#### As Introduced

# 131st General Assembly Regular Session 2015-2016

S. B. No. 183

### **Senators LaRose, Thomas**

## A BILL

Го	amend sections 9.07, 109.78, 2921.51, 2925.01,	1
	3743.06, 3743.19, 4749.01, 4749.02, 4749.021,	2
	4749.031, 4749.05, 4749.06, 4749.07, 4749.08,	3
	4749.09, 4749.10, 4749.11, 4749.13, 4749.99, and	4
	5502.011; to amend, for the purpose of adopting	5
	a new section number as indicated in	6
	parentheses, section 4749.031 (4749.035); to	7
	enact new sections 4749.03, 4749.031, 4749.04,	8
	and 4749.12 and sections 4749.032, 4749.033,	9
	4749.034, 4749.041, 4749.061, 4749.062,	10
	4749.063, and 4749.151; and to repeal sections	11
	4749.03, 4749.04, and 4749.12 of the Revised	12
	Code to amend the requirements related to the	13
	licensing and registration of private	14
	investigators and security officers.	15

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 9.07,	109.78, 2921.51, 2925.01,	16
3743.06, 3743.19, 4749.01, 4749.02,	4749.021, 4749.031, 4749.05,	17
4749.06, 4749.07, 4749.08, 4749.09,	4749.10, 4749.11, 4749.13,	18
4749.99, and 5502.011 be amended; se	ection 4749.031 (4749.035) be	19
amended for the purpose of adopting	a new section number as	20

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shown in parentheses; and new sections 4749.03, 4749.031,	21
4749.04, and 4749.12 and sections 4749.032, 4749.033, 4749.034,	22
4749.041, 4749.061, 4749.062, 4749.063, and 4749.151 of the	23
Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	24
Sec. 9.07. (A) As used in this section:	25
(1) "Deadly weapon" has the same meaning as in section	26
2923.11 of the Revised Code.	27
(2) "Governing authority of a local public entity" means	28
whichever of the following is applicable:	29
(a) For a county, the board of county commissioners of the	30
county;	31
(b) For a municipal corporation, the legislative authority	32
of the municipal corporation;	33
(c) For a combination of counties, a combination of	34
municipal corporations, or a combination of one or more counties	35
and one or more municipal corporations, all boards of county	36
commissioners and legislative authorities of all of the counties	37
and municipal corporations that combined to form a local public	38
entity for purposes of this section.	39
(3) "Local public entity" means a county, a municipal	40
corporation, a combination of counties, a combination of	41
municipal corporations, or a combination of one or more counties	42
and one or more municipal corporations.	43
(4) "Non-contracting political subdivision" means any	44
political subdivision to which all of the following apply:	45
(a) A correctional facility for the housing of out-of-	46
state prisoners in this state is or will be located in the	47
political subdivision.	48

(b) The correctional facility described in division (A)(4)	49
(a) of this section is being operated and managed, or will be	50
operated and managed, by a local public entity or a private	51
contractor pursuant to a contract entered into prior to March	52
17, 1998, or a contract entered into on or after March 17, 1998,	53
under this section.	54
(c) The political subdivision is not a party to the	55
contract described in division (A)(4)(b) of this section for the	56
management and operation of the correctional facility.	57
(5) <u>"Out-of-state jurisdiction"</u> means the United States,	58
any state other than this state, and any political subdivision	59
or other jurisdiction located in a state other than this state.	60
(6) <u>"</u> Out-of-state prisoner <u>"</u> means a person who is	61
convicted of a crime in another state or under the laws of the	62
United States or who is found under the laws of another state or	63
of the United States to be a delinquent child or the	64
substantially equivalent designation.	65
(7) "Private contractor" means either of the following:	66
(a) A person who, on or after March 17, 1998, enters into	67
a contract under this section with a local public entity to	68
operate and manage a correctional facility in this state for	69
out-of-state prisoners.	70
(b) A person who, pursuant to a contract with a local	71
public entity entered into prior to March 17, 1998, operates and	72
manages on March 17, 1998, a correctional facility in this state	73
for housing out-of-state prisoners.	74
(B) Subject to division (I) of this section, the only	75
entities other than this state that are authorized to operate a	76
correctional facility to house out-of-state prisoners in this	77
collectional ractife, co mouse out of scale prisoners in chis	, ,

state are a local public entity that operates a correctional	78
facility pursuant to this section or a private contractor that	79
operates a correctional facility pursuant to this section under	80
a contract with a local public entity.	81

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Subject to division (I) of this section, a private entity may operate a correctional facility in this state for the housing of out-of-state prisoners only if the private entity is a private contractor that enters into a contract that comports with division (D) of this section with a local public entity for the management and operation of the correctional facility.

- (C)(1) Except as provided in this division, on and after March 17, 1998, a local public entity shall not enter into a contract with an out-of-state jurisdiction to house out-of-state prisoners in a correctional facility in this state. On and after March 17, 1998, a local public entity may enter into a contract with an out-of-state jurisdiction to house out-of-state prisoners in a correctional facility in this state only if the local public entity and the out-of-state jurisdiction with which the local public entity intends to contract jointly submit to the department of rehabilitation and correction a statement that certifies the correctional facility's intended use, intended prisoner population, and custody level, and the department reviews and comments upon the plans for the design or renovation of the correctional facility regarding their suitability for the intended prisoner population specified in the submitted statement.
- (2) If a local public entity and an out-of-state 104 jurisdiction enter into a contract to house out-of-state 105 prisoners in a correctional facility in this state as authorized 106 under division (C)(1) of this section, in addition to any other 107

