, or agreement shall cover a 279 minimum of forty-eight hours of inpatient care following a 280 normal vaginal delivery and a minimum of ninety-six hours of 281 inpatient care following a cesarean delivery. Services covered 282 as inpatient care shall include medical, educational, and any 283 other services that are consistent with the inpatient care 284 recommended in the protocols and guidelines developed by 285 national organizations that represent pediatric, obstetric, and 286 287 nursing professionals.
- (2) The policy, contract, or agreement shall cover a 288 physician-directed source of follow-up care. Services covered as 289 follow-up care shall include physical assessment of the mother 290 and newborn, parent education, assistance and training in breast 291 or bottle feeding, assessment of the home support system, 292 performance of any medically necessary and appropriate clinical 293 tests, and any other services that are consistent with the 294 follow-up care recommended in the protocols and guidelines 295 developed by national organizations that represent pediatric, 296 obstetric, and nursing professionals. The coverage shall apply 297 to services provided in a medical setting or through home health 298 299 care visits. The coverage shall apply to a home health care visit only if the provider who conducts the visit is 300 knowledgeable and experienced in maternity and newborn care. 301

When a decision is made in accordance with division (B) of
this section to discharge a mother or newborn prior to the
expiration of the applicable number of hours of inpatient care
required to be covered, the coverage of follow-up care shall
apply to all follow-up care that is provided within seventy-two
hours after discharge. When a mother or newborn receives at

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least the number of hours of inpatient care required to be	308
covered, the coverage of follow-up care shall apply to follow-up	309
care that is determined to be medically necessary by the	310
provider responsible for discharging the mother or newborn.	311
(B) Any decision to shorten the length of inpatient stay	312
to less than that specified under division (A)(1) of this	313
section shall be made by the physician attending the mother or	314
newborn, except that if a nurse-midwife is attending the mother	315
in collaboration with a physician, the decision may be made by	316
the nurse-midwife. Decisions regarding early discharge shall be	317
made only after conferring with the mother or a person	318
responsible for the mother or newborn. For purposes of this	319
division, a person responsible for the mother or newborn may	320
include a parent, guardian, or any other person with authority	321
to make medical decisions for the mother or newborn.	322
(C)(1) No health insuring corporation may do either of the	323
following:	324
(a) Terminate the participation of a provider or health	325
care facility in an individual or group health care plan solely	326
for making recommendations for inpatient or follow-up care for a	327
particular mother or newborn that are consistent with the care	328
required to be covered by this section;	329
(b) Establish or offer monetary or other financial	330
incentives for the purpose of encouraging a person to decline	331
the inpatient or follow-up care required to be covered by this	332
section.	333
(2) Whoever violates division (C)(1)(a) or (b) of this	334
section has engaged in an unfair and deceptive act or practice	335
in the business of insurance under sections 3901.19 to 3901.26	336

of the Revised Code.	337
(D) This section does not do any of the following:	338
(1) Require a policy, contract, or agreement to cover	339
inpatient or follow-up care that is not received in accordance	340
with the policy's, contract's, or agreement's terms pertaining	341
to the providers and facilities from which an individual is	342
authorized to receive health care services;	343
(2) Require a mother or newborn to stay in a hospital or	344
other inpatient setting for a fixed period of time following	345
delivery;	346
(3) Require a child to be delivered in a hospital or other	347
<pre>inpatient setting;</pre>	348
(4) Authorize a nurse-midwife to practice beyond the	349
authority to practice nurse-midwifery in accordance with Chapter	350
4723. of the Revised Code;	351
(5) Establish minimum standards of medical diagnosis,	352
care, or treatment for inpatient or follow-up care for a mother	353
or newborn. A deviation from the care required to be covered	354
under this section shall not, solely on the basis of this	355
section, give rise to a medical claim or to derivative claims	356
for relief, as those terms are defined in section 2305.113 <u>or</u>	357
3965.01 of the Revised Code.	358
Sec. 2117.06. (A) All creditors having claims against an	359
estate, including claims arising out of contract, out of tort,	360
on cognovit notes, or on judgments, whether due or not due,	361
secured or unsecured, liquidated or unliquidated, shall present	362
their claims in one of the following manners:	363
(1) After the appointment of an executor or administrator	364

and prior to the filing of a final account or a certificate of	365
termination, in one of the following manners:	366
(a) To the executor or administrator in a writing;	367
(b) To the executor or administrator in a writing, and to	368
the probate court by filing a copy of the writing with it;	369
(c) In a writing that is sent by ordinary mail addressed	370
to the decedent and that is actually received by the executor or	371
administrator within the appropriate time specified in division	372
(B) of this section. For purposes of this division, if an	373
executor or administrator is not a natural person, the writing	374
shall be considered as being actually received by the executor	375
or administrator only if the person charged with the primary	376
responsibility of administering the estate of the decedent	377
actually receives the writing within the appropriate time	378
specified in division (B) of this section.	379
(2) If the final account or certificate of termination has	380
been filed, in a writing to those distributees of the decedent's	381
estate who may share liability for the payment of the claim.	382
(B) Except as provided in section 2117.061 of the Revised	383
Code, all claims shall be presented within six months after the	384
death of the decedent, whether or not the estate is released	385
from administration or an executor or administrator is appointed	386
during that six-month period. Every claim presented shall set	387
forth the claimant's address.	388
(C) Except as provided in section 2117.061 of the Revised	389
Code, a claim that is not presented within six months after the	390
death of the decedent shall be forever barred as to all parties,	391
including, but not limited to, devisees, legatees, and	392
distributees. No payment shall be made on the claim and no	393

action shall be maintained on the claim, except as otherwise 394 provided in sections 2117.37 to 2117.42 of the Revised Code with 395 reference to contingent claims. 396

(D) In the absence of any prior demand for allowance, the executor or administrator shall allow or reject all claims, except tax assessment claims, within thirty days after their presentation, provided that failure of the executor or administrator to allow or reject within that time shall not prevent the executor or administrator from doing so after that time and shall not prejudice the rights of any claimant. Upon the allowance of a claim, the executor or the administrator, on demand of the creditor, shall furnish the creditor with a written statement or memorandum of the fact and date of the allowance.

- (E) If the executor or administrator has actual knowledge of a pending action commenced against the decedent prior to the decedent's death in a court of record in this state, the executor or administrator shall file a notice of the appointment of the executor or administrator in the pending action within ten days after acquiring that knowledge. If the administrator or executor is not a natural person, actual knowledge of a pending suit against the decedent shall be limited to the actual knowledge of the person charged with the primary responsibility of administering the estate of the decedent. Failure to file the notice within the ten-day period does not extend the claim period established by this section.
- (F) This section applies to any person who is required to 420 give written notice to the executor or administrator of a motion 421 or application to revive an action pending against the decedent 422 at the date of the death of the decedent. 423

(G) Nothing in this section or in section 2117.07 of the	424
Revised Code shall be construed to reduce the periods of	425
limitation or periods prior to repose in section 2125.02 or	426
Chapter 2305. or 3965. of the Revised Code, provided that no	427
portion of any recovery on a claim brought pursuant to that	428
section or any section in that chapter shall come from the	429
assets of an estate unless the claim has been presented against	430
the estate in accordance with Chapter 2117. of the Revised Code.	431
(H) Any person whose claim has been presented and has not	432
been rejected after presentment is a creditor as that term is	433
used in Chapters 2113. to 2125. of the Revised Code. Claims that	434
are contingent need not be presented except as provided in	435
sections 2117.37 to 2117.42 of the Revised Code, but, whether	436
presented pursuant to those sections or this section, contingent	437
claims may be presented in any of the manners described in	438
division (A) of this section.	439
(I) If a creditor presents a claim against an estate in	440
accordance with division (A)(1)(b) of this section, the probate	441
court shall not close the administration of the estate until	442
that claim is allowed or rejected.	443
(J) The probate court shall not require an executor or	444
administrator to make and return into the court a schedule of	445
claims against the estate.	446
(K) If the executor or administrator makes a distribution	447
of the assets of the estate pursuant to section 2113.53 of the	448
Revised Code and prior to the expiration of the time for the	449
presentation of claims as set forth in this section, the	450
executor or administrator shall provide notice on the account	451
delivered to each distributee that the distributee may be liable	452
to the estate if a claim is presented prior to the filing of the	453

final account and may be liable to the claimant if the claim is	454
presented after the filing of the final account up to the value	455
of the distribution and may be required to return all or any	456
part of the value of the distribution if a valid claim is	457
subsequently made against the estate within the time permitted	458
under this section.	459
Sec. 2125.01. (A)(1) When the death of a person is caused	460
by wrongful act, neglect, or default which would have entitled	461
the party injured to maintain an action and recover damages if	462
death had not ensued, the person who would have been liable if	463
death had not ensued, or the administrator or executor of the	464
estate of such person, as such administrator or executor, shall	465
be liable to an action for damages, notwithstanding the death of	466
the person injured and although the death was caused under	467
circumstances which make it aggravated murder, murder, or	468
manslaughter. When the action is against such administrator or	469
executor, the damages recovered shall be a valid claim against	470
the estate of such deceased person. No action for the wrongful	471
death of a person may be maintained against the owner or lessee	472
of the real property upon which the death occurred if the cause	473
of the death was the violent unprovoked act of a party other	474
than the owner, lessee, or a person under the control of the	475
owner or lessee, unless the acts or omissions of the owner,	476
lessee, or person under the control of the owner or lessee	477
constitute gross negligence. This section does not apply to a	478
claim filed under Chapters 3965. and 3967. of the Revised Code.	479
With respect to a chiropractic claim, dental claim, medical	480
claim, or optometric claim, this section shall apply only in	481
<pre>either of the following circumstances:</pre>	482
(a) The claim alleges that the health care provider	483

against whom the claim is brought intentionally caused the

injury, as defined in section 3965.02 of the Revised Code, that	485
resulted in the death of the person.	486
(b) The health care provider against whom the claim is	487
brought was not in compliance with division (A) of section	488
3965.02 of the Revised Code at the time the claim accrued.	489
(2) As used in division (A) of this section, "chiropractic	490
<pre>claim," "dental claim," "health care provider," "medical claim,"</pre>	491
and "optometric claim" have the same meanings as in section	492
2305.113 of the Revised Code.	493
(B) When death is caused by a wrongful act, neglect, or	494
default in another state or foreign country, for which a right	495
to maintain an action and recover damages is given by a statute	496
of such other state or foreign country, such right of action may	497
be enforced in this state. Every such action shall be commenced	498
within the time prescribed for the commencement of such actions	499
by the statute of such other state or foreign country.	500
(C) The same remedy shall apply to any such cause of	501
action now existing and to any such action commenced before	502
January 1, 1932, or attempted to be commenced in proper time and	503
now appearing on the files of any court within this state, and	504
no prior law of this state shall prevent the maintenance of such	505
cause of action.	506
Sec. 2125.02. (A) (1) Except as provided in this division,	507
a civil action for wrongful death shall be brought in the name	508
of the personal representative of the decedent for the exclusive	509
benefit of the surviving spouse, the children, and the parents	510
of the decedent, all of whom are rebuttably presumed to have	511
suffered damages by reason of the wrongful death, and for the	512
exclusive herefit of the other next of kin of the decedent A	513

parent who abandoned a minor child who is the decedent shall not	514
receive a benefit in a civil action for wrongful death brought	515
under this division.	516
(2) The jury, or the court if the civil action for	517
wrongful death is not tried to a jury, may award damages	518
authorized by division (B) of this section, as it determines are	519
proportioned to the injury and loss resulting to the	520
beneficiaries described in division (A)(1) of this section by	521
reason of the wrongful death and may award the reasonable	522
funeral and burial expenses incurred as a result of the wrongful	523
death. In its verdict, the jury or court shall set forth	524
separately the amount, if any, awarded for the reasonable	525
funeral and burial expenses incurred as a result of the wrongful	526
death.	527
(3)(a) The date of the decedent's death fixes, subject to	528
division (A)(3)(b)(iii) of this section, the status of all	529
beneficiaries of the civil action for wrongful death for	530
purposes of determining the damages suffered by them and the	531
amount of damages to be awarded. A person who is conceived prior	532
to the decedent's death and who is born alive after the	533
decedent's death is a beneficiary of the action.	534
decedent's death is a beneficiary of the action.	334
(b)(i) In determining the amount of damages to be awarded,	535
the jury or court may consider all factors existing at the time	536
of the decedent's death that are relevant to a determination of	537
the damages suffered by reason of the wrongful death.	538
(ii) Consistent with the Rules of Evidence, a party to a	539
civil action for wrongful death may present evidence of the cost	540
of an annuity in connection with an issue of recoverable future	541
damages. If that evidence is presented, then, in addition to the	542

factors described in division (A)(3)(b)(i) of this section and,

if applicable, division (A)(3)(b)(iii) of this section, the jury	544
or court may consider that evidence in determining the future	545
damages suffered by reason of the wrongful death. If that	546
evidence is presented, the present value in dollars of an	547
annuity is its cost.	548
(iii) Consistent with the Rules of Evidence, a party to a	549
civil action for wrongful death may present evidence that the	550
surviving spouse of the decedent is remarried. If that evidence	551
is presented, then, in addition to the factors described in	552
divisions (A)(3)(b)(i) and (ii) of this section, the jury or	553
court may consider that evidence in determining the damages	554
suffered by the surviving spouse by reason of the wrongful	555
death.	556
(B) Compensatory damages may be awarded in a civil action	557
for wrongful death and may include damages for the following:	558
(1) Loss of support from the reasonably expected earning	559
capacity of the decedent;	560
(2) Loss of services of the decedent;	561
(3) Loss of the society of the decedent, including loss of	562
companionship, consortium, care, assistance, attention,	563
protection, advice, guidance, counsel, instruction, training,	564
and education, suffered by the surviving spouse, dependent	565
children, parents, or next of kin of the decedent;	566
(4) Loss of prospective inheritance to the decedent's	567
heirs at law at the time of the decedent's death;	568
(5) The mental anguish incurred by the surviving spouse,	569
dependent children, parents, or next of kin of the decedent.	570
(C) A personal representative appointed in this state,	571

with the consent of the court making the appointment and at any	572
time before or after the commencement of a civil action for	573
wrongful death, may settle with the defendant the amount to be	574
paid.	575
(D)(1) Except as provided in division (D)(2) of this	576
section, a civil action for wrongful death shall be commenced	577
within two years after the decedent's death.	578
(2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (D)(2)	579
(b), (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) of this section or in section	580
2125.04 of the Revised Code, no cause of action for wrongful	581
death involving a product liability claim shall accrue against	582
the manufacturer or supplier of a product later than ten years	583
from the date that the product was delivered to its first	584
purchaser or first lessee who was not engaged in a business in	585
which the product was used as a component in the production,	586
construction, creation, assembly, or rebuilding of another	587
product.	588
(b) Division (D)(2)(a) of this section does not apply if	589
the manufacturer or supplier of a product engaged in fraud in	590
regard to information about the product and the fraud	591
contributed to the harm that is alleged in a product liability	592
claim involving that product.	593
(c) Division (D)(2)(a) of this section does not bar a	594
civil action for wrongful death involving a product liability	595
claim against a manufacturer or supplier of a product who made	596
an express, written warranty as to the safety of the product	597
that was for a period longer than ten years and that, at the	598
time of the decedent's death, has not expired in accordance with	599
the terms of that warranty.	600

(d) If the decedent's death occurs during the ten-year	601
period described in division (D)(2)(a) of this section but less	602
than two years prior to the expiration of that period, a civil	603
action for wrongful death involving a product liability claim	604
may be commenced within two years after the decedent's death.	605
(e) If the decedent's death occurs during the ten-year	606
period described in division (D)(2)(a) of this section and the	607
claimant cannot commence an action during that period due to a	608
disability described in section 2305.16 of the Revised Code, a	609
civil action for wrongful death involving a product liability	610
claim may be commenced within two years after the disability is	611
removed.	612
(f)(i) Division (D)(2)(a) of this section does not bar a	613
civil action for wrongful death based on a product liability	614
claim against a manufacturer or supplier of a product if the	615
product involved is a substance or device described in division	616
(B)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of section 2305.10 of the Revised Code	617
and the decedent's death resulted from exposure to the product	618
during the ten-year period described in division (D)(2)(a) of	619
this section.	620
(ii) If division (D)(2)(f)(i) of this section applies	621
regarding a civil action for wrongful death, the cause of action	622
that is the basis of the action accrues upon the date on which	623
the claimant is informed by competent medical authority that the	624
decedent's death was related to the exposure to the product or	625
upon the date on which by the exercise of reasonable diligence	626
the claimant should have known that the decedent's death was	627
related to the exposure to the product, whichever date occurs	628
first. A civil action for wrongful death based on a cause of	629

action described in division (D)(2)(f)(i) of this section shall

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be commenced within two years after the cause of action accrues 631 and shall not be commenced more than two years after the cause 632 of action accrues. 633

- (q) Division (D)(2)(a) of this section does not bar a 634 civil action for wrongful death based on a product liability 635 claim against a manufacturer or supplier of a product if the 636 product involved is a substance or device described in division 637 (B)(5) of section 2315.10 of the Revised Code. If division (D) 638 (2)(q) of this section applies regarding a civil action for 639 wrongful death, the cause of action that is the basis of the 640 action accrues upon the date on which the claimant is informed 641 by competent medical authority that the decedent's death was 642 related to the exposure to the product or upon the date on which 643 by the exercise of reasonable diligence the claimant should have 644 known that the decedent's death was related to the exposure to 645 the product, whichever date occurs first. A civil action for 646 wrongful death based on a cause of action described in division 647 (D)(2)(q) of this section shall be commenced within two years 648 after the cause of action accrues and shall not be commenced 649 more than two years after the cause of action accrues. 650
- (E)(1) If the personal representative of a deceased minor 651 has actual knowledge or reasonable cause to believe that the 652 minor was abandoned by a parent seeking to benefit from a civil 653 action for wrongful death or if any person listed in division 654 (A)(1) of this section who is permitted to benefit from a civil 655 action for wrongful death commenced in relation to a deceased 656 minor has actual knowledge or reasonable cause to believe that 657 the minor was abandoned by a parent seeking to benefit from the 658 action, the personal representative or the person may file a 659 motion in the court in which the action is commenced requesting 660 the court to issue an order finding that the parent abandoned 661

the minor and is not entitled to recover damages in the action	662
based on the death of the minor.	663
(2) The movant who files a motion described in division	664
(E) (1) of this section shall name the parent who abandoned the	665
deceased minor and, whether or not that parent is a resident of	666
this state, the parent shall be served with a summons and a copy	667
of the motion in accordance with the Rules of Civil Procedure.	668
Upon the filing of the motion, the court shall conduct a	669
hearing. In the hearing on the motion, the movant has the burden	670
of proving, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the parent	671
abandoned the minor. If, at the hearing, the court finds that	672
the movant has sustained that burden of proof, the court shall	673
issue an order that includes its findings that the parent	674
abandoned the minor and that, because of the prohibition set	675
forth in division (A)(1) of this section, the parent is not	676
entitled to recover damages in the action based on the death of	677
the minor.	678
(3) A motion requesting a court to issue an order finding	679
that a specified parent abandoned a minor child and is not	680
entitled to recover damages in a civil action for wrongful death	681
based on the death of the minor may be filed at any time during	682
the pendency of the action.	683
(F) This section does not create a new cause of action or	684
substantive legal right against any person involving a product	685
liability claim.	686
(G) As used in this section:	687
(1) "Annuity" means an annuity that would be purchased	688
from either of the following types of insurance companies:	689
(a) An insurance company that the A. M. Best Company, in	690

its most recently published rating guide of life insurance	691
companies, has rated A or better and has rated XII or higher as	692
to financial size or strength;	693
(b)(i) An insurance company that the superintendent of	694
insurance, under rules adopted pursuant to Chapter 119. of the	695
Revised Code for purposes of implementing this division,	696
determines is licensed to do business in this state and,	697
considering the factors described in division (G)(1)(b)(ii) of	698
this section, is a stable insurance company that issues	699
annuities that are safe and desirable.	700
(ii) In making determinations as described in division (G)	701
(1) (b) (i) of this section, the superintendent shall be guided by	702
the principle that the jury or court in a civil action for	703
wrongful death should be presented only with evidence as to the	704
cost of annuities that are safe and desirable for the	705
beneficiaries of the action who are awarded compensatory damages	706
under this section. In making the determinations, the	707
superintendent shall consider the financial condition, general	708
standing, operating results, profitability, leverage, liquidity,	709
amount and soundness of reinsurance, adequacy of reserves, and	710
the management of a particular insurance company involved and	711
also may consider ratings, grades, and classifications of any	712
nationally recognized rating services of insurance companies and	713
any other factors relevant to the making of the determinations.	714
(2) "Civil action for wrongful death" means an action	715
described in section 2125.01 of the Revised Code.	716
(3) "Future damages" means damages that result from the	717
wrongful death and that will accrue after the verdict or	718
determination of liability by the jury or court is rendered in	719
the civil action for wrongful death.	720

$\frac{(3)-(4)}{(4)}$ "Abandoned" means that a parent of a minor failed	721
without justifiable cause to communicate with the minor, care	722
for the minor, and provide for the maintenance or support of the	723
minor as required by law or judicial decree for a period of at	724
least one year immediately prior to the date of the death of the	725
minor.	726
$\frac{(4)-(5)}{(5)}$ "Minor" means a person who is less than eighteen	727
years of age.	728
(5) (6) "Harm" means death.	729
(6) (7) "Manufacturer," "product," "product liability	730
claim," and "supplier" have the same meanings as in section	731
2307.71 of the Revised Code.	732
(H) Divisions (D), (G)(5), and (G) $\frac{(6)}{(7)}$ of this section	733
shall be considered to be purely remedial in operation and shall	734
be applied in a remedial manner in any civil action commenced on	735
or after the effective date of this amendment April 7, 2005, in	736
which those divisions are relevant, regardless of when the cause	737
of action accrued and notwithstanding any other section of the	738
Revised Code or prior rule of law of this state, but shall not	739
be construed to apply to any civil action pending prior to—the—	740
effective date of this amendment April 7, 2005.	741
Sec. 2305.11. (A) An action for libel, slander, malicious	742
prosecution, or false imprisonment, an action for malpractice	743
other than an action upon a medical, dental, optometric, or	744
chiropractic claim, or an action upon a statute for a penalty or	745
forfeiture shall be commenced within one year after the cause of	746
action accrued, provided that an action by an employee for the	747
payment of unpaid minimum wages, unpaid overtime compensation,	748
or liquidated damages by reason of the nonpayment of minimum	749

wages or overtime compensation shall be commenced within two	750
years after the cause of action accrued.	751
(B) A civil action for unlawful abortion pursuant to	752
section 2919.12 of the Revised Code, a civil action authorized	753
by division (H) of section 2317.56 of the Revised Code, a civil	754
action pursuant to division (B)(1) or (2) of section 2307.51 of	755
the Revised Code for performing a dilation and extraction	756
procedure or attempting to perform a dilation and extraction	757
procedure in violation of section 2919.15 of the Revised Code,	758
and a civil action pursuant to division (B) of section 2307.52	759
of the Revised Code for terminating or attempting to terminate a	760
human pregnancy after viability in violation of division (A) of	761
section 2919.17 of the Revised Code shall be commenced within	762
one year after the performance or inducement of the abortion,	763
within one year after the attempt to perform or induce the	764
abortion in violation of division (A) of section 2919.17 of the	765
Revised Code, within one year after the performance of the	766
dilation and extraction procedure, or, in the case of a civil	767
action pursuant to division (B)(2) of section 2307.51 of the	768
Revised Code, within one year after the attempt to perform the	769
dilation and extraction procedure.	770
(C) This section does not apply to a claim brought	771
pursuant to Chapter 3965. of the Revised Code.	772
(D) As used in this section, "medical claim," "dental	773
claim," "optometric claim," and "chiropractic claim" have the	774
same meanings as in section 2305.113 of the Revised Code.	775
Sec. 2305.113. (A) This section shall apply only to a	776
medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic claim in which	777
either of the following applies:	778

(1) A claimant alleges that the individual or entity	779
against whom the claim is brought intentionally caused, as	780
defined in section 3965.02 of the Revised Code, the injury to or	781
death of the claimant or the individual upon whose behalf the	782
claimant brought the claim.	783
(2) The individual or entity against whom the claim is	784
brought was not in compliance with division (A) of section	785
3965.02 of the Revised Code at the time the action accrued.	786
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this section, an	787
action upon a medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic claim	788
shall be commenced within one year after the cause of action	789
accrued.	790
$\frac{(B)}{(C)}(1)$ If prior to the expiration of the one-year	791
period specified in division $\frac{A}{B}$ of this section, a claimant	792
who allegedly possesses a medical, dental, optometric, or	793
chiropractic claim gives to the person who is the subject of	794
that claim written notice that the claimant is considering	795
bringing an action upon that claim, that action may be commenced	796
against the person notified at any time within one hundred	797
eighty days after the notice is so given.	798
(2) An insurance company shall not consider the existence	799
or nonexistence of a written notice described in division $\frac{(B)(C)}{(C)}$	800
(1) of this section in setting the liability insurance premium	801
rates that the company may charge the company's insured person	802
who is notified by that written notice.	803
(C) (D) Except as to persons within the age of minority or	804
of unsound mind as provided by section 2305.16 of the Revised	805
Code, and except as provided in division $\frac{(D)}{(E)}$ of this	806
section both of the following apply:	807

(1) No action upon a medical, dental, optometric, or	808
chiropractic claim shall be commenced more than four years after	809
the occurrence of the act or omission constituting the alleged	810
basis of the medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic claim.	811
(2) If an action upon a medical, dental, optometric, or	812
chiropractic claim is not commenced within four years after the	813
occurrence of the act or omission constituting the alleged basis	814
of the medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic claim, then,	815
any action upon that claim is barred.	816
$\frac{(D)}{(E)}(1)$ If a person making a medical claim, dental	817
claim, optometric claim, or chiropractic claim, in the exercise	818
of reasonable care and diligence, could not have discovered the	819
injury resulting from the act or omission constituting the	820
alleged basis of the claim within three years after the	821
occurrence of the act or omission, but, in the exercise of	822
reasonable care and diligence, discovers the injury resulting	823
from that act or omission before the expiration of the four-year	824
period specified in division $\frac{(C)}{(D)}(1)$ of this section, the	825
person may commence an action upon the claim not later than one	826
year after the person discovers the injury resulting from that	827
act or omission.	828
(2) If the alleged basis of a medical claim, dental claim,	829
optometric claim, or chiropractic claim is the occurrence of an	830
act or omission that involves a foreign object that is left in	831
the body of the person making the claim, the person may commence	832
an action upon the claim not later than one year after the	833
person discovered the foreign object or not later than one year	834
after the person, with reasonable care and diligence, should	835
have discovered the foreign object.	836

(3) A person who commences an action upon a medical claim,

dental claim, optometric claim, or chiropractic claim under the 838 circumstances described in division $\frac{(D)}{(E)}(1)$ or (2) of this 839 section has the affirmative burden of proving, by clear and 840 convincing evidence, that the person, with reasonable care and 841 diligence, could not have discovered the injury resulting from 842 the act or omission constituting the alleged basis of the claim 843 within the three-year period described in division (E) (E) (1) of 844 this section or within the one-year period described in division 845 (D) (E) (2) of this section, whichever is applicable. 846

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(E) As used in this section:

- (1) "Hospital" includes any person, corporation, 848 association, board, or authority that is responsible for the 849 operation of any hospital licensed or registered in the state, 850 including, but not limited to, those that are owned or operated 851 by the state, political subdivisions, any person, any 852 corporation, or any combination of the state, political 853 subdivisions, persons, and corporations. "Hospital" also 854 includes any person, corporation, association, board, entity, or 855 authority that is responsible for the operation of any clinic 856 that employs a full-time staff of physicians practicing in more 857 than one recognized medical specialty and rendering advice, 858 diagnosis, care, and treatment to individuals. "Hospital" does 859 not include any hospital operated by the government of the 860 United States or any of its branches. 861
- (2) "Physician" means a person who is licensed to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery by the state medical board or a person who otherwise is authorized to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery in this state.
 - (3) "Medical claim" means any claim that is asserted in

any civil action against a physician, podiatrist, hospital,	868
home, or residential facility, against any employee or agent of	869
a physician, podiatrist, hospital, home, or residential	870
facility, or against a licensed practical nurse, registered	871
nurse, advanced practice registered nurse, physical therapist,	872
physician assistant, emergency medical technician-basic,	873
emergency medical technician-intermediate, or emergency medical	874
technician-paramedic, and that arises out of the medical	875
diagnosis, care, or treatment of any person. "Medical claim"	876
includes the following:	877
(a) Derivative claims for relief that arise from the	878
medical diagnosis, care, or treatment of a person;	879
(b) Claims that arise out of the medical diagnosis, care,	880
or treatment of any person and to which either of the following	881
applies:	882
(i) The claim results from acts or omissions in providing	883
medical care.	884
(ii) The claim results from the hiring, training,	885
supervision, retention, or termination of caregivers providing	886
medical diagnosis, care, or treatment.	887
(c) Claims that arise out of the medical diagnosis, care,	888
or treatment of any person and that are brought under section	889
3721.17 of the Revised Code.	890
(4) "Podiatrist" means any person who is licensed to	891
practice podiatric medicine and surgery by the state medical	892
board.	893
(5) "Dentist" means any person who is licensed to practice	894

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dentistry by the state dental board.

civil action against a dentist, or against any employee or agent of a dentist, and that arises out of a dental operation or the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment of any person. "Dental claim" includes derivative claims for relief that arise from a dental operation or the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment of a person. (7) "Derivative claims for relief" include, but are not limited to, claims of a parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse of an individual who was the subject of any medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental operation, optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, or chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment, that arise from that diagnosis, care, treatment, or operation, and that seek the recovery of damages for any of the following: (a) Loss of society, consortium, companionship, care, assistance, attention, protection, advice, guidance, counsel, instruction, training, or education, or any other intangible loss that was sustained by the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse; (b) Expenditures of the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse for medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic care or treatment, for rehabilitation services, or for other care, treatment, services, products, or accommodations provided to the individual who was the subject of the medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment,		
of a dentist, and that arises out of a dental operation or the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment of any person. "Dental claim" includes derivative claims for relief that arise from a dental operation or the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment of a person. (7) "Derivative claims for relief" include, but are not limited to, claims of a parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse of an individual who was the subject of any medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental operation, optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, or chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment, that arise from that diagnosis, care, treatment, or operation, and that seek the recovery of damages for any of the following: (a) Loss of society, consortium, companionship, care, assistance, attention, protection, advice, guidance, counsel, instruction, training, or education, or any other intangible loss that was sustained by the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse; (b) Expenditures of the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse for medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic care or treatment, for rehabilitation services, or for other care, treatment, services, products, or accommodations provided to the individual who was the subject of the medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, 922	(6) "Dental claim" means any claim that is asserted in any	896
dental diagnosis, care, or treatment of any person. "Dental 899 claim" includes derivative claims for relief that arise from a 900 dental operation or the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment of 911 a person. 902 (7) "Derivative claims for relief" include, but are not 903 limited to, claims of a parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse of an individual who was the subject of any medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental goperation, optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, or 907 chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment, that arise from that 908 diagnosis, care, treatment, or operation, and that seek the 909 recovery of damages for any of the following: 910 (a) Loss of society, consortium, companionship, care, assistance, attention, protection, advice, guidance, counsel, instruction, training, or education, or any other intangible 913 loss that was sustained by the parent, guardian, custodian, or 914 spouse; 915 (b) Expenditures of the parent, guardian, custodian, or 916 spouse for medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic care or 917 treatment, for rehabilitation services, or for other care, 918 treatment, services, products, or accommodations provided to the 919 individual who was the subject of the medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, the 921 dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, the 921 dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, the 922 dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, the	civil action against a dentist, or against any employee or agent	897
claim" includes derivative claims for relief that arise from a dental operation or the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment of a person. (7) "Derivative claims for relief" include, but are not limited to, claims of a parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse of an individual who was the subject of any medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental operation, optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, or chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment, or chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment, that arise from that diagnosis, care, treatment, or operation, and that seek the recovery of damages for any of the following: (a) Loss of society, consortium, companionship, care, assistance, attention, protection, advice, guidance, counsel, instruction, training, or education, or any other intangible loss that was sustained by the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse; (b) Expenditures of the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse for medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic care or treatment, for rehabilitation services, or for other care, treatment, services, products, or accommodations provided to the individual who was the subject of the medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment,	of a dentist, and that arises out of a dental operation or the	898
dental operation or the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment of a person. (7) "Derivative claims for relief" include, but are not limited to, claims of a parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse of an individual who was the subject of any medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental operation, optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, or chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment, that arise from that diagnosis, care, treatment, or operation, and that seek the precovery of damages for any of the following: (a) Loss of society, consortium, companionship, care, assistance, attention, protection, advice, guidance, counsel, instruction, training, or education, or any other intangible loss that was sustained by the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse; (b) Expenditures of the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse for medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic care or treatment, for rehabilitation services, or for other care, treatment, services, products, or accommodations provided to the individual who was the subject of the medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, services, products, care, or treatment, the dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, services, products, care, or treatment, the dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, services, products, care, or treatment, the	dental diagnosis, care, or treatment of any person. "Dental	899
(7) "Derivative claims for relief" include, but are not limited to, claims of a parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse of an individual who was the subject of any medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental operation, optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, or chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment, that arise from that diagnosis, care, treatment, or operation, and that seek the recovery of damages for any of the following: (a) Loss of society, consortium, companionship, care, assistance, attention, protection, advice, guidance, counsel, instruction, training, or education, or any other intangible loss that was sustained by the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse; (b) Expenditures of the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse for medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic care or treatment, for rehabilitation services, or for other care, treatment, services, products, or accommodations provided to the individual who was the subject of the medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment,	claim" includes derivative claims for relief that arise from a	900
(7) "Derivative claims for relief" include, but are not limited to, claims of a parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse of an individual who was the subject of any medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental operation, optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, or chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment, that arise from that diagnosis, care, treatment, or operation, and that seek the recovery of damages for any of the following: (a) Loss of society, consortium, companionship, care, assistance, attention, protection, advice, guidance, counsel, instruction, training, or education, or any other intangible loss that was sustained by the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse; (b) Expenditures of the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse for medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic care or treatment, for rehabilitation services, or for other care, treatment, services, products, or accommodations provided to the individual who was the subject of the medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment,	dental operation or the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment of	901
limited to, claims of a parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse of an individual who was the subject of any medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental operation, optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, or chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment, that arise from that diagnosis, care, treatment, or operation, and that seek the recovery of damages for any of the following: (a) Loss of society, consortium, companionship, care, assistance, attention, protection, advice, guidance, counsel, instruction, training, or education, or any other intangible loss that was sustained by the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse; (b) Expenditures of the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse for medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic care or treatment, for rehabilitation services, or for other care, treatment, services, products, or accommodations provided to the individual who was the subject of the medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment,	a person.	902
of an individual who was the subject of any medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental operation, optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, or chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment, that arise from that diagnosis, care, treatment, or operation, and that seek the recovery of damages for any of the following: (a) Loss of society, consortium, companionship, care, assistance, attention, protection, advice, guidance, counsel, instruction, training, or education, or any other intangible loss that was sustained by the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse; (b) Expenditures of the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse for medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic care or treatment, for rehabilitation services, or for other care, treatment, services, products, or accommodations provided to the individual who was the subject of the medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment,	(7) "Derivative claims for relief" include, but are not	903
care, or treatment, dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental operation, optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, or chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment, that arise from that diagnosis, care, treatment, or operation, and that seek the recovery of damages for any of the following: (a) Loss of society, consortium, companionship, care, assistance, attention, protection, advice, guidance, counsel, instruction, training, or education, or any other intangible loss that was sustained by the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse; (b) Expenditures of the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse for medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic care or treatment, for rehabilitation services, or for other care, treatment, services, products, or accommodations provided to the individual who was the subject of the medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment,	limited to, claims of a parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse	904
operation, optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, or chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment, that arise from that diagnosis, care, treatment, or operation, and that seek the recovery of damages for any of the following: (a) Loss of society, consortium, companionship, care, assistance, attention, protection, advice, guidance, counsel, instruction, training, or education, or any other intangible loss that was sustained by the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse; (b) Expenditures of the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse for medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic care or treatment, for rehabilitation services, or for other care, treatment, services, products, or accommodations provided to the individual who was the subject of the medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, 922	of an individual who was the subject of any medical diagnosis,	905
chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment, that arise from that diagnosis, care, treatment, or operation, and that seek the recovery of damages for any of the following: (a) Loss of society, consortium, companionship, care, assistance, attention, protection, advice, guidance, counsel, instruction, training, or education, or any other intangible loss that was sustained by the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse; (b) Expenditures of the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse for medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic care or treatment, for rehabilitation services, or for other care, treatment, services, products, or accommodations provided to the individual who was the subject of the medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, 922	care, or treatment, dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental	906
diagnosis, care, treatment, or operation, and that seek the recovery of damages for any of the following: (a) Loss of society, consortium, companionship, care, assistance, attention, protection, advice, guidance, counsel, instruction, training, or education, or any other intangible loss that was sustained by the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse; (b) Expenditures of the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse for medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic care or treatment, for rehabilitation services, or for other care, treatment, services, products, or accommodations provided to the individual who was the subject of the medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, 922	operation, optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, or	907
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loss that was sustained by the parent, guardian, custodian, or 914 spouse; (b) Expenditures of the parent, guardian, custodian, or 916 spouse for medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic care or 917 treatment, for rehabilitation services, or for other care, 918 treatment, services, products, or accommodations provided to the 919 individual who was the subject of the medical diagnosis, care, 920 or treatment, the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, the 921 dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, 922	assistance, attention, protection, advice, guidance, counsel,	912
spouse; (b) Expenditures of the parent, guardian, custodian, or spouse for medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic care or treatment, for rehabilitation services, or for other care, treatment, services, products, or accommodations provided to the individual who was the subject of the medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, the dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, 922	instruction, training, or education, or any other intangible	913
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or treatment, the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, the 921 dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, 922	treatment, services, products, or accommodations provided to the	919
dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment, 922	individual who was the subject of the medical diagnosis, care,	920
	or treatment, the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, the	921
or the chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment. 923	dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment,	922
	or the chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment.	923

(8) "Registered nurse" means any person who is licensed to

practice nursing as a registered nurse by the board of nursing.

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(9) "Chiropractic claim" means any claim that is asserted	926
in any civil action against a chiropractor, or against any	927
employee or agent of a chiropractor, and that arises out of the	928
chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment of any person.	929
"Chiropractic claim" includes derivative claims for relief that	930
arise from the chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment of a	931
person.	932
(10) "Chiropractor" means any person who is licensed to	933
practice chiropractic by the state chiropractic board.	934
(11) "Optometric claim" means any claim that is asserted	935
in any civil action against an optometrist, or against any	936
employee or agent of an optometrist, and that arises out of the	937
optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment of any person.	938
	939
"Optometric claim" includes derivative claims for relief that	
arise from the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment of a	940
person.	941
(12) "Optometrist" means any person licensed to practice	942
optometry by the state board of optometry.	943
(13) "Physical therapist" means any person who is licensed	944
to practice physical therapy under Chapter 4755. of the Revised	945
Code.	946
(14) "Home" has the same meaning as in section 3721.10 of	947
the Revised Code.	948
(15) Uposidostial familitadu manua a familitad linearad	0.4.0
(15) "Residential facility" means a facility licensed	949
under section 5123.19 of the Revised Code.	950
(16) "Advanced practice registered nurse" means any	951
certified nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist,	952
certified registered nurse anesthetist, or certified nurse-	953
midwife who holds a certificate of authority issued by the board	954

of nursing under Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code. 955 (17) "Licensed practical nurse" means any person who is 956 licensed to practice nursing as a licensed practical nurse by 957 the board of nursing pursuant to Chapter 4723. of the Revised 958 Code. 959 (18) "Physician assistant" means any person who holds a 960 valid certificate to practice issued pursuant to Chapter 4730. 961 of the Revised Code. 962 (19) "Emergency medical technician-basic," "emergency 963 medical technician-intermediate, " and "emergency medical 964 technician-paramedic" means any person who is certified under 965 Chapter 4765. of the Revised Code as an emergency medical 966 technician-basic, emergency medical technician-intermediate, or 967 emergency medical technician-paramedic, whichever is applicable. 968 Sec. 2305.15. (A) When a cause of action accrues against a 969 person, if the person is out of the state, has absconded, or 970 conceals self, the period of limitation for the commencement of 971 the action as provided in sections 2305.04 to 2305.14, 1302.98, 972 and 1304.35 of the Revised Code does not begin to run until the 973 974 person comes into the state or while the person is so absconded or concealed. After the cause of action accrues if the person 975 departs from the state, absconds, or conceals self, the time of 976 the person's absence or concealment shall not be computed as any 977 part of a period within which the action must be brought. 978 (B) When a person is imprisoned for the commission of any 979 offense, the time of the person's imprisonment shall not be 980 computed as any part of any period of limitation, as provided in 981 section 2305.09, 2305.10, 2305.11, 2305.113, or 2305.14, or 982 3965.30 of the Revised Code, within which any person must bring 983

any action against the imprisoned person. 984 Sec. 2305.23. No person shall be liable in civil damages 985 or under Chapter 3965. or 3967. of the Revised Code for 986 administering emergency care or treatment at the scene of an 987 emergency outside of a hospital, doctor's office, or other place 988 having proper medical equipment, for acts performed at the scene 989 of such emergency, unless such acts constitute willful or wanton 990 991 misconduct. Nothing in this section applies to the administering of 992 such care or treatment where the same is rendered for 993 remuneration, or with the expectation of remuneration, from the 994 995 recipient of such care or treatment or someone on-his the recipient's behalf. The administering of such care or treatment 996 by one as a part of his a person's duties as a paid member of 997 any organization of law enforcement officers or fire fighters 998 999 does not cause such to be a rendering for remuneration or expectation of remuneration. 1000 Sec. 2305.231. (A) As used in this section: 1001 (1) "Dentist" means a person who is licensed under Chapter 1002 4715. of the Revised Code to practice dentistry. 1003 (2) "Physician" means a person who holds a certificate 1004 issued by the state medical board to practice medicine and 1005 surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine 1006 and surgery. 1007 (3) "Registered nurse" means a nurse who is licensed as a 1008 registered nurse under Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code. 1009 (B) No physician who volunteers the physician's services 1010 as a team physician or team podiatrist to a school's athletics 1011 program, no dentist who volunteers the dentist's services as a 1012

team dentist to a school's athletics program, and no registered	1013
nurse who volunteers the registered nurse's services as a team	1014
nurse to a school's athletics program is liable in damages in a	1015
civil action or in a claim filed under Chapters 3965. and 3967.	1016
of the Revised Code for administering emergency medical care,	1017
emergency dental care, other emergency professional care, or	1018
first aid treatment to a participant in an athletic event	1019
involving the school, at the scene of the event or while the	1020
participant is being transported to a hospital, physician's or	1021
dentist's office, or other medical or dental facility, or for	1022
acts performed in administering the care or treatment, unless	1023
the acts of the physician, dentist, or registered nurse	1024
constitute willful or wanton misconduct.	1025
(C) This section does not apply if the administration of	1026
emergency medical care, emergency dental care, other emergency	1027
professional care, or first aid treatment is rendered for	1028
remuneration, or with the expectation of remuneration, from the	1029
recipient of the care or treatment or from someone on the	1030
recipient's behalf.	1031
Sec. 2305.234. (A) As used in this section:	1032
(1) "Chiropractic claim," "medical claim," and "optometric	1033
claim" have the same meanings as in section 2305.113 or 3965.01	1034
of the Revised Code.	1035
(2) "Dental claim" has the same meaning as in section	1036
2305.113 or 3965.01 of the Revised Code, except that it does not	1037
include any claim arising out of a dental operation or any	1038
derivative claim for relief that arises out of a dental	1039
operation.	1040

(3) "Governmental health care program" has the same

meaning as in section 4731.65 of the Revised Code.	1042
(4) "Health care facility or location" means a hospital,	1043
clinic, ambulatory surgical facility, office of a health care	1044
professional or associated group of health care professionals,	1045
training institution for health care professionals, or any other	1046
place where medical, dental, or other health-related diagnosis,	1047
care, or treatment is provided to a person.	1048
(5) "Health care professional" means any of the following	1049
who provide medical, dental, or other health-related diagnosis,	1050
<pre>care, or treatment:</pre>	1051
(a) Physicians authorized under Chapter 4731. of the	1052
Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic	1053
medicine and surgery;	1054
(b) Registered nurses and licensed practical nurses	1055
licensed under Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code and individuals	1056
who hold a certificate of authority issued under that chapter	1057
that authorizes the practice of nursing as a certified	1058
registered nurse anesthetist, clinical nurse specialist,	1059
certified nurse-midwife, or certified nurse practitioner;	1060
(c) Physician assistants authorized to practice under	1061
Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code;	1062
(d) Dentists and dental hygienists licensed under Chapter	1063
4715. of the Revised Code;	1064
(e) Physical therapists, physical therapist assistants,	1065
occupational therapists, occupational therapy assistants, and	1066
athletic trainers licensed under Chapter 4755. of the Revised	1067
Code;	1068
(f) Chiropractors licensed under Chapter 4734. of the	1069

Revised Code;	1070
(g) Optometrists licensed under Chapter 4725. of the Revised Code;	1071 1072
(h) Podiatrists authorized under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code to practice podiatry;	1073 1074
(i) Dietitians licensed under Chapter 4759. of the Revised Code;	1075 1076
(j) Pharmacists licensed under Chapter 4729. of the Revised Code;	1077 1078
(k) Emergency medical technicians-basic, emergency medical technicians-intermediate, and emergency medical technicians-paramedic, certified under Chapter 4765. of the Revised Code;	1079 1080 1081
(1) Respiratory care professionals licensed under Chapter 4761. of the Revised Code;	1082 1083
(m) Speech-language pathologists and audiologists licensed under Chapter 4753. of the Revised Code;	1084 1085
(n) Licensed professional clinical counselors, licensed professional counselors, independent social workers, social workers, independent marriage and family therapists, and marriage and family therapists, licensed under Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code;	1086 1087 1088 1089
(o) Psychologists licensed under Chapter 4732. of the Revised Code;	1091 1092
(p) Individuals licensed or certified under Chapter 4758. of the Revised Code who are acting within the scope of their license or certificate as members of the profession of chemical dependency counseling or alcohol and other drug prevention	1093 1094 1095 1096
dependency counsering of arconor and other army brevencial	1096

services.	1097
(6) "Health care worker" means a person other than a	1098
health care professional who provides medical, dental, or other	1099
health-related care or treatment under the direction of a health	1100
care professional with the authority to direct that individual's	1101
activities, including medical technicians, medical assistants,	1102
dental assistants, orderlies, aides, and individuals acting in	1103
similar capacities.	1104
(7) "Indigent and uninsured person" means a person who	1105
meets all of the following requirements:	1106
(a) The person's income is not greater than two hundred	1107
per cent of the current poverty line as defined by the United	1108
States office of management and budget and revised in accordance	1109
with section 673(2) of the "Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of	1110
1981," 95 Stat. 511, 42 U.S.C. 9902, as amended.	1111
(b) The person is not eligible for the medicaid program or	1112
any other governmental health care program.	1113
(c) Either of the following applies:	1114
(i) The person is not a policyholder, certificate holder,	1115
insured, contract holder, subscriber, enrollee, member,	1116
beneficiary, or other covered individual under a health	1117
insurance or health care policy, contract, or plan.	1118
(ii) The person is a policyholder, certificate holder,	1119
insured, contract holder, subscriber, enrollee, member,	1120
beneficiary, or other covered individual under a health	1121
insurance or health care policy, contract, or plan, but the	1122
insurer, policy, contract, or plan denies coverage or is the	1123
subject of insolvency or bankruptcy proceedings in any	1124
jurisdiction.	1125

(8) "Nonprofit health care referral organization" means an	1126
entity that is not operated for profit and refers patients to,	1127
or arranges for the provision of, health-related diagnosis,	1128
care, or treatment by a health care professional or health care	1129
worker.	1130
(9) "Operation" means any procedure that involves cutting	1131
or otherwise infiltrating human tissue by mechanical means,	1132
including surgery, laser surgery, ionizing radiation,	1133
therapeutic ultrasound, or the removal of intraocular foreign	1134
bodies. "Operation" does not include the administration of	1135
medication by injection, unless the injection is administered in	1136
conjunction with a procedure infiltrating human tissue by	1137
mechanical means other than the administration of medicine by	1138
injection. "Operation" does not include routine dental	1139
restorative procedures, the scaling of teeth, or extractions of	1140
teeth that are not impacted.	1141
(10) "Tort action" means a civil action for damages for	1142
injury, death, or loss to person or property other than a civil	1143
action for damages for a breach of contract or another agreement	1144
between persons or government entities.	1145
(11) "Volunteer" means an individual who provides any	1146
medical, dental, or other health-care related diagnosis, care,	1147
or treatment without the expectation of receiving and without	1148
receipt of any compensation or other form of remuneration from	1149
an indigent and uninsured person, another person on behalf of an	1150
indigent and uninsured person, any health care facility or	1151
location, any nonprofit health care referral organization, or	1152
any other person or government entity.	1153
(12) "Community control sanction" has the same meaning as	1154

in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.

(13) "Deep sedation" means a drug-induced depression of	1156
consciousness during which a patient cannot be easily aroused	1157
but responds purposefully following repeated or painful	1158
stimulation, a patient's ability to independently maintain	1159
ventilatory function may be impaired, a patient may require	1160
assistance in maintaining a patent airway and spontaneous	1161
ventilation may be inadequate, and cardiovascular function is	1162
usually maintained.	1163
(14) "General anesthesia" means a drug-induced loss of	1164
consciousness during which a patient is not arousable, even by	1165
painful stimulation, the ability to independently maintain	1166
ventilatory function is often impaired, a patient often requires	1167
assistance in maintaining a patent airway, positive pressure	1168
ventilation may be required because of depressed spontaneous	1169
ventilation or drug-induced depression of neuromuscular	1170
function, and cardiovascular function may be impaired.	1171
(B)(1) Subject to divisions (F) and (G)(3) of this	1172
section, a health care professional who is a volunteer and	1173
complies with division (B)(2) of this section is not liable in	1174
damages to any person or government entity in a tort or other	1175
civil action, including an action on a medical, dental,	1176
chiropractic, optometric, or other health-related claim, or for	1177
a claim filed under Chapters 3965. and 3967. of the Revised Code	1178
for injury, death, or loss to person or property that allegedly	1179
arises from an action or omission of the volunteer in the	1180
provision to an indigent and uninsured person of medical,	1181
dental, or other health-related diagnosis, care, or treatment,	1182
including the provision of samples of medicine and other medical	1183
products, unless the action or omission constitutes willful or	1184

wanton misconduct.

(2) To qualify for the immunity described in division (B)	1186
(1) of this section, a health care professional shall do all of	1187
the following prior to providing diagnosis, care, or treatment:	1188
(a) Determine, in good faith, that the indigent and	1189
uninsured person is mentally capable of giving informed consent	1190
to the provision of the diagnosis, care, or treatment and is not	1191
subject to duress or under undue influence;	1192
(b) Inform the person of the provisions of this section,	1193
including notifying the person that, by giving informed consent	1194
to the provision of the diagnosis, care, or treatment, the	1195
person cannot hold the health care professional liable for	1196
damages in a tort or other civil action, including an action on	1197
a medical, dental, chiropractic, optometric, or other health-	1198
related claim, unless the action or omission of the health care	1199
professional constitutes willful or wanton misconduct <u>or under a</u>	1200
claim filed under Chapter 3965. or 3967. of the Revised Code	1201
unless the act or omission of the health care professional was	1202
intentional as described in section 3965.02 of the Revised Code	1203
or the health care professional was not in compliance with	1204
division (A) of section 3965.02 of the Revised Code at the time	1205
the claim accrued;	1206
(c) Obtain the informed consent of the person and a	1207
written waiver, signed by the person or by another individual on	1208
behalf of and in the presence of the person, that states that	1209
the person is mentally competent to give informed consent and,	1210
without being subject to duress or under undue influence, gives	1211
informed consent to the provision of the diagnosis, care, or	1212
treatment subject to the provisions of this section. A written	1213
waiver under division (B)(2)(c) of this section shall state	1214
clearly and in conspicuous type that the person or other	1215

individual who signs the waiver is signing it with full	1216
knowledge that, by giving informed consent to the provision of	1217
the diagnosis, care, or treatment, the person cannot bring a	1218
tort or other civil action, including an action on a medical,	1219
dental, chiropractic, optometric, or other health-related claim,	1220
against the health care professional unless the action or	1221
omission of the health care professional constitutes willful or	1222
wanton misconduct or file a claim under Chapter 3965. or 3967.	1223
of the Revised Code against the health care professional unless	1224
the act or omission of the health care professional was	1225
intentional as described in section 3965.02 of the Revised Code	1226
or the health care professional was not in compliance with	1227
division (A) of section 3965.02 of the Revised Code at the time	1228
the claim accrued.	1229
(3) A physician or podiatrist who is not covered by	1230
medical malpractice insurance, but complies with division (B) (2)	1231
of this section, is not required to comply with division (A) of	1231
section 4731.143 of the Revised Code.	1232
section 4731.143 of the Nevisea code.	1233
(C) Subject to divisions (F) and (G)(3) of this section,	1234
health care workers who are volunteers are not liable in damages	1235
to any person or government entity in a tort or other civil	1236
action, including an action upon a medical, dental,	1237
chiropractic, optometric, or other health-related claim, for	1238
injury, death, or loss to person or property that allegedly	1239
arises from an action or omission of the health care worker in	1240
the provision to an indigent and uninsured person of medical,	1241
dental, or other health-related diagnosis, care, or treatment,	1242
unless the action or omission constitutes willful or wanton	1243
misconduct or in a claim filed under Chapter 3965. or 3967. of	1244
the Revised Code against the health care worker unless the act	1245
or omission of the health care worker was intentional as	1246

described in section 3965.02 of the Revised Code or the health	1247
care worker was not in compliance with division (A) of section	1248
3965.02 of the Revised Code at the time the claim accrued.	1249
(D) Subject to divisions (F) and (G)(3) of this section, a	1250
nonprofit health care referral organization is not liable in	1251
damages to any person or government entity in a tort or other	1252
civil action, including an action on a medical, dental,	1253
chiropractic, optometric, or other health-related claim, for	1254
injury, death, or loss to person or property that allegedly	1255
arises from an action or omission of the nonprofit health care	1256
referral organization in referring indigent and uninsured	1257
persons to, or arranging for the provision of, medical, dental,	1258
or other health-related diagnosis, care, or treatment by a	1259
health care professional described in division (B)(1) of this	1260
section or a health care worker described in division (C) of	1261
this section, unless the action or omission constitutes willful	1262
or wanton misconduct.	1263
(E) Subject to divisions (F) and (G)(3) of this section	1264
and to the extent that the registration requirements of section	1265
3701.071 of the Revised Code apply, a health care facility or	1266
location associated with a health care professional described in	1267
division (B)(1) of this section, a health care worker described	1268
in division (C) of this section, or a nonprofit health care	1269
referral organization described in division (D) of this section	1270
is not liable in damages to any person or government entity in a	1271
tort or other civil action, including an action on a medical,	1272
dental, chiropractic, optometric, or other health-related claim,	1273
for injury, death, or loss to person or property that allegedly	1274
arises from an action or omission of the health care	1275
professional or worker or nonprofit health care referral	1276

organization relative to the medical, dental, or other health-

related diagnosis, care, or treatment provided to an indigent	1278
and uninsured person on behalf of or at the health care facility	1279
or location, unless the action or omission constitutes willful	1280
or wanton misconduct.	1281
(F)(1) Except as provided in division (F)(2) of this	1282
section, the immunities provided by divisions (B), (C), (D), and	1283
(E) of this section are not available to a health care	1284
professional, health care worker, nonprofit health care referral	1285
organization, or health care facility or location if, at the	1286
time of an alleged injury, death, or loss to person or property,	1287
the health care professionals or health care workers involved	1288
are providing one of the following:	1289
(a) Any medical, dental, or other health-related	1290
diagnosis, care, or treatment pursuant to a community service	1291
work order entered by a court under division (B) of section	1292
2951.02 of the Revised Code or imposed by a court as a community	1293
control sanction;	1294
(b) Performance of an operation to which any one of the	1295
following applies:	1296
(i) The operation requires the administration of deep	1297
sedation or general anesthesia.	1298
(ii) The operation is a procedure that is not typically	1299
performed in an office.	1300
(iii) The individual involved is a health care	1301
professional, and the operation is beyond the scope of practice	1302
or the education, training, and competence, as applicable, of	1303
the health care professional.	1304
(c) Delivery of a baby or any other purposeful termination	1305
of a human pregnancy.	1306

(2) Division (F)(1) of this section does not apply when a	1307
health care professional or health care worker provides medical,	1308
dental, or other health-related diagnosis, care, or treatment	1309
that is necessary to preserve the life of a person in a medical	1310
emergency.	1311
(G)(1) This section does not create a new cause of action	1312
or substantive legal right against a health care professional,	1313
health care worker, nonprofit health care referral organization,	1314
or health care facility or location.	1315
(2) This section does not affect any immunities from civil	1316
liability or defenses established by another section of the	1317
Revised Code or available at common law to which a health care	1318
professional, health care worker, nonprofit health care referral	1319
organization, or health care facility or location may be	1320
entitled in connection with the provision of emergency or other	1321
medical, dental, or other health-related diagnosis, care, or	1322
treatment.	1323
(3) This section does not grant an immunity from tort or	1324
other civil liability to a health care professional, health care	1325
worker, nonprofit health care referral organization, or health	1326
care facility or location for actions that are outside the scope	1327
of authority of health care professionals or health care	1328
workers.	1329
(4) This section does not affect any legal responsibility	1330
of a health care professional, health care worker, or nonprofit	1331
health care referral organization to comply with any applicable	1332
law of this state or rule of an agency of this state.	1333
(5) This section does not affect any legal responsibility	1334

of a health care facility or location to comply with any

applicable law of this state, rule of an agency of this state,	1336
or local code, ordinance, or regulation that pertains to or	1337
regulates building, housing, air pollution, water pollution,	1338
sanitation, health, fire, zoning, or safety.	1339
Sec. 2305.25. As used in this section and sections	1340
2305.251 to 2305.253 of the Revised Code:	1341
(A)(1) "Health care entity" means an entity, whether	1342
acting on its own behalf or on behalf of or in affiliation with	1343
other health care entities, that conducts as part of its regular	1344
business activities professional credentialing or quality review	1345
activities involving the competence of, professional conduct of,	1346
or quality of care provided by health care providers, including	1347
both individuals who provide health care and entities that	1348
provide health care.	1349
(2) "Health care entity" includes any entity described in	1350
division (A)(1) of this section, regardless of whether it is a	1351
government entity; for-profit or nonprofit corporation; limited	1352
liability company; partnership; professional corporation; state	1353
or local society composed of physicians, dentists, optometrists,	1354
psychologists, or pharmacists; accountable care organization;	1355
other health care organization; or combination of any of the	1356
foregoing entities.	1357
(B) "Health insuring corporation" means an entity that	1358
holds a certificate of authority under Chapter 1751. of the	1359
Revised Code. "Health insuring corporation" includes wholly	1360
owned subsidiaries of a health insuring corporation.	1361
(C) "Hospital" means any of the following:	1362
(1) An institution that has been registered or licensed by	1363
the department of health as a hospital;	1364

(2) An entity, other than an insurance company authorized	1365
to do business in this state, that owns, controls, or is	1366
affiliated with an institution that has been registered or	1367
licensed by the department of health as a hospital;	1368
(3) A group of hospitals that are owned, sponsored, or	1369
managed by a single entity.	1370
(D) "Incident report or risk management report" means a	1371
report of an incident involving injury or potential injury to a	1372
patient as a result of patient care provided by health care	1373
providers, including both individuals who provide health care	1374
and entities that provide health care, that is prepared by or	1375
for the use of a peer review committee of a health care entity	1376
and is within the scope of the functions of that committee.	1377
(E)(1) "Peer review committee" means a utilization review	1378
committee, quality assessment committee, performance improvement	1379
committee, tissue committee, credentialing committee, or other	1380
committee that does either of the following:	1381
(a) Conducts professional credentialing or quality review	1382
activities involving the competence of, professional conduct of,	1383
or quality of care provided by health care providers, including	1384
both individuals who provide health care and entities that	1385
<pre>provide health care;</pre>	1386
(b) Conducts any other attendant hearing process initiated	1387
as a result of a peer review committee's recommendations or	1388
actions.	1389
(2) "Peer review committee" includes all of the following:	1390
(a) A peer review committee of a hospital or long-term	1391
care facility or a peer review committee of a nonprofit health	1392
care corporation that is a member of the hospital or long-term	1393

care facility or of which the hospital or facility is a member;	1394
(b) A peer review committee of a community mental health	1395
center;	1396
(c) A board or committee of a hospital, a long-term care	1397
facility, or other health care entity when reviewing	1398
professional qualifications or activities of health care	1399
providers, including both individuals who provide health care	1400
and entities that provide health care;	1401
(d) A peer review committee, professional standards review	1402
committee, or arbitration committee of a state or local society	1403
composed of members who are in active practice as physicians,	1404
dentists, optometrists, psychologists, or pharmacists;	1405
(e) A peer review committee of a health insuring	1406
corporation that has at least a two-thirds majority of member	1407
physicians in active practice and that conducts professional	1408
credentialing and quality review activities involving the	1409
competence or professional conduct of health care providers that	1410
adversely affects or could adversely affect the health or	1411
welfare of any patient;	1412
(f) A peer review committee of a health insuring	1413
corporation that has at least a two-thirds majority of member	1414
physicians in active practice and that conducts professional	1415
credentialing and quality review activities involving the	1416
competence or professional conduct of a health care facility	1417
that has contracted with the health insuring corporation to	1418
provide health care services to enrollees, which conduct	1419
adversely affects, or could adversely affect, the health or	1420
welfare of any patient;	1421
(g) A peer review committee of a sickness and accident	1422

insurer that has at least a two-thirds majority of physicians in	1423
active practice and that conducts professional credentialing and	1424
quality review activities involving the competence or	1425
professional conduct of health care providers that adversely	1426
affects or could adversely affect the health or welfare of any	1427
patient;	1428
(h) A peer review committee of a sickness and accident	1429
insurer that has at least a two-thirds majority of physicians in	1430
active practice and that conducts professional credentialing and	1431
quality review activities involving the competence or	1432
professional conduct of a health care facility that has	1433
contracted with the insurer to provide health care services to	1434
insureds, which conduct adversely affects, or could adversely	1435
affect, the health or welfare of any patient;	1436
(i) A peer review committee of any insurer authorized	1437
under Title XXXIX of the Revised Code to do the business of	1438
medical professional liability insurance in this state that	1439
conducts professional quality review activities involving the	1440
competence or professional conduct of health care providers that	1441
adversely affects or could affect the health or welfare of any	1442
patient;	1443
(j) A peer review committee of the bureau of workers'	1444
compensation or the industrial commission that is responsible	1445
for reviewing the professional qualifications and the	1446
performance of providers certified by the bureau to participate	1447
in the health partnership program or of providers conducting	1448
medical examinations or file reviews for the bureau or the	1449
commission;	1450
(k) Any other peer review committee of a health care	1451

1452

entity.

