As Reported by the House Judiciary Committee

131st General Assembly

Regular Session 2015-2016

Sub. H. B. No. 185

Representative Koehler

Cosponsors: Representatives Grossman, Becker, Amstutz, Buchy, Rezabek

A BILL

То	amend sections 2909.03 and 2909.11 of the	1
	Revised Code to eliminate lack of the property	2
	owner's consent as an element of arson when the	3
	property is an unoccupied structure and to make	4
	the consent of the owner of an unoccupied	5
	structure an affirmative defense.	6

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2909.03 and 2909.11 of the	7
Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	8
Sec. 2909.03. (A) No person, by means of fire or	9
explosion, shall knowingly do any of the following:	10
(1) Cause, or create a substantial risk of, physical harm	11
to any property of another without the other person's consent;	12
(2) Cause, or create a substantial risk of, physical harm	13
to any property of the offender or another, with purpose to	14
defraud;	15
(3) Cause, or create a substantial risk of, physical harm	16
to the statehouse or a courthouse, school building, or other	17

(3) Cause, or create a substantial risk of, physical harm

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to any unoccupied structure that is in or on any park, preserve,	47	
wildlands, brush-covered land, cut-over land, forest,	48	
timberland, greenlands, woods, or similar real property that is	49	
owned or controlled by another person, the state, or a political	50	
subdivision.	51	
(C)(1) It is an affirmative defense to a charge under	52	
division (B)(1) or (2) of this section that the defendant acted		
with the consent of the other person.	54	
(2) It is an affirmative defense to a charge under	55	
division (B)(3) of this section that the defendant acted with	56	
the consent of the other person, the state, or the political	57	
subdivision.	58	
$\underline{\text{(D)}}$ (1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of arson.	59	
(2) A violation of division (A)(1) or (B)(1) of this	60	
section is one of the following:	61	
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division $\frac{B}{D}(D)$ (2) (b)	62	
of this section, a misdemeanor of the first degree;	63	
(b) If the value of the property or the amount of the	64	
physical harm involved is one thousand dollars or more, a felony	65	
of the fourth degree.	66	
(3) A violation of division (A)(2), (3), (5), or (6) or	67	
(B)(3) of this section is a felony of the fourth degree.	68	
(4) A violation of division (A)(4) or (B)(2) of this	69	
section is a felony of the third degree.	70	
Sec. 2909.11. (A) When a person is charged with a	71	
violation of division (A)(1) or (B)(1) of section 2909.03 of the	72	
Revised Code involving property value or an amount of physical	73	
harm of one thousand dollars or more or with a violation of	74	

section 2909.05 of the Revised Code involving property value or			
an amount of physical harm of one thousand dollars or more, the			
jury or court trying the accused shall determine the value of			
the property or amount of physical harm and, if a guilty verdict			
is returned, shall return the finding as part of the verdict. In			
any such case, it is unnecessary to find or return the exact			
value or amount of physical harm, section 2945.75 of the Revised			
Code applies, and it is sufficient if either of the following			
applies, as appropriate, relative to the finding and return of			
the value or amount of physical harm:			

- (1) If the finding and return relate to a violation of division (A)(1) or (B)(1) of section 2909.03 of the Revised Code and are that the value or amount of the physical harm was one thousand dollars or more, the finding and return shall include a statement that the value or amount was one thousand dollars or more.
- (2) If the finding and return relate to a violation of section 2909.05 of the Revised Code and are that the value or amount of the physical harm was in any of the following categories, the finding and return shall include one of the following statements, as appropriate:
- (a) If the finding and return are that the value or amount was one hundred fifty thousand dollars or more, a statement that the value or amount was one hundred fifty thousand dollars or more;
- (b) If the finding and return are that the value or amount was seven thousand five hundred dollars or more but less than one hundred fifty thousand dollars a statement that the value or amount was seven thousand five hundred dollars or more but less than one hundred fifty thousand dollars;

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(c) If the finding and return are that the value or amount 105 was one thousand dollars or more but less than seven thousand 106 five hundred dollars, a statement that the value or amount was 107 one thousand dollars or more but less than seven thousand five 108 hundred dollars. 109 (B) The following criteria shall be used in determining 110 the value of property or amount of physical harm involved in a 111 violation of division (A)(1) or (B)(1) of section 2909.03 or 112 section 2909.05 of the Revised Code: 113 (1) If the property is an heirloom, memento, collector's 114 item, antique, museum piece, manuscript, document, record, or 115 other thing that is either irreplaceable or is replaceable only 116 on the expenditure of substantial time, effort, or money, the 117 value of the property or the amount of physical harm involved is 118 the amount that would compensate the owner for its loss. 119 (2) If the property is not covered under division (B)(1) 120 of this section and the physical harm is such that the property 121 can be restored substantially to its former condition, the 122 amount of physical harm involved is the reasonable cost of 123 restoring the property. 124 (3) If the property is not covered under division (B)(1) 125 of this section and the physical harm is such that the property 126 cannot be restored substantially to its former condition, the 127 value of the property, in the case of personal property, is the 128 cost of replacing the property with new property of like kind 129 and quality, and, in the case of real property or real property 130 fixtures, is the difference in the fair market value of the 131 property immediately before and immediately after the offense. 132

(C) As used in this section, "fair market value" has the

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