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provisions it contains, the contract shall include whichever of	108
the following provisions is applicable:	109
(a) If a private contractor will operate the facility in	110
question pursuant to a contract entered into in accordance with	111
division (D) of this section, a requirement that, if the	112
facility is closed or ceases to operate for any reason and if	113
the conversion plan described in division (D) (16) of this	114
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section is not complied with, the out-of-state jurisdiction will	115
be responsible for housing and transporting the prisoners who	116
are in the facility at the time it is closed or ceases to	117
operate and for the cost of so housing and transporting those	118
prisoners;	119
(b) If a private contractor will not operate the facility	120
in question pursuant to a contract entered into in accordance	121
with division (D) of this section, a conversion plan that will	122
be followed if, for any reason, the facility is closed or ceases	123
to operate. The conversion plan shall include, but is not	124
limited to, provisions that specify whether the local public	125
entity or the out-of-state jurisdiction will be responsible for	126
housing and transporting the prisoners who are in the facility	127
at the time it is closed or ceases to operate and for the cost	128
of so housing and transporting those prisoners.	129
(3) If a local public entity and an out-of-state	130
jurisdiction intend to enter into a contract to house out-of-	131
state prisoners in a correctional facility in this state as	132
authorized under division (C)(1) of this section, or if a local	133
public entity and a private contractor intend to enter into a	134
contract pursuant to division (D) of this section for the	135
private contractor's management and operation of a correctional	136
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facility in this state to house out-of-state prisoners, prior to

entering into the contract the local public entity and the out-	138
of-state jurisdiction, or the local public entity and the	139
private contractor, whichever is applicable, shall conduct a	140
public hearing in accordance with this division, and, prior to	141
entering into the contract, the governing authority of the local	142
public entity in which the facility is or will be located shall	143
authorize the location and operation of the facility. The	144
hearing shall be conducted at a location within the municipal	145
corporation or township in which the facility is or will be	146
located. At least one week prior to conducting the hearing, the	147
local public entity and the out-of-state jurisdiction or private	148
contractor with the duty to conduct the hearing shall cause	149
notice of the date, time, and place of the hearing to be made by	150
publication in the newspaper with the largest general	151
circulation in the county in which the municipal corporation or	152
township is located. The notice shall be of a sufficient size	153
that it covers at least one-quarter of a page of the newspaper	154
in which it is published. This division applies to a private	155
contractor that, pursuant to the requirement set forth in	156
division (I) of this section, is required to enter into a	157
contract under division (D) of this section.	158
(D) Subject to division (I) of this section, on and after	159

- (D) Subject to division (I) of this section, on and after 159

  March 17, 1998, if a local public entity enters into a contract 160

  with a private contractor for the management and operation of a 161

  correctional facility in this state to house out-of-state 162

  prisoners, the contract, at a minimum, shall include all of the 163

  following provisions: 164
- (1) A requirement that the private contractor seek and

  obtain accreditation from the American correctional association

  for the correctional facility within two years after accepting

  the first out-of-state prisoner at the correctional facility

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under the contract and that it maintain that accreditation for	169
the term of the contract;	170
(2) A requirement that the private contractor comply with	171
all applicable laws, rules, or regulations of the government of	172
this state, political subdivisions of this state, and the United	173
States, including, but not limited to, all sanitation, food	174
service, safety, and health regulations;	175
(3) A requirement that the private contractor send copies	176
of reports of inspections completed by appropriate authorities	177
regarding compliance with laws, rules, and regulations of the	178
type described in division (D)(2) of this section to the	179
director of rehabilitation and correction or the director's	180
designee and to the governing authority of the local public	181
entity in which the correctional facility is located;	182
(4) A requirement that the private contractor report to	183
the local law enforcement agencies with jurisdiction over the	184
place at which the correctional facility is located, for	185
investigation, all criminal offenses or delinquent acts that are	186
committed in or on the grounds of, or otherwise in connection	187
with, the correctional facility and report to the department of	188
rehabilitation and correction all disturbances at the facility;	189
(5) A requirement that the private contractor immediately	190
report all escapes from the facility, and the apprehension of	191
all escapees, by telephone and in writing to the department of	192
rehabilitation and correction, to all local law enforcement	193
agencies with jurisdiction over the place at which the facility	194
is located, to the state highway patrol, to the prosecuting	195
attorney of the county in which the facility is located, and to	196
a daily newspaper having general circulation in the county in	197

which the facility is located. The written notice may be by

either facsimile transmission or mail. A failure to comply with	199
this requirement is a violation of section 2921.22 of the	200
Revised Code.	201
(6) A requirement that the private contractor provide a	202
written report to the director of rehabilitation and correction	203
or the director's designee and to the governing authority of the	204
local public entity in which the correctional facility is	205
located of all unusual incidents occurring at the correctional	206
facility. The private contractor shall report the incidents in	207
accordance with the incident reporting rules that, at the time	208
of the incident, are applicable to state correctional facilities	209
for similar incidents occurring at state correctional	210
facilities.	211
(7) A requirement that the private contractor provide	212
internal and perimeter security to protect the public, staff	213
members of the correctional facility, and prisoners in the	214
correctional facility;	215
(8) A requirement that the correctional facility be	216
staffed at all times with a staffing pattern that is adequate to	217
ensure supervision of inmates and maintenance of security within	218
the correctional facility and to provide for appropriate	219
programs, transportation, security, and other operational needs.	220
In determining security needs for the correctional facility, the	221
private contractor and the contract requirements shall fully	222
take into account all relevant factors, including, but not	223
limited to, the proximity of the facility to neighborhoods and	224
schools.	225
(9) A requirement that the private contractor provide an	226
adequate policy of insurance that satisfies the requirements set	227
forth in division (D) of section 9.06 of the Revised Code	228

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regarding contractors who operate and manage a facility under	229
that section, and that the private contractor indemnify and hold	230
harmless the state, its officers, agents, and employees, and any	231
local public entity in the state with jurisdiction over the	232
place at which the correctional facility is located or that owns	233
the correctional facility, reimburse the state for its costs in	234
defending the state or any of its officers, agents, or	235
employees, and reimburse any local government entity of that	236
nature for its costs in defending the local government entity,	237
in the manner described in division (D) of that section	238
regarding contractors who operate and manage a facility under	239
that section;	240
(10) A requirement that the private contractor adopt for	241
prisoners housed in the correctional facility the security	242
classification system and schedule adopted by the department of	243
rehabilitation and correction under section 5145.03 of the	244
Revised Code, classify in accordance with the system and	245
schedule each prisoner housed in the facility, and house all	246
prisoners in the facility in accordance with their	247
classification under this division;	248
(11) A requirement that the private contractor will not	249
accept for housing, and will not house, in the correctional	250
facility any out-of-state prisoner in relation to whom any of	251
the following applies:	252
(a) The private entity has not obtained from the out-of-	253
state jurisdiction that imposed the sentence or sanction under	254
which the prisoner will be confined in this state a copy of the	255
institutional record of the prisoner while previously confined	256
in that out-of-state jurisdiction or a statement that the	257