(F) "Physician" means an individual authorized to practice	1453
medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or	1454
podiatric medicine and surgery.	1455
(G) "Sickness and accident insurer" means an entity	1456
authorized under Title XXXIX of the Revised Code to do the	1457
business of sickness and accident insurance in this state.	1458
(H) "Tort action" means a civil action for damages or a	1459
claim filed under Chapters 3965. and 3967. of the Revised Code	1460
for injury, death, or loss to a patient of a health care entity.	1461
"Tort action" includes a product liability claim, as defined in	1462
section 2307.71 of the Revised Code, and an asbestos claim, as	1463
defined in section 2307.91 of the Revised Code, but does not	1464
include a civil action for a breach of contract or another	1465
agreement between persons.	1466
(I) "Accountable care organization" means such an	1467
organization as defined in 42 C.F.R. 425.20.	1468
Sec. 2307.24. (A) Sections 2307.22 and 2307.23 of the	1469
Revised Code do not affect joint and several liability that is	1470
not based in tort.	1471
(B) Sections 2307.22 and 2307.23 of the Revised Code do	1472
not affect any other section of the Revised Code or the common	1473
law of this state to the extent that the other section or common	1474
law makes a principal, master, or other person vicariously	1475
liable for the tortious conduct of an agent, servant, or other	1476
person. For purposes of section 2307.22 of the Revised Code, a	1477
principal and agent, a master and servant, or other persons	1478
having a vicarious liability relationship shall constitute a	1479
single party when determining percentages of tortious conduct in	1480
a tort action in which vicarious liability is asserted.	1481

(C) Sections 2307.22 and 2307.23 of the Revised Code do	1482
not apply to claims filed under Chapters 3965. and 3967. of the	1483
Revised Code.	1484
Sec. 2307.26. (A) If a judgment that imposes joint and	1485
several liability has been entered in an action against one or	1486
more tortfeasors for the same injury or loss to person or	1487
property or for the same wrongful death, contribution may be	1488
enforced in that action by judgment in favor of one against	1489
other judgment debtors, by motion, upon notice to all parties to	1490
the action. If there is a judgment for the injury or loss to	1491
person or property or the wrongful death against the tortfeasor	1492
seeking contribution, that tortfeasor shall commence any	1493
separate action to enforce contribution within one year after	1494
the judgment has become final by lapse of time for appeal or	1495
after appellate review.	1496
If there is no judgment for the injury or loss to person	1497
or property or the wrongful death against the tortfeasor seeking	1498
contribution, that tortfeasor's right of contribution is barred	1499
unless either of the following applies:	1500
$\frac{A}{A}$ That tortfeasor has discharged by payment the	1501
common liability within the statute of limitations period	1502
applicable to the claimant's right of action against that	1503
tortfeasor and has commenced that tortfeasor's action for	1504
contribution within one year after the payment.	1505
(B)(2) That tortfeasor has agreed while an action is	1506
pending against that tortfeasor to discharge the common	1507
liability and has paid within one year after the agreement the	1508
common liability and commenced that tortfeasor's action for	1509
contribution.	1510

(B) Sections 2307.222 and 2307.23 of the Revised Code do	1511
not apply to claims filed under Chapters 3965. and 3967. of the	1512
Revised Code.	1513
Sec. 2315.21. (A) As used in this section:	1514
(1) "Tort action" means a civil action for damages for	1515
injury or loss to person or property. "Tort action" includes a	1516
product liability claim for damages for injury or loss to person	1517
or property that is subject to sections 2307.71 to 2307.80 of	1518
the Revised Code, but does not include a <u>either of the</u>	1519
<pre>following:</pre>	1520
(a) A civil action for damages for a breach of contract or	1521
another agreement between persons;	1522
(b) A claim filed under Chapters 3965. and 3967. of the	1523
Revised Code.	1524
(2) "Trier of fact" means the jury or, in a nonjury	1525
action, the court.	1526
(3) "Home" has the same meaning as in section 3721.10 of	1527
the Revised Code.	1528
(4) "Employer" includes, but is not limited to, a parent,	1529
subsidiary, affiliate, division, or department of the employer.	1530
If the employer is an individual, the individual shall be	1531
considered an employer under this section only if the subject of	1532
the tort action is related to the individual's capacity as an	1533
employer.	1534
(5) "Small employer" means an employer who employs not	1535
more than one hundred persons on a full-time permanent basis,	1536
or, if the employer is classified as being in the manufacturing	1537
sector by the North American industrial classification system,	1538

"small employer" means an employer who employs not more than 1539 five hundred persons on a full-time permanent basis. 1540 (B) (1) In a tort action that is tried to a jury and in 1541 which a plaintiff makes a claim for compensatory damages and a 1542 claim for punitive or exemplary damages, upon the motion of any 1543 party, the trial of the tort action shall be bifurcated as 1544 follows: 1545 (a) The initial stage of the trial shall relate only to 1546 the presentation of evidence, and a determination by the jury, 1547 with respect to whether the plaintiff is entitled to recover 1548 compensatory damages for the injury or loss to person or 1549 property from the defendant. During this stage, no party to the 1550 tort action shall present, and the court shall not permit a 1551 party to present, evidence that relates solely to the issue of 1552 whether the plaintiff is entitled to recover punitive or 1553 exemplary damages for the injury or loss to person or property 1554 from the defendant. 1555 (b) If the jury determines in the initial stage of the 1556 trial that the plaintiff is entitled to recover compensatory 1557 damages for the injury or loss to person or property from the 1558 defendant, evidence may be presented in the second stage of the 1559 trial, and a determination by that jury shall be made, with 1560 respect to whether the plaintiff additionally is entitled to 1561 recover punitive or exemplary damages for the injury or loss to 1562 person or property from the defendant. 1563 (2) In a tort action that is tried to a jury and in which 1564 a plaintiff makes a claim for both compensatory damages and 1565 punitive or exemplary damages, the court shall instruct the jury 1566 to return, and the jury shall return, a general verdict and, if 1567

1568

that verdict is in favor of the plaintiff, answers to an

interrogatory that specifies the total compensatory damages 1569 recoverable by the plaintiff from each defendant. 1570 (3) In a tort action that is tried to a court and in which 1571 a plaintiff makes a claim for both compensatory damages and 1572 punitive or exemplary damages, the court shall make its 1573 determination with respect to whether the plaintiff is entitled 1574 to recover compensatory damages for the injury or loss to person 1575 or property from the defendant and, if that determination is in 1576 favor of the plaintiff, shall make findings of fact that specify 1577 the total compensatory damages recoverable by the plaintiff from 1578 the defendant. 1579 (C) Subject to division (E) of this section, punitive or 1580 exemplary damages are not recoverable from a defendant in 1581 question in a tort action unless both of the following apply: 1582 (1) The actions or omissions of that defendant demonstrate 1583 malice or aggravated or egregious fraud, or that defendant as 1584 principal or master knowingly authorized, participated in, or 1585 ratified actions or omissions of an agent or servant that so 1586 demonstrate. 1587 (2) The trier of fact has returned a verdict or has made a 1588 determination pursuant to division (B)(2) or (3) of this section 1589 of the total compensatory damages recoverable by the plaintiff 1590 from that defendant. 1591 (D)(1) In a tort action, the trier of fact shall determine 1592 the liability of any defendant for punitive or exemplary damages 1593 and the amount of those damages. 1594 (2) Except as provided in division (D)(6) of this section, 1595 all of the following apply regarding any award of punitive or 1596 exemplary damages in a tort action: 1597

(a) The court shall not enter judgment for punitive or	1598
exemplary damages in excess of two times the amount of the	1599
compensatory damages awarded to the plaintiff from that	1600
defendant, as determined pursuant to division (B)(2) or (3) of	1601
this section.	1602
(b) If the defendant is a small employer or individual,	1603
the court shall not enter judgment for punitive or exemplary	1604
damages in excess of the lesser of two times the amount of the	1605
compensatory damages awarded to the plaintiff from the defendant	1606
or ten <u>percent</u> per cent of the employer's or individual's net	1607
worth when the tort was committed up to a maximum of three	1608
hundred fifty thousand dollars, as determined pursuant to	1609
division (B)(2) or (3) of this section.	1610
(c) Any-attorneys attorney's fees awarded as a result of a	1611
claim for punitive or exemplary damages shall not be considered	1612
for purposes of determining the cap on punitive damages.	1613
(3) No award of prejudgment interest under division (C)(1)	1614
of section 1343.03 of the Revised Code shall include any	1615
prejudgment interest on punitive or exemplary damages found by	1616
the trier of fact.	1617
(4) In a tort action, the burden of proof shall be upon a	1618
plaintiff in question, by clear and convincing evidence, to	1619
establish that the plaintiff is entitled to recover punitive or	1620
exemplary damages.	1621
(5)(a) In any tort action, except as provided in division	1622
(D)(5)(b) or (6) of this section, punitive or exemplary damages	1623
shall not be awarded against a defendant if that defendant files	1624
with the court a certified judgment, judgment entries, or other	1625
evidence showing that punitive or exemplary damages have already	1626

conduct that is alleged to have caused the injury or loss to 1629 person or property for which the plaintiff seeks compensatory damages and that the aggregate of those previous punitive or exemplary damage awards exceeds the maximum amount of punitive or exemplary damages that may be awarded under division (D)(2) of this section against that defendant in the tort action. (b) Notwithstanding division (D)(5)(a) of this section and except as provided in division (D)(6) of this section, punitive or exemplary damages may be awarded against a defendant in either of the following types of tort actions: (i) In subsequent tort actions involving the same act or course of conduct for which punitive or exemplary damages have already been awarded, if the court determines by clear and convincing evidence that the plaintiff will offer new and substantial evidence of previously undiscovered, additional behavior of a type described in division (C) of this section on the part of that defendant, other than the injury or loss for which the plaintiff seeks compensatory damages. In that case, the court shall make specific findings of fact in the record to support its conclusion. The court shall reduce the amount of any punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the federal court's determination and action under division (D)(5)(b)(i) of	been awarded and have been collected, in any state or federal	1627
person or property for which the plaintiff seeks compensatory damages and that the aggregate of those previous punitive or exemplary damage awards exceeds the maximum amount of punitive or exemplary damages that may be awarded under division (D) (2) of this section against that defendant in the tort action. (b) Notwithstanding division (D) (5) (a) of this section and except as provided in division (D) (6) of this section, punitive or exemplary damages may be awarded against a defendant in either of the following types of tort actions: (i) In subsequent tort actions involving the same act or course of conduct for which punitive or exemplary damages have already been awarded, if the court determines by clear and convincing evidence that the plaintiff will offer new and substantial evidence of previously undiscovered, additional behavior of a type described in division (C) of this section on the part of that defendant, other than the injury or loss for which the plaintiff seeks compensatory damages. In that case, the court shall make specific findings of fact in the record to support its conclusion. The court shall reduce the amount of any punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the federal court's determination and action under division (D) (5) (b) (i) of	court, against that defendant based on the same act or course of	1628
damages and that the aggregate of those previous punitive or exemplary damage awards exceeds the maximum amount of punitive 1632 or exemplary damages that may be awarded under division (D)(2) 1633 of this section against that defendant in the tort action. (b) Notwithstanding division (D)(5)(a) of this section and except as provided in division (D)(6) of this section, punitive or exemplary damages may be awarded against a defendant in either of the following types of tort actions: (i) In subsequent tort actions involving the same act or course of conduct for which punitive or exemplary damages have already been awarded, if the court determines by clear and convincing evidence that the plaintiff will offer new and substantial evidence of previously undiscovered, additional behavior of a type described in division (C) of this section on the part of that defendant, other than the injury or loss for which the plaintiff seeks compensatory damages. In that case, the court shall make specific findings of fact in the record to support its conclusion. The court shall reduce the amount of any punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the fess court's determination and action under division (D)(5)(b)(i) of	conduct that is alleged to have caused the injury or loss to	1629
exemplary damage awards exceeds the maximum amount of punitive or exemplary damages that may be awarded under division (D) (2) 1633 of this section against that defendant in the tort action. (b) Notwithstanding division (D) (5) (a) of this section and except as provided in division (D) (6) of this section, punitive or exemplary damages may be awarded against a defendant in either of the following types of tort actions: (i) In subsequent tort actions involving the same act or course of conduct for which punitive or exemplary damages have already been awarded, if the court determines by clear and convincing evidence that the plaintiff will offer new and substantial evidence of previously undiscovered, additional behavior of a type described in division (C) of this section on 1644 the part of that defendant, other than the injury or loss for which the plaintiff seeks compensatory damages. In that case, the court shall make specific findings of fact in the record to support its conclusion. The court shall reduce the amount of any punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the 1652 court's determination and action under division (D) (5) (b) (i) of	person or property for which the plaintiff seeks compensatory	1630
or exemplary damages that may be awarded under division (D) (2) 1633 of this section against that defendant in the tort action. (b) Notwithstanding division (D) (5) (a) of this section and except as provided in division (D) (6) of this section, punitive or exemplary damages may be awarded against a defendant in either of the following types of tort actions: (i) In subsequent tort actions involving the same act or course of conduct for which punitive or exemplary damages have already been awarded, if the court determines by clear and convincing evidence that the plaintiff will offer new and substantial evidence of previously undiscovered, additional behavior of a type described in division (C) of this section on the part of that defendant, other than the injury or loss for which the plaintiff seeks compensatory damages. In that case, the court shall make specific findings of fact in the record to support its conclusion. The court shall reduce the amount of any punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the 1652 court's determination and action under division (D) (5) (b) (i) of	damages and that the aggregate of those previous punitive or	1631
of this section against that defendant in the tort action. (b) Notwithstanding division (D)(5)(a) of this section and 2635 except as provided in division (D)(6) of this section, punitive 2636 or exemplary damages may be awarded against a defendant in 2637 either of the following types of tort actions: 2638 (i) In subsequent tort actions involving the same act or 2639 course of conduct for which punitive or exemplary damages have 2640 already been awarded, if the court determines by clear and 2641 convincing evidence that the plaintiff will offer new and 2642 substantial evidence of previously undiscovered, additional 2643 behavior of a type described in division (C) of this section on 2645 which the plaintiff seeks compensatory damages. In that case, 2646 the court shall make specific findings of fact in the record to 2647 support its conclusion. The court shall reduce the amount of any 2648 punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to 2649 this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages 2650 awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state 2651 or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the 2652 court's determination and action under division (D)(5)(b)(i) of 2653	exemplary damage awards exceeds the maximum amount of punitive	1632
(b) Notwithstanding division (D)(5)(a) of this section and 1635 except as provided in division (D)(6) of this section, punitive 1636 or exemplary damages may be awarded against a defendant in 1637 either of the following types of tort actions: 1638 (i) In subsequent tort actions involving the same act or 1639 course of conduct for which punitive or exemplary damages have 1640 already been awarded, if the court determines by clear and 1641 convincing evidence that the plaintiff will offer new and 1642 substantial evidence of previously undiscovered, additional 1643 behavior of a type described in division (C) of this section on 1644 the part of that defendant, other than the injury or loss for 1645 which the plaintiff seeks compensatory damages. In that case, 1646 the court shall make specific findings of fact in the record to 1647 support its conclusion. The court shall reduce the amount of any 1648 punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to 1649 this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages 1650 awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state 1651 or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the 1652 court's determination and action under division (D)(5)(b)(i) of 1653	or exemplary damages that may be awarded under division (D)(2)	1633
except as provided in division (D)(6) of this section, punitive or exemplary damages may be awarded against a defendant in either of the following types of tort actions: (i) In subsequent tort actions involving the same act or course of conduct for which punitive or exemplary damages have already been awarded, if the court determines by clear and convincing evidence that the plaintiff will offer new and substantial evidence of previously undiscovered, additional behavior of a type described in division (C) of this section on the part of that defendant, other than the injury or loss for which the plaintiff seeks compensatory damages. In that case, the court shall make specific findings of fact in the record to support its conclusion. The court shall reduce the amount of any punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the 1652 court's determination and action under division (D)(5)(b)(i) of	of this section against that defendant in the tort action.	1634
or exemplary damages may be awarded against a defendant in either of the following types of tort actions: (i) In subsequent tort actions involving the same act or course of conduct for which punitive or exemplary damages have already been awarded, if the court determines by clear and convincing evidence that the plaintiff will offer new and substantial evidence of previously undiscovered, additional behavior of a type described in division (C) of this section on the part of that defendant, other than the injury or loss for which the plaintiff seeks compensatory damages. In that case, the court shall make specific findings of fact in the record to support its conclusion. The court shall reduce the amount of any punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the court's determination and action under division (D) (5) (b) (i) of	(b) Notwithstanding division (D)(5)(a) of this section and	1635
either of the following types of tort actions: (i) In subsequent tort actions involving the same act or course of conduct for which punitive or exemplary damages have already been awarded, if the court determines by clear and convincing evidence that the plaintiff will offer new and substantial evidence of previously undiscovered, additional behavior of a type described in division (C) of this section on 1644 the part of that defendant, other than the injury or loss for which the plaintiff seeks compensatory damages. In that case, the court shall make specific findings of fact in the record to 1647 support its conclusion. The court shall reduce the amount of any punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to 1649 this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the court's determination and action under division (D) (5) (b) (i) of	except as provided in division (D)(6) of this section, punitive	1636
(i) In subsequent tort actions involving the same act or course of conduct for which punitive or exemplary damages have already been awarded, if the court determines by clear and convincing evidence that the plaintiff will offer new and substantial evidence of previously undiscovered, additional behavior of a type described in division (C) of this section on 1644 the part of that defendant, other than the injury or loss for which the plaintiff seeks compensatory damages. In that case, the court shall make specific findings of fact in the record to support its conclusion. The court shall reduce the amount of any punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to 1649 this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the court's determination and action under division (D) (5) (b) (i) of	or exemplary damages may be awarded against a defendant in	1637
course of conduct for which punitive or exemplary damages have already been awarded, if the court determines by clear and 1641 convincing evidence that the plaintiff will offer new and substantial evidence of previously undiscovered, additional behavior of a type described in division (C) of this section on 1644 the part of that defendant, other than the injury or loss for which the plaintiff seeks compensatory damages. In that case, the court shall make specific findings of fact in the record to support its conclusion. The court shall reduce the amount of any punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to 1649 this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the 1652 court's determination and action under division (D)(5)(b)(i) of	either of the following types of tort actions:	1638
already been awarded, if the court determines by clear and 1641 convincing evidence that the plaintiff will offer new and 1642 substantial evidence of previously undiscovered, additional behavior of a type described in division (C) of this section on 1644 the part of that defendant, other than the injury or loss for which the plaintiff seeks compensatory damages. In that case, the court shall make specific findings of fact in the record to 1647 support its conclusion. The court shall reduce the amount of any punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the 1652 court's determination and action under division (D)(5)(b)(i) of	(i) In subsequent tort actions involving the same act or	1639
convincing evidence that the plaintiff will offer new and 1642 substantial evidence of previously undiscovered, additional 1643 behavior of a type described in division (C) of this section on 1644 the part of that defendant, other than the injury or loss for which the plaintiff seeks compensatory damages. In that case, the court shall make specific findings of fact in the record to support its conclusion. The court shall reduce the amount of any punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the 1652 court's determination and action under division (D)(5)(b)(i) of	course of conduct for which punitive or exemplary damages have	1640
substantial evidence of previously undiscovered, additional behavior of a type described in division (C) of this section on 1644 the part of that defendant, other than the injury or loss for which the plaintiff seeks compensatory damages. In that case, the court shall make specific findings of fact in the record to support its conclusion. The court shall reduce the amount of any punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the court's determination and action under division (D)(5)(b)(i) of	already been awarded, if the court determines by clear and	1641
behavior of a type described in division (C) of this section on 1644 the part of that defendant, other than the injury or loss for 1645 which the plaintiff seeks compensatory damages. In that case, 1646 the court shall make specific findings of fact in the record to 1647 support its conclusion. The court shall reduce the amount of any 1648 punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to 1649 this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages 1650 awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state 1651 or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the 1652 court's determination and action under division (D)(5)(b)(i) of 1653	convincing evidence that the plaintiff will offer new and	1642
the part of that defendant, other than the injury or loss for which the plaintiff seeks compensatory damages. In that case, the court shall make specific findings of fact in the record to support its conclusion. The court shall reduce the amount of any punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the court's determination and action under division (D)(5)(b)(i) of	substantial evidence of previously undiscovered, additional	1643
which the plaintiff seeks compensatory damages. In that case, the court shall make specific findings of fact in the record to 1647 support its conclusion. The court shall reduce the amount of any punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to 1649 this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages 1650 awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the 1652 court's determination and action under division (D)(5)(b)(i) of	behavior of a type described in division (C) of this section on	1644
the court shall make specific findings of fact in the record to 1647 support its conclusion. The court shall reduce the amount of any 1648 punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to 1649 this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages 1650 awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state 1651 or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the 1652 court's determination and action under division (D)(5)(b)(i) of	the part of that defendant, other than the injury or loss for	1645
support its conclusion. The court shall reduce the amount of any punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the court's determination and action under division (D)(5)(b)(i) of 1653	which the plaintiff seeks compensatory damages. In that case,	1646
punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to 1649 this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages 1650 awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state 1651 or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the 1652 court's determination and action under division (D)(5)(b)(i) of 1653	the court shall make specific findings of fact in the record to	1647
this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the court's determination and action under division (D)(5)(b)(i) of 1653	support its conclusion. The court shall reduce the amount of any	1648
awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the court's determination and action under division (D)(5)(b)(i) of 1653	punitive or exemplary damages otherwise awardable pursuant to	1649
or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the court's determination and action under division (D)(5)(b)(i) of 1653	this section by the sum of the punitive or exemplary damages	1650
court's determination and action under division (D)(5)(b)(i) of 1653	awards previously rendered against that defendant in any state	1651
	or federal court. The court shall not inform the jury about the	1652
this section.	court's determination and action under division (D)(5)(b)(i) of	1653
	this section.	1654

(ii) In subsequent tort actions involving the same act or

course of conduct for which punitive or exemplary damages have

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- (6) Division (D)(2) of this section does not apply to a 1671 tort action where the alleged injury, death, or loss to person 1672 or property resulted from the defendant acting with one or more 1673 of the culpable mental states of purposely and knowingly as 1674 described in section 2901.22 of the Revised Code and when the 1675 defendant has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a criminal 1676 offense that is a felony, that had as an element of the offense 1677 one or more of the culpable mental states of purposely and 1678 knowingly as described in that section, and that is the basis of 1679 the tort action. 1680
- (E) This section does not apply to tort actions against

 the state in the court of claims, including, but not limited to,

 tort actions against a state university or college that are

 subject to division (B)(1) of section 3345.40 of the Revised

 Code, to tort actions against political subdivisions of this

 state that are commenced under or are subject to Chapter 2744.

 of the Revised Code, or to the extent that another section of

 1687

the Revised Code expressly provides any of the following:	1688
(1) Punitive or exemplary damages are recoverable from a	1689
defendant in question in a tort action on a basis other than	1690
that the actions or omissions of that defendant demonstrate	1691
malice or aggravated or egregious fraud or on a basis other than	1692
that the defendant in question as principal or master knowingly	1693
authorized, participated in, or ratified actions or omissions of	1694
an agent or servant that so demonstrate.	1695
(2) Punitive or exemplary damages are recoverable from a	1696
defendant in question in a tort action irrespective of whether	1697
the plaintiff in question has adduced proof of actual damages.	1698
(3) The burden of proof upon a plaintiff in question to	1699
recover punitive or exemplary damages from a defendant in	1700
question in a tort action is one other than clear and convincing	1701
evidence.	1702
(4) Punitive or exemplary damages are not recoverable from	1703
a defendant in question in a tort action.	1704
(F) If the trier of fact is a jury, the court shall not	1705
instruct the jury with respect to the limits on punitive or	1706
exemplary damages pursuant to division (D) of this section, and	1707
neither counsel for any party or a witness shall inform the jury	1708
or potential jurors of those limits.	1709
(G) When determining the amount of an award of punitive or	1710
exemplary damages against either a home or a residential	1711
facility licensed under section 5123.19 of the Revised Code, the	1712
trier of fact shall consider all of the following:	1713
(1) The ability of the home or residential facility to pay	1714
the award of punitive or exemplary damages based on the home's	1715

or residential facility's assets, income, and net worth;

(2) Whether the amount of punitive or exemplary damages is	1717
sufficient to deter future tortious conduct;	1718
(3) The financial ability of the home or residential	1719
facility, both currently and in the future, to provide	1720
accommodations, personal care services, and skilled nursing	1721
care.	1722
Sec. 2315.32. (A) Sections 2315.32 to 2315.36 of the	1723
Revised Code do not apply to actions described in section	1724
4113.03 of the Revised Code or to claims filed under Chapters	1725
3965. and 3967. of the Revised Code.	1726
(B) The contributory fault of the plaintiff may be	1727
asserted as an affirmative defense to a tort claim, except that	1728
the contributory fault of the plaintiff may not be asserted as	1729
an affirmative defense to an intentional tort claim.	1730
Sec. 2317.02. The following persons shall not testify in	1731
certain respects:	1732
(A)(1) An attorney, concerning a communication made to the	1733
(A)(1) An attorney, concerning a communication made to the attorney by a client in that relation or concerning the	1733 1734
attorney by a client in that relation or concerning the	1734
attorney by a client in that relation or concerning the attorney's advice to a client, except that the attorney may	1734 1735
attorney by a client in that relation or concerning the attorney's advice to a client, except that the attorney may testify by express consent of the client or, if the client is	1734 1735 1736
attorney by a client in that relation or concerning the attorney's advice to a client, except that the attorney may testify by express consent of the client or, if the client is deceased, by the express consent of the surviving spouse or the	1734 1735 1736 1737
attorney by a client in that relation or concerning the attorney's advice to a client, except that the attorney may testify by express consent of the client or, if the client is deceased, by the express consent of the surviving spouse or the executor or administrator of the estate of the deceased client.	1734 1735 1736 1737 1738
attorney by a client in that relation or concerning the attorney's advice to a client, except that the attorney may testify by express consent of the client or, if the client is deceased, by the express consent of the surviving spouse or the executor or administrator of the estate of the deceased client. However, if the client voluntarily reveals the substance of	1734 1735 1736 1737 1738 1739
attorney by a client in that relation or concerning the attorney's advice to a client, except that the attorney may testify by express consent of the client or, if the client is deceased, by the express consent of the surviving spouse or the executor or administrator of the estate of the deceased client. However, if the client voluntarily reveals the substance of attorney-client communications in a nonprivileged context or is	1734 1735 1736 1737 1738 1739
attorney by a client in that relation or concerning the attorney's advice to a client, except that the attorney may testify by express consent of the client or, if the client is deceased, by the express consent of the surviving spouse or the executor or administrator of the estate of the deceased client. However, if the client voluntarily reveals the substance of attorney-client communications in a nonprivileged context or is deemed by section 2151.421 of the Revised Code to have waived	1734 1735 1736 1737 1738 1739 1740
attorney by a client in that relation or concerning the attorney's advice to a client, except that the attorney may testify by express consent of the client or, if the client is deceased, by the express consent of the surviving spouse or the executor or administrator of the estate of the deceased client. However, if the client voluntarily reveals the substance of attorney-client communications in a nonprivileged context or is deemed by section 2151.421 of the Revised Code to have waived any testimonial privilege under this division, the attorney may	1734 1735 1736 1737 1738 1739 1740 1741

has since died and the deceased client's attorney if the	1746
communication is relevant to a dispute between parties who claim	1747
through that deceased client, regardless of whether the claims	1748
are by testate or intestate succession or by inter vivos	1749
transaction, and the dispute addresses the competency of the	1750
deceased client when the deceased client executed a document	1751
that is the basis of the dispute or whether the deceased client	1752
was a victim of fraud, undue influence, or duress when the	1753
deceased client executed a document that is the basis of the	1754
dispute.	1755
(2) An atternor concerning a communication made to the	1756
(2) An attorney, concerning a communication made to the	1/30
attorney by a client in that relationship or the attorney's	1757

- advice to a client, except that if the client is an insurance 1758 company, the attorney may be compelled to testify, subject to an 1759 in camera inspection by a court, about communications made by 1760 the client to the attorney or by the attorney to the client that 1761 are related to the attorney's aiding or furthering an ongoing or 1762 future commission of bad faith by the client, if the party 1763 seeking disclosure of the communications has made a prima-facie 1764 showing of bad faith, fraud, or criminal misconduct by the 1765 client. 1766
- (B) (1) A physician or a dentist concerning a communication 1767 made to the physician or dentist by a patient in that relation 1768 or the physician's or dentist's advice to a patient, except as 1769 otherwise provided in this division, division (B)(2), and 1770 division (B)(3) of this section, and except that, if the patient 1771 is deemed by section 2151.421 of the Revised Code to have waived 1772 any testimonial privilege under this division, the physician may 1773 be compelled to testify on the same subject. 1774

The testimonial privilege established under this division

does not apply, and a physician or dentist may testify or may be	1776
compelled to testify, in any of the following circumstances:	1777
(a) In any civil action, in accordance with the discovery	1778
provisions of the Rules of Civil Procedure in connection with a	1779
civil action, or in connection with a claim under Chapter 4123.	1780
of the Revised Code, under any of the following circumstances:	1781
(i) If the patient or the guardian or other legal	1782
representative of the patient gives express consent;	1783
(ii) If the patient is deceased, the spouse of the patient	1784
or the executor or administrator of the patient's estate gives	1785
express consent;	1786
(iii) If a medical claim, dental claim, chiropractic	1787
claim, or optometric claim, as defined in section 2305.113 or	1788
3965.01 of the Revised Code, an action for wrongful death, any	1789
other type of civil action, or a claim under Chapter 4123. of	1790
the Revised Code is filed by the patient, the personal	1791
representative of the estate of the patient if deceased, or the	1792
patient's guardian or other legal representative.	1793
(b) In any civil action concerning court-ordered treatment	1794
or services received by a patient, if the court-ordered	1795
treatment or services were ordered as part of a case plan	1796
journalized under section 2151.412 of the Revised Code or the	1797
court-ordered treatment or services are necessary or relevant to	1798
dependency, neglect, or abuse or temporary or permanent custody	1799
proceedings under Chapter 2151. of the Revised Code.	1800
(c) In any criminal action concerning any test or the	1801
results of any test that determines the presence or	1802
concentration of alcohol, a drug of abuse, a combination of	1803
them, a controlled substance, or a metabolite of a controlled	1804

substance in the patient's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, 1805 breath, urine, or other bodily substance at any time relevant to 1806 the criminal offense in question.

- (d) In any criminal action against a physician or dentist. 1808 In such an action, the testimonial privilege established under 1809 this division does not prohibit the admission into evidence, in 1810 accordance with the Rules of Evidence, of a patient's medical or 1811 dental records or other communications between a patient and the 1812 physician or dentist that are related to the action and obtained 1813 by subpoena, search warrant, or other lawful means. A court that 1814 permits or compels a physician or dentist to testify in such an 1815 action or permits the introduction into evidence of patient 1816 records or other communications in such an action shall require 1817 that appropriate measures be taken to ensure that the 1818 confidentiality of any patient named or otherwise identified in 1819 the records is maintained. Measures to ensure confidentiality 1820 that may be taken by the court include sealing its records or 1821 deleting specific information from its records. 1822
- (e)(i) If the communication was between a patient who has 1823 since died and the deceased patient's physician or dentist, the 1824 communication is relevant to a dispute between parties who claim 1825 through that deceased patient, regardless of whether the claims 1826 are by testate or intestate succession or by inter vivos 1827 transaction, and the dispute addresses the competency of the 1828 deceased patient when the deceased patient executed a document 1829 that is the basis of the dispute or whether the deceased patient 1830 was a victim of fraud, undue influence, or duress when the 1831 deceased patient executed a document that is the basis of the 1832 1833 dispute.
 - (ii) If neither the spouse of a patient nor the executor

or administrator of that patient's estate gives consent under	1835
division (B)(1)(a)(ii) of this section, testimony or the	1836
disclosure of the patient's medical records by a physician,	1837
dentist, or other health care provider under division (B)(1)(e)	1838
(i) of this section is a permitted use or disclosure of	1839
protected health information, as defined in 45 C.F.R. 160.103,	1840
and an authorization or opportunity to be heard shall not be	1841
required.	1842
(iii) Division (B)(1)(e)(i) of this section does not	1843
require a mental health professional to disclose psychotherapy	1844
notes, as defined in 45 C.F.R. 164.501.	1845
(iv) An interested person who objects to testimony or	1846
disclosure under division (B)(1)(e)(i) of this section may seek	1847
a protective order pursuant to Civil Rule 26.	1848
(v) A person to whom protected health information is	1849
disclosed under division (B)(1)(e)(i) of this section shall not	1850
use or disclose the protected health information for any purpose	1851
other than the litigation or proceeding for which the	1852
information was requested and shall return the protected health	1853
information to the covered entity or destroy the protected	1854
health information, including all copies made, at the conclusion	1855
of the litigation or proceeding.	1856
(2)(a) If any law enforcement officer submits a written	1857
statement to a health care provider that states that an official	1858
criminal investigation has begun regarding a specified person or	1859
that a criminal action or proceeding has been commenced against	1860
a specified person, that requests the provider to supply to the	1861
officer copies of any records the provider possesses that	1862
pertain to any test or the results of any test administered to	1863

the specified person to determine the presence or concentration

of alcohol, a drug of abuse, a combination of them, a controlled 1865 substance, or a metabolite of a controlled substance in the 1866 person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine at 1867 any time relevant to the criminal offense in question, and that 1868 conforms to section 2317.022 of the Revised Code, the provider, 1869 except to the extent specifically prohibited by any law of this 1870 state or of the United States, shall supply to the officer a 1871 copy of any of the requested records the provider possesses. If 1872 the health care provider does not possess any of the requested 1873 records, the provider shall give the officer a written statement 1874 that indicates that the provider does not possess any of the 1875 requested records. 1876

- (b) If a health care provider possesses any records of the 1877 type described in division (B)(2)(a) of this section regarding 1878 the person in question at any time relevant to the criminal 1879 offense in question, in lieu of personally testifying as to the 1880 results of the test in question, the custodian of the records 1881 may submit a certified copy of the records, and, upon its 1882 submission, the certified copy is qualified as authentic 1883 evidence and may be admitted as evidence in accordance with the 1884 Rules of Evidence. Division (A) of section 2317.422 of the 1885 Revised Code does not apply to any certified copy of records 1886 submitted in accordance with this division. Nothing in this 1887 division shall be construed to limit the right of any party to 1888 call as a witness the person who administered the test to which 1889 the records pertain, the person under whose supervision the test 1890 was administered, the custodian of the records, the person who 1891 made the records, or the person under whose supervision the 1892 records were made. 1893
- (3) (a) If the testimonial privilege described in division 1894
 (B) (1) of this section does not apply as provided in division 1895

(B)(1)(a)(iii) of this section, a physician or dentist may be	1896
compelled to testify or to submit to discovery under the Rules	1897
of Civil Procedure only as to a communication made to the	1898
physician or dentist by the patient in question in that	1899
relation, or the physician's or dentist's advice to the patient	1900
in question, that related causally or historically to physical	1901
or mental injuries that are relevant to issues in the medical	1902
claim, dental claim, chiropractic claim, or optometric claim,	1903
action for wrongful death, other civil action, or claim under	1904
Chapter 4123. of the Revised Code.	1905

- (b) If the testimonial privilege described in division (B) 1906 (1) of this section does not apply to a physician or dentist as 1907 provided in division (B)(1)(c) of this section, the physician or 1908 dentist, in lieu of personally testifying as to the results of 1909 the test in question, may submit a certified copy of those 1910 results, and, upon its submission, the certified copy is 1911 qualified as authentic evidence and may be admitted as evidence 1912 in accordance with the Rules of Evidence. Division (A) of 1913 section 2317.422 of the Revised Code does not apply to any 1914 certified copy of results submitted in accordance with this 1915 division. Nothing in this division shall be construed to limit 1916 the right of any party to call as a witness the person who 1917 administered the test in question, the person under whose 1918 supervision the test was administered, the custodian of the 1919 results of the test, the person who compiled the results, or the 1920 person under whose supervision the results were compiled. 1921
- (4) The testimonial privilege described in division (B) (1) 1922 of this section is not waived when a communication is made by a 1923 physician to a pharmacist or when there is communication between 1924 a patient and a pharmacist in furtherance of the physician-1925 patient relation.

(5)(a) As used in divisions (B)(1) to (4) of this section,	1927
"communication" means acquiring, recording, or transmitting any	1928
information, in any manner, concerning any facts, opinions, or	1929
statements necessary to enable a physician or dentist to	1930
diagnose, treat, prescribe, or act for a patient. A	1931
"communication" may include, but is not limited to, any medical	1932
or dental, office, or hospital communication such as a record,	1933
chart, letter, memorandum, laboratory test and results, x-ray,	1934
photograph, financial statement, diagnosis, or prognosis.	1935
(b) As used in division (B)(2) of this section, "health	1936
care provider" means a hospital, ambulatory care facility, long-	1937
term care facility, pharmacy, emergency facility, or health care	1938
practitioner.	1939
(c) As used in division (B)(5)(b) of this section:	1940
(i) "Ambulatory care facility" means a facility that	1941
provides medical, diagnostic, or surgical treatment to patients	1942
who do not require hospitalization, including a dialysis center,	1943
ambulatory surgical facility, cardiac catheterization facility,	1944
diagnostic imaging center, extracorporeal shock wave lithotripsy	1945
center, home health agency, inpatient hospice, birthing center,	1946
radiation therapy center, emergency facility, and an urgent care	1947
center. "Ambulatory health care facility" does not include the	1948
private office of a physician or dentist, whether the office is	1949
for an individual or group practice.	1950
(ii) "Emergency facility" means a hospital emergency	
	1951
department or any other facility that provides emergency medical	1951 1952
department or any other facility that provides emergency medical services.	

in section 4769.01 of the Revised Code.

(iv) "Hospital" has the same meaning as in section 3727.01	1956
of the Revised Code.	1957
(v) "Long-term care facility" means a nursing home,	1958
residential care facility, or home for the aging, as those terms	1959
are defined in section 3721.01 of the Revised Code; a	1960
residential facility licensed under section 5119.34 of the	1961
Revised Code that provides accommodations, supervision, and	1962
personal care services for three to sixteen unrelated adults; a	1963
nursing facility, as defined in section 5165.01 of the Revised	1964
Code; a skilled nursing facility, as defined in section 5165.01	1965
of the Revised Code; and an intermediate care facility for	1966
individuals with intellectual disabilities, as defined in	1967
section 5124.01 of the Revised Code.	1968
(vi) "Pharmacy" has the same meaning as in section 4729.01	1969
of the Revised Code.	1970
(d) As used in divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section,	1971
"drug of abuse" has the same meaning as in section 4506.01 of	1972
the Revised Code.	1973
(6) Divisions (B)(1), (2), (3), (4), and (5) of this	1974
section apply to doctors of medicine, doctors of osteopathic	1975
medicine, doctors of podiatry, and dentists.	1976
(7) Nothing in divisions (B)(1) to (6) of this section	1977
affects, or shall be construed as affecting, the immunity from	1978
civil liability conferred by section 307.628 of the Revised Code	1979
or the immunity from civil liability conferred by section	1980
2305.33 of the Revised Code upon physicians who report an	1981
employee's use of a drug of abuse, or a condition of an employee	1982
other than one involving the use of a drug of abuse, to the	1983
employer of the employee in accordance with division (B) of that	1984

section. As used in division (B)(7) of this section, "employee,"	1985
"employer," and "physician" have the same meanings as in section	1986
2305.33 of the Revised Code.	1987
(C)(1) A cleric, when the cleric remains accountable to	1988
the authority of that cleric's church, denomination, or sect,	1989
concerning a confession made, or any information confidentially	1990
communicated, to the cleric for a religious counseling purpose	1991
in the cleric's professional character. The cleric may testify	1992
by express consent of the person making the communication,	1993
except when the disclosure of the information is in violation of	1994
a sacred trust and except that, if the person voluntarily	1995
testifies or is deemed by division (A)(4)(c) of section 2151.421	1996
of the Revised Code to have waived any testimonial privilege	1997
under this division, the cleric may be compelled to testify on	1998
the same subject except when disclosure of the information is in	1999
violation of a sacred trust.	2000
(2) As used in division (C) of this section:	2001
(a) "Cleric" means a member of the clergy, rabbi, priest,	2002
Christian Science practitioner, or regularly ordained,	2003
accredited, or licensed minister of an established and legally	2004
cognizable church, denomination, or sect.	2005
(b) "Sacred trust" means a confession or confidential	2006
communication made to a cleric in the cleric's ecclesiastical	2007
capacity in the course of discipline enjoined by the church to	2008
which the cleric belongs, including, but not limited to, the	2009
Catholic Church, if both of the following apply:	2010
(i) The confession or confidential communication was made	2011
directly to the cleric.	2012

(ii) The confession or confidential communication was made

in the manner and context that places the cleric specifically	2014
and strictly under a level of confidentiality that is considered	2015
inviolate by canon law or church doctrine.	2016
(D) Husband or wife, concerning any communication made by	2017
one to the other, or an act done by either in the presence of	2018
the other, during coverture, unless the communication was made,	2019
or act done, in the known presence or hearing of a third person	2020
competent to be a witness; and such rule is the same if the	2021
marital relation has ceased to exist;	2022
(E) A person who assigns a claim or interest, concerning	2023
any matter in respect to which the person would not, if a party,	2024
be permitted to testify;	2025
(F) A person who, if a party, would be restricted under	2026
section 2317.03 of the Revised Code, when the property or thing	2027
is sold or transferred by an executor, administrator, guardian,	2028
trustee, heir, devisee, or legatee, shall be restricted in the	2029
same manner in any action or proceeding concerning the property	2030
or thing.	2031
(G)(1) A school guidance counselor who holds a valid	2032
educator license from the state board of education as provided	2033
for in section 3319.22 of the Revised Code, a person licensed	2034
under Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code as a licensed	2035
professional clinical counselor, licensed professional	2036
counselor, social worker, independent social worker, marriage	2037
and family therapist or independent marriage and family	2038
therapist, or registered under Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code	2039
as a social work assistant concerning a confidential	2040
communication received from a client in that relation or the	2041

person's advice to a client unless any of the following applies:

(a) The communication or advice indicates clear and	2043
present danger to the client or other persons. For the purposes	2044
of this division, cases in which there are indications of	2045
present or past child abuse or neglect of the client constitute	2046
a clear and present danger.	2047
(b) The client gives express consent to the testimony.	2048
(c) If the client is deceased, the surviving spouse or the	2049
executor or administrator of the estate of the deceased client	2050
gives express consent.	2051
(d) The client voluntarily testifies, in which case the	2052
school guidance counselor or person licensed or registered under	2053
Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code may be compelled to testify on	2054
the same subject.	2055
(e) The court in camera determines that the information	2056
communicated by the client is not germane to the counselor-	2057
client, marriage and family therapist-client, or social worker-	2058
client relationship.	2059
(f) A court, in an action brought against a school, its	2060
administration, or any of its personnel by the client, rules	2061
after an in-camera inspection that the testimony of the school	2062
guidance counselor is relevant to that action.	2063
(g) The testimony is sought in a civil action and concerns	2064
court-ordered treatment or services received by a patient as	2065
part of a case plan journalized under section 2151.412 of the	2066
Revised Code or the court-ordered treatment or services are	2067
necessary or relevant to dependency, neglect, or abuse or	2068
temporary or permanent custody proceedings under Chapter 2151.	2069
of the Revised Code.	2070
(2) Nothing in division (G)(1) of this section shall	2071

relieve a school guidance counselor or a person licensed or	2072
registered under Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code from the	2073
requirement to report information concerning child abuse or	2074
neglect under section 2151.421 of the Revised Code.	2075
	2076
(H) A mediator acting under a mediation order issued under	2076
division (A) of costion 2100 OF2 of the Deviced Code on	2077

division (A) of section 3109.052 of the Revised Code or 2077 otherwise issued in any proceeding for divorce, dissolution, 2078 legal separation, annulment, or the allocation of parental 2079 rights and responsibilities for the care of children, in any 2080 2081 action or proceeding, other than a criminal, delinquency, child abuse, child neglect, or dependent child action or proceeding, 2082 that is brought by or against either parent who takes part in 2083 mediation in accordance with the order and that pertains to the 2084 mediation process, to any information discussed or presented in 2085 the mediation process, to the allocation of parental rights and 2086 responsibilities for the care of the parents' children, or to 2087 the awarding of parenting time rights in relation to their 2088 children: 2089

(I) A communications assistant, acting within the scope of 2090 the communication assistant's authority, when providing 2091 telecommunications relay service pursuant to section 4931.06 of 2092 2093 the Revised Code or Title II of the "Communications Act of 1934," 104 Stat. 366 (1990), 47 U.S.C. 225, concerning a 2094 communication made through a telecommunications relay service. 2095 Nothing in this section shall limit the obligation of a 2096 communications assistant to divulge information or testify when 2097 mandated by federal law or regulation or pursuant to subpoena in 2098 a criminal proceeding. 2099

Nothing in this section shall limit any immunity or 2100 privilege granted under federal law or regulation. 2101

(J)(1) A chiropractor in a civil proceeding concerning a	2102
communication made to the chiropractor by a patient in that	2103
relation or the chiropractor's advice to a patient, except as	2104
otherwise provided in this division. The testimonial privilege	2105
established under this division does not apply, and a	2106
chiropractor may testify or may be compelled to testify, in any	2107
civil action, in accordance with the discovery provisions of the	2108
Rules of Civil Procedure in connection with a civil action, or	2109
in connection with a claim under Chapter 4123. of the Revised	2110
Code, under any of the following circumstances:	2111
(a) If the patient or the guardian or other legal	2112
representative of the patient gives express consent.	2113
representative of the patient gives empress compent.	2110
(b) If the patient is deceased, the spouse of the patient	2114
or the executor or administrator of the patient's estate gives	2115
express consent.	2116
(c) If a medical claim, dental claim, chiropractic claim,	2117
or optometric claim, as defined in section 2305.113 of the	2118
Revised Code, an action for wrongful death, any other type of	2119
civil action, or a claim under Chapter 4123. of the Revised Code	2120
is filed by the patient, the personal representative of the	2121
estate of the patient if deceased, or the patient's guardian or	2122
other legal representative.	2123
(2) If the testimonial privilege described in division (J)	2124
(1) of this section does not apply as provided in division (J)	2125
(1) (c) of this section, a chiropractor may be compelled to	2126
testify or to submit to discovery under the Rules of Civil	2127
Procedure only as to a communication made to the chiropractor by	2128
the patient in question in that relation, or the chiropractor's	2129
advice to the patient in question, that related causally or	2130
historically to physical or mental injuries that are relevant to	2131

issues in the medical claim, dental claim, chiropractic claim,	2132
or optometric claim, action for wrongful death, other civil	2133
action, or claim under Chapter 4123. of the Revised Code.	2134
(3) The testimonial privilege established under this	2135
division does not apply, and a chiropractor may testify or be	2136
compelled to testify, in any criminal action or administrative	2137
proceeding.	2138
(4) As used in this division, "communication" means	2139
acquiring, recording, or transmitting any information, in any	2140
manner, concerning any facts, opinions, or statements necessary	2141
to enable a chiropractor to diagnose, treat, or act for a	2142
patient. A communication may include, but is not limited to, any	2143
chiropractic, office, or hospital communication such as a	2144
record, chart, letter, memorandum, laboratory test and results,	2145
x-ray, photograph, financial statement, diagnosis, or prognosis.	2146
(K)(1) Except as provided under division (K)(2) of this	2147
section, a critical incident stress management team member	2148
concerning a communication received from an individual who	2149
receives crisis response services from the team member, or the	2150
team member's advice to the individual, during a debriefing	2151
session.	2152
(2) The testimonial privilege established under division	2153
(K) (1) of this section does not apply if any of the following	2154
are true:	2155
(a) The communication or advice indicates clear and	2156
present danger to the individual who receives crisis response	2157
services or to other persons. For purposes of this division,	2158
cases in which there are indications of present or past child	2159
abuse or neglect of the individual constitute a clear and	2160

present danger.	2161
(b) The individual who received crisis response services	2162
gives express consent to the testimony.	2163
(c) If the individual who received crisis response	2164
services is deceased, the surviving spouse or the executor or	2165
administrator of the estate of the deceased individual gives	2166
express consent.	2167
(d) The individual who received crisis response services	2168
voluntarily testifies, in which case the team member may be	2169
compelled to testify on the same subject.	2170
(e) The court in camera determines that the information	2171
communicated by the individual who received crisis response	2172
services is not germane to the relationship between the	2173
individual and the team member.	2174
(f) The communication or advice pertains or is related to	2175
any criminal act.	2176
(3) As used in division (K) of this section:	2177
(a) "Crisis response services" means consultation, risk	2178
assessment, referral, and on-site crisis intervention services	2179
provided by a critical incident stress management team to	2180
individuals affected by crisis or disaster.	2181
(b) "Critical incident stress management team member" or	2182
"team member" means an individual specially trained to provide	2183
crisis response services as a member of an organized community	2184
or local crisis response team that holds membership in the Ohio	2185
critical incident stress management network.	2186
(c) "Debriefing session" means a session at which crisis	2187
response services are rendered by a critical incident stress	2188

management team member during or after a crisis or disaster.	2189
(L)(1) Subject to division (L)(2) of this section and	2190
except as provided in division (L)(3) of this section, an	2191
employee assistance professional, concerning a communication	2192
made to the employee assistance professional by a client in the	2193
employee assistance professional's official capacity as an	2194
employee assistance professional.	2195
(2) Division (L)(1) of this section applies to an employee	2196
assistance professional who meets either or both of the	2197
following requirements:	2198
(a) Is certified by the employee assistance certification	2199
commission to engage in the employee assistance profession;	2200
(b) Has education, training, and experience in all of the	2201
following:	2202
(i) Providing workplace-based services designed to address	2203
employer and employee productivity issues;	2204
(ii) Providing assistance to employees and employees'	2205
dependents in identifying and finding the means to resolve	2206
personal problems that affect the employees or the employees'	2207
performance;	2208
(iii) Identifying and resolving productivity problems	2209
associated with an employee's concerns about any of the	2210
following matters: health, marriage, family, finances, substance	2211
abuse or other addiction, workplace, law, and emotional issues;	2212
(iv) Selecting and evaluating available community	2213
resources;	2214
<pre>(v) Making appropriate referrals;</pre>	2215

(vi) Local and national employee assistance agreements;	2216
(vii) Client confidentiality.	2217
(3) Division (L)(1) of this section does not apply to any	2218
of the following:	2219
(a) A criminal action or proceeding involving an offense	2220
under sections 2903.01 to 2903.06 of the Revised Code if the	2221
employee assistance professional's disclosure or testimony	2222
relates directly to the facts or immediate circumstances of the	2223
offense;	2224
(b) A communication made by a client to an employee	2225
assistance professional that reveals the contemplation or	2226
commission of a crime or serious, harmful act;	2227
(c) A communication that is made by a client who is an	2228
unemancipated minor or an adult adjudicated to be incompetent	2229
and indicates that the client was the victim of a crime or	2230
abuse;	2231
(d) A civil proceeding to determine an individual's mental	2232
competency or a criminal action in which a plea of not guilty by	2233
reason of insanity is entered;	2234
(e) A civil or criminal malpractice action brought against	2235
the employee assistance professional;	2236
	0005
(f) When the employee assistance professional has the	2237
express consent of the client or, if the client is deceased or	2238
disabled, the client's legal representative;	2239
(g) When the testimonial privilege otherwise provided by	2240
division (L)(1) of this section is abrogated under law.	2241
Sec. 2323.41. (A) In any civil action upon a medical,	2242

dental, optometric, or chiropractic claim, the defendant may	2243
introduce evidence of any amount payable as a benefit to the	2244
plaintiff as a result of the damages that result from an injury,	2245
death, or loss to person or property that is the subject of the	2246
claim, except if the source of collateral benefits has a	2247
mandatory self-effectuating federal right of subrogation, a	2248
contractual right of subrogation, or a statutory right of	2249
subrogation.	2250
(B) If the defendant elects to introduce evidence	2251
described in division (A) of this section, the plaintiff may	2252
introduce evidence of any amount that the plaintiff has paid or	2253
contributed to secure the plaintiff's right to receive the	2254
benefits of which the defendant has introduced evidence.	2255
(C) A source of collateral benefits of which evidence is	2256
introduced pursuant to division (A) of this section shall not	2257
recover any amount against the plaintiff nor shall it be	2258
subrogated to the rights of the plaintiff against a defendant.	2259
(D) This section shall apply only to a medical, dental,	2260
optometric, or chiropractic claim in which either of the	2261
following applies:	2262
(1) A claimant alleges that the individual or entity	2263
against whom the claim is brought intentionally caused, as	2264
defined in section 3965.02 of the Revised Code, the injury to or	2265
death of the claimant or the individual upon whose behalf the	2266
claimant brought the claim.	2267
(2) The individual or entity against whom the claim is	2268
brought was not in compliance with division (A) of section	2269
3965.02 of the Revised Code at the time the claim accrued.	2270
(E) As used in this section, "medical claim," "dental	2271

claim," "optometric claim," and "chiropractic claim" have the	2272
same meanings as in section 2305.113 of the Revised Code.	2273
Sec. 2323.42. (A) Upon the motion of any defendant in a	2274
civil action based upon a medical claim, dental claim,	2275
optometric claim, or chiropractic claim, the court shall conduct	2276
a hearing regarding the existence or nonexistence of a	2277
reasonable good faith basis upon which the particular claim is	2278
asserted against the moving defendant. The defendant shall file	2279
the motion not earlier than the close of discovery in the action	2280
and not later than thirty days after the court or jury renders	2281
any verdict or award in the action. After the motion is filed,	2282
the plaintiff shall have not less than fourteen days to respond	2283
to the motion. Upon good cause shown by the plaintiff, the court	2284
shall grant an extension of the time for the plaintiff to	2285
respond as necessary to obtain evidence demonstrating the	2286
existence of a reasonable good faith basis for the claim.	2287
(B) At the request of any party to the good faith motion	2288
described in division (A) of this section, the court shall order	2289
the motion to be heard at an oral hearing and shall consider all	2290
evidence and arguments submitted by the parties. In determining	2291
whether a plaintiff has a reasonable good faith basis upon which	2292
to assert the claim in question against the moving defendant,	2293
the court shall take into consideration, in addition to the	2294
facts of the underlying claim, whether the plaintiff did any of	2295
the following:	2296
(1) Obtained a reasonably timely review of the merits of	2297
the particular claim by a qualified medical, dental, optometric,	2298
or chiropractic expert, as appropriate;	2299
(2) Reasonably relied upon the results of that review in	2300
supporting the assertion of the particular claim;	2301

(3) Had an opportunity to conduct a pre-suit investigation	2302
or was afforded by the defendant full and timely discovery	2303
during litigation;	2304
(4) Reasonably relied upon evidence discovered during the	2305
course of litigation in support of the assertion of the claim in	2306
question;	2307
(5) Took appropriate and reasonable steps to timely	2308
dismiss any defendant on behalf of whom it was alleged or	2309
determined that no reasonable good faith basis existed for	2310
continued assertion of the claim in question.	2311
(C) If the court determines that there was no reasonable	2312
good faith basis upon which the plaintiff asserted the claim in	2313
question against the moving defendant or that, at some point	2314
during the litigation, the plaintiff lacked a good faith basis	2315
for continuing to assert that claim, the court shall award all	2316
of the following in favor of the moving defendant:	2317
(1) All court costs incurred by the moving defendant;	2318
(2) Reasonable attorneys' fees incurred by the moving	2319
defendant in defense of the claim after the time that the court	2320
determines that no reasonable good faith basis existed upon	2321
which to assert or continue to assert the claim;	2322
(3) Reasonable attorneys' fees incurred in support of the	2323
good faith motion.	2324
(D) Prior to filing a good faith motion as described in	2325
division (A) of this section, any defendant that intends to file	2326
that type of motion shall serve a "notice of demand for	2327
dismissal and intention to file a good faith motion." If, within	2328
fourteen days of service of that notice, the plaintiff dismisses	2329
the defendant from the action, the defendant after the dismissal	2330

shall be precluded from filing a good faith motion as to any	2331
attorneys' fees and other costs subsequent to the dismissal.	2332
(E) This section shall apply only to a medical, dental,	2333
optometric, or chiropractic claim in which either of the	2334
<pre>following applies:</pre>	2335
(1) A claimant alleges that the individual or entity	2336
against whom the claim is brought intentionally caused, as	2337
defined in section 3965.02 of the Revised Code, the injury to or	2338
death of the claimant or the individual upon whose behalf the	2339
claimant brought the claim.	2340
(2) The individual or entity against whom the claim is	2341
brought was not in compliance with division (A) of section	2342
3965.02 of the Revised Code at the time the claim accrued.	2343
(F) As used in this section, "medical claim," "dental	2344
claim," "optometric claim," and "chiropractic claim" have the	2345
same meanings as in section 2305.113 of the Revised Code.	2346
Sec. 2323.421. A person licensed in another state to	2347
practice medicine, who testifies as an expert witness on behalf	2348
of any party in this state in any action against a physician for	2349
injury or death, whether in contract or tort or under Chapter	2350
3965. or 3967. of the Revised Code, arising out of the provision	2351
of or failure to provide health care services, shall be deemed	2352
to have a temporary license to practice medicine in this state	2353
solely for the purpose of providing such testimony and is	2354
subject to the authority of the state medical board and the	2355
provisions of Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code. The conclusion	2356
of an action against a physician shall not be construed to have	2357
any effect on the board's authority to take action against a	2358
physician who testifies as an expert witness under this section.	2359

Sec. 2323.43. (A) In a civil action upon a medical,	2360
dental, optometric, or chiropractic claim to recover damages for	2361
injury, death, or loss to person or property, all of the	2362
following apply:	2363
(1) There shall not be any limitation on compensatory	2364
damages that represent the economic loss of the person who is	2365
awarded the damages in the civil action.	2366
(2) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(3) of	2367
this section, the amount of compensatory damages that represents	2368
damages for noneconomic loss that is recoverable in a civil	2369
action under this section to recover damages for injury, death,	2370
or loss to person or property shall not exceed the greater of	2371
two hundred fifty thousand dollars or an amount that is equal to	2372
three times the plaintiff's economic loss, as determined by the	2373
trier of fact, to a maximum of three hundred fifty thousand	2374
dollars for each plaintiff or a maximum of five hundred thousand	2375
dollars for each occurrence.	2376
(3) The amount recoverable for noneconomic loss in a civil	2377
action under this section may exceed the amount described in	2378
division (A)(2) of this section but shall not exceed five	2379
hundred thousand dollars for each plaintiff or one million	2380
dollars for each occurrence if the noneconomic losses of the	2381
plaintiff are for either of the following:	2382
(a) Permanent and substantial physical deformity, loss of	2383
use of a limb, or loss of a bodily organ system;	2384
(b) Permanent physical functional injury that permanently	2385
prevents the injured person from being able to independently	2386
care for self and perform life sustaining activities.	2387

(B) If a trial is conducted in a civil action upon a

medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic claim to recover	2389
damages for injury, death, or loss to person or property and a	2390
plaintiff prevails with respect to that claim, the court in a	2391
nonjury trial shall make findings of fact, and the jury in a	2392
jury trial shall return a general verdict accompanied by answers	2393
to interrogatories, that shall specify all of the following:	2394
(1) The total compensatory damages recoverable by the	2395
plaintiff;	2396
(2) The portion of the total compensatory damages that	2397
represents damages for economic loss;	2398
	2000
(3) The portion of the total compensatory damages that	2399
represents damages for noneconomic loss.	2400
(C)(1) After the trier of fact in a civil action upon a	2401
medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic claim to recover	2402
damages for injury, death, or loss to person or property	2403
complies with division (B) of this section, the court shall	2404
enter a judgment in favor of the plaintiff for compensatory	2405
damages for economic loss in the amount determined pursuant to	2406
division (B)(2) of this section, and, subject to division (D)(1)	2407
of this section, the court shall enter a judgment in favor of	2408
the plaintiff for compensatory damages for noneconomic loss. In	2409
no event shall a judgment for compensatory damages for	2410
noneconomic loss exceed the maximum recoverable amount that	2411
represents damages for noneconomic loss as provided in divisions	2412
(A)(2) and (3) of this section. Division (A) of this section	2413
shall be applied in a jury trial only after the jury has made	2414
its factual findings and determination as to the damages.	2415
(2) Prior to the trial in the civil action, any party may	2416
seek summary judgment with respect to the nature of the alleged	2417

injury or loss to person or property, seeking a determination of	2418
the damages as described in division (A)(2) or (3) of this	2419
section.	2420
(D)(1) A court of common pleas has no jurisdiction to	2421
enter judgment on an award of compensatory damages for	2422
noneconomic loss in excess of the limits set forth in this	2423
section.	2424
(2) If the trier of fact is a jury, the court shall not	2425
instruct the jury with respect to the limit on compensatory	2426
damages for noneconomic loss described in divisions (A)(2) and	2427
(3) of this section, and neither counsel for any party nor a	2428
witness shall inform the jury or potential jurors of that limit.	2429
(E) Any excess amount of compensatory damages for	2430
noneconomic loss that is greater than the applicable amount	2431
specified in division (A)(2) or (3) of this section shall not be	2432
reallocated to any other tortfeasor beyond the amount of	2433
compensatory damages that that tortfeasor would otherwise be	2434
responsible for under the laws of this state.	2435
(F)(1) If pursuant to a contingency fee agreement between	2436
an attorney and a plaintiff in a civil action upon a medical	2437
claim, dental claim, optometric claim, or chiropractic claim,	2438
the amount of the attorney's fees exceed the applicable amount	2439
of the limits on compensatory damages for noneconomic loss as	2440
provided in division (A)(2) or (3) of this section, the attorney	2441
shall make an application in the probate court of the county in	2442
which the civil action was commenced or in which the settlement	2443
was entered. The application shall contain a statement of facts,	2444
including the amount to be allocated to the settlement of the	2445
claim, the amount of the settlement or judgment that represents	2446
the compensatory damages for economic loss and noneconomic loss,	2447

the relevant provision in the contingency fee agreement, and the	2448
dollar amount of the attorney's fees under the contingency fee	2449
agreement. The application shall include the proposed	2450
distribution of the amount of the judgment or settlement.	2451
(2) The attorney shall give written notice of the hearing	2452
and a copy of the application to all interested persons who have	2453
not waived notice of the hearing. Notwithstanding the waivers	2454
and consents of the interested persons, the probate court shall	2455
retain jurisdiction over the settlement, allocation, and	2456
distribution of the claim.	2457
(3) The application shall state the arrangements, if any,	2458
that have been made with respect to the attorney's fees. The	2459
attorney's fees shall be subject to the approval of the probate	2460
court.	2461
(G) This section does not apply to any of the following:	2462
(1) Civil actions upon a medical, dental, optometric, or	2463
chiropractic claim that are brought against the state in the	2464
court of claims, including, but not limited to, those actions in	2465
which a state university or college is a defendant and to which	2466
division (B)(3) of section 3345.40 of the Revised Code applies;	2467
(2) Civil actions upon a medical, dental, optometric, or	2468
chiropractic claim that are brought against political	2469
subdivisions of this state and that are commenced under or are	2470
subject to Chapter 2744. of the Revised Code. Division (C) of	2471
section 2744.05 of the Revised Code applies to recoverable	2472
damages in those actions;	2473
(3) Wrongful death actions brought pursuant to Chapter	2474
2125. of the Revised Code.	2475

(H) This section shall apply only to a medical, dental,

optometric, or chiropractic claim in which either of the	2477
following applies:	2478
(1) A claimant alleges that the individual or entity	2479
against whom the claim is brought intentionally caused, as_	2480
defined in section 3965.02 of the Revised Code, the injury to or	2481
death of the claimant or the individual upon whose behalf the	2482
claimant brought the claim.	2483
(2) The individual or entity against whom the claim is	2484
brought was not in compliance with division (A) of section	2485
3965.02 of the Revised Code at the time the claim accrued.	2486
(I) As used in this section:	2487
(1) "Economic loss" means any of the following types of	2488
pecuniary harm:	2489
(a) All wages, salaries, or other compensation lost as a	2490
result of an injury, death, or loss to person or property that	2491
is a subject of a civil action upon a medical, dental,	2492
optometric, or chiropractic claim;	2493
(b) All expenditures for medical care or treatment,	2494
rehabilitation services, or other care, treatment, services,	2495
products, or accommodations as a result of an injury, death, or	2496
loss to person or property that is a subject of a civil action	2497
upon a medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic claim;	2498
(c) Any other expenditures incurred as a result of an	2499
injury, death, or loss to person or property that is a subject	2500
of a civil action upon a medical, dental, optometric, or	2501
chiropractic claim, other than attorney's fees incurred in	2502
connection with that action.	2503
(2) "Medical claim, <u>" "</u> dental claim," "optometric claim,"	2504

and "chiropractic claim" have the same meanings as in section	2505
2305.113 of the Revised Code.	2506
(3) "Noneconomic loss" means nonpecuniary harm that	2507
results from an injury, death, or loss to person or property	2508
that is a subject of a civil action upon a medical, dental,	2509
optometric, or chiropractic claim, including, but not limited	2510
to, pain and suffering, loss of society, consortium,	2511
companionship, care, assistance, attention, protection, advice,	2512
guidance, counsel, instruction, training, or education,	2513
disfigurement, mental anguish, and any other intangible loss.	2514
(4) "Trier of fact" means the jury or, in a nonjury	2515
action, the court.	2516
Sec. 2323.45. (A) (1) A health care provider named as a	2517
defendant in a civil action based upon a medical claim is	2518
permitted to file a motion with the court for dismissal of the	2519
claim accompanied by an affidavit of noninvolvement. The	2520
defendant shall notify all parties in writing of the filing of	2521
the motion. Prior to ruling on the motion, the court shall allow	2522
the parties not less than thirty days from the date that the	2523
parties were served with the notice to respond to the motion.	2524
(2) An affidavit of noninvolvement shall set forth, with	2525
particularity, the facts that demonstrate that the defendant was	2526
misidentified or otherwise not involved individually or through	2527
the action of the defendant's agents or employees in the care	2528
and treatment of the plaintiff, was not obligated individually	2529
or through the defendant's agents or employees to provide for	2530
the care and treatment of the plaintiff, and could not have	2531
caused the alleged malpractice individually or through the	2532
defendant's agents or employees in any way.	2533

(B)(1) The parties shall have the right to challenge the	2534
affidavit of noninvolvement by filing a motion and submitting an	2535
affidavit with the court that contradicts the assertions of	2536
noninvolvement made in the defendant's affidavit of	2537
noninvolvement.	2538
(2) If the affidavit of noninvolvement is challenged, any	2539
party may request an oral hearing on the motion for dismissal.	2540
If requested, the court shall hold a hearing to determine if the	2541
defendant was involved, directly or indirectly, in the care and	2542
treatment of the plaintiff, or was obligated, directly or	2543
indirectly, for the care and treatment of the plaintiff.	2544
(3) The court shall consider all evidence submitted by the	2545
parties and the parties' arguments and may dismiss the civil	2546
action based upon the defendant's lack of involvement in the	2547
elements of the plaintiff's medical claim. The court shall rule	2548
on all challenges to the affidavit of noninvolvement within	2549
seventy-five days after the filing of the affidavit of	2550
noninvolvement.	2551
(4) A court's dismissal of a claim against a defendant	2552
pursuant to this section shall be deemed otherwise than upon the	2553
merits and without prejudice pursuant to Civil Rule 41.	2554
(C) If the court determines that a health care provider	2555
named as a defendant has falsely filed or made false or	2556
inaccurate statements in an affidavit of noninvolvement, the	2557
court, upon a motion or upon its own initiative, shall	2558
immediately reinstate the claim against that defendant, if	2559
previously dismissed. Reinstatement of a party pursuant to this	2560
division shall not be barred by any statute of limitations	2561
defense that was not valid at the time the original affidavit	2562
was filed.	2563

(D) In any action in which the defendant is found by the	2564
court to have knowingly filed a false or inaccurate affidavit of	2565
noninvolvement, the court shall impose upon the person who	2566
signed the affidavit or represented the defendant, or both, an	2567
appropriate sanction, including, but not limited to, an order to	2568
pay to other parties to the claim the amount of the reasonable	2569
expenses that the parties incurred as a result of the filing of	2570
the false or inaccurate affidavit, including reasonable	2571
attorney's fees.	2572
(E) In any action in which the court determines that a	2573
party falsely objected to a defendant's affidavit of	2574
noninvolvement, or knowingly provided an inaccurate statement	2575
regarding a defendant's affidavit, the court shall impose upon	2576
the party or the party's counsel, or both, an appropriate	2577
sanction, including, but not limited to, an order to pay to the	2578
other parties to the claim the amount of the reasonable expenses	2579
that the parties incurred as a result of the submission of the	2580
false objection or inaccurate statement, including reasonable	2581
attorney's fees.	2582
(F) This section shall apply only to a medical claim in	2583
which either of the following applies:	2584
(1) A claimant alleges that the health care provider	2585
against whom the claim is brought intentionally caused, as	2586
defined in section 3965.02 of the Revised Code, the injury to or	2587
death of the claimant or the individual upon whose behalf the	2588
claimant brought the claim.	2589
(2) The health care provider against whom the claim is	2590
brought was not in compliance with division (A) of section	2591
3965.02 of the Revised Code at the time the claim accrued.	2592

(G) As used in this section:	2593
(1) "Health care provider" has the same meaning as in	2594
division (B)(5) of section 2317.02 of the Revised Code.	2595
(2) "Medical claim" means any claim that is asserted in	2596
any civil action against a health care provider and that arises	2597
out of the medical diagnosis, care, or treatment of any person.	2598
"Medical claim" includes derivative claims for relief.	2599
Sec. 2323.55. (A) As used in this section:	2600
(1) "Economic loss" means any of the following types of	2601
pecuniary harm:	2602
(a) All wages, salaries, or other compensation lost as a	2603
result of an injury, death, or loss to person or property that	2604
is a subject of a civil action upon a medical, dental,	2605
optometric, or chiropractic claim;	2606
(b) All expenditures for medical care or treatment,	2607
rehabilitation services, or other care, treatment, services,	2608
products, or accommodations as a result of an injury, death, or	2609
loss to person or property that is a subject of a civil action	2610
upon a medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic claim;	2611
(c) Any other expenditures incurred as a result of an	2612
injury, death, or loss to person or property that is a subject	2613
of a civil action upon a medical, dental, optometric, or	2614
chiropractic claim, other than attorney's fees incurred in	2615
connection with that action.	2616
(2) "Future damages" means any damages that result from an	2617
injury, death, or loss to person or property that is a subject	2618
of a civil action upon a medical, dental, optometric, or	2619
chiropractic claim and that will accrue after the verdict or	2620

determination of liability is rendered in that action by the	2621
trier of fact. "Future damages" includes both economic and	2622
noneconomic loss.	2623
(3) "Medical claim," "dental claim," "optometric claim,"	2624
and "chiropractic claim" have the same meanings as in section	2625
2305.113 of the Revised Code.	2626
(4) "Noneconomic loss" means nonpecuniary harm that	2627
results from an injury, death, or loss to person or property	2628
that is a subject of a civil action upon a medical, dental,	2629
optometric, or chiropractic claim, including, but not limited	2630
to, pain and suffering, loss of society, consortium,	2631
companionship, care, assistance, attention, protection, advice,	2632
guidance, counsel, instruction, training, or education,	2633
disfigurement, mental anguish, and any other intangible loss.	2634
(5) "Past damages" means any damages that result from an	2635
injury, death, or loss to person or property that is a subject	2636
of a civil action upon a medical, dental, optometric, or	2637
chiropractic claim and that have accrued by the time that the	2638
verdict or determination of liability is rendered in that action	2639
by the trier of fact. "Past damages" include both economic loss	2640
and noneconomic loss.	2641
(6) "Trier of fact" means the jury or, in a nonjury	2642
action, the court.	2643
(B) In any civil action upon a medical, dental,	2644
optometric, or chiropractic claim in which a plaintiff makes a	2645
good faith claim against the defendant for future damages that	2646
exceed fifty thousand dollars, upon motion of that plaintiff or	2647
the defendant, the trier of fact shall return a general verdict	2648
and, if that verdict is in favor of that plaintiff, answers to	2649

interrogatories or findings of fact that specify both of the	2650
following:	2651
(1) The past damages recoverable by that plaintiff;	2652
(2) The future damages recoverable by that plaintiff.	2653
(C) If answers to interrogatories are returned or findings	2654
of fact are made pursuant to division (B) of this section and if	2655
the future damages recoverable by that plaintiff exceeds fifty	2656
thousand dollars, the plaintiff or defendant may file a motion	2657
with the court that seeks a determination under division (D) of	2658
this section. The plaintiff or defendant shall file the motion	2659
at any time after the verdict or determination in favor of the	2660
plaintiff is rendered by the trier of fact but prior to the	2661
entry of judgment in accordance with Civil Rule 58.	2662
(D)(1) Upon the filing of a motion pursuant to division	2663
(C) of this section and prior to the entry of judgment in	2664
accordance with Civil Rule 58, the court shall do all of the	2665
following:	2666
(a) Set a date for a hearing to address whether all or any	2667
part of the future damages recoverable by the plaintiff shall be	2668
received by the plaintiff in a series of periodic payments	2669
rather than in a lump sum;	2670
(b) Give notice of the date of the hearing described in	2671
division (D)(1)(a) of this section to the parties involved and	2672
their counsel of record;	2673
(c) Conduct the hearing described in division (D)(1)(a) of	2674
this section, allow the parties involved to present any relevant	2675
evidence at the hearing, consider the factors described in	2676
division (D)(2) of this section in making its determination, and	2677
make its determination in accordance with division (D)(3) of	2678

this section.	2679
(2) In determining whether all or any part of the future	2680
damages recoverable by the plaintiff shall be received by the	2681
plaintiff in a series of periodic payments rather than in a lump	2682
sum, the court shall consider all of the following factors:	2683
(a) The purposes for which those portions of the future	2684
damages were awarded to that plaintiff;	2685
(b) The business or occupational experience of that	2686
plaintiff;	2687
(c) The age of that plaintiff;	2688
(d) The physical and mental condition of that plaintiff;	2689
(e) Whether that plaintiff or the parent, guardian, or	2690
custodian of that plaintiff is able to competently manage the	2691
future damages;	2692
(f) Any other circumstance that relates to whether the	2693
injury sustained by that plaintiff would be better compensated	2694
by the payment of the future damages in a lump sum or by their	2695
receipt in a series of periodic payments.	2696
(3) After the hearing described in division (D)(1) of this	2697
section and prior to the entry of judgment in accordance with	2698
Civil Rule 58, the court shall determine, in its discretion,	2699
whether all or any part of the future damages recoverable by the	2700
plaintiff shall be received by the plaintiff in a series of	2701
periodic payments rather than in a lump sum. If the court	2702
determines that a plaintiff shall receive the future damages	2703
recoverable by the plaintiff in a series of periodic payments,	2704
it may order the payments only as to the amount of the future	2705
damages recoverable by the plaintiff that exceeds fifty thousand	2706

dollars. If the court determines that the plaintiff shall	2707
receive the future damages recoverable by the plaintiff in a	2708
lump sum, the future damages shall be paid in a lump sum.	2709
(E) If the court determines pursuant to division (D) of	2710
this section that a plaintiff shall receive the future damages	2711
recoverable by the plaintiff in a series of periodic payments,	2712
both of the following apply:	2713
(1) Within twenty days after the court makes that	2714
determination, the plaintiff shall submit a periodic payments	2715
plan to the court. The plan may include, but is not limited to,	2716
a provision for a trust or an annuity and may be submitted by	2717
that plaintiff alone or by that plaintiff and the defendant.	2718
(2) Within twenty days after the court makes that	2719
determination, the defendant may submit to the court, alone or	2720
jointly with the plaintiff, a periodic payments plan. If the	2721
defendant submits a periodic payments plan, the plan may	2722
include, but is not limited to, a provision for a trust or an	2723
annuity.	2724
(F)(1) If the defendant and plaintiff do not jointly	2725
submit a periodic payments plan and if the defendant does not	2726
separately submit a periodic payments plan, then, within ten	2727
days after that plaintiff submits a plan, the defendant may	2728
submit to the court written comments relative to the periodic	2729
payments plan of the plaintiff.	2730
(2) If the defendant and plaintiff do not jointly submit a	2731
periodic payments plan and if the defendant separately submits a	2732
periodic payments plan, then, within ten days after the	2733
defendant submits the plan, the plaintiff may submit to the	2734
court written comments relative to the periodic payments plan of	2735

the defendant.	2736
(G)(1) The court, in its discretion, may modify, approve,	2737
or reject any submitted periodic payments plan. In approving any	2738
periodic payments plan, the court shall require interest on the	2739
judgment in question in accordance with section 1343.03 of the	2740
Revised Code. Additionally, in approving any periodic payments	2741
plan, the court is not required to ensure that payments under	2742
the periodic payments plan are equal in amount or that the total	2743
amount paid each year under the periodic payments plan is equal	2744
in amount to the total amount paid in other years under the	2745
plan; rather, a periodic payments plan may provide for payments	2746
to be made in irregular or varied amounts, or to be graduated	2747
upward or downward in amount over the duration of the periodic	2748
payments plan.	2749
(2) The court shall include in any approved periodic	2750
payments plan adequate security to insure that the plaintiff	2751
will receive all of the periodic payments under that plan. If	2752
the approved periodic payments plan includes a provision for an	2753
annuity as the adequate security or otherwise, the defendant	2754
shall purchase the annuity from either of the following types of	2755
insurance companies:	2756
(a) An insurance company that the A.M. Best Company, in	2757
its most recently published rating guide of life insurance	2758
companies, has rated A or better and has rated XII or higher as	2759
to financial size or strength;	2760
(b) An insurance company that the superintendent of	2761
insurance, under rules adopted pursuant to Chapter 119. of the	2762
Revised Code for purposes of implementing this division,	2763
determines is licensed to do business in this state and,	2764
considering the factors described in this division, is a stable	2765

insurance company that issues annuities that are safe and	2766
desirable. In making determinations as described in this	2767
division, the superintendent shall be guided by the principle	2768
that annuities should be safe and desirable for plaintiffs who	2769
are awarded damages. In making those determinations, the	2770
superintendent shall consider the financial condition, general	2771
standing, operating results, profitability, leverage, liquidity,	2772
amount and soundness of reinsurance, adequacy of reserves, and	2773
the management of any insurance company in question and also may	2774
consider ratings, grades, and classifications of any nationally	2775
recognized rating services of insurance companies and any other	2776
factors relevant to the making of such determinations.	2777

- (3) If a periodic payments plan provides for periodic 2778 payments over a period of five years or more to the plaintiff, 2779 the court, in its discretion, may include in the approved 2780 periodic payments plan a provision in which it reserves to 2781 itself continuing jurisdiction over that plan, including 2782 jurisdiction to review and modify that plan. 2783
- (4) The court shall specify in the entry of judgment in 2784 the tort action the determination made pursuant to division (D) 2785 of this section and, if applicable, the terms of any approved 2786 periodic payments plan. 2787