prisoner previously has not been confined in that out-of-state

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jurisdiction and a copy of all medical records pertaining to	259
that prisoner that are in the possession of the out-of-state	260
jurisdiction.	261
(b) The prisoner, while confined in any out-of-state	262
jurisdiction, has a record of institutional violence involving	263
the use of a deadly weapon or a pattern of committing acts of an	264
assaultive nature against employees of, or visitors to, the	265
place of confinement or has a record of escape or attempted	266
escape from secure custody.	267
(c) Under the security classification system and schedule	268
adopted by the department of rehabilitation and correction under	269
section 5145.03 of the Revised Code and adopted by the private	270
contractor under division (B)(10) of this section, the out-of-	271
state prisoner would be classified as being at a security level	272
higher than medium security.	273
(12) A requirement that the private contractor, prior to	274
housing any out-of-state prisoner in the correctional facility	275
under the contract, enter into a written agreement with the	276
department of rehabilitation and correction that sets forth a	277
plan and procedure that will be used to coordinate law	278
enforcement activities of state law enforcement agencies and of	279
local law enforcement agencies with jurisdiction over the place	280
at which the facility is located in response to any riot,	281
rebellion, escape, insurrection, or other emergency occurring	282
inside or outside the facility;	283
(13) A requirement that the private contractor cooperate	284
with the correctional institution inspection committee in the	285
committee's performance of its duties under section 103.73 of	286
the Revised Code and provide the committee, its subcommittees,	287

and its staff members, in performing those duties, with access

to the correctional facility as described in that section;	289
(14) A requirement that the private contractor permit any	290
peace officer who serves a law enforcement agency with	291
jurisdiction over the place at which the correctional facility	292
is located to enter into the facility to investigate any	293
criminal offense or delinquent act that allegedly has been	294
committed in or on the grounds of, or otherwise in connection	295
with, the facility;	296
(15) A requirement that the private contractor will not	297
employ any person at the correctional facility until after the	298
private contractor has submitted to the bureau of criminal	299
identification and investigation, on a form prescribed by the	300
superintendent of the bureau, a request that the bureau conduct	301
a criminal records check of the person and a requirement that	302
the private contractor will not employ any person at the	303
facility if the records check or other information possessed by	304
the contractor indicates that the person previously has engaged	305
in malfeasance;	306
(16) A requirement that the private contractor will not	307
accept for housing, and will not house, in the correctional	308
facility any out-of-state prisoner unless the private contractor	309
and the out-of-state jurisdiction that imposed the sentence for	310
which the prisoner is to be confined agree that, if the out-of-	311
state prisoner is confined in the facility in this state,	312
commits a criminal offense while confined in the facility, is	313
convicted of or pleads guilty to that offense, and is sentenced	314
to a term of confinement for that offense but is not sentenced	315
to death for that offense, the private contractor and the out-	316
of-state jurisdiction will do all of the following:	317

(a) Unless section 5120.50 of the Revised Code does not

apply in relation to the offense the prisoner committed while	319
confined in this state and the term of confinement imposed for	320
that offense, the out-of-state jurisdiction will accept the	321
prisoner pursuant to that section for service of that term of	322
confinement and for any period of time remaining under the	323
sentence for which the prisoner was confined in the facility in	324
this state, the out-of-state jurisdiction will confine the	325
prisoner pursuant to that section for that term and that	326
remaining period of time, and the private contractor will	327
transport the prisoner to the out-of-state jurisdiction for	328
service of that term and that remaining period of time.	329
(b) If section 5120.50 of the Revised Code does not apply	330
in relation to the offense the prisoner committed while confined	331
in this state and the term of confinement imposed for that	332
offense, the prisoner shall be returned to the out-of-state	333
jurisdiction or its private contractor for completion of the	334
period of time remaining under the out-of-state sentence for	335
which the prisoner was confined in the facility in this state	336
before starting service of the term of confinement imposed for	337
the offense committed while confined in this state, the out-of-	338
state jurisdiction or its private contractor will confine the	339
prisoner for that remaining period of time and will transport	340
the prisoner outside of this state for service of that remaining	341
period of time, and, if the prisoner is confined in this state	342
in a facility operated by the department of rehabilitation and	343
correction, the private contractor will be financially	344
responsible for reimbursing the department at the per diem cost	345
of confinement for the duration of that incarceration, with the	346
amount of the reimbursement so paid to be deposited in the	347
department's prisoner programs fund.	348

(17) A requirement that the private contractor, prior to

housing any out-of-state prisoner in the correctional facility	350
under the contract, enter into an agreement with the local	351
public entity that sets forth a conversion plan that will be	352
followed if, for any reason, the facility is closed or ceases to	353
operate. The conversion plan shall include, but is not limited	354
to, provisions that specify whether the private contractor, the	355
local public entity, or the out-of-state jurisdictions that	356
imposed the sentences for which the out-of-state prisoners are	357
confined in the facility will be responsible for housing and	358
transporting the prisoners who are in the facility at the time	359
it is closed or ceases to operate and for the cost of so housing	360
and transporting those prisoners.	361
(18) A schedule of fines that the local public entity	362
shall impose upon the private contractor if the private	363
contractor fails to perform its contractual duties, and a	364
requirement that, if the private contractor fails to perform its	365
contractual duties, the local public entity shall impose a fine	366
on the private contractor from the schedule of fines and, in	367
addition to the fine, may exercise any other rights it has under	368
the contract. Division (F)(2) of this section applies regarding	369
a fine described in this division.	370
(19) A requirement that the private contractor adopt and	371
use in the correctional facility the drug testing and treatment	372
program that the department of rehabilitation and correction	373
uses for inmates in state correctional institutions;	374
(20) A requirement that the private contractor provide	375
clothing for all out-of-state prisoners housed in the	376
correctional facility that is conspicuous in its color, style,	377

or color and style, that conspicuously identifies its wearer as

a prisoner, and that is readily distinguishable from clothing of

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a nature that normally is worn outside the facility by non-	380
prisoners, that the private contractor require all out-of-state	381
prisoners housed in the facility to wear the clothing so	382
provided, and that the private contractor not permit any out-of-	383
state prisoner, while inside or on the premises of the facility	384
or while being transported to or from the facility, to wear any	385
clothing of a nature that does not conspicuously identify its	386
wearer as a prisoner and that normally is worn outside the	387
facility by non-prisoners;	388
(21) A requirement that, at the time the contract is made,	389
the private contractor provide to all parties to the contract	390
adequate proof that it has complied with the requirement	391
described in division (D)(9) of this section, and a requirement	392
that, at any time during the term of the contract, the private	393
contractor upon request provide to any party to the contract	394
adequate proof that it continues to be in compliance with the	395
requirement described in division (D)(9) of this section.	396
(E) A private correctional officer or other designated	397
employee of a private contractor that operates a correctional	398
facility that houses out-of-state prisoners in this state under	399
a contract entered into prior to, on, or after March 17, 1998,	400
may carry and use firearms in the course of the officer's or	401
employee's employment only if the officer or employee is	402
certified as having satisfactorily completed an approved	403
training program designed to qualify persons for positions as	404
special police officers, security <u>guards</u> officers, or persons	405
otherwise privately employed in a police capacity, as described	406
in division (A) of section 109.78 of the Revised Code.	407
(F)(1) Upon notification by the private contractor of an	408