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- (H) After a periodic payments plan is approved, the future damages that are to be received in periodic payments shall be paid in accordance with the plan, including, if applicable, payment over to a trust or annuity provided for in the plan.
- (I) If a court orders a series of periodic payments of 2792 future damages in accordance with this section and the plaintiff 2793 dies prior to the receipt of all of the future damages, the 2794 liability for the unpaid portion of those damages that is not 2795

yet due at the time of the death of that plaintiff shall	2796
continue, but the payments shall be paid to the heirs of that	2797
plaintiff as scheduled in and otherwise in accordance with the	2798
approved periodic payments plan or, if the plan does not contain	2799
a relevant provision, as the court shall order.	2800
(J)(1) Nothing in this section precludes a plaintiff and a	2801
defendant from mutually agreeing to a settlement of the action.	2802
(2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, nothing	2803
in this section increases the time for filing any motion or	2804
notice of appeal or taking any other action relative to a civil	2805
action upon a medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic	2806
claim, alters the amount of any verdict or determination of	2807
damages by the trier of fact in a civil action upon a medical,	2808
dental, optometric, or chiropractic claim, or alters the	2809
liability of any party to pay or satisfy the verdict or	2810
determination.	2811
(K) This section does not apply to tort actions that are	2812
brought against political subdivisions of this state and that	2813
are commenced under or are subject to Chapter 2744. of the	2814
Revised Code or to tort actions brought against the state in the	2815
court of claims. This section shall apply only to a medical,	2816
dental, optometric, or chiropractic claim in which either of the	2817
<pre>following applies:</pre>	2818
(1) A claimant alleges that the individual or entity	2819
against whom the claim is brought intentionally caused, as	2820
defined in section 3965.02 of the Revised Code, the injury to or	2821
death of the claimant or the individual upon whose behalf the	2822
claimant brought the claim.	2823
(2) The individual or entity against whom the claim is	2824

brought was not in compliance with division (A) of section	2825
3965.02 of the Revised Code at the time the claim accrued.	2826
Sec. 2711.21. (A) This section shall apply only to a	2827
medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic claim in which	2828
<pre>either of the following applies:</pre>	2829
(1) A plaintiff alleges that the individual or entity	2830
against whom the claim is brought intentionally caused, as	2831
defined in section 3965.02 of the Revised Code, the injury to or	2832
death of the plaintiff or the individual upon whose behalf the	2833
claimant brought the claim.	2834
(2) The individual or entity against whom the claim is	2835
brought was not in compliance with division (A) of section	2836
3965.02 of the Revised Code at the time the claim accrued.	2837
(B) Upon the filing of any medical, dental, optometric, or	2838
chiropractic claim as defined in section 2305.113 of the Revised	2839
Code, if all of the parties to the medical, dental, optometric,	2840
or chiropractic claim agree to submit it to nonbinding	2841
arbitration, the controversy shall be submitted to an	2842
arbitration board consisting of three arbitrators to be named by	2843
the court. The arbitration board shall consist of one person	2844
designated by the plaintiff or plaintiffs, one person designated	2845
by the defendant or defendants, and a person designated by the	2846
court. The person designated by the court shall serve as the	2847
chairperson of the board. Each member of the board shall receive	2848
a reasonable compensation based on the extent and duration of	2849
actual service rendered, and shall be paid in equal proportions	2850
by the parties in interest. In a claim accompanied by a poverty	2851
affidavit, the cost of the arbitration shall be borne by the	2852
court.	2853

$\frac{B}{C}$ The arbitration proceedings shall be conducted in	2854
accordance with sections 2711.06 to 2711.16 of the Revised Code	2855
insofar as they are applicable. Such proceedings shall be	2856
conducted in the county in which the trial is to be held.	2857
$\frac{(C)}{(D)}$ If the decision of the arbitration board is not	2858
accepted by all parties to the medical, dental, optometric, or	2859
chiropractic claim, the claim shall proceed as if it had not	2860
been submitted to nonbinding arbitration pursuant to this	2861
section. The decision of the arbitration board and any	2862
dissenting opinion written by any board member are not	2863
admissible into evidence at the trial.	2864
$\frac{(D)-(E)}{(E)}$ Nothing in this section shall be construed to	2865
limit the right of any person to enter into an agreement to	2866
submit a controversy underlying a medical, dental, optometric,	2867
or chiropractic claim to binding arbitration.	2868
or entropractic craim to binding arbitration.	2000
Sec. 2711.22. (A) Except as otherwise provided in this	2869
section, a written contract between a patient and a hospital or	2870
healthcare provider to settle by binding arbitration any dispute	2871
or controversy arising out of the diagnosis, treatment, or care	2872
of the patient rendered by a hospital or healthcare provider,	2873
that is entered into prior to the diagnosis, treatment, or care	2874
of the patient is valid, irrevocable, and enforceable once if	2875
the contract is signed by all parties and specifically	2876
references the patient's ability to file a claim under Chapters	2877
3965. and 3967. of the Revised Code. The contract remains valid,	2878
irrevocable, and enforceable until or unless the patient or the	2879
patient's legal representative rescinds the contract by written	2880
notice within thirty days of the signing of the contract. A	2881
quardian or other legal representative of the patient may give	2882

written notice of the rescission of the contract if the patient 2883

is incapacitated or a minor. No contract described in this	2884
division shall limit a patient's ability to file a claim under	2885
Chapters 3965. and 3967. of the Revised Code.	2886
(B) As used in this section and in sections 2711.23 and	2887
2711.24 of the Revised Code:	2888
(1) "Healthcare provider" means a physician, podiatrist,	2889
dentist, licensed practical nurse, registered nurse, advanced	2890
practice registered nurse, chiropractor, optometrist, physician	2891
assistant, emergency medical technician-basic, emergency medical	2892
technician-intermediate, emergency medical technician-paramedic,	2893
or physical therapist.	2894
(2) "Hospital," "physician," "podiatrist," "dentist,"	2895
"licensed practical nurse," "registered nurse," "advanced	2896
practice registered nurse," "chiropractor," "optometrist,"	2897
"physician assistant," "emergency medical technician-basic,"	2898
"emergency medical technician-intermediate," "emergency medical	2899
technician-paramedic," "physical therapist," "medical claim,"	2900
"dental claim," "optometric claim," and "chiropractic claim"	2901
have the same meanings as in section 2305.113 of the Revised	2902
Code.	2903
Sec. 2711.23. To be valid and enforceable any arbitration	2904
agreements pursuant to sections 2711.01 and 2711.22 of the	2905
Revised Code for controversies involving a medical, dental,	2906
chiropractic, or optometric claim that is entered into prior to	2907
a patient receiving any care, diagnosis, or treatment shall	2908
include or be subject to the following conditions:	2909
(A) The agreement shall provide that the care, diagnosis,	2910
or treatment will be provided whether or not the patient signs	2911
the agreement to arbitrate;	2912

(B) The agreement shall provide that the patient, or the	2913
patient's spouse, or the personal representative of the	2914
patient's estate in the event of the patient's death or	2915
incapacity, shall have a right to withdraw the patient's consent	2916
to arbitrate the patient's claim by notifying the healthcare	2917
provider or hospital in writing within thirty days after the	2918
patient's signing of the agreement. Nothing in this division	2919
shall be construed to mean that the spouse of a competent	2920
patient can withdraw over the objection of the patient the	2921
consent of the patient to arbitrate;	2922
	2022
(C) The agreement shall provide that the decision whether	2923
or not to sign the agreement is solely a matter for the	2924
patient's determination without any influence;	2925
(D) The agreement shall, if appropriate, provide that its	2926
terms constitute a waiver of any right to a trial in court, or a	2927
waiver of any right to a trial by jury;	2928
(E) The agreement shall provide that the arbitration	2929
expenses shall be divided equally between the parties to the	2930
agreement;	2931
(F) Any arbitration panel shall consist of three persons,	2932
no more than one of whom shall be a physician or the	2933
representative of a hospital;	2934
(G) The arbitration agreement shall be separate from any	2935
other agreement, consent, or document;	2936
(H) The agreement shall not be submitted to a patient for	2937
approval when the patient's condition prevents the patient from	2938
making a rational decision whether or not to agree;	2939
(I) Filing of a medical, dental, chiropractic, or	2940
optometric claim within the thirty days provided for withdrawal	2941

of a patient from the arbitration agreement shall be deemed a	2942
withdrawal from the agreement;	2943
(J) The agreement shall contain a separately stated notice	2944
that clearly informs the patient of the patient's rights under	2945
division (B) of this section:	2946
(K) The agreement shall specify that the patient has a	2947
right to bring a claim under Chapters 3965. and 3967. of the	2948
Revised Code.	2949
Sec. 2711.24. To the extent it is in ten-point type and is	2950
executed in the following form, an arbitration agreement of the	2951
type stated in section 2711.23 of the Revised Code shall be	2952
presumed valid and enforceable in the absence of proof by a	2953
preponderance of the evidence that the execution of the	2954
agreement was induced by fraud, that the patient executed the	2955
agreement as a direct result of the willful or negligent	2956
disregard by the healthcare provider of the patient's right not	2957
to so execute, or that the patient executing the agreement was	2958
not able to communicate effectively in spoken and written	2959
English or any other language in which the agreement is written:	2960
"AGREEMENT TO RESOLVE FUTURE MALPRACTICE	2961
CLAIM BY BINDING ARBITRATION	2962
In the event of any dispute or controversy arising out of	2963
the diagnosis, treatment, or care of the patient by the	2964
healthcare provider, the dispute or controversy shall be	2965
submitted to binding arbitration.	2966
Within fifteen days after a party to this agreement has	2967
given written notice to the other of demand for arbitration of	2968
said dispute or controversy, the parties to the dispute or	2969
controversy shall each appoint an arbitrator and give notice of	2970

such appointment to the other. Within a reasonable time after	2971
such notices have been given the two arbitrators so selected	2972
shall select a neutral arbitrator and give notice of the	2973
selection thereof to the parties. The arbitrators shall hold a	2974
hearing within a reasonable time from the date of notice of	2975
selection of the neutral arbitrator.	2976
Expenses of the arbitration shall be shared equally by the	2977
parties to this agreement.	2978
The patient, by signing this agreement, also acknowledges	2979
that the patient has been informed that:	2980
(1) Care, diagnosis, or treatment will be provided whether	2981
or not the patient signs the agreement to arbitrate;	2982
(2) The agreement may not even be submitted to a patient	2983
for approval when the patient's condition prevents the patient	2984
from making a rational decision whether or not to agree;	2985
(3) The decision whether or not to sign the agreement is	2986
solely a matter for the patient's determination without any	2987
influence;	2988
(4) The agreement waives the patient's right to a trial in	2989
court for any future malpractice claim the patient may have	2990
against the healthcare provider;	2991
(5) The patient must be furnished with two copies of this	2992
agreement.	2993
PATIENT'S RIGHT TO CANCEL	2994
AGREEMENT TO ARBITRATE	2995
The patient, or the patient's spouse or the personal	2996
representative of the patient's estate in the event of the	2997

patient's death or incapacity, has the right to cancel this	2998
agreement to arbitrate by notifying the healthcare provider in	2999
writing within thirty days after the patient's signing of the	3000
agreement. The patient, or the patient's spouse or	3001
representative, as appropriate, may cancel this agreement by	3002
merely writing "cancelled" on the face of one of the patient's	3003
copies of the agreement, signing the patient's name under such	3004
word, and mailing, by certified mail, return receipt requested,	3005
the copy to the healthcare provider within the thirty-day	3006
period.	3007
Filing of a medical claim in a court within the thirty	3008
days provided for cancellation of the arbitration agreement by	3009
the patient will cancel the agreement without any further action	3010
by the patient. <u>However, a patient retains the right to file a</u>	3011
claim with the Medical Injury Compensation Center.	3012
Date:	3013
	3014
Signature of Provider of Medical Services	3015
	3016
Signature of Patient"	3017
Sec. 2743.02. (A)(1) The state hereby waives its immunity	3018
from liability, except as provided for the office of the state	3019
fire marshal in division (G)(1) of section 9.60 and division (B)	3020
of section 3737.221 of the Revised Code and subject to division	3021
(H) of this section, and consents to be sued, and have its	3022
liability determined, in the court of claims created in this	3023
chapter in accordance with the same rules of law applicable to	3024
suits between private parties, except that the determination of	3025
liability is subject to the limitations set forth in this	3026

chapter and, in the case of state universities or colleges, in	3027
section 3345.40 of the Revised Code, and except as provided in	3028
division (A)(2) or (3) of this section. To the extent that the	3029
state has previously consented to be sued, this chapter has no	3030
applicability.	3031
Except in the case of a civil action filed by the state,	3032
filing a civil action in the court of claims results in a	3033
complete waiver of any cause of action, based on the same act or	3034
omission, that the filing party has against any officer or	3035
employee, as defined in section 109.36 of the Revised Code. The	3036
waiver shall be void if the court determines that the act or	3037
omission was manifestly outside the scope of the officer's or	3038
employee's office or employment or that the officer or employee	3039
acted with malicious purpose, in bad faith, or in a wanton or	3040
reckless manner.	3041
reckless manner. (2) If a claimant proves in the court of claims that an	3041
(2) If a claimant proves in the court of claims that an	3042
(2) If a claimant proves in the court of claims that an officer or employee, as defined in section 109.36 of the Revised	3042 3043
(2) If a claimant proves in the court of claims that an officer or employee, as defined in section 109.36 of the Revised Code, would have personal liability for the officer's or	3042 3043 3044
(2) If a claimant proves in the court of claims that an officer or employee, as defined in section 109.36 of the Revised Code, would have personal liability for the officer's or employee's acts or omissions but for the fact that the officer	3042 3043 3044 3045
(2) If a claimant proves in the court of claims that an officer or employee, as defined in section 109.36 of the Revised Code, would have personal liability for the officer's or employee's acts or omissions but for the fact that the officer or employee has personal immunity under section 9.86 of the	3042 3043 3044 3045 3046
(2) If a claimant proves in the court of claims that an officer or employee, as defined in section 109.36 of the Revised Code, would have personal liability for the officer's or employee's acts or omissions but for the fact that the officer or employee has personal immunity under section 9.86 of the Revised Code, the state shall be held liable in the court of	3042 3043 3044 3045 3046 3047
(2) If a claimant proves in the court of claims that an officer or employee, as defined in section 109.36 of the Revised Code, would have personal liability for the officer's or employee's acts or omissions but for the fact that the officer or employee has personal immunity under section 9.86 of the Revised Code, the state shall be held liable in the court of claims in any action that is timely filed pursuant to section	3042 3043 3044 3045 3046 3047 3048
(2) If a claimant proves in the court of claims that an officer or employee, as defined in section 109.36 of the Revised Code, would have personal liability for the officer's or employee's acts or omissions but for the fact that the officer or employee has personal immunity under section 9.86 of the Revised Code, the state shall be held liable in the court of claims in any action that is timely filed pursuant to section 2743.16 of the Revised Code and that is based upon the acts or	3042 3043 3044 3045 3046 3047 3048 3049
(2) If a claimant proves in the court of claims that an officer or employee, as defined in section 109.36 of the Revised Code, would have personal liability for the officer's or employee's acts or omissions but for the fact that the officer or employee has personal immunity under section 9.86 of the Revised Code, the state shall be held liable in the court of claims in any action that is timely filed pursuant to section 2743.16 of the Revised Code and that is based upon the acts or omissions.	3042 3043 3044 3045 3046 3047 3048 3049 3050
(2) If a claimant proves in the court of claims that an officer or employee, as defined in section 109.36 of the Revised Code, would have personal liability for the officer's or employee's acts or omissions but for the fact that the officer or employee has personal immunity under section 9.86 of the Revised Code, the state shall be held liable in the court of claims in any action that is timely filed pursuant to section 2743.16 of the Revised Code and that is based upon the acts or omissions. (3) (a) Except as provided in division (A) (3) (b) of this	3042 3043 3044 3045 3046 3047 3048 3049 3050
(2) If a claimant proves in the court of claims that an officer or employee, as defined in section 109.36 of the Revised Code, would have personal liability for the officer's or employee's acts or omissions but for the fact that the officer or employee has personal immunity under section 9.86 of the Revised Code, the state shall be held liable in the court of claims in any action that is timely filed pursuant to section 2743.16 of the Revised Code and that is based upon the acts or omissions. (3) (a) Except as provided in division (A) (3) (b) of this section, the state is immune from liability in any civil action	3042 3043 3044 3045 3046 3047 3048 3049 3050 3051 3052

public duty that is owed by the state in relation to any action

of an individual who is committed to the custody of the state.

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(b) The state immunity provided in division (A)(3)(a) of	3057
this section does not apply to any action of the state under	3058
circumstances in which a special relationship can be established	3059
between the state and an injured party. A special relationship	3060
under this division is demonstrated if all of the following	3061
elements exist:	3062
(i) An assumption by the state, by means of promises or	3063
actions, of an affirmative duty to act on behalf of the party	3064
who was allegedly injured;	3065
(ii) Knowledge on the part of the state's agents that	3066
inaction of the state could lead to harm;	3067
(iii) Come form of disease contact between the state.	2060
(iii) Some form of direct contact between the state's	3068
agents and the injured party;	3069
(iv) The injured party's justifiable reliance on the	3070
state's affirmative undertaking.	3071
(B) The state hereby waives the immunity from liability of	3072
all hospitals owned or operated by one or more political	3073
subdivisions and consents for them to be sued, and to have their	3074
liability determined, in the court of common pleas, in	3075
accordance with the same rules of law applicable to suits	3076
between private parties, subject to the limitations set forth in	3077
this chapter. This division is also applicable to hospitals	3078
owned or operated by political subdivisions that have been	3079
determined by the supreme court to be subject to suit prior to	3080
July 28, 1975.	3081
(C) Any hospital, as defined in section 2305.113 of the	3082
Revised Code, may purchase liability insurance covering its	3083
operations and activities and its agents, employees, nurses,	3084
interns, residents, staff, and members of the governing board	3085

and committees, and, whether or not such insurance is purchased,	3086
may, to the extent that its governing board considers	3087
appropriate, indemnify or agree to indemnify and hold harmless	3088
any such person against expense, including attorney's fees,	3089
damage, loss, or other liability arising out of, or claimed to	3090
have arisen out of, the death, disease, or injury of any person	3091
as a result of the negligence, malpractice, or other action or	3092
inaction of the indemnified person while acting within the scope	3093
of the indemnified person's duties or engaged in activities at	3094
the request or direction, or for the benefit, of the hospital. $\underline{\mathtt{A}}$	3095
hospital may obtain this insurance to cover claims filed under	3096
Chapters 3965. and 3967. of the Revised Code. Any hospital	3097
electing to indemnify those persons, or to agree to so	3098
indemnify, shall reserve any funds that are necessary, in the	3099
exercise of sound and prudent actuarial judgment, to cover the	3100
potential expense, fees, damage, loss, or other liability. The	3101
superintendent of insurance may recommend, or, if the hospital	3102
requests the superintendent to do so, the superintendent shall	3103
recommend, a specific amount for any period that, in the	3104
superintendent's opinion, represents such a judgment. This	3105
authority is in addition to any authorization otherwise provided	3106
or permitted by law.	3107
(D) Recoveries against the state shall be reduced by the	3108

- (D) Recoveries against the state shall be reduced by the 3108 aggregate of insurance proceeds, disability award, or other 3109 collateral recovery received by the claimant. This division does 3110 not apply to civil actions in the court of claims against a 3111 state university or college under the circumstances described in 3112 section 3345.40 of the Revised Code. The collateral benefits 3113 provisions of division (B)(2) of that section apply under those 3114 circumstances.
 - (E) The only defendant in original actions in the court of

claims is the state. The state may file a third-party complaint	3117
or counterclaim in any civil action, except a civil action for	3118
ten thousand dollars or less, that is filed in the court of	3119
claims.	3120
(F) A civil action against an officer or employee, as	3121
defined in section 109.36 of the Revised Code, that alleges that	3122
the officer's or employee's conduct was manifestly outside the	3123
scope of the officer's or employee's employment or official	3124
responsibilities, or that the officer or employee acted with	3125
malicious purpose, in bad faith, or in a wanton or reckless	3126
manner shall first be filed against the state in the court of	3127
claims that has exclusive, original jurisdiction to determine,	3128
initially, whether the officer or employee is entitled to	3129
personal immunity under section 9.86 of the Revised Code and	3130
whether the courts of common pleas have jurisdiction over the	3131
civil action. The officer or employee may participate in the	3132
immunity determination proceeding before the court of claims to	3133
determine whether the officer or employee is entitled to	3134
personal immunity under section 9.86 of the Revised Code.	3135
The filing of a claim against an officer or employee under	3136
this division tolls the running of the applicable statute of	3137
limitations until the court of claims determines whether the	3138
officer or employee is entitled to personal immunity under	3139

(G) If a claim lies against an officer or employee who is

a member of the Ohio national guard, and the officer or employee

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was, at the time of the act or omission complained of, subject

to the "Federal Tort Claims Act," 60 Stat. 842 (1946), 28 U.S.C.

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2671, et seq., the Federal Tort Claims Act is the exclusive

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remedy of the claimant and the state has no liability under this

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3140

section 9.86 of the Revised Code.

section.	3147
(H) If an inmate of a state correctional institution has a	3148
claim against the state for the loss of or damage to property	3149
and the amount claimed does not exceed three hundred dollars,	3150
before commencing an action against the state in the court of	3151
claims, the inmate shall file a claim for the loss or damage	3152
under the rules adopted by the director of rehabilitation and	3153
correction pursuant to this division. The inmate shall file the	3154
claim within the time allowed for commencement of a civil action	3155
under section 2743.16 of the Revised Code. If the state admits	3156
or compromises the claim, the director shall make payment from a	3157
fund designated by the director for that purpose. If the state	3158
denies the claim or does not compromise the claim at least sixty	3159
days prior to expiration of the time allowed for commencement of	3160
a civil action based upon the loss or damage under section	3161
2743.16 of the Revised Code, the inmate may commence an action	3162
in the court of claims under this chapter to recover damages for	3163
the loss or damage.	3164
The director of rehabilitation and correction shall adopt	3165
rules pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to implement	3166
this division.	3167
Sec. 2743.43. (A) No person shall be deemed competent to	3168
give expert testimony on the liability issues in a medical	3169
claim, as defined in section 2305.113 of the Revised Code,	3170
unless:	3171
(1) Such person is licensed to practice medicine and	3172
surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine	3173
and surgery by the state medical board or by the licensing	3174
authority of any state;	3175

(2) Such person devotes three-fourths of the person's	3176
professional time to the active clinical practice of medicine or	3177
surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine	3178
and surgery, or to its instruction in an accredited university;	3179
(3) The person practices in the same or a substantially	3180
similar specialty as the defendant. The court shall not permit	3181
an expert in one medical specialty to testify against a health	3182
care provider in another medical specialty unless the expert	3183
shows both that the standards of care and practice in the two	3184
specialties are similar and that the expert has substantial	3185
familiarity between the specialties.	3186
(4) If the person is certified in a specialty, the person	3187
must be certified by a board recognized by the American board of	3188
medical specialties or the American board of osteopathic	3189
specialties in a specialty having acknowledged expertise and	3190
training directly related to the particular health care matter	3191
at issue.	3192
(B) Nothing in division (A) of this section shall be	3193
construed to limit the power of the trial court to adjudge the	3194
testimony of any expert witness incompetent on any other ground.	3195
(C) Nothing in division (A) of this section shall be	3196
construed to limit the power of the trial court to allow the	3197
testimony of any other witness, on a matter unrelated to the	3198
liability issues in the medical claim, when that testimony is	3199
relevant to the medical claim involved.	3200
(D) This section shall apply only to a medical claim in	3201
which either of the following applies:	3202
(1) A plaintiff alleges that the individual or entity	3203
against whom the claim is brought intentionally caused, as	3204

defined in section 3965.02 of the Revised Code, the injury to or	3205
death of the plaintiff or the individual upon whose behalf the	3206
claimant brought the claim.	3207
(2) The individual or entity against whom the claim is	3208
brought was not in compliance with division (A) of section	3209
3965.02 of the Revised Code at the time the claim accrued.	3210
Sec. 2919.171. (A) A physician who performs or induces or	3211
attempts to perform or induce an abortion on a pregnant woman	3212
shall submit a report to the department of health in accordance	3213
with the forms, rules, and regulations adopted by the department	3214
that includes all of the information the physician is required	3215
to certify in writing or determine under sections 2919.17 and	3216
2919.18 of the Revised Code:	3217
(B) By September 30 of each year, the department of health	3218
shall issue a public report that provides statistics for the	3219
previous calendar year compiled from all of the reports covering	3220
that calendar year submitted to the department in accordance	3221
with this section for each of the items listed in division (A)	3222
of this section. The report shall also provide the statistics	3223
for each previous calendar year in which a report was filed with	3224
the department pursuant to this section, adjusted to reflect any	3225
additional information that a physician provides to the	3226
department in a late or corrected report. The department shall	3227
ensure that none of the information included in the report could	3228
reasonably lead to the identification of any pregnant woman upon	3229
whom an abortion is performed.	3230
(C)(1) The physician shall submit the report described in	3231
division (A) of this section to the department of health within	3232
fifteen days after the woman is discharged. If the physician	3233
fails to submit the report more than thirty days after that	3234

fifteen-day deadline, the physician shall be subject to a late	3235
fee of five hundred dollars for each additional thirty-day	3236
period or portion of a thirty-day period the report is overdue.	3237
A physician who is required to submit to the department of	3238
health a report under division (A) of this section and who has	3239
not submitted a report or has submitted an incomplete report	3240
more than one year following the fifteen-day deadline may, in an	3241
action brought by the department of health, be directed by a	3242
court of competent jurisdiction to submit a complete report to	3243
the department of health within a period of time stated in a	3244
court order or be subject to contempt of court.	3245
(2) If a physician fails to comply with the requirements	3246
of this section, other than filing a late report with the	3247
department of health, or fails to submit a complete report to	3248
the department of health in accordance with a court order, the	3249
physician is subject to division (B) $\frac{(41)}{(43)}$ of section 4731.22	3250
of the Revised Code.	3251
(3) No person shall falsify any report required under this	3252
section. Whoever violates this division is guilty of abortion	3253
report falsification, a misdemeanor of the first degree.	3254
(D) Within ninety days of the effective date of this	3255
section October 20, 2011, the department of health shall adopt	3256
rules pursuant to section 111.15 of the Revised Code to assist	3257
in compliance with this section.	3258
Sec. 3727.61. (A) As used in this section:	3259
(1) "Emergency department" means either of the following:	3260
(a) The area operated as an emergency department by a	3261
hospital subject to section 1867 of the "Social Security Act,"	3262
42 U.S.C. 1985dd, also known as the "Emergency Medical Treatment	3263

and Labor Act," and the corresponding federal regulations,	3264
including the requirements of 42 C.F.R. 489.24;	3265
(b) A facility operated as a freestanding emergency	3266
department.	3267
(2) "Federally-qualified health center" has the same	3268
meaning as in section 1905(1)(2)(B) of the "Social Security	3269
Act," 42 U.S.C. 1396d(1)(2)(B).	3270
(3) "Nonemergency medical condition" means a condition on	3271
the list established by the state medical board under section	3272
4731.74 of the Revised Code.	3273
(4) "Qualified staff member" means an individual who is	3274
determined by the operator of an emergency department through	3275
the operator's bylaws or rules and regulations to be qualified	3276
to conduct a medical screening examination, as described in 42	3277
C.F.R. 489.24(a)(1)(i).	3278
(B) Implementation of this section is subject to section	3279
5166.50 of the Revised Code.	3280
(C) Each operator of an emergency department shall do	3281
<pre>either of the following:</pre>	3282
(1) Designate a space within the operator's facility that	3283
is separate from the area operated as an emergency department,	3284
or that is adjacent to the operator's facility, where services	3285
may be provided twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week, to	3286
patients who have nonemergency medical conditions;	3287
(2) Authorize a federally-qualified health center to	3288
operate twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week, in a space	3289
within or adjacent to the operator's facility.	3290
(D)(1) Except as provided in division (D)(2) of this	3291

section, if medical treatment is sought for an individual at an	3292
<pre>emergency department, a qualified staff member shall request a</pre>	3293
description of the individual's symptoms before any treatment is	3294
provided to the individual. The description shall be requested	3295
from the individual, the individual's representative, or if the	3296
individual is a minor, the minor's parent, guardian, or other	3297
person responsible for the individual's care.	3298
If the individual, representative, or other person	3299
responsible for the individual's care reports that the	3300
individual has symptoms that are associated with a nonemergency	3301
medical condition, as specified by the state medical board under	3302
section 4731.73 of the Revised Code, the qualified staff member	3303
may refer the individual to receive services at the space within	3304
or adjacent to the facility that is described in division (C)(1)	3305
or (2) of this section. The decision to make the referral shall	3306
be based only on the description of the individual's symptoms	3307
given by the individual, representative, or other person	3308
responsible for the individual's care. The qualified staff	3309
member may assign another employee of the facility or a	3310
volunteer to escort the individual to the space and ensure that	3311
the individual is registered to be seen by a health care	3312
<pre>professional.</pre>	3313
(2) The request for a description of the individual's	3314
symptoms is not required if a qualified staff member determines	3315
<pre>either of the following:</pre>	3316
(a) That the individual is unable to respond and no other	3317
person responsible for the individual's care is present to	3318
<pre>provide the description;</pre>	3319
(b) That the individual's medical condition requires	3320
immediate emergency care.	3321

(E) There is a rebuttable presumption that a referral made	3322
under division (D)(1) of this section was not negligent.	3323
(F) Each operator of an emergency department shall	3324
implement this section in such a manner that an individual is	3325
not required to duplicate any application or other	3326
administrative procedures relative to the receipt of services	3327
when a referral is made under division (D)(1) of this section or	3328
when, subsequent to the referral, it is determined that the	3329
individual requires emergency medical care and must return to	3330
the area operated as an emergency department.	3331
(G) In addition to the provisions of section 5164.83 of	3332
the Revised Code relative to hospitals participating in the	3333
medicaid program, any health care services that are provided to	3334
an individual in an emergency department shall not be charged to	3335
any person or government entity as emergency services if, at the	3336
time the services are provided, the individual has a	3337
nonemergency medical condition. If health care services are	3338
provided in an emergency department for a nonemergency medical_	3339
condition, the amount that is charged for the services shall not	3340
exceed the usual and customary charge that would have been	3341
charged if the services were provided at a space within or	3342
adjacent to the facility, as described in division (C)(1) or (2)	3343
of this section.	3344
Sec. 3923.63. (A) Notwithstanding section 3901.71 of the	3345
Revised Code, each individual or group policy of sickness and	3346
accident insurance delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in	3347
this state that provides maternity benefits shall provide	3348
coverage of inpatient care and follow-up care for a mother and	3349
her newborn as follows:	3350
(1) The policy shall cover a minimum of forty-eight hours	3351

of inpatient care following a normal vaginal delivery and a	3352
minimum of ninety-six hours of inpatient care following a	3353
cesarean delivery. Services covered as inpatient care shall	3354
include medical, educational, and any other services that are	3355
consistent with the inpatient care recommended in the protocols	3356
and guidelines developed by national organizations that	3357
represent pediatric, obstetric, and nursing professionals.	3358

(2) The policy shall cover a physician-directed source of 3359 follow-up care. Services covered as follow-up care shall include 3360 physical assessment of the mother and newborn, parent education, 3361 assistance and training in breast or bottle feeding, assessment 3362 of the home support system, performance of any medically 3363 necessary and appropriate clinical tests, and any other services 3364 that are consistent with the follow-up care recommended in the 3365 protocols and guidelines developed by national organizations 3366 that represent pediatric, obstetric, and nursing professionals. 3367 The coverage shall apply to services provided in a medical 3368 setting or through home health care visits. The coverage shall 3369 apply to a home health care visit only if the health care 3370 professional who conducts the visit is knowledgeable and 3371 experienced in maternity and newborn care. 3372

When a decision is made in accordance with division (B) of 3373 this section to discharge a mother or newborn prior to the 3374 expiration of the applicable number of hours of inpatient care 3375 required to be covered, the coverage of follow-up care shall 3376 apply to all follow-up care that is provided within seventy-two 3377 hours after discharge. When a mother or newborn receives at 3378 least the number of hours of inpatient care required to be 3379 covered, the coverage of follow-up care shall apply to follow-up 3380 care that is determined to be medically necessary by the health 3381 care professionals responsible for discharging the mother or 3382

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newborn.	3383
(B) Any decision to shorten the length of inpatient stay	3384
to less than that specified under division (A)(1) of this	3385
section shall be made by the physician attending the mother or	3386
newborn, except that if a nurse-midwife is attending the mother	3387
in collaboration with a physician, the decision may be made by	3388
the nurse-midwife. Decisions regarding early discharge shall be	3389
made only after conferring with the mother or a person	3390
responsible for the mother or newborn. For purposes of this	3391
division, a person responsible for the mother or newborn may	3392
include a parent, guardian, or any other person with authority	3393
to make medical decisions for the mother or newborn.	3394
(C)(1) No sickness and accident insurer may do either of	3395
the following:	3396
(a) Terminate the participation of a health care	3397
professional or health care facility as a provider under a	3398
sickness and accident insurance policy solely for making	3399
recommendations for inpatient or follow-up care for a particular	3400
mother or newborn that are consistent with the care required to	3401
be covered by this section;	3402
(b) Establish or offer monetary or other financial	3403
incentives for the purpose of encouraging a person to decline	3404
the inpatient or follow-up care required to be covered by this	3405
section.	3406
(2) Whoever violates division (C)(1)(a) or (b) of this	3407
section has engaged in an unfair and deceptive act or practice	3408
in the business of insurance under sections 3901.19 to 3901.26	3409
of the Revised Code.	3410
(D) This section does not do any of the following:	3411

(1) Require a policy to cover inpatient or follow-up care	3412
that is not received in accordance with the policy's terms	3413
pertaining to the health care professionals and facilities from	3414
which an individual is authorized to receive health care	3415
services;	3416
(2) Require a mother or newborn to stay in a hospital or	3417
other inpatient setting for a fixed period of time following	3418
delivery;	3419
(3) Require a child to be delivered in a hospital or other	3420
inpatient setting;	3421
(4) Authorize a nurse-midwife to practice beyond the	3422
authority to practice nurse-midwifery in accordance with Chapter	3423
4723. of the Revised Code;	3424
(5) Establish minimum standards of medical diagnosis, care	3425
or treatment for inpatient or follow-up care for a mother or	3426
newborn. A deviation from the care required to be covered under	3427
this section shall not, solely on the basis of this section,	3428
give rise to a medical claim or derivative medical claim, as	3429
those terms are defined in section 2305.113 or 3965.01 of the	3430
Revised Code.	3431
Sec. 3923.64. (A) Notwithstanding section 3901.71 of the	3432
Revised Code, each public employee benefit plan established or	3433
modified in this state that provides maternity benefits shall	3434
provide coverage of inpatient care and follow-up care for a	3435
mother and her newborn as follows:	3436
(1) The plan shall cover a minimum of forty-eight hours of	3437
inpatient care following a normal vaginal delivery and a minimum	3438
of ninety-six hours of inpatient care following a cesarean	3439
delivery. Services covered as inpatient care shall include	3440

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medical, educational, and any other services that are consistent 3441 with the inpatient care recommended in the protocols and 3442 quidelines developed by national organizations that represent 3443 pediatric, obstetric, and nursing professionals. 3444 (2) The plan shall cover a physician-directed source of 3445 follow-up care. Services covered as follow-up care shall include 3446 physical assessment of the mother and newborn, parent education, 3447 assistance and training in breast or bottle feeding, assessment 3448 of the home support system, performance of any medically 3449 3450 necessary and appropriate clinical tests, and any other services that are consistent with the follow-up care recommended in the 3451 protocols and guidelines developed by national organizations 3452 that represent pediatric, obstetric, and nursing professionals. 3453 The coverage shall apply to services provided in a medical 3454 setting or through home health care visits. The coverage shall 3455 apply to a home health care visit only if the health care 3456 professional who conducts the visit is knowledgeable and 3457 experienced in maternity and newborn care. 3458 When a decision is made in accordance with division (B) of 3459 this section to discharge a mother or newborn prior to the 3460 expiration of the applicable number of hours of inpatient care 3461 required to be covered, the coverage of follow-up care shall 3462 apply to all follow-up care that is provided within seventy-two 3463 hours after discharge. When a mother or newborn receives at 3464 least the number of hours of inpatient care required to be 3465 covered, the coverage of follow-up care shall apply to follow-up 3466

(B) Any decision to shorten the length of inpatient stay 3470

care that is determined to be medically necessary by the health

care professionals responsible for discharging the mother or

newborn.

to less than that specified under division (A)(1) of this	3471
section shall be made by the physician attending the mother or	3472
newborn, except that if a nurse-midwife is attending the mother	3473
in collaboration with a physician, the decision may be made by	3474
the nurse-midwife. Decisions regarding early discharge shall be	3475
made only after conferring with the mother or a person	3476
responsible for the mother or newborn. For purposes of this	3477
division, a person responsible for the mother or newborn may	3478
include a parent, guardian, or any other person with authority	3479
to make medical decisions for the mother or newborn.	3480
(C)(1) No public employer who offers an employee benefit	3481
plan may do either of the following:	3482
(a) Terminate the participation of a health care	3483
professional or health care facility as a provider under the	3484
plan solely for making recommendations for inpatient or follow-	3485
up care for a particular mother or newborn that are consistent	3486
with the care required to be covered by this section;	3487
(b) Establish or offer monetary or other financial	3488
incentives for the purpose of encouraging a person to decline	3489
the inpatient or follow-up care required to be covered by this	3490
section.	3491
(2) Whoever violates division (C)(1)(a) or (b) of this	3492
section has engaged in an unfair and deceptive act or practice	3493
in the business of insurance under sections 3901.19 to 3901.26	3494
of the Revised Code.	3495
(D) This section does not do any of the following:	3496
(1) Require a plan to cover inpatient or follow-up care	3497
that is not received in accordance with the plan's terms	3498

pertaining to the health care professionals and facilities from

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which an individual is authorized to receive health care	3500
services;	3501
(2) Require a mother or newborn to stay in a hospital or	3502
other inpatient setting for a fixed period of time following	3503
delivery;	3504
(3) Require a child to be delivered in a hospital or other	3505
inpatient setting;	3506
(4) Authorize a nurse-midwife to practice beyond the	3507
authority to practice nurse-midwifery in accordance with Chapter	3508
4723. of the Revised Code;	3509
(5) Establish minimum standards of medical diagnosis,	3510
care, or treatment for inpatient or follow-up care for a mother	3511
or newborn. A deviation from the care required to be covered	3512
under this section shall not, solely on the basis of this	3513
section, give rise to a medical claim or derivative medical	3514
claim, as those terms are defined in section 2305.113 or 3965.01	3515
of the Revised Code.	3516
Sec. 3929.302. (A) The superintendent of insurance, by	3517
rule adopted in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised	3518
Code, shall require the medical injury compensation center and	3519
each authorized insurer, surplus lines insurer, risk retention	3520
group, self-insurer, captive insurer, the medical liability	3521
underwriting association if created under section 3929.63 of the	3522
Revised Code, and any other entity that provides medical	3523
malpractice insurance to risks located in this state, to report	3524
information to the department of insurance at least annually	3525
regarding any medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic claim	3526
asserted against a risk located in this state, if the claim	3527
resulted in any of the following results:	3528

(1) A final judgment in any amount;	3529
(2) A settlement in any amount;	3530
(3) A final disposition of the claim resulting in no	3531
indemnity payment on behalf of the insured.	3532
(B) (1) The report required by division (A) of this section	3533
shall contain such information as the superintendent prescribes	3534
by rule adopted in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised	3535
Code, including, but not limited to, the following information:	3536
$\frac{(1)}{(a)}$ The name, address, and specialty coverage of the	3537
insured;	3538
(2) The insured's policy number;	3539
(3) (c) The date of the occurrence that created the claim;	3540
(4)—(d) The name and address of the injured person;	3541
$\frac{(5)}{(e)}$ The date and amount of the judgment, if any,	3542
including a description of the portion of the judgment that	3543
represents economic loss, noneconomic loss and, if applicable,	3544
punitive damages;	3545
$\frac{(6)}{(f)}$ In the case of a settlement, the date and amount	3546
of the settlement;	3547
(7)—(g) Any allocated loss adjustment expenses;	3548
(8) (h) Any other information required by the	3549
superintendent pursuant to rules adopted in accordance with	3550
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	3551
(2) Notwithstanding division (B)(1) of this section, the	3552
center shall include the following information in the center's	3553
report:	3554

(a) The name of the insured;	3555
(b) The amount of compensation awarded in a claim filed	3556
under Chapters 3965. and 3967. of the Revised Code;	3557
(c) The information required under divisions (B)(1)(c),	3558
(d), (f), and (h) of this section.	3559
(C) The superintendent may prescribe the format and the	3560
manner in which the information described in division (B) of	3561
this section is reported. The superintendent may, by rule	3562
adopted in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code,	3563
prescribe the frequency that the information described in	3564
division (B) of this section is reported.	3565
(D) The superintendent may designate one or more rating	3566
organizations licensed pursuant to section 3937.05 of the	3567
Revised Code or other agencies to assist the superintendent in	3568
gathering the information, and making compilations thereof,	3569
required by this section.	3570
(E) There shall be no liability on the part of, and no	3571
cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any person or	3572
entity reporting under this section or its agents or employees,	3573
or the department of insurance or its employees, for any action	3574
taken that is authorized under this section.	3575
(F) The Except with respect to the center, the	3576
superintendent may impose a fine not to exceed five hundred	3577
dollars against any person designated in division (A) of this	3578
section that fails to timely submit the report required under	3579
this section. Fines imposed under this section shall be paid	3580
into the state treasury to the credit of the department of	3581
insurance operating fund created under section 3901.021 of the	3582
Revised Code.	3583

(G) Except as specifically provided in division (H) of	3584
this section, the information required by this section shall be	3585
confidential and privileged and is not a public record as	3586
defined in section 149.43 of the Revised Code. The information	3587
provided under this section is not subject to discovery or	3588
subpoena and shall not be made public by the superintendent or	3589
any other person.	3590
(H) The department of insurance shall prepare an annual	3591
report that summarizes the closed claims reported under this	3592
section. The annual report shall summarize the closed claim	3593
reports on a statewide basis, and also by specialty and	3594
geographic region. Individual claims data shall not be released	3595
in the annual report. Copies of the report shall be provided to	3596
the members of the general assembly.	3597
(I)(1) Except as specifically provided in division (I)(2)	3598
of this section, any information submitted to the department of	3599
insurance by an attorney, law firm, or legal professional	3600
association pursuant to rules promulgated by the Ohio supreme	3601
court shall be confidential and privileged and is not a public	3602
record as defined in section 149.43 of the Revised Code. The	3603
information submitted is not subject to discovery or subpoena	3604
and shall not be made public by the department of insurance or	3605
any other person.	3606
(2) The department of insurance shall summarize the	3607
information submitted by attorneys, law firms, and legal	3608
professional associations and include the information in the	3609
annual report required by division (H) of this section.	3610
Individual claims data shall not be released in the annual	3611
report.	3612

(J) As used in this section, medical, dental, optometric,

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and chiropractic claims include those claims asserted against a	3614
risk located in this state that either:	3615
(1) Meet the definition of a "medical claim," "dental	3616
claim," "optometric claim," or "chiropractic claim" under	3617
section 2305.113 or 3965.01 of the Revised Code;	3618
(2) Have not been asserted in any civil action, but that	3619
otherwise meet the definition of a "medical claim," "dental	3620
claim," "optometric claim," or "chiropractic claim" under	3621
section 2305.113 or 3965.01 of the Revised Code.	3622
Sec. 3929.62. As used in sections 3929.62 to 3929.70 of	3623
the Revised Code and any rules adopted pursuant to those	3624
sections:	3625
(A) "Applicant" means any licensed physician, podiatrist,	3626
or hospital as those terms are defined in section 2305.113 of	3627
the Revised Code.	3628
(B) "Medical liability underwriting association" means a	3629
nonprofit unincorporated underwriting association for medical	3630
liability insurance established under section 3929.63 of the	3631
Revised Code.	3632
(C) "Medical liability insurance" means insurance coverage	3633
against the legal liability of the insured and against loss,	3634
damage, or expense incident to a claim arising out of the death,	3635
disease, or injury of any person as the result of negligence or	3636
malpractice in rendering professional service or related to the	3637
credentialing or accreditation of any medical professional or	3638
hospital by any licensed physician, podiatrist, or hospital, as	3639
those terms are defined in section 2305.113 of the Revised Code,	3640
or any employee or agent acting within the scope of their duties	3641
for a physician, podiatrist, or hospital or by any provider as	3642

defined in section 3965.01 of the Revised Code.	3643
Sec. 3929.67. (A) A medical liability insurance policy	3644
that insures a provider as defined in section 3965.01 of the	3645
Revised Code or a physician or podiatrist, written by or on	3646
behalf of the medical liability underwriting association	3647
pursuant to sections 3929.62 to 3929.70 of the Revised Code, may	3648
only be cancelled during the term of the policy for one of the	3649
following reasons:	3650
(1) Nonpayment of premiums;	3651
(2) The license of the insured to practice the provider's	3652
<pre>profession or to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic</pre>	3653
medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery has been	3654
suspended or revoked;	3655
(3) The insured's failure to meet minimum eligibility and	3656
underwriting standards;	3657
(4) The occurrence of a change in the individual risk that	3658
substantially increases any hazard insured against after the	3659
coverage has been issued or renewed, except to the extent that	3660
the medical liability underwriting association reasonably should	3661
have foreseen the change or contemplated the risk in writing the	3662
policy;	3663
(5) Discovery of fraud or material misrepresentation in	3664
the procurement of insurance or with respect to any claim	3665
submitted thereunder.	3666
(B) A medical liability insurance policy that insures a	3667
hospital, written by or on behalf of the medical liability	3668
underwriting association pursuant to sections 3929.62 to 3929.70	3669
of the Revised Code, may only be cancelled during the term of	3670
the policy for one of the following reasons:	3671

(1) Nonpayment of premiums;	3672
(2) The hospital is not certified or accredited in	3673
accordance with Chapter 3727. of the Revised Code;	3674
(3) An injunction against the hospital has been granted	3675
under section 3727.05 of the Revised Code;	3676
(4) The insured's failure to meet minimum eligibility and	3677
underwriting standards;	3678
(5) The occurrence of a change in the individual risk that	3679
substantially increases any hazard insured against after the	3680
coverage has been issued or renewed, except to the extent that	3681
the medical liability underwriting association reasonably should	3682
have foreseen the change or contemplated the risk in writing the	3683
policy;	3684
(6) Discovery of fraud or material misrepresentation in	3685
the procurement of insurance or with respect to any claim	3686
submitted thereunder.	3687
Sec. 3931.01. Individuals, partnerships, and corporations	3688
of this state, designated in sections 3931.01 to 3931.12 of the	3689
Revised Code, as "subscribers," may exchange reciprocal or	3690
interinsurance contracts with each other, and with individuals,	3691
partnerships, and corporations of other states, districts,	3692
provinces, and countries, providing indemnity among themselves	3693
from any loss which may be legally insured against by any fire	3694
or casualty insurance company or association provided that	3695
contracts of indemnity against property damage and bodily injury	3696
arising out of the ownership, maintenance or use of a singly	3697
owned private passenger automobile principally used for	3698
nonbusiness purposes may not be exchanged through a reciprocal	3699
insurer which maintains a surplus over all liabilities of less	3700

than two and one-half million dollars and provided that this	3701
exception shall not prohibit the exchanging of contracts of	3702
indemnity against any form of liability otherwise authorized and	3703
arising out of any business or commercial enterprise. Such	3704
contracts and the exchange thereof and such subscribers, their	3705
attorneys, and representatives shall be regulated by such	3706
sections, and no law enacted after July 4, 1917, shall apply to	3707
them, unless they are expressly designated therein.	3708

Such a contract may be executed by an attorney or other
representative designated "attorney," in sections 3931.01 to
3931.12 of the Revised Code, authorized by and acting for such
subscribers under powers of attorney. Such attorney may be a
corporation. The principal office of such attorney shall be
maintained at the place designated by the subscribers in the
powers of attorney.

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Except for such limitations on assessability as are 3716 approved by the superintendent of insurance, every reciprocal or 3717 interinsurance contract written pursuant to this chapter for 3718 medical malpractice insurance shall be fully assessable and 3719 shall contain a statement, in boldface capital letters and in 3720 type more prominent than that of the balance of the contract, 3721 setting forth such terms of assessability. As used in this 3722 section, "medical malpractice insurance" means insurance 3723 coverage against the legal liability of the insured and against 3724 loss, damage, or expense incident to a claim arising out of the 3725 death, disease, or injury of any person as the result of 3726 negligence or malpractice in rendering professional service by 3727 any licensed physician, podiatrist, or hospital, as those terms 3728 are defined in section 2305.113 of the Revised Code or a 3729 provider as defined in section 3965.01 of the Revised Code. 3730

Sec. 3937.24. No insurer shall cancel, refuse to write or	3731
renew, or increase the premium rate of a policy of medical	3732
malpractice insurance, as defined in section 3937.25 of the	3733
Revised Code, based on a claim under Chapter 3965. or 3967. of	3734
the Revised Code that lists the insured as a provider.	3735
Sec. 3937.25. (A) As used in sections 3937.25 to 3937.29	3736
of the Revised Code, "medical malpractice insurance" means	3737
insurance coverage against the legal liability of the insured	3738
for loss, damage, or expense arising from a medical, optometric,	3739
or chiropractic claim, as those claims are defined in section	3740
2305.113 <u>or 3965.01</u> of the Revised Code.	3741
(B) After a policy of commercial property insurance,	3742
commercial fire insurance, or commercial casualty insurance	3743
other than fidelity or surety bonds, medical malpractice	3744
insurance, and automobile insurance as defined in section	3745
3937.30 of the Revised Code, has been in effect for more than	3746
ninety days, a notice of cancellation for such policy shall not	3747
be issued by any licensed insurer unless it is based on one of	3748
the following grounds:	3749
(1) Nonpayment of premium;	3750
(2) Discovery of fraud or material misrepresentation in	3751
the procurement of the insurance or with respect to any claims	3752
submitted thereunder;	3753
(3) Discovery of a moral hazard or willful or reckless	3754
acts or omissions on the part of the named insured that increase	3755
any hazard insured against;	3756
(4) The occurrence of a change in the individual risk	3757
which substantially increases any hazard insured against after	3758
insurance coverage has been issued or renewed, except to the	3759

extent the insurer reasonably should have foreseen the change or	3760
contemplated the risk in writing the contract;	3761
(5) Loss of applicable reinsurance or a substantial	3762
decrease in applicable reinsurance, if the superintendent has	3763
determined that reasonable efforts have been made to prevent the	3764
loss of, or substantial decrease in, the applicable reinsurance,	3765
or to obtain replacement coverage;	3766
(6) Failure of an insured to correct material violations	3767
of safety codes or to comply with reasonable written loss	3768
control recommendations;	3769
(7) A determination by the superintendent of insurance	3770
that the continuation of the policy would create a condition	3771
that would be hazardous to the policyholders or the public.	3772
(C) The notice of cancellation required by this section	3773
must be in writing, be mailed to the insured at the insured's	3774
last known address, and contain all of the following:	3775
(1) The policy number;	3776
(2) The date of the notice;	3777
(3) The effective date of the cancellation;	3778
(4) An explanation of the reason for cancellation.	3779
Such notice of cancellation also shall be mailed to the	3780
insured's agent.	3781
(D) Except for nonpayment of premium, the effective date	3782
of cancellation must be no less than thirty days from the date	3783
of mailing the notice. When cancellation is for nonpayment of	3784
premium, the effective date of cancellation must be no less than	3785
ten days from the date of mailing the notice.	3786

(E) Nothing in division (B) of this section shall be	3787
construed to prevent an insurer from writing a policy of	3788
commercial property insurance, commercial fire insurance, or	3789
commercial casualty insurance other than medical malpractice	3790
insurance and automobile insurance as defined in section 3937.30	3791
of the Revised Code for a period greater than one year and	3792
providing in such policy that the insurer may issue a notice of	3793
cancellation of such policy at least thirty days prior to an	3794
anniversary of such policy, with the effective date of	3795
cancellation being that anniversary.	3796

The superintendent may prescribe that adequate disclosure 3797 be made to the insured when a policy is issued for a term of 3798 more than one year. 3799

(F) There is no liability on the part of, and no cause of 3800 action of any nature arises against, the superintendent of 3801 insurance, any insurer, or any person furnishing information 3802 requested by the superintendent, an insurer, the agent, 3803 employee, attorney, or other authorized representative of any 3804 such persons, for any oral or written statement made to supply 3805 information relevant to a determination on cancellation of any 3806 policy of commercial property insurance, commercial fire 3807 insurance, or commercial casualty insurance other than fidelity 3808 or surety bonds, medical malpractice insurance, and automobile 3809 insurance as defined in section 3937.30 of the Revised Code, or 3810 in connection with advising an insured or an insured's attorney 3811 of the reasons for a cancellation of such insurance, or in 3812 connection with any administrative or judicial proceeding 3813 arising out of or related to such cancellation. 3814

Sec. 3937.28. (A) A notice of cancellation of a policy of
medical malpractice insurance shall not be issued by any
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licensed insurer unless it is based on one of the following	3817
grounds:	3818
(1) Nonpayment of premium;	3819
(2) Discovery of fraud or material misrepresentation in	3820
the procurement of the insurance or with respect to any claims	3821
submitted thereunder;	3822
(3) Discovery of a moral hazard or willful or reckless	3823
acts or omissions on the part of the named insured that increase	3824
any hazard insured against;	3825
(4) The occurrence of a change in the individual risk that	3826
substantially increases any hazard insured against after	3827
insurance coverage has been issued or renewed, except to the	3828
extent the insurer reasonably should have foreseen the change or	3829
contemplated the risk in writing the contract and except, as	3830
provided under section 3937.24 of the Revised Code, for a change	3831
based on a claim filed with the medical injury compensation	3832
<pre>center;</pre>	3833
(5) Loss of applicable reinsurance or a substantial	3834
decrease in applicable reinsurance, if the superintendent of	3835
insurance has determined that reasonable efforts have been made	3836
to prevent the loss of, or substantial decrease in, the	3837
applicable reinsurance, or to obtain replacement coverage;	3838
(6) Failure of an insured to correct material violations	3839
of safety codes or to comply with reasonable written loss	3840
control recommendations;	3841
(7) A determination by the superintendent that the	3842
continuation of the policy would create a condition that would	3843
be hazardous to the policyholders or the public.	3844

(B) The notice of cancellation required by this section	3845
shall be in writing, be mailed both to the insured at the	3846
insured's last known address and to the insured's agent, and	3847
contain all of the following:	3848
(1) The policy number;	3849
(2) The date of the notice;	3850
(3) The effective date of the cancellation;	3851
(4) An explanation of the grounds for cancellation.	3852
(C) Except when cancellation is for nonpayment of premium,	3853
the effective date of cancellation shall be not less than sixty	3854
days from the date of mailing the notice. When cancellation is	3855
for nonpayment of premium, the effective date of cancellation	3856
shall be not less than ten days from the date of mailing the	3857
notice.	3858
(D) Nothing in division (A) of this section shall be	3859
construed to prevent an insurer from writing a policy of medical	3860
malpractice insurance for a period greater than one year and	3861
providing in such policy that the insurer may issue a notice of	3862
cancellation of such policy at least sixty days prior to an	3863
anniversary of such policy, with the effective date of	3864
cancellation being that anniversary.	3865
The superintendent may prescribe that adequate disclosure	3866
be made to the insured when a policy is issued for a term of	3867
more than one year.	3868
more than one year.	3000
(E) There is no liability on the part of, and no cause of	3869
action of any nature arises against, the superintendent, any	3870
incomes on any named furnishing information requested by the	
insurer, or any person furnishing information requested by the	3871
superintendent or an insurer, or the agent, employee, attorney	3871 3872

or other authorized representative of any such persons, for any	3873
oral or written statement made to supply information relevant to	3874
a determination on cancellation of any policy of medical	3875
malpractice insurance, or in connection with advising an insured	3876
or the insured's attorney of the grounds for a cancellation of	3877
such insurance, or in connection with any administrative or	3878
judicial proceeding arising out of or related to such	3879
cancellation.	3880
Sec. 3937.29. (A) An insurer that intends to cancel,	3881
terminate, or otherwise not renew all policies of medical	3882
malpractice insurance that it has issued to any class, type, or	3883
specialty of practitioner, or that intends to cancel, terminate,	3884
or otherwise not renew all policies of medical malpractice	3885
insurance in a specific geographic area, which may include the	3886
state as a whole, shall file written notice of its intended	3887
action with the superintendent of insurance. These actions by an	3888
insurer are not effective unless the written notice is filed	3889
with the superintendent within the following time frames:	3890
(1) At least one hundred eighty days prior to the insurer	3891
acting to cancel, terminate, or otherwise not renew all policies	3892
of medical malpractice insurance that the insurer has issued in	3893
this state;	3894
(2) At least one hundred twenty days prior to the insurer	3895
acting to cancel, terminate, or otherwise not renew all policies	3896
of medical malpractice insurance for a specific class, type, or	3897
specialty of practitioner or in a specific geographic area other	3898
than this state as a whole.	3899
White profiles also shall be filed with the surroundered of	2000
Written notice also shall be filed with the superintendent	3900
at least one hundred twenty days prior to the insurer making	3901

changes in its underwriting guidelines, if the effect of the

3902

changes will be to cancel, terminate, or otherwise not renew all	3903
policies of medical malpractice insurance for a specific class,	3904
type, or specialty of practitioner or in a specific geographic	3905
area other than this state as a whole.	3906
(B) The written notice filed with the superintendent under	3907
division (A) of this section shall contain all of the following	3908
information:	3909
(1) The date of the notice;	3910
(2) The number of insureds with policies that will be	3911
cancelled, terminated, or not renewed;	3912
(3) The date that the insurer intends to cancel,	3913
terminate, or otherwise not renew all policies of medical	3914
malpractice insurance that the insurer has issued to any class,	3915
type, or specialty of practitioner, or that the insurer intends	3916
to cancel, terminate, or otherwise not renew all policies of	3917
medical malpractice insurance in a specific geographic area,	3918
including the state as a whole;	3919
(4) The specific geographic area, if any;	3920
(5) Any other information required by the superintendent.	3921
(C) An insurer who files a notice with the superintendent	3922
under division (A) of this section shall file a copy of that	3923
notice with the administrator of medical injury compensation	3924
within thirty days after filing the notice with the	3925
superintendent.	3926
(D) An insurer that intends to condition renewal of a	3927
policy of medical malpractice insurance upon an increase in	3928
premium shall mail a notice of the insurer's intention to the	3929
agent of record and to the insured at the insured's last known	3930

address at least sixty days prior to the expiration date of the	3931
policy.	3932
(D) (E) An insurer may refuse to renew a policy of medical	3933
malpractice insurance by mailing a notice of the insurer's	3934
intention to the agent of record and to the insured at the	3935
insured's last known address at least sixty days prior to the	3936
expiration date of the policy. The notice mailed under this	3937
division shall contain all of the following information:	3938
(1) The policy number;	3939
(2) The date of the notice;	3940
(3) The expiration date of the policy;	3941
(4) An explanation of the grounds for nonrenewal.	3942
$\frac{(E)}{(F)}$ If the notice required by divisions $\frac{(C)}{(C)}$ and $\frac{(D)}{(C)}$	3943
and (E) of this section is mailed less than sixty days before	3944
the expiration date of the policy, the insured's coverage then	3945
in effect remains in effect until sixty days after the date of	3946
mailing the notice unless either of the following is true:	3947
(1) In the case of a premium increase, the insured accepts	3948
the increased premium. The change is then effective immediately	3949
following the expiration of the insured's coverage then in	3950
effect.	3951
(2) In the case of nonrenewal, the insured notifies the	3952
insurer in writing that the insured accepts the nonrenewal as	3953
stated.	3954
$\frac{(F)-(G)}{(G)}$ If the insured's coverage is extended beyond the	3955
original expiration date of the policy as provided by division	3956
$\overline{\text{(E)}}$ of this section, the premium for the time after the	3957
original expiration date must be calculated using the rates	3958

originally applicable to the insured's coverage then in effect.	3959
The insurer shall notify the insured of the amount of the	3960
premium for the time after the expiration of the insured's	3961
coverage then in effect. The insured shall pay the premium	3962
unless either of the following is true:	3963
(1) In the case of a premium increase, the insured	3964
notifies the insurer in writing that the insured does not want	3965
the coverage then in effect to be extended past the expiration	3966
date.	3967
(2) In the case of nonrenewal, the insured notifies the	3968
insurer in writing that the insured accepts the nonrenewal as	3969
stated.	3970
Sec. 3955.05. Sections 3955.01 to 3955.19 of the Revised	3971
Code apply to all kinds of direct insurance, except:	3972
(A) Title insurance;	3973
(B) Fidelity or surety bonds, or any other bonding	3974
obligations;	3975
(C) Credit insurance, vendors' single interest insurance,	3976
collateral protection insurance, or any similar insurance	3977
protecting the interests of a creditor arising out of a	3978
creditor-debtor transaction;	3979
(D) Mortgage guaranty, financial guaranty, residual value,	3980
or other forms of insurance offering protection against	3981
investment risks;	3982
	2002
(E) Ocean marine insurance;	3983
(F) Any insurance provided by or guaranteed by government,	3984
including, but not limited to, any department, board, office,	3985
commission, agency, institution, or other instrumentality or	3986

entity of any branch of state government, any political	3987
subdivision of this state, the United States or any agency of	3988
the United States, or any separate or joint governmental self-	3989
<pre>insurance or risk-pooling program, plan, or pool;</pre>	3990
(G) Contracts of any corporation by which health services	3991
are to be provided to its subscribers;	3992
(H) Life, annuity, health, or disability insurance,	3993
including sickness and accident insurance written pursuant to	3994
Chapter 3923. of the Revised Code;	3995
(I) Fraternal benefit insurance;	3996
(J) Mutual protective insurance of persons or property;	3997
(K) Reciprocal or interinsurance contracts written	3998
pursuant to Chapter 3931. of the Revised Code for medical	3999
malpractice insurance if the reciprocal exchange or	4000
interinsurance exchange is not subject to the risk-based capital	4001
requirements in effect in the state of domicile of the	4002
reciprocal exchange or interinsurance exchange. As used in this	4003
division, "medical malpractice insurance" means insurance	4004
coverage against the legal liability of the insured and against	4005
loss, damage, or expense incident to a claim arising out of the	4006
death, disease, or injury of any person as the result of	4007
negligence or malpractice in rendering professional service by	4008
any licensed physician, podiatrist, or hospital, as those terms	4009
are defined in section 2305.113 of the Revised Code or a	4010
provider as defined in section 3965.01 of the Revised Code.	4011
(L) Any political subdivision self-insurance program or	4012
joint political subdivision self-insurance pool established	4013
under Chapter 2744. of the Revised Code;	4014
(M) Warranty or service contracts, or the insurance of	4015

those contracts;	4016
(N) Any state university or college self-insurance program	4017
established under section 3345.202 of the Revised Code;	4018
(O) Any transaction, or combination of transactions,	4019
between a person, including affiliates of such person, and an	4020
insurer, including affiliates of such insurer, that involves the	4021
transfer of investment or credit risk unaccompanied by a	4022
transfer of insurance risk;	4023
(P) Credit union share guaranty insurance issued pursuant	4024
to Chapter 1761. of the Revised Code;	4025
(Q) Insurance issued by risk retention groups as defined	4026
in Chapter 3960. of the Revised Code;	4027
(R) Workers' compensation insurance, including any	4028
contract indemnifying an employer who pays compensation directly	4029
to employees.	4030
Sec. 3965.01. As used in this chapter and Chapter 3967. of	4031
<pre>the Revised Code:</pre>	4032
(A) "Advanced practice registered nurse" means any	4033
certified nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist,	4034
certified registered nurse anesthetist, or certified nurse-	4035
midwife who holds a certificate of authority issued by the board	4036
of nursing under Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code.	4037
(B) "Chiropractic claim" means any claim under this	4038
chapter that lists a chiropractor or any employee or agent of a	4039
chiropractor and that arises out of the chiropractic diagnosis,	4040
care, or treatment of any person.	4041
For purposes of sections 2305.234, 2317.02, 3929.302, and	4042
3937.35 of the Revised Code, "chiropractic claim" includes	4043

derivative claims for relief that arise from the chiropractic	4044
diagnosis, care, or treatment of a person.	4045
(C) "Chiropractor" means any person who is licensed to	4046
practice chiropractic by the state chiropractic board.	4047
(D) "Claimant" means any individual who brings a claim	4048
under this chapter or who, if deceased, is the subject of a	4049
claim brought under this chapter.	4050
(E) "Dental claim" means any claim under this chapter that	4051
lists a dentist or any employee or agent of a dentist and that	4052
arises out of a dental operation or the dental diagnosis, care,	4053
or treatment of any person.	4054
For purposes of sections 2305.234, 2317.02, and 3929.302	4055
of the Revised Code, "dental claim" includes derivative claims	4056
for relief that arise from the dental diagnosis, care, or	4057
treatment of a person.	4058
(F) "Dentist" means any person who is licensed to practice	4059
dentistry by the state dental board.	4060
(G) "Derivative claim" includes a claim of a parent,	4061
guardian, custodian, or spouse of an individual who was the	4062
subject of any medical diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental	4063
diagnosis, care, or treatment, dental operation, optometric	4064
diagnosis, care, or treatment, or chiropractic diagnosis, care,	4065
or treatment, that arises from that diagnosis, care, treatment,	4066
or operation, and that seeks the recovery of damages for any of	4067
<pre>the following:</pre>	4068
(1) Loss of society, consortium, companionship, care,	4069
assistance, attention, protection, advice, guidance, counsel,	4070
instruction, training, or education, or any other intangible	4071
loss that was sustained by the parent, quardian, custodian, or	4072

spouse;	4073
(2) Expenditures of the parent, guardian, custodian, or	4074
spouse for medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic care or	4075
treatment, for rehabilitation services, or for other care,	4076
treatment, services, products, or accommodations provided to the	4077
individual who was the subject of the medical diagnosis, care,	4078
or treatment, the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment, the	4079
dental operation, the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment,	4080
or the chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment.	4081
(H) "Emergency medical technician-basic," "emergency	4082
medical technician-intermediate," and "emergency medical	4083
technician-paramedic" mean any person who is certified under	4084
Chapter 4765. of the Revised Code as an emergency medical	4085
technician-basic, emergency medical technician-intermediate, or	4086
<pre>emergency medical technician-paramedic, whichever is applicable.</pre>	4087
(I) "Health care professional standards board" means the	4088
health care professional standards board created in section	4089
4746.02 of the Revised Code.	4090
(J) "Home" has the same meaning as in section 3721.10 of	4091
the Revised Code.	4092
(K) "Hospital" includes any person, corporation,	4093
association, board, or authority that is responsible for the	4094
operation of any hospital licensed or registered in the state,	4095
including those that are owned or operated by the state,	4096
political subdivisions, any person, any corporation, or any	4097
combination of the state, political subdivisions, persons, and	4098
corporations. "Hospital" also includes any person, corporation,	4099
association, board, entity, or authority that is responsible for	4100
the operation of any clinic that employs a full-time staff of	4101

physicians practicing in more than one recognized medical	4102
specialty and rendering advice, diagnosis, care, and treatment	4103
to individuals. "Hospital" does not include any hospital	4104
operated by the government of the United States or any of its	4105
branches.	4106
(L) "Insurer" and "liability insurer" include the medical	4107
liability underwriting association, unless the context clearly	4108
indicates otherwise.	4109
(M) "Liability insurance" means coverage against the legal	4110
liability of the insured and against loss, damage, or expense	4111
incident to a claim arising out of the death, disease, or injury	4112
of any person as the result of negligence or malpractice in	4113
rendering professional service or related to the credentialing	4114
or accreditation of any medical professional or hospital by any	4115
provider or any employee or agent acting within the scope of	4116
their duties for a provider.	4117
(N) "Licensed practical nurse" means any person who is	4118
licensed to practice nursing as a licensed practical nurse by	4119
the board of nursing pursuant to Chapter 4723. of the Revised	4120
Code.	4121
(O) "Medical claim" means any claim under this chapter	4122
that lists a physician, podiatrist, hospital, home, or	4123
residential facility; any employee or agent of a physician,	4124
podiatrist, hospital, home, or residential facility; or a	4125
licensed practical nurse, registered nurse, advanced practice	4126
registered nurse, pharmacist, physical therapist, physician	4127
assistant, emergency medical technician-basic, emergency medical	4128
technician-intermediate, or emergency medical technician-	4129
paramedic; and that arises out of the medical diagnosis, care,	4130
or treatment of any person. "Medical claim" includes both of the	4131

<pre>following:</pre>	4132
(1) Claims that arise out of the medical diagnosis, care,	4133
or treatment of any person and to which either of the following	4134
applies:	4135
(a) The claim results from acts or omissions in providing	4136
medical care.	4137
(b) The claim results from the hiring, training,	4138
supervision, retention, or termination of caregivers providing	4139
<pre>medical diagnosis, care, or treatment.</pre>	4140
(2) Claims that arise out of the medical diagnosis, care,	4141
or treatment of any person and that are brought under section	4142
3721.17 of the Revised Code.	4143
For purposes of sections 2305.234, 2317.02, 3929.302, and	4144
3937.35 of the Revised Code, "medical claim" includes derivative	4145
claims for relief that arise from the medical diagnosis, care,	4146
or treatment of a person.	4147
(P) "Medical injury compensation panel" means a panel	4148
established pursuant to section 3967.02 of the Revised Code.	4149
(Q) "Medical liability underwriting association" has the	4150
same meaning as in section 3929.62 of the Revised Code.	4151
(R) "Optometric claim" means any claim under this chapter	4152
that lists an optometrist, or any employee or agent of an	4153
optometrist, and that arises out of the optometric diagnosis,	4154
care, or treatment of any person.	4155
For purposes of sections 2305.234, 2317.02, 3929.302, and	4156
3937.35 of the Revised Code, "optometric claim" includes	4157
derivative claims for relief that arise from the optometric	4158
diagnosis, care, or treatment of a person.	4159

(S) "Optometrist" means any person licensed to practice	4160
optometry by the state board of optometry.	4161
(T) "Pharmacist" means a person who is licensed to	4162
practice pharmacy under Chapter 4729. of the Revised Code.	4163
(U) "Physician" means a person who is licensed to practice	4164
medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery by the	4165
state medical board or a person who otherwise is authorized to	4166
practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and	4167
surgery in this state.	4168
(V) "Physician assistant" means any person who holds a	4169
valid certificate to practice issued pursuant to Chapter 4730.	4170
of the Revised Code.	4171
(W) "Physical therapist" means any person who is licensed	4172
to practice physical therapy under Chapter 4755. of the Revised	4173
Code.	4174
(X) "Podiatrist" means any person who is licensed to	4175
practice podiatric medicine and surgery by the state medical	4176
board.	4177
(Y) "Provider" means a dentist, chiropractor, emergency	4178
medical technician-basic, emergency medical technician-	4179
intermediate, emergency medical technician-paramedic, home,	4180
hospital, licensed practical nurse, optometrist, pharmacist,	4181
physician, physician assistant, physical therapist, podiatrist,	4182
registered nurse, or registered facility.	4183
(Z) "Registered nurse" means any person who is licensed to	4184
practice nursing as a registered nurse by the board of nursing	4185
pursuant to Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code.	4186
(AA) "Residential facility" means a facility licensed	4187

under section 5123.19 of the Revised Code.	4188
Sec. 3965.02. (A) No provider shall fail to obtain	4189
<u>liability insurance.</u>	4190
(B)(1) Except as otherwise provided in division (D) of	4191
this section, a provider who complies with division (A) of this	4192
section shall not be liable to respond in damages at common law	4193
or by statute for any of the following occurring during the	4194
period covered by the premiums paid by the provider to the	4195
insurer:	4196
(a) An injury received by an individual that arises out of	4197
the chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment of the	4198
<pre>individual;</pre>	4199
(b) An injury received by an individual that arises from a	4200
dental operation or the dental diagnosis, care, or treatment of	4201
the individual;	4202
(c) An injury received by an individual that arises out of	4203
the medical diagnosis, care, or treatment of the individual;	4204
(d) An injury received by an individual that arises out of	4205
the optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment of the individual;	4206
(e) For the death of an individual resulting from an	4207
injury described in division (B)(1)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this	4208
section;	4209
	4010
(f) For a derivative claim that results from an injury	4210
described in division (B)(1)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of this	4211
section from the death of an individual resulting from such an	4212
injury.	4213
(2) Division (B)(1) of this section applies to a common	4214
law or statutory claim as described in that division regardless	4215

of whether an injury or death is compensable under this chapter.	4216
(C) No employee of any provider shall be liable to respond	4217
in damages at common law or by statute for any injury, death, or	4218
derivative claim, as described in division (B) of this section	4219
on the condition that the injury, death, or derivative claim is	4220
found to be compensable under this chapter or Chapter 3967. of	4221
the Revised Code.	4222
(D) The immunity provided under division (B) or (C) of	4223
this section is not applicable in either of the following	4224
<pre>claims:</pre>	4225
(1) A claim that a provider or an employee of a provider	4226
intentionally caused an injury to or the death of an individual	4227
that arises out of any of the following:	4228
(a) The chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment of the	4229
<pre>individual;</pre>	4230
(b) A dental operation or the dental diagnosis, care, or	4231
<pre>treatment of the individual;</pre>	4232
(c) The medical diagnosis, care, or treatment of the	4233
<pre>individual;</pre>	4234
(d) The optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment of the	4235
individual.	4236
(2) A claim that lists a provider who violates division	4237
(A) of this section for an injury or death arising out of any of	4238
the following:	4239
(a) The chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment of the	4240
<pre>individual;</pre>	4241
(b) A dental operation or the dental diagnosis, care, or	4242