escape from, or of a disturbance at, a correctional facility

that is operated by a private contractor under a contract	410
entered into prior to, on, or after March 17, 1998, and that	411
houses out-of-state prisoners in this state, the department of	412
rehabilitation and correction and state and local law	413
enforcement agencies shall use all reasonable means to recapture	414
persons who escaped from the facility or quell any disturbance	415
at the facility, in accordance with the plan and procedure	416
included in the written agreement entered into under division	417
(D)(12) of this section in relation to contracts entered into on	418
or after March 17, 1998, and in accordance with their normal	419
procedures in relation to contracts entered into prior to March	420
17, 1998. Any cost incurred by this state or a political	421
subdivision of this state relating to the apprehension of a	422
person who escaped from the facility, to the quelling of a	423
disturbance at the facility, or to the investigation or	424
prosecution as described in division (G)(2) of this section of	425
any offense relating to the escape or disturbance shall be	426
chargeable to and borne by the private contractor. The	427
contractor also shall reimburse the state or its political	428
subdivisions for all reasonable costs incurred relating to the	429
temporary detention of a person who escaped from the facility,	430
following the person's recapture.	431

(2) If a private contractor that, on or after March 17, 432 1998, enters into a contract under this section with a local 433 public entity for the operation of a correctional facility that 434 houses out-of-state prisoners fails to perform its contractual 435 duties, the local public entity shall impose upon the private 436 contractor a fine from the schedule of fines included in the 437 contract and may exercise any other rights it has under the 438 contract. A fine imposed under this division shall be paid to 439 the local public entity that enters into the contract, and the 440

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local public entity shall deposit the money so paid into its	441
treasury to the credit of the fund used to pay for community	442
policing. If a fine is imposed under this division, the local	443
public entity may reduce the payment owed to the private	444
contractor pursuant to any invoice in the amount of the fine.	445
(3) If a private contractor, on or after March 17, 1998,	446
enters into a contract under this section with a local public	447
entity for the operation of a correctional facility that houses	448
out-of-state prisoners in this state, the private contractor	449
shall comply with the insurance, indemnification, hold harmless,	450
and cost reimbursement provisions described in division (D)(9)	451
of this section.	452
(G)(1) Any act or omission that would be a criminal	453
offense or a delinquent act if committed at a state correctional	454
institution or at a jail, workhouse, prison, or other	455
correctional facility operated by this state or by any political	456
subdivision or group of political subdivisions of this state	457
shall be a criminal offense or delinquent act if committed by or	458
with regard to any out-of-state prisoner who is housed at any	459
correctional facility operated by a private contractor in this	460
state pursuant to a contract entered into prior to, on, or after	461
March 17, 1998.	462
(2) If any political subdivision of this state experiences	463
any cost in the investigation or prosecution of an offense	464
committed by an out-of-state prisoner housed in a correctional	465
facility operated by a private contractor in this state pursuant	466
to a contract entered into prior to, on, or after March 17,	467
1998, the private contractor shall reimburse the political	468
subdivision for the costs so experienced.	469

(3) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this division, the

state, and any officer or employee, as defined in section 109.36	471
of the Revised Code, of the state is not liable in damages in a	472
civil action for any injury, death, or loss to person or	473
property that allegedly arises from, or is related to, the	474
establishment, management, or operation of a correctional	475
facility to house out-of-state prisoners in this state pursuant	476
to a contract between a local public entity and an out-of-state	477
jurisdiction, a local public entity and a private contractor, or	478
a private contractor and an out-of-state jurisdiction that was	479
entered into prior to March 17, 1998, or that is entered into on	480
or after March 17, 1998, in accordance with its provisions. The	481
immunity provided in this division does not apply regarding an	482
act or omission of an officer or employee, as defined in section	483
109.36 of the Revised Code, of the state that is manifestly	484
outside the scope of the officer's or employee's official	485
responsibilities or regarding an act or omission of the state,	486
or of an officer or employee, as so defined, of the state that	487
is undertaken with malicious purpose, in bad faith, or in a	488
wanton or reckless manner.	489

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this division, a non-490 contracting political subdivision, and any employee, as defined 491 in section 2744.01 of the Revised Code, of a non-contracting 492 political subdivision is not liable in damages in a civil action 493 for any injury, death, or loss to person or property that 494 allegedly arises from, or is related to, the establishment, 495 management, or operation of a correctional facility to house 496 out-of-state prisoners in this state pursuant to a contract 497 between a local public entity other than the non-contracting 498 political subdivision and an out-of-state jurisdiction, a local 499 public entity other than the non-contracting political 500 subdivision and a private contractor, or a private contractor 501

and an out-of-state jurisdiction that was entered into prior to	502
March 17, 1998, or that is entered into on or after March 17,	503
1998, in accordance with its provisions. The immunity provided	504
in this division does not apply regarding an act or omission of	505
an employee, as defined in section 2744.01 of the Revised Code,	506
of a non-contracting political subdivision that is manifestly	507
outside the scope of the employee's employment or official	508
responsibilities or regarding an act or omission of a non-	509
contracting political subdivision or an employee, as so defined,	510
of a non-contracting political subdivision that is undertaken	511
with malicious purpose, in bad faith, or in a wanton or reckless	512
manner.	513
(c) Divisions (G)(3)(a) and (b) of this section do not	514
affect any immunity or defense that the state and its officers	515
and employees or a non-contracting political subdivision and its	516
employees may be entitled to under another section of the	517
Revised Code or the common law of this state, including, but not	518
limited to, section 9.86 or Chapter 2744. of the Revised Code.	519
(H)(1) Upon the completion of an out-of-state prisoner's	520
term of detention at a correctional facility operated by a	521
private contractor in this state pursuant to a contract entered	522
into prior to, on, or after March 17, 1998, the operator of the	523
correctional facility shall transport the prisoner to the out-	524
of-state jurisdiction that imposed the sentence for which the	525
prisoner was confined before it releases the prisoner from its	526
custody.	527
(2) No private contractor that operates and manages a	528
correctional facility housing out-of-state prisoners in this	529
state pursuant to a contract entered into prior to, on, or after	530