<pre>treatment of the individual;</pre>	4243
(c) The medical diagnosis, care, or treatment of the	4244
<pre>individual;</pre>	4245
(d) The optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment of the	4246
<pre>individual.</pre>	4247
(E) As used in division (D) of this section,	4248
"intentionally caused" means that a provider acted with	4249
deliberate intent to cause another individual to suffer an	4250
injury or death.	4251
(F) Except as provided in division (D) of this section, a	4252
<pre>claim brought under this chapter and Chapter 3967. of the</pre>	4253
Revised Code shall be the exclusive remedy against a provider or	4254
the provider's liability insurer for any injury, death, or	4255
derivative claim, as described in division (B) of this section,	4256
including any action by the health insurer or employer of the	4257
individual who is the subject of the claim.	4258
Sec. 3965.03. A provider who fails to comply with division	4259
(A) of section 3965.02 of the Revised Code is not entitled to	4260
the benefits of this chapter in relation to chiropractic,	4261
dental, medical, optometric, or derivative claims that arise	4262
during the period of that noncompliance and is liable to an	4263
individual, and the individual's personal representatives, for	4264
damages suffered by reason of injury or death arising out of the	4265
circumstances described in division (B) of section 3965.02 of	4266
the Revised Code. In such a civil action, the defendant shall	4267
not avail the defendant's self of either of the following common	4268
<pre>law defenses:</pre>	4269
(A) The defense of the assumption of risk;	4270
(B) The defense of contributory negligence.	4271

Sec. 3965.04. (A) If an individual files a chiropractic,	4272
dental, medical, optometric, or derivative claim for	4273
compensation under this chapter that lists a provider who was	4274
violating division (A) of section 3965.02 of the Revised Code at	4275
the time the claim arose, and it is determined under this	4276
chapter or Chapter 3967. of the Revised Code that the individual	4277
is entitled to compensation under this chapter, the	4278
administrator of medical injury compensation shall make and file	4279
for record in the office of the county recorder in the counties	4280
where the provider's real or tangible personal property is	4281
located, an affidavit that includes all of the following	4282
<pre>information:</pre>	4283
(1) The date on which the application was filed with the	4284
administrator;	4285
(2) The name and address of the provider listed in the	4286
<pre>claim;</pre>	4287
(3) The fact that the provider had not complied with	4288
section 3965.02 of the Revised Code.	4289
(B) The recorder shall accept and file the affidavit and	4290
record the same as a mortgage on real estate and shall file the	4291
same as a chattel mortgage, and the recorder shall index the	4292
same as a mortgage on real estate and as a chattel mortgage. A	4293
copy of the application or other record documenting the claim	4294
shall be filed with the affidavit. A copy of the affidavit shall	4295
be served upon the provider by the administrator.	4296
(C) The affidavit constitutes a valid lien from the time	4297
of filing, in favor of the administrator, upon the real property	4298
and tangible personal property of the provider located within	4299
the county.	4300

(D) The administrator shall have the lien canceled of	4301
record under the following circumstances:	4302
(1) After the provider has paid to the claimant the	4303
<pre>compensation owed to the claimant;</pre>	4304
(2) When the application has finally been denied after the	4305
claimant has exhausted the remedies provided by law;	4306
(3) When the provider has filed a bond in the amount and	4307
with surety as the administrator approves conditioned on the	4308
payment of all sums ordered paid to the claimant.	4309
(E) The recorder shall make no charge for the services	4310
provided by this section to be performed by the recorder.	4311
Sec. 3965.05. Any interested party may enjoin the further	4312
operation of a provider subject to this chapter who has violated	4313
division (A) of section 3965.02 of the Revised Code. The	4314
procedure to obtain an injunction is governed by Chapter 2727.	4315
of the Revised Code, and the right to such relief is in addition	4316
to the rights described in section 2727.02 of the Revised Code.	4317
Sec. 3965.06. No agreement by an individual to waive an	4318
individual's rights to compensation under this chapter is valid.	4319
No agreement by an individual to directly pay any portion	4320
of the premium paid by the individual's provider for liability	4321
insurance is valid.	4322
No provider shall directly charge an individual for any	4323
portion of the premium paid by the individual's provider for	4324
liability insurance.	4325
Sec. 3965.07. (A) Each provider who obtains liability	4326
insurance shall post conspicuously in the provider's place of	4327
business a notice provided by the provider's liability insurer	4328

that states all of the following information:	4329
(1) The fact that the provider has paid the premium due;	4330
(2) The date the premium was paid;	4331
(3) The time period to which the premium payment applies.	4332
(B) The liability insurer shall furnish an adequate number	4333
of copies of the notice to the provider at the time of the	4334
payment of the premium. The notice, when posted, constitutes	4335
sufficient notice to the provider's patients of the fact that	4336
the provider has made payment.	4337
Sec. 3965.10. A provider may obtain liability insurance	4338
necessary to comply with section 3965.02 of the Revised Code	4339
through an insurer authorized under Title XXXIX of the Revised	4340
Code to conduct the business of insurance in this state or	4341
through the medical liability underwriting association.	4342
Sec. 3965.11. An insurer providing liability insurance for	4343
purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3967. of the Revised Code	4344
shall pay compensation in any claim determined to be compensable	4345
under this chapter or Chapter 3967. of the Revised Code in	4346
accordance with the amount calculated pursuant to section	4347
3965.60 of the Revised Code. The insurer shall pay the claims in	4348
accordance with the schedule provided under section 3965.52 of	4349
the Revised Code.	4350
Sec. 3965.12. Beginning one hundred eighty days after the	4351
effective date of this section, and each year thereafter, each	4352
insurer providing liability insurance for purposes of this	4353
<pre>chapter and Chapter 3967. of the Revised Code shall submit a</pre>	4354
list to the administrator of medical injury compensation of the	4355
providers for whom the insurer provides coverage for purposes of	4356
this chapter and Chapter 3967. of the Revised Code.	4357

Beginning one hundred eighty days after the effective date	4358
of this section, and each year thereafter, the state medical	4359
board, state dental board, state nursing board, state board of	4360
optometry, state chiropractic board, state board of pharmacy,	4361
Ohio occupational therapy, physical therapy, and athletic	4362
trainers board, and the state board of emergency medical, fire,	4363
and transportation services shall submit a list to the	4364
administrator of the providers who are subject to the board's	4365
jurisdiction and who are subject to this chapter and Chapter	4366
3967. of the Revised Code.	4367
The administrator shall adopt rules to establish	4368
procedures to allow the reports required under this section to	4369
be submitted electronically.	4370
Sec. 3965.15. There is hereby created the medical injury	4371
compensation center, which shall be administered by the	4372
administrator of medical injury compensation. A person appointed	4373
to the position of administrator shall possess significant	4374
management experience in effectively managing an organization or	4375
organizations of substantial size and complexity. A person	4376
appointed to the position of administrator also shall possess a	4377
minimum of five years of experience in the field of insurance,	4378
particularly in the area of liability insurance, if possible.	4379
The governor shall appoint the administrator with the advice and	4380
consent of the senate, and the administrator shall serve at the	4381
pleasure of the governor. The governor shall fix the	4382
administrator's salary on the basis of the administrator's	4383
experience and the administrator's responsibilities and duties	4384
under this chapter and Chapter 3967. of the Revised Code. The	4385
governor shall not appoint to the position of administrator any	4386
person who has, or whose spouse has, given a contribution to the	4387
campaign committee of the governor in an amount greater than one	4388

thousand dollars during the two-year period immediately	4389
preceding the date of the appointment of the administrator.	4390
The administrator shall hold no other public office and	4391
shall devote full time to the duties of administrator. Before	4392
entering upon the duties of the office, the administrator shall	4393
take an oath of office as required by sections 3.22 and 3.23 of	4394
the Revised Code, and shall file in the office of the secretary	4395
of state a bond, signed by the administrator and by surety	4396
approved by the governor, for the sum of fifty thousand dollars	4397
payable to the state, conditioned upon the faithful performance	4398
of the administrator's duties.	4399
Sec. 3965.16. The administrator of medical injury	4400
compensation shall do all of the following:	4401
(A) Perform all acts and exercise all authorities and	4402
powers, discretionary and otherwise that are required of or	4403
vested in the medical injury compensation center or any of its	4404
employees in this chapter and Chapter 3967. of the Revised Code,	4405
except the acts and the exercise of authority and power that is	4406
required of and vested in a medical injury compensation panel	4407
pursuant to those chapters;	4408
(B) Employ, direct, and supervise all employees required	4409
in connection with the performance of the duties assigned to the	4410
center by this chapter and Chapter 3967. of the Revised Code,	4411
including actuaries appointed to make determinations with	4412
respect to compensation under division (D) of section 3965.41 of	4413
the Revised Code;	4414
(C) Provide offices, equipment, supplies, and other	4415
facilities for the center;	4416
(D) Purchase supplies, materials, equipment, and services:	4417

make contracts for, operate, and superintend the telephone,	4418
other telecommunication, and computer services for the use of	4419
the center and make contracts in connection with office	4420
reproduction, forms management, printing, and other services;	4421
(E) Prepare an annual budget for internal operating	4422
purposes;	4423
(F) Set standards for the reasonable and maximum handling	4424
time of claim processing and ensure, by rules, the impartial and	4425
prompt treatment of all claims, and establish a secure, accurate	4426
method of time stamping all incoming mail and documents hand	4427
delivered to center employees;	4428
(G) Manage and operate a data processing system and	4429
develop a claims tracking system that is sufficient to monitor	4430
the status of a claim at any time and that lists appeals that	4431
have been filed and orders or determinations that have been	4432
issued pursuant to section 3965.41, 3967.15, or 3967.20 of the	4433
Revised Code, including the dates of the filings and issuances;	4434
(H) Pursuant to section 3965.70 of the Revised Code,	4435
approve applications for the final settlement of claims for	4436
compensation under this chapter and Chapter 3967. of the Revised	4437
Code as the administrator determines appropriate;	4438
(I) Adopt rules for the operation of the center and adopt	4439
other rules as the administrator considers necessary to	4440
administer this chapter and Chapter 3967. of the Revised Code;	4441
(J) Review and process all claim applications;	4442
(K) Establish a program for quality control, systems	4443
design, and internal auditing and ensure that audits are	4444
performed at least annually to determine whether the center	4445
meets the performance goals the administrator establishes:	4446

(L) Operate a program designed to inform individuals,	4447
providers, and the liability insurers of providers of their	4448
rights and responsibilities under this chapter and Chapter 3967.	4449
of the Revised Code and as part of that program prepare and	4450
distribute pamphlets that clearly and simply explain at least	4451
all of the following:	4452
(1) The rights and responsibilities of claimants,	4453
<pre>providers, and insurers;</pre>	4454
(2) The procedures for processing claims;	4455
(3) The procedure for fulfilling provider and insurer	4456
responsibility;	4457
(4) All applicable statutes of limitation;	4458
(5) The availability of services and benefits;	4459
(6) The claimant's right to representation in the	4460
processing of a claim or to elect no representation.	4461
(M) Establish and maintain a program to identify providers	4462
subject to this chapter and Chapter 3967. of the Revised Code;	4463
(N) Create an operating manual setting forth procedural	4464
steps in detail for performing each of the assigned tasks of the	4465
center, set forth in the manual procedures for assigning and	4466
transferring claims, and require a center employee to obtain	4467
approval prior to deviating from the manual procedures;	4468
(O) Create an online gateway that attorneys may use to	4469
file claims, provide documents, and otherwise communicate with	4470
the medical injury compensation center and service offices on	4471
<pre>behalf of claimants;</pre>	4472
(P) Study the feasibility of creating an online gateway	4473

similar to the one created in division (O) of this section, for	4474
<pre>pro se claimants;</pre>	4475
(Q) Create a gateway for a claimant to use if the claimant	4476
is representing the claimant's self if, pursuant to the study	4477
conducted under division (P) of this section, the administrator	4478
determines that a gateway for pro se litigants is feasible.	4479
Sec. 3965.17. No member of a medical injury compensation	4480
panel created under Chapter 3967. of the Revised Code or	4481
employee of the medical injury compensation center shall have	4482
any direct or indirect interest in the gains or profits of any	4483
insurer providing coverage for claims under this chapter and	4484
Chapter 3967. of the Revised Code.	4485
Sec. 3965.18. The attorney general shall be the legal	4486
adviser of the administrator of medical injury compensation and	4487
the medical injury compensation center.	4488
Sec. 3965.19. The administrator of medical injury	4489
compensation, for employees of the medical injury compensation	4490
center, may discipline, suspend, demote, or discharge any	4491
employee for misfeasance, malfeasance, or nonfeasance in	4492
accordance with Chapter 124. of the Revised Code. In the case of	4493
any employee assigned to the investigation or determination of	4494
claims, if the administrator determines that the employee is not	4495
efficient, impartial, or judicious, and if supported by evidence	4496
and not promoted by discrimination, the determination shall be	4497
accepted as a fact justifying the action taken by the	4498
administrator.	4499
The administrator shall adopt rules establishing a code of	4500
ethics for all employees of the center and post copies of the	4501
rules in a conspicuous place in each center office.	4502

The administrator shall adopt rules setting forth	4503
procedures designed to eliminate outside influence on center	4504
employees, produce an impartial claims handling process, and	4505
avoid favoritism in the claims handling process. Failure to	4506
adopt and enforce these rules constitutes grounds for removal of	4507
the administrator.	4508
Sec. 3965.20. (A) The administrator of medical injury	4509
compensation shall establish service offices around the state as	4510
needed, based on the anticipated utilization of each office by	4511
claimants and liability insurers.	4512
(B) The administrator shall appoint a service director for	4513
each service office. A service director shall do all of the	4514
<pre>following:</pre>	4515
(1) Provide each claimant and liability insurer fair,	4516
<pre>impartial, and equal treatment;</pre>	4517
(2) Recommend any needed improvements for changes in staff	4518
size and accessibility to service offices;	4519
(3) Recommend to the administrator appropriate action	4520
concerning any allegations of misconduct, abuse of authority, or	4521
fraud committed in the service office;	4522
(4) Ensure that all current center rules and operating	4523
procedures are carried out by all employees under the service	4524
<pre>director's direction;</pre>	4525
(5) Assist claimants and providers who contact the service	4526
office for information or assistance with respect to claims	4527
processing and coverage.	4528
(C) The administrator shall assign to each service office	4529
an adequate number of investigators and field auditors. A_	4530

service director shall make investigators available to a medical	4531
injury compensation panel and reviewing health care providers as	4532
needed.	4533
Sec. 3965.21. (A) There is hereby created in the state	4534
treasury the medical injury compensation center operating fund,	4535
which shall consist of the assessments described in division (B)	4536
of this section. Any investment earnings of the fund shall be	4537
credited to the fund. The administrator shall use the fund to	4538
pay the costs attributable to the activities of the	4539
administrator, the medical injury compensation center, and any	4540
medical injury compensation panel.	4541
(B)(1) The administrator annually shall assess each	4542
provider an administrative assessment for the costs attributable	4543
to the activities of the administrator and center. Except as	4544
provided in division (B)(2) of this section, the administrator	4545
shall allocate the administrative assessment in a fair and	4546
equitable manner, as specified in rules adopted by the	4547
administrator, among the providers subject to this chapter and	4548
Chapter 3967. of the Revised Code based upon the number of	4549
patients seen by each of those providers during the preceding	4550
year.	4551
(2) For a provider who is an employee of a hospital, any	4552
patient seen in the hospital by that provider shall be	4553
attributable to the hospital for purposes of the administrator's	4554
annual assessment, and not to the employee provider.	4555
Sec. 3965.22. In addition to any other rules the	4556
administrator of medical injury compensation is required to	4557
	4558
adopt under this chapter, the administrator shall adopt the	
following rules:	4559

(A) Rules to regulate and provide for the kind and	4560
character of notices, and the services thereof, in cases of	4561
injury or death that result in a chiropractic, dental, medical,	4562
optometric, or derivative claim, to individuals that explain all	4563
of the following:	4564
(1) The nature and extent of the proof and evidence, and	4565
the method of taking and furnishing the proof and evidence,	4566
necessary to establish the right to compensation under this	4567
<pre>chapter;</pre>	4568
(2) The forms of application for those claiming to be	4569
entitled to compensation under this chapter;	4570
(3) The method of making investigations, physical	4571
examinations, and inspections.	4572
(B) Rules concerning the payment of attorney's fees and to	4573
resolve fee disputes;	4574
(C) Rules designed to prevent the solicitation of	4575
employment in the prosecution or defense of claims and make and	4576
adopt reasonable rules designed to promote the orderly and	4577
expeditious submission, hearing, and determination of claims;	4578
(D) Rules barring any employee of the medical injury	4579
compensation center from having a claim file in the employee's	4580
possession unless the file is necessary to the performance of	4581
the employee's duties.	4582
Sec. 3965.23. No injunction shall issue suspending or	4583
restraining any order adopted by the administrator of medical	4584
injury compensation, the medical injury compensation center, a	4585
reviewing health care provider, or a medical injury compensation	4586
panel, or any action of the auditor of state, treasurer of	4587
state, attorney general, or the county auditor or county_	4588

treasurer of any county, required to be taken by this chapter.	4589
This section does not affect any right or defense in any action	4590
brought by the administrator, the center, or the state in	4591
pursuance of authority contained in this chapter.	4592
Sec. 3965.24. (A) No person shall, orally or in writing,	4593
directly or indirectly, or through any agent or other person	4594
fraudulently hold the person's self out or represent the	4595
person's self or any of the person's partners or associates as	4596
authorized by a claimant to take charge of, or represent the	4597
claimant in respect of, any claim or matter in connection	4598
therewith before the medical injury compensation center, a	4599
reviewing health care provider, or any medical injury	4600
compensation panel. No person shall, without prior authority	4601
from the administrator, a reviewing health care provider, a	4602
member of a panel, the claimant, or the liability insurer of a	4603
provider, examine or directly or indirectly cause or employ	4604
another person to examine any claim file or any other file	4605
pertaining thereto. No person shall forge an authorization for	4606
the purpose of examining or causing another person to examine a	4607
claim file. No employee of the center shall divulge any	4608
information in respect of any claim or appeal that is or may be	4609
filed with a reviewing health care provider, the center, or	4610
panel member to any person other than members of the panel or to	4611
the superior of the employee except upon authorization of the	4612
administrator or a panel member or upon authorization of the	4613
claimant or the liability insurer of a provider.	4614
(B)(1) All of the following records are not public records	4615
as defined in section 149.43 of the Revised Code:	4616
(a) The records described or referred to in division (A)	4617
of this section;	4618

(b) Any information directly or indirectly identifying the	4619
address or telephone number of a claimant, regardless of whether	4620
the claimant's claim is active or closed;	4621
(c) The identity of any provider who is named in a claim.	4622
(2) No person shall solicit or obtain any information	4623
referenced in division (B)(1) of this section from any employee	4624
without first having obtained an authorization as provided in	4625
this section.	4626
(C) Except as otherwise specified in division (D) of this	4627
section, information kept by the center pursuant to this section	4628
is for the exclusive use and information of the center in the	4629
discharge of the center's official duties, and shall not be open	4630
to the public nor be used in any court in any action or	4631
proceeding pending therein, unless the center is a party to the	4632
action or proceeding. The information, however, may be tabulated	4633
and published by the center in statistical form that does not	4634
identify providers for the use and information of other state	4635
agencies and the public.	4636
(D)(1) Upon receiving a written request made and signed by	4637
an individual whose primary occupation is as a journalist, the	4638
administrator of medical injury compensation or the center shall	4639
disclose to the individual the address or addresses and	4640
telephone number or numbers of claimants, regardless of whether	4641
their claims are active or closed, and the dependents of those	4642
<u>claimants.</u>	4643
(2) An individual described in division (D)(1) of this	4644
section is permitted to request the information described in	4645
that division for multiple claimants or dependents in one_	4646
written request	4647

(3) An individual described in division (D)(1) of this	4648
section shall include all of the following in the written	4649
request:	4650
(a) The individual's name, title, and signature;	4651
(b) The name and title of the individual's employer;	4652
(c) A statement that the disclosure of the information	4653
sought is in the public interest.	4654
(4) No center employee may inquire as to the specific	4655
public interest served by the disclosure of information	4656
requested by an individual under division (D) of this section.	4657
(E) As used in this section, "journalist" has the same	4658
meaning as in section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	4659
Sec. 3965.25. Upon the request of any medical injury	4660
compensation panel or the administrator of medical injury	4661
compensation, the attorney general, or under the attorney	4662
general's direction, the prosecuting attorney of any county in	4663
cases arising within the county, shall institute and prosecute	4664
the necessary actions or proceedings for the enforcement of this	4665
chapter or any penalty, and shall defend in like manner all	4666
suits, actions, or proceedings brought against the	4667
administrator, medical injury compensation center, a medical	4668
injury compensation panel, or a reviewing health care provider,	4669
in their official capacity under this chapter and Chapter 3967.	4670
of the Revised Code.	4671
Sec. 3965.30. (A) An individual shall file with the	4672
medical injury compensation center a chiropractic, dental,	4673
medical, optometric, or derivative claim for compensation under	4674
this chapter within six months after the date of the injury or	4675
death or the discovery of an injury.	4676

(B) Except as to an individual within the age of minority	4677
or of unsound mind as provided by section 2305.16 of the Revised	4678
Code, and except as provided in division (C) of this section,	4679
both of the following apply:	4680
(1) No action upon a chiropractic, dental, medical,	4681
optometric, or derivative claim under this chapter shall be	4682
commenced more than four years after the occurrence of the act	4683
or omission constituting the alleged basis of the claim;	4684
(2) If an action upon a chiropractic, dental, medical,	4685
optometric, or derivative claim is not commenced within four	4686
years after the occurrence of the act or omission constituting	4687
the alleged basis of the claim, then, any action upon that claim	4688
is barred.	4689
<u>10 Ballea.</u>	1003
(C)(1) If an individual making a chiropractic claim,	4690
dental claim, medical claim, optometric claim, or derivative	4691
claim in the exercise of reasonable care and diligence, could	4692
not have discovered the injury resulting from the act or	4693
omission constituting the alleged basis of the claim within	4694
three years and six months after the occurrence of the act or	4695
omission, but, in the exercise of reasonable care and diligence,	4696
discovers the injury resulting from that act or omission before	4697
the expiration of the four-year period specified in division (B)	4698
(1) of this section, the individual may file a claim under this	4699
chapter not later than six months after the individual discovers	4700
the injury resulting from that act or omission.	4701
(2) If the alleged basis of a chiropractic claim, dental	4702
claim, medical claim, optometric claim, or derivative claim is	4703
the occurrence of an act or omission that involves a foreign	4704
object that is left in the body of an individual, the individual	4705
making the claim may file a claim under this chapter not later	4706

than the later of six months after the individual discovered the	4707
foreign object or six months after the individual, with	4708
reasonable care and diligence, should have discovered the	4709
foreign object.	4710
(3) An individual who files a chiropractic claim, dental	4711
claim, medical claim, optometric claim, or derivative claim	4712
under the circumstances described in division (C)(1) or (2) of	4713
this section has the affirmative burden of proving, by clear and	4714
convincing evidence, that the individual, with reasonable care	4715
and diligence, could not have discovered the injury resulting	4716
from the act or omission constituting the alleged basis of the	4717
claim within the three-year and six-month period described in	4718
division (C)(1) of this section or prior to the six-month period	4719
described in division (C)(2) of this section, whichever is	4720
applicable.	4721
Sec. 3965.31. (A) The administrator of medical injury	4722
compensation shall prepare and furnish all of the following	4723
blank forms:	4724
(1) Applications for compensation for a chiropractic,	4725
dental, medical, optometric, or derivative claim made under this	4726
chapter;	4727
(2) Notices to liability insurers of providers and	4728
individuals;	4729
(3) For proofs of injury or death and of medical	4730
attendance and hospital and nursing care;	4731
(4) Any other necessary applications.	4732
(B) The administrator, in the rules the administrator	4733
adopts under this chapter, shall provide for the preparation and	4734
distribution of the forms described in division (A) of this	4735

section. The rules shall require the forms to be readily	4736
available and prepared so that the furnishing of information	4737
required of any individual or liability insurer with respect to	4738
any aspect of a claim is not delayed by a requirement that	4739
information with respect to another aspect of the claim shall be	4740
furnished on the form by the same or another person. Service	4741
offices shall keep on hand a sufficient supply of these forms.	4742
Sec. 3965.32. The administrator of medical injury	4743
compensation, by published notices and other appropriate means,	4744
shall endeavor to cause claims to be filed in the service office	4745
of the medical injury compensation center from which the	4746
investigation and determination of the claim may be made most	4747
expeditiously. An individual may file a claim or appeal under	4748
this chapter or Chapter 3967. of the Revised Code with any	4749
office of the center within the required statutory period, and	4750
that claim or appeal is considered received for the purpose of	4751
processing claims or appeals.	4752
Sec. 3965.33. (A) Within seven days after receipt of any	4753
claim under this chapter, the medical injury compensation center	4754
shall notify the claimant, the health care professional	4755
standards board, and the liability insurer of the provider named	4756
in the claim of the receipt of the claim and of the facts	4757
alleged in the claim. Upon receipt of a claim, the center shall	4758
advise the claimant of the claim number assigned and the	4759
claimant's right to representation in the processing of a claim	4760
or to elect no representation. No center employee shall directly	4761
or indirectly convey any information in derogation of this	4762
right. This section shall in no way abrogate the center's	4763
responsibility to aid and assist a claimant in the filing of a	4764
claim and to advise the claimant of the claimant's rights under	4765
the law.	4766

(B)(1) The administrator of medical injury compensation	4767
shall assign all claims and investigations to the center service	4768
office from which investigation and determination may be made	4769
most expeditiously.	4770
(2) The administrator shall assign each claim, in	4771
accordance with section 3965.40 of the Revised Code, to a	4772
reviewing health care provider who is engaged in the type of	4773
practice that is the primary subject of the claim.	4774
(3) The reviewing health care provider, with assistance	4775
from center employees, shall investigate the facts concerning an	4776
injury or death and ascertain those facts in whatever manner is	4777
most appropriate and may obtain statements of the claimant,	4778
provider, other attending physicians or providers, and witnesses	4779
in whatever manner is most appropriate.	4780
(4) A reviewing health care provider may refer a claim to	4781
the administrator for reassignment if either of the following	4782
occur:	4783
(a) If, on reviewing the records submitted in a claim	4784
pursuant to section 3965.41 of the Revised Code, the reviewing	4785
health care provider determines that the primary issue of a	4786
claim involves an area of practice in which the reviewing	4787
<pre>provider is not engaged.</pre>	4788
(b) The reviewing health care provider is unable to make a	4789
determination as required under division (D) of section 3965.41	4790
of the Revised Code with respect to the liability of a provider	4791
in a claim involved in an issue that is not the primary issue of	4792
the claim.	4793
If the administrator receives a claim for reassignment	4794
under division (B) (4) of this section, the administrator	4795

expeditiously shall reassign the claim in accordance with	4796
section 3965.40 of the Revised Code.	4797
Sec. 3965.34. (A) A reviewing health care provider	4798
appointed pursuant to section 3965.40 of the Revised Code or a	4799
medical injury compensation panel may require any individual	4800
claiming the right to receive compensation under this chapter to	4801
submit to a medical examination at any time, and from time to	4802
time, at a place reasonably convenient for the individual, and	4803
as provided by the rules of the administrator of medical injury	4804
compensation. A claimant required by a panel or a reviewing	4805
health care provider to submit to a medical examination, at a	4806
point outside of the place of permanent or temporary residence	4807
of the claimant, as provided in this section, is entitled to	4808
have paid to the claimant by the medical injury compensation	4809
center the necessary and actual expenses on account of the	4810
attendance for the medical examination after approval of the	4811
expense statement by the center. Under extraordinary	4812
circumstances and with the unanimous approval of the panel, if	4813
the panel requires the medical examination, or with the approval	4814
of the reviewing health care provider, if the reviewing health	4815
care provider requires the medical examination, the center shall	4816
pay an injured individual the necessary, actual, and authorized	4817
expenses of treatment at a point outside the place of permanent	4818
or temporary residence of the claimant.	4819
(B) If an individual refuses to submit to any medical	4820
examination scheduled pursuant to this section or obstructs the	4821
examination, the individual's right to have the individual's	4822
claim for compensation considered, if the claim is pending	4823
before a reviewing health care provider or a medical injury	4824
compensation panel, or to receive any payment for compensation	4825
previously granted, is suspended during the period of the	4826

refusal or obstruction. A reviewing health care provider or	4827
panel shall dismiss an individual's claim if the individual	4828
fails to submit to an examination for a period of six months or	4829
<pre>longer.</pre>	4830
(C) Examinations scheduled under this section do not limit	4831
examinations provided for in other provisions of this chapter.	4832
Sec. 3965.35. (A) The liability insurer of a provider	4833
listed in a claim filed under this chapter may require, without	4834
the approval of a reviewing health care provider or a medical	4835
injury compensation panel, that the claimant be examined by a	4836
physician of the liability insurer's choice one time. Any	4837
further requests for medical examinations shall be made to the	4838
administrator of medical injury compensation, who shall consider	4839
and rule on the request. The liability insurer shall pay the	4840
cost of any examinations initiated by the liability insurer.	4841
A provider selected by a liability insurer to conduct an	4842
examination under this division shall satisfy the requirements	4843
of division (A) of section 3965.43 of the Revised Code. With	4844
respect to a claim before a reviewing health care provider, a	4845
liability insurer may require a claimant to undergo an	4846
examination at the time permitted under division (D) of section	4847
3965.41 of the Revised Code. With respect to a claim before a	4848
medical injury compensation panel, the liability insurer may	4849
require a claim to undergo both an examination as the panel is	4850
determining whether the claim is compensable and, if a claim is	4851
compensable, prior to the award of compensation.	4852
(B) The medical injury compensation center shall prepare a	4853
form for the release of medical information, records, and	4854
reports relative to the issues necessary for the administration	4855
of a claim under this chapter. The claimant promptly shall	4856

provide a current signed release of the information, records,	4857
and reports when requested by the liability insurer of a	4858
provider listed in a claim. The liability insurer promptly shall	4859
provide copies of all information, records, and reports that	4860
relate to the claim to the center and to the claimant or the	4861
claimant's representative upon request.	4862
(C) If, without good cause, a claimant refuses to submit	4863
to any examination scheduled under this section or refuses to	4864
release or execute a release for any information, record, or	4865
report that is required to be released under this section and	4866
involves an issue pertinent to the condition alleged in the	4867
claim, the claimant's right to have the claimant's claim	4868
considered, if the claim is pending before a reviewing health	4869
care provider or a medical injury compensation panel, or to	4870
receive any payment for compensation previously granted, is	4871
suspended during the period of refusal. A reviewing health care	4872
provider or panel shall dismiss an individual's claim if the	4873
individual fails to submit to an examination for a period of six_	4874
months or longer.	4875
(D) No center employee shall alter any medical report	4876
obtained from a health care provider the liability insurer,	4877
reviewing health care provider, or a panel has selected or cause	4878
or request the health care provider to alter or change a report.	4879
The reviewing health care provider and panel shall make any	4880
request for clarification of a health care provider's report in	4881
writing and shall provide a copy of the request to the affected	4882
parties and their representatives at the time of making the	4883
request.	4884
Sec. 3965.36. For the purpose of this chapter, a minor is	4885
sui juris, and no other person shall have any cause of action or	4886

right to compensation for an injury to the minor, but in the	4887
event of the award of a lump sum of compensation to the minor,	4888
the sum shall be paid to the legally appointed guardian of the	4889
minor or in accordance with section 2111.05 of the Revised Code.	4890
Sec. 3965.37. This chapter and Chapter 3967. of the	4891
Revised Code shall be liberally construed in favor of claimants.	4892
Sec. 3965.40. (A) The medical injury compensation center	4893
shall employ a pool of reviewing health care providers, who	4894
shall determine claims filed under this chapter. A provider who	4895
participates in the pool shall practice at least fifty per cent_	4896
of the time in a clinical setting. Any type of provider may	4897
serve as a reviewing health care provider. The administrator of	4898
medical injury compensation shall set the compensation of a	4899
reviewing health care provider during the time the provider	4900
performs services for the medical injury compensation center	4901
under this chapter and Chapter 3967. of the Revised Code.	4902
(B) A reviewing health care provider who is appointed to	4903
determine a claim under this chapter shall serve for as long as	4904
is necessary to resolve the claim. A reviewing health care	4905
provider shall be assigned a claim based upon all of the	4906
<pre>following:</pre>	4907
(1) Whether the claim is a chiropractic, dental, medical,	4908
<pre>optometric, or derivative claim;</pre>	4909
(2) The type of practice in which the reviewing health	4910
<pre>care provider is engaged;</pre>	4911
(3) Where the injury or death occurred.	4912
(C)(1) The administrator shall periodically review the	4913
performance of each reviewing health care provider to ensure	4914
accuracy and impartiality in decisions made by the reviewing	4915

health care provider.	4916
(2) If the administrator, in conducting a review under	4917
division (C)(1) of this section, determines that the decisions	4918
of a reviewing health care provider are not accurate or	4919
impartial, the administrator may remove the reviewing health	4920
care provider from the pool described in division (A) of this	4921
section and from any claim being heard by the provider at the	4922
time of the determination.	4923
Sec. 3965.41. (A) A reviewing health care provider	4924
appointed under section 3965.40 of the Revised Code shall review	4925
the medical or applicable records submitted in the chiropractic,	4926
dental, medical, optometric, or derivative claim over which the	4927
reviewing health care provider is presiding pursuant to this	4928
chapter. No reviewing health care provider shall review or	4929
consider as evidence in a claim under this chapter a	4930
determination made by the health care professional standards	4931
board under section 4746.04 of the Revised Code that the	4932
provider's acts or omissions constitute gross negligence or that	4933
the provider engaged in a pattern of negligent behavior over a	4934
<pre>short period of time.</pre>	4935
(B) The reviewing health care provider shall review all	4936
chiropractic, dental, medical, or optometric records relevant to	4937
the claim. The reviewing health care provider may commission an	4938
expert witness in accordance with section 3965.43 of the Revised	4939
Code to present evidence regarding the claim.	4940
(C) A reviewing health care provider shall determine	4941
whether clear and convincing evidence exists that the provider	4942
did not breach the chiropractic, dental, medical, or optometric	4943
standard of care applicable to the claim. If the reviewing	4944
health care provider determines that such evidence exists, the	4945

claimant shall not be compensated under this chapter. If the	4946
reviewing health care provider determines that this evidence	4947
does not exist, the claimant shall be awarded compensation under	4948
this chapter. If the reviewing health care provider determines	4949
that such evidence exists with respect to the type of practice	4950
that is the primary issue of the claim, but is unable to	4951
determine whether such evidence exists with respect to other	4952
aspects of the claim, the reviewing health care provider may	4953
refer the portions of the claim for which the reviewing health	4954
care provider is unable to make a determination to the	4955
administrator for reassignment pursuant to section 3965.33 of	4956
the Revised Code.	4957
(D) If a reviewing health care provider determines that a	4958
claim is compensable under this chapter, the reviewing health	4959
care provider shall request the administrator to assign an	4960
actuary to the claim. The administrator shall randomly assign an	4961
actuary employed by the medical injury compensation center to	4962
determine the amount of compensation to be awarded in accordance	4963
with section 3965.60 of the Revised Code using the same evidence	4964
the reviewing health care provider used to determine that the	4965
claim is compensable. However, prior to awarding compensation,	4966
the reviewing health care provider shall allow the liability	4967
insurer of a provider identified in the claim to have a medical	4968
examination of the claimant conducted by an independent health	4969
care provider at the insurer's expense in accordance with	4970
section 3965.35 of the Revised Code. If the liability insurer	4971
elects to have an independent medical examination conducted, the	4972
claimant, at the claimant's expense, also may elect to have an	4973
independent medical examination conducted. The results of any	4974
independent medical examination conducted pursuant to this	4975
division shall be submitted to the actuary assigned to the	4976

claim, who shall use those results to determine the amount of	4977
compensation to award.	4978
(E) The insurer of a provider listed in a claim or a	4979
claimant may appeal the decision of the reviewing health care	4980
provider in accordance with the procedures prescribed in Chapter	4981
3967. of the Revised Code.	4982
Sec. 3965.42. (A) (1) The liability insurer of a provider	4983
listed in a claim filed under this chapter may file a motion	4984
with the reviewing health care provider assigned to the claim	4985
under section 3965.40 of the Revised Code for dismissal of the	4986
claim accompanied by an affidavit of noninvolvement. The	4987
liability insurer shall notify all parties to the claim in	4988
writing of the filing of the motion. Prior to ruling on the	4989
motion, the reviewing health care provider shall allow the	4990
parties not less than thirty days from the date that the parties	4991
were served with the notice to respond to the motion.	4992
(2) An affidavit of noninvolvement shall set forth, with	4993
particularity, the facts that demonstrate all of the following:	4994
(a) That the provider listed in the claim was	4995
misidentified or otherwise not involved individually or through_	4996
the action of the provider's agents or employees in the care and	4997
treatment of the individual who is the subject of the claim;	4998
(b) That the provider was not obligated individually or	4999
through the provider's agents or employees to provide for the	5000
care and treatment of the individual who is the subject of the	5001
claim;	5002
(c) That the provider could not have caused the alleged	5003
malpractice individually or through the provider's agents or	5004
employees in any way.	5005

(B)(1) The parties shall have the right to challenge the	5006
affidavit of noninvolvement by filing a motion and submitting an	5007
affidavit with the reviewing health care provider that	5008
contradicts the assertions of noninvolvement made in the	5009
<pre>liability insurer's affidavit of noninvolvement.</pre>	5010
(2) If the affidavit of noninvolvement is challenged, any	5011
party may request an oral hearing on the motion for dismissal.	5012
If requested, the reviewing health care provider shall hold a	5013
hearing to determine if the provider at question was involved,	5014
directly or indirectly, in the care and treatment of the	5015
individual who is the subject of the claim, or was obligated,	5016
directly or indirectly, for the care and treatment of that	5017
individual.	5018
(3) The reviewing health care provider shall consider all	5019
<pre>evidence submitted by the parties and the parties' arguments.</pre>	5020
The reviewing health care provider may dismiss the claim based	5021
upon the lack of involvement of the provider in question in the	5022
elements of the chiropractic, dental, medical, optometric, or	5023
derivative claim. The reviewing health care provider shall_	5024
determine all challenges to the affidavit of noninvolvement	5025
within seventy-five days after the filing of the affidavit of	5026
<pre>noninvolvement.</pre>	5027
(4) The dismissal of a claim against a liability insurer	5028
of a provider pursuant to this section shall be deemed otherwise	5029
than upon the merits and without prejudice pursuant to Civil	5030
Rule 41.	5031
(C) If the reviewing health care provider determines that	5032
a liability insurer has falsely filed or made false or	5033
inaccurate statements in an affidavit of noninvolvement, the	5034
reviewing health care provider, upon a motion or upon the	5035

reviewing health care provider's own initiative, shall	5036
immediately reinstate the claim against that liability insurer,	5037
if previously dismissed. If a party is reinstated pursuant to	5038
this division, any period of limitations shall be considered to	5039
be tolled for the period beginning when the original affidavit	5040
was filed and ending upon reinstatement.	5041
(D) In any claim in which the liability insurer of the	5042
provider in question is found by the reviewing health care	5043
provider to have knowingly filed a false or inaccurate affidavit	5044
of noninvolvement, the reviewing health care provider shall	5045
request that the health care professional standards board or	5046
other appropriate disciplinary board impose upon the person who	5047
signed the affidavit or represented the provider, or both, an	5048
appropriate sanction. An appropriate sanction may include an	5049
order to pay to other parties to the claim the amount of the	5050
reasonable expenses that the parties incurred as a result of the	5051
filing of the false or inaccurate affidavit, including	5052
<pre>reasonable attorney's fees.</pre>	5053
(E) In any claim in which the reviewing health care	5054
provider determines that a party falsely objected to a liability	5055
insurer's affidavit of noninvolvement or knowingly provided an	5056
inaccurate statement regarding such an affidavit, the reviewing	5057
health care provider shall request the appropriate authority to	5058
impose upon the party or the party's counsel, or both, an	5059
appropriate sanction. An appropriate sanction may include an	5060
order to pay to the other parties to the claim the amount of the	5061
reasonable expenses that the parties incurred as a result of the	5062
submission of the false objection or inaccurate statement,	5063
<pre>including reasonable attorney's fees.</pre>	5064
Sec. 3965.43. (A) No individual shall be considered	5065

competent to give expert testimony on the liability or	5066
compensation issues in a chiropractic, dental, medical, or	5067
optometric claim filed under this chapter, unless all of the	5068
following apply to the individual:	5069
(1) The individual is licensed to practice the applicable	5070
profession by the appropriate agency in this state or any other	5071
state.	5072
(2) The individual devotes three-fourths of the	5073
individual's professional time to the active clinical practice	5074
or to instruction in an accredited university in the applicable	5075
<pre>subject area.</pre>	5076
(3) The individual practices in the same or a	5077
substantially similar specialty as the provider listed in the	5078
<pre>claim filed under this chapter.</pre>	5079
(4) If the person is certified in a specialty, the person	5080
must be certified by a nationally recognized board, as	5081
determined by the administrator of medical injury compensation,	5082
in a specialty having acknowledged expertise and training	5083
directly related to the particular health care matter at issue.	5084
(B) For purposes of division (A)(3) of this section, a	5085
reviewing health care provider or medical injury compensation	5086
panel shall not permit an expert in one medical specialty to	5087
testify against a provider in another medical specialty unless	5088
the expert shows both that the standards of care and practice in	5089
the two specialties are similar and that the expert has	5090
substantial familiarity between the specialties.	5091
(C) Nothing in division (A) of this section shall be	5092
construed to limit the power of the reviewing health care	5093
provider or panel to adjudge the testimony of any expert witness	5094

incompetent on any other ground.	5095
(D) Nothing in division (A) of this section shall be	5096
construed to limit the power of the reviewing health care	5097
provider or a panel to allow the testimony of any other witness,	5098
on a matter unrelated to the liability or compensation issues in	5099
the chiropractic, dental, medical, or optometric claim, when	5100
that testimony is relevant to the claim involved.	5101
Sec. 3965.44. Each member of a medical injury compensation	5102
panel and employees of the medical injury compensation center	5103
designated by the administrator of medical injury compensation,	5104
for the purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3967. of the	5105
Revised Code, may administer oaths, certify to official acts,	5106
take testimony or depositions, conduct hearings, inquiries, and	5107
investigations, issue subpoenas, and compel the attendance of	5108
witnesses and the production of books, accounts, papers,	5109
records, documents, evidence, and testimony.	5110
In claims filed before a medical injury compensation panel	5111
or the medical injury compensation center by an individual and	5112
the dependents of a deceased individual on account of injury or	5113
death sustained by the individual in the course of the	5114
diagnosis, care, or treatment of the individual, a panel, a	5115
reviewing health care provider or the center may cause	5116
depositions of witnesses residing within or without the state to	5117
be taken in the manner prescribed by law for the taking of	5118
depositions in civil actions in the court of common pleas.	5119
Sec. 3965.45. A transcribed copy of the evidence and	5120
proceedings, or any specific part thereof, or any investigation,	5121
by a stenographer appointed by the medical injury compensation	5122
center, that is certified by that stenographer to be a true and	5123
correct transcript of the testimony on the investigation or of a	5124

particular witness, or of a specific part of that testimony,	5125
carefully compared by the stenographer with the stenographer's	5126
original notes, and to be a correct statement of the evidence	5127
and proceedings had on that investigation so purporting to be	5128
taken and subscribed, may be received in evidence by a medical	5129
injury compensation panel with the same effect as if the	5130
stenographer were present and testified to the facts so	5131
certified. A copy of the transcript shall be furnished on demand	5132
to any party upon the payment of the fee therefor as provided	5133
for transcript in courts of common pleas.	5134
Sec. 3965.46. If any person fails to comply with a	5135
subpoena issued by or an order of a medical injury compensation	5136
panel or the administrator of medical injury compensation, or on	5137
the refusal of a witness to testify to any matter regarding	5138
which the witness may be lawfully interrogated, the probate	5139
judge of the county in which the person resides, on application	5140
of any member of the panel, the reviewing health care provider,	5141
or the administrator, shall compel obedience by attachment	5142
proceedings as for contempt, as in the case of disobedience of	5143
the requirements of subpoena issued from that court on a refusal	5144
to testify therein.	5145
Sec. 3965.47. Each officer who serves a subpoena issued	5146
under section 3965.44 of the Revised Code shall receive the same	5147
fees as a sheriff. Each witness who appears, in obedience to a	5148
subpoena, before a medical injury compensation panel, the	5149
administrator of medical injury compensation, or any inspector	5150
or examiner of the commission or administrator, shall receive	5151
the fees and mileage provided for under section 119.094 of the	5152
Revised Code. The fees shall be paid from the medical injury	5153
compensation center operating fund on the approval of the	5154
administrator. No witness subpoenaed at the instance of a party	5155

other than the persons listed in this section is entitled to	5156
compensation under this section unless the administrator	5157
certifies that the witness's testimony was material to the	5158
matter investigated.	5159
Sec. 3965.50. (A) Except as otherwise provided in section	5160
3965.54 of the Revised Code, each individual who suffers an	5161
injury arising out of the following events is entitled to	5162
compensation under this chapter and Chapter 3967. of the Revised	5163
Code, if it is determined that clear and convincing evidence	5164
does not exist that the provider did not breach the medical_	5165
standard of care applicable to the claim:	5166
(1) The chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment of the	5167
individual;	5168
(2) The dental diagnosis, care, or treatment of the	5169
individual;	5170
(3) The medical diagnosis, care, or treatment of the	5171
individual;	5172
(4) The optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment of the	5173
individual.	5174
(B) A dependent of an individual whose death arises out of	5175
the services described under division (A)(1), (2), (3), or (4)	5176
of this section is entitled to compensation under this chapter	5177
and Chapter 3967. of the Revised Code if it is determined that	5178
clear and convincing evidence does not exist that the provider	5179
did not breach the medical standard of care applicable to the	5180
claim.	5181
Sec. 3965.51. (A) The right of an individual or the	5182
individual's dependents to compensation under this chapter is	5183
the exclusive remedy against a provider or the provider's	5184

liability insurer for any injury or death arising from any of	5185
<pre>the following:</pre>	5186
(1) The chiropractic diagnosis, care, or treatment of the	5187
<pre>individual;</pre>	5188
(2) The dental diagnosis, care, or treatment of the	5189
<pre>individual;</pre>	5190
(3) The medical diagnosis, care, or treatment of the	5191
<pre>individual;</pre>	5192
(4) The optometric diagnosis, care, or treatment of the	5193
individual.	5194
(B) Payment to an injured individual, or to the	5195
individual's dependents in case death has ensued, is in lieu of	5196
any and all rights of action against the provider who rendered	5197
the services described in division (A) of this section.	5198
(C) This section shall apply to any action brought against	5199
a provider by the health insurer of an individual, the employer	5200
of the individual, or any other person related to the injury	5201
that is the subject of the claim.	5202
Sec. 3965.52. Payments of compensation to a claimant or on	5203
behalf of a claimant as a result of any order issued under this	5204
chapter or Chapter 3967. of the Revised Code shall commence	5205
thirty days after the earlier of the following:	5206
(A) Fourteen days after the date the reviewing health care	5207
provider issues an order under section 3965.41 of the Revised	5208
<pre>Code, unless that order is appealed;</pre>	5209
(B) The date when the liability insurer of the provider	5210
listed in the claim has waived the right to appeal a decision	5211
issued under section 3965.41 of the Revised Code;	5212

(C) If no appeal of an order has been filed under Chapter	5213
3967. of the Revised Code, the expiration of the time	5214
limitations for the filing of an appeal of an order;	5215
(D) The date of receipt by the liability insurer of the	5216
provider listed in the claim of an order of a medical injury	5217
compensation panel issued under section 3967.15 of the Revised	5218
Code, unless a stay is ordered by a court of appropriate	5219
jurisdiction.	5220
Sec. 3965.54. Compensation awarded under this chapter and	5221
Chapter 3967. of the Revised Code that is awarded prior to the	5222
confinement of a claimant in any state or federal correctional	5223
institution, or in any county jail in lieu of incarceration in a	5224
state or federal correctional institution, whether in this or	5225
any other state for conviction of violation of any state or	5226
federal criminal law is not payable to a claimant during the	5227
period of confinement.	5228
Any compensation awarded to a claimant during a period of	5229
such confinement shall be subject to sections 2969.21 to 2969.27	5230
of the Revised Code. A claim filed under this chapter shall be	5231
considered a civil action for purposes of those sections.	5232
Sec. 3965.59. (A) The administrator of medical injury	5233
<pre>compensation shall do all of the following:</pre>	5234
(1) Implement a program of impairment evaluation training	5235
for chiropractors, dentists, physicians, optometrists, and	5236
related professionals employed by the medical injury	5237
<pre>compensation center;</pre>	5238
(2) Issue a policy manual covering impairment evaluation	5239
so as to increase consistency of medical reports;	5240
(3) Develop a method of peer review of reports prepared by	5241

center referral chiropractors, dentists, physicians,	5242
optometrists, and related professionals;	5243
(4) Issue a policy manual as to the basis upon which	5244
referrals to other than center specialists will be made;	5245
(5) Designate two hearing examiners and two staff members	5246
who shall be specially trained in medical-legal analysis;	5247
mio silan so specially charica in medical negation and year.	0217
(6) Require that prior to any examination a physician to	5248
whom a claimant is referred for examination receives all	5249
necessary medical information in the claim file about the	5250
claimant and a complete statement as to the purpose of the	5251
<pre>examination.</pre>	5252
(B) The policy manual created under division (A)(2) of	5253
this section shall be available to the public at cost but shall	5254
be provided free to all chiropractors, dentists, physicians,	5255
optometrists, and related professionals who treat claimants or	5256
to whom claimants are referred for evaluation. The administrator	5257
shall take steps to ensure that the manual receives the widest	5258
possible distribution to chiropractors, dentists, physicians,	5259
optometrists, and related professionals.	5260
(C) With respect to division (A)(5) of this section, the	5261
specialists shall write evaluations of medical-legal problems	5262
upon assignment by a reviewing health care provider or a medical	5263
injury compensation panel. The director of administrative	5264
services upon the advice of the administrator shall assign such	5265
employees to a salary schedule commensurate with expertise	5266
required of them.	5267
(D) The administrator may establish a medical section	5268
within the center to perform the duties assigned to the	5269
administrator under this section.	5270

Sec. 3965.60. (A) An actuary appointed by the	5271
administrator of medical injury compensation pursuant to section	5272
3965.41 of the Revised Code shall take the following factors	5273
into account when determining the amount of compensation awarded	5274
under this chapter or Chapter 3967. of the Revised Code:	5275
(1) All wages, salaries, or other compensation lost as a	5276
result of an injury, death, or loss to person or property that	5277
is a subject of a medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic	5278
<pre>claim;</pre>	5279
(2) All expenditures for medical care or treatment,	5280
rehabilitation services, or other care, treatment, services,	5281
products, or accommodations as a result of an injury, death, or	5282
loss to person or property that is a subject of a medical,	5283
dental, optometric, or chiropractic claim;	5284
(3) Any other expenditures incurred as a result of an	5285
injury, death, or loss to person or property that is a subject	5286
of a medical, dental, optometric, or chiropractic claim, other	5287
than attorney's fees incurred in connection with that action;	5288
(4) With respect to a derivative claim, any nonpecuniary	5289
harm that results from an injury, death, or loss to person or	5290
property that is a subject of a medical, dental, optometric, or	5291
chiropractic claim, including pain and suffering, loss of	5292
society, consortium, companionship, care, assistance, attention,	5293
protection, advice, guidance, counsel, instruction, training,	5294
education, disfigurement, mental anguish, and any other	5295
<pre>intangible loss.</pre>	5296
(B) Except as provided in division (F) of section 3967.20	5297
of the Revised Code, compensation awarded under this chapter or	5298
Chapter 3967. of the Revised Code shall be reduced pursuant to	5299

division (C) of this section.	5300
(C)(1) The administrator shall have an actuary calculate	5301
the compensation modifier used in this section. To calculate the	5302
compensation modifier, the actuary shall do all of the	5303
<pre>following:</pre>	5304
(a) Not later than one year after the effective date of	5305
<pre>this section:</pre>	5306
(i) Determine the total cost of medical malpractice claims	5307
and services related to those claims during the two years	5308
immediately preceding the date on which the actuary makes the	5309
<pre>determination;</pre>	5310
(ii) Determine the projected total cost of medical	5311
malpractice claims and services related to those claims, during	5312
the two years immediately following the date on which the	5313
actuary makes the determination, and adjust those amounts to	5314
eliminate any increased cost due solely to inflation, in	5315
accordance with rules adopted by the administrator;	5316
(iii) If the amount determined in division (C)(1)(a)(ii)	5317
of this section is greater than the amount determined in	5318
division (C)(1)(a)(i) of this section, divide the lesser amount	5319
by the greater amount and report the quotient to the	5320
administrator. If the amount determined in division (C)(1)(a)	5321
(ii) of this section is less than the amount determined in	5322
division (C)(1)(a)(i) of this section, report the number one to	5323
the administrator.	5324
(b) Not earlier than two years or later than three years	5325
after the effective date of this section:	5326
(i) Determine the projected total costs of medical_	5327
malpractice claims and services related to those claims during	5328

the three calendar years immediately preceding the date on which	5329
the actuary makes the determination;	5330
(ii) Determine the projected total costs of medical	5331
malpractice claims and services related to those claims during	5332
the three calendar years immediately following the date on which	5333
the actuary makes this determination and adjust those amounts to	5334
eliminate any increased cost due solely to inflation, in	5335
accordance with rules adopted by the administrator;	5336
(iii) If the amount determined in division (C)(1)(b)(ii)	5337
of this section is greater than the amount determined in	5338
division (C)(1)(b)(i) of this section, divide the lesser amount	5339
by the greater amount and report the quotient to the	5340
administrator. If the amount determined in division (C)(1)(b)	5341
(ii) of this section is less than the amount determined in	5342
division (C)(1)(b)(i) of this section, report the number one to	5343
the administrator.	5344
(c) Not earlier than four years or later than five years	5345
after the effective date of this section, and every five years	5346
<pre>thereafter:</pre>	5347
(i) Determine the total cost of medical malpractice claims	5348
and services related to those claims during the five years	5349
immediately preceding the date on which the actuary makes the	5350
<pre>determination;</pre>	5351
(ii) Determine the projected total costs of medical_	5352
malpractice claims and services related to those claims during	5353
the five calendar years immediately following the date the	5354
administrator requests the determination and adjust those	5355
amounts to eliminate any increased cost due solely to inflation,	5356
in accordance with rules adopted by the administrator;	5357

(iii) If the amount determined in division (C)(1)(c)(ii)	5358
of this section is greater than the amount determined in	5359
division (C)(1)(c)(i) of this section, divide the lesser amount	5360
by the greater amount and report the quotient to the	5361
administrator. If the amount determined in division (C)(1)(c)	5362
(ii) of this section is less than the amount determined in	5363
division (C)(1)(c)(i) of this section, report the number one to	5364
the administrator.	5365
(2) An amount reported to the administrator under division	5366
(C) (1) of this section shall be the compensation modifier in	5367
effect for the period beginning on the first day of July	5368
immediately following the date the actuary reports the amount to	5369
the administrator and ending immediately after another	5370
compensation modifier takes effect pursuant to this section.	5371
(3) A reviewing health care provider or panel shall	5372
multiply the compensation awarded by the compensation modifier.	5373
The result shall be the amount of compensation to be paid for	5374
that claim.	5375
Sec. 3965.70. (A) The liability insurer of a provider	5376
listed in a claim filed under this chapter or the individual who	5377
filed the claim may file an application with the administrator	5378
of medical injury compensation for approval of a final	5379
settlement of a claim under this chapter. The application shall	5380
include the settlement agreement, and except as otherwise	5381
specified in this division, be signed by the claimant and the	5382
liability insurer, and clearly set forth the circumstances by	5383
reason of which the proposed settlement is considered desirable	5384
and that the parties agree to the terms of the settlement	5385
agreement.	5386
A claimant may file an application without a liability	5387

insurer's signature if the insurer is no longer doing business	5388
in this state. If a claimant files an application without a	5389
liability insurer's signature, and the insurer still is doing	5390
business in this state, the administrator shall send written	5391
notice of the application to the insurer immediately upon	5392
receipt of the application. If the liability insurer fails to	5393
respond to the notice within thirty days after the notice is	5394
sent, the application need not contain the liability insurer's	5395
signature.	5396
If a liability insurer or an individual has not filed an	5397
application for a final settlement under this division, the	5398
administrator may file an application on behalf of the liability	5399
insurer or the individual, provided that the administrator gives	5400
notice of the filing to the insurer and the individual and to	5401
the representative of record of the insurer and of the	5402
individual immediately upon the filing. An application filed by	5403
the administrator shall contain all of the information and	5404
signatures required of a liability insurer or an individual who	5405
files an application under this division.	5406
(B) Except as provided in divisions (C) and (D) of this	5407
section, a settlement agreed to under this section is binding	5408
upon all parties to it and as to items and injuries to which the	5409
settlement applies.	5410
(C)(1) No settlement agreed to under division (A) of this	5411
section shall take effect until thirty days after the	5412
administrator approves the settlement. During the thirty-day	5413
period, the liability insurer, individual, or administrator may	5414
withdraw consent to the settlement by:	5415
(a) A liability insurer providing written notice to the	5416
individual and the administrator;	5417

(b) An individual providing written notice to the	5418
liability insurer and the administrator;	5419
(c) The administrator providing written notice to the	5420
liability insurer and individual.	5421
(2) If an individual dies during the thirty-day waiting	5422
period following the approval of a settlement, the settlement	5423
can be voided by any party for good cause shown.	5424
(D) At the time of agreement to any final settlement	5425
	5426
agreement under division (A) of this section, the administrator	
immediately shall send a copy of the agreement to the reviewing	5427
health care provider who determined that the claim is	5428
compensable under this chapter. The reviewing health care	5429
provider shall determine, within the time limitations specified	5430
in division (C) of this section, whether the settlement	5431
agreement is or is not a gross miscarriage of justice. If the	5432
reviewing health care provider determines within that time	5433
period that the settlement agreement is clearly unfair, the	5434
reviewing health care provider shall issue an order disapproving	5435
the settlement agreement. If the reviewing health care provider	5436
determines that the settlement agreement is not clearly unfair	5437
or fails to act within those time limits, the settlement	5438
agreement is approved.	5439
(E) A settlement entered into under this section may	5440
pertain to one or more claims of a claimant, or one or more	5441
parts of a claim, or the compensation pertaining to either, or	5442
any combination thereof. Nothing in this section shall be	5443
interpreted to require a claimant to enter into a settlement	5444
agreement for each claim that has been filed with the medical	5445
injury compensation center by that claimant under this chanter	5446

(F) A settlement entered into under this section is not	5447
appealable under sections 3967.10 to 3967.15 or 3967.20 of the	5448
Revised Code.	5449
Sec. 3965.71. Notwithstanding section 2315.21 of Revised	5450
Code, no punitive damages shall be awarded for any claim filed	5451
under this chapter or any appeal filed under Chapter 3967. of	5452
the Revised Code.	5453
Sec. 3965.75. (A) In determining the percentage of	5454
compensatory conduct attributable to a party in a claim filed	5455
under this chapter, the reviewing health care provider who	5456
determined that a claim is compensable under this chapter shall	5457
hold a hearing, make findings of fact, and issue an order that	5458
shall specify all of the following:	5459
(1) The percentage of compensatory conduct that	5460
proximately caused the injury or death that is attributable to	5461
each provider listed in a claim filed under this chapter for the	5462
<pre>same injury or death;</pre>	5463
(2) The percentage of compensatory conduct that	5464
proximately caused the injury or death that is attributable to	5465
each provider the claimant did not list in a claim filed under	5466
this chapter for the same injury or death.	5467
(B) The sum of the percentages of compensatory conduct as	5468
determined pursuant to division (A) of this section shall equal	5469
one hundred per cent.	5470
(C) For purposes of division (A)(2) of this section, it is	5471
an affirmative defense for the liability insurer of each	5472
provider listed in a claim filed under this chapter that a	5473
specific, positive percentage of the compensatory conduct that	5474
proximately caused the injury or death is attributable to one or	5475

more persons the claimant did not list in a claim filed under	5476
this chapter for the same injury or death. Any liability insurer	5477
of a provider listed in a claim may raise an affirmative defense	5478
under this division at any time before the hearing regarding the	5479
compensability of the claim.	5480
Sec. 3965.76. (A) Except as otherwise provided in sections	5481
2307.25 to 2307.28 of the Revised Code, if one or more persons	5482
are jointly and severally liable in a claim filed under this	5483
chapter for the same injury or death, a right of contribution	5484
may exist even though judgment has not been recovered against	5485
all or any of them. The right of contribution exists only in	5486
favor of a liability insurer of a provider who has paid more	5487
than that liability insurer's proportionate share of the common	5488
liability, and that liability insurer's total recovery is	5489
limited to the amount paid by that liability insurer in excess	5490
of that liability insurer's proportionate share. No liability	5491
insurer may be compelled to make contribution beyond that	5492
provider's own proportionate share of the common liability.	5493
(B) A liability insurer who enters into a settlement with	5494
a claimant under section 3965.70 of the Revised Code is not	5495
entitled to contribution from another liability insurer whose	5496
liability for the injury or death is not extinguished by the	5497
settlement, or in respect to any amount paid in a settlement	5498
that is in excess of what is reasonable.	5499
(C) If a liability insurer by payment has discharged in	5500
full or in part the liability of a provider and has discharged	5501
in full by the payment its obligation as insurer, that insurer	5502
is subrogated to the provider's right of contribution to the	5503
extent of the amount it has paid in excess of the provider's	5504
proportionate share of the common liability. This division does	5505

not limit or impair any right of subrogation arising from any	5506
other relationship.	5507
(D) This section does not impair any right of indemnity	5508
under existing law. If one liability insurer of a provider	5509
listed in a claim is entitled to indemnity from another, the	5510
right of the indemnity obligee is for indemnity and not	5511
contribution, and the indemnity obligor is not entitled to	5512
contribution from the obligee for any portion of the indemnity	5513
obligation.	5514
(E) The proportionate shares of providers in the common	5515
liability shall be based upon their relative degrees of legal	5516
responsibility. If equity requires the collective liability of	5517
some as a group, the group shall constitute a single share, and	5518
principles of equity applicable to contribution generally shall	5519
apply.	5520
(F) Regardless of whether an order has been issued in a	5521
claim filed under this chapter that lists two or more providers	5522
for the same injury or death, contribution may be enforced by	5523
separate action filed in a court of appropriate jurisdiction.	5524
Sec. 3965.77. If an order that imposes joint and several	5525
liability has been issued in a claim filed under this chapter	5526
against one or more liability insurers for the same injury or	5527
death, contribution may be enforced in that claim by an order in	5528
favor of one against other liability insurers, by a court of	5529
appropriate jurisdiction. If there is a determination for the	5530
injury or death against the liability insurer seeking	5531
contribution, that liability insurer shall file a claim for	5532
contribution in a court of appropriate jurisdiction to enforce	5533
contribution within one year after the order has become final by	5534
lapse of time for appeal or after appellate review.	5535

If no determination is made for the injury or death	5536
against the liability insurer seeking contribution, that	5537
liability insurer's right of contribution is barred unless	5538
either of the following applies:	5539
(A) That liability insurer has discharged by payment the	5540
common liability within the statute of limitations period	5541
applicable to the claimant's right of action against the	5542
provider listed in the claim and has commenced that liability	5543
insurer's claim for contribution within one year after the	5544
payment.	5545
(B) That liability insurer has agreed while a claim is	5546
pending against that liability insurer to discharge the common	5547
liability and has paid within one year after the agreement the	5548
common liability and commenced that liability insurer's claim	5549
for contribution.	5550
Sec. 3965.78. The recovery of an order for an injury or	5551
death in a claim filed under this chapter against the liability	5552
insurer of one provider does not of itself discharge the	5553
liability insurers of other providers from liability for the	5554
injury or death unless the order is satisfied. The satisfaction	5555
of the order does not impair any right of contribution.	5556
Sec. 3965.80. (A) Sections 2305.23, 2305.231, 2305.234,	5557
and 2305.235 of the Revised Code apply to claims filed under	5558
this chapter.	5559
(B) Section 2317.54 of the Revised Code applies to a claim	5560
filed under this chapter.	5561
Sec. 3967.01. (A) The definitions located in section	5562
3965.01 of the Revised Code apply to this chapter.	5563
(B) As used in the Revised Code, "medical injury	5564

compensation panel" means a panel established pursuant to	5565
section 3967.02 of the Revised Code.	5566
Sec. 3967.02. For the purpose of hearing an appeal of a	5567
claim filed under Chapter 3965. of the Revised Code, the	5568
administrator of medical injury compensation shall appoint a	5569
medical injury compensation panel consisting of providers. The	5570
administrator shall select the panel membership in the same	5571
manner as a reviewing health care provider is appointed under	5572
section 3965.40 of the Revised Code, except that the	5573
administrator may select a provider with a specialty based upon	5574
the nature of the claim. The reviewing health care provider who	5575
determined the compensability of a claim under Chapter 3965. of	5576
the Revised Code shall not serve as a member of a panel that is	5577
hearing the appeal of that claim. A provider selected to serve	5578
on the panel shall serve a term in accordance with section	5579
3965.40 of the Revised Code. The administrator, at the time a	5580
panel membership is selected, shall select one panel member to	5581
serve as chairperson of that panel. The chairperson, in	5582
consultation with the administrator, shall establish all hearing	5583
dates and times necessary for an appeal. The administrator shall	5584
provide administrative support and facilities for a panel to	5585
conduct its business. A majority of a panel constitutes a quorum	5586
to conduct business.	5587
Sec. 3967.03. The attorney general shall be the legal	5588
advisor for a medical injury compensation panel.	5589
Sec. 3967.05. A medical injury compensation panel shall	5590
have original jurisdiction over all appeals from a decision of a	5591
reviewing health care provider under section 3965.41 of the	5592
Revised Code and the determination of the amount of	5593
compensation, if any, awarded pursuant to that section. Members	5594

of a panel shall not engage in any other activity that	5595
interferes with their service on the panel during normal working	5596
hours.	5597
Sec. 3967.06. (A) The administrator of medical injury	5598
compensation shall adopt rules as to the conduct of all hearings	5599
before a medical injury compensation panel and the rendering of	5600
a decision. The administrator shall focus these rules on	5601
managing, directing, and otherwise ensuring a fair, equitable,	5602
and uniform hearing process. These rules shall provide for at	5603
<u>least the following steps and procedures:</u>	5604
(1) Adequate notice to all parties and their	5605
representatives to ensure that no hearing is conducted unless	5606
all parties have the opportunity to be present and to present	5607
evidence and arguments in support of their positions or in	5608
rebuttal to the evidence or arguments of other parties;	5609
(2) A public hearing;	5610
(3) Written decisions;	5611
(4) Impartial assignment of members of a panel and	5612
assignment of appeals from a decision of a reviewing health care	5613
<pre>provider to a panel;</pre>	5614
(5) Publication of a docket;	5615
(6) The securing of the attendance or testimony of	5616
witnesses;	5617
(7) Prehearing rules, including rules relative to	5618
discovery, the taking of depositions, and exchange of	5619
information relevant to a claim prior to the conduct of a	5620
<pre>hearing;</pre>	5621
(8) The issuance of orders by the panel that renders the	5622

decision.	5623
(B) Each decision by a panel shall be in writing and	5624
<pre>contain all of the following elements:</pre>	5625
(1) A concise statement of the order or award;	5626
(2) A notation as to notice provided and as to appearance	5627
of parties;	5628
(3) Signatures of each panel member on the original copy	5629
of the decision only, verifying the member's vote;	5630
(4) Description of the part of the body and nature of the	5631
disability recognized in the claim.	5632
(C) The administrator shall adopt rules that ensure that	5633
no panel hears a claim unless all interested and affected	5634
parties have the opportunity to be present and to present	5635
evidence and arguments in support of their positions or in	5636
rebuttal to the evidence or arguments of other parties.	5637
(D) All matters that, at the request of one of the parties_	5638
or on the initiative of the administrator and any panel member,	5639
are to be expedited shall be given at least forty-eight hours'	5640
notice and a public hearing and shall include a statement in any	5641
order issued of the circumstances that justified an expeditious	5642
hearing.	5643
(E) All hearings held by a panel shall be public with	5644
adequate notice, including, if necessary, notice to the	5645
claimant, the provider's liability insurer, their	5646
representatives, and the administrator. Confidentiality of	5647
medical evidence presented at a hearing does not constitute a	5648
sufficient ground to relieve the requirement of a public	5649
hearing, but the presentation of privileged or confidential	5650

evidence shall not create any greater right of public inspection	5651
of evidence than presently exists.	5652
(F) The administrator shall compile all of each panel's	5653
original memoranda, orders, and decisions in a journal and make	5654
the journal available to the public with sufficient indexing to	5655
allow orderly review of documents. The journal shall indicate	5656
the vote of each panel member.	5657
(G)(1) All original orders, rules, memoranda, and	5658
decisions of a panel shall contain the signatures of two of the	5659
three panel members and state whether the order, rule,	5660
memorandum, or decision was adopted at a meeting of the panel or	5661
by circulation to individual panel members. Any facsimile or	5662
secretarial signature, initials of panel members, and any	5663
printed record of the "yes" and "no" vote of a panel member on	5664
that original is invalid.	5665
(2) Written copies of final decisions of reviewing health	5666
care providers or panel members that are mailed to the	5667
administrator, claimant, provider, the provider's liability	5668
insurer, and their respective representatives need not contain	5669
the signatures of the panel members if the panel members have	5670
complied with divisions (B)(3) and (G)(1) of this section.	5671
(H) The administrator shall appoint an individual as a	5672
hearing officer trainer who is in the unclassified civil service	5673
of the state and who serves at the pleasure of the	5674
administrator. The trainer shall be an attorney admitted to the	5675
practice of law in this state and have experience in training or	5676
education, and the ability to furnish the necessary training for	5677
reviewing health care providers and panel members. The hearing	5678
officer trainer shall develop and periodically update a training	5679
manual and any other training materials and courses as will	5680

adequately prepare reviewing health care providers and panel	5681
members for their duties under this chapter and Chapter 3965. of	5682
the Revised Code. All reviewing health care providers and panel	5683
members shall undergo the training courses developed by the	5684
hearing officer trainer, the cost of which the administrator	5685
shall pay. The administrator shall make the hearing manual and	5686
all revisions thereto available to the public at cost. The	5687
administrator shall have the final right of approval over all	5688
training manuals, courses, and other materials the hearing	5689
officer trainer develops and updates.	5690
(I) The administrator shall appoint a hearing	5691
administrator, who shall be in the classified civil service of	5692
the state, and sufficient support personnel for each hearing	5693
administrator. The support personnel shall be under the direct	5694
supervision of the hearing administrator. The hearing	5695
administrator shall do all of the following:	5696
(1) Provide information to requesting parties or their	5697
representatives on the status of their claim;	5698
(2) Issue compliance letters, upon a finding of good cause	5699
and without a formal hearing in all of the following areas:	5700
(a) Requests for the taking of depositions of medical	5701
injury compensation center physicians;	5702
(b) The issuance of subpoenas;	5703
(c) The granting or denying of requests for continuances;	5704
(d) Matters involving section 3967.24 of the Revised Code;	5705
(e) Requests for conducting telephone prehearing	5706
conferences;	5707
(f) Any other matter that will cause a free exchange of	5708

information prior to the formal hearing.	5709
(3) Take the necessary steps to prepare a claim to proceed	5710
to a hearing where the parties agree and advise the hearing	5711
administrator that the claim is not ready for a hearing.	5712
(J) The administrator shall permit any person direct	5713
access to information contained in electronic data processing	5714
equipment regarding the status of a claim in the hearing	5715
process. The information shall indicate the number of days that	5716
the claim has been in process, the number of days the claim has	5717
-	5718
been in its current location, and the number of days in the	
current point of the process within that location.	5719
(K)(1) The administrator may establish an alternative	5720
dispute resolution process for claims that are within a panel's	5721
jurisdiction under this chapter when the administrator	5722
determines that such a process is necessary. The administrator	5723
may enter into personal service contracts with individuals who	5724
are qualified because of their education and experience to act	5725
as facilitators in the panel's alternative dispute resolution	5726
process.	5727
(2) The parties' use of the alternative dispute resolution	5728
process is voluntary, and requires the agreement of all	5729
necessary parties. The use of the alternative dispute resolution	5730
process does not alter the rights or obligations of the parties,	5731
nor does it delay the timelines set forth in sections 3967.10	5732
and 3967.15 of the Revised Code.	5733
(3) The administrator shall prepare reports every six_	5734
months and submit those reports to the governor, the president	5735
of the senate, and the speaker of the house of representatives	5736
describing all of the following:	5737

(a) The names of each facilitator employed under a	5738
<pre>personal service contract;</pre>	5739
(b) The hourly amount of money and the total amount of	5740
money paid to each facilitator;	5741
(c) The number of disputed issues resolved during that	5742
month by each facilitator;	5743
(d) The number of decisions of each facilitator that were	5744
appealed by a party;	5745
(e) A certification by the administrator that the	5746
alternative dispute resolution process did not delay any hearing	5747
timelines as set forth in sections 3967.10 and 3967.15 of the	5748
Revised Code for any disputed issue.	5749
(4) The administrator may adopt rules in accordance with	5750
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code for the administration of any	5751
alternative dispute resolution process that the administrator	5752
establishes.	5753
Sec. 3967.07. A reviewing health care provider or a	5754
medical injury compensation panel is not bound by the usual	5755
common law or statutory rules of evidence or by any technical or	5756
formal rules of procedure, other than as provided in this	5757
chapter and Chapter 3965. of the Revised Code. The provider or	5758
panel may make an investigation in such manner as in the	5759
provider's or panel's judgment is best calculated to ascertain	5760
the substantial rights of the parties and to carry out justly	5761
the spirit of those chapters.	5762
Sec. 3967.10. A liability insurer of a provider listed in	5763
a claim filed under Chapter 3965. of the Revised Code or a	5764
claimant may appeal an order issued pursuant to section 3965.41	5765
of the Revised Code within fourteen days after the date of the	5766

receipt of the order. The liability insurer of the provider and	5767
the claimant may waive, in writing, their rights to an appeal	5768
under this section. The administrator of medical injury	5769
compensation shall select a medical injury compensation panel in	5770
accordance with section 3967.02 of the Revised Code within	5771
twenty-eight days after receiving the appeal request. Each	5772
notice of an appeal from an order issued under section 3965.41	5773
of the Revised Code shall state the names of the claimant and	5774
the liability insurer of the provider listed in the claim, the	5775
number of the claim, the date of the decision appealed from, and	5776
the fact that the appellant appeals the order. Except as	5777
otherwise provided in section 3967.24 of the Revised Code, an	5778
appeal is timely filed under this section only if the appeal is	5779
filed within the time limits set forth in this section.	5780
Sec. 3967.11. A medical injury compensation panel shall	5781
hold a hearing within forty-five days after the last member of	5782
the panel is selected in accordance with section 3967.02 of the	5783
Revised Code. The administrator of medical injury compensation,	5784
on behalf of the panel, shall notify the parties and their	5785
representatives of the time and place of the hearing. All of the	5786
following apply to a hearing before a medical injury	5787
compensation panel:	5788
(A) The parties shall proceed promptly and without	5789
continuances except for good cause.	5790
(B) The parties, in good faith, shall engage in the free	5791
exchange of information relevant to the claim prior to the	5792
conduct of a hearing according to the rules the administrator	5793
adopts under section 3967.06 of the Revised Code.	5794
(C) A panel shall hear an appeal de novo and shall make a	5795
decision using the standard described in section 3965.41 of the	5796

Revised Code.	5797
Sec. 3967.12. The sessions of a medical injury	5798
compensation panel shall be open to the public and shall stand	5799
and be adjourned without further notice thereof on its record.	5800
All of the proceedings of a panel shall be shown on its record,	5801
which shall be a public record except as provided in section	5802
3965.24 of the Revised Code. All voting shall be had by calling	5803
the name of each member of the panel by the administrator of	5804
medical injury compensation, and each member's vote shall be	5805
recorded on the record of proceedings as cast. The administrator	5806
shall keep a separate record of each panel's proceedings	5807
relative to claims coming before it for compensation for injured	5808
individuals and the dependents of deceased individuals. That	5809
record shall contain the panel's findings and the award in each	5810
such claim for compensation considered by the panel, and in all	5811
such claims the panel shall state in the record the reasons for	5812
the allowance or rejection of the claim.	5813
Sec. 3967.13. A medical injury compensation panel_	5814
appointed to hear an appeal filed under this chapter may	5815
commission independent medical experts as the panel determines	5816
necessary to determine the compensability of the claim that is	5817
appealed. The panel shall comply with section 3965.43 of the	5818
Revised Code with respect to any expert witness commissioned by	5819
the panel.	5820
Sec. 3967.14. A claimant or the liability insurer of a	5821
provider listed in a claim filed under Chapter 3965. of the	5822
Revised Code, at a hearing before a medical injury compensation	5823
panel selected pursuant to this chapter, may each submit the	5824
<pre>following to the panel:</pre>	5825
(A) A statement regarding the claim;	5826

(B) An expert witness report.	5827
Sec. 3967.15. A medical injury compensation panel shall	5828
issue an order containing a decision within seven days after the	5829
conclusion of the hearing held pursuant to sections 3967.10 to	5830
3967.14 of the Revised Code. The panel shall notify the parties	5831
and their respective representatives in writing of the order.	5832
Except as otherwise provided in this chapter and Chapter 3965.	5833
of the Revised Code, any party may appeal an order issued under	5834
this section to the court pursuant to section 3967.20 of the	5835
Revised Code within sixty days after receipt of the order,	5836
subject to the limitations contained in that section.	5837
No panel shall review or consider as evidence in a claim	5838
under this chapter or Chapter 3965. of the Revised Code a	5839
determination made by the health care professional standards	5840
board under section 4746.04 of the Revised Code that a	5841
provider's acts or omissions constitute gross negligence or that	5842
a provider engaged in a pattern of negligent behavior over a	5843
short period of time.	5844
Sec. 3967.20. (A) A claimant or the liability insurer of a	5845
provider listed in a claim under Chapter 3965. of the Revised	5846
Code may appeal an order of the medical injury compensation	5847
panel made under section 3967.15 of the Revised Code in any	5848
injury case, other than a decision as to the extent of	5849
disability, to the court of common pleas of the county in which	5850
the injury was inflicted or in which the contract for services	5851
was made if the injury occurred outside the state. If no common	5852
pleas court has jurisdiction for the purposes of an appeal by	5853
the use of the jurisdictional requirements described in this	5854
division, the appellant may use the venue provisions in the	5855
Rules of Civil Procedure to vest jurisdiction in a court. The	5856

appellant shall file the notice of appeal with a court of common	5857
pleas within sixty days after the date of the receipt of the	5858
order that the appellant is appealing. The filing of the notice	5859
of the appeal with the court is the only act required to perfect	5860
the appeal.	5861
If an action has been commenced in a court of a county	5862
other than a court of a county having jurisdiction over the	5863
action, the court, upon notice by any party or upon its own	5864
motion, shall transfer the action to a court of a county having	5865
jurisdiction. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this	5866
section, if the panel determines under section 3967.24 of the	5867
Revised Code that a claimant, liability insurer, or their	5868
respective representatives have not received written notice of	5869
an order or decision that is appealable to a court under this	5870
section and if the panel determines under section 3967.24 of the	5871
Revised Code that the party is entitled to appeal, the party has	5872
sixty days from receipt of the order under section 3967.24 of	5873
the Revised Code to file a notice of appeal under this section.	5874
(B) The notice of appeal shall state the names of the	5875
claimant and the liability insurer of the provider listed in the	5876
claim, the number of the claim, the date of the order appealed	5877
from, and the fact that the appellant appeals therefrom. The	5878
liability insurer of the provider listed in the claim and the	5879
claimant shall be parties to the appeal and the court, upon the	5880
application of the panel, shall make the panel a party. The	5881
party filing the appeal shall serve a copy of the notice of	5882
appeal on the administrator of medical injury compensation at	5883
the central office of the medical injury compensation center in	5884
Columbus.	5885
(C) The attorney general or one or more of the attorney	5886

general's assistants or special counsel designated by the	5887
attorney general shall represent the panel. In the event the	5888
attorney general or the attorney general's designated assistants	5889
or special counsel are absent, the administrator shall select	5890
one or more of the attorneys in the employ of the administrator	5891
as the panel's attorney in the appeal. Any attorney so employed	5892
shall continue the representation during the entire period of	5893
the appeal and in all hearings thereof except where the	5894
continued representation becomes impractical.	5895
(D) Upon receipt of a notice of appeal, the clerk of	5896
courts shall provide notice to all parties who are appellees and	5897
to the panel. The appellant shall, within thirty days after the	5898
filing of the notice of appeal, file a petition containing a	5899
statement of facts in ordinary and concise language explaining	5900
why the claim is or is not a compensable claim and setting forth	5901
the basis for the jurisdiction of the court over the action.	5902
Further pleadings shall be had in accordance with the Rules of	5903
Civil Procedure. The clerk of the court shall, upon receipt	5904
thereof, transmit by certified mail a copy thereof to each party	5905
named in the notice of appeal other than the claimant. Any party	5906
may file with the clerk prior to the trial of the action a	5907
deposition of any physician taken in accordance with the	5908
provisions of the Revised Code. That deposition may be read in	5909
the trial of the action even though the physician is a resident	5910
of or subject to service in the county in which the trial is	5911
held. The administrator shall pay the cost of the stenographic	5912
deposition filed in court and of copies of the stenographic	5913
deposition for each party and charge the costs thereof against	5914
the unsuccessful party if the claimant's right to having a	5915
compensable claim is finally sustained or established in the	5916
appeal. In the event the deposition is taken and filed, the	5917

physician whose deposition is taken is not required to respond	5918
to any subpoena issued in the trial of the action. The court, or	5919
the jury under the instructions of the court, if a jury is	5920
demanded, shall determine the compensability of the claim upon	5921
the evidence adduced at the hearing of the action.	5922
(E) The court shall certify its decision to the panel and	5923
the certificate shall be entered in the records of the court.	5924
Appeals from the judgment are governed by the law applicable to	5925
the appeal of civil actions.	5926
(F) If a liability insurer appeals an order of the panel	5927
and the claimant's claim is determined to be compensable upon	5928
the final determination of the appeal, the award shall not be	5929
reduced by the compensation modifier under division (C) of	5930
section 3965.60 of the Revised Code.	5931
(G) If the finding of the court or the verdict of the jury	5932
is that the claim is compensable, the panel and the	5933
administrator shall thereafter proceed in the matter of the	5934
claim as if the judgment were the decision of the panel.	5935
(H) An appeal from an order issued under section 3967.15	5936
of the Revised Code or any action filed in court in a case in	5937
which an award of compensation has been made shall stay the	5938
payment of compensation under the award during the pendency of	5939
the appeal.	5940
(I) All actions and proceedings under this section that	5941
are the subject of an appeal to the court of common pleas or the	5942
court of appeals shall be preferred over all other civil actions	5943
except election causes, regardless of position on the calendar.	5944
Sec. 3967.23. In the case of an appeal by a liability	5945
insurer of a provider listed in a claim filed under Chapter	5946

3965. of the Revised Code to a medical injury compensation panel	5947
selected under section 3965.40 of the Revised Code or to a court	5948
of common pleas, if upon deciding the appeal the panel or the	5949
court finds that the liability insurer appealed for the purpose	5950
of delay or other vexatious reason and without reasonable	5951
ground, the panel or the court may assess against the liability	5952
insurer attorney's fees and a sum not exceeding ten per cent of	5953
the total amount of the award in question as may be reasonable	5954
in the circumstances.	5955
Sec. 3967.24. A claimant, the liability insurer of a	5956
provider listed in a claim filed under Chapter 3965. of the	5957
Revised Code, and their respective representatives are entitled	5958
to written notice of any hearing, determination, order, award,	5959
or decision under this chapter. A claimant or insurer is	5960
considered not to have received notice until the notice is	5961
received from the panel or the administrator by both the	5962
claimant and the claimant's representative of record and by the	5963
insurer.	5964
If any person to whom a notice is mailed fails to receive	5965
the notice and if the panel, upon hearing, determines that the	5966
failure was due to cause beyond the control and without the	5967
fault or neglect of the person or the person's representative	5968
and that the person or representative did not have actual	5969
knowledge of the import of the information contained in the	5970
notice, the person may take the action afforded to the person	5971
within twenty-one days after the receipt of the notice of the	5972
determination of the panel. Delivery of the notice to the	5973
address of the person or the person's representative is prima	5974
facie evidence of receipt of the notice by the person.	5975
Sec. 3967.27. (A) The administrator of medical injury	5976

compensation may adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of	5977
the Revised Code to do both of the following:	5978
(1) Provide for the destruction of files of cases in which	5979
no further action may be taken;	5980
(2) Provide for the retention and destruction of all other	5981
records in the administrator's possession or under the	5982
administrator's control pursuant to section 121.211 and sections	5983
149.34 to 149.36 of the Revised Code.	5984
(B) The medical injury compensation center may purchase or	5985
rent required equipment for the document retention media, as	5986
determined necessary to preserve the records. Photographs,	5987
microphotographs, microfilm, films, or other direct document	5988
retention media, when properly identified, have the same effect	5989
as the original record and may be offered in like manner and may	5990
be received as evidence in proceedings before a medical injury	5991
compensation panel and in any court where the original record	5992
could have been introduced.	5993
Sec. 3967.32. (A) In any claim regarding a medical,	5994
dental, optometric, chiropractic, or derivative claim, the	5995
liability insurer of a provider listed in the claim may	5996
introduce evidence of any amount payable as a benefit to the	5997
claimant as a result of the damages that result from an injury,	5998
death, or loss to person or property that is the subject of the	5999
claim, except if the source of collateral benefits has a	6000
mandatory self-effectuating federal right of subrogation, a	6001
contractual right of subrogation, or a statutory right of	6002
subrogation.	6003
(B) If the liability insurer elects to introduce evidence	6004
described in division (A) of this section, the claimant may	6005

introduce evidence of any amount that the claimant has paid or	6006
contributed to secure the claimant's right to receive the	6007
benefits of which the liability insurer has introduced evidence.	6008
(C) A source of collateral benefits of which evidence is	6009
introduced pursuant to division (A) of this section shall not	6010
recover any amount against the claimant nor shall it be	6011
subrogated to the rights of the claimant against the liability	6012
insurer of a provider.	6013
Sec. 3967.40. No person, other than an attorney admitted	6014
to the practice of law in this state, who solicits claims or who	6015
causes claims to be solicited shall be allowed to practice, or	6016
represent parties, before a medical injury compensation panel.	6017
An attorney admitted to the practice of law in this state shall	6018
comply with the rules of professional conduct adopted by the	6019
supreme court.	6020
Sec. 3967.42. (A) As used in this section:	6021
(1) "False" means wholly or partially untrue or deceptive.	6022
(2) "Goods" includes medical supplies, appliances,	6023
rehabilitative equipment, and any other apparatus or furnishing	6024
provided or used in the care, treatment, or rehabilitation of a	6025
claimant.	6026
(3) "Services" includes any service provided by any health	6027
care provider to a claimant and any and all services provided by	6028
the center or a liability insurer as part of liability insurance	6029
coverage.	6030
(4) "Remuneration" includes wages, commissions, rebates,	6031
and any other reward or consideration.	6032
(5) "Statement" includes any oral, written, electronic,	6033

electronic impulse, or magnetic communication notice, letter,	6034
memorandum, receipt for payment, invoice, account, financial	6035
statement, or bill for services; a diagnosis, prognosis,	6036
prescription, hospital, medical, or dental chart or other	6037
record; and a computer-generated document.	6038
(6) "Records" means any medical, professional, financial,	6039
or business record relating to the treatment or care of any	6040
person, to goods or services provided to any person, or to rates	6041
paid for goods or services provided to any person, or any record	6042
that the administrator of medical injury compensation requires	6043
pursuant to rule.	6044
(B) No person, with purpose to defraud or knowing that the	6045
person is facilitating a fraud, shall do any of the following:	6046
(1) Receive compensation under this chapter or Chapter	6047
3965. of the Revised Code to which the person is not entitled;	6048
(2) Make or present or cause to be made or presented a	6049
false or misleading statement with the purpose to secure payment	6050
for goods or services rendered under this chapter or Chapter	6051
3965. of the Revised Code or to secure compensation under those	6052
<pre>chapters;</pre>	6053
(3) Alter, falsify, destroy, conceal, or remove any record	6054
or document that is necessary to fully establish the validity of	6055
any claim filed with, or necessary to establish the nature and	6056
validity of all goods and services for which reimbursement or	6057
payment was received or is requested from, the medical injury	6058
compensation center or a liability insurer under this chapter or	6059
Chapter 3965. of the Revised Code;	6060
(4) Enter into an agreement or conspiracy to defraud the	6061
center or insurer by making or presenting or causing to be made	6062

or presented a false claim for compensation.	6063
(C) Whoever violates this section is quilty of medical	6064
injury compensation fraud.	6065
(D) Upon application of the governmental body that	6066
conducted the investigation and prosecution of a violation of	6067
this section, the court shall order the person who is convicted	6068
of the violation to pay the governmental body its costs of	6069
investigating and prosecuting the case. These costs are in	6070
addition to any other costs or penalty provided in the Revised	6071
Code or any other section of law.	6072
(E) The remedies and penalties provided in this section	6073
are not exclusive remedies and penalties and do not preclude the	6074
use of any other criminal or civil remedy or penalty for any act	6075
that is in violation of this section.	6076
Sec. 3967.99. Except as otherwise provided in this	6077
section, a violation of division (B) of section 3967.42 of the	6078
section, a violation of division (B) of section 3967.42 of the Revised Code is a misdemeanor of the first degree. If the value	6078 6079
Revised Code is a misdemeanor of the first degree. If the value	6079
Revised Code is a misdemeanor of the first degree. If the value of the goods, services, property, or money stolen is one	6079 6080
Revised Code is a misdemeanor of the first degree. If the value of the goods, services, property, or money stolen is one thousand dollars or more and is less than seven thousand five	6079 6080 6081
Revised Code is a misdemeanor of the first degree. If the value of the goods, services, property, or money stolen is one thousand dollars or more and is less than seven thousand five hundred dollars, the violation is a felony of the fifth degree.	6079 6080 6081 6082
Revised Code is a misdemeanor of the first degree. If the value of the goods, services, property, or money stolen is one thousand dollars or more and is less than seven thousand five hundred dollars, the violation is a felony of the fifth degree. If the value of the goods, services, property, or money stolen	6079 6080 6081 6082 6083
Revised Code is a misdemeanor of the first degree. If the value of the goods, services, property, or money stolen is one thousand dollars or more and is less than seven thousand five hundred dollars, the violation is a felony of the fifth degree. If the value of the goods, services, property, or money stolen is seven thousand five hundred dollars or more and is less than	6079 6080 6081 6082 6083
Revised Code is a misdemeanor of the first degree. If the value of the goods, services, property, or money stolen is one thousand dollars or more and is less than seven thousand five hundred dollars, the violation is a felony of the fifth degree. If the value of the goods, services, property, or money stolen is seven thousand five hundred dollars or more and is less than one hundred fifty thousand dollars, the violation is a felony of	6079 6080 6081 6082 6083 6084
Revised Code is a misdemeanor of the first degree. If the value of the goods, services, property, or money stolen is one thousand dollars or more and is less than seven thousand five hundred dollars, the violation is a felony of the fifth degree. If the value of the goods, services, property, or money stolen is seven thousand five hundred dollars or more and is less than one hundred fifty thousand dollars, the violation is a felony of the fourth degree. If the value of the goods, services,	6079 6080 6081 6082 6083 6084 6085
Revised Code is a misdemeanor of the first degree. If the value of the goods, services, property, or money stolen is one thousand dollars or more and is less than seven thousand five hundred dollars, the violation is a felony of the fifth degree. If the value of the goods, services, property, or money stolen is seven thousand five hundred dollars or more and is less than one hundred fifty thousand dollars, the violation is a felony of the fourth degree. If the value of the goods, services, property, or money stolen is one hundred fifty thousand dollars	6079 6080 6081 6082 6083 6084 6085 6086
Revised Code is a misdemeanor of the first degree. If the value of the goods, services, property, or money stolen is one thousand dollars or more and is less than seven thousand five hundred dollars, the violation is a felony of the fifth degree. If the value of the goods, services, property, or money stolen is seven thousand five hundred dollars or more and is less than one hundred fifty thousand dollars, the violation is a felony of the fourth degree. If the value of the goods, services, property, or money stolen is one hundred fifty thousand dollars or more, the violation of that section is a felony of the third	6079 6080 6081 6082 6083 6084 6085 6086 6087

disciplinary action by the state dental board for any of the	6092
following reasons:	6093
(1) Employing or cooperating in fraud or material	6094
deception in applying for or obtaining a license or certificate;	6095
(2) Obtaining or attempting to obtain money or anything of	6096
value by intentional misrepresentation or material deception in	6097
the course of practice;	6098
(3) Advertising services in a false or misleading manner	6099
or violating the <u>state dental</u> board's rules governing time,	6100
place, and manner of advertising;	6101
(4) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in this	6102
state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was	6103
committed;	6104
(5) Commission of an act in the course of practice that	6105
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	6106
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	6107
(6) Conviction of, a plea of guilty to, a judicial finding	6108
of guilt of, a judicial finding of guilt resulting from a plea	6109
of no contest to, or a judicial finding of eligibility for	6110
intervention in lieu of conviction for, any felony or of a	6111
misdemeanor committed in the course of practice;	6112
(7) Engaging in lewd or immoral conduct in connection with	6113
the provision of dental services;	6114
(8) Selling, prescribing, giving away, or administering	6115
drugs for other than legal and legitimate therapeutic purposes,	6116
or conviction of, a plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of	6117
guilt of, a judicial finding of guilt resulting from a plea of	6118
no contest to, or a judicial finding of eligibility for	6119

intervention in lieu of conviction for, a violation of any	6120
federal or state law regulating the possession, distribution, or	6121
use of any drug;	6122
(9) Providing or allowing dental hygienists, expanded	6123
function dental auxiliaries, or other practitioners of auxiliary	6124
dental occupations working under the certificate or license	6125
holder's supervision, or a dentist holding a temporary limited	6126
continuing education license under division (C) of section	6127
4715.16 of the Revised Code working under the certificate or	6128
license holder's direct supervision, to provide dental care that	6129
departs from or fails to conform to accepted standards for the	6130
profession, whether or not injury to a patient results;	6131
(10) Inability to practice under accepted standards of the	6132
profession because of physical or mental disability, dependence	6133
on alcohol or other drugs, or excessive use of alcohol or other	6134
drugs;	6135
(11) Violation of any provision of this chapter or any	6136
rule adopted thereunder;	6137
(12) Failure to use universal blood and body fluid	6138
precautions established by rules adopted under section 4715.03	6139
of the Revised Code;	6140
(13) Except as provided in division (H) of this section,	6141
either of the following:	6142
(a) Waiving the payment of all or any part of a deductible	6143
or copayment that a patient, pursuant to a health insurance or	6144
health care policy, contract, or plan that covers dental	6145
services, would otherwise be required to pay if the waiver is	6146
used as an enticement to a patient or group of patients to	6147
receive health care services from that certificate or license	6148

holder;	6149
(b) Advertising that the certificate or license holder	6150
will waive the payment of all or any part of a deductible or	6151
copayment that a patient, pursuant to a health insurance or	6152
health care policy, contract, or plan that covers dental	6153
services, would otherwise be required to pay.	6154
(14) Failure to comply with section 4715.302 or 4729.79 of	6155
the Revised Code, unless the state board of pharmacy no longer	6156
maintains a drug database pursuant to section 4729.75 of the	6157
Revised Code;	6158
(15) Any of the following actions taken by an agency	6159
responsible for authorizing, certifying, or regulating an	6160
individual to practice a health care occupation or provide	6161
health care services in this state or another jurisdiction, for	6162
any reason other than the nonpayment of fees: the limitation,	6163
revocation, or suspension of an individual's license to	6164
practice; acceptance of an individual's license surrender;	6165
denial of a license; refusal to renew or reinstate a license;	6166
imposition of probation; or issuance of an order of censure or	6167
other reprimand;	6168
(16) Failure to cooperate in an investigation conducted by	6169
the <u>state dental</u> board under division (D) of section 4715.03 of	6170
the Revised Code <u>or by the health care professional standards</u>	6171
board under section 4746.04 of the Revised Code, including	6172
failure to comply with a subpoena or order issued by the either	6173
board or failure to answer truthfully a question presented by	6174
the either board at a deposition or in written interrogatories,	6175
except that failure to cooperate with an investigation shall not	6176
constitute grounds for discipline under this section if a court	6177
of competent jurisdiction has issued an order that either	6178

quashes a subpoena or permits the individual to withhold the	6179
testimony or evidence in issue;	6180
(17) Failure to comply with the requirements in section	6181
3719.061 of the Revised Code before issuing to a minor a	6182
prescription for a controlled substance containing an opioid.	6183
(B) A manager, proprietor, operator, or conductor of a	6184
dental facility shall be subject to disciplinary action if any	6185
dentist, dental hygienist, expanded function dental auxiliary,	6186
or qualified personnel providing services in the facility is	6187
found to have committed a violation listed in division (A) of	6188
this section and the manager, proprietor, operator, or conductor	6189
knew of the violation and permitted it to occur on a recurring	6190
basis.	6191
(C) Subject to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the state	6192
<u>dental</u> board may take one or more of the following disciplinary	6193
actions if one or more of the grounds for discipline listed in	6194
divisions (A) and (B) of this section exist:	6195
(1) Censure the license or certificate holder;	6196
(2) Place the license or certificate on probationary	6197
status for such period of time the <u>state dental</u> board determines	6198
necessary and require the holder to:	6199
(a) Report regularly to the <u>state dental</u> board upon the	6200
matters which are the basis of probation;	6201
(b) Limit practice to those areas specified by the <u>state</u>	6202
<pre>dental_board;</pre>	6203
(c) Continue or renew professional education until a	6204
satisfactory degree of knowledge or clinical competency has been	6205
attained in specified areas.	6206

(3) Suspend the certificate or license;	6207
(4) Revoke the certificate or license.	6208
Where the state dental board places a holder of a license	6209
or certificate on probationary status pursuant to division (C)	6210
(2) of this section, the board may subsequently suspend or	6211
revoke the license or certificate if it determines that the	6212
holder has not met the requirements of the probation or	6213
continues to engage in activities that constitute grounds for	6214
discipline pursuant to division (A) or (B) of this section.	6215
Any order suspending a license or certificate shall state	6216
the conditions under which the license or certificate will be	6217
restored, which may include a conditional restoration during	6218
which time the holder is in a probationary status pursuant to	6219
division (C)(2) of this section. The state dental board shall	6220
restore the license or certificate unconditionally when such	6221
conditions are met.	6222
(D) If the physical or mental condition of an applicant or	6223
a license or certificate holder is at issue in a disciplinary	6224
proceeding, the <u>state dental</u> board may order the license or	6225
certificate holder to submit to reasonable examinations by an	6226
individual designated or approved by the board and at the	6227
board's expense. The physical examination may be conducted by	6228
any individual authorized by the Revised Code to do so,	6229
including a physician assistant, a clinical nurse specialist, a	6230
certified nurse practitioner, or a certified nurse-midwife. Any	6231
written documentation of the physical examination shall be	6232
completed by the individual who conducted the examination.	6233
Failure to comply with an order for an examination shall	6234
be grounds for refusal of a license or certificate or summary	6235

suspension of a license or certificate under division (E) of 6236 this section.

- (E) If a license or certificate holder has failed to 6238 comply with an order under division (D) of this section, the 6239 state dental board may apply to the court of common pleas of the 6240 county in which the holder resides for an order temporarily 6241 suspending the holder's license or certificate, without a prior 6242 hearing being afforded by the board, until the board conducts an 6243 adjudication hearing pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised 6244 6245 Code. If the court temporarily suspends a holder's license or certificate, the board shall give written notice of the 6246 suspension personally or by certified mail to the license or 6247 certificate holder. Such notice shall inform the license or 6248 certificate holder of the right to a hearing pursuant to Chapter 6249 119. of the Revised Code. 6250
- (F) Any holder of a certificate or license issued under 6251 this chapter who has pleaded quilty to, has been convicted of, 6252 or has had a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in 6253 lieu of conviction entered against the holder in this state for 6254 aggravated murder, murder, voluntary manslaughter, felonious 6255 assault, kidnapping, rape, sexual battery, gross sexual 6256 6257 imposition, aggravated arson, aggravated robbery, or aggravated burglary, or who has pleaded guilty to, has been convicted of, 6258 or has had a judicial finding of eligibility for treatment or 6259 intervention in lieu of conviction entered against the holder in 6260 another jurisdiction for any substantially equivalent criminal 6261 offense, is automatically suspended from practice under this 6262 chapter in this state and any certificate or license issued to 6263 the holder under this chapter is automatically suspended, as of 6264 the date of the guilty plea, conviction, or judicial finding, 6265 whether the proceedings are brought in this state or another 6266

jurisdiction. Continued practice by an individual after the	0207
suspension of the individual's certificate or license under this	6268
division shall be considered practicing without a certificate or	6269
license. The state dental board shall notify the suspended	6270
individual of the suspension of the individual's certificate or	6271
license under this division by certified mail or in person in	6272
accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code. If an	6273
individual whose certificate or license is suspended under this	6274
division fails to make a timely request for an adjudicatory	6275
hearing, the board shall enter a final order revoking the	6276
individual's certificate or license.	6277
(G) If the supervisory investigative panel determines both	6278
of the following, the panel may recommend that the <u>state dental</u>	6279
board suspend an individual's certificate or license without a	6280
prior hearing:	6281
(1) That there is clear and convincing evidence that an	6282
individual has violated division (A) of this section;	6283
(2) That the individual's continued practice presents a	6284
danger of immediate and serious harm to the public.	6285
Written allegations shall be prepared for consideration by	6286
the <u>state dental</u> board. The board, upon review of those	6287
allegations and by an affirmative vote of not fewer than four	6288
dentist members of the board and seven of its members in total,	6289
excluding any member on the supervisory investigative panel, may	6290
suspend a certificate or license without a prior hearing. A	6291
telephone conference call may be utilized for reviewing the	6292
allegations and taking the vote on the summary suspension.	6293
The state dental board shall issue a written order of	6294

suspension by certified mail or in person in accordance with

6295

section 119.07 of the Revised Code. The order shall not be	6296
subject to suspension by the court during pendency or any appeal	6297
filed under section 119.12 of the Revised Code. If the	6298
individual subject to the summary suspension requests an	6299
adjudicatory hearing by the board, the date set for the hearing	6300
shall be within fifteen days, but not earlier than seven days,	6301
after the individual requests the hearing, unless otherwise	6302
agreed to by both the board and the individual.	6303
Any summary suspension imposed under this division shall	6304
remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final	6305
adjudicative order issued by the board pursuant to this section	6306
and Chapter 119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The	6307
state dental board shall issue its final adjudicative order	6308
within seventy-five days after completion of its hearing. A	6309
failure to issue the order within seventy-five days shall result	6310
in dissolution of the summary suspension order but shall not	6311
invalidate any subsequent, final adjudicative order.	6312
(H) Sanctions shall not be imposed under division (A) (13)	6313
of this section against any certificate or license holder who	6314
waives deductibles and copayments as follows:	6315
(1) In compliance with the health benefit plan that	6316
expressly allows such a practice. Waiver of the deductibles or	6317
copayments shall be made only with the full knowledge and	6318
consent of the plan purchaser, payer, and third-party	6319
administrator. Documentation of the consent shall be made	6320
available to the state dental board upon request.	6321
(2) For professional services rendered to any other person	6322
who holds a certificate or license issued pursuant to this	6323
chapter to the extent allowed by this chapter and the rules of	6324

the board.

(I) In no event shall the board consider or raise during a	6326
hearing required by Chapter 119. of the Revised Code the	6327
circumstances of, or the fact that the state dental board has	6328
received, one or more complaints about a person unless the one	6329
or more complaints are the subject of the hearing or resulted in	6330
the board taking an action authorized by this section against	6331
the person on a prior occasion.	6332

(J) The state dental board may share any information it 6333 receives pursuant to an investigation under division (D) of 6334 section 4715.03 of the Revised Code, including patient records 6335 and patient record information, with law enforcement agencies, 6336 other licensing boards, and other governmental agencies that are 6337 prosecuting, adjudicating, or investigating alleged violations 6338 of statutes or administrative rules. An agency or board that 6339 receives the information shall comply with the same requirements 6340 regarding confidentiality as those with which the state dental 6341 board must comply, notwithstanding any conflicting provision of 6342 the Revised Code or procedure of the agency or board that 6343 applies when it is dealing with other information in its 6344 possession. In a judicial proceeding, the information may be 6345 admitted into evidence only in accordance with the Rules of 6346 Evidence, but the court shall require that appropriate measures 6347 are taken to ensure that confidentiality is maintained with 6348 respect to any part of the information that contains names or 6349 other identifying information about patients or complainants 6350 whose confidentiality was protected by the state dental board 6351 when the information was in the board's possession. Measures to 6352 ensure confidentiality that may be taken by the court include 6353 sealing its records or deleting specific information from its 6354 records. 6355

issued under this chapter is listed in a claim filed under	6357
Chapter 3965. of the Revised Code, the state dental board shall	6358
suspend any investigation and shall not take disciplinary action	6359
under this section against that individual for conduct relating	6360
to that claim unless otherwise required by the health care	6361
professional standards board or until the health care	6362
professional standards board has concluded its investigation	6363
under Chapter 4746. of the Revised Code.	6364
The state dental board shall take any disciplinary action	6365
required by the health care professional standards board against	6366
a certificate or license holder under this chapter pursuant to	6367
section 4746.05 of the Revised Code. If the health care	6368
professional standards board imposes discipline on a certificate	6369
or license holder, the state dental board shall not take	6370
disciplinary action for the same conduct that is the subject of	6371
the disciplinary action ordered by the health care professional	6372
standards board. However, the state dental board may account for	6373
that disciplinary action in any future disciplinary action taken	6374
against the certificate or license holder.	6375
Sec. 4723.28. (A) The board of nursing, by a vote of a	6376
quorum, may impose one or more of the following sanctions if it	6377
finds that a person committed fraud in passing an examination	6378
required to obtain a license, certificate of authority, or	6379
dialysis technician certificate issued by the board or to have	6380
committed fraud, misrepresentation, or deception in applying for	6381
or securing any nursing license, certificate of authority, or	6382
dialysis technician certificate issued by the board: deny,	6383
revoke, suspend, or place restrictions on any nursing license,	6384
certificate of authority, or dialysis technician certificate	6385
issued by the board; reprimand or otherwise discipline a holder	6386
of a nursing license, certificate of authority, or dialysis	6387

technician certificate; or impose a fine of not more than five	6388
hundred dollars per violation.	6389
(B) The board of nursing, by a vote of a quorum, may	6390
impose one or more of the following sanctions: deny, revoke,	6391
suspend, or place restrictions on any nursing license,	6392
certificate of authority, or dialysis technician certificate	6393
issued by the board; reprimand or otherwise discipline a holder	6394
of a nursing license, certificate of authority, or dialysis	6395
technician certificate; or impose a fine of not more than five	6396
hundred dollars per violation. The sanctions may be imposed for	6397
any of the following:	6398
(1) Denial, revocation, suspension, or restriction of	6399
authority to engage in a licensed profession or practice a	6400
health care occupation, including nursing or practice as a	6401
dialysis technician, for any reason other than a failure to	6402
renew, in Ohio or another state or jurisdiction;	6403
(2) Engaging in the practice of nursing or engaging in	6404
practice as a dialysis technician, having failed to renew a	6405
nursing license or dialysis technician certificate issued under	6406
this chapter, or while a nursing license or dialysis technician	6407
certificate is under suspension;	6408
(3) Conviction of, a plea of guilty to, a judicial finding	6409
of guilt of, a judicial finding of guilt resulting from a plea	6410
of no contest to, or a judicial finding of eligibility for a	6411
pretrial diversion or similar program or for intervention in	6412
lieu of conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of	6413
practice;	6414
(4) Conviction of, a plea of guilty to, a judicial finding	6415

of guilt of, a judicial finding of guilt resulting from a plea

of no contest to, or a judicial finding of eligibility for a	6417
pretrial diversion or similar program or for intervention in	6418
lieu of conviction for, any felony or of any crime involving	6419
gross immorality or moral turpitude;	6420
(5) Selling, giving away, or administering drugs or	6421
therapeutic devices for other than legal and legitimate	6422
therapeutic purposes; or conviction of, a plea of guilty to, a	6423
judicial finding of guilt of, a judicial finding of guilt	6424
resulting from a plea of no contest to, or a judicial finding of	6425
eligibility for a pretrial diversion or similar program or for	6426
intervention in lieu of conviction for, violating any municipal,	6427
state, county, or federal drug law;	6428
(6) Conviction of, a plea of guilty to, a judicial finding	6429
of guilt of, a judicial finding of guilt resulting from a plea	6430
of no contest to, or a judicial finding of eligibility for a	6431
pretrial diversion or similar program or for intervention in	6432
lieu of conviction for, an act in another jurisdiction that	6433
would constitute a felony or a crime of moral turpitude in Ohio;	6434
(7) Conviction of, a plea of guilty to, a judicial finding	6435
of guilt of, a judicial finding of guilt resulting from a plea	6436
of no contest to, or a judicial finding of eligibility for a	6437
pretrial diversion or similar program or for intervention in	6438
lieu of conviction for, an act in the course of practice in	6439
another jurisdiction that would constitute a misdemeanor in	6440
Ohio;	6441
(8) Self-administering or otherwise taking into the body	6442
any dangerous drug, as defined in section 4729.01 of the Revised	6443
Code, in any way that is not in accordance with a legal, valid	6444
prescription issued for that individual, or self-administering	6445
or otherwise taking into the body any drug that is a schedule I	6446

controlled substance;	6447
(9) Habitual or excessive use of controlled substances,	6448
other habit-forming drugs, or alcohol or other chemical	6449
substances to an extent that impairs the individual's ability to	6450
provide safe nursing care or safe dialysis care;	6451
(10) Impairment of the ability to practice according to	6452
acceptable and prevailing standards of safe nursing care or safe	6453
dialysis care because of the use of drugs, alcohol, or other	6454
chemical substances;	6455
(11) Impairment of the ability to practice according to	6456
acceptable and prevailing standards of safe nursing care or safe	6457
dialysis care because of a physical or mental disability;	6458
(12) Assaulting or causing harm to a patient or depriving	6459
a patient of the means to summon assistance;	6460
(13) Misappropriation or attempted misappropriation of	6461
money or anything of value in the course of practice;	6462
(14) Adjudication by a probate court of being mentally ill	6463
or mentally incompetent. The board may reinstate the person's	6464
nursing license or dialysis technician certificate upon	6465
adjudication by a probate court of the person's restoration to	6466
competency or upon submission to the board of other proof of	6467
competency.	6468
(15) The suspension or termination of employment by the	6469
department of defense or the veterans administration of the	6470
United States for any act that violates or would violate this	6471
chapter;	6472
(16) Violation of this chapter or any rules adopted under	6473
it;	6474

(17) Violation of any restrictions placed by the board on	6475
a nursing license or dialysis technician certificate;	6476
(18) Failure to use universal and standard precautions	6477
established by rules adopted under section 4723.07 of the	6478
Revised Code;	6479
(19) Failure to practice in accordance with acceptable and	6480
prevailing standards of safe nursing care or safe dialysis care;	6481
(20) In the case of a registered nurse, engaging in	6482
activities that exceed the practice of nursing as a registered	6483
nurse;	6484
(21) In the case of a licensed practical nurse, engaging	6485
in activities that exceed the practice of nursing as a licensed	6486
practical nurse;	6487
(22) In the case of a dialysis technician, engaging in	6488
activities that exceed those permitted under section 4723.72 of	6489
the Revised Code;	6490
(23) Aiding and abetting a person in that person's	6491
practice of nursing without a license or practice as a dialysis	6492
technician without a certificate issued under this chapter;	6493
(24) In the case of a certified registered nurse	6494
anesthetist, clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse-midwife,	6495
or certified nurse practitioner, except as provided in division	6496
(M) of this section, either of the following:	6497
(a) Waiving the payment of all or any part of a deductible	6498
or copayment that a patient, pursuant to a health insurance or	6499
health care policy, contract, or plan that covers such nursing	6500
services, would otherwise be required to pay if the waiver is	6501
used as an enticement to a patient or group of patients to	6502

receive health care services from that provider;	6503
(b) Advertising that the nurse will waive the payment of	6504
all or any part of a deductible or copayment that a patient,	6505
pursuant to a health insurance or health care policy, contract,	6506
or plan that covers such nursing services, would otherwise be	6507
required to pay.	6508
(25) Failure to comply with the terms and conditions of	6509
participation in the chemical dependency monitoring program	6510
established under section 4723.35 of the Revised Code;	6511
(26) Failure to comply with the terms and conditions	6512
required under the practice intervention and improvement program	6513
established under section 4723.282 of the Revised Code;	6514
(27) In the case of a certified registered nurse	6515
anesthetist, clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse-midwife,	6516
or certified nurse practitioner:	6517
(a) Engaging in activities that exceed those permitted for	6518
the nurse's nursing specialty under section 4723.43 of the	6519
Revised Code;	6520
(b) Failure to meet the quality assurance standards	6521
established under section 4723.07 of the Revised Code.	6522
(28) In the case of a clinical nurse specialist, certified	6523
nurse-midwife, or certified nurse practitioner, failure to	6524
maintain a standard care arrangement in accordance with section	6525
4723.431 of the Revised Code or to practice in accordance with	6526
the standard care arrangement;	6527
(29) In the case of a clinical nurse specialist, certified	6528
nurse-midwife, or certified nurse practitioner who holds a	6529
certificate to prescribe issued under section 4723.48 of the	6530

Revised Code, failure to prescribe drugs and therapeutic devices	6531
in accordance with section 4723.481 of the Revised Code;	6532
(30) Prescribing any drug or device to perform or induce	6533
an abortion, or otherwise performing or inducing an abortion;	6534
(31) Failure to establish and maintain professional	6535
boundaries with a patient, as specified in rules adopted under	6536
section 4723.07 of the Revised Code;	6537
(32) Regardless of whether the contact or verbal behavior	6538
is consensual, engaging with a patient other than the spouse of	6539
the registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, or dialysis	6540
technician in any of the following:	6541
(a) Sexual contact, as defined in section 2907.01 of the	6542
Revised Code;	6543
(b) Verbal behavior that is sexually demeaning to the	6544
patient or may be reasonably interpreted by the patient as	6545
sexually demeaning.	6546
(33) Assisting suicide as defined in section 3795.01 of	6547
the Revised Code;	6548
(34) Failure to comply with the requirements in section	6549
3719.061 of the Revised Code before issuing to a minor a	6550
prescription for a controlled substance containing an opioid $\overline{\cdot_i}$	6551
(34)(35) Failure to comply with section 4723.487 of the	6552
Revised Code, unless the state board of pharmacy no longer	6553
maintains a drug database pursuant to section 4729.75 of the	6554
Revised Code.	6555
(C) Disciplinary actions taken by the board of nursing	6556
under divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall be taken	6557
pursuant to an adjudication conducted under Chapter 119. of the	6558

Revised Code, except that in lieu of a hearing, the board may	6559
enter into a consent agreement with an individual to resolve an	6560
allegation of a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted	6561
under it. A consent agreement, when ratified by a vote of a	6562
quorum, shall constitute the findings and order of the board	6563
with respect to the matter addressed in the agreement. If the	6564
board refuses to ratify a consent agreement, the admissions and	6565
findings contained in the agreement shall be of no effect.	6566

(D) The hearings of the board of nursing shall be 6567 conducted in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, 6568 the board may appoint a hearing examiner, as provided in section 6569 119.09 of the Revised Code, to conduct any hearing the board is 6570 authorized to hold under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. 6571

In any instance in which the board of nursing is required 6572 under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to give notice of an 6573 opportunity for a hearing and the applicant, licensee, or 6574 certificate holder does not make a timely request for a hearing 6575 in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code, the board 6576 is not required to hold a hearing, but may adopt, by a vote of a 6577 quorum, a final order that contains the board's findings. In the 6578 final order, the board may order any of the sanctions listed in 6579 division (A) or (B) of this section. 6580

(E) If a criminal action is brought against a registered 6581 nurse, licensed practical nurse, or dialysis technician for an 6582 act or crime described in divisions (B)(3) to (7) of this 6583 section and the action is dismissed by the trial court other 6584 than on the merits, the board of nursing shall conduct an 6585 adjudication to determine whether the registered nurse, licensed 6586 practical nurse, or dialysis technician committed the act on 6587 which the action was based. If the board determines on the basis 6588

of the adjudication that the registered nurse, licensed	6589
practical nurse, or dialysis technician committed the act, or if	6590
the registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, or dialysis	6591
technician fails to participate in the adjudication, the board	6592
may take action as though the registered nurse, licensed	6593
practical nurse, or dialysis technician had been convicted of	6594
the act.	6595
If the board of nursing takes action on the basis of a	6596
conviction, plea, or a judicial finding as described in	6597
divisions (B)(3) to (7) of this section that is overturned on	6598
appeal, the registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, or	6599
dialysis technician may, on exhaustion of the appeal process,	6600
petition the board for reconsideration of its action. On receipt	6601
of the petition and supporting court documents, the board shall	6602
temporarily rescind its action. If the board determines that the	6603
decision on appeal was a decision on the merits, it shall	6604
permanently rescind its action. If the board determines that the	6605
decision on appeal was not a decision on the merits, it shall	6606
conduct an adjudication to determine whether the registered	6607
nurse, licensed practical nurse, or dialysis technician	6608
committed the act on which the original conviction, plea, or	6609

reinstate its action; otherwise, the board shall permanently 6615 rescind its action. 6616

Notwithstanding the provision of division (C)(2) of 6617

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judicial finding was based. If the board determines on the basis

practical nurse, or dialysis technician committed such act, or

if the registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, or dialysis

technician does not request an adjudication, the board shall

of the adjudication that the registered nurse, licensed

section 2953.32 of the Revised Code specifying that if records

pertaining to a criminal case are sealed under that section the

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proceedings in the case shall be deemed not to have occurred,	6620
sealing of the following records on which the board <u>of nursing</u>	6621
has based an action under this section shall have no effect on	6622
the board's action or any sanction imposed by the board under	6623
this section: records of any conviction, guilty plea, judicial	6624
finding of guilt resulting from a plea of no contest, or a	6625
judicial finding of eligibility for a pretrial diversion program	6626
or intervention in lieu of conviction.	6627

The board of nursing shall not be required to seal, 6628 destroy, redact, or otherwise modify its records to reflect the 6629 court's sealing of conviction records. 6630

- (F) The board of nursing may investigate an individual's 6631 criminal background in performing its duties under this section. 6632 As part of such investigation, the board may order the 6633 individual to submit, at the individual's expense, a request to 6634 the bureau of criminal identification and investigation for a 6635 criminal records check and check of federal bureau of 6636 investigation records in accordance with the procedure described 6637 in section 4723.091 of the Revised Code. 6638
- (G) During the course of an investigation conducted under 6639 this section, the board of nursing may compel any registered 6640 nurse, licensed practical nurse, or dialysis technician or 6641 applicant under this chapter to submit to a mental or physical 6642 examination, or both, as required by the board and at the 6643 expense of the individual, if the board finds reason to believe 6644 that the individual under investigation may have a physical or 6645 mental impairment that may affect the individual's ability to 6646 provide safe nursing care. Failure of any individual to submit 6647 to a mental or physical examination when directed constitutes an 6648 admission of the allegations, unless the failure is due to 6649

circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default and	6650
final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or	6651
presentation of evidence.	6652

If the board of nursing finds that an individual is 6653 impaired, the board shall require the individual to submit to 6654 care, counseling, or treatment approved or designated by the 6655 board, as a condition for initial, continued, reinstated, or 6656 renewed authority to practice. The individual shall be afforded 6657 an opportunity to demonstrate to the board that the individual 6658 6659 can begin or resume the individual's occupation in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards of care under the 6660 provisions of the individual's authority to practice. 6661

For purposes of this division, any registered nurse,

licensed practical nurse, or dialysis technician or applicant

under this chapter shall be deemed to have given consent to

submit to a mental or physical examination when directed to do

so in writing by the board of nursing, and to have waived all

objections to the admissibility of testimony or examination

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(H) The board of nursing shall investigate evidence that 6669 appears to show that any person has violated any provision of 6670 this chapter or any rule of the board. Any person may report to 6671 the board any information the person may have that appears to 6672 show a violation of any provision of this chapter or rule of the 6673 board. In the absence of bad faith, any person who reports such 6674 information or who testifies before the board in any 6675 adjudication conducted under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code 6676 shall not be liable for civil damages as a result of the report 6677 or testimony. 6678

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(I) All of the following apply under this chapter with

respect to the confidentiality of information: 6680 (1) Information received by the board of nursing pursuant 6681 to a complaint or an investigation is confidential and not 6682 subject to discovery in any civil action, except that the board 6683 may disclose information to law enforcement officers and 6684 government entities for purposes of an investigation of either a 6685 licensed health care professional, including a registered nurse, 6686 licensed practical nurse, or dialysis technician, or a person 6687 who may have engaged in the unauthorized practice of nursing or 6688 dialysis care. No law enforcement officer or government entity 6689 with knowledge of any information disclosed by the board 6690 pursuant to this division shall divulge the information to any 6691 other person or government entity except for the purpose of a 6692 government investigation, a prosecution, or an adjudication by a 6693 court or government entity. 6694 (2) If an investigation requires a review of patient 6695 records, the investigation and proceeding shall be conducted in 6696 such a manner as to protect patient confidentiality. 6697 (3) All adjudications and investigations of the board of 6698 nursing shall be considered civil actions for the purposes of 6699 section 2305.252 of the Revised Code. 6700 (4) Any board activity that involves continued monitoring 6701 of an individual as part of or following any disciplinary action 6702 taken under this section shall be conducted in a manner that 6703 maintains the individual's confidentiality. Information received 6704 or maintained by the board of nursing with respect to the 6705 board's monitoring activities is not subject to discovery in any 6706 civil action and is confidential, except that the board may 6707 disclose information to law enforcement officers and government 6708

entities for purposes of an investigation of a licensee or

certificate holder.	6710
(J) Any action taken by the board of nursing under this	6711
section resulting in a suspension from practice shall be	6712
accompanied by a written statement of the conditions under which	6713
the person may be reinstated to practice.	6714
(K) When the board of nursing refuses to grant a license	6715
or certificate to an applicant, revokes a license or	6716
certificate, or refuses to reinstate a license or certificate,	6717
the board may specify that its action is permanent. An	6718
individual subject to permanent action taken by the board is	6719
forever ineligible to hold a license or certificate of the type	6720
that was refused or revoked and the board shall not accept from	6721
the individual an application for reinstatement of the license	6722
or certificate or for a new license or certificate.	6723
(L) No unilateral surrender of a nursing license,	6724
certificate of authority, or dialysis technician certificate	6725
issued under this chapter shall be effective unless accepted by	6726
majority vote of the board <u>of nursing</u> . No application for a	6727
nursing license, certificate of authority, or dialysis	6728
nursing license, certificate of authority, or dialysis technician certificate issued under this chapter may be	6728 6729
technician certificate issued under this chapter may be	6729
technician certificate issued under this chapter may be withdrawn without a majority vote of the board. The board's	6729 6730
technician certificate issued under this chapter may be withdrawn without a majority vote of the board. The board's jurisdiction to take disciplinary action under this section is	6729 6730 6731
technician certificate issued under this chapter may be withdrawn without a majority vote of the board. The board's jurisdiction to take disciplinary action under this section is not removed or limited when an individual has a license or	6729 6730 6731 6732
technician certificate issued under this chapter may be withdrawn without a majority vote of the board. The board's jurisdiction to take disciplinary action under this section is not removed or limited when an individual has a license or certificate classified as inactive or fails to renew a license	6729 6730 6731 6732 6733
technician certificate issued under this chapter may be withdrawn without a majority vote of the board. The board's jurisdiction to take disciplinary action under this section is not removed or limited when an individual has a license or certificate classified as inactive or fails to renew a license or certificate.	6729 6730 6731 6732 6733

(1) In compliance with the health benefit plan that

expressly allows such a practice. Waiver of the deductibles or	6739
copayments shall be made only with the full knowledge and	6740
consent of the plan purchaser, payer, and third-party	6741
administrator. Documentation of the consent shall be made	6742
available to the board upon request.	6743
(2) For professional services rendered to any other person	6744
licensed pursuant to this chapter to the extent allowed by this	6745
chapter and the rules of the board <u>of nursing</u> .	6746
(N) If an individual who is registered or holds a	6747
certificate or license issued under this chapter is listed in a	6748
claim filed under Chapter 3965. of the Revised Code, the board	6749
of nursing shall suspend any investigation and shall not take	6750
disciplinary action under this section against that individual	6751
for conduct relating to that claim unless otherwise required by	6752
the health care professional standards board or until the health	6753
care professional standards board has concluded its	6754
investigation under Chapter 4746. of the Revised Code.	6755
The board of nursing shall take any disciplinary action	6756
required by the health care professional standards board against	6757
a registrant or certificate or license holder under this chapter	6758
pursuant to section 4746.05 of the Revised Code. If the health	6759
care professional standards board imposes discipline on a	6760
registrant or certificate or license holder, the board of	6761
nursing shall not take disciplinary action for the same conduct	6762
that is the subject of the disciplinary action ordered by the	6763
health care professional standards board. However, the board of	6764
nursing may account for that disciplinary action in any future	6765
disciplinary action taken against the registrant or certificate	6766
or license holder.	6767

the same meaning as in section 1.59 of the Revised Code and also	6769
includes the board of nursing and its members and employees;	6770
health care facilities, associations, and societies; insurers;	6771
and individuals.	6772
(B) In the absence of fraud or bad faith, no person	6773
reporting to the board of nursing or the health care	6774
professional standards board or testifying in an adjudication	6775
conducted under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code with regard to	6776
alleged incidents of negligence or malpractice or matters	6777
subject to this chapter or sections 3123.41 to 3123.50 of the	6778
Revised Code and any applicable rules adopted under section	6779
3123.63 of the Revised Code shall be subject to either of the	6780
following based on making the report or testifying:	6781
(1) Liability in damages in a civil action for injury,	6782
death, or loss to person or property;	6783
(2) Discipline or dismissal by an employer.	6784
(C) An individual who is disciplined or dismissed in	6785
violation of division (B)(2) of this section has the same rights	6786
and duties accorded an employee under sections 4113.52 and	6787
4113.53 of the Revised Code.	6788
(D) In the absence of fraud or bad faith, no professional	6789
association of registered nurses, licensed practical nurses,	6790
dialysis technicians, community health workers, or medication	6791
aides that sponsors a committee or program to provide peer	6792
assistance to individuals with substance abuse problems, no	6793
representative or agent of such a committee or program, and no	6794
member of the board of nursing shall be liable to any person for	6795
damages in a civil action by reason of actions taken to refer a	6796

nurse, dialysis technician, community health worker, or

medication aide to a treatment provider or actions or omissions	6798
of the provider in treating a nurse, dialysis technician,	6799
community health worker, or medication aide.	6800
Sec. 4725.19. (A) In accordance with Chapter 119. of the	6801
Revised Code and by an affirmative vote of a majority of its	6802
members, the state board of optometry, for any of the reasons	6803
specified in division (B) of this section, shall refuse to grant	6804
a certificate of licensure to an applicant and may, with respect	6805
to a licensed optometrist, do one or more of the following:	6806
(1) Suspend the operation of any certificate of licensure,	6807
topical ocular pharmaceutical agents certificate, or therapeutic	6808
pharmaceutical agents certificate, or all certificates granted	6809
by it to the optometrist;	6810
(2) Permanently revoke any or all of the certificates;	6811
(3) Limit or otherwise place restrictions on any or all of	6812
the certificates;	6813
(4) Reprimand the optometrist;	6814
(5) Impose a monetary penalty. If the reason for which the	6815
<pre>state board_of optometry is imposing the penalty involves a</pre>	6816
criminal offense that carries a fine under the Revised Code, the	6817
penalty shall not exceed the maximum fine that may be imposed	6818
for the criminal offense. In any other case, the penalty imposed	6819
by the board shall not exceed five hundred dollars.	6820
(6) Require the optometrist to take corrective action	6821
courses.	6822
The amount and content of corrective action courses shall	6823
be established by the <u>state</u> board <u>of optometry</u> in rules adopted	6824
under section 4725.09 of the Revised Code.	6825

(B) The sanctions specified in division (A) of this	6826
section may be taken by the state board of optometry for any of	6827
the following reasons:	6828
(1) Committing fraud in passing the licensing examination	6829
or making false or purposely misleading statements in an	6830
application for a certificate of licensure;	6831
(2) Being at any time guilty of immorality, regardless of	6832
the jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	6833
(3) Being guilty of dishonesty or unprofessional conduct	6834
in the practice of optometry;	6835
(4) Being at any time guilty of a felony, regardless of	6836
the jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	6837
(5) Being at any time guilty of a misdemeanor committed in	6838
the course of practice, regardless of the jurisdiction in which	6839
the act was committed;	6840
(6) Violating the conditions of any limitation or other	6841
restriction placed by the <u>state</u> board <u>of optometry</u> on any	6842
certificate issued by the board;	6843
(7) Engaging in the practice of optometry as provided in	6844
division (A)(1), (2), or (3) of section 4725.01 of the Revised	6845
Code when the certificate authorizing that practice is under	6846
suspension, in which case the <u>state</u> board <u>of optometry</u> shall	6847
permanently revoke the certificate;	6848
(8) Being denied a license to practice optometry in	6849
another state or country or being subject to any other sanction	6850
by the optometric licensing authority of another state or	6851
country, other than sanctions imposed for the nonpayment of	6852
fees;	6853

(9) Departing from or failing to conform to acceptable and	6854
prevailing standards of care in the practice of optometry as	6855
followed by similar practitioners under the same or similar	6856
circumstances, regardless of whether actual injury to a patient	6857
is established;	6858
(10) Failing to maintain comprehensive patient records;	6859
(11) Advertising a price of optical accessories, eye	6860
examinations, or other products or services by any means that	6861
would deceive or mislead the public;	6862
(12) Being addicted to the use of alcohol, stimulants,	6863
narcotics, or any other substance which impairs the intellect	6864
and judgment to such an extent as to hinder or diminish the	6865
performance of the duties included in the person's practice of	6866
optometry;	6867
(13) Engaging in the practice of optometry as provided in	6868
division (A)(2) or (3) of section 4725.01 of the Revised Code	6869
without authority to do so or, if authorized, in a manner	6870
inconsistent with the authority granted;	6871
(14) Failing to make a report to the <u>state</u> board <u>of</u>	6872
optometry as required by division (A) of section 4725.21 or	6873
section 4725.31 of the Revised Code;	6874
(15) Soliciting patients from door to door or establishing	6875
temporary offices, in which case the <u>state</u> board <u>of optometry</u>	6876
shall suspend all certificates held by the optometrist;	6877
(16) Failing to comply with section 4725.092 of the	6878
Revised Code, unless the state board of pharmacy no longer	6879
maintains a drug database pursuant to section 4729.75 of the	6880
Revised Code;	6881

(17) Except as provided in division (D) of this section:	6882
(a) Waiving the payment of all or any part of a deductible	6883
or copayment that a patient, pursuant to a health insurance or	6884
health care policy, contract, or plan that covers optometric	6885
services, would otherwise be required to pay if the waiver is	6886
used as an enticement to a patient or group of patients to	6887
receive health care services from that optometrist.	6888
(b) Advertising that the optometrist will waive the	6889
payment of all or any part of a deductible or copayment that a	6890
patient, pursuant to a health insurance or health care policy,	6891
contract, or plan that covers optometric services, would	6892
otherwise be required to pay.	6893
$\frac{(17)}{(18)}$ Failing to comply with the requirements in	6894
section 3719.061 of the Revised Code before issuing to a minor a	6895
prescription for a controlled substance containing an opioid.	6896
(C) Any person who is the holder of a certificate of	6897
licensure, or who is an applicant for a certificate of licensure	6898
against whom is preferred any charges, shall be furnished by the	6899
<pre>state_board_of optometry with a copy of the complaint and shall</pre>	6900
have a hearing before the board in accordance with Chapter 119.	6901
of the Revised Code.	6902
(D) Sanctions shall not be imposed under division (B) (17)	6903
of this section against any optometrist who waives deductibles	6904
and copayments:	6905
(1) In compliance with the health benefit plan that	6906
expressly allows such a practice. Waiver of the deductibles or	6907
copayments shall be made only with the full knowledge and	6908
consent of the plan purchaser, payer, and third-party	6909
administrator. Documentation of the consent shall be made	6910

available to the board upon request.	6911
(2) For professional services rendered to any other	6912
optometrist licensed by the board, to the extent allowed by	6913
sections 4725.01 to 4725.34 of the Revised Code and the rules of	6914
the <pre>state_board_of optometry.</pre>	6915
(E) If an individual who holds a certificate of licensure	6916
issued under this chapter is listed in a claim filed under	6917
Chapter 3965. of the Revised Code, the state board of optometry	6918
shall suspend any investigation and shall not take disciplinary	6919
action under this section against that individual for conduct	6920
relating to that claim unless otherwise required by the health	6921
care professional standards board or until the health care	6922
professional standards board has concluded its investigation	6923
under Chapter 4746. of the Revised Code.	6924
The state board of optometry shall take any disciplinary	6925
action required by the health care professional standards board	6926
against a certificate holder under this chapter pursuant to	6927
section 4746.05 of the Revised Code. If the health care	6928
professional standards board imposes discipline on a certificate	6929
holder, the state board of optometry shall not take disciplinary	6930
action for the same conduct that is the subject of the	6931
disciplinary action ordered by the health care professional	6932
standards board. However, the state board of optometry may	6933
account for that disciplinary action in any future disciplinary	6934
action taken against the certificate holder.	6935
Sec. 4729.16. (A) The state board of pharmacy, after	6936
notice and hearing in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	6937
Revised Code, may revoke, suspend, limit, place on probation, or	6938
refuse to grant or renew an identification card, or may impose a	6939
monetary penalty or forfeiture not to exceed in severity any	6940

fine designated under the Revised Code for a similar offense, or	6941
in the case of a violation of a section of the Revised Code that	6942
does not bear a penalty, a monetary penalty or forfeiture of not	6943
more than five hundred dollars, if the board finds a pharmacist	6944
or pharmacy intern:	6945
(1) Guilty of a felony or gross immorality;	6946
(2) Guilty of dishonesty or unprofessional conduct in the	6947
practice of pharmacy;	6948
(3) Addicted to or abusing liquor or drugs or impaired	6949
physically or mentally to such a degree as to render the	6950
pharmacist or pharmacy intern unfit to practice pharmacy;	6951
(4) Has been convicted of a misdemeanor related to, or	6952
committed in, the practice of pharmacy;	6953
(5) Guilty of willfully violating, conspiring to violate,	6954
attempting to violate, or aiding and abetting the violation of	6955
any of the provisions of this chapter, sections 3715.52 to	6956
3715.72 of the Revised Code, Chapter 2925. or 3719. of the	6957
Revised Code, or any rule adopted by the state board of pharmacy	6958
under those provisions;	6959
(6) Guilty of permitting anyone other than a pharmacist or	6960
pharmacy intern to practice pharmacy;	6961
(7) Guilty of knowingly lending the pharmacist's or	6962
pharmacy intern's name to an illegal practitioner of pharmacy or	6963
having professional connection with an illegal practitioner of	6964
pharmacy;	6965
(8) Guilty of dividing or agreeing to divide remuneration	6966
made in the practice of pharmacy with any other individual,	6967
including, but not limited to, any licensed health professional	6968

authorized to prescribe drugs or any owner, manager, or employee	6969
of a health care facility, residential care facility, or nursing	6970
home;	6971
(9) Has violated the terms of a consult agreement entered	6972
into pursuant to section 4729.39 of the Revised Code;	6973
(10) Has committed fraud, misrepresentation, or deception	6974
in applying for or securing a license or identification card	6975
issued by the board under this chapter or under Chapter 3715. or	6976
3719. of the Revised Code.	6977
(B) Any individual whose identification card is revoked,	6978
suspended, or refused, shall return the identification card and	6979
license to the offices of the state board of pharmacy within ten	6980
days after receipt of notice of such action.	6981
(C) As used in this section:	6982
"Unprofessional conduct in the practice of pharmacy"	6983
includes any of the following:	6984
(1) Advertising or displaying signs that promote dangerous	6985
drugs to the public in a manner that is false or misleading;	6986
(2) Except as provided in section 4729.281 of the Revised	6987
Code, the sale of any drug for which a prescription is required,	6988
without having received a prescription for the drug;	6989
(3) Knowingly dispensing medication pursuant to false or	6990
forged prescriptions;	6991
(4) Knowingly failing to maintain complete and accurate	6992
records of all dangerous drugs received or dispensed in	6993
compliance with federal laws and regulations and state laws and	6994
rules;	6995

(5) Obtaining any remuneration by fraud,	6996
misrepresentation, or deception.	6997
(D) The state board of pharmacy may suspend a license or	6998
identification card under division (B) of section 3719.121 of	6999
the Revised Code by utilizing a telephone conference call to	7000
review the allegations and take a vote.	7001
(E) If, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 119. of	7002
the Revised Code, the <u>state</u> board <u>of pharmacy</u> has reasonable	7003
cause to believe that a pharmacist or pharmacy intern is	7004
physically or mentally impaired, the board may require the	7005
pharmacist or pharmacy intern to submit to a physical or mental	7006
examination, or both.	7007
(F) If an individual who is licensed under this chapter is	7008
listed in a claim filed under Chapter 3965. of the Revised Code,	7009
the state board of pharmacy shall suspend any investigation and	7010
shall not take disciplinary action under this section against	7011
that individual for conduct relating to that claim unless	7012
otherwise required by the health care professional standards	7013
board or until the health care professional standards board has	7014
concluded its investigation under Chapter 4746. of the Revised	7015
Code.	7016
The state board of pharmacy shall take any disciplinary	7017
action required by the health care professional standards board	7018
against a license holder under this chapter pursuant to section	7019
4746.05 of the Revised Code. If the health care professional	7020
standards board imposes discipline on a license holder, the	7021
state board of pharmacy shall not take disciplinary action for	7022
the same conduct that is the subject of the disciplinary action	7023
ordered by the health care professional standards board.	7024
However, the state board of pharmacy may account for that	7025

disciplinary action in any future disciplinary action taken	7026
against the license holder.	7027
Sec. 4730.25. (A) The state medical board, by an	7028
affirmative vote of not fewer than six members, may revoke or	7029
may refuse to grant a certificate to practice as a physician	7030
assistant or a certificate to prescribe to a person found by the	7031
board to have committed fraud, misrepresentation, or deception	7032
in applying for or securing the certificate.	7033
(B) The <u>state medical</u> board, by an affirmative vote of not	7034
fewer than six members, shall, to the extent permitted by law,	7035
limit, revoke, or suspend an individual's certificate to	7036
practice as a physician assistant or certificate to prescribe,	7037
refuse to issue a certificate to an applicant, refuse to	7038
reinstate a certificate, or reprimand or place on probation the	7039
holder of a certificate for any of the following reasons:	7040
(1) Failure to practice in accordance with the conditions	7041
under which the supervising physician's supervision agreement	7042
with the physician assistant was approved, including the	7043
requirement that when practicing under a particular supervising	7044
physician, the physician assistant must practice only according	7045
to the physician supervisory plan the board approved for that	7046
physician or the policies of the health care facility in which	7047
the supervising physician and physician assistant are	7048
practicing;	7049
(2) Failure to comply with the requirements of this	7050
chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, or any rules adopted	7051
by the <u>state medical</u> board;	7052
(3) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or	7053
indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of, or	7054

conspiring to violate, any provision of this chapter, Chapter	7055
4731. of the Revised Code, or the rules adopted by the <u>state</u>	7056
<pre>medical_board;</pre>	7057
(4) Inability to practice according to acceptable and	7058
prevailing standards of care by reason of mental illness or	7059
physical illness, including physical deterioration that	7060
adversely affects cognitive, motor, or perceptive skills;	7061
(5) Impairment of ability to practice according to	7062
acceptable and prevailing standards of care because of habitual	7063
or excessive use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, or other substances	7064
that impair ability to practice;	7065
(6) Administering drugs for purposes other than those	7066
authorized under this chapter;	7067
(7) Willfully betraying a professional confidence;	7068
(8) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading	7069
statement in soliciting or advertising for employment as a	7070
physician assistant; in connection with any solicitation or	7071
advertisement for patients; in relation to the practice of	7072
medicine as it pertains to physician assistants; or in securing	7073
or attempting to secure a certificate to practice as a physician	7074
assistant, a certificate to prescribe, or approval of a	7075
supervision agreement.	7076
As used in this division, "false, fraudulent, deceptive,	7077
or misleading statement" means a statement that includes a	7078
misrepresentation of fact, is likely to mislead or deceive	7079
because of a failure to disclose material facts, is intended or	7080
is likely to create false or unjustified expectations of	7081
favorable results, or includes representations or implications	7082
that in reasonable probability will cause an ordinarily prudent	7083

person to misunderstand or be deceived.	7084
(9) Representing, with the purpose of obtaining	7085
compensation or other advantage personally or for any other	7086
person, that an incurable disease or injury, or other incurable	7087
condition, can be permanently cured;	7088
(10) The obtaining of, or attempting to obtain, money or	7089
anything of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course	7090
of practice;	7091
(11) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	7092
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	7093
conviction for, a felony;	7094
(12) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in	7095
this state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was	7096
committed;	7097
(13) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	7098
(13) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	7098 7099
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	7099
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of	7099 7100
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of practice;	7099 7100 7101
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of practice; (14) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	7099 7100 7101 7102
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of practice; (14) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	7099 7100 7101 7102 7103
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of practice; (14) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;	7099 7100 7101 7102 7103 7104
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of practice; (14) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude; (15) Commission of an act in the course of practice that	7099 7100 7101 7102 7103 7104 7105
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of practice; (14) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude; (15) Commission of an act in the course of practice that constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	7099 7100 7101 7102 7103 7104 7105 7106
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of practice; (14) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude; (15) Commission of an act in the course of practice that constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	7099 7100 7101 7102 7103 7104 7105 7106 7107
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of practice; (14) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of, or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude; (15) Commission of an act in the course of practice that constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was committed; (16) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that	7099 7100 7101 7102 7103 7104 7105 7106 7107

or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	7112
conviction for violating any state or federal law regulating the	7113
possession, distribution, or use of any drug, including	7114
trafficking in drugs;	7115
(18) Any of the following actions taken by the state	7116
agency responsible for regulating the practice of physician	7117
assistants in another state, for any reason other than the	7118
nonpayment of fees: the limitation, revocation, or suspension of	7119
an individual's license to practice; acceptance of an	7120
individual's license surrender; denial of a license; refusal to	7121
renew or reinstate a license; imposition of probation; or	7122
issuance of an order of censure or other reprimand;	7123
(19) A departure from, or failure to conform to, minimal	7124
standards of care of similar physician assistants under the same	7125
or similar circumstances, regardless of whether actual injury to	7126
a patient is established;	7127
(20) Violation of the conditions placed by the state	7128
<pre>medical board on a certificate to practice as a physician</pre>	7129
assistant, a certificate to prescribe, a physician supervisory	7130
plan, or supervision agreement;	7131
(21) Failure to use universal blood and body fluid	7132
precautions established by rules adopted under section 4731.051	7133
of the Revised Code;	7134
(22) Failure to cooperate in an investigation conducted by	7135
the board under section 4730.26 of the Revised Code, including	7136
failure to comply with a subpoena or order issued by the state	7137
<pre>medical board or the health care professional standards board or</pre>	7138
failure to answer truthfully a question presented by the either	7139
board at a deposition or in written interrogatories, except that	7140

failure to cooperate with an investigation shall not constitute	7141
grounds for discipline under this section if a court of	7142
competent jurisdiction has issued an order that either quashes a	7143
subpoena or permits the individual to withhold the testimony or	7144
evidence in issue;	7145
(23) Assisting suicide as defined in section 3795.01 of	7146
the Revised Code;	7147
(24) Prescribing any drug or device to perform or induce	7148
an abortion, or otherwise performing or inducing an abortion;	7149
(25) Failure to comply with section 4730.53 of the Revised	7150
Code, unless the board no longer maintains a drug database	7151
pursuant to section 4729.75 of the Revised Code;	7152
$\frac{(25)(26)}{(26)}$ Failure to comply with the requirements in	7153
section 3719.061 of the Revised Code before issuing to a minor a	7154
prescription for a controlled substance containing an opioid.	7155
(C) Disciplinary actions taken by the state medical board	7156
under divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall be taken	7157
pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised	7158
Code, except that in lieu of an adjudication, the board may	7159
enter into a consent agreement with a physician assistant or	7160
applicant to resolve an allegation of a violation of this	7161
chapter or any rule adopted under it. A consent agreement, when	7162
ratified by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members of	7163
the board, shall constitute the findings and order of the board	7164
with respect to the matter addressed in the agreement. If the	7165
board refuses to ratify a consent agreement, the admissions and	7166
findings contained in the consent agreement shall be of no force	7167
or effect.	7168
(D) For purposes of divisions (B)(12), (15), and (16) of	7169

this section, the commission of the act may be established by a 7170 finding by the state medical board, pursuant to an adjudication 7171 under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, that the applicant or 7172 certificate holder committed the act in question. The board 7173 shall have no jurisdiction under these divisions in cases where 7174 the trial court renders a final judgment in the certificate 7175 holder's favor and that judgment is based upon an adjudication 7176 on the merits. The board shall have jurisdiction under these 7177 divisions in cases where the trial court issues an order of 7178 dismissal upon technical or procedural grounds. 7179