March 17, 1998, shall fail to comply with division (H)(1) of 531

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this section.	532
(3) Whoever violates division (H)(2) of this section is	533
guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.	534
(I) Except as otherwise provided in this division, the	535
provisions of divisions (A) to (H) of this section apply in	536
relation to any correctional facility operated by a private	537
contractor in this state to house out-of-state prisoners,	538
regardless of whether the facility is operated pursuant to a	539
contract entered into prior to, on, or after March 17, 1998.	540
Division (C)(1) of this section shall not apply in relation to	541
any correctional facility for housing out-of-state prisoners in	542
this state that is operated by a private contractor under a	543
contract entered into with a local public entity prior to March	544
17, 1998. If a private contractor operates a correctional	545
facility in this state for the housing of out-of-state prisoners	546
under a contract entered into with a local public entity prior	547
to March 17, 1998, no later than thirty days after the effective	548
date of this amendment, the private contractor shall enter into	549
a contract with the local public entity that comports to the	550
requirements and criteria of division (D) of this section.	551
Sec. 109.78. (A) The executive director of the Ohio peace	552
officer training commission, on behalf of the commission and in	553
accordance with rules promulgated by the attorney general, shall	554
certify persons who have satisfactorily completed approved	555
training programs designed to qualify persons for positions as	556
special police, security <u>guards</u> officers, or persons otherwise	557
privately employed in a police capacity and issue appropriate	558
certificates to such persons. Application for approval of a	559
training program designed to qualify persons for such positions	560

shall be made to the commission. An application for approval

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shall be submitted to the commission with a fee of one hundred	562
twenty-five dollars, which fee shall be refunded if the	563
application is denied. Such programs shall cover only duties and	564
jurisdiction of such security guards officers and special police	565
privately employed in a police capacity when such officers do	566
not qualify for training under section 109.71 of the Revised	567
Code. A person attending an approved basic training program	568
administered by the state shall pay to the agency administering	569
the program the cost of the person's participation in the	570
program as determined by the agency. A person attending an	571
approved basic training program administered by a county or	572
municipal corporation shall pay the cost of the person's	573
participation in the program, as determined by the administering	574
subdivision, to the county or the municipal corporation. A	575
person who is issued a certificate for satisfactory completion	576
of an approved basic training program shall pay to the	577
commission a fee of fifteen dollars. A duplicate of a lost,	578
spoliated, or destroyed certificate may be issued upon	579
application and payment of a fee of fifteen dollars. Such	580
certificate or the completion of twenty years of active duty as	581
a peace officer shall satisfy the educational requirements for	582
appointment or commission as a special police officer or special	583
deputy of a political subdivision of this state.	584

(B) (1) The executive director of the Ohio peace officer 585 training commission, on behalf of the commission and in 586 accordance with rules promulgated by the attorney general, shall 587 certify basic firearms training programs, and shall issue 588 certificates to class A, B, or C licensees or prospective class 589 A, B, or C licensees under Chapter 4749. of the Revised Code and 590 to registered or prospective employees of such class A, B, or C 591 licensees who have satisfactorily completed a basic firearms 592

training program of the type described in division (A)(1) of	593
section 4749.10 of the Revised Code.	594
Application for approval of a basic firearms training	595
program shall be made to the commission. An application shall be	596
submitted to the commission with a fee of one hundred dollars,	597
which fee shall be refunded if the application is denied.	598
A person who is issued a certificate for satisfactory	599
completion of an approved basic firearms training program shall	600
pay a fee of ten dollars to the commission. A duplicate of a	601
lost, spoliated, or destroyed certificate may be issued upon	602
application and payment of a fee of five dollars.	603
(2) The executive director, on behalf of the commission	604
and in accordance with rules promulgated by the attorney	605
general, also shall certify firearms requalification training	606
programs and instructors for the annual requalification of class	607
A, B, or C licensees under Chapter 4749. of the Revised Code and	608
registered or prospective employees of such class A, B, or C	609
licensees who are authorized to carry a firearm under section	610
4749.10 of the Revised Code. Application for approval of a	611
training program or instructor for such purpose shall be made to	612
the commission. Such an application shall be submitted to the	613
commission with a fee of fifty dollars, which fee shall be	614
refunded if the application is denied.	615
(3) The executive director, upon request, also shall	616
review firearms training received within three years prior to	617
November 23, 1985, by any class A, B, or C licensee or	618
prospective class A, B, or C licensee, or by any registered or	619
prospective employee of any class A, B, or C licensee under	620
Chapter 4749. of the Revised Code to determine if the training	621

received is equivalent to a basic firearms training program that

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includes twenty hours of handgun training and five hours of	623
training in the use of other firearms, if any other firearm is	624
to be used. If the executive director determines the training	625
was received within the three-year period and that it is	626
equivalent to such a program, the executive director shall issue	627
written evidence of approval of the equivalency training to the	628
licensee or employee.	629
(C) There is hereby established in the state treasury the	630
peace officer private security fund, which shall be used by the	631
Ohio peace officer training commission to administer the	632
training program to qualify persons for positions as special	633
police, security <u>guards</u> officers, or other private employment in	634
a police capacity, as described in division (A) of this section,	635
and the training program in basic firearms and the training	636
program for firearms requalification, both as described in	637
division (B) of this section. All fees paid to the commission by	638
applicants for approval of a training program designed to	639
qualify persons for such private police positions, basic	640
firearms training program, or a firearms requalification	641
training program or instructor, as required by division (A) or	642
(B) of this section, by persons who satisfactorily complete a	643
private police training program or a basic firearms training	644
program, as required by division (A) or (B) of this section, or	645
by persons who satisfactorily requalify in firearms use, as	646
required by division (B)(2) of section 4749.10 of the Revised	647
Code, shall be transmitted to the treasurer of state for deposit	648
in the fund. The fund shall be used only for the purpose set	649
forth in this division.	650
(D) No public or private educational institution or	651
superintendent of the state highway patrol shall employ a person	652