- (E) The sealing of conviction records by any court shall 7180 have no effect upon a prior state-medical board order entered 7181 under the provisions of this section or upon the board's 7182 jurisdiction to take action under the provisions of this section 7183 if, based upon a plea of guilty, a judicial finding of guilt, or 7184 a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of 7185 conviction, the board issued a notice of opportunity for a 7186 hearing prior to the court's order to seal the records. The 7187 board shall not be required to seal, destroy, redact, or 7188 otherwise modify its records to reflect the court's sealing of 7189 conviction records. 7190
- (F) For purposes of this division, any individual who 7191 holds a certificate issued under this chapter, or applies for a 7192 certificate issued under this chapter, shall be deemed to have 7193 given consent to submit to a mental or physical examination when 7194 directed to do so in writing by the state medical board and to 7195 have waived all objections to the admissibility of testimony or 7196 examination reports that constitute a privileged communication. 7197
- (1) In enforcing division (B)(4) of this section, the 7198 state medical board, upon a showing of a possible violation, may 7199

chapter or who has applied for a certificate pursuant to this chapter to submit to a mental examination, physical examination, responsibility test, or both a mental and physical examination. The expense of the examination is the responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. responsibility of the individual examination or consent responsibility of the submit to examination or consent responsibility of the individual examination or consent responsibility of the allegations against the individual unless the failure is due responsibility of the allegations against the individual examination or consent responsibility of the individual effected without the taking of testimony responsibility or presentation of evidence. If the board finds a physician responsibility or presentation of evidence. If the board finds a physician responsibility or presentation of evidence. If the board shall require the responsibility of this section, the board shall require the responsibility of the individual affected under this division shall be responsible or presentation or renewed responsibility of the individual affected under this division shall be responsible or presentation or consent responsibility of the examination or consent responsible or presentation or consent responsibl	compel any individual who holds a certificate issued under this	7200
including an HIV test, or both a mental and physical examination. The expense of the examination is the 7204 responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. 7205 Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination or consent 7206 to an HIV test ordered by the board constitutes an admission of 7207 the allegations against the individual unless the failure is due 7208 to circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default 7209 and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony 7210 or presentation of evidence. If the board finds a physician 7211 assistant unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in 7212 division (B) (4) of this section, the board shall require the 7213 physician assistant to submit to care, counseling, or treatment 7214 by physicians approved or designated by the board, as a 7215 condition for an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 7216 certificate. An individual affected under this division shall be 7217 afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board the ability 7218 to resume practicing in compliance with acceptable and	chapter or who has applied for a certificate pursuant to this	7201
examination. The expense of the examination is the 7204 responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. 7205 Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination or consent 7206 to an HIV test ordered by the board constitutes an admission of 7207 the allegations against the individual unless the failure is due 7208 to circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default 7209 and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony 7210 or presentation of evidence. If the board finds a physician 7211 assistant unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in 7212 division (B) (4) of this section, the board shall require the 7213 physician assistant to submit to care, counseling, or treatment 7214 by physicians approved or designated by the board, as a 7215 condition for an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 7216 certificate. An individual affected under this division shall be 7217 afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board the ability 7218 to resume practicing in compliance with acceptable and 7219	chapter to submit to a mental examination, physical examination,	7202
responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. 7205 Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination or consent 7206 to an HIV test ordered by the board constitutes an admission of 7207 the allegations against the individual unless the failure is due 7208 to circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default 7209 and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony 7210 or presentation of evidence. If the board finds a physician 7211 assistant unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in 7212 division (B) (4) of this section, the board shall require the 7213 physician assistant to submit to care, counseling, or treatment 7214 by physicians approved or designated by the board, as a 7215 condition for an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 7216 certificate. An individual affected under this division shall be 7217 afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board the ability 7218 to resume practicing in compliance with acceptable and	including an HIV test, or both a mental and physical	7203
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to an HIV test ordered by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations against the individual unless the failure is due 7208 to circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default 7209 and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or presentation of evidence. If the board finds a physician 7211 assistant unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in 7212 division (B) (4) of this section, the board shall require the 7213 physician assistant to submit to care, counseling, or treatment 7214 by physicians approved or designated by the board, as a 7215 condition for an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 7216 certificate. An individual affected under this division shall be 7217 afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board the ability 7218 to resume practicing in compliance with acceptable and	responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined.	7205
the allegations against the individual unless the failure is due 7208 to circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default 7209 and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony 7210 or presentation of evidence. If the board finds a physician 7211 assistant unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in 7212 division (B) (4) of this section, the board shall require the 7213 physician assistant to submit to care, counseling, or treatment 7214 by physicians approved or designated by the board, as a 7215 condition for an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 7216 certificate. An individual affected under this division shall be 7217 afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board the ability 7218 to resume practicing in compliance with acceptable and 7219	Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination or consent	7206
to circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default 7209 and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony 7210 or presentation of evidence. If the board finds a physician 7211 assistant unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in 7212 division (B) (4) of this section, the board shall require the 7213 physician assistant to submit to care, counseling, or treatment 7214 by physicians approved or designated by the board, as a 7215 condition for an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 7216 certificate. An individual affected under this division shall be 7217 afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board the ability 7218 to resume practicing in compliance with acceptable and 7219	to an HIV test ordered by the board constitutes an admission of	7207
and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or presentation of evidence. If the board finds a physician 7211 assistant unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in division (B) (4) of this section, the board shall require the physician assistant to submit to care, counseling, or treatment physicians approved or designated by the board, as a condition for an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed certificate. An individual affected under this division shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board the ability to resume practicing in compliance with acceptable and 7219	the allegations against the individual unless the failure is due	7208
or presentation of evidence. If the board finds a physician 7211 assistant unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in 7212 division (B) (4) of this section, the board shall require the 7213 physician assistant to submit to care, counseling, or treatment 7214 by physicians approved or designated by the board, as a 7215 condition for an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 7216 certificate. An individual affected under this division shall be 7217 afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board the ability 7218 to resume practicing in compliance with acceptable and 7219	to circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default	7209
assistant unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in 7212 division (B)(4) of this section, the board shall require the 7213 physician assistant to submit to care, counseling, or treatment 7214 by physicians approved or designated by the board, as a 7215 condition for an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 7216 certificate. An individual affected under this division shall be 7217 afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board the ability 7218 to resume practicing in compliance with acceptable and 7219	and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony	7210
division (B) (4) of this section, the board shall require the 7213 physician assistant to submit to care, counseling, or treatment 7214 by physicians approved or designated by the board, as a 7215 condition for an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 7216 certificate. An individual affected under this division shall be 7217 afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board the ability 7218 to resume practicing in compliance with acceptable and 7219	or presentation of evidence. If the board finds a physician	7211
physician assistant to submit to care, counseling, or treatment 7214 by physicians approved or designated by the board, as a 7215 condition for an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 7216 certificate. An individual affected under this division shall be 7217 afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board the ability 7218 to resume practicing in compliance with acceptable and 7219	assistant unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in	7212
by physicians approved or designated by the board, as a 7215 condition for an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 7216 certificate. An individual affected under this division shall be 7217 afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board the ability 7218 to resume practicing in compliance with acceptable and 7219	division (B)(4) of this section, the board shall require the	7213
condition for an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 7216 certificate. An individual affected under this division shall be 7217 afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board the ability 7218 to resume practicing in compliance with acceptable and 7219	physician assistant to submit to care, counseling, or treatment	7214
certificate. An individual affected under this division shall be 7217 afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board the ability 7218 to resume practicing in compliance with acceptable and 7219	by physicians approved or designated by the board, as a	7215
afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board the ability 7218 to resume practicing in compliance with acceptable and 7219	condition for an initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed	7216
to resume practicing in compliance with acceptable and 7219	certificate. An individual affected under this division shall be	7217
	afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the board the ability	7218
	to resume practicing in compliance with acceptable and	7219
prevailing standards of care. 7220	prevailing standards of care.	7220

(2) For purposes of division (B)(5) of this section, if 7221 the state medical board has reason to believe that any 7222 individual who holds a certificate issued under this chapter or 7223 any applicant for a certificate suffers such impairment, the 7224 board may compel the individual to submit to a mental or 7225 physical examination, or both. The expense of the examination is 7226 the responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. 7227 Any mental or physical examination required under this division 7228 shall be undertaken by a treatment provider or physician 7229 qualified to conduct such examination and chosen by the board. 7230

Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination	7231
ordered by the state medical board constitutes an admission of	7232
the allegations against the individual unless the failure is due	7233
to circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default	7234
and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony	7235
or presentation of evidence. If the board determines that the	7236
individual's ability to practice is impaired, the board shall	7237
suspend the individual's certificate or deny the individual's	7238
application and shall require the individual, as a condition for	7239
initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed certification to	7240
practice or prescribe, to submit to treatment.	7241
Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a	7242
certificate suspended under this division, the physician	7243
assistant shall demonstrate to the state medical board the	7244
ability to resume practice or prescribing in compliance with	7245
acceptable and prevailing standards of care. The demonstration	7246
shall include the following:	7247
(a) Certification from a treatment provider approved under	7248
section 4731.25 of the Revised Code that the individual has	7249
successfully completed any required inpatient treatment;	7250
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an	7251
aftercare contract or consent agreement;	7252
(c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's	7253
ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual	7254
has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and	7255
prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by	7256
individuals or providers approved by the board for making such	7257
assessments and shall describe the basis for their	7258

determination.

The state medical board may reinstate a certificate	7260
suspended under this division after such demonstration and aft	ter 7261
the individual has entered into a written consent agreement.	7262
When the impaired physician assistant resumes practice or	7263
prescribing, the <u>state medical</u> board shall require continued	7264
monitoring of the physician assistant. The monitoring shall	7265
include compliance with the written consent agreement entered	7266
into before reinstatement or with conditions imposed by board	7267
order after a hearing, and, upon termination of the consent	7268
agreement, submission to the board for at least two years of	7269
annual written progress reports made under penalty of	7270
falsification stating whether the physician assistant has	7271
maintained sobriety.	7272
(G) If the secretary and supervising member determine that	at 7273
there is clear and convincing evidence that a physician	7274
assistant has violated division (B) of this section and that t	the 7275
individual's continued practice or prescribing presents a dang	ger 7276
of immediate and serious harm to the public, they may recommen	nd 7277
that the state medical board suspend the individual's	7278
certificate to practice or prescribe without a prior hearing.	7279
Written allegations shall be prepared for consideration by the	7280
board.	7281
The state medical board, upon review of those allegations	7282
and by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its member	7283
excluding the secretary and supervising member, may suspend a	7284
certificate without a prior hearing. A telephone conference ca	7285
may be utilized for reviewing the allegations and taking the	7286
vote on the summary suspension.	7287
The <u>state medical</u> board shall issue a written order of	7288

suspension by certified mail or in person in accordance with

section 119.07 of the Revised Code. The order shall not be	7290
subject to suspension by the court during pendency of any appeal	7291
filed under section 119.12 of the Revised Code. If the physician	7292
assistant requests an adjudicatory hearing by the board, the	7293
date set for the hearing shall be within fifteen days, but not	7294
earlier than seven days, after the physician assistant requests	7295
the hearing, unless otherwise agreed to by both the board and	7296
the certificate holder.	7297

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A summary suspension imposed under this division shall remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final adjudicative order issued by the state medical board pursuant to this section and Chapter 119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The board shall issue its final adjudicative order within sixty days after completion of its hearing. Failure to issue the order within sixty days shall result in dissolution of the summary suspension order, but shall not invalidate any subsequent, final adjudicative order.

(H) If the <u>state medical</u> board takes action under division 7307 (B) (11), (13), or (14) of this section, and the judicial finding 7308 of guilt, guilty plea, or judicial finding of eligibility for 7309 intervention in lieu of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon 7310 exhaustion of the criminal appeal, a petition for 7311 reconsideration of the order may be filed with the board along 7312 with appropriate court documents. Upon receipt of a petition and 7313 supporting court documents, the board shall reinstate the 7314 certificate to practice or prescribe. The board may then hold an 7315 adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to determine 7316 whether the individual committed the act in question. Notice of 7317 opportunity for hearing shall be given in accordance with 7318 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. If the board finds, pursuant 7319 to an adjudication held under this division, that the individual 7320

committed the act, or if no hearing is requested, it may order	7321
any of the sanctions identified under division (B) of this	7322
section.	7323
(I) The certificate to practice issued to a physician	7324
assistant and the physician assistant's practice in this state	7325
are automatically suspended as of the date the physician	7326
assistant pleads guilty to, is found by a judge or jury to be	7327
guilty of, or is subject to a judicial finding of eligibility	7328
for intervention in lieu of conviction in this state or	7329
treatment or intervention in lieu of conviction in another state	7330
for any of the following criminal offenses in this state or a	7331
substantially equivalent criminal offense in another	7332
jurisdiction: aggravated murder, murder, voluntary manslaughter,	7333
felonious assault, kidnapping, rape, sexual battery, gross	7334
sexual imposition, aggravated arson, aggravated robbery, or	7335
aggravated burglary. Continued practice after the suspension	7336
shall be considered practicing without a certificate.	7337
The state medical board shall notify the individual	7338
subject to the suspension by certified mail or in person in	7339
accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code. If an	7340
individual whose certificate is suspended under this division	7341
fails to make a timely request for an adjudication under Chapter	7342
119. of the Revised Code, the board shall enter a final order	7343
permanently revoking the individual's certificate to practice.	7344

(J) In any instance in which the <u>state medical</u> board is

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required by Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to give notice of
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opportunity for hearing and the individual subject to the notice
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does not timely request a hearing in accordance with section
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119.07 of the Revised Code, the board is not required to hold a
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hearing, but may adopt, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than
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six of its members, a final order that contains the board's	7351
findings. In that final order, the board may order any of the	7352
sanctions identified under division (A) or (B) of this section.	7353
(K) Any action taken by the <u>state medical</u> board under	7354
division (B) of this section resulting in a suspension shall be	7355
accompanied by a written statement of the conditions under which	7356
the physician assistant's certificate may be reinstated. The	7357
board shall adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	7358
Revised Code governing conditions to be imposed for	7359
reinstatement. Reinstatement of a certificate suspended pursuant	7360
to division (B) of this section requires an affirmative vote of	7361
not fewer than six members of the board.	7362
(L) When the <u>state medical</u> board refuses to grant to an	7363
applicant a certificate to practice as a physician assistant or	7364
a certificate to prescribe, revokes an individual's certificate,	7365
refuses to issue a certificate, or refuses to reinstate an	7366
individual's certificate, the board may specify that its action	7367
is permanent. An individual subject to a permanent action taken	7368
by the board is forever thereafter ineligible to hold the	7369
certificate and the board shall not accept an application for	7370
reinstatement of the certificate or for issuance of a new	7371
certificate.	7372
(M) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Revised	7373
Code, all of the following apply:	7374
(1) The surrender of a certificate issued under this	7375
chapter is not effective unless or until accepted by the state	7376
<pre>medical_board. Reinstatement of a certificate surrendered to the</pre>	7377
board requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members	7378

of the board.

(2) An application made under this chapter for a	7380
certificate, approval of a physician supervisory plan, or	7381
approval of a supervision agreement may not be withdrawn without	7382
approval of the state medical board.	7383
(3) Failure by an individual to renew a certificate in	7384
accordance with section 4730.14 or section 4730.48 of the	7385
Revised Code shall not remove or limit the <u>state medical</u> board's	7386
jurisdiction to take disciplinary action under this section	7387
against the individual.	7388
(N) If an individual who holds a certificate issued under	7389
this chapter is listed in a claim filed under Chapter 3965. of	7390
the Revised Code, the state medical board shall suspend any	7391
investigation and shall not take disciplinary action under this	7392
section against that individual for conduct relating to that	7393
claim unless otherwise required by the health care professional	7394
standards board or until the health care professional standards	7395
board has concluded its investigation under Chapter 4746. of the	7396
Revised Code.	7397
The state medical board shall take any disciplinary action	7398
required by the health care professional standards board against	7399
a certificate holder under this chapter pursuant to section	7400
4746.05 of the Revised Code. If the health care professional	7401
standards board imposes discipline on a certificate holder, the	7402
state medical board shall not take disciplinary action for the	7403
same conduct that is the subject of the disciplinary action	7404
ordered by the health care professional standards board.	7405
However, the state medical board may account for that	7406
disciplinary action in any future disciplinary action taken	7407
against the certificate holder.	7408

Sec. 4730.32. (A) Within sixty days after the imposition

of any formal disciplinary action taken by a health care	7410
facility against any individual holding a valid certificate to	7411
practice as a physician assistant, the chief administrator or	7412
executive officer of the facility shall report to the state	7413
medical board and the health care professional standards board	7414
the name of the individual, the action taken by the facility,	7415
and a summary of the underlying facts leading to the action	7416
taken. Upon request, the either board shall be provided	7417
certified copies of the patient records that were the basis for	7418
the facility's action. Prior to release to the board, the	7419
summary shall be approved by the peer review committee that	7420
reviewed the case or by the governing board of the facility.	7421
The filing of a report with the each board or decision not	7422
to file a report, investigation by the either board, or any	7423
disciplinary action taken by the-either board, does not preclude	7424
a health care facility from taking disciplinary action against a	7425
physician assistant.	7426
In the absence of fraud or bad faith, no individual or	7427
entity that provides patient records to the either board shall	7428
be liable in damages to any person as a result of providing the	7429
records.	7430
(B) A physician assistant, professional association or	7431
society of physician assistants, physician, or professional	7432
association or society of physicians that believes a violation	7433
of any provision of this chapter, Chapter 4731. of the Revised	7434
Code, or rule of the <u>state medical</u> board has occurred shall	7435
report to the board and the health care professional standards	7436
board the information upon which the belief is based. This	7437

division does not require any treatment provider approved by the

state medical board under section 4731.25 of the Revised Code or

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any employee, agent, or representative of such a provider to	7440
make reports with respect to a physician assistant participating	7441
in treatment or aftercare for substance abuse as long as the	7442
physician assistant maintains participation in accordance with	7443
the requirements of section 4731.25 of the Revised Code and the	7444
treatment provider or employee, agent, or representative of the	7445
provider has no reason to believe that the physician assistant	7446
has violated any provision of this chapter or rule adopted under	7447
it, other than being impaired by alcohol, drugs, or other	7448
substances. This division does not require reporting by any	7449
member of an impaired practitioner committee established by a	7450
health care facility or by any representative or agent of a	7451
committee or program sponsored by a professional association or	7452
society of physician assistants to provide peer assistance to	7453
physician assistants with substance abuse problems with respect	7454
to a physician assistant who has been referred for examination	7455
to a treatment program approved by the board under section	7456
4731.25 of the Revised Code if the physician assistant	7457
cooperates with the referral for examination and with any	7458
determination that the physician assistant should enter	7459
treatment and as long as the committee member, representative,	7460
or agent has no reason to believe that the physician assistant	7461
has ceased to participate in the treatment program in accordance	7462
with section 4731.25 of the Revised Code or has violated any	7463
provision of this chapter or rule adopted under it, other than	7464
being impaired by alcohol, drugs, or other substances.	7465

(C) Any professional association or society composed 7466 primarily of physician assistants that suspends or revokes an 7467 individual's membership for violations of professional ethics, 7468 or for reasons of professional incompetence or professional 7469 malpractice, within sixty days after a final decision, shall 7470

report to the state medical board and the health care	7471
professional standards board, on forms prescribed and provided	7472
by the state medical board, the name of the individual, the	7473
action taken by the professional organization, and a summary of	7474
the underlying facts leading to the action taken.	7475
The filing or nonfiling of a report with the each board,	7476
investigation by the either board, or any disciplinary action	7477
taken by the either board, shall not preclude a professional	7478
organization from taking disciplinary action against a physician	7479
assistant.	7480
(D) Any insurer providing professional liability insurance	7481
to any person holding a valid certificate to practice as a	7482
physician assistant or any other entity that seeks to indemnify	7483
the professional liability of a physician assistant shall notify	7484
the <u>state medical</u> board within thirty days after the final	7485
disposition of any written claim for damages where such	7486
disposition results in a payment exceeding twenty-five thousand	7487
dollars. The notice shall contain the following information:	7488
(1) The name and address of the person submitting the	7489
notification;	7490
(2) The name and address of the insured who is the subject	7491
of the claim;	7492
(3) The name of the person filing the written claim;	7493
(4) The date of final disposition;	7494
(5) If applicable, the identity of the court in which the	7495
final disposition of the claim took place.	7496
(E) The Either board may investigate possible violations	7497
of this chapter or the rules adopted under it that are brought	7498

to its attention as a result of the reporting requirements of	7499
this section, except that the <u>state medical</u> board shall conduct	7500
an investigation if a possible violation involves repeated	7501
malpractice. As used in this division, "repeated malpractice"	7502
means three or more claims for malpractice within the previous	7503
five-year period, each resulting in a judgment or settlement in	7504
excess of twenty-five thousand dollars in favor of the claimant,	7505
and each involving negligent conduct by the physician assistant.	7506

(F) All summaries, reports, and records received and 7507 maintained by the <u>state medical</u> board or the health care 7508 professional standards board pursuant to this section shall be 7509 held in confidence and shall not be subject to discovery or 7510 introduction in evidence in any federal or state civil action 7511 involving a physician assistant, supervising physician, or 7512 health care facility arising out of matters that are the subject 7513 of the reporting required by this section. The appropriate board 7514 may use the information obtained only as the basis for an 7515 investigation, as evidence in a disciplinary hearing against a 7516 physician assistant or supervising physician, or in any 7517 subsequent trial or appeal of a board action or order. 7518

The <u>appropriate</u> board may disclose the summaries and 7519 reports it receives under this section only to health care 7520 facility committees within or outside this state that are 7521 involved in credentialing or recredentialing a physician 7522 assistant or supervising physician or reviewing their privilege 7523 to practice within a particular facility. The board shall 7524 indicate whether or not the information has been verified. 7525 Information transmitted by the board shall be subject to the 7526 same confidentiality provisions as when maintained by the board. 7527

(G) Except for reports filed by an individual pursuant to 7528

division (B) of this section, the <u>state medical</u> board shall send	7529
a copy of any reports or summaries it receives pursuant to this	7530
section to the physician assistant. The physician assistant	7531
shall have the right to file a statement with the <u>state medical</u>	7532
board and the health care professional standards board	7533
concerning the correctness or relevance of the information. The	7534
statement shall at all times accompany that part of the record	7535
in contention.	7536

- (H) An individual or entity that reports to the state 7537 medical board or the health care professional standards board or 7538 refers an impaired physician assistant to a treatment provider 7539 approved by the board under section 4731.25 of the Revised Code 7540 shall not be subject to suit for civil damages as a result of 7541 the report, referral, or provision of the information. 7542
- (I) In the absence of fraud or bad faith, a professional 7543 association or society of physician assistants that sponsors a 7544 committee or program to provide peer assistance to a physician 7545 assistant with substance abuse problems, a representative or 7546 agent of such a committee or program, and a member of the state 7547 medical board shall not be held liable in damages to any person 7548 by reason of actions taken to refer a physician assistant to a 7549 treatment provider approved under section 4731.25 of the Revised 7550 Code for examination or treatment. 7551
- Sec. 4731.22. (A) The state medical board, by an 7552 affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, may 7553 limit, revoke, or suspend an individual's certificate to 7554 practice, refuse to grant a certificate to an individual, refuse 7555 to register an individual, refuse to reinstate a certificate, or 7556 reprimand or place on probation the holder of a certificate if 7557 the individual or certificate holder is found by the board to 7558

have committed fraud during the administration of the	7559
examination for a certificate to practice or to have committed	7560
fraud, misrepresentation, or deception in applying for or	7561
securing any certificate to practice or certificate of	7562
registration issued by the board.	7563
(B) The state medical board, by an affirmative vote of not	7564
fewer than six members, shall, to the extent permitted by law,	7565
limit, revoke, or suspend an individual's certificate to	7566
practice, refuse to register an individual, refuse to reinstate	7567
a certificate, or reprimand or place on probation the holder of	7568
a certificate for one or more of the following reasons:	7569
(1) Permitting one's name or one's certificate to practice	7570
or certificate of registration to be used by a person, group, or	7571
corporation when the individual concerned is not actually	7572
directing the treatment given;	7573
(2) Failure to maintain minimal standards applicable to	7574
the selection or administration of drugs, or failure to employ	7575
acceptable scientific methods in the selection of drugs or other	7576
modalities for treatment of disease;	7577
(3) Selling, giving away, personally furnishing,	7578
prescribing, or administering drugs for other than legal and	7579
legitimate therapeutic purposes or a plea of guilty to, a	7580
judicial finding of guilt of, or a judicial finding of	7581
eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction of, a	7582
violation of any federal or state law regulating the possession,	7583
distribution, or use of any drug;	7584
(4) Willfully betraying a professional confidence.	7585
For purposes of this division, "willfully betraying a	7586

professional confidence" does not include providing any

information, documents, or reports to a child fatality review	7588
board under sections 307.621 to 307.629 of the Revised Code and	7589
does not include the making of a report of an employee's use of	7590
a drug of abuse, or a report of a condition of an employee other	7591
than one involving the use of a drug of abuse, to the employer	7592
of the employee as described in division (B) of section 2305.33	7593
of the Revised Code. Nothing in this division affects the	7594
immunity from civil liability conferred by that section upon a	7595
physician who makes either type of report in accordance with	7596
division (B) of that section. As used in this division,	7597
"employee," "employer," and "physician" have the same meanings	7598
as in section 2305.33 of the Revised Code.	7599

(5) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading 7600 statement in the solicitation of or advertising for patients; in 7601 relation to the practice of medicine and surgery, osteopathic 7602 medicine and surgery, podiatric medicine and surgery, or a 7603 limited branch of medicine; or in securing or attempting to 7604 secure any certificate to practice or certificate of 7605 registration issued by the board.

As used in this division, "false, fraudulent, deceptive, 7607 or misleading statement" means a statement that includes a 7608 misrepresentation of fact, is likely to mislead or deceive 7609 because of a failure to disclose material facts, is intended or 7610 is likely to create false or unjustified expectations of 7611 favorable results, or includes representations or implications 7612 that in reasonable probability will cause an ordinarily prudent 7613 person to misunderstand or be deceived. 7614

(6) A departure from, or the failure to conform to,

minimal standards of care of similar practitioners under the

same or similar circumstances, whether or not actual injury to a

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patient is established;	7618
(7) Representing, with the purpose of obtaining	7619
compensation or other advantage as personal gain or for any	7620
other person, that an incurable disease or injury, or other	7621
incurable condition, can be permanently cured;	7622
(8) The obtaining of, or attempting to obtain, money or	7623
anything of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course	7624
of practice;	7625
(9) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	7626
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	7627
conviction for, a felony;	7628
(10) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in	7629
this state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was	7630
committed;	7631
(11) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	7632
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	7633
conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of	7634
practice;	7635
(12) Commission of an act in the course of practice that	7636
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	7637
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	7638
(13) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	7639
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	7640
conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;	7641
(14) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that	7642
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	7643
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	7644
(15) Violation of the conditions of limitation placed by	7645

the board upon a certificate to practice;	7646
(16) Failure to pay license renewal fees specified in this	7647
chapter;	7648
(17) Except as authorized in section 4731.31 of the	7649
Revised Code, engaging in the division of fees for referral of	7650
patients, or the receiving of a thing of value in return for a	7651
specific referral of a patient to utilize a particular service	7652
or business;	7653
(18) Subject to section 4731.226 of the Revised Code,	7654
violation of any provision of a code of ethics of the American	7655
medical association, the American osteopathic association, the	7656
American podiatric medical association, or any other national	7657
professional organizations that the <u>state medical</u> board	7658
specifies by rule. The state medical board shall obtain and keep	7659
on file current copies of the codes of ethics of the various	7660
national professional organizations. The individual whose	7661
certificate is being suspended or revoked shall not be found to	7662
have violated any provision of a code of ethics of an	7663
organization not appropriate to the individual's profession.	7664
For purposes of this division, a "provision of a code of	7665
ethics of a national professional organization" does not include	7666
any provision that would preclude the making of a report by a	7667
physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a	7668
condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a	7669
drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in	7670
division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in	7671
this division affects the immunity from civil liability	7672
conferred by that section upon a physician who makes either type	7673
of report in accordance with division (B) of that section. As	7674
used in this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician"	7675

have the	e same	meanings	as	in	section	2305.33	of	the	Revised	7676
Code.										7677

(19) Inability to practice according to acceptable and
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prevailing standards of care by reason of mental illness or
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physical illness, including, but not limited to, physical
deterioration that adversely affects cognitive, motor, or
7681
perceptive skills.

In enforcing this division, the <u>state medical</u> board, upon 7683 a showing of a possible violation, may compel any individual 7684 authorized to practice by this chapter or who has submitted an 7685 application pursuant to this chapter to submit to a mental 7686 examination, physical examination, including an HIV test, or 7687 both a mental and a physical examination. The expense of the 7688 examination is the responsibility of the individual compelled to 7689 be examined. Failure to submit to a mental or physical 7690 examination or consent to an HIV test ordered by the board 7691 constitutes an admission of the allegations against the 7692 individual unless the failure is due to circumstances beyond the 7693 individual's control, and a default and final order may be 7694 entered without the taking of testimony or presentation of 7695 evidence. If the board finds an individual unable to practice 7696 because of the reasons set forth in this division, the board 7697 shall require the individual to submit to care, counseling, or 7698 treatment by physicians approved or designated by the board, as 7699 a condition for initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 7700 authority to practice. An individual affected under this 7701 division shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the 7702 board the ability to resume practice in compliance with 7703 acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions of the 7704 individual's certificate. For the purpose of this division, any 7705 individual who applies for or receives a certificate to practice 7706

under this chapter accepts the privilege of practicing in this
state and, by so doing, shall be deemed to have given consent to
submit to a mental or physical examination when directed to do
so in writing by the board, and to have waived all objections to
the admissibility of testimony or examination reports that
constitute a privileged communication.

(20) Except when civil penalties are imposed under section 7713
4731.225 or 4731.281 of the Revised Code, and subject to section 7714
4731.226 of the Revised Code, violating or attempting to 7715
violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the 7716
violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provisions of this 7717
chapter or any rule promulgated by the board. 7718

This division does not apply to a violation or attempted 7719 violation of, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or a 7720 conspiracy to violate, any provision of this chapter or any rule 7721 adopted by the state medical board that would preclude the 7722 making of a report by a physician of an employee's use of a drug 7723 of abuse, or of a condition of an employee other than one 7724 involving the use of a drug of abuse, to the employer of the 7725 employee as described in division (B) of section 2305.33 of the 7726 Revised Code. Nothing in this division affects the immunity from 7727 civil liability conferred by that section upon a physician who 7728 makes either type of report in accordance with division (B) of 7729 that section. As used in this division, "employee," "employer," 7730 and "physician" have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of 7731 the Revised Code. 7732

(21) The violation of section 3701.79 of the Revised Code 7733 or of any abortion rule adopted by the public health council 7734 director of health pursuant to section 3701.341 of the Revised 7735 Code; 7736

(22) Any of the following actions taken by an agency	7737
responsible for authorizing, certifying, or regulating an	7738
individual to practice a health care occupation or provide	7739
health care services in this state or another jurisdiction, for	7740
any reason other than the nonpayment of fees: the limitation,	7741
revocation, or suspension of an individual's license to	7742
practice; acceptance of an individual's license surrender;	7743
denial of a license; refusal to renew or reinstate a license;	7744
imposition of probation; or issuance of an order of censure or	7745
other reprimand;	7746
(23) The violation of section 2919.12 of the Revised Code	7747
or the performance or inducement of an abortion upon a pregnant	7748
woman with actual knowledge that the conditions specified in	7749
division (B) of section 2317.56 of the Revised Code have not	7750
been satisfied or with a heedless indifference as to whether	7751
those conditions have been satisfied, unless an affirmative	7752
defense as specified in division (H)(2) of that section would	7753
apply in a civil action authorized by division (H)(1) of that	7754
section;	7755
(24) The revocation, suspension, restriction, reduction,	7756
or termination of clinical privileges by the United States	7757
department of defense or department of veterans affairs or the	7758
termination or suspension of a certificate of registration to	7759
prescribe drugs by the drug enforcement administration of the	7760
United States department of justice;	7761
(25) Termination or suspension from participation in the	7762
medicare or medicaid programs by the department of health and	7763
human services or other responsible agency for any act or acts	7764
that also would constitute a violation of division (B)(2), (3),	7765

(6), (8), or (19) of this section;

(26) Impairment of ability to practice according to	7767
acceptable and prevailing standards of care because of habitual	7768
or excessive use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, or other substances	7769
that impair ability to practice.	7770

For the purposes of this division, any individual 7771 authorized to practice by this chapter accepts the privilege of 7772 practicing in this state subject to supervision by the <u>state</u> 7773 medical board. By filing an application for or holding a 7774 certificate to practice under this chapter, an individual shall 7775 7776 be deemed to have given consent to submit to a mental or physical examination when ordered to do so by the board in 7777 writing, and to have waived all objections to the admissibility 7778 of testimony or examination reports that constitute privileged 7779 communications. 7780

If it has reason to believe that any individual authorized 7781 to practice by this chapter or any applicant for certification 7782 to practice suffers such impairment, the state medical board may 7783 compel the individual to submit to a mental or physical 7784 examination, or both. The expense of the examination is the 7785 responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. Any 7786 mental or physical examination required under this division 7787 shall be undertaken by a treatment provider or physician who is 7788 qualified to conduct the examination and who is chosen by the 7789 board. 7790

Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination 7791 ordered by the <u>state medical</u> board constitutes an admission of 7792 the allegations against the individual unless the failure is due 7793 to circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default 7794 and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony 7795 or presentation of evidence. If the board determines that the 7796

individual's ability to practice is impaired, the board shall	7797
suspend the individual's certificate or deny the individual's	7798
application and shall require the individual, as a condition for	7799
initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed certification to	7800
practice, to submit to treatment.	7801
Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a	7802
certificate suspended under this division, the impaired	7803
practitioner shall demonstrate to the <u>state medical</u> board the	7804
ability to resume practice in compliance with acceptable and	7805
prevailing standards of care under the provisions of the	7806
practitioner's certificate. The demonstration shall include, but	7807
shall not be limited to, the following:	7808
(a) Certification from a treatment provider approved under	7809
section 4731.25 of the Revised Code that the individual has	7810
successfully completed any required inpatient treatment;	7811
buodestrarry compressed any required imputations ereasmone,	
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an	7812
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an	7812
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an aftercare contract or consent agreement;	7812 7813
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an aftercare contract or consent agreement;(c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's	7812 7813 7814
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(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an aftercare contract or consent agreement;(c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and	7812 7813 7814 7815 7816
 (b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an aftercare contract or consent agreement; (c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by 	7812 7813 7814 7815 7816 7817
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an aftercare contract or consent agreement; (c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by individuals or providers approved by the board for making the	7812 7813 7814 7815 7816 7817 7818
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an aftercare contract or consent agreement; (c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by individuals or providers approved by the board for making the assessments and shall describe the basis for their	7812 7813 7814 7815 7816 7817 7818 7819
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an aftercare contract or consent agreement; (c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by individuals or providers approved by the board for making the assessments and shall describe the basis for their determination.	7812 7813 7814 7815 7816 7817 7818 7819 7820
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an aftercare contract or consent agreement; (c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by individuals or providers approved by the board for making the assessments and shall describe the basis for their determination. The <u>state medical board may reinstate a certificate</u>	7812 7813 7814 7815 7816 7817 7818 7819 7820
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an aftercare contract or consent agreement; (c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by individuals or providers approved by the board for making the assessments and shall describe the basis for their determination. The state medical board may reinstate a certificate suspended under this division after that demonstration and after	7812 7813 7814 7815 7816 7817 7818 7819 7820 7821 7822

individual. The monitoring shall include, but not be limited to,	7826
compliance with the written consent agreement entered into	7827
before reinstatement or with conditions imposed by board order	7828
after a hearing, and, upon termination of the consent agreement,	7829
submission to the board for at least two years of annual written	7830
progress reports made under penalty of perjury stating whether	7831
the individual has maintained sobriety.	7832
(27) A second or subsequent violation of section 4731.66	7833
or 4731.69 of the Revised Code;	7834
(28) Except as provided in division (N) of this section:	7835
(a) Waiving the payment of all or any part of a deductible	7836
or copayment that a patient, pursuant to a health insurance or	7837
health care policy, contract, or plan that covers the	7838
individual's services, otherwise would be required to pay if the	7839
waiver is used as an enticement to a patient or group of	7840
patients to receive health care services from that individual;	7841
(b) Advertising that the individual will waive the payment	7842
of all or any part of a deductible or copayment that a patient,	7843
pursuant to a health insurance or health care policy, contract,	7844
or plan that covers the individual's services, otherwise would	7845
be required to pay.	7846
(29) Failure to use universal blood and body fluid	7847
precautions established by rules adopted under section 4731.051	7848
of the Revised Code;	7849
(30) Failure to provide notice to, and receive	7850
acknowledgment of the notice from, a patient when required by	7851
section 4731.143 of the Revised Code prior to providing	7852
nonemergency professional services, or failure to maintain that	7853
<pre>notice in the patient's file;</pre>	7854

(31)—Failure of a physician supervising a physician	7855
assistant to maintain supervision in accordance with the	7856
requirements of Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code and the rules	7857
adopted under that chapter;	7858
(32)(31) Failure of a physician or podiatrist to enter	7859
into a standard care arrangement with a clinical nurse	7860
specialist, certified nurse-midwife, or certified nurse	7861
practitioner with whom the physician or podiatrist is in	7862
collaboration pursuant to section 4731.27 of the Revised Code or	7863
failure to fulfill the responsibilities of collaboration after	7864
entering into a standard care arrangement;	7865
$\frac{(33)}{(32)}$ Failure to comply with the terms of a consult	7866
agreement entered into with a pharmacist pursuant to section	7867
4729.39 of the Revised Code;	7868
(34)(33) Failure to cooperate in an investigation	7869
conducted by the <u>state medical</u> board under division (F) of this	7870
section or the health care professional standards board pursuant	7871
to section 4746.04 of the Revised Code, including failure to	7872
comply with a subpoena or order issued by the either board or	7873
failure to answer truthfully a question presented by the either	7874
board in an investigative interview, an investigative office	7875
conference, at a deposition, or in written interrogatories,	7876
except that failure to cooperate with an investigation shall not	7877
constitute grounds for discipline under this section if a court	7878
of competent jurisdiction has issued an order that either	7879
quashes a subpoena or permits the individual to withhold the	7880
testimony or evidence in issue;	7881
(35)(34) Failure to supervise an oriental medicine	7882
practitioner or acupuncturist in accordance with Chapter 4762.	7883
of the Revised Code and the <u>state medical</u> board's rules for	7884

providing that supervision;	7885
(36)(35) Failure to supervise an anesthesiologist	7886
assistant in accordance with Chapter 4760. of the Revised Code	7887
and the state medical board's rules for supervision of an	7888
anesthesiologist assistant;	7889
(37)(36) Assisting suicide as defined in section 3795.01	7890
of the Revised Code;	7891
(38)(37) Failure to comply with the requirements of	7892
section 2317.561 of the Revised Code;	7893
(39)(38) Failure to supervise a radiologist assistant in	7894
accordance with Chapter 4774. of the Revised Code and the $\underline{\text{state}}$	7895
<pre>medical board's rules for supervision of radiologist assistants;</pre>	7896
(40)(39) Performing or inducing an abortion at an office	7897
or facility with knowledge that the office or facility fails to	7898
post the notice required under section 3701.791 of the Revised	7899
Code;	7900
(41)(40) Failure to comply with the standards and	7901
procedures established in rules under section 4731.054 of the	7902
Revised Code for the operation of or the provision of care at a	7903
pain management clinic;	7904
$\frac{(42)}{(41)}$ Failure to comply with the standards and	7905
procedures established in rules under section 4731.054 of the	7906
Revised Code for providing supervision, direction, and control	7907
of individuals at a pain management clinic;	7908
$\frac{(43)}{(42)}$ Failure to comply with the requirements of	7909
section 4729.79 or 4731.055 of the Revised Code, unless the	7910
state board of pharmacy no longer maintains a drug database	7911
pursuant to section 4729.75 of the Revised Code;	7912

$\frac{(44)}{(43)}$ Failure to comply with the requirements of	7913
section 2919.171 of the Revised Code or failure to submit to the	7914
department of health in accordance with a court order a complete	7915
report as described in section 2919.171 of the Revised Code;	7916
$\frac{(45)}{(44)}$ Practicing at a facility that is subject to	7917
licensure as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous	7918
drugs with a pain management clinic classification unless the	7919
person operating the facility has obtained and maintains the	7920
license with the classification;	7921
$\frac{(46)}{(45)}$ Owning a facility that is subject to licensure as	7922
a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a	7923
pain management clinic classification unless the facility is	7924
licensed with the classification;	7925
$\frac{(47)}{(46)}$ Failure to comply with the requirement regarding	7926
maintaining notes described in division (B) of section 2919.191	7927
of the Revised Code or failure to satisfy the requirements of	7928
section 2919.191 of the Revised Code prior to performing or	7929
inducing an abortion upon a pregnant woman;	7930
$\frac{(48)}{(47)}$ Failure to comply with the requirements in	7931
section 3719.061 of the Revised Code before issuing to a minor a	7932
prescription for a controlled substance containing an opioid.	7933
(C) Disciplinary actions taken by the state medical board	7934
under divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall be taken	7935
pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised	7936
Code, except that in lieu of an adjudication, the board may	7937
enter into a consent agreement with an individual to resolve an	7938
allegation of a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted	7939
under it. A consent agreement, when ratified by an affirmative	7940
vote of not fewer than six members of the board, shall	7941

constitute the findings and order of the board with respect to	7942
the matter addressed in the agreement. If the board refuses to	7943
ratify a consent agreement, the admissions and findings	7944
contained in the consent agreement shall be of no force or	7945
effect.	7946

A telephone conference call may be utilized for 7947 ratification of a consent agreement that revokes or suspends an 7948 individual's certificate to practice. The telephone conference 7949 call shall be considered a special meeting under division (F) of 7950 section 121.22 of the Revised Code. 7951

If the state medical board takes disciplinary action 7952 against an individual under division (B) of this section for a 7953 second or subsequent plea of quilty to, or judicial finding of 7954 quilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 of the Revised Code, 7955 the disciplinary action shall consist of a suspension of the 7956 individual's certificate to practice for a period of at least 7957 one year or, if determined appropriate by the board, a more 7958 serious sanction involving the individual's certificate to 7959 practice. Any consent agreement entered into under this division 7960 with an individual that pertains to a second or subsequent plea 7961 of guilty to, or judicial finding of guilt of, a violation of 7962 that section shall provide for a suspension of the individual's 7963 certificate to practice for a period of at least one year or, if 7964 determined appropriate by the board, a more serious sanction 7965 involving the individual's certificate to practice. 7966

(D) For purposes of divisions (B) (10), (12), and (14) of 7967 this section, the commission of the act may be established by a 7968 finding by the <u>state medical</u> board, pursuant to an adjudication 7969 under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, that the individual 7970 committed the act. The board does not have jurisdiction under 7971

those divisions if the trial court renders a final judgment in 7972 the individual's favor and that judgment is based upon an 7973 adjudication on the merits. The board has jurisdiction under 7974 those divisions if the trial court issues an order of dismissal 7975 upon technical or procedural grounds. 7976

- (E) The sealing of conviction records by any court shall 7977 have no effect upon a prior state medical board order entered 7978 under this section or upon the board's jurisdiction to take 7979 action under this section if, based upon a plea of quilty, a 7980 judicial finding of guilt, or a judicial finding of eligibility 7981 for intervention in lieu of conviction, the board issued a 7982 notice of opportunity for a hearing prior to the court's order 7983 to seal the records. The board shall not be required to seal, 7984 destroy, redact, or otherwise modify its records to reflect the 7985 court's sealing of conviction records. 7986
- (F)(1) The state medical board shall investigate evidence 7987 that appears to show that a person has violated any provision of 7988 this chapter or any rule adopted under it. Any person may report 7989 to the board in a signed writing any information that the person 7990 may have that appears to show a violation of any provision of 7991 this chapter or any rule adopted under it. In the absence of bad 7992 faith, any person who reports information of that nature or who 7993 testifies before the board in any adjudication conducted under 7994 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code shall not be liable in damages 7995 in a civil action as a result of the report or testimony. Each 7996 complaint or allegation of a violation received by the board 7997 shall be assigned a case number and shall be recorded by the 7998 board. 7999
- (2) Investigations of alleged violations of this chapter or any rule adopted under it shall be supervised by the

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supervising member elected by the <u>state medical</u> board in	8002
accordance with section 4731.02 of the Revised Code and by the	8003
secretary as provided in section 4731.39 of the Revised Code.	8004
The president may designate another member of the board to	8005
supervise the investigation in place of the supervising member.	8006
No member of the board who supervises the investigation of a	8007
case shall participate in further adjudication of the case.	8008

- (3) In investigating a possible violation of this chapter 8009 or any rule adopted under this chapter, or in conducting an 8010 inspection under division (E) of section 4731.054 of the Revised 8011 Code, the state medical_board may question witnesses, conduct 8012 interviews, administer oaths, order the taking of depositions, 8013 inspect and copy any books, accounts, papers, records, or 8014 documents, issue subpoenas, and compel the attendance of 8015 witnesses and production of books, accounts, papers, records, 8016 documents, and testimony, except that a subpoena for patient 8017 record information shall not be issued without consultation with 8018 the attorney general's office and approval of the secretary and 8019 supervising member of the board. 8020
- (a) Before issuance of a subpoena for patient record 8021 information, the secretary and supervising member shall 8022 8023 determine whether there is probable cause to believe that the complaint filed alleges a violation of this chapter or any rule 8024 adopted under it and that the records sought are relevant to the 8025 alleged violation and material to the investigation. The 8026 subpoena may apply only to records that cover a reasonable 8027 period of time surrounding the alleged violation. 8028
- (b) On failure to comply with any subpoena issued by the 8029

 <u>state medical</u> board and after reasonable notice to the person 8030

 being subpoenaed, the board may move for an order compelling the 8031

production of persons or records pursuant to the Rules of Civil 8032
Procedure. 8033

- (c) A subpoena issued by the state medical board may be 8034 served by a sheriff, the sheriff's deputy, or a board employee 8035 designated by the board. Service of a subpoena issued by the 8036 board may be made by delivering a copy of the subpoena to the 8037 person named therein, reading it to the person, or leaving it at 8038 the person's usual place of residence, usual place of business, 8039 or address on file with the board. When serving a subpoena to an 8040 applicant for or the holder of a certificate issued under this 8041 chapter, service of the subpoena may be made by certified mail, 8042 return receipt requested, and the subpoena shall be deemed 8043 served on the date delivery is made or the date the person 8044 refuses to accept delivery. If the person being served refuses 8045 to accept the subpoena or is not located, service may be made to 8046 an attorney who notifies the board that the attorney is 8047 representing the person. 8048
- (d) A sheriff's deputy who serves a subpoena shall receive 8049 the same fees as a sheriff. Each witness who appears before the 8050 board in obedience to a subpoena shall receive the fees and 8051 mileage provided for under section 119.094 of the Revised Code. 8052
- (4) All hearings, investigations, and inspections of the
 state medical board shall be considered civil actions for the
 purposes of section 2305.252 of the Revised Code.
 8053
- (5) A report required to be submitted to the <u>state medical</u> 8056 board under this chapter, a complaint, or information received 8057 by the board pursuant to an investigation or pursuant to an 8058 inspection under division (E) of section 4731.054 of the Revised 8059 Code is confidential and not subject to discovery in any civil 8060 action.

The state medical board shall conduct all investigations	8062
or inspections and proceedings in a manner that protects the	8063
confidentiality of patients and persons who file complaints with	8064
the board. The board shall not make public the names or any	8065
other identifying information about patients or complainants	8066
unless proper consent is given or, in the case of a patient, a	8067
waiver of the patient privilege exists under division (B) of	8068
section 2317.02 of the Revised Code, except that consent or a	8069
waiver of that nature is not required if the board possesses	8070
reliable and substantial evidence that no bona fide physician-	8071
patient relationship exists.	8072

The state medical board may share any information it 8073 receives pursuant to an investigation or inspection, including 8074 patient records and patient record information, with law 8075 enforcement agencies, other licensing boards, and other 8076 governmental agencies that are prosecuting, adjudicating, or 8077 investigating alleged violations of statutes or administrative 8078 rules. An agency or board that receives the information shall 8079 comply with the same requirements regarding confidentiality as 8080 those with which the state medical board must comply, 8081 notwithstanding any conflicting provision of the Revised Code or 8082 procedure of the agency or board that applies when it is dealing 8083 with other information in its possession. In a judicial 8084 proceeding, the information may be admitted into evidence only 8085 in accordance with the Rules of Evidence, but the court shall 8086 require that appropriate measures are taken to ensure that 8087 confidentiality is maintained with respect to any part of the 8088 information that contains names or other identifying information 8089 about patients or complainants whose confidentiality was 8090 protected by the state medical board when the information was in 8091 the board's possession. Measures to ensure confidentiality that 8092

may be taken by the court include sealing its records or	8093
deleting specific information from its records.	8094
(6) On a quarterly basis, the state medical board shall	8095
prepare a report that documents the disposition of all cases	8096
during the preceding three months. The report shall contain the	8097
following information for each case with which the board has	8098
completed its activities:	8099
(a) The case number assigned to the complaint or alleged	8100
violation;	8101
(b) The type of certificate to practice, if any, held by	8102
the individual against whom the complaint is directed;	8103
(c) A description of the allegations contained in the	8104
complaint;	8105
(d) The disposition of the case.	8106
The report shall state how many cases are still pending	8107
and shall be prepared in a manner that protects the identity of	8108
each person involved in each case. The report shall be a public	8109
record under section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	8110
(G) If the secretary and supervising member determine both	8111
of the following, they may recommend that the <u>state medical</u>	8112
board suspend an individual's certificate to practice without a	8113
<pre>prior hearing:</pre>	8114
(1) That there is clear and convincing evidence that an	8115
individual has violated division (B) of this section;	8116
(2) That the individual's continued practice presents a	8117
danger of immediate and serious harm to the public.	8118
Written allegations shall be prepared for consideration by	8119

the <u>state medical</u> board. The board, upon review of those	8120
allegations and by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of	8121
its members, excluding the secretary and supervising member, may	8122
suspend a certificate without a prior hearing. A telephone	8123
conference call may be utilized for reviewing the allegations	8124
and taking the vote on the summary suspension.	8125
The state medical board shall issue a written order of	8126
suspension by certified mail or in person in accordance with	8127
section 119.07 of the Revised Code. The order shall not be	8128
subject to suspension by the court during pendency of any appeal	8129
filed under section 119.12 of the Revised Code. If the	8130
individual subject to the summary suspension requests an	8131
adjudicatory hearing by the board, the date set for the hearing	8132
shall be within fifteen days, but not earlier than seven days,	8133
after the individual requests the hearing, unless otherwise	8134
agreed to by both the board and the individual.	8135
Any summary suspension imposed under this division shall	8136
remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final	8137
adjudicative order issued by the <u>state medical</u> board pursuant to	8138
this section and Chapter 119. of the Revised Code becomes	8139
effective. The board shall issue its final adjudicative order	8140
within seventy-five days after completion of its hearing. A	8141
failure to issue the order within seventy-five days shall result	8142
in dissolution of the summary suspension order but shall not	8143
invalidate any subsequent, final adjudicative order.	8144
(H) If the <u>state medical</u> board takes action under division	8145
(B) (9) , (11) , or (13) of this section and the judicial finding	8146
of guilt, guilty plea, or judicial finding of eligibility for	8147

intervention in lieu of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon

exhaustion of the criminal appeal, a petition for

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reconsideration of the order may be filed with the board along	8150
with appropriate court documents. Upon receipt of a petition of	8151
that nature and supporting court documents, the board shall	8152
reinstate the individual's certificate to practice. The board	8153
may then hold an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised	8154
Code to determine whether the individual committed the act in	8155
question. Notice of an opportunity for a hearing shall be given	8156
in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. If the	8157
board finds, pursuant to an adjudication held under this	8158
division, that the individual committed the act or if no hearing	8159
is requested, the board may order any of the sanctions	8160
identified under division (B) of this section.	8161

(I) The certificate to practice issued to an individual 8162 under this chapter and the individual's practice in this state 8163 are automatically suspended as of the date of the individual's 8164 second or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of 8165 guilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 of the Revised Code, 8166 or the date the individual pleads quilty to, is found by a judge 8167 or jury to be guilty of, or is subject to a judicial finding of 8168 eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction in this state 8169 or treatment or intervention in lieu of conviction in another 8170 jurisdiction for any of the following criminal offenses in this 8171 state or a substantially equivalent criminal offense in another 8172 jurisdiction: aggravated murder, murder, voluntary manslaughter, 8173 felonious assault, kidnapping, rape, sexual battery, gross 8174 sexual imposition, aggravated arson, aggravated robbery, or 8175 aggravated burglary. Continued practice after suspension shall 8176 be considered practicing without a certificate. 8177

The <u>state medical</u> board shall notify the individual 8178 subject to the suspension by certified mail or in person in 8179 accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code. If an 8180

individual whose certificate is automatically suspended under 8181 this division fails to make a timely request for an adjudication 8182 under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the board shall do 8183 whichever of the following is applicable: 8184

- (1) If the automatic suspension under this division is for 8185 a second or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of 8186 guilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 of the Revised Code, 8187 the state medical board shall enter an order suspending the 8188 individual's certificate to practice for a period of at least 8189 one year or, if determined appropriate by the board, imposing a 8190 more serious sanction involving the individual's certificate to 8191 practice. 8192
- (2) In all circumstances in which division (I)(1) of this 8193 section does not apply, enter a final order permanently revoking 8194 the individual's certificate to practice. 8195
- (J) If the <u>state medical</u> board is required by Chapter 119. 8196 of the Revised Code to give notice of an opportunity for a 8197 hearing and if the individual subject to the notice does not 8198 timely request a hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of 8199 the Revised Code, the board is not required to hold a hearing, 8200 but may adopt, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of 8201 its members, a final order that contains the board's findings. 8202 In that final order, the board may order any of the sanctions 8203 identified under division (A) or (B) of this section. 8204
- (K) Any action taken by the <u>state medical</u> board under 8205 division (B) of this section resulting in a suspension from 8206 practice shall be accompanied by a written statement of the 8207 conditions under which the individual's certificate to practice 8208 may be reinstated. The board shall adopt rules governing 8209 conditions to be imposed for reinstatement. Reinstatement of a 8210

certificate suspended pursuant to division (B) of this section	8211
requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members of	8212
the board.	8213
(L) When the state medical board refuses to grant a	8214
certificate to an applicant, revokes an individual's certificate	8215
to practice, refuses to register an applicant, or refuses to	8216
reinstate an individual's certificate to practice, the board may	8217
specify that its action is permanent. An individual subject to a	8218
permanent action taken by the board is forever thereafter	8219
ineligible to hold a certificate to practice and the board shall	8220
not accept an application for reinstatement of the certificate	8221
or for issuance of a new certificate.	8222
(M) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Revised	8223
Code, all of the following apply:	8224
(1) The surrender of a certificate issued under this	8225
chapter shall not be effective unless or until accepted by the	8226
state medical board. A telephone conference call may be utilized	8227
for acceptance of the surrender of an individual's certificate	8228
to practice. The telephone conference call shall be considered a	8229
special meeting under division (F) of section 121.22 of the	8230
Revised Code. Reinstatement of a certificate surrendered to the	8231
board requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members	8232
of the board.	8233
(2) An application for a certificate made under the	8234
provisions of this chapter may not be withdrawn without approval	8235
of the <u>state medical</u> board.	8236
(3) Failure by an individual to renew a certificate of	8237
registration in accordance with this chapter shall not remove or	8238
limit the state medical board's jurisdiction to take any	8239

disciplinary action under this section against the individual.	8240
(4) At the request of the <u>state medical</u> board, a	8241
certificate holder shall immediately surrender to the board a	8242
certificate that the board has suspended, revoked, or	8243
permanently revoked.	8244
(N) Sanctions shall not be imposed under division (B) (28)	8245
of this section against any person who waives deductibles and	8246
copayments as follows:	8247
(1) In compliance with the health benefit plan that	8248
expressly allows such a practice. Waiver of the deductibles or	8249
copayments shall be made only with the full knowledge and	8250
consent of the plan purchaser, payer, and third-party	8251
administrator. Documentation of the consent shall be made	8252
available to the <u>state medical</u> board upon request.	8253
(2) For professional services rendered to any other person	8254
authorized to practice pursuant to this chapter, to the extent	8255
allowed by this chapter and rules adopted by the state medical	8256
board.	8257
(O) Under the state medical board's investigative duties	8258
described in this section and subject to division (F) of this	8259
section, the board shall develop and implement a quality	8260
intervention program designed to improve through remedial	8261
education the clinical and communication skills of individuals	8262
authorized under this chapter to practice medicine and surgery,	8263
osteopathic medicine and surgery, and podiatric medicine and	8264
surgery. In developing and implementing the quality intervention	8265
program, the board may do all of the following:	8266
(1) Offer in appropriate cases as determined by the board	8267
an educational and assessment program pursuant to an	8268

investigation the board conducts under this section;	8269
(2) Select providers of educational and assessment	8270
services, including a quality intervention program panel of case	8271
reviewers;	8272
(3) Make referrals to educational and assessment service	8273
providers and approve individual educational programs	8274
recommended by those providers. The board shall monitor the	8275
progress of each individual undertaking a recommended individual	8276
educational program.	8277
(4) Determine what constitutes successful completion of an	8278
individual educational program and require further monitoring of	8279
the individual who completed the program or other action that	8280
the board determines to be appropriate;	8281
(5) Adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	8282
Revised Code to further implement the quality intervention	8283
program.	8284
An individual who participates in an individual	8285
educational program pursuant to this division shall pay the	8286
financial obligations arising from that educational program.	8287
(P) If an individual who holds a certificate issued under	8288
this chapter is listed in a claim filed under Chapter 3965. of	8289
the Revised Code, the state medical board shall suspend any	8290
investigation and shall not take disciplinary action under this	8291
section against that individual for conduct relating to that	8292
claim unless otherwise required by the health care professional	8293
standards board or until the health care professional standards	8294
board has concluded its investigation under Chapter 4746. of the	8295
Revised Code.	8296
The state medical board shall take any disciplinary action	8297

required by the health care professional standards board against	8298
a certificate holder under this chapter pursuant to section	8299
4746.05 of the Revised Code. If the health care professional	8300
standards board imposes discipline on a certificate holder, the	8301
state medical board shall not take disciplinary action for the	8302
same conduct that is the subject of the disciplinary action	8303
ordered by the health care professional standards board.	8304
However, the state medical board may account for that	8305
disciplinary action in any future disciplinary action taken	8306
against the certificate holder.	8307
Sec. 4731.224. (A) Within sixty days after the imposition	8308
of any formal disciplinary action taken by any health care	8309
facility, including a hospital, health care facility operated by	8310
a health insuring corporation, ambulatory surgical center, or	8311
similar facility, against any individual holding a valid	8312
certificate to practice issued pursuant to this chapter, the	8313
chief administrator or executive officer of the facility shall	8314
report to the state medical board <u>and the health care</u>	8315
professional standards board the name of the individual, the	8316
action taken by the facility, and a summary of the underlying	8317
facts leading to the action taken. Upon request, the requesting	8318
board shall be provided certified copies of the patient records	8319
that were the basis for the facility's action. Prior to release	8320
to the board, the summary shall be approved by the peer review	8321
committee that reviewed the case or by the governing board of	8322
the facility. As used in this division, "formal disciplinary	8323
action" means any action resulting in the revocation,	8324
restriction, reduction, or termination of clinical privileges	8325
for violations of professional ethics, or for reasons of medical	8326
incompetence, medical malpractice, or drug or alcohol abuse.	8327
"Formal disciplinary action" includes a summary action, an	8328

action that takes effect notwithstanding any appeal rights that	8329
may exist, and an action that results in an individual	8330
surrendering clinical privileges while under investigation and	8331
during proceedings regarding the action being taken or in return	8332
for not being investigated or having proceedings held. "Formal	8333
disciplinary action" does not include any action taken for the	8334
sole reason of failure to maintain records on a timely basis or	8335
failure to attend staff or section meetings.	8336

The filing or nonfiling of a report with the either board, 8337 investigation by the either board, or any disciplinary action 8338 taken by the either board, shall not preclude any action by a 8339 health care facility to suspend, restrict, or revoke the 8340 individual's clinical privileges.

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In the absence of fraud or bad faith, no individual or entity that provides patient records to the either board shall be liable in damages to any person as a result of providing the records.

(B) If any individual authorized to practice under this 8346 chapter or any professional association or society of such 8347 individuals believes that a violation of any provision of this 8348 chapter, Chapter 4730., 4760., 4762., 4774., or 4778. of the 8349 Revised Code, or any rule of the board has occurred, the 8350 individual, association, or society shall report to the state 8351 medical board and the health care professional standards board 8352 the information upon which the belief is based. This division 8353 does not require any treatment provider approved by the state 8354 medical board under section 4731.25 of the Revised Code or any 8355 employee, agent, or representative of such a provider to make 8356 reports with respect to an impaired practitioner participating 8357 in treatment or aftercare for substance abuse as long as the 8358

practitioner maintains participation in accordance with the	8359
requirements of section 4731.25 of the Revised Code, and as long	8360
as the treatment provider or employee, agent, or representative	8361
of the provider has no reason to believe that the practitioner	8362
has violated any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted	8363
under it, other than the provisions of division (B)(26) of	8364
section 4731.22 of the Revised Code. This division does not	8365
require reporting by any member of an impaired practitioner	8366
committee established by a health care facility or by any	8367
representative or agent of a committee or program sponsored by a	8368
professional association or society of individuals authorized to	8369
practice under this chapter to provide peer assistance to	8370
practitioners with substance abuse problems with respect to a	8371
practitioner who has been referred for examination to a	8372
treatment program approved by the <u>state medical</u> board under	8373
section 4731.25 of the Revised Code if the practitioner	8374
cooperates with the referral for examination and with any	8375
determination that the practitioner should enter treatment and	8376
as long as the committee member, representative, or agent has no	8377
reason to believe that the practitioner has ceased to	8378
participate in the treatment program in accordance with section	8379
4731.25 of the Revised Code or has violated any provision of	8380
this chapter or any rule adopted under it, other than the	8381
provisions of division (B)(26) of section 4731.22 of the Revised	8382
Code.	8383

(C) Any professional association or society composed 8384 primarily of doctors of medicine and surgery, doctors of 8385 osteopathic medicine and surgery, doctors of podiatric medicine 8386 and surgery, or practitioners of limited branches of medicine 8387 that suspends or revokes an individual's membership for 8388 violations of professional ethics, or for reasons of 8389

professional incompetence or professional malpractice, within	8390
sixty days after a final decision shall report to the <u>state</u>	8391
medical board and the health care professional standards board,	8392
on forms prescribed and provided by the <u>state medical</u> board, the	8393
name of the individual, the action taken by the professional	8394
organization, and a summary of the underlying facts leading to	8395
the action taken.	8396
The filing of a report with the either board or decision	8397
not to file a report, investigation by the-either board, or any	8398
disciplinary action taken by the-either board, does not preclude	8399
a professional organization from taking disciplinary action	8400
against an individual.	8401
(D) Any insurer providing professional liability insurance	8402
to an individual authorized to practice under this chapter, or	8403
any other entity that seeks to indemnify the professional	8404
liability of such an individual, shall notify the <u>state medical</u>	8405
board within thirty days after the final disposition of any	8406
written claim for damages where such disposition results in a	8407
payment exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars. The notice shall	8408
contain the following information:	8409
(1) The name and address of the person submitting the	8410
notification;	8411
(2) The name and address of the insured who is the subject	8412
of the claim;	8413
(3) The name of the person filing the written claim;	8414
(4) The date of final disposition;	8415
(5) If applicable, the identity of the court in which the	8416
final disposition of the claim took place.	8417

(E) The Either board may investigate possible violations	8418
of this chapter or the rules adopted under it that are brought	8419
to its attention as a result of the reporting requirements of	8420
this section, except that the <u>state medical</u> board shall conduct	8421
an investigation if a possible violation involves repeated	8422
malpractice. As used in this division, "repeated malpractice"	8423
means three or more claims for medical malpractice within the	8424
previous five-year period, each resulting in a judgment or	8425
settlement in excess of twenty-five thousand dollars in favor of	8426
the claimant, and each involving negligent conduct by the	8427
practicing individual.	8428

(F) All summaries, reports, and records received and 8429 maintained by the <u>state medical</u> board <u>and the health care</u> 8430 professional standards board pursuant to this section shall be 8431 held in confidence and shall not be subject to discovery or 8432 introduction in evidence in any federal or state civil action 8433 involving a health care professional or facility arising out of 8434 matters that are the subject of the reporting required by this 8435 section. The Either board may use the information obtained only 8436 as the basis for an investigation, as evidence in a disciplinary 8437 hearing against an individual whose practice is regulated under 8438 this chapter, or in any subsequent trial or appeal of a board 8439 action or order. 8440

The <u>Either</u> board may disclose the summaries and reports it 8441 receives under this section only to health care facility 8442 committees within or outside this state that are involved in 8443 credentialing or recredentialing the individual or in reviewing 8444 the individual's clinical privileges. The state medical board 8445 shall indicate whether or not the information has been verified. 8446 Information transmitted by the board shall be subject to the 8447 same confidentiality provisions as when maintained by the board. 8448

(G) Except for reports filed by an individual pursuant to	8449
division (B) of this section, the <u>state medical</u> board shall send	8450
a copy of any reports or summaries it receives pursuant to this	8451
section to the individual who is the subject of the reports or	8452
summaries. The individual shall have the right to file a	8453
statement with the board concerning the correctness or relevance	8454
of the information. The statement shall at all times accompany	8455
that part of the record in contention.	8456

- (H) An individual or entity that, pursuant to this 8457 section, reports to the either board or refers an impaired 8458 practitioner to a treatment provider approved by the state 8459 medical board under section 4731.25 of the Revised Code shall 8460 not be subject to suit for civil damages as a result of the 8461 report, referral, or provision of the information. 8462
- (I) In the absence of fraud or bad faith, no professional 8463 association or society of individuals authorized to practice 8464 under this chapter that sponsors a committee or program to 8465 provide peer assistance to practitioners with substance abuse 8466 problems, no representative or agent of such a committee or 8467 program, and no member of the state medical board shall be held 8468 liable in damages to any person by reason of actions taken to 8469 refer a practitioner to a treatment provider approved under 8470 section 4731.25 of the Revised Code for examination or 8471 8472 treatment.
- Sec. 4731.281. (A) On or before the deadline established

 under division (B) of this section for applying for renewal of a

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 certificate of registration, each person holding a certificate

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 under this chapter to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic

 medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery shall

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 certify to the state medical board that in the preceding two

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years the person has completed one hundred hours of continuing	8479
medical education. The certification shall be made upon the	8480
application for biennial registration submitted pursuant to	8481
division (B) of this section. The board shall adopt rules	8482
providing for pro rata reductions by month of the number of	8483
hours of continuing education required for persons who are in	8484
their first registration period, who have been disabled due to	8485
illness or accident, or who have been absent from the country.	8486

In determining whether a course, program, or activity 8487 qualifies for credit as continuing medical education, the board 8488 shall approve all continuing medical education taken by persons 8489 holding a certificate to practice medicine and surgery that is 8490 certified by the Ohio state medical association, all continuing 8491 medical education taken by persons holding a certificate to 8492 practice osteopathic medicine and surgery that is certified by 8493 the Ohio osteopathic association, and all continuing medical 8494 education taken by persons holding a certificate to practice 8495 podiatric medicine and surgery that is certified by the Ohio 8496 podiatric medical association. Each person holding a certificate 8497 to practice under this chapter shall be given sufficient choice 8498 of continuing education programs to ensure that the person has 8499 had a reasonable opportunity to participate in continuing 8500 education programs that are relevant to the person's medical 8501 practice in terms of subject matter and level. 8502

The board may require a random sample of persons holding a 8503 certificate to practice under this chapter to submit materials 8504 documenting completion of the continuing medical education 8505 requirement during the preceding registration period, but this 8506 provision shall not limit the board's authority to investigate 8507 pursuant to section 4731.22 of the Revised Code. 8508

(B)(1) Every person holding a certificate under this	8509
chapter to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine	8510
and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery wishing to renew	8511
that certificate shall apply to the board for a certificate of	8512
registration upon an application furnished by the board, and pay	8513
to the board at the time of application a fee of three hundred	8514
five dollars, according to the following schedule:	8515
(a) Persons whose last name begins with the letters "A"	8516
through "B," on or before April 1, 2001, and the first day of	8517
April of every odd-numbered year thereafter;	8518
(b) Persons whose last name begins with the letters "C"	8519
through "D," on or before January 1, 2001, and the first day of	8520
January of every odd-numbered year thereafter;	8521
(c) Persons whose last name begins with the letters "E"	8522
through "G," on or before October 1, 2000, and the first day of	8523
October of every even-numbered year thereafter;	8524
(d) Persons whose last name begins with the letters "H"	8525
through "K," on or before July 1, 2000, and the first day of	8526
July of every even-numbered year thereafter;	8527
(e) Persons whose last name begins with the letters "L"	8528
through "M," on or before April 1, 2000, and the first day of	8529
April of every even-numbered year thereafter;	8530
(f) Persons whose last name begins with the letters "N"	8531
through "R," on or before January 1, 2000, and the first day of	8532
January of every even-numbered year thereafter;	8533
(g) Persons whose last name begins with the letter "S," on	8534
or before October 1, 1999, and the first day of October of every	8535
odd-numbered year thereafter;	8536

(h) Persons whose last name begins with the letters "T"	8537
through "Z," on or before July 1, 1999, and the first day of	8538
July of every odd-numbered year thereafter.	8539
The board shall deposit the fee in accordance with section	8540
4731.24 of the Revised Code, except that the board shall deposit	8541
twenty dollars of the fee into the state treasury to the credit	8542
of the physician loan repayment fund created by section 3702.78	8543
of the Revised Code.	8544
(2) The beend shell weil on seven to be weiled to even	0 = 4 =
(2) The board shall mail or cause to be mailed to every	8545
person registered to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic	8546
medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery, a	8547
notice of registration renewal addressed to the person's last	8548
known address or may cause the notice to be sent to the person	8549
through the secretary of any recognized medical, osteopathic, or	8550
podiatric society, according to the following schedule:	8551
(a) To persons whose last name begins with the letters "A"	8552
through "B," on or before January 1, 2001, and the first day of	8553
January of every odd-numbered year thereafter;	8554
(b) To persons whose last name begins with the letters "C"	8555
through "D," on or before October 1, 2000, and the first day of	8556
October of every even-numbered year thereafter;	8557
(a) The second of the second o	0550
(c) To persons whose last name begins with the letters "E"	8558
through "G," on or before July 1, 2000, and the first day of	8559
July of every even-numbered year thereafter;	8560
(d) To persons whose last name begins with the letters "H"	8561
through "K," on or before April 1, 2000, and the first day of	8562
April of every even-numbered year thereafter;	8563
(e) To persons whose last name begins with the letters "L"	8564
through "M," on or before January 1, 2000, and the first day of	8565
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January of every even-numbered year thereafter;	8566
(f) To persons whose last name begins with the letters "N"	8567
through "R," on or before October 1, 1999, and the first day of	8568
October of every odd-numbered year thereafter;	8569
(g) To persons whose last name begins with the letter "S,"	8570
on or before July 1, 1999, and the first day of July of every	8571
odd-numbered year thereafter;	8572
(h) To persons whose last name begins with the letters "T"	8573
through "Z," on or before April 1, 1999, and the first day of	8574
April of every odd-numbered year thereafter.	8575
(3) Failure of any person to receive a notice of renewal	8576
from the board shall not excuse the person from the requirements	8577
contained in this section.	8578
(4) The board's notice shall inform the applicant of the	8579
renewal procedure. The board shall provide the application for	8580
registration renewal in a form determined by the board.	8581
(5) The applicant shall provide in the application the	8582
applicant's full name, principal practice address and residence	8583
address, the number of the applicant's certificate to practice,	8584
and any other information required by the board.	8585
(6)(a) Except as provided in division (B)(6)(b) of this	8586
section, in the case of an applicant who prescribes or	8587
personally furnishes opioid analgesics or benzodiazepines, the	8588
applicant shall certify to the board whether the applicant has	8589
been granted access to the drug database established and	8590
maintained by the state board of pharmacy pursuant to section	8591
4729.75 of the Revised Code.	8592
(b) The requirement in division (B)(6)(a) of this section	8593

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does not apply if either of the following is the case:	8594
(i) The state board of pharmacy notifies the state medical	8595
board pursuant to section 4729.861 of the Revised Code that the	8596
applicant has been restricted from obtaining further information	8597
from the drug database.	8598
(ii) The state board of pharmacy no longer maintains the	8599
drug database.	8600
(c) If an applicant certifies to the state medical board	8601
that the applicant has been granted access to the drug database	8602
and the board finds through an audit or other means that the	8603
applicant has not been granted access, the board may take action	8604
under section 4731.22 of the Revised Code.	8605
(7) The applicant shall include with the application a	8606
list of the names and addresses of any clinical nurse	8607
specialists, certified nurse-midwives, or certified nurse	8608
practitioners with whom the applicant is currently	8609
collaborating, as defined in section 4723.01 of the Revised	8610
Code. Every person registered under this section shall give	8611
written notice to the state medical board of any change of	8612
principal practice address or residence address or in the list	8613
within thirty days of the change.	8614
(8) The applicant shall report any criminal offense to	8615
which the applicant has pleaded guilty, of which the applicant	8616
has been found guilty, or for which the applicant has been found	8617
eligible for intervention in lieu of conviction, since last	8618
filing an application for a certificate of registration.	8619
(9) The applicant shall execute and deliver the	8620
application to the board in a manner prescribed by the board.	8621

(C) The board shall issue to any person holding a

certificate under this chapter to practice medicine and surgery,
osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and
surgery, upon application and qualification therefor in
accordance with this section, a certificate of registration
under the seal of the board. A certificate of registration shall
be valid for a two-year period.