as a special police officer, security guard officer, or other

position in which such person goes armed while on duty, who has	654
not received a certificate of having satisfactorily completed an	655
approved basic peace officer training program, unless the person	656
has completed twenty years of active duty as a peace officer.	657
Sec. 2921.51. (A) As used in this section:	658
(1) "Peace officer" means a sheriff, deputy sheriff,	659
marshal, deputy marshal, member of the organized police	660
department of a municipal corporation, or township constable,	661
who is employed by a political subdivision of this state; a	662
member of a police force employed by a metropolitan housing	663
authority under division (D) of section 3735.31 of the Revised	664
Code; a member of a police force employed by a regional transit	665
authority under division (Y) of section 306.35 of the Revised	666
Code; a state university law enforcement officer appointed under	667
section 3345.04 of the Revised Code; a veterans' home police	668
officer appointed under section 5907.02 of the Revised Code; a	669
special police officer employed by a port authority under	670
section 4582.04 or 4582.28 of the Revised Code; an officer,	671
agent, or employee of the state or any of its agencies,	672
instrumentalities, or political subdivisions, upon whom, by	673
statute, a duty to conserve the peace or to enforce all or	674
certain laws is imposed and the authority to arrest violators is	675
conferred, within limits of that statutory duty and authority;	676
or a state highway patrol trooper whose primary duties are to	677
preserve the peace, to protect life and property, and to enforce	678
the laws, ordinances, or rules of the state or any of its	679
political subdivisions.	680
(2) "Private police officer" means any security guard	681

officer, special police officer, private detective, or other

person who is privately employed in a police capacity.

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(3) "Federal law enforcement officer" means an employee of	684
the United States who serves in a position the duties of which	685
are primarily the investigation, apprehension, or detention of	686
individuals suspected or convicted of offenses under the	687
criminal laws of the United States.	688
(4) "Impersonate" means to act the part of, assume the	689
identity of, wear the uniform or any part of the uniform of, or	690
display the identification of a particular person or of a member	691
of a class of persons with purpose to make another person	692
believe that the actor is that particular person or is a member	693
of that class of persons.	694
(5) "Investigator of the bureau of criminal identification	695
and investigation" has the same meaning as in section 2903.11 of	696
the Revised Code.	697
(B) No person shall impersonate a peace officer, private	698
police officer, federal law enforcement officer, or investigator	699
of the bureau of criminal identification and investigation.	700
(C) No person, by impersonating a peace officer, private	701
police officer, federal law enforcement officer, or investigator	702
of the bureau of criminal identification and investigation,	703
shall arrest or detain any person, search any person, or search	704
the property of any person.	705
(D) No person, with purpose to commit or facilitate the	706
commission of an offense, shall impersonate a peace officer,	707
private police officer, federal law enforcement officer,	708
officer, agent, or employee of the state, or investigator of the	709
bureau of criminal identification and investigation.	710
(E) No person shall commit a felony while impersonating a	711

peace officer, private police officer, federal law enforcement

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officer, officer, agent, or employee of the state, or	713
investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and	714
investigation.	715
(F) It is an affirmative defense to a charge under	716
division (B) of this section that the impersonation of the peace	717
officer, private police officer, or investigator of the bureau	718
of criminal identification and investigation was for a lawful	719
purpose.	720
(G) Whoever violates division (B) of this section is	721
guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. Whoever violates	722
division (C) or (D) of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor	723
of the first degree. If the purpose of a violation of division	724
(D) of this section is to commit or facilitate the commission of	725
a felony, a violation of division (D) is a felony of the fourth	726
degree. Whoever violates division (E) of this section is guilty	727
of a felony of the third degree.	728
Sec. 2925.01. As used in this chapter:	729
(A) "Administer," "controlled substance," "controlled	730
substance analog," "dispense," "distribute," "hypodermic,"	731
"manufacturer," "official written order," "person,"	732
"pharmacist," "pharmacy," "sale," "schedule I," "schedule II,"	733
"schedule III," "schedule IV," "schedule V," and "wholesaler"	734
have the same meanings as in section 3719.01 of the Revised	735
Code.	736
(B) "Drug dependent person" and "drug of abuse" have the	737
same meanings as in section 3719.011 of the Revised Code.	738
(C) "Drug," "dangerous drug," "licensed health	739
professional authorized to prescribe drugs," and "prescription"	740
have the same meanings as in section 4729.01 of the Revised	741

Code.	742
(D) "Bulk amount" of a controlled substance means any of	743
the following:	744
(1) For any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance	745
included in schedule I, schedule II, or schedule III, with the	746
exception of controlled substance analogs, marihuana, cocaine,	747
L.S.D., heroin, and hashish and except as provided in division	748
(D)(2) or (5) of this section, whichever of the following is	749
applicable:	750
(a) An amount equal to or exceeding ten grams or twenty-	751
five unit doses of a compound, mixture, preparation, or	752
substance that is or contains any amount of a schedule I opiate	753
or opium derivative;	754
(b) An amount equal to or exceeding ten grams of a	755
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains	756
any amount of raw or gum opium;	757
(c) An amount equal to or exceeding thirty grams or ten	758
unit doses of a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance	759
that is or contains any amount of a schedule I hallucinogen	760
other than tetrahydrocannabinol or lysergic acid amide, or a	761
schedule I stimulant or depressant;	762
(d) An amount equal to or exceeding twenty grams or five	763
times the maximum daily dose in the usual dose range specified	764
in a standard pharmaceutical reference manual of a compound,	765
mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains any	766
amount of a schedule II opiate or opium derivative;	767
(e) An amount equal to or exceeding five grams or ten unit	768
doses of a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is	769
or contains any amount of phencyclidine;	770

(f) An amount equal to or exceeding one hundred twenty	771
grams or thirty times the maximum daily dose in the usual dose	772
range specified in a standard pharmaceutical reference manual of	773
a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or	774
contains any amount of a schedule II stimulant that is in a	775
final dosage form manufactured by a person authorized by the	776
"Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52 Stat. 1040 (1938), 21	777
U.S.C.A. 301, as amended, and the federal drug abuse control	778
laws, as defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code, that is	779
or contains any amount of a schedule II depressant substance or	780
a schedule II hallucinogenic substance;	781
(g) An amount equal to or exceeding three grams of a	782
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains	783
any amount of a schedule II stimulant, or any of its salts or	784
isomers, that is not in a final dosage form manufactured by a	785
person authorized by the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act	786
and the federal drug abuse control laws.	787
(2) An amount equal to or exceeding one hundred twenty	788
grams or thirty times the maximum daily dose in the usual dose	789
range specified in a standard pharmaceutical reference manual of	790
a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or	791
contains any amount of a schedule III or IV substance other than	792
an anabolic steroid or a schedule III opiate or opium	793
derivative;	794
(3) An amount equal to or exceeding twenty grams or five	795
times the maximum daily dose in the usual dose range specified	796
in a standard pharmaceutical reference manual of a compound,	797
mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains any	798
amount of a schedule III opiate or opium derivative;	799

(4) An amount equal to or exceeding two hundred fifty

milliliters or two hundred fifty grams of a compound, mixture,	801
preparation, or substance that is or contains any amount of a	802
schedule V substance;	803
(5) An amount equal to or exceeding two hundred solid	804
dosage units, sixteen grams, or sixteen milliliters of a	805
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains	806
any amount of a schedule III anabolic steroid.	807
(E) "Unit dose" means an amount or unit of a compound,	808
mixture, or preparation containing a controlled substance that	809
is separately identifiable and in a form that indicates that it	810
is the amount or unit by which the controlled substance is	811
separately administered to or taken by an individual.	812
(F) "Cultivate" includes planting, watering, fertilizing,	813
or tilling.	814
(G) "Drug abuse offense" means any of the following:	815
(1) A violation of division (A) of section 2913.02 that	816
constitutes theft of drugs, or a violation of section 2925.02,	817
2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.041, 2925.05, 2925.06, 2925.11, 2925.12,	818
2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.24, 2925.31, 2925.32, 2925.36,	819
or 2925.37 of the Revised Code;	820
(2) A violation of an existing or former law of this or	821
any other state or of the United States that is substantially	822
equivalent to any section listed in division (G)(1) of this	823
section;	824
(3) An offense under an existing or former law of this or	825
any other state, or of the United States, of which planting,	826
cultivating, harvesting, processing, making, manufacturing,	827
producing, shipping, transporting, delivering, acquiring,	828
possessing, storing, distributing, dispensing, selling, inducing	829

another to use, administering to another, using, or otherwise	830
dealing with a controlled substance is an element;	831
(4) A conspiracy to commit, attempt to commit, or	832
complicity in committing or attempting to commit any offense	833
under division $(G)(1)$ , $(2)$ , or $(3)$ of this section.	834
(H) "Felony drug abuse offense" means any drug abuse	835
offense that would constitute a felony under the laws of this	836
state, any other state, or the United States.	837
(I) "Harmful intoxicant" does not include beer or	838
intoxicating liquor but means any of the following:	839
(1) Any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance the	840
gas, fumes, or vapor of which when inhaled can induce	841
intoxication, excitement, giddiness, irrational behavior,	842
depression, stupefaction, paralysis, unconsciousness,	843
asphyxiation, or other harmful physiological effects, and	844
includes, but is not limited to, any of the following:	845
(a) Any volatile organic solvent, plastic cement, model	846
cement, fingernail polish remover, lacquer thinner, cleaning	847
fluid, gasoline, or other preparation containing a volatile	848
organic solvent;	849
(b) Any aerosol propellant;	850
(c) Any fluorocarbon refrigerant;	851
(d) Any anesthetic gas.	852
(2) Gamma Butyrolactone;	853
(3) 1,4 Butanediol.	854
(J) "Manufacture" means to plant, cultivate, harvest,	855
process, make, prepare, or otherwise engage in any part of the	856

production of a drug, by propagation, extraction, chemical	857
synthesis, or compounding, or any combination of the same, and	858
includes packaging, repackaging, labeling, and other activities	859
incident to production.	860
(K) "Possess" or "possession" means having control over a	861
thing or substance, but may not be inferred solely from mere	862
access to the thing or substance through ownership or occupation	863
of the premises upon which the thing or substance is found.	864
(L) "Sample drug" means a drug or pharmaceutical	865
preparation that would be hazardous to health or safety if used	866
without the supervision of a licensed health professional	867
authorized to prescribe drugs, or a drug of abuse, and that, at	868
one time, had been placed in a container plainly marked as a	869
sample by a manufacturer.	870
(M) "Standard pharmaceutical reference manual" means the	871
current edition, with cumulative changes if any, of references	872
that are approved by the state board of pharmacy.	873
(N) "Juvenile" means a person under eighteen years of age.	874
(O) "Counterfeit controlled substance" means any of the	875
following:	876
(1) Any drug that bears, or whose container or label	877
bears, a trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark used	878
without authorization of the owner of rights to that trademark,	879
trade name, or identifying mark;	880
(2) Any unmarked or unlabeled substance that is	881
represented to be a controlled substance manufactured,	882
processed, packed, or distributed by a person other than the	883
person that manufactured, processed, packed, or distributed it;	884

(3) Any substance that is represented to be a controlled	885
substance but is not a controlled substance or is a different	886
controlled substance;	887
(4) Any substance other than a controlled substance that a	888
reasonable person would believe to be a controlled substance	889
because of its similarity in shape, size, and color, or its	890
markings, labeling, packaging, distribution, or the price for	891
which it is sold or offered for sale.	892
(P) An offense is "committed in the vicinity of a school"	893
if the offender commits the offense on school premises, in a	894
school building, or within one thousand feet of the boundaries	895
of any school premises, regardless of whether the offender knows	896
the offense is being committed on school premises, in a school	897
building, or within one thousand feet of the boundaries of any	898
school premises.	899
(Q) "School" means any school operated by a board of	900
education, any community school established under Chapter 3314.	901
of the Revised Code, or any nonpublic school for which the state	902
board of education prescribes minimum standards under section	903
3301.07 of the Revised Code, whether or not any instruction,	904
extracurricular activities, or training provided by the school	905
is being conducted at the time a criminal offense is committed.	906
(R) "School premises" means either of the following:	907
(1) The parcel of real property on which any school is	908
situated, whether or not any instruction, extracurricular	909
activities, or training provided by the school is being	910
conducted on the premises at the time a criminal offense is	911
committed;	912

(2) Any other parcel of real property that is owned or

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leased by a board of education of a school, the governing	914
authority of a community school established under Chapter 3314.	915
of the Revised Code, or the governing body of a nonpublic school	916
for which the state board of education prescribes minimum	917
standards under section 3301.07 of the Revised Code and on which	918
some of the instruction, extracurricular activities, or training	919
of the school is conducted, whether or not any instruction,	920
extracurricular activities, or training provided by the school	921
is being conducted on the parcel of real property at the time a	922
criminal offense is committed.	923
(S) "School building" means any building in which any of	924
the instruction, extracurricular activities, or training	925
provided by a school is conducted, whether or not any	926
instruction, extracurricular activities, or training provided by	927
the school is being conducted in the school building at the time	928
a criminal offense is committed.	929
(T) "Disciplinary counsel" means the disciplinary counsel	930
appointed by the board of commissioners on grievances and	931
discipline of the supreme court under the Rules for the	932
Government of the Bar of Ohio.	933
(U) "Certified grievance committee" means a duly	934
constituted and organized committee of the Ohio state bar	935
association or of one or more local bar associations of the	936
state of Ohio that complies with the criteria set forth in Rule	937
V, section 6 of the Rules for the Government of the Bar of Ohio.	938
(V) "Professional license" means any license, permit,	939
certificate, registration, qualification, admission, temporary	940
license, temporary permit, temporary certificate, or temporary	941
registration that is described in divisions (W)(1) to (36) of	942