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(D) Failure of any certificate holder to register and 8629 comply with this section shall operate automatically to suspend 8630 the holder's certificate to practice. Continued practice after 8631 8632 the suspension of the certificate to practice shall be considered as practicing in violation of section 4731.41, 8633 4731.43, or 4731.60 of the Revised Code. If the certificate has 8634 been suspended pursuant to this division for two years or less, 8635 it may be reinstated. The board shall reinstate a certificate to 8636 practice suspended for failure to register upon an applicant's 8637 submission of a renewal application, the biennial registration 8638 fee, and the applicable monetary penalty. The penalty for 8639 reinstatement shall be fifty dollars. If the certificate has 8640 been suspended pursuant to this division for more than two 8641 years, it may be restored. Subject to section 4731.222 of the 8642 Revised Code, the board may restore a certificate to practice 8643 suspended for failure to register upon an applicant's submission 8644 of a restoration application, the biennial registration fee, and 8645 the applicable monetary penalty and compliance with sections 8646 4776.01 to 4776.04 of the Revised Code. The board shall not 8647 restore to an applicant a certificate to practice unless the 8648 board, in its discretion, decides that the results of the 8649 criminal records check do not make the applicant ineligible for 8650 a certificate issued pursuant to section 4731.14, 4731.56, or 8651 4731.57 of the Revised Code. The penalty for restoration shall 8652 be one hundred dollars. The board shall deposit the penalties in 8653

accordance with section 4731.24 of the Revised Code. 8654

(E) If an individual certifies completion of the number of 8655 hours and type of continuing medical education required to 8656 receive a certificate of registration or reinstatement of a 8657 certificate to practice, and the board finds through the random 8658 samples it conducts under this section or through any other 8659 means that the individual did not complete the requisite 8660 continuing medical education, the board may impose a civil 8661 penalty of not more than five thousand dollars. The board's 8662 finding shall be made pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 8663 119. of the Revised Code and by an affirmative vote of not fewer 8664 than six members. 8665

A civil penalty imposed under this division may be in 8666 addition to or in lieu of any other action the board may take 8667 under section 4731.22 of the Revised Code. The board shall 8668 deposit civil penalties in accordance with section 4731.24 of 8669 the Revised Code.

- (F) The state medical board and the health care

 professional standards board may obtain information not

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 protected by statutory or common law privilege from courts and

 other sources concerning malpractice claims against any person

 holding a certificate to practice under this chapter or

 practicing as provided in section 4731.36 of the Revised Code.

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- (G) Each mailing sent by the <u>state medical</u> board under

 division (B)(2) of this section to a person registered to

 practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and

 surgery shall inform the applicant of the reporting requirement

 established by division (H) of section 3701.79 of the Revised

 Code. At the discretion of the board, the information may be

 included on the application for registration or on an

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accompanying page.	8684
Sec. 4731.74. Implementation of this section is subject to	8685
section 5166.50 of the Revised Code.	8686
For purposes of section 3727.61 of the Revised Code, the	8687
state medical board shall establish a list of nonemergency	8688
medical conditions. A condition on the list may not be an	8689
"emergency medical condition" as defined in 42 C.F.R. 489.24.	8690
For each condition on the list, the board shall identify	8691
symptoms that are associated with the condition.	8692
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Sec. 4734.31. (A) The state chiropractic board may take	8693
any of the actions specified in division (B) of this section	8694
against an individual who has applied for or holds a license to	8695
practice chiropractic in this state if any of the reasons	8696
specified in division (C) of this section for taking action	8697
against an individual are applicable. Except as provided in	8698
division (D) of this section, actions taken against an	8699
individual shall be taken in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	8700
Revised Code. The board may specify that any action it takes is	8701
a permanent action. The board's authority to take action against	8702
an individual is not removed or limited by the individual's	8703
failure to renew a license.	8704
(B) In its imposition of sanctions against an individual,	8705
the state chiropractic board may do any of the following:	8706
(1) Refuse to issue, renew, restore, or reinstate a	8707
license to practice chiropractic or a certificate to practice	8708
acupuncture;	8709
(2) Reprimand or censure a license holder;	8710
(3) Place limits, restrictions, or probationary conditions	8711
on a license holder's practice;	8712

(4) Impose a civil fine of not more than five thousand	8713
dollars according to a schedule of fines specified in rules that	8714
the <u>state chiropractic</u> board shall adopt in accordance with	8715
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code-;	8716
(5) Suspend a license to practice chiropractic or a	8717
certificate to practice acupuncture for a limited or indefinite	8718
period;	8719
(6) Revoke a license to practice chiropractic or a	8720
certificate to practice acupuncture.	8721
(C) The state chiropractic board may take the actions	8722
specified in division (B) of this section for any of the	8723
following reasons:	8724
(1) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	8725
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	8726
conviction for, a felony in any jurisdiction, in which case a	8727
certified copy of the court record shall be conclusive evidence	8728
of the conviction;	8729
(2) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in this	8730
state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was	8731
committed;	8732
(3) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	8733
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	8734
conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, as	8735
determined by the board, in which case a certified copy of the	8736
court record shall be conclusive evidence of the matter;	8737
(4) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that	8738
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	8739
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	8740

(5) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	8741
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	8742
conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of	8743
practice, in which case a certified copy of the court record	8744
shall be conclusive evidence of the matter;	8745
(6) Commission of an act in the course of practice that	8746
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	8747
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	8748
(7) A violation or attempted violation of this chapter or	8749
the rules adopted under it governing the practice of	8750
chiropractic and the practice of acupuncture by a chiropractor	8751
licensed under this chapter;	8752
(8) Failure to cooperate in an investigation conducted by	8753
the state chiropractic board or the health care professional	8754
standards board, including failure to comply with a subpoena or	8755
order issued by the either board or failure to answer truthfully	8756
a question presented by the-either board at a deposition or in	8757
written interrogatories, except that failure to cooperate with	8758
an investigation shall not constitute grounds for discipline	8759
under this section if the board or a court of competent	8760
jurisdiction has issued an order that either quashes a subpoena	8761
or permits the individual to withhold the testimony or evidence	8762
in issue;	8763
(9) Engaging in an ongoing professional relationship with	8764
a person or entity that violates any provision of this chapter	8765
or the rules adopted under it, unless the chiropractor makes a	8766
good faith effort to have the person or entity comply with the	8767
provisions;	8768

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(10) Retaliating against a chiropractor for the

chiropractor's reporting to the <u>state chiropractic</u> board or any	8770
other agency with jurisdiction any violation of the law or for	8771
cooperating with the board of another agency in the	8772
investigation of any violation of the law;	8773
(11) Aiding, abetting, assisting, counseling, or	8774
conspiring with any person in that person's violation of any	8775
provision of this chapter or the rules adopted under it,	8776
including the practice of chiropractic without a license, the	8777
practice of acupuncture without a certificate, or aiding,	8778
abetting, assisting, counseling, or conspiring with any person	8779
in that person's unlicensed practice of any other health care	8780
profession that has licensing requirements;	8781
(12) With respect to a report or record that is made,	8782
filed, or signed in connection with the practice of chiropractic	8783
or acupuncture, knowingly making or filing a report or record	8784
that is false, intentionally or negligently failing to file a	8785
report or record required by federal, state, or local law or	8786
willfully impeding or obstructing the required filing, or	8787
inducing another person to engage in any such acts;	8788
(13) Making a false, fraudulent, or deceitful statement to	8789
the state chiropractic board or the health care professional	8790
standards board or any agent of the either board during any	8791
investigation or other official proceeding conducted by the-	8792
either board under this chapter or Chapter 4746. of the Revised	8793
<pre>Code or in any filing that must be submitted to the either</pre>	8794
board;	8795
(14) Attempting to secure a license to practice	8796
chiropractic or certificate to practice acupuncture or to	8797
corrupt the outcome of an official <u>state chiropractic</u> board	8798
proceeding through bribery or any other improper means;	8799

(15) Willfully obstructing or hindering the state	8800
<pre>chiropractic board or any agent of the board in the discharge of</pre>	8801
the board's duties;	8802
(16) Habitually using drugs or intoxicants to the extent	8803
that the person is rendered unfit for the practice of	8804
chiropractic or acupuncture;	8805
(17) Inability to practice chiropractic or acupuncture	8806
according to acceptable and prevailing standards of care by	8807
reason of chemical dependency, mental illness, or physical	8808
illness, including conditions in which physical deterioration	8809
has adversely affected the person's cognitive, motor, or	8810
perceptive skills and conditions in which a chiropractor's	8811
continued practice may pose a danger to the chiropractor or the	8812
<pre>public;</pre>	8813
(18) Any act constituting gross immorality relative to the	8814
person's practice of chiropractic or acupuncture, including acts	8815
involving sexual abuse, sexual misconduct, or sexual	8816
exploitation;	8817
(19) Exploiting a patient for personal or financial gain;	8818
(20) Failing to maintain proper, accurate, and legible	8819
records in the English language documenting each patient's care,	8820
including, as appropriate, records of the following: dates of	8821
treatment, services rendered, examinations, tests, x-ray	8822
reports, referrals, and the diagnosis or clinical impression and	8823
clinical treatment plan provided to the patient;	8824
(21) Except as otherwise required by the <u>state</u>	8825
<pre>chiropractic board or by law, disclosing patient information</pre>	8826
gained during the chiropractor's professional relationship with	8827
a patient without obtaining the patient's authorization for the	8828

disclosure;	8829
(22) Commission of willful or gross malpractice, or	8830
willful or gross neglect, in the practice of chiropractic or	8831
acupuncture;	8832
(23) Failing to perform or negligently performing an act	8833
recognized by the board as a general duty or the exercise of due	8834
care in the practice of chiropractic or acupuncture, regardless	8835
of whether injury results to a patient from the failure to	8836
perform or negligent performance of the act;	8837
(24) Engaging in any conduct or practice that impairs or	8838
may impair the ability to practice chiropractic or acupuncture	8839
safely and skillfully;	8840
(25) Practicing, or claiming to be capable of practicing,	8841
beyond the scope of the practice of chiropractic or acupuncture	8842
as established under this chapter and the rules adopted under	8843
this chapter;	8844
(26) Accepting and performing professional	8845
responsibilities as a chiropractor or chiropractor with a	8846
certificate to practice acupuncture when not qualified to	8847
perform those responsibilities, if the person knew or had reason	8848
to know that the person was not qualified to perform them;	8849
(27) Delegating any of the professional responsibilities	8850
of a chiropractor or chiropractor with a certificate to practice	8851
acupuncture to an employee or other individual when the	8852
delegating chiropractor knows or had reason to know that the	8853
employee or other individual is not qualified by training,	8854
experience, or professional licensure to perform the	8855
responsibilities;	8856
(28) Delegating any of the professional responsibilities	8857

of a chiropractor or chiropractor with a certificate to practice	8858
acupuncture to an employee or other individual in a negligent	8859
manner or failing to provide proper supervision of the employee	8860
or other individual to whom the responsibilities are delegated;	8861
(29) Failing to refer a patient to another health care	8862
practitioner for consultation or treatment when the chiropractor	8863
knows or has reason to know that the referral is in the best	8864
interest of the patient;	8865
(30) Obtaining or attempting to obtain any fee or other	8866
advantage by fraud or misrepresentation;	8867
(31) Making misleading, deceptive, false, or fraudulent	8868
representations in the practice of chiropractic or acupuncture;	8869
(32) Being guilty of false, fraudulent, deceptive, or	8870
misleading advertising or other solicitations for patients or	8871
knowingly having professional connection with any person that	8872
advertises or solicits for patients in such a manner;	8873
(33) Violation of a provision of any code of ethics	8874
established or adopted by the board under section 4734.16 of the	8875
Revised Code;	8876
(34) Failing to meet the examination requirements for	8877
receipt of a license specified under section 4734.20 of the	8878
Revised Code;	8879
(35) Actions taken for any reason, other than nonpayment	8880
of fees, by the chiropractic or acupuncture licensing authority	8881
of another state or country;	8882
(36) Failing to maintain clean and sanitary conditions at	8883
the clinic, office, or other place in which chiropractic	8884
services or acupuncture services are provided;	8885

(37) Except as provided in division (G) of this section:	8886
(a) Waiving the payment of all or any part of a deductible	8887
or copayment that a patient, pursuant to a health insurance or	8888
health care policy, contract, or plan that covers the	8889
chiropractor's services, otherwise would be required to pay if	8890
the waiver is used as an enticement to a patient or group of	8891
patients to receive health care services from that chiropractor;	8892
(b) Advertising that the chiropractor will waive the	8893
payment of all or any part of a deductible or copayment that a	8894
patient, pursuant to a health insurance or health care policy,	8895
contract, or plan that covers the chiropractor's services,	8896
otherwise would be required to pay.	8897
(38) Failure to supervise an oriental medicine	8898
practitioner performing acupuncture or an acupuncturist in	8899
accordance with the provisions of section 4762.11 of the Revised	8900
Code that are applicable to a supervising chiropractor.	8901
(D) The adjudication requirements of Chapter 119. of the	8902
Revised Code apply to the <u>state chiropractic</u> board when taking	8903
actions against an individual under this section, except as	8904
follows:	8905
(1) An applicant is not entitled to an adjudication for	8906
failing to meet the conditions specified under section 4734.20	8907
of the Revised Code for receipt of a license that involve the	8908
board's examination on jurisprudence or the examinations of the	8909
national board of chiropractic examiners.	8910
(2) A person is not entitled to an adjudication if the	8911
person fails to make a timely request for a hearing, in	8912
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	8913
(3) In lieu of an adjudication, the board may accept the	8914

surrender of a license to practice chiropractic or certificate 8915 to practice acupuncture from a chiropractor. 8916

- (4) In lieu of an adjudication, the board may enter into a 8917 consent agreement with an individual to resolve an allegation of 8918 a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted under it. A 8919 consent agreement, when ratified by the board, shall constitute 8920 the findings and order of the board with respect to the matter 8921 addressed in the agreement. If the board refuses to ratify a 8922 consent agreement, the admissions and findings contained in the 8923 consent agreement shall be of no force or effect. 8924
- (E) This section does not require the state chiropractic 8925 board to hire, contract with, or retain the services of an 8926 expert witness when the board takes action against a 8927 chiropractor concerning compliance with acceptable and 8928 prevailing standards of care in the practice of chiropractic or 8929 acupuncture. As part of an action taken concerning compliance 8930 with acceptable and prevailing standards of care, the board may 8931 rely on the knowledge of its members for purposes of making a 8932 determination of compliance, notwithstanding any expert 8933 8934 testimony presented by the chiropractor that contradicts the knowledge and opinions of the members of the board. 8935
- (F) The sealing of conviction records by a court shall 8936 have no effect on a prior state chiropractic board order entered 8937 under this section or on the board's jurisdiction to take action 8938 under this section if, based on a plea of guilty, a judicial 8939 finding of guilt, or a judicial finding of eligibility for 8940 intervention in lieu of conviction, the board issued a notice of 8941 opportunity for a hearing prior to the court's order to seal the 8942 records. The board shall not be required to seal, destroy, 8943 redact, or otherwise modify its records to reflect the court's 8944

sealing of conviction records.	8945
(G) Actions shall not be taken pursuant to division (C)	8946
(37) of this section against any chiropractor who waives	8947
deductibles and copayments as follows:	8948
(1) In compliance with the health benefit plan that	8949
expressly allows a practice of that nature. Waiver of the	8950
deductibles or copayments shall be made only with the full	8951
knowledge and consent of the plan purchaser, payer, and third-	8952
party administrator. Documentation of the consent shall be made	8953
available to the <u>state chiropractic</u> board upon request.	8954
(2) For professional services rendered to any other person	8955
licensed pursuant to this chapter, to the extent allowed by this	8956
chapter and the rules of the <u>state chiropractic</u> board.	8957
(H) If an individual who holds a certificate or license	8958
issued under this chapter is listed in a claim filed under	8959
Chapter 3965. of the Revised Code, the state chiropractic board	8960
shall suspend any investigation and shall not take disciplinary	8961
action under this section against that individual for conduct	8962
relating to that claim unless otherwise required by the health	8963
<pre>care professional standards board or until the health care</pre>	8964
professional standards board has concluded its investigation	8965
under Chapter 4746. of the Revised Code.	8966
The state chiropractic board shall take any disciplinary	8967
action required by the health care professional standards board	8968
against a certificate or license holder under this chapter	8969
pursuant to section 4746.05 of the Revised Code. If the health	8970
<pre>care professional standards board imposes discipline on a</pre>	8971
certificate or license holder, the state chiropractic board	8972
shall not take disciplinary action for the same conduct that is_	8973

the subject of the disciplinary action ordered by the health	8974
care professional standards board. However, the state	8975
chiropractic board may account for that disciplinary action in	8976
any future disciplinary action taken against the certificate or	8977
license holder.	8978
Sec. 4734.32. (A) (1) Except as provided in division (A) (2)	8979
of this section, if formal disciplinary action is taken against	8980
a chiropractor by any health care facility, including a clinic,	8981
hospital, or similar facility, the chief administrator or	8982
executive officer of the facility shall file a report with the	8983
state chiropractic board and the health care professional	8984
standards board not later than sixty days after the disciplinary	8985
action is imposed. The report shall include the name of the	8986
individual, the action taken by the facility, and a summary of	8987
the underlying facts leading to the action taken. On request,	8988
the state chiropractic board shall be provided certified copies	8989
of the patient records that were the basis for the facility's	8990
action. Prior to release to the either board, the summary shall	8991
be approved by the peer review committee that reviewed the case	8992
or by the governing board of the facility.	8993
The filing of a report with the either board, a decision	8994
not to file a report with the either board, an investigation by	8995
the either board, or any disciplinary action taken by the either	8996
board, does not preclude a health care facility from taking	8997
disciplinary action against a chiropractor.	8998
In the absence of fraud or bad faith, no individual or	8999
entity that provides patient records to the either board shall	9000
be liable in damages to any person as a result of providing the	9001
records.	9002

(2) Disciplinary action taken against a chiropractor by a

chiropractic clinic need not be reported to the state	9004
chiropractic board or the health care professional standards	9005
<u>board</u> in either of the following circumstances:	9006
(a) The clinic takes the disciplinary action for reasons	9007
that do not involve clinical or patient care issues.	9008
(b) The clinic employs fewer than five chiropractors and	9009
the disciplinary action taken does not rise above the level of a	9010
written reprimand.	9011
(B) A chiropractor or professional association or society	9012
of chiropractors that believes a violation of any provision of	9013
this chapter or rule of the state chiropractic board has	9014
occurred shall report to the state chiropractic board and the	9015
health care professional standards board the information upon	9016
which the belief is based. This division does not require any	9017
treatment provider approved by the state chiropractic board	9018
under section 4734.40 of the Revised Code or any employee,	9019
agent, or representative of such a provider to make reports with	9020
respect to a chiropractor participating in treatment or	9021
aftercare for substance abuse as long as the chiropractor	9022
maintains participation in accordance with the requirements of	9023
section 4734.40 of the Revised Code and the treatment provider	9024
or employee, agent, or representative of the provider has no	9025
reason to believe that the chiropractor has violated any	9026
provision of this chapter or rule adopted under it, other than	9027
being impaired by alcohol, drugs, or other substances. This	9028
division does not require reporting by any member of an impaired	9029
practitioner committee established by a health care facility or	9030
by any representative or agent of a committee or program	9031
sponsored by a professional association or society of	9032

chiropractors to provide peer assistance to chiropractors with

substance abuse problems with respect to a chiropractor who has	9034
been referred for examination to a treatment program approved by	9035
the <u>state chiropractic</u> board under section 4734.40 of the	9036
Revised Code if the chiropractor cooperates with the referral	9037
for examination and with any determination that the chiropractor	9038
should enter treatment and as long as the committee member,	9039
representative, or agent has no reason to believe that the	9040
chiropractor has ceased to participate in the treatment program	9041
in accordance with section 4734.40 of the Revised Code or has	9042
violated any provision of this chapter or rule adopted under it,	9043
other than being impaired by alcohol, drugs, or other	9044
substances.	9045

(C) Any professional association or society composed 9046 primarily of chiropractors that suspends or revokes an 9047 individual's membership for violations of professional ethics, 9048 or for reasons of professional incompetence or professional 9049 malpractice, within sixty days after a final decision, shall 9050 report to the state chiropractic board and the health care 9051 professional standards board, on forms prescribed and provided 9052 by the state chiropractic board, the name of the individual, the 9053 action taken by the professional organization, and a summary of 9054 the underlying facts leading to the action taken. 9055

The filing of a report with the either board, a decision 9056 not to file a report with the either board, an investigation by 9057 the either board, or any disciplinary action taken by the either 9058 board, shall not preclude a professional organization from 9059 taking disciplinary action against a chiropractor. 9060

(D) Any insurer providing professional liability insurance 9061 to any person holding a valid license as a chiropractor or any 9062 other entity that seeks to indemnify the professional liability 9063

of a chiropractor shall notify the <u>state chiropractic</u> board	9064
within thirty days after the final disposition of any written	9065
claim for damages where such disposition results in a payment	9066
exceeding ten thousand dollars. The notice shall contain the	9067
following information:	9068
(1) The name and address of the person submitting the	9069
notification;	9070
(2) The name and address of the incomed the ic the subject	0071
(2) The name and address of the insured who is the subject	9071
of the claim;	9072
(3) The name of the person filing the written claim;	9073
(4) The date of final disposition;	9074
(5) If applicable, the identity of the court in which the	9075
final disposition of the claim took place.	9076
(E) The Either board may investigate possible violations	9077
of this chapter or the rules adopted under it that are brought	9078
to its attention as a result of the reporting requirements of	9079
this section, except that the <u>state chiropractic</u> board shall	9080
conduct an investigation if a possible violation involves	9081
repeated malpractice. As used in this division, "repeated	9082
malpractice" means three or more claims for malpractice within	9083
the previous five-year period, each resulting in a judgment or	9084
settlement in excess of ten thousand dollars in favor of the	9085
claimant, and each involving tortious conduct by the	9086
chiropractor.	9087
(F) All summaries, reports, and records received and	9088
maintained by the <u>state chiropractic</u> board <u>and the health care</u>	9089
professional standards board pursuant to this section shall be	9090
held in confidence and shall not be subject to discovery or	9091
introduction in evidence in any federal or state civil action	9092

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The <u>state chiropractic</u> board may disclose the summaries 9099 and reports it receives under this section only to health care 9100 facility committees within or outside this state that are 9101 involved in credentialing or recredentialing a chiropractor or 9102 reviewing the chiropractor's privilege to practice within a 9103 particular facility. The board shall indicate whether or not the 9104 information has been verified. Information transmitted by the 9105 board shall be subject to the same confidentiality provisions as 9106 when maintained by the board. 9107

(G) Except for reports filed by an individual pursuant to 9108 division (B) of this section, the state chiropractic board shall 9109 send a copy of any reports or summaries it receives pursuant to 9110 this section to the chiropractor. The chiropractor shall have 9111 9112 the right to file a statement with the board both boards concerning the correctness or relevance of the information. The 9113 statement shall at all times accompany that part of the record 9114 in contention. 9115

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- (H) An individual or entity that reports to the either board or refers an impaired chiropractor to a treatment provider approved by the board under section 4734.40 of the Revised Code shall not be subject to suit for civil damages as a result of the report, referral, or provision of the information.
- (I) In the absence of fraud or bad faith, a professional 9121 association or society of chiropractors that sponsors a 9122

committee or program to provide peer assistance to a	9123
chiropractor with substance abuse problems, a representative or	9124
agent of such a committee or program, and a member of the state	9125
chiropractic board shall not be held liable in damages to any	9126
person by reason of actions taken to refer a chiropractor to a	9127
treatment provider approved under section 4734.40 of the Revised	9128
Code for examination or treatment.	9129
Sec. 4743.08. (A) As used in this section and in section	9130
4743.09 of the Revised Code:	9131
(1) "Dangerous drug" has the same meaning as in section	9132
4729.01 of the Revised Code.	9133
(2) "Health care provider" or "provider" means an	9134
individual who is licensed, certified, or registered by a board,	9135
commission, or agency that is created under or by virtue of	9136
Title XLVII of the Revised Code and provides health-related	9137
diagnostic, evaluative, or treatment services. In accordance	9138
with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the director of health	9139
may adopt rules further defining "health care provider."	9140
(3) "Insurer" means any person that is authorized to	9141
engage in the business of insurance in this state under Title	9142
XXXIX of the Revised Code, the Ohio fair plan underwriting	9143
association created under section 3929.43 of the Revised Code,	9144
any health insuring corporation, or any legal entity that is	9145
self-insured and provides benefits to its employees or members.	9146
(B)(1) Except as provided in division (D) of this section,	9147
before a health care provider dispenses a dangerous drug or	9148
provides a medical product or service to a patient, the provider	9149
shall notify the patient or the patient's representative of all	9150
of the following:	9151

(a) The provider's usual and customary charge for the drug	9152
or medical product or service;	9153
(b) The portion of the charge described in division (B)(1)	9154
(a) of this section that the patient's insurer will pay for the	9155
	9156
drug, medical product, or service or, if the patient is a	
medicaid recipient, the portion the medicaid program will pay for the medicaid service;	9157 9158
Tot the medicald Service,	7130
(c) Any out-of-pocket amount the patient will be charged	9159
for the drug, medical product, or service.	9160
(2) The notifications required by division (B)(1) of this	9161
section shall be provided in writing unless the patient and the	9162
provider are in different locations. Under those circumstances,	9163
the notifications may be given verbally.	9164
To assist in providing the notification in writing, a	9165
health care provider may create forms that contain lists of	9166
commonly provided services and that identify for each of the	9167
services the information described in divisions (B)(1)(a) to (c)	9168
of this section. As necessary, separate forms may be created for	9169
different insurers and the medicaid program. Any form created	9170
shall be not more than eight and one-half inches by five and	9171
one-half inches in size. The list of services and the	9172
associated information shall be presented on one side of the	9173
form and shall be printed in not less than twelve-point type.	9174
(C) Except as provided in division (D) of this section, a	9175
health care provider shall not dispense a dangerous drug or	9176
provide a medical product or service to a patient unless the	9177
patient or the patient's representative consents to being	9178
charged the out-of-pocket amount for the item. Consent shall be	9179
given in writing unless the patient and the provider are in	9180
green in allering antebb one partent and the provider are in	2100

different locations. Under those circumstances, consent may be	9181
given verbally if the verbal consent is recorded by the	9182
provider.	9183
(D) The requirements of divisions (B) and (C) of this	9184
section do not apply in emergency situations. The director of	9185
health may adopt rules specifying which situations are emergency	9186
situations. Application of the requirement of division (C) of	9187
this section is subject to section 5166.50 of the Revised Code	9188
when the patient is a medicaid recipient.	9189
Sec. 4743.09. Notwithstanding any provision of the Revised	9190
Code to the contrary, a health care provider may advertise the	9191
provider's usual and customary charge for any product,	9192
procedure, or service that is provided, performed, or rendered	9193
by the provider. Any provision in a contract that prohibits this	9194
practice is void.	9195
Sec. 4746.01. As used in this chapter:	9196
(A) "Chiropractic claim," "dental claim," "medical claim,"	9197
"optometric claim," "derivative claim," and "provider" have the	9198
same meanings as in section 3965.01 of the Revised Code.	9199
(B) "Claim" means a chiropractic, dental, medical,	9200
optometric, or derivative claim filed under Chapter 3965. or	9201
3967. of the Revised Code.	9202
(C) "License" means an authorization evidenced by a	9203
license, certificate, registration, permit, card, or other	9204
authority that is issued or conferred by a regulatory authority	9205
to a provider or to an applicant for an initial license by which	9206
the provider or initial license applicant has or claims the	9207
privilege to engage in a profession, occupation, or occupational	9208
activity.	9209

(D) "Regulatory authority" means the state medical board,	9210
state dental board, state nursing board, state board of	9211
optometry, state chiropractic board, state board of pharmacy,	9212
Ohio occupational therapy, physical therapy, and athletic	9213
trainers board, and the state board of emergency medical, fire,	9214
and transportation services.	9215
Sec. 4746.02. (A)(1) There is hereby created the health_	9216
care professional standards board consisting of nine members	9217
appointed as follows, within ninety days after the effective	9218
<pre>date of this section:</pre>	9219
(a) Three members appointed by the state medical board,	9220
one for a term ending one year after the effective date of this	9221
section, one for a term ending two years after the effective	9222
date of this section, and one for a term ending three years	9223
after the effective date of this section;	9224
	0005
(b) One member appointed by the state dental board, for a	9225
term ending four years after the effective date of this section;	9226
(c) One member appointed by the state chiropractic board,	9227
for a term ending five years after the effective date of this	9228
section;	9229
	0020
(d) One member appointed by the state board of pharmacy,	9230
for a term ending five years after the effective date of this	9231
<pre>section;</pre>	9232
(e) Two members appointed by the state board of nursing,	9233
one for a term ending three years after the effective date of	9234
this section, and one for a term ending four years after the	9235
effective date of this section;	9236
	0005
(f) One member appointed by the state board of optometry,	9237
for a term ending two years after the effective date of this	9238

section.	9239
(2) Members shall be appointed in consultation with the	9240
Ohio board of regents and shall either be the members of the	9241
respective boards who are responsible for developing,	9242
evaluating, or revising the applicable examinations for	9243
licensure of the respective occupation or profession or be	9244
members of the national organization responsible for creating	9245
such examinations.	9246
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, after	9247
initial appointment, terms of office shall be for five years,	9248
each term ending on the same day of the same month as did the	9249
term that it succeeds.	9250
A member appointed under division (A)(1)(f) of this	9251
section shall be appointed for a period of two years. Upon	9252
expiration of the term of the initial member appointed under	9253
that division, the Ohio occupational therapy, physical therapy,	9254
and athletic trainers board shall appoint the succeeding member.	9255
Upon expiration of the term of the member appointed by the Ohio	9256
occupational therapy, physical therapy, and athletic trainers	9257
board, the state board of emergency medical, fire, and	9258
transportation services shall appoint the succeeding member.	9259
Thereafter, the three boards shall rotate appointing that member	9260
in the order described in this division.	9261
Each member shall hold office from the date of appointment	9262
until the end of the term for which the member was appointed. A	9263
vacancy shall be filled in the same manner prescribed for	9264
filling the position in which the vacancy occurs. Any member	9265
appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of	9266
the term for which the member's predecessor was appointed shall	9267
hold office for the remainder of the term. Any member shall	9268

continue in office subsequent to the expiration date of the	9269
member's term until a successor takes office, or until a period	9270
of sixty days has elapsed, whichever occurs first.	9271
(C) Each member of the board shall receive an amount fixed	9272
pursuant to division (J) of section 124.15 of the Revised Code	9273
for each day, or portion thereof, actually engaged in the	9274
discharge of official duties. Each member also shall be	9275
reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the	9276
performance of those duties.	9277
Sec. 4746.03. (A) The health care professional standards	9278
board shall do all of the following:	9279
(1) Determine, pursuant to section 4746.04 of the Revised	9280
Code and in accordance with the appropriate standard of care of	9281
the occupation or profession, whether an action or omission by a	9282
provider in a claim constitutes gross negligence or whether a	9283
<pre>provider has engaged in a pattern of negligent behavior;</pre>	9284
(2) Impose discipline in accordance with section 4746.05	9285
of the Revised Code, or designate the appropriate regulatory	9286
authority to impose the disciplinary action recommended by the	9287
<pre>board;</pre>	9288
(3) Create and maintain the database required under	9289
section 4746.06 of the Revised Code;	9290
(4) Prepare and submit to the office of budget and	9291
<pre>management a budget for each biennium;</pre>	9292
(5) Create and maintain a public web site;	9293
(6) Coordinate and cooperate with the appropriate	9294
regulatory authority in conducting investigations and imposing	9295
discipline under this chapter;	9296

(7) Perform any other duties as prescribed under this	9297
<pre>chapter;</pre>	9298
(8) Adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	9299
Revised Code as the board considers necessary to administer this	9300
<pre>chapter.</pre>	9301
(B) The board may employ staff as the board determines	9302
necessary in carrying out the duties of the board under this	9303
<pre>chapter.</pre>	9304
Sec. 4746.04. Within thirty days after a claim is filed	9305
under Chapter 3965. of the Revised Code, the administrator of	9306
medical injury compensation shall provide a copy of the claim to	9307
the health care professional standards board. The board shall	9308
investigate the claim to determine whether an action or omission	9309
by a provider listed in the claim was filed constitutes gross	9310
negligence or whether such a provider has engaged in a pattern	9311
of negligent behavior over a short period of time, as defined in	9312
rules adopted by the board. In conducting an investigation, the	9313
board may issue subpoenas, examine witnesses, and administer	9314
oaths. The board may request the appropriate regulatory	9315
authority to conduct the investigation. Neither the board nor	9316
the appropriate regulatory authority shall review or consider a	9317
determination of liability made under Chapter 3965. or 3967. of	9318
the Revised Code when conducting an investigation or making a	9319
determination under this section as to whether a provider's acts	9320
or omissions constitute gross negligence. If, after an	9321
investigation, the board determines that a provider's act or	9322
omission constitutes gross negligence or that a provider has	9323
engaged in a pattern of negligent behavior over a short period	9324
of time, the board shall send the provider a written notice of	9325
that determination in accordance with section 119.07 of the	9326

Revised Code. If a provider requests a hearing in accordance	9327
with that section, the board shall conduct a hearing in	9328
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. If, after a	9329
hearing, the board determines that a provider's act or omission	9330
constitutes gross negligence or that a provider has engaged in a	9331
pattern of negligent behavior over a short period of time, or if	9332
a provider fails to request a hearing as provided in that	9333
section, discipline shall be imposed against the provider in	9334
accordance with section 4746.05 of the Revised Code.	9335
Sec. 4746.05. (A) The health care professional standards	9336
board may take any of the following actions against a provider's	9337
license if the board determines under section 4746.04 of the	9338
Revised Code that the provider's act or omission in a claim	9339
constitutes gross negligence or that the provider has engaged in	9340
a pattern of negligent behavior over a short period of time with	9341
respect to claims:	9342
(1) A public reprimand;	9343
(2) A license suspension for a definite period of time	9344
that is not less than two months nor more than two years;	9345
(3) An indefinite license suspension, or a license	9346
suspension for an indefinite period of time that is at least two	9347
years;	9348
(4) Permanent revocation of a license.	9349
(B) In lieu of the board imposing a disciplinary action as	9350
described in division (A) of this section, the board may require	9351
the appropriate regulatory authority to impose the discipline.	9352
(C) If the board disciplines a provider under this section	9353
or directs a regulatory authority to discipline a provider, the	9354
board shall do all of the following:	9355

(1) Notify the United States secretary of health and human	9356
services in accordance with the federal "Health Care Quality	9357
<pre>Improvement Act of 1986," 100 Stat. 3743, 42 U.S.C. 11101 et</pre>	9358
<pre>seq., as amended;</pre>	9359
(2) Notify the appropriate authority in each state other	9360
than this state that regulates the profession in which the	9361
<pre>provider is engaged;</pre>	9362
(3) Publish the board's decision on the web site created	9363
and maintained by the board.	9364
Sec. 4746.06. (A) The health care professional standards	9365
board, beginning one year after the effective date of this	9366
section, shall create and maintain a database of all claims and	9367
any reports or complaints about which the board receives notice.	9368
The board shall use the database to set standards for process	9369
improvements throughout the health care industry.	9370
(B) The board shall use information from the database	9371
created under division (A) of this section to publish statistics	9372
of medical error and its costs in money, morbidity, and	9373
mortality and to estimate and publish the percentage of errors	9374
that are process related. The board shall publish the	9375
information required under this division beginning one year	9376
after the database is operational and each year thereafter.	9377
(C) The board shall adopt rules in accordance with Chapter	9378
119. of the Revised Code to set standards to discourage the	9379
practice of defensive medicine.	9380
(D) The board shall examine the feasibility of a program	9381
to have all medical errors and near errors reported to the board	9382
by providers, similar to the federal "Aviation Safety Reporting	9383
Program." If the board determines that this reporting program is	9384

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feasible, the board shall adopt rules in accordance with Chapter	9385
119. of the Revised Code to implement the reporting program.	9386
Sec. 4755.47. (A) In accordance with Chapter 119. of the	9387
Revised Code, the physical therapy section of the Ohio	9388
occupational therapy, physical therapy, and athletic trainers	9389
board may refuse to grant a license to an applicant for an	9390
initial or renewed license as a physical therapist or physical	9391
therapist assistant or, by an affirmative vote of not less than	9392
five members, may limit, suspend, or revoke the license of a	9393
physical therapist or physical therapist assistant or reprimand,	9394
fine, place a license holder on probation, or require the	9395
license holder to take corrective action courses, on any of the	9396
following grounds:	9397
(1) Habitual indulgence in the use of controlled	9398
substances, other habit-forming drugs, or alcohol to an extent	9399
that affects the individual's professional competency;	9400
(2) Conviction of a felony or a crime involving moral	9401
turpitude, regardless of the state or country in which the	9402
conviction occurred;	9403
(3) Obtaining or attempting to obtain a license issued by	9404
the physical therapy section by fraud or deception, including	9405
the making of a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading	9406
statement;	9407
(4) An adjudication by a court, as provided in section	9408
5122.301 of the Revised Code, that the applicant or licensee is	9409
incompetent for the purpose of holding the license and has not	9410
thereafter been restored to legal capacity for that purpose;	9411
(5) Subject to section 4755.471 of the Revised Code,	9412
violation of the code of ethics adopted by the physical therapy	9413

section;	9414
(6) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or	9415
indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of or	9416
conspiring to violate sections 4755.40 to 4755.56 of the Revised	9417
Code or any order issued or rule adopted under those sections;	9418
(7) Failure of one or both of the examinations required	9419
under section 4755.43 or 4755.431 of the Revised Code;	9420
(8) Permitting the use of one's name or license by a	9421
person, group, or corporation when the one permitting the use is	9422
not directing the treatment given;	9423
(9) Denial, revocation, suspension, or restriction of	9424
authority to practice a health care occupation, including	9425
physical therapy, for any reason other than a failure to renew,	9426
in Ohio or another state or jurisdiction;	9427
(10) Failure to maintain minimal standards of practice in	9428
the administration or handling of drugs, as defined in section	9429
4729.01 of the Revised Code, or failure to employ acceptable	9430
scientific methods in the selection of drugs, as defined in	9431
section 4729.01 of the Revised Code, or other modalities for	9432
treatment;	9433
(11) Willful betrayal of a professional confidence;	9434
(12) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading	9435
statement in the solicitation of or advertising for patients in	9436
relation to the practice of physical therapy;	9437
(13) A departure from, or the failure to conform to,	9438
minimal standards of care required of licensees when under the	9439
same or similar circumstances, whether or not actual injury to a	9440
patient is established;	9441

(14) Obtaining, or attempting to obtain, money or anything	9442
of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course of	9443
practice;	9444
(15) Violation of the conditions of limitation or	9445
agreements placed by the physical therapy section on a license	9446
to practice;	9447
(16) Failure to renew a license in accordance with section	9448
4755.46 of the Revised Code;	9449
(17) Except as provided in section 4755.471 of the Revised	9450
Code, engaging in the division of fees for referral of patients	9451
or receiving anything of value in return for a specific referral	9452
of a patient to utilize a particular service or business;	9453
(18) Inability to practice according to acceptable and	9454
prevailing standards of care because of mental illness or	9455
physical illness, including physical deterioration that	9456
adversely affects cognitive, motor, or perception skills;	9457
(19) The revocation, suspension, restriction, or	9458
termination of clinical privileges by the United States	9459
department of defense or department of veterans affairs;	9460
(20) Termination or suspension from participation in the	9461
medicare or medicaid program established under Title XVIII and	9462
Title XIX, respectively, of the "Social Security Act," 49 Stat.	9463
620 (1935), 42 U.S.C. 301, as amended, for an act or acts that	9464
constitute a violation of sections 4755.40 to 4755.56 of the	9465
Revised Code;	9466
(21) Failure of a physical therapist to maintain	9467
supervision of a student, physical therapist assistant,	9468
unlicensed support personnel, other assistant personnel, or a	9469
license applicant in accordance with the requirements of	9470

sections 4755.40 to 4755.56 of the Revised Code and rules	9471
adopted under those sections;	9472
(22) Failure to complete continuing education requirements	9473
as prescribed in section 4755.51 or 4755.511 of the Revised Code	9474
or to satisfy any rules applicable to continuing education	9475
requirements that are adopted by the physical therapy section;	9476
(23) Conviction of a misdemeanor when the act that	9477
constitutes the misdemeanor occurs during the practice of	9478
physical therapy;	9479
(24)(a) Except as provided in division (A)(24)(b) of this	9480
section, failure to cooperate with an investigation conducted by	9481
the physical therapy section or the health care professional	9482
standards board, including failure to comply with a subpoena or	9483
orders issued by the section or the board or failure to answer	9484
truthfully a question presented by the section or the board at a	9485
deposition or in written interrogatories.	9486
(b) Failure to cooperate with an investigation does not	9487
constitute grounds for discipline under this section if a court	9488
of competent jurisdiction issues an order that either quashes a	9489
subpoena or permits the individual to withhold the testimony or	9490
evidence at issue.	9491
(25) Regardless of whether the contact or verbal behavior	9492
is consensual, engaging with a patient other than the spouse of	9493
the physical therapist or physical therapist assistant, in any	9494
of the following:	9495
(a) Sexual contact, as defined in section 2907.01 of the	9496
Revised Code;	9497
(b) Verbal behavior that is sexually demeaning to the	9498
patient or may be reasonably interpreted by the patient as	9499

sexually demeaning.	9500
(26) Failure to notify the physical therapy section of a	9501
change in name, business address, or home address within thirty	9502
days after the date of change;	9503
(27) Except as provided in division (B) of this section:	9504
(a) Waiving the payment of all or any part of a deductible	9505
or copayment that a patient, pursuant to a health insurance or	9506
health care policy, contract, or plan that covers physical	9507
therapy, would otherwise be required to pay if the waiver is	9508
used as an enticement to a patient or group of patients to	9509
receive health care services from that provider;	9510
(b) Advertising that the individual will waive the payment	9511
of all or any part of a deductible or copayment that a patient,	9512
pursuant to a health insurance or health care policy, contract,	9513
or plan that covers physical therapy, would otherwise be	9514
required to pay+.	9515
(28) Violation of any section of this chapter or rule	9516
adopted under it.	9517
(B) Sanctions shall not be imposed under division (A) (27)	9518
of this section against any individual who waives deductibles	9519
and copayments as follows:	9520
(1) In compliance with the health benefit plan that	9521
expressly allows such a practice. Waiver of the deductibles or	9522
copayments shall be made only with the full knowledge and	9523
consent of the plan purchaser, payer, and third-party	9524
administrator. Documentation of the consent shall be made	9525
available to the physical therapy section upon request.	9526
(2) For professional services rendered to any other person	9527

licensed pursuant to sections 4755.40 to 4755.56 of the Revised	9528
Code to the extent allowed by those sections and the rules of	9529
the physical therapy section.	9530

(C) When a license is revoked under this section, 9531 application for reinstatement may not be made sooner than one 9532 year after the date of revocation. The physical therapy section 9533 may accept or refuse an application for reinstatement and may 9534 require that the applicant pass an examination as a condition 9535 for reinstatement.

When a license holder is placed on probation under this 9537 section, the physical therapy section's order for placement on 9538 probation shall be accompanied by a statement of the conditions 9539 under which the individual may be removed from probation and 9540 restored to unrestricted practice. 9541

- (D) When an application for an initial or renewed license 9542 is refused under this section, the physical therapy section 9543 shall notify the applicant in writing of the section's decision 9544 to refuse issuance of a license and the reason for its decision. 9545
- (E) On receipt of a complaint that a person licensed by 9546 9547 the physical therapy section has committed any of the actions listed in division (A) of this section, the physical therapy 9548 section may immediately suspend the license of the physical 9549 therapist or physical therapist assistant prior to holding a 9550 hearing in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code if 9551 it determines, based on the complaint, that the person poses an 9552 immediate threat to the public. The physical therapy section may 9553 review the allegations and vote on the suspension by telephone 9554 conference call. If the physical therapy section votes to 9555 suspend a license under this division, the physical therapy 9556 section shall issue a written order of summary suspension to the 9557

person in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code. If	9558
the person fails to make a timely request for an adjudication	9559
under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the physical therapy	9560
section shall enter a final order permanently revoking the	9561
person's license. Notwithstanding section 119.12 of the Revised	9562
Code, a court of common pleas shall not grant a suspension of	9563
the physical therapy section's order of summary suspension	9564
pending the determination of an appeal filed under that section.	9565
Any order of summary suspension issued under this division shall	9566
remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final	9567
adjudication order issued by the physical therapy section	9568
pursuant to division (A) of this section becomes effective. The	9569
physical therapy section shall issue its final adjudication	9570
order regarding an order of summary suspension issued under this	9571
division not later than ninety days after completion of its	9572
hearing. Failure to issue the order within ninety days shall	9573
result in immediate dissolution of the suspension order, but	9574
shall not invalidate any subsequent, final adjudication order.	9575
(F) If an individual who holds a license issued under	9576
sections 4755.40 to 4755.56 of the Revised Code is listed in a	9577
claim filed under Chapter 3965. of the Revised Code, the	9578
physical therapy section shall suspend any investigation and	9579
shall not take disciplinary action under this section against	9580
that individual for conduct relating to that claim unless	9581
otherwise required by the health care professional standards	9582
board or until the health care professional standards board has	9583
concluded its investigation under Chapter 4746. of the Revised	9584
Code.	9585
The physical therapy section shall take any disciplinary	9586
action required by the health care professional standards board	9587
against a license holder under sections 4755.40 to 4755.56 of	9588

the Revised Code pursuant to section 4746.05 of the Revised	9589
Code. If the health care professional standards board imposes	9590
discipline on a license holder, the physical therapy section	9591
shall not take disciplinary action for the same conduct that is	9592
the subject of the disciplinary action ordered by the health	9593
care professional standards board. However, the physical therapy	9594
section may account for that disciplinary action in any future	9595
disciplinary action taken against the license holder.	9596
Sec. 4765.11. (A) The state board of emergency medical,	9597
fire, and transportation services shall adopt, and may amend and	9598
rescind, rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised	9599
Code and division (C) of this section that establish all of the	9600
following:	9601
(1) Procedures for its governance and the control of its	9602
actions and business affairs;	9603
(2) Standards for the performance of emergency medical	9604
services by first responders, emergency medical technicians-	9605
basic, emergency medical technicians-intermediate, and emergency	9606
medical technicians-paramedic;	9607
(3) Application fees for certificates of accreditation,	9608
certificates of approval, certificates to teach, and	9609
certificates to practice, which shall be deposited into the	9610
trauma and emergency medical services fund created in section	9611
4513.263 of the Revised Code;	9612
(4) Criteria for determining when the application or	9613
renewal fee for a certificate to practice may be waived because	9614
an applicant cannot afford to pay the fee;	9615
(5) Procedures for issuance and renewal of certificates of	9616
accreditation, certificates of approval, certificates to teach,	9617

and certificates to practice, including any procedures necessary	9618
to ensure that adequate notice of renewal is provided in	9619
accordance with division (D) of section 4765.30 of the Revised	9620
Code;	9621
(6) Procedures for suspending or revoking certificates of	9622
accreditation, certificates of approval, certificates to teach,	9623
and certificates to practice;	9624
(7) Grounds for suspension or revocation of a certificate	9625
to practice issued under section 4765.30 of the Revised Code and	9626
for taking any other disciplinary action against a first	9627
responder, EMT-basic, EMT-I, or paramedic;	9628
(8) Procedures for taking disciplinary action against a	9629
first responder, EMT-basic, EMT-I, or paramedic;	9630
(9) Standards for certificates of accreditation and	9631
certificates of approval;	9632
(10) Qualifications for certificates to teach;	9633
(11) Requirements for a certificate to practice;	9634
(12) The curricula, number of hours of instruction and	9635
training, and instructional materials to be used in adult and	9636
pediatric emergency medical services training programs and adult	9637
and pediatric emergency medical services continuing education	9638
programs;	9639
(13) Procedures for conducting courses in recognizing	9640
symptoms of life-threatening allergic reactions and in	9641
calculating proper dosage levels and administering injections of	9642
epinephrine to adult and pediatric patients who suffer life-	9643
threatening allergic reactions;	9644
(14) Examinations for certificates to practice;	9645

(15) Procedures for administering examinations for	9646
certificates to practice;	9647
(16) Procedures for approving examinations that	9648
demonstrate competence to have a certificate to practice renewed	9649
without completing an emergency medical services continuing	9650
education program;	9651
(17) Procedures for granting extensions and exemptions of	9652
emergency medical services continuing education requirements;	9653
(18) Procedures for approving the additional emergency	9654
medical services first responders are authorized by division (C)	9655
of section 4765.35 of the Revised Code to perform, EMTs-basic	9656
are authorized by division (C) of section 4765.37 of the Revised	9657
Code to perform, EMTs-I are authorized by division (B)(5) of	9658
section 4765.38 of the Revised Code to perform, and paramedics	9659
are authorized by division (B)(6) of section 4765.39 of the	9660
Revised Code to perform;	9661
(19) Standards and procedures for implementing the	9662
requirements of section 4765.06 of the Revised Code, including	9663
designations of the persons who are required to report	9664
information to the board and the types of information to be	9665
reported;	9666
(20) Procedures for administering the emergency medical	9667
services grant program established under section 4765.07 of the	9668
Revised Code;	9669
(21) Procedures consistent with Chapter 119. of the	9670
Revised Code for appealing decisions of the board;	9671
(22) Minimum qualifications and peer review and quality	9672
improvement requirements for persons who provide medical	9673
direction to emergency medical service personnel;	9674

(23) The manner in which a patient, or a patient's parent,	9675
guardian, or custodian may consent to the board releasing	9676
identifying information about the patient under division (D) of	9677
section 4765.102 of the Revised Code;	9678
(24) Circumstances under which a training program or	9679
continuing education program, or portion of either type of	9680
program, may be taught by a person who does not hold a	9681
certificate to teach issued under section 4765.23 of the Revised	9682
Code;	9683
(25) Certification cycles for certificates issued under	9684
sections 4765.23 and 4765.30 of the Revised Code and	9685
certificates issued by the executive director of the state board	9686
of emergency medical, fire, and transportation services under	9687
section 4765.55 of the Revised Code that establish a common	9688
expiration date for all certificates.	9689
(B) The <u>state</u> board <u>of emergency medical</u> , fire, and	9690
transportation services may adopt, and may amend and rescind,	9691
rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code and	9692
division (C) of this section that establish the following:	9693
(1) Specifications of information that may be collected	9694
under the trauma system registry and incidence reporting system	9695
created under section 4765.06 of the Revised Code;	9696
(2) Standards and procedures for implementing any of the	9697
recommendations made by any committees of the board or under	9698
section 4765.04 of the Revised Code;	9699
(3) Requirements that a person must meet to receive a	9700
certificate to practice as a first responder pursuant to	9701
division (A)(2) of section 4765.30 of the Revised Code;	9702
(4) Any other rules necessary to implement this chapter.	9703

(C) In developing and administering rules adopted under	9704
this chapter, the state board of emergency medical, fire, and	9705
transportation services shall consult with regional directors	9706
and regional physician advisory boards created by section	9707
4765.05 of the Revised Code and emphasize the special needs of	9708
pediatric and geriatric patients.	9709
(D) Except as otherwise provided in this division, before	9710
adopting, amending, or rescinding any rule under this chapter,	9711
the <u>state</u> board <u>of emergency medical</u> , fire, and transportation	9712
services shall submit the proposed rule to the director of	9713
public safety for review. The director may review the proposed	9714
rule for not more than sixty days after the date it is	9715
submitted. If, within this sixty-day period, the director	9716
approves the proposed rule or does not notify the board that the	9717
rule is disapproved, the board may adopt, amend, or rescind the	9718
rule as proposed. If, within this sixty-day period, the director	9719
notifies the board that the proposed rule is disapproved, the	9720
board shall not adopt, amend, or rescind the rule as proposed	9721
unless at least twelve members of the board vote to adopt,	9722
amend, or rescind it.	9723
This division does not apply to an emergency rule adopted	9724
in accordance with section 119.03 of the Revised Code.	9725
(E) If an individual who holds a certificate issued under	9726
this chapter is listed in a claim filed under Chapter 3965. of	9727
the Revised Code, the state board of emergency medical, fire,	9728
and transportation services shall suspend any investigation and	9729
shall not take disciplinary action against that individual for	9730
conduct relating to that claim unless otherwise required by the	9731
health care professional standards board or until the health	9732

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care professional standards board has concluded its

investigation under Chapter 4746. of the Revised Code.	9734
The state board of emergency medical, fire, and	9735
transportation services shall take any disciplinary action	9736
required by the health care professional standards board against	9737
a certificate holder under this chapter pursuant to section	9738
4746.05 of the Revised Code. If the health care professional	9739
standards board imposes discipline on a certificate holder, the	9740
state board of emergency medical, fire, and transportation	9741
services shall not take disciplinary action for the same conduct	9742
that is the subject of the disciplinary action ordered by the	9743
health care professional standards board. However, the state	9744
board of emergency medical, fire, and transportation services	9745
may account for that disciplinary action in any future	9746
disciplinary action taken against the certificate holder.	9747
Sec. 5162.63. The medicaid director shall seek government	9748
and nongovernment grants and donations to help fund the medicaid	9749
components authorized by section 5166.53 of the Revised Code.	9750
All such grants and donations shall be deposited into the	9751
medicaid donations fund, which is hereby created in the state	9752
treasury. All money in the fund shall be used for the medicaid	9753
components authorized by section 5166.53 of the Revised Code.	9754
Sec. 5164.01. As used in this chapter:	9755
(A) "DRG" means diagnosis-related group.	9756
(B) "Early and periodic screening, diagnostic, and	9757
treatment services" has the same meaning as in the "Social	9758
Security Act," section 1905(r), 42 U.S.C. 1396d(r).	9759
(B) (C) "Federal financial participation" has the same	9760
meaning as in section 5160.01 of the Revised Code.	9761
(C) (D) "Healthcheck" means the component of the medicaid	9762

program that provides early and periodic screening, diagnostic,	9763
and treatment services.	9764
(D)—(E) "Home and community-based services medicaid waiver	9765
component" has the same meaning as in section 5166.01 of the	9766
Revised Code.	9767
$\frac{(E)-(F)}{(F)}$ "Hospital" has the same meaning as in section	9768
3727.01 of the Revised Code.	9769
(F) (G) "ICDS participant" means a dual eligible	9770
individual who participates in the integrated care delivery	9771
system.	9772
(G) (H) "ICF/IID" has the same meaning as in section	9773
5124.01 of the Revised Code.	9774
$\frac{(\mathrm{H})}{(\mathrm{I})}$ "Integrated care delivery system" and "ICDS" mean	9775
the demonstration project authorized by section 5164.91 of the	9776
Revised Code.	9777
(I) (J) "Mandatory services" means the health care	9778
services and items that must be covered by the medicaid state	9779
plan as a condition of the state receiving federal financial	9780
participation for the medicaid program.	9781
$\frac{(J)-(K)}{(M)}$ "Medicaid managed care organization" has the same	9782
meaning as in section 5167.01 of the Revised Code.	9783
(K) (L) "Medicaid provider" means a person or government	9784
entity with a valid provider agreement to provide medicaid	9785
services to medicaid recipients. To the extent appropriate in	9786
the context, "medicaid provider" includes a person or government	9787
entity applying for a provider agreement, a former medicaid	9788
provider, or both.	9789
(L) (M) "Medicaid services" means either or both of the	9790

following:	9791
(1) Mandatory services;	9792
(2) Optional services that the medicaid program covers.	9793
(M) (N) "Noninstitutional provider" means any medicaid	9794
provider other than a hospital, nursing facility, or ICF/IID.	9795
(O) "Nursing facility" has the same meaning as in section	9796
5165.01 of the Revised Code.	9797
$\frac{(N)-(P)}{(P)}$ "Optional services" means the health care services	9798
and items that may be covered by the medicaid state plan or a	9799
federal medicaid waiver and for which the medicaid program	9800
receives federal financial participation.	9801
$\frac{(0)}{(0)}$ "Prescribed drug" has the same meaning as in 42	9802
C.F.R. 440.120.	9803
(P) (R) "Provider agreement" means an agreement to which	9804
all of the following apply:	9805
(1) It is between a medicaid provider and the department	9806
of medicaid;	9807
(2) It provides for the medicaid provider to provide	9808
medicaid services to medicaid recipients;	9809
(3) It complies with 42 C.F.R. 431.107(b).	9810
(Q) (S) "Terminal distributor of dangerous drugs" has the	9811
same meaning as in section 4729.01 of the Revised Code.	9812
Sec. 5164.07. (A) The medicaid program shall include	9813
coverage of inpatient care and follow-up care for a mother and	9814
her newborn as follows:	9815
(1) The medicaid program shall cover a minimum of forty-	9816

eight hours of inpatient care following a normal vaginal	9817
delivery and a minimum of ninety-six hours of inpatient care	9818
following a cesarean delivery. Services covered as inpatient	9819
care shall include medical, educational, and any other services	9820
that are consistent with the inpatient care recommended in the	9821
protocols and guidelines developed by national organizations	9822
that represent pediatric, obstetric, and nursing professionals.	9823

(2) The medicaid program shall cover a physician-directed 9824 source of follow-up care. Services covered as follow-up care 9825 shall include physical assessment of the mother and newborn, 9826 parent education, assistance and training in breast or bottle 9827 feeding, assessment of the home support system, performance of 9828 any medically necessary and appropriate clinical tests, and any 9829 other services that are consistent with the follow-up care 9830 recommended in the protocols and guidelines developed by 9831 national organizations that represent pediatric, obstetric, and 9832 nursing professionals. The coverage shall apply to services 9833 provided in a medical setting or through home health care 9834 visits. The coverage shall apply to a home health care visit 9835 only if the health care professional who conducts the visit is 9836 knowledgeable and experienced in maternity and newborn care. 9837

When a decision is made in accordance with division (B) of 9838 this section to discharge a mother or newborn prior to the 9839 expiration of the applicable number of hours of inpatient care 9840 required to be covered, the coverage of follow-up care shall 9841 apply to all follow-up care that is provided within forty-eight 9842 hours after discharge. When a mother or newborn receives at 9843 least the number of hours of inpatient care required to be 9844 covered, the coverage of follow-up care shall apply to follow-up 9845 care that is determined to be medically necessary by the health 9846 care professionals responsible for discharging the mother or 9847

newborn. 9848 (B) Any decision to shorten the length of inpatient stay 9849 to less than that specified under division (A)(1) of this 9850 section shall be made by the physician attending the mother or 9851 newborn, except that if a nurse-midwife is attending the mother 9852 in collaboration with a physician, the decision may be made by 9853 the nurse-midwife. Decisions regarding early discharge shall be 9854 made only after conferring with the mother or a person 9855 responsible for the mother or newborn. For purposes of this 9856 division, a person responsible for the mother or newborn may 9857 include a parent, guardian, or any other person with authority 9858 to make medical decisions for the mother or newborn. 9859 (C) The department of medicaid, in administering the 9860 medicaid program, may not do either of the following: 9861 (1) Terminate the provider agreement of a health care 9862 professional or health care facility solely for making 9863 recommendations for inpatient or follow-up care for a particular 9864 mother or newborn that are consistent with the care required to 9865 be covered by this section; 9866 (2) Establish or offer monetary or other financial 9867 incentives for the purpose of encouraging a person to decline 9868 the inpatient or follow-up care required to be covered by this 9869 section. 9870 (D) This section does not do any of the following: 9871 (1) Require the medicaid program to cover inpatient or 9872 follow-up care that is not received in accordance with the 9873 program's terms pertaining to the health care professionals and 9874 facilities from which a medicaid recipient is authorized to 9875 receive health care services. 9876

(2) Require a mother or newborn to stay in a hospital or	9877
other inpatient setting for a fixed period of time following	9878
delivery;	9879
(3) Require a child to be delivered in a hospital or other	9880
<pre>inpatient setting;</pre>	9881
(4) Authorize a nurse-midwife to practice beyond the	9882
authority to practice nurse-midwifery in accordance with Chapter	9883
4723. of the Revised Code;	9884
(5) Establish minimum standards of medical diagnosis,	9885
care, or treatment for inpatient or follow-up care for a mother	9886
or newborn. A deviation from the care required to be covered	9887
under this section shall not, on the basis of this section, give	9888
rise to a medical claim or derivative medical claim, as those	9889
terms are defined in section 2305.113 or 3965.01 of the Revised	9890
Code.	9891
Sec. 5164.78. This section is subject to section 5166.50	9892
of the Revised Code.	9893
If a hospital, hospital-owned provider, or institutional	9894
provider provides to a medicaid recipient an outpatient service	9895
that may also be provided to a medicaid recipient by a	9896
noninstitutional provider, the total medicaid payment made to	9897
the hospital, hospital-owned provider, or institutional provider	9898
for the service shall not exceed by more than ten per cent the	9899
total medicaid payment that would be made to a noninstitutional	9900
provider for the service.	9901
Sec. 5164.83. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of	9902
this section, if a hospital emergency department provides	9903
medicaid services to a medicaid recipient who has been	9904
determined under section 3727.61 of the Revised Code to have a	9905

nonemergency medical condition, the medicaid services that the	9906
hospital emergency department provides to the recipient to	9907
diagnose and treat the nonemergency medical condition shall not	9908
be billed to the medicaid program as an emergency room visit	9909
claim, as that term is defined in rules adopted under section	9910
5164.02 of the Revised Code.	9911
(B) Division (A) of this section does not apply in the	9912
case of medicaid services provided by a hospital emergency	9913
department to diagnose and treat a medicaid recipient who was	9914
determined under section 3727.61 of the Revised Code to have a	9915
nonemergency medical condition if both of the following are the	9916
case:	9917
(1) The recipient was referred, pursuant to section	9918
3727.61 of the Revised Code, to receive services at the space	9919
within or adjacent to the hospital that is described in division	9920
(C)(1) or (2) of that section.	9921
(2) A determination was made while services were being	9922
provided at the space to which the recipient was referred that	9923
the recipient had an emergency medical condition, the recipient	9924
was returned to the hospital emergency department for treatment	9925
of the emergency medical condition, and the hospital emergency	9926
department treated the recipient's emergency medical condition.	9927
Sec. 5165.15. (A) Except as otherwise provided by sections	9928
5165.151 to 5165.157 and 5165.34 of the Revised Code, the total	9929
per medicaid day payment rate that the department of medicaid	9930
shall pay a nursing facility provider for nursing facility	9931
services the provider's nursing facility provides during a	9932
fiscal year shall equal be determined as follows:	9933
(1) Determine the sum of all of the following:	9934

$\frac{(1)}{(a)}$ The per medicaid day payment rate for ancillary and	9935
support costs determined for the nursing facility under section	9936
5165.16 of the Revised Code;	9937
(2)(b) The per medicaid day payment rate for capital costs	9938
determined for the nursing facility under section 5165.17 of the	9939
Revised Code;	9940
	3310
(3)(c) The per medicaid day payment rate for direct care	9941
costs determined for the nursing facility under section 5165.19	9942
of the Revised Code;	9943
$\frac{(4)}{(d)}$ The per medicaid day payment rate for tax costs	9944
determined for the nursing facility under section 5165.21 of the	9945
Revised Code;	9946
(5)(e) If the nursing facility qualifies as a critical	9947
access nursing facility, the nursing facility's critical access	9948
incentive payment paid under section 5165.23 of the Revised	9949
Code	9950
(6) The (2) Reduce the sum determined under division (A) (1)	9951
of this section by the following:	9952
(a) For fiscal year 2016, two per cent;	9953
(b) For fiscal year 2017, four per cent;	9954
(c) For fiscal year 2018 and each fiscal year thereafter,	9955
six per cent.	9956
(3) Add the per medicaid day valued-based purchasing	9957
payment determined for the nursing facility under section	9958
5165.24 of the Revised Code to the amount determined under	9959
division (A)(2) of this section;	9960
(4) Add the per medicaid day quality incentive payment	9961
11) Mad the per medicata day quartey the first payment	220I

paid to determined for the nursing facility under section	9962
5165.25 of the Revised Code to the amount determined under	9963
division (A)(3) of this section.	9964
(B) In addition to paying a nursing facility provider the	9965
nursing facility's total rate determined under division (A) of	9966
this section for a fiscal year, the department shall pay the	9967
provider a quality bonus under section 5165.26 of the Revised	9968
Code for that fiscal year if the provider's nursing facility is	9969
a qualifying nursing facility, as defined in that section, for	9970
that fiscal year. The quality bonus shall not be part of the	9971
total rate.	9972
Sec. 5165.23. (A) Each fiscal year, the department of	9973
medicaid shall determine the critical access incentive payment	9974
for each nursing facility that qualifies as a critical access	9975
nursing facility. To qualify as a critical access nursing	9976
facility for a fiscal year, a nursing facility must meet all of	9977
the following requirements:	9978
(1) The nursing facility must be located in an area that,	9979
on December 31, 2011, was designated an empowerment zone under	9980
the "Internal Revenue Code of 1986," section 1391, 26 U.S.C.	9981
1391.	9982
(2) The nursing facility must have an occupancy rate of at	9983
least eighty-five per cent as of the last day of the calendar	9984
year immediately preceding the fiscal year.	9985
year immediately preceding the ribear year.	3300
(3) The nursing facility must have a medicaid utilization	9986
rate of at least sixty-five per cent as of the last day of the	9987
calendar year immediately preceding the fiscal year.	9988

(4) The nursing facility must have been awarded at least

five points for meeting accountability measures under section

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5165.25 of the Revised Code for the fiscal year and at least one	9991
of the five points must have been awarded for meeting the	9992
accountability measures identified in divisions (C)(9), (10),	9993
(11), (12), and (14) of section 5165.25 of the Revised Code.	9994
(B) A critical access nursing facility's critical access	9995
incentive payment for a fiscal year shall equal five per cent of	9996
the -portion of the nursing facility's total rate for the fiscal	9997
year that is the sum of the rates and payment identified in	9998
divisions (A)(1) to (4) and (6) of , as determined under	9999
division (A) of section 5165.15 of the Revised Code, excluding	10000
the portions of the rate that represent the critical access	10001
payment and the value based purchasing payment.	10002
Sec. 5165.24. (A) As used in this section:	10003
(1) "Electronic medication administration record system"	10004
means technology that automatically documents the administration	10005
of medication into electronic health record technology by using	10006
electronic tracking sensors.	10007
(2) "Long-stay resident" means an individual who has	10008
resided in a nursing facility for at least one hundred one days.	10009
(3) "Measurement period" means the following:	10010
(a) For fiscal year 2016, the period beginning July 1,	10011
2014, and ending December 31, 2014;	10012
(b) For each subsequent fiscal year, the calendar year	10013
immediately preceding the fiscal year.	10014
(4) "Nurse aide" has the same meaning as in section	10015
3721.21 of the Revised Code.	10016
(5) "Preferences for everyday living inventory" means a	10017
tool used to document the lifestyle preferences of older persons	10018

and to provide information to caregivers to assist in	10019
customizing care delivery.	10020
(6) "Short-stay resident" means a nursing facility	10021
resident who is not a long-stay resident.	10022
(D) Heing the funds made available for a field wear by	10023
(B) Using the funds made available for a fiscal year by	10023
the rate reductions made under division (A)(2) of section 5165.15 of the Revised Code, the department of medicaid shall	10024
determine each nursing facility's value based purchasing payment	10025
for that fiscal year. A nursing facility's value based	10020
purchasing payment shall be based on its ranking under division	10027
(C) of this section. The largest value based purchasing payment	10029
shall be made to nursing facilities with the highest ranking.	10029
shall be made to harsing facilities with the highest fanking.	10030
(C)(1) For each fiscal year, the department shall rank	10031
each nursing facility based on the number of the following	10032
quality indicators that the nursing facility meets for the	10033
measurement period:	10034
(a) The nursing facility's residents received an average	10035
of at least two and eight-tenths hours of direct care per	10036
inpatient day from nurse aides and an average of at least one	10037
and three-tenths hours of nursing care per inpatient day from	10038
registered nurses, other than the nursing facility's director of	10039
nursing, and from licensed practical nurses.	10040
(b) At least eighty-five per cent of the nursing	10041
facility's long-stay residents received direct care from not	10042
more than twelve different nurse aides during any thirty-day	10043
period.	10044
(a) Not more than the target percentage of the purging	10045
(c) Not more than the target percentage of the nursing	10045
facility's short-stay residents had new or worsened pressure	
ulcers and not more than the target percentage of long-stay	10047

residents at high risk for pressure ulcers had pressure ulcers.	10048
(d) Not more than the target percentage of the nursing	10049
facility's short-stay residents newly received an antipsychotic	10050
medication and not more than the target percentage of the	10051
nursing facility's long-stay residents received an antipsychotic	10052
medication.	10053
(e) The number of the nursing facility's residents who had	10054
avoidable inpatient hospital admissions did not exceed the	10055
target rate.	10056
(f) The nursing facility uses the preferences for everyday	10057
<pre>living inventory.</pre>	10058
(g) The nursing facility uses the electronic medication	10059
administration record system.	10060
(2) The department shall specify the target percentage for	10061
the purpose of divisions (C)(1)(c) and (d) of this section. The	10062
amount specified for division (C)(1)(c) of this section may	10063
differ from the amount specified for division (C)(1)(d) of this	10064
section and the amount specified for short-stay residents may	10065
differ from the amount specified for long-stay residents. The	10066
department also shall specify the target rate for the purpose of	10067
division (C) (1) (e) of this section.	10068
Sec. 5165.98. This section is subject to section 5166.50	10069
of the Revised Code.	10070
If a medicaid recipient receiving nursing facility	10071
services has resided in this state for less than one year, the	10072
department of medicaid shall seek to have the state in which the	10073
recipient resided immediately before coming to this state pay	10074
for the services.	10075

Sec. 5166.01. As used in this chapter:	10076
"Administrative agency" means, with respect to a home and	10077
community-based services medicaid waiver component, the	10078
department of medicaid or, if a state agency or political	10079
subdivision contracts with the department under section 5162.35	10080
of the Revised Code to administer the component, that state	10081
agency or political subdivision.	10082
"Care management system" means the system established	10083
under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code.	10084
"Dual eligible individual" has the same meaning as in	10085
section 5160.01 of the Revised Code.	10086
"Federal financial participation" has the same meaning as	10087
in section 5160.01 of the Revised Code.	10088
"Federal poverty line" has the same meaning as in section	10089
5162.01 of the Revised Code.	10090
"Home and community-based services medicaid waiver	10091
"Home and community-based services medicaid waiver component" means a medicaid waiver component under which home	10091 10092
component" means a medicaid waiver component under which home	10092
component" means a medicaid waiver component under which home and community-based services are provided as an alternative to	10092 10093
component" means a medicaid waiver component under which home and community-based services are provided as an alternative to hospital services, nursing facility services, or ICF/IID	10092 10093 10094
component" means a medicaid waiver component under which home and community-based services are provided as an alternative to hospital services, nursing facility services, or ICF/IID services.	10092 10093 10094 10095
component" means a medicaid waiver component under which home and community-based services are provided as an alternative to hospital services, nursing facility services, or ICF/IID services. "Hospital" has the same meaning as in section 3727.01 of	10092 10093 10094 10095
component" means a medicaid waiver component under which home and community-based services are provided as an alternative to hospital services, nursing facility services, or ICF/IID services. "Hospital" has the same meaning as in section 3727.01 of the Revised Code.	10092 10093 10094 10095 10096 10097
component" means a medicaid waiver component under which home and community-based services are provided as an alternative to hospital services, nursing facility services, or ICF/IID services. "Hospital" has the same meaning as in section 3727.01 of the Revised Code. "Hospital long-term care unit" has the same meaning as in	10092 10093 10094 10095 10096 10097
component" means a medicaid waiver component under which home and community-based services are provided as an alternative to hospital services, nursing facility services, or ICF/IID services. "Hospital" has the same meaning as in section 3727.01 of the Revised Code. "Hospital long-term care unit" has the same meaning as in section 5168.40 of the Revised Code.	10092 10093 10094 10095 10096 10097 10098 10099

in section 5124.01 of the Revised Code.	10103
"Integrated care delivery system" and "ICDS" have the same	10104
meanings as in section 5164.01 of the Revised Code.	10105
"Level of care determination" means a determination of	10106
whether an individual needs the level of care provided by a	10107
hospital, nursing facility, or ICF/IID and whether the	10108
individual, if determined to need that level of care, would	10109
receive hospital services, nursing facility services, or ICF/IID	10110
services if not for a home and community-based services medicaid	10111
waiver component.	10112
"Medicaid buy-in for workers with disabilities program"	10113
has the same meaning as in section 5163.01 of the Revised Code.	10114
"Medicaid services" has the same meaning as in section	10115
5164.01 of the Revised Code.	10116
"Medicaid waiver component" means a component of the	10117
medicaid program authorized by a waiver granted by the United	10118
States department of health and human services under the "Social	10119
Security Act," section 1115 or 1915, 42 U.S.C. 1315 or 1396n.	10120
"Medicaid waiver component" does not include a care management	10121
system established under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code.	10122
"Nursing facility" and "nursing facility services" have	10123
the same meanings as in section 5165.01 of the Revised Code.	10124
"Ohio home care waiver program" means the home and	10125
community-based services medicaid waiver component that is known	10126
as Ohio home care and was created pursuant to section 5166.11 of	10127
the Revised Code.	10128
"Ohio transitions II aging carve-out program" means the	10129
home and community-based services medicaid waiver component that	10130

is known as Ohio transitions II aging carve-out and was created	10131
pursuant to section 5166.11 of the Revised Code.	10132
"Provider agreement" has the same meaning as in section	10133
5164.01 of the Revised Code.	10134
"Residential treatment facility" means a residential	10135
facility licensed by the department of mental health and	10136
addiction services under section 5119.34 of the Revised Code, or	10137
an institution certified by the department of job and family	10138
services under section 5103.03 of the Revised Code, that serves	10139
children and either has more than sixteen beds or is part of a	10140
campus of multiple facilities or institutions that, combined,	10141
have a total of more than sixteen beds.	10142
"Skilled nursing facility" has the same meaning as in	10143
section 5165.01 of the Revised Code.	10144
"Unified long-term services and support medicaid waiver	10145
component" means the medicaid waiver component authorized by	10146
section 5166.14 of the Revised Code.	10147
Sec. 5166.50. (A) The medicaid director shall request that	10148
the United States secretary of health and human services enter	10149
into an enforceable agreement with the director that provides	10150
for at least all of the following:	10151
(1) The implementation of Chapter 195. of the Revised_	10152
<pre>Code;</pre>	10153
(2) Hospitals to be able to implement section 3727.61 of	10154
the Revised Code despite federal requirements;	10155
(3) Health care providers to be able to comply with	10156
division (C) of section 4743.08 of the Revised Code when a	10157
patient is a medicaid recipient;	10158

to any of the following: (a) Implementation of Chapter 195. or sections 3727.61, 4731.74, 5164.78, 5165.98, 5166.52 to 5166.5210, 5166.53, 10162 5167.16, 5167.32, and 5167.33 of the Revised Code; (b) Application of division (C) of section 4743.08 of the Revised Code when a patient is a medicaid recipient; (c) For the purpose of section 5167.04 of the Revised Code, enrollment of individuals designated for participation in the care management system pursuant to divisions (B) (1) and (2) of section 5167.03 of the Revised Code in medicaid managed care organizations that are regional networks consisting of hospitals. (5) The federal government to pay the state a penalty for failure to comply in full with any provision of the agreement. (B) Unless the agreement specified in division (A) of this section is in effect: (1) Chapter 195. and sections 3727.61, 4731.74, 5164.78, 5165.98, 5166.52 to 5166.5210, 5166.53, 5167.16, 5167.32, and 10176 5167.33 of the Revised Code shall not be implemented. (2) Division (C) of section 4743.08 of the Revised Code 10179 shall not apply when a patient is a medicaid recipient. (3) For the purpose of section 5167.04 of the Revised Code, the department shall not enroll individuals designated for participation in the care management system pursuant to divisions (B) (1) and (2) of section 5167.03 of the Revised Code 10183	(4) No fodovol financial porticipation to be withhold due	10159
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	divisions (B)(1) and (2) of section 5167.03 of the Revised Code	10184
<u>in medicaid managed care organizations that are regional</u> 10185	in medicaid managed care organizations that are regional	10185
networks consisting of hospitals. 10186	networks consisting of hospitals.	10186

H. B. No. 157 As Introduced

Sec. 5166.52. (A) As used in sections 5166.52 to 5166.5210	10187
of the Revised Code:	10188
(1) "Adult" means an individual who is at least eighteen	10189
years of age.	10190
(2) "Buckeye account" means a modified health savings	10191
account established under section 5166.522 of the Revised Code.	10192
(3) "Contribution" means the amounts that an individual	10193
contributes to the individual's buckeye account and are	10194
contributed to the account on the individual's behalf under	10195
divisions (C) and (D) of section 5166.522 of the Revised Code.	10196
"Contribution" does not mean the portion of an individual's	10197
buckeye account that consists of medicaid funds deposited under	10198
division (B) of section 5166.522 of the Revised Code or section	10199
5166.524 of the Revised Code.	10200
(4) "Core portion" means the portion of a healthy Ohio	10201
program participant's buckeye account that consists of the	10202
<pre>following:</pre>	10203
(a) The amount of contributions to the account;	10204
(b) The amounts awarded to the account under divisions (C)	10205
and (D) of section 5166.524 of the Revised Code.	10206
(5) "Eligible employer-sponsored health plan" has the same	10207
meaning as in section 5000A(f)(2) of the "Internal Revenue Code	10208
of 1986," 26 U.S.C. 5000A(f)(2).	10209
(6) "Healthy Ohio program" means the medicaid waiver	10210
component established under sections 5166.52 to 5166.5210 of the	10211
Revised Code under which medicaid recipients specified in	10212
division (B)(2) of this section enroll in comprehensive health	10213
plans and contribute to buckeye accounts.	10214

(7) "Healthy Ohio program debit swipe card" means a debit	10215
swipe card issued by a managed care organization to a healthy	10216
Ohio program participant under section 5166.523 of the Revised	10217
Code.	10218
(8) "Minor" means an individual who is less than eighteen	10219
years of age.	10220
(9) "Not-for-profit organization" means an organization	10221
that is exempt from federal income taxation under section 501(a)	10222
and (c)(3) of the "Internal Revenue Code of 1986," 26 U.S.C.	10223
501(a) and (c)(3).	10224
(10) "Ward of the state" means both of the following:	10225
(a) An individual who is a ward, as defined in section	10226
2111.01 of the Revised Code;	10227
(b) A minor who is in the temporary or permanent custody	10228
	10229
of a public children services agency or private child placing	
agency.	10230
(11) "Workforce development activity" and "workforce	10231
development agency" have the same meanings as in section 6301.01	10232
of the Revised Code.	10233
(B) Subject to section 5166.50 of the Revised Code, all of	10234
the following apply:	10235
(1) The medicaid director shall establish a medicaid	10236
waiver component to be known as the healthy Ohio program.	10237
(2) Each individual, other than a ward of the state, to	10238
whom either of the following applies shall participate in the	10239
healthy Ohio program as a condition of medicaid eligibility:	10240
(a) The individual is determined to be eligible for	10241

medicaid on the basis of being included in the category	10242
identified by the department of medicaid as covered families and	10243
<pre>children.</pre>	10244
(b) If, pursuant to section 5166.53 of the Revised Code,	10245
the medicaid program covers the group described in division (C)	10246
(4) (d) of that section or, pursuant to the priorities specified	10247
in division (D) of that section, a portion of that group, the	10248
individual is determined to be eligible for medicaid on the	10249
basis of being included in that group or portion of that group.	10250
(3) A healthy Ohio program participant shall not receive	10251
medicaid services under the fee-for-service component of	10252
medicaid or participate in the care management system.	10253
(4) Notwithstanding any other state statute, only medicaid	10254
recipients not required to participate in the healthy Ohio	10255
program shall receive medicaid services under the fee-for-	10256
service component of medicaid or participate in the care	10257
management system.	10258
Sec. 5166.521. A healthy Ohio program participant shall	10259
enroll in a comprehensive health plan offered by a managed care	10260
organization under contract with the department of medicaid. All	10261
of the following apply to the health plan:	10262
(A) It shall cover physician, hospital inpatient, hospital	10263
outpatient, pregnancy-related, mental health, pharmaceutical,	10264
laboratory, and other health care services the medicaid director	10265
<u>determines necessary.</u>	10266
(B) In the case of a health professional service also	10267
covered by the medicare program, it shall have the same payment	10268
rate as the medicare payment rate for the health professional	10269
service.	10270

(C) It shall not begin to pay for any services it covers	10271
until the amount of the noncore portion of the participant's	10272
buckeye account is zero.	10273
(D) It shall require copayments for services covered by	10274
the health plan, except that a participant's copayments shall be	10275
waived whenever the amount of the core portion of the	10276
participant's buckeye account is zero.	10277
(E) It shall have the following payout limits:	10278
(1) Three hundred thousand dollars per year;	10279
(2) One million dollars for a participant's lifetime.	10280
Sec. 5166.522. (A) (1) A buckeye account shall be	10281
established for each individual who is determined to be eligible	10282
for the healthy Ohio program. Subject to division (A)(2) of this	10283
section, an individual's buckeye account shall consist of both	10284
<pre>of the following:</pre>	10285
(a) The medicaid funds deposited into the account under	10286
division (B) of this section and division (A) of section	10287
5166.524 of the Revised Code;	10288
(b) Contributions made by the individual and on the	10289
individual's behalf under divisions (C) and (D) of this section.	10290
(2) A buckeye account shall not have more than ten	10291
thousand dollars in it at one time.	10292
(B) (1) Subject to division (A) (2) of this section, the	10293
following amount of medicaid funds shall be deposited each year	10294
into the buckeye account of an individual participating in the	10295
<pre>healthy Ohio program:</pre>	10296
(a) If the individual is an adult, one thousand dollars;	10297

(b) If the individual is a minor, five hundred dollars.	10298
(2) Except in the case of an individual who is not	10299
required to make contributions to the individual's buckeye	10300
account, the initial deposit of medicaid funds into an	10301
individual's buckeye account shall not occur until the initial	10302
contribution to the individual's account is made under division	10303
(C) or (D) of this section.	10304
(C) Subject to divisions (A)(2), (D), and (F) of this	10305
section, an individual who is seeking to participate, or is	10306
participating, in the healthy Ohio program shall contribute at	10307
least the greater of the following each year to the individual's	10308
<pre>buckeye account:</pre>	10309
(1) One dollar;	10310
(2) The lesser of the following:	10311
(a) Two per cent of the individual's annual countable	10312
<pre>family income;</pre>	10313
(b) The following amount:	10314
(i) If the individual is an adult who is not a smoker,	10315
<pre>ninety-nine dollars;</pre>	10316
(ii) If the individual is a minor who is not a smoker,	10317
<pre>forty-nine dollars;</pre>	10318
(iii) If the individual is a smoker, regardless of age,	10319
one hundred forty-nine dollars.	10320
(D)(1) Subject to division (D)(2) of this section, the	10321
following may make contributions to an individual's buckeye	10322
account on the individual's behalf:	10323
(a) If the individual is a minor, the individual's parent	10324

or caretaker relative;	10325
(b) The individual's employer, but only up to fifty per	10326
cent of the contributions the individual is required to make;	10327
(c) A not-for-profit organization, but only up to seventy-	10328
five per cent of the contributions the individual is required to	10329
make;	10330
(d) The managed care organization that offers the health	10331
plan in which the individual enrolls under the healthy Ohio	10332
program, but both of the following apply to such contributions:	10333
(i) They shall be used only to pay the costs for the	10334
individual to participate in a health-related incentive	10335
available under the health plan, such as completion of a risk	10336
assessment or participation in a smoking cessation program.	10337
(ii) They cannot reduce the amount the individual is	10338
required to contribute.	10339
(2) Contributions made on an individual's behalf under	10340
divisions (D)(1)(b) and (c) of this section shall be coordinated	10341
in a manner so that the individual, or if the individual is a	10342
minor, the individual's parent or caretaker relative, makes at	10343
least twenty-five per cent of the contributions the individual	10344
	10344
is required to make.	10344
is required to make. (E) Except in the case of an individual who is not	
	10345
(E) Except in the case of an individual who is not	10345
(E) Except in the case of an individual who is not required to make contributions to the individual's buckeye	10345 10346 10347
(E) Except in the case of an individual who is not required to make contributions to the individual's buckeye account, an individual shall not begin to participate in the	10345 10346 10347 10348
(E) Except in the case of an individual who is not required to make contributions to the individual's buckeye account, an individual shall not begin to participate in the healthy Ohio program until the initial contribution to the	10345 10346 10347 10348 10349
(E) Except in the case of an individual who is not required to make contributions to the individual's buckeye account, an individual shall not begin to participate in the healthy Ohio program until the initial contribution to the individual's buckeye account is made under division (C) or (D)	10345 10346 10347 10348 10349 10350

(F) (1) The following portion of the amount that remains in	10354
a healthy Ohio program participant's buckeye account at the end	10355
of a year shall carry forward in the account for the next year:	10356
(a) If the participant satisfies requirements regarding	10357
preventative health services established in rules authorized by	10358
section 5166.5210 of the Revised Code, the entire amount;	10359
(b) If division (F)(1)(a) of this section does not apply,	10360
the core portion of the account.	10361
(2) The amount of contributions that must be made to a	10362
healthy Ohio program participant's buckeye account for a year	10363
shall be reduced by the amount that is carried forward under	10364
division (F)(1) of this section. If the amount carried forward	10365
is at least the amount of contributions that division (C) of	10366
this section requires for that year, no contributions are	10367
required to be made for the participant that year.	10368
(G) A buckeye account shall be used only for the	10369
<pre>following:</pre>	10370
(1) To pay for the expenses for which a healthy Ohio	10371
program debit swipe card may be used as specified in division	10372
(A) of section 5166.523 of the Revised Code;	10373
(2) Other purposes authorized by rules adopted under	10374
section 5166.5210 of the Revised Code.	10375
(H) The department of medicaid shall provide for a healthy	10376
Ohio program participant to receive monthly statements showing	10377
the current amount in the participant's buckeye account and the	10378
previous month's expenditures from the account. The statement	10379
shall specify how much of the amount in the participant's	10380
buckeye account is the core portion and how much is the noncore	10381
portion. The department may arrange for the statements to be	10382

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provided in an electronic format.	10383
Sec. 5166.523. (A) A managed care organization that offers	10384
the health plan in which a healthy Ohio program participant	10385
enrolls shall issue a debit swipe card to be used to pay only	10386
<pre>for the following:</pre>	10387
(1) Until the amount of the noncore portion of the	10388
participant's buckeye account is zero, the costs of health care	10389
services that are covered by the health plan and provided to the	10390
participant by a provider participating in the health plan;	10391
(2) The participant's copayments under division (A)(4) of	10392
section 5166.521 of the Revised Code;	10393
(3) Subject to rules authorized by section 5166.5210 of	10394
the Revised Code, the costs of health care services, including	10395
dental and vision services, that are medically necessary for the	10396
participant but not covered by the health plan.	10397
(B)(1) A healthy Ohio program participant's debit swipe	10398
card shall be credited with one point for each of the following:	10399
(a) Each dollar of medicaid funds deposited into the	10400
participant's buckeye account under division (B) of section	10401
5166.522 of the Revised Code;	10402
(b) Each dollar contributed to the participant's buckeye	10403
account under divisions (C) and (D) of section 5166.522 of the	10404
Revised Code;	10405
(c) Each point awarded to the participant under section	10406
5166.524 of the Revised Code.	10407
(2) Each time a healthy Ohio program participant uses the	10408
participant's debit swipe card, the amount for which the card is	10409
used shall be deducted from the number of points on the card as	10410

follows:	10411
(a) If the card is used for the purpose specified in	10412
division (A)(1) of this section, the deduction shall come from	10413
the points representing the noncore portion of the participant's	10414
buckeye account.	10415
(b) If the card is used for the purpose specified in	10416
division (A)(2) or (3) of this section, the deduction shall come	10417
from the points representing the core portion of the	10418
participant's buckeye account.	10419
(C) A healthy Ohio program participant's debit swipe card	10420
shall do all of the following:	10421
(1) Verify the participant's eligibility for the healthy	10422
Ohio program;	10423
(2) Determine whether the service the participant seeks is	10424
<pre>covered under the health plan;</pre>	10425
(3) Determine whether the provider from which the	10426
participant seeks the service is a participating provider under	10427
the health plan;	10428
(4) Be linked to the participant's buckeye account in a	10429
manner that enables the participant to know at the point of	10430
service what will be deducted from the noncore portion and core	10431
portion of the participant's buckeye account for the service and	10432
how much will remain in each portion of the account after the	10433
deduction.	10434
Sec. 5166.524. (A) The medicaid director shall establish a	10435
system under which points are awarded in accordance with this	10436
section to healthy Ohio program debit swipe cards. One dollar of	10437
medicaid funds shall be deposited into a healthy Ohio program	10438

participant's buckeye account for each point awarded to the	10439
participant under this section.	10440
(B) The director shall provide a one-time award of twenty	10441
points to a healthy Ohio program participant who provides for	10442
the participant's contributions under division (C) of section	10443
5166.522 of the Revised Code to be made by electronic funds	10444
transfers from the participant's checking or savings account.	10445
Twenty points shall be deducted from the participant's card if	10446
the participant terminates the electronic funds transfers.	10447
(C) The director may award up to two hundred points	10448
annually to a healthy Ohio program participant who achieves	10449
health care goals. The points shall be awarded in accordance	10450
with the rules authorized by section 5166.5210 of the Revised	10451
Code. A participant shall not be awarded more than two hundred	10452
points per year under this division regardless of the number of	10453
health care goals the participant achieves that year.	10454
(D) Up to one hundred points may be awarded annually to a	10455
healthy Ohio program participant by one or more primary care	10456
physicians who verify that the participant has satisfied health	10457
care benchmarks set by the physicians. A participant shall not	10458
be awarded more than one hundred points per year under this	10459
division regardless of how many primary care physicians award	10460
points to the participant that year and the number of points the	10461
primary care physicians award the participant that year.	10462
Sec. 5166.525. An individual's participation in the	10463
healthy Ohio program shall be suspended if the individual	10464
exhausts the individual's annual payout limit specified in	10465
division (A)(5)(a) of section 5166.521 of the Revised Code. The	10466
suspension shall end on the first day of the following year.	10467

Sec. 5166.526. (A) An individual's participation in the	10468
healthy Ohio program shall cease if any of the following	10469
applies:	10470
(1) A monthly installment payment to the individual's	10471
buckeye account is sixty days late.	10472
(2) The individual, or if the individual is a minor, the	10473
individual's parent or caretaker relative, fails to submit	10474
documentation needed for a redetermination of the individual's	10475
eligibility for medicaid before the sixty-first day after the	10476
documentation is requested.	10477
(3) The individual becomes eligible for medicaid on a	10478
basis other than being included in the category identified by	10479
the department of medicaid as covered families and children or	10480
being included in the eligibility group described in section	10481
1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VIII) of the "Social Security Act," 42 U.S.C.	10482
1396a(a)(10)(A)(i)(VIII).	10483
(4) The individual becomes a ward of the state.	10484
(5) The individual ceases to be eligible for medicaid.	10485
(6) The individual exhausts the individual's lifetime	10486
payout limit specified in division (A)(5)(b) of section 5166.521	10487
of the Revised Code.	10488
(7) The individual, or if the individual is a minor, the	10489
individual's parent or caretaker relative, requests that the	10490
individual's participation be terminated.	10491
(B) An individual who ceases to participate in the healthy	10492
Ohio program under division (A)(1) or (2) of this section may	10493
not resume participation earlier than twelve months after the	10494
participation ceases.	10495

(C) Except as provided in section 5166.528 of the Revised	10496
Code, an individual who ceases to participate in the healthy	10497
Ohio program shall be provided the contributions that are in the	10498
individual's buckeye account at the time the individual ceases	10499
participation. If the individual is a minor, the individual's	10500
contribution shall be provided to the individual's parent or	10501
caretaker relative.	10502
Sec. 5166.527. If a healthy Ohio program participant	10503
exhausts the annual or lifetime payout limits specified in	10504
division (A)(5) of section 5166.521 of the Revised Code, the	10505
participant shall be transferred to a catastrophic health care	10506
plan established in rules authorized by section 5166.5210 of the	10507
Revised Code. A participant who exhausts the annual payout limit	10508
for a year may resume participation in the healthy Ohio program	10509
at the beginning of the immediately following year.	10510
Sec. 5166.528. (A) If a healthy Ohio program participant	10511
ceases to qualify for medicaid due to increased family countable	10512
income and purchases a health insurance policy or obtains health	10513
care coverage under an eligible employer-sponsored health plan,	10514
the amount remaining in the former participant's buckeye account	10515
shall be transferred to an account to be known as a bridge	10516
account. The amount so transferred may be used only to pay for	10517
the following:	10518
(1) If the former participant has purchased a health	10519
insurance policy, the former participant's costs in purchasing	10520
the policy and paying for the former participant's out-of-pocket	10521
expenses under the policy for health care services and	10522
prescription drugs covered by the policy;	10523
(2) If the former participant has obtained health care	10524
coverage under an eligible employer-sponsored health plan, the	

former participant's out-of-pocket expenses under the plan for	10526
health care services and prescription drugs covered by the plan.	10527
(B) Only the amount remaining in a former healthy Ohio	10528
program participant's buckeye account at the time the former	10529
participant ceased to participate in the healthy Ohio program	10530
shall be deposited into the bridge account. The bridge account	10531
shall be closed once the amount transferred to it under division	10532
(A) of this section is exhausted.	10533
(C) The medicaid director shall notify a former healthy	10534
Ohio program participant when a bridge account is established	10535
for the former participant under this section.	10536
(D) The medicaid director shall provide for a former	10537
healthy Ohio program participant to be able to use either of the	10538
following to access, for the purposes specified in division (A)	10539
of this section, the amount transferred to the former	10540
<pre>participant's bridge account:</pre>	10541
(1) To the extent possible, the former participant's	10542
healthy Ohio program debit card;	10543
(2) Another debit swipe card issued to the former	10544
participant.	10545
Sec. 5166.529. Each county department of job and family	10546
services shall offer to refer to a workforce development agency	10547
each healthy Ohio program participant who resides in the county	10548
served by the county department, is an adult, and is either	10549
unemployed or employed for less than an average of twenty hours	10550
per week. The referral shall include information about the	10551
workforce development activities available from the workforce	10552
development agency. A participant may refuse to accept the	10553
referral and to participate in the workforce development	10554

activities without any affect on the participant's eligibility	10555
for, or participation in, the healthy Ohio program.	10556
Sec. 5166.5210. The medicaid director shall adopt rules	10557
under section 5166.02 of the Revised Code to do all of the	10558
<pre>following:</pre>	10559
(A) For the purpose of division (F)(1)(a) of section	10560
5166.522 of the Revised Code, establish requirements regarding	10561
preventative health services for healthy Ohio program	10562
participants. The requirements may differ for participants of	10563
different ages and genders.	10564
(B) For the purpose of division (G)(2) of section 5166.522	10565
of the Revised Code, authorize additional uses of a buckeye	10566
account and establish the means for using the account for those	10567
purposes.	10568
(C) For the purpose of division (A)(3) of section 5166.523	10569
of the Revised Code, establish requirements for the use of a	10570
healthy Ohio program debit swipe card to pay for the costs of	10571
medically necessary health care services not covered by the	10572
health plan in which a healthy Ohio program participant enrolls.	10573
(D) For the purpose of division (C) of section 5166.524 of	10574
the Revised Code, establish a system under which the director	10575
may award points to healthy Ohio program participants who	10576
achieve health care goals. The rules shall specify the goals	10577
that qualify for points and the number of points each goal is	10578
worth. The number of points may vary for different goals.	10579
(E) For the purpose of section 5166.527 of the Revised	10580
Code, establish a catastrophic health care plan for healthy Ohio	10581
program participants who exhaust the annual or lifetime payout	10582
limit specified in division (A)(5) of section 5166.521 of the	10583

Revised Code.	10584
(F) For the purpose of section 5166.528 of the Revised	10585
Code, establish procedures and requirements for the transfer of	10586
the amounts remaining in former healthy Ohio program	10587
participants' buckeye accounts to bridge accounts.	10588
Sec. 5166.53. (A) As used in this section:	10589
"Disproportionate share hospital" has the same meaning as	10590
in section 5168.01 of the Revised Code.	10591
"Department of developmental disabilities-administered	10592
home and community-based services" means home and community-	10593
based services, as defined in section 5123.01 of the Revised	10594
Code.	10595
"Hospital care assurance program" means the program	10596
established under sections 5168.01 to 5168.14 of the Revised	10597
Code.	10598
"Veteran" means an individual who served in the active	10599
military, naval, or air service, as defined in 38 U.S.C.	10600
101(24), for at least ninety days and was honorably discharged	10601
from the service.	10602
"Veterans affairs medical facility" means any facility or	10603
part thereof that is under the jurisdiction of the United States	10604
secretary of veterans affairs for the provision of health care	10605
services.	10606
(B) For fiscal year 2018 and each fiscal year thereafter,	10607
the medicaid director shall determine the amount to be used for	10608
the purpose of division (C) of this section as follows:	10609
(1) Determine the total amount of the actual expenditures	10610
for the medicaid program for fiscal year 2016;	10611

(2) Adjust the amount determined under division (B)(1) of	10612
this section by the cumulative rate of core inflation,	10613
determined using the consumer price index for all items for all	10614
urban consumers, for the period beginning July 1, 2016, and	10615
ending the last day of the most recent month for which the rate	10616
of core inflation is known preceding the first month of the	10617
fiscal year for which the determination is being made;	10618
(3) From the adjusted amount determined under division (B)	10619
(2) of this section, subtract the total amount of expenditures	10620
(as estimated at the time the determination is made) for the	10621
medicaid program for the fiscal year immediately preceding the	10622
fiscal year for which the determination is being made.	10623
(C) Subject to section 5166.50 of the Revised Code, the	10624
director shall use the amount determined under division (B) of	10625
this section for a fiscal year and the amount in the medicaid	10626
donations fund created under section 5162.63 of the Revised Code	10627
to fund, to the extent possible, all of the following for that	10628
fiscal year:	10629
(1) Annual payments to each disproportionate share	10630
hospital in the amount of the difference between the following:	10631
(a) The amount the disproportionate share hospital would	10632
have received under the hospital care assurance program for the	10633
year if not for the amendments made to section 1923 of the	10634
"Social Security Act," 42 U.S.C. 1396r-4, by the "Patient	10635
Protection and Affordable Care Act" (Pub. L. No. 111-148) and	10636
the "Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010" (Pub.	10637
L. No. 111-152);	10638
(b) The amount the disproportionate share hospital is paid	10639
under the hospital care assurance program for that year.	10640

(2) Department of developmental disabilities-administered	10641
home and community-based services;	10642
(3) Community behavioral health services covered by the	10643
medicaid program;	10644
(4) The costs of having the medicaid program cover all of	10645
the following:	10646
(a) Veterans who do not otherwise qualify for medicaid and	10647
are either ineligible for medical benefits from the United	10648
States department of veterans affairs or reside more than one	10649
hundred miles away from a veterans affairs medical facility;	10650
(b) Individuals who are considered to have serious mental_	10651
illnesses under 42 C.F.R. 483.102(b) and do not otherwise_	10652
qualify for medicaid;	10653
(a) Individuals who would analify for modical if the	10654
(c) Individuals who would qualify for medicaid if the	10654
income eligibility threshold specified in section 5163.07 of the	10655
Revised Code were one hundred, rather than ninety, per cent of	10656
the federal poverty line;	10657
(d) Subject to division (D) of this section, individuals	10658
to whom all of the following apply:	10659
(i) They are under sixty-five years of age.	10660
(ii) They are not pregnant.	10661
(iii) They are not entitled to or enrolled for benefits	10662
under medicare part A.	10663
(iv) They are not enrolled for benefits under medicare	10664
part B.	10665
(v) They are not otherwise eligible for medicaid.	10666
(vi) They have family countable incomes equal to at least	10667

fifty but not more than one hundred per cent of the federal	10668
poverty line.	10669
(5) The costs of providing under the medicaid program_	10670
maintenance therapies for chronic conditions specified in rules	10671
adopted under section 5166.02 of the Revised Code to individuals	10672
to whom all of the following apply:	10673
co whom all of the following apply:	10075
(a) They have one or more of the chronic conditions	10674
specified in the rules.	10675
(b) They are not entitled to or enrolled for benefits	10676
under medicare part A.	10677
	10650
(c) They are not enrolled for benefits under medicare part	10678
<u>B.</u>	10679
(d) They are not otherwise eligible for medicaid.	10680
(D) If the medicaid director determines that the amount	10681
available for this section for a fiscal year is insufficient to	10682
pay the costs of having the medicaid program cover the	10683
individuals described in division (C)(4)(d) of this section, the	10684
director shall limit medicaid coverage of those individuals to	10685
the extent necessary. In limiting medicaid coverage, the	10686
director shall prioritize coverage as follows:	10687
(1) First priority shall be given to the individuals who	10688
have family countable incomes equal to at least ninety but not	10689
more than one hundred per cent of the federal poverty line.	10690
(2) Second priority shall be given to the individuals who	10691
have family countable incomes equal to at least eighty but less	10692
than ninety per cent of the federal poverty line.	10693
(3) Third priority shall be given to the individuals who	10694
have family countable incomes equal to at least seventy but less	10695

than eighty per cent of the federal poverty line.	10696
(4) Fourth priority shall be given to the individuals who	10697
have family countable incomes equal to at least sixty but less	10698
than seventy per cent of the federal poverty line.	10699
(5) Fifth priority shall be given to the individuals who	10700
have family countable incomes equal to at least fifty but less	10701
than sixty per cent of the federal poverty line.	10702
Sec. 5167.01. As used in this chapter:	10703
(A) "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as in	10704
section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	10705
(B) "CPI-U medical inflation rate" means the percentage	10706
increase in the prices for medical care as specified in the	10707
consumer price index for all urban consumers for the midwest	10708
region published by the United States bureau of labor	10709
statistics.	10710
(C) "DRG" means diagnosis-related group.	10711
(D) "Dual eligible individual" has the same meaning as in	10712
section 5160.01 of the Revised Code.	10713
(C) (E) "Emergency services" has the same meaning as in	10714
the "Social Security Act," section 1932(b)(2), 42 U.S.C. 1396u-	10715
2(b)(2).	10716
(D) (F) "Home and community-based services medicaid waiver	10717
component" has the same meaning as in section 5166.01 of the	10718
Revised Code.	10719
(E) (G) "ICF/IID" has the same meaning as in section	10720
5124.01 of the Revised Code.	10721
(H) "Medicaid managed care organization" means a managed	10722

care organization under contract with the department of medicaid	10723
pursuant to section 5167.10 of the Revised Code.	10724
(F) (I) "Medicaid waiver component" has the same meaning	10725
as in section 5166.01 of the Revised Code.	10726
(G) (J) "Noninstitutional provider" means any provider	10727
other than a hospital, nursing facility, or ICF/IID.	10728
(K) "Nursing facility" has the same meaning as in section	10729
5165.01 of the Revised Code.	10730
(H) (L) "Prescribed drug" has the same meaning as in	10731
section 5164.01 of the Revised Code.	10732
(I) (M) "Provider" means any person or government entity	10733
that furnishes services to a medicaid recipient enrolled in a	10734
medicaid managed care organization, regardless of whether the	10735
person or entity has a provider agreement.	10736
$\frac{(J)-(N)}{(N)}$ "Provider agreement" has the same meaning as in	10737
section 5164.01 of the Revised Code.	10738
Sec. 5167.03. (A) As part of the medicaid program, the	10739
department of medicaid shall establish a care management system.	10740
(B) The department shall implement the care management	10741
system in some or all counties and, subject to division (B)(4)	10742
of section 5166.52 of the Revised Code, shall designate the	10743
medicaid recipients who are required or permitted to participate	10744
in the system. In the department's implementation of the system	10745
and designation of participants, all of the following apply:	10746
(1) In the case of individuals who receive medicaid on the	10747
basis of being included in the category identified by the	10748
department as covered families and children, the department	10749
shall implement the care management system in all counties. All	10750

Except as provided in division (C) of this section, all	10751
individuals included in the category shall be designated for	10752
participation, except for individuals included in one or more of	10753
the medicaid recipient groups specified in 42 C.F.R. 438.50(d).	10754
The department shall ensure that all participants are enrolled	10755
in medicaid managed care organizations that are health insuring	10756
corporations.	10757
(2) In the case of individuals who receive medicaid on the	10758
basis of being aged, blind, or disabled, the department shall	10759
implement the care management system in all counties. Except as	10760
provided in division (C) of this section, all individuals	10761
included in the category shall be designated for participation.	10762
The department shall ensure that all participants are enrolled	10763
in medicaid managed care organizations that are health insuring	10764
corporations.	10765
(3) Alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services	10766
covered by medicaid shall not be included in any component of	10767
the care management system when the nonfederal share of the cost	10768
of those services is provided by a board of alcohol, drug	10769
addiction, and mental health services or a state agency other	10770
than the department of medicaid, but, subject to division (B)(4)	10771
of section 5166.52 of the Revised Code, the recipients of those	10772
services may otherwise be designated for participation in the	10773
system.	10774
(C)(1) In designating participants who receive medicaid on	10775
the basis of being included in the category identified by the	10776
department as covered families and children, the department	10777
shall do both of the following:	10778
(a) Exclude individuals included in one or more of the	10779

10780

medicaid recipient groups specified in 42 C.F.R. 438.50(d);

(b) If the healthy Ohio program is established under	10781
sections 5166.52 to 5166.5210 of the Revised Code, exclude	10782
individuals who are required to participate in the healthy Ohio	10783
program.	10784
(2) In designating participants who receive medicaid on	10785
the basis of being aged, blind, or disabled, the department	10786
shall not include any of the following, except as provided under	10787
division (C) $\frac{(2)}{(3)}$ of this section:	10788
(a) Individuals who are under twenty-one years of age;	10789
(b) Individuals who are institutionalized;	10790
(c) Individuals who become eligible for medicaid by	10791
spending down their income or resources to a level that meets	10792
the medicaid program's financial eligibility requirements;	10793
(d) Dual eligible individuals;	10794
(e) Individuals to the extent that they are receiving	10795
medicaid services through a medicaid waiver component.	10796
(2) (3) The department may designate any of the following	10797
individuals who receive medicaid on the basis of being aged,	10798
blind, or disabled as individuals who are permitted or required	10799
to participate in the care management system:	10800
(a) Individuals who are under twenty-one years of age;	10801
(b) Individuals who reside in a nursing facility;	10802
(c) Individuals who, as an alternative to receiving	10803
nursing facility services, are participating in a home and	10804
community-based services medicaid waiver component;	10805
(d) Dual eligible individuals.	10806
(D) Subject to division (B) of this section, the	10807

(1) Require or permit participants in the system to obtain health care services from providers designated by the 10811 department; 10812 (2) Require or permit participants in the system to obtain health care services through medicaid managed care 10814 organizations. 10815 Sec. 5167.04. The department of medicaid shall ensure that each individual designated for participation in the care management system pursuant to division (B)(1) or (2) of section 5167.03 of the Revised Code is enrolled in a medicaid managed care organization that is either of the following: (A) A health insuring corporation; (B) Subject to section 5166.50 of the Revised Code, a regional network consisting of hospitals that accepts a capitated payment from the department that is not more than 10824 ninety per cent of the lowest capitated payment made to a 10825 medicaid managed care organization that is a health insuring corporation. 10827 Sec. 5167.10. (A) The department of medicaid may enter into contracts with managed care organizations, including health 10826 corporation. 10827 sec. 5167.10. (A) The department of medicaid may enter into contracts with managed care organizations, including health 10829 thousing corporations, under which the organizations are authorized to provide, or arrange for the provision of, health 10831 care services to medicaid recipients who are required or 10832 permitted to obtain health care services through managed care 10833 organizations as part of the care management system established 10834 under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code. The managed care	department may do both of the following under the care	10808
health care services from providers designated by the (2) Require or permit participants in the system to obtain health care services through medicaid managed care (2) Require or permit participants in the system to obtain health care services through medicaid managed care (3) Medit organizations. (3) Sec. 5167.04. The department of medicaid shall ensure that each individual designated for participation in the care management system pursuant to division (B)(1) or (2) of section 5167.03 of the Revised Code is enrolled in a medicaid managed care organization that is either of the following: (A) A health insuring corporation; (B) Subject to section 5166.50 of the Revised Code, a regional network consisting of hospitals that accepts a capitated payment from the department that is not more than ninety per cent of the lowest capitated payment made to a ninety per cent of the lowest capitated payment made to a medicaid managed care organization that is a health insuring corporation. Sec. 5167.10. (A) The department of medicaid may enter into contracts with managed care organizations, including health insuring corporations, under which the organizations are authorized to provide, or arrange for the provision of, health care services to medicaid recipients who are required or permitted to obtain health care services through managed care 10833 organizations as part of the care management system established under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code. The managed care 10835	management system:	10809
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health care services through medicaid managed care 10815 Sec. 5167.04. The department of medicaid shall ensure that each individual designated for participation in the care management system pursuant to division (B)(1) or (2) of section 5167.03 of the Revised Code is enrolled in a medicaid managed care organization that is either of the following: (A) A health insuring corporation; (B) Subject to section 5166.50 of the Revised Code, a regional network consisting of hospitals that accepts a capitated payment from the department that is not more than ninety per cent of the lowest capitated payment made to a medicaid managed care organization that is a health insuring corporation. Sec. 5167.10. (A) The department of medicaid may enter into contracts with managed care organizations, including health insuring corporations, under which the organizations are into contracts with managed care organizations of, health care services to medicaid recipients who are required or permitted to obtain health care services through managed care 10833 organizations as part of the Revised Code. The managed care 10835	department;	10812
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Sec. 5167.04. The department of medicaid shall ensure that each individual designated for participation in the care management system pursuant to division (B)(1) or (2) of section 10818 5167.03 of the Revised Code is enrolled in a medicaid managed care organization that is either of the following: (A) A health insuring corporation; (B) Subject to section 5166.50 of the Revised Code, a 10822 regional network consisting of hospitals that accepts a capitated payment from the department that is not more than inety per cent of the lowest capitated payment made to a medicaid managed care organization that is a health insuring corporation. Sec. 5167.10. (A) The department of medicaid may enter insuring corporations, under which the organizations are authorized to provide, or arrange for the provision of, health care services to medicaid recipients who are required or permitted to obtain health care services through managed care 10834 under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code. The managed care 10835	health care services through medicaid managed care	10814
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management system pursuant to division (B)(1) or (2) of section 5167.03 of the Revised Code is enrolled in a medicaid managed 10819 care organization that is either of the following: (A) A health insuring corporation; (B) Subject to section 5166.50 of the Revised Code, a 10822 regional network consisting of hospitals that accepts a 10823 capitated payment from the department that is not more than 10824 ninety per cent of the lowest capitated payment made to a 10825 medicaid managed care organization that is a health insuring 10826 corporation. 10827 Sec. 5167.10. (A) The department of medicaid may enter 10828 into contracts with managed care organizations, including health 10829 insuring corporations, under which the organizations are 10830 authorized to provide, or arrange for the provision of, health 10831 care services to medicaid recipients who are required or 10832 permitted to obtain health care services through managed care 10833 organizations as part of the care management system established 10834 under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code. The managed care 10835	Sec. 5167.04. The department of medicaid shall ensure that	10816
5167.03 of the Revised Code is enrolled in a medicaid managed Care organization that is either of the following: (A) A health insuring corporation; (B) Subject to section 5166.50 of the Revised Code, a regional network consisting of hospitals that accepts a capitated payment from the department that is not more than 10824 ninety per cent of the lowest capitated payment made to a medicaid managed care organization that is a health insuring 10826 corporation. Sec. 5167.10. (A) The department of medicaid may enter 10828 into contracts with managed care organizations, including health 10829 insuring corporations, under which the organizations are 10830 authorized to provide, or arrange for the provision of, health 10831 care services to medicaid recipients who are required or 10832 permitted to obtain health care services through managed care 10833 organizations as part of the care management system established 10834 under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code. The managed care	each individual designated for participation in the care	10817
(A) A health insuring corporation; (B) Subject to section 5166.50 of the Revised Code, a 10822 regional network consisting of hospitals that accepts a 10823 capitated payment from the department that is not more than 10824 ninety per cent of the lowest capitated payment made to a 10825 medicaid managed care organization that is a health insuring 10826 corporation. Sec. 5167.10. (A) The department of medicaid may enter 10828 into contracts with managed care organizations, including health 10829 insuring corporations, under which the organizations are 10830 authorized to provide, or arrange for the provision of, health 10831 care services to medicaid recipients who are required or 10832 permitted to obtain health care services through managed care 10833 organizations as part of the care management system established 10834 under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code. The managed care 10835	management system pursuant to division (B)(1) or (2) of section	10818
(A) A health insuring corporation; (B) Subject to section 5166.50 of the Revised Code, a regional network consisting of hospitals that accepts a capitated payment from the department that is not more than ninety per cent of the lowest capitated payment made to a ninety per cent of the lowest capitated payment made to a medicaid managed care organization that is a health insuring corporation. Sec. 5167.10. (A) The department of medicaid may enter into contracts with managed care organizations, including health insuring corporations, under which the organizations are insuring corporation, or arrange for the provision of, health care services to medicaid recipients who are required or permitted to obtain health care services through managed care 10833 organizations as part of the care management system established under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code. The managed care	5167.03 of the Revised Code is enrolled in a medicaid managed	10819
(B) Subject to section 5166.50 of the Revised Code, a 10822 regional network consisting of hospitals that accepts a 10823 capitated payment from the department that is not more than 10824 ninety per cent of the lowest capitated payment made to a 10825 medicaid managed care organization that is a health insuring 10826 corporation. 10827 Sec. 5167.10. (A) The department of medicaid may enter 10828 into contracts with managed care organizations, including health 10829 insuring corporations, under which the organizations are 10830 authorized to provide, or arrange for the provision of, health 10831 care services to medicaid recipients who are required or 10832 permitted to obtain health care services through managed care 10833 organizations as part of the care management system established 10834 under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code. The managed care 10835	care organization that is either of the following:	10820
regional network consisting of hospitals that accepts a 10823 capitated payment from the department that is not more than 10824 ninety per cent of the lowest capitated payment made to a 10825 medicaid managed care organization that is a health insuring 10826 corporation. 10827 Sec. 5167.10. (A) The department of medicaid may enter 10828 into contracts with managed care organizations, including health 10829 insuring corporations, under which the organizations are 10830 authorized to provide, or arrange for the provision of, health 10831 care services to medicaid recipients who are required or 10832 permitted to obtain health care services through managed care 10833 organizations as part of the care management system established 10834 under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code. The managed care 10835	(A) A health insuring corporation;	10821
capitated payment from the department that is not more than 10824 ninety per cent of the lowest capitated payment made to a medicaid managed care organization that is a health insuring corporation. 10826 Sec. 5167.10. (A) The department of medicaid may enter into contracts with managed care organizations, including health insuring corporations, under which the organizations are authorized to provide, or arrange for the provision of, health care services to medicaid recipients who are required or permitted to obtain health care services through managed care organizations as part of the care management system established 10836 10837 10838 10839 10839	(B) Subject to section 5166.50 of the Revised Code, a	10822
ninety per cent of the lowest capitated payment made to a medicaid managed care organization that is a health insuring corporation. Sec. 5167.10. (A) The department of medicaid may enter into contracts with managed care organizations, including health insuring corporations, under which the organizations are authorized to provide, or arrange for the provision of, health care services to medicaid recipients who are required or permitted to obtain health care services through managed care organizations as part of the care management system established under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code. The managed care 10835	regional network consisting of hospitals that accepts a	10823
medicaid managed care organization that is a health insuring corporation. Sec. 5167.10. (A) The department of medicaid may enter into contracts with managed care organizations, including health insuring corporations, under which the organizations are authorized to provide, or arrange for the provision of, health care services to medicaid recipients who are required or permitted to obtain health care services through managed care organizations as part of the care management system established under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code. The managed care 10835	capitated payment from the department that is not more than	10824
Sec. 5167.10. (A) The department of medicaid may enter into contracts with managed care organizations, including health insuring corporations, under which the organizations are authorized to provide, or arrange for the provision of, health care services to medicaid recipients who are required or permitted to obtain health care services through managed care organizations as part of the care management system established under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code. The managed care 10835	ninety per cent of the lowest capitated payment made to a	10825
Sec. 5167.10. (A) The department of medicaid may enter into contracts with managed care organizations, including health insuring corporations, under which the organizations are authorized to provide, or arrange for the provision of, health care services to medicaid recipients who are required or permitted to obtain health care services through managed care organizations as part of the care management system established under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code. The managed care 10835	medicaid managed care organization that is a health insuring	10826
into contracts with managed care organizations, including health insuring corporations, under which the organizations are authorized to provide, or arrange for the provision of, health care services to medicaid recipients who are required or permitted to obtain health care services through managed care organizations as part of the care management system established under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code. The managed care 10835	corporation.	10827
insuring corporations, under which the organizations are 10830 authorized to provide, or arrange for the provision of, health 10831 care services to medicaid recipients who are required or 10832 permitted to obtain health care services through managed care 10833 organizations as part of the care management system established 10834 under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code. The managed care 10835	Sec. 5167.10. (A) The department of medicaid may enter	10828
authorized to provide, or arrange for the provision of, health 10831 care services to medicaid recipients who are required or 10832 permitted to obtain health care services through managed care 10833 organizations as part of the care management system established 10834 under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code. The managed care 10835	into contracts with managed care organizations, including health-	10829
care services to medicaid recipients who are required or 10832 permitted to obtain health care services through managed care 10833 organizations as part of the care management system established 10834 under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code. The managed care 10835	insuring corporations, under which the organizations are	10830
permitted to obtain health care services through managed care 10833 organizations as part of the care management system established 10834 under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code. The managed care 10835	authorized to provide, or arrange for the provision of, health	10831
organizations as part of the care management system established under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code. The managed care 10835	care services to medicaid recipients who are required or	10832
under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code. <u>The managed care</u> 10835	permitted to obtain health care services through managed care	10833
	organizations as part of the care management system established	10834
organizations with which the department may enter into contract 10836	under section 5167.03 of the Revised Code. The managed care	10835
	organizations with which the department may enter into contract	10836

include health insuring corporations and, pursuant to division	10837
(B) of section 5167.04 of the Revised Code, regional networks	10838
consisting of hospitals.	10839
(B)(1) Subject to division (B)(2)(a) of this section, the	10840
department or its actuary shall base the hospital inpatient	10841
capital payment portion of the payment made to managed care	10842
organizations on data for services provided to all recipients	10843
enrolled in managed care organizations with which the department	10844
contracts, as reported by hospitals on relevant cost reports	10845
submitted pursuant to rules adopted under section 5167.02 of the	10846
Revised Code.	10847
(2)(a) The hospital inpatient capital payment portion of	10848
the payment made to medicaid managed care organizations shall	10849
not exceed any maximum rate established by the department	10850
pursuant to rules adopted under this section.	10851
(b) If a maximum rate is established, a medicaid managed	10852
care organization shall not compensate hospitals for inpatient	10853
capital costs in an amount that exceeds that rate.	10854
(C) The department of medicaid shall allow a medicaid	10855
managed care organization to use providers to render care upon	10856
completion of the medicaid managed care organization's	10857
credentialing process.	10858
Sec. 5167.16. (A) As used in this section:	10859
(1) "Applicable percentage" means the following:	10860
(a) For the first year that incentive payments are made	10861
under this section, two per cent;	10862
(b) For the second year that the incentive payments are	10863
<pre>made, four per cent;</pre>	10864

(c) For the third and subsequent years that the incentive	10865
payments are made, six per cent.	10866
(2) "Base operating DRG payment amount" has the meaning	10867
specified in rules authorized by this section.	10868
(3) "Medicare hospital value-based purchasing program"	10869
means the program that the United States secretary of health and	10870
human services must establish under section 1886(o) of the	10871
"Social Security Act," 42 U.S.C. 1395ww(o).	10872
(4) "Participating hospital" means a hospital under	10873
contract with a medicaid managed care organization to provide	10874
inpatient hospital services to medicaid recipients enrolled in	10875
the medicaid managed care organization.	10876
(B) Subject to section 5166.50 of the Revised Code, each	10877
contract the department of medicaid enters into with a managed	10878
care organization under section 5167.10 of the Revised Code	10879
shall require the organization to implement a hospital value-	10880
based purchasing program that, except as otherwise provided by	10881
this section, is identical to the medicare hospital value-based	10882
purchasing program. Under the program, a medicaid managed care	10883
organization shall make incentive payments to participating	10884
hospitals based only on the participating hospitals' successes	10885
in meeting the clinical process of care measures used for the	10886
medicare hospital value-based purchasing program. The total	10887
amount that a medicaid managed care organization shall make	10888
available for the incentive payments for a year shall be equal	10889
to the total amount of the savings achieved for that year due to	10890
the reduced hospital payments the organization makes under	10891
division (C) of this section.	10892
(C) Subject to section 5166.50 of the Revised Code, each	10893

medicaid managed care organization shall reduce each	10894
participating hospital's base operating DRG payment amount for	10895
each discharge in a year by an amount equal to the applicable	10896
percentage of the participating hospital's base operating DRG	10897
payment amount for the discharge for that year. The reduction	10898
shall be made for all participating hospitals each year	10899
regardless of whether a participating hospital has earned an	10900
incentive payment under this section for that year.	10901
(D) The medicaid director shall adopt rules under section	10902
5167.02 of the Revised Code as necessary to implement this	10903
section, including rules that define the term "base operating	10904
DRG payment amount."	10905
Sec. 5167.30. (A) $\frac{(1)}{(1)}$ The department of medicaid shall	10906
establish a managed care performance payment program. Under the	10907
program, the department-may shall provide payments to medicaid	10908
managed care organizations that meet performance standards	10909
established by the department.	10910
(2) (B) In establishing performance standards, the	10911
department may consult any of the following:	10912
$\frac{(a)}{(1)}$ Any quality measurements developed under the	10913
pediatric quality measures program established pursuant to	10914
section 1139A of the "Social Security Act," section 1139A, 42	10915
U.S.C. 1320b-9a;	10916
$\frac{(b)-(2)}{(2)}$ Any core set of adult health quality measures for	10917
medicaid eligible adults used for purposes of section 1139A of	10918
the "Social Security Act," section 1139A, 42 U.S.C. 1320b-9b,	10919
and any adult health quality used for purposes of the medicaid	10920
quality measurement program when the program is established	10921
under that section of the "Social Security Act";	10922

$\frac{(c)-(3)}{(3)}$ The most recent healthcare effectiveness data and	10923
information set and quality measurement tool established by the	10924
national committee for quality assurance.	10925
$\frac{(3)}{(B)}$ The standards that must be met to receive the	10926
payments may be specified in the contract the department enters	10927
into with a medicaid managed care organization under section	10928
5167.10 of the Revised Code.	10929
(4) (C) If a medicaid managed care organization meets the	10930
performance standards established by the department, the	10931
department shall make one or more performance payments to the	10932
organization.—The	10933
organización. The	10333
(D) The amount of each performance payment, the number of	10934
payments, and the schedule for making the payments shall be	10935
established by the department. The <u>department shall establish</u>	10936
the amount of each performance payment in an equitable manner	10937
that results in the total amount withheld from all medicaid	10938
managed care organizations' premium payments for a fiscal year	10939
pursuant to division (E) of this section being spent on the	10940
performance payments for that fiscal year.	10941
The performance payments to a medicaid managed care	10942
organization shall be discontinued if the department determines	10943
that the organization no longer meets the performance standards.	10944
The department shall not make or discontinue performance	10945
payments based on any performance standard that has been in	10946
effect as part of the a medicaid managed care organization's	10947
contract for less than six months.	10948
$\frac{(B)(E)(1)}{E}$ For purposes of the program, the department	10949
shall-establish an amount that is to be withheld withhold the	10950
following amount of each time a premium payment is made the	10951

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<pre>department makes to a medicaid managed care organization during</pre>	10952
a fiscal year:	10953
(a) For fiscal year 2016, two per cent of the payment;	10954
(b) For fiscal year 2017, four per cent of the payment;	10955
(c) For fiscal year 2018 and each fiscal year thereafter,	10956
six per cent of the payment. The amount shall be established as	10957
a percentage of each premium payment. The percentage shall be	10958
the same for all medicaid managed care organizations. The sum of	10959
all withholdings under this division shall not exceed two per	10960
cent of the total of all premium payments made to all medicaid	10961
managed care organizations.	10962
(2) Each medicaid managed care organization shall agree to	10963
the withholding as a condition of receiving or maintaining its	10964
provider agreement with the department.	10965
When the amount is established and each time the amount is	10966
<pre>modified thereafter, the(3) The department shall certify the</pre>	10967
amount to the director of budget and management—and begin—	10968
withholding the amount from each premium the department pays to	10969
a medicaid managed care organization the total amount of the	10970
withholdings made under division (E)(1) of this section for each	10971
fiscal year.	10972
Sec. 5167.32. (A) As used in this section, " specified	10973
states" means the following states: Illinois, Indiana, Michigan,	10974
Ohio, Pennsylvania, and West Virginia.	10975
(B) This section is subject to section 5166.50 of the	10976
Revised Code.	10977
(C) The department of medicaid shall determine both of the	10978
following before the beginning of each fiscal year:	10979

(1) The average of the per recipient capitated payment	10980
rate for each medicaid managed care organization for the three	10981
fiscal years immediately preceding the fiscal year for which the	10982
<pre>determination is made;</pre>	10983
(2) The average per recipient cost to the medicaid	10984
programs in the specified states for the eligibility groups that	10985
are designated for participation in the care management system	10986
pursuant to division (B)(1) or (2) of section 5167.03 of the	10987
Revised Code for the three fiscal years immediately preceding	10988
the fiscal year for which the determination is made.	10989
(D) If the three-year average determined under division	10990
(C) (1) of this section for a medicaid managed care organization	10991
for a fiscal year is less than the three-year average determined	10992
under division (C)(2) of this section for that fiscal year, the	10993
department shall pay the organization a shared savings bonus.	10994
The amount of the bonus shall be equal to the amount that is	10995
twenty per cent of the difference between the three-year average	10996
determined under division (C)(1) of this section for the	10997
medicaid managed care organization for that fiscal year and the	10998
three-year average determined under division (C)(2) of this	10999
section for that fiscal year.	11000
(E) If the three-year average determined under division	11001
(C)(1) of this section for a medicaid managed care organization	11002
for a fiscal year is more than the three-year average determined	11003
under division (C)(2) of this section for that fiscal year, the	11004
department shall terminate the organization's contract with the	11005
department and enter into a contract with another managed care	11006
organization under section 5167.10 of the Revised Code.	11007
Sec. 5167.33. Subject to section 5166.50 of the Revised	11008
Code the department of medicaid shall nonalize a medicaid	11000

managed care organization if the organization pays a rate for a	11010
hospital outpatient service provided to a medicaid recipient	11011
enrolled in the organization that is more than ten per cent	11012
higher than the rate it pays for the same service when provided	11013
by a noninstitutional provider.	11014
Section 2. That existing sections 1751.67, 2117.06,	11015
2125.01, 2125.02, 2305.11, 2305.113, 2305.15, 2305.23, 2305.231,	11016
2305.234, 2305.25, 2307.24, 2307.26, 2315.21, 2315.32, 2317.02,	11017
2323.41, 2323.42, 2323.421, 2323.43, 2323.45, 2323.55, 2711.21,	11018
2711.22, 2711.23, 2711.24, 2743.02, 2743.43, 2919.171, 3923.63,	11019
3923.64, 3929.302, 3929.62, 3929.67, 3931.01, 3937.25, 3937.28,	11020
3937.29, 3955.05, 4715.30, 4723.28, 4723.341, 4725.19, 4729.16,	11021
4730.25, 4730.32, 4731.22, 4731.224, 4731.281, 4734.31, 4734.32,	11022
4755.47, 4765.11, 5164.01, 5164.07, 5165.15, 5165.23, 5166.01,	11023
5167.01, 5167.03, 5167.10, and 5167.30 and section 4731.143 of	11024
the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	11025
Section 3. Thirty days after the effective date of this	11026
act, or as soon as possible thereafter, the Director of Budget	11027
and Management shall transfer cash from the GRF to the	11028
Nonstandard Multiple Employer Welfare Arrangement Reinsurance	11029
Fund and the Nonstandard Multiple Employer Welfare Arrangement	11030
Guarantee Fund in an amount determined by the Superintendent of	11031
Insurance sufficient to fund the reinsurance and guarantee	11032
portions of the Nonstandard Multiple Employer Welfare	11033
Arrangement Program, as prescribed in sections 1739.32 and	11034
1739.33 of the Revised Code.	11035
Section 4. That sections 1739.30, 1739.31, 1739.32, and	11036
1739.33 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	11037
Section 5. Section 4 of this act shall take effect five	11038
years after the effective date of this act.	11039

Section 6. Five years after the effective date of this	11040
act, or as soon as possible thereafter, the Director of Budget	11041
and Management shall transfer all cash credited to the	11042
Nonstandard Multiple Employer Welfare Arrangement Reinsurance	11043
Fund and the Nonstandard Multiple Employer Welfare Arrangement	11044
Guarantee Fund to the GRF. Upon completion of the transfers, the	11045
funds are abolished.	11046
Section 7. The amendments to sections 1751.67, 2117.06,	11047
2125.01, 2125.02, 2305.11, 2305.113, 2305.15, 2305.23, 2305.231,	11048
2305.234, 2305.25, 2307.24, 2307.26, 2315.21, 2315.32, 2317.02,	11049
2323.41, 2323.42, 2323.421, 2323.43, 2323.45, 2323.55, 2711.21,	11050
2711.22, 2743.02, 2743.43, 3923.63, 3923.64, 3929.302, 3929.62,	11051
3929.67, 3931.01, 3937.25, 3937.29, 3955.05, and 5164.07 of the	11052
Revised Code by this act shall take effect one year after the	11053
effective date of this act.	11054
The amendments to sections 2919.171, 4715.30, 4723.28,	11055
4723.341, 4725.19, 4729.16, 4730.25, 4730.32, 4731.22, 4731.224,	11056
4731.281, 4734.31, 4734.32, 4755.47, and 4765.11 of the Revised	11057
Code and the enactment of sections 4746.04, 4746.05, and 4746.06	11058
of the Revised Code by this act shall take effect two years	11059
after the effective date of this act.	11060
Section 8. Sections 5165.15, 5165.23, and 5165.24 of the	11061
Revised Code, as amended or enacted by this act, take effect on	11062
the later of the following:	11063
(A) July 1, 2015;	11064
(B) The earliest time permitted by law.	11065
Section 9. (A) As used in this section, "chiropractic	11066
claim," "dental claim," "medical claim," "optometric claim," and	11067
"derivative claim" have the same meanings as in section 3965.01	11068

of the Revised Code, as enacted by this act.

(B) Notwithstanding sections 3965.30, 3965.31, 3965.32, 11070 3965.33, 3965.50, and 3965.51 of the Revised Code, as enacted by 11071 this act, no claim shall be filed with the Medical Injury 11072 Compensation Center for a period beginning on the effective date 11073 of this act and ending one year after the effective date of this 11074 act. Any chiropractic claim, dental claim, medical claim, 11075 optometric claim, or derivative claim that accrues prior to one 11076 year after the effective date of this act may be brought in a 11077 court of competent jurisdiction in accordance with the 11078 applicable laws as those laws existed immediately prior to the 11079 effective date of this act. 11080

11069

(C) Notwithstanding sections 1751.67, 2117.06, 2125.01, 11081 2125.02, 2305.11, 2305.113, 2305.15, 2305.23, 2305.231, 11082 2305.234, 2305.25, 2307.24, 2307.26, 2315.21, 2315.32, 2317.02, 11083 2323.41, 2323.42, 2323.421, 2323.43, 2323.45, 2323.55, 2711.21, 11084 2711.22, 2743.02, 2743.43, 2919.171, 3923.63, 3923.64, 3929.302, 11085 3929.62, 3929.67, 3931.01, 3937.25, 3937.29, 3955.05, and 11086 5164.07 of the Revised Code, as amended by this act, and 11087 sections 3965.30, 3965.31, 3965.32, 3965.33, 3965.50, and 11088 3965.51 of the Revised Code, as enacted by this act, if a 11089 chiropractic claim, dental claim, medical claim, optometric 11090 claim, or derivative claim accrues during the time period 11091 beginning one year after the effective date of this act and 11092 ending the date that is two years after the effective date of 11093 this act, a claimant may elect to file a claim with the Medical 11094 Injury Compensation Center or may elect to bring a cause of 11095 action in a court of competent jurisdiction in accordance with 11096 the applicable laws as those laws existed immediately prior to 11097 the effective date of this act. A claimant may not file with 11098 both a court and the Center. 11099

(D) A chiropractic claim, dental claim, medical claim,	11100
optometric claim, or derivative claim that accrues more than two	11101
years after the effective date of this act shall be filed in	11102
accordance with sections 3965.30, 3965.31, 3965.32, 3965.33,	11103
3965.50, and 3965.51 of the Revised Code, as enacted by this	11104
act.	11105
Section 10. (A) As used in this section:	11106
(1) "Addiction services" has the same meaning as in	11107
section 5119.01 of the Revised Code.	11108
(2) "Child care" has the same meaning as in section	11109
5104.01 of the Revised Code.	11110
(3) "Ex-offender reentry services" means the services	11111
available under reentry programs identified in the reports that	11112
the Ex-Offender Reentry Coalition is required by section 5120.07	11113
of the Revised Code to prepare.	11114
(4) "Housing services" means services or activities	11115
designed to assist individuals or families in locating,	11116
obtaining, or retaining suitable housing.	11117
(5) "Medicaid managed care organization" has the same	11118
meaning as in section 5167.01 of the Revised Code.	11119
(6) "Mental health services" has the same meaning as in	11120
section 5119.01 of the Revised Code.	11121
(7) "Provider agreement" has the same meaning as in	11122
section 5164.01 of the Revised Code.	11123
(8) "Publicly funded child care" has the same meaning as	11124
in section 5104.01 of the Revised Code.	11125
(9) "Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program" means the	11126

program administered by the Director of Job and Family Services	11127
pursuant to section 5101.54 of the Revised Code.	11128
(10) "WIC program" has the same meaning as in section	11129
3701.132 of the Revised Code.	11130
(11) "Workforce development activity" has the same meaning	11131
as in section 6301.01 of the Revised Code.	11132
(B) The Department of Medicaid shall establish, and	11133
operate for two years, a pilot program under which one or more	11134
Medicaid managed care organizations help coordinate all of the	11135
following services that Medicaid recipients enrolled in the	11136
organizations receive:	11137
(1) The health care services that the Medicaid managed	11138
care organizations, pursuant to their provider agreements,	11139
provide to, or arrange for, the recipients;	11140
(2) Addiction services;	11141
(3) Mental health services;	11142
(4) Support services for children, including child care	11143
and publicly funded child care;	11144
(5) Services made available under Chapters 5123. and 5126.	11145
of the Revised Code for individuals with mental retardation and	11146
other developmental disabilities;	11147
(6) Services made available under Chapter 173. of the	11148
Revised Code for individuals sixty years of age or older;	11149
(7) Housing services;	11150
(8) Workforce development activities;	11151
(9) Food assistance, including the Supplemental Nutrition	11152
Assistance Program and the WIC program;	11153

(10) Ex-offender reentry services.	11154
(C) All of the following shall assist the Department of	11155
Medicaid in establishing the pilot program:	11156
(1) The Department of Aging;	11157
(2) The Department of Developmental Disabilities;	11158
(3) The Development Services Agency;	11159
(4) The Department of Health;	11160
(5) The Department of Job and Family Services;	11161
(6) The Department of Mental Health and Addiction	11162
Services;	11163
(7) The Department of Rehabilitation and Correction.	11164
(D) The Department of Medicaid shall select the Medicaid	11165
managed care organizations that are to participate in the pilot	11166
program through a request for proposals process.	11167
(E) The Department shall provide for a Medicaid managed	11168
care organization participating in the pilot program to receive	11169
a bonus payment if the organization succeeds in coordinating the	11170
services specified in division (B) of this section in an	11171
efficient and effective manner that prevents the Medicaid	11172
program and other programs from incurring costs that would have	11173
been incurred if not for the coordination.	11174
(F) A service specified in division (B) of this section is	11175
to be coordinated with the other services specified in that	11176
division for a Medicaid recipient only to the extent, if any,	11177
that the recipient is eligible for and receiving the service.	11178
This section shall not be construed as making an individual	11179
eligible for a service that the individual is not otherwise	11180

eligible to receive.	11181
(G) All persons and state and local government entities	11182
overseeing or operating a program offering any of the services	11183
specified in division (B) of this section, or providing the	11184
services, shall cooperate with the Medicaid managed care	11185
organizations participating in the pilot program for the purpose	11186
of coordinating the services.	11187
(H) Not later than ninety days after the pilot program	11188
ends, the Department of Medicaid shall complete a report	11189
regarding the pilot program. The report shall specify the pilot	11190
program's successes and problems and include the Department's	11191
recommendations for resolving the problems. The Department shall	11192
submit copies of the report to the Governor and, in accordance	11193
with section 101.68 of the Revised Code, the General Assembly.	11194
Section 11. The General Assembly, applying the principle	11195
stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that	11196
amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of	11197
simultaneous operation, finds that the following sections,	11198
presented in this act as composites of the sections as amended	11199
by the acts indicated, are the resulting versions of the	11200
sections in effect prior to the effective date of the sections	11201
as presented in this act:	11202
Section 109.572 of the Revised Code as amended by both Am.	11203
Sub. H.B. 483 and Am. Sub. S.B. 143 of the 130th General	11204
Assembly.	11205
Section 4715.30 of the Revised Code as amended by Sub.	11206
H.B. 314, Am. Sub. H.B. 341, and Am. Sub. H.B. 483, all of the	11207
130th General Assembly.	11208
Section 4723.28 of the Revised Code as amended by both Am.	11209

Sub. H.B. 341 and Am Sub. H.B. 483 of the 130th General	11210
Assembly.	11211
Section 4725.19 of the Revised Code as amended by both Am.	11212
Sub. H.B. 341 and Am Sub. H.B. 483 of the 130th General	11213
Assembly.	11214
Section 4730.25 of the Revised Code as amended by both Am.	11215
Sub. H.B. 341 and Am Sub. H.B. 483 of the 130th General	11216
Assembly.	11217
Section 4731.22 of the Revised Code as amended by both Am.	11218
Sub. H.B. 341 and Am Sub. H.B. 483 of the 130th General	11219
Assembly.	11220
Appenintly.	11220