this section and that qualifies a person as a professionally

licensed person.	944
(W) "Professionally licensed person" means any of the	945
following:	946
(1) A person who has obtained a license as a manufacturer	947
of controlled substances or a wholesaler of controlled	948
substances under Chapter 3719. of the Revised Code;	949
(2) A person who has received a certificate or temporary	950
certificate as a certified public accountant or who has	951
registered as a public accountant under Chapter 4701. of the	952
Revised Code and who holds an Ohio permit issued under that	953
chapter;	954
(3) A person who holds a certificate of qualification to	955
practice architecture issued or renewed and registered under	956
Chapter 4703. of the Revised Code;	957
(4) A person who is registered as a landscape architect	958
under Chapter 4703. of the Revised Code or who holds a permit as	959
a landscape architect issued under that chapter;	960
(5) A person licensed under Chapter 4707. of the Revised	961
Code;	962
(6) A person who has been issued a certificate of	963
registration as a registered barber under Chapter 4709. of the	964
Revised Code;	965
(7) A person licensed and regulated to engage in the	966
business of a debt pooling company by a legislative authority,	967
under authority of Chapter 4710. of the Revised Code;	968
(8) A person who has been issued a cosmetologist's	969
license, hair designer's license, manicurist's license,	970
esthetician's license, natural hair stylist's license, managing	971

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cosmetologist's license, managing hair designer's license,	972
managing manicurist's license, managing esthetician's license,	973
managing natural hair stylist's license, cosmetology	974
instructor's license, hair design instructor's license,	975
manicurist instructor's license, esthetics instructor's license,	976
natural hair style instructor's license, independent	977
contractor's license, or tanning facility permit under Chapter	978
4713. of the Revised Code;	979
(9) A person who has been issued a license to practice	980
dentistry, a general anesthesia permit, a conscious intravenous	981
sedation permit, a limited resident's license, a limited	982
teaching license, a dental hygienist's license, or a dental	983
hygienist's teacher's certificate under Chapter 4715. of the	984
Revised Code;	985
(10) A person who has been issued an embalmer's license, a	986
funeral director's license, a funeral home license, or a	987
crematory license, or who has been registered for an embalmer's	988
or funeral director's apprenticeship under Chapter 4717. of the	989
Revised Code;	990
(11) A person who has been licensed as a registered nurse	991
or practical nurse, or who has been issued a certificate for the	992
practice of nurse-midwifery under Chapter 4723. of the Revised	993
Code;	994
(12) A person who has been licensed to practice optometry	995
or to engage in optical dispensing under Chapter 4725. of the	996
Revised Code;	997
(13) A person licensed to act as a pawnbroker under	998
Chapter 4727. of the Revised Code;	999
(14) A person licensed to act as a precious metals dealer	1000

under Chapter 4728. of the Revised Code;	1001
(15) A person licensed as a pharmacist, a pharmacy intern,	1002
a wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs, or a terminal	1003
distributor of dangerous drugs under Chapter 4729. of the	1004
Revised Code;	1005
(16) A person who is authorized to practice as a physician	1006
assistant under Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code;	1007
(17) A person who has been issued a certificate to	1008
practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery,	1009
a limited branch of medicine, or podiatry under Chapter 4731. of	1010
the Revised Code;	1011
(18) A person licensed as a psychologist or school	1012
psychologist under Chapter 4732. of the Revised Code;	1013
(19) A person registered to practice the profession of	1014
engineering or surveying under Chapter 4733. of the Revised	1015
Code;	1016
(20) A person who has been issued a license to practice	1017
chiropractic under Chapter 4734. of the Revised Code;	1018
(21) A person licensed to act as a real estate broker or	1019
real estate salesperson under Chapter 4735. of the Revised Code;	1020
(22) A person registered as a registered sanitarian under	1021
Chapter 4736. of the Revised Code;	1022
(23) A person licensed to operate or maintain a junkyard	1023
under Chapter 4737. of the Revised Code;	1024
(24) A person who has been issued a motor vehicle salvage	1025
dealer's license under Chapter 4738. of the Revised Code;	1026
(25) A person who has been licensed to act as a steam	1027

engineer under Chapter 4739. of the Revised Code;	1028
(26) A person who has been issued a license or temporary	1029
permit to practice veterinary medicine or any of its branches,	1030
or who is registered as a graduate animal technician under	1031
Chapter 4741. of the Revised Code;	1032
(27) A person who has been issued a hearing aid dealer's	1033
or fitter's license or trainee permit under Chapter 4747. of the	1034
Revised Code;	1035
(28) A person who has been issued a class A, class B, or	1036
class C license or who has been registered as an investigator or	1037
security <b>guard</b> officer employee under Chapter 4749. of the	1038
Revised Code;	1039
(29) A person licensed and registered to practice as a	1040
nursing home administrator under Chapter 4751. of the Revised	1041
Code;	1042
(30) A person licensed to practice as a speech-language	1043
pathologist or audiologist under Chapter 4753. of the Revised	1044
Code;	1045
(31) A person issued a license as an occupational	1046
therapist or physical therapist under Chapter 4755. of the	1047
Revised Code;	1048
(32) A person who is licensed as a licensed professional	1049
clinical counselor, licensed professional counselor, social	1050
worker, independent social worker, independent marriage and	1051
family therapist, or marriage and family therapist, or	1052
registered as a social work assistant under Chapter 4757. of the	1053
Revised Code;	1054
(33) A person issued a license to practice dietetics under	1055

Chapter 4759. of the Revised Code;	1056
(34) A person who has been issued a license or limited	1057
permit to practice respiratory therapy under Chapter 4761. of	1058
the Revised Code;	1059
(35) A person who has been issued a real estate appraiser	1060
certificate under Chapter 4763. of the Revised Code;	1061
(36) A person who has been admitted to the bar by order of	1062
the supreme court in compliance with its prescribed and	1063
published rules.	1064
(X) "Cocaine" means any of the following:	1065
(1) A cocaine salt, isomer, or derivative, a salt of a	1066
cocaine isomer or derivative, or the base form of cocaine;	1067
(2) Coca leaves or a salt, compound, derivative, or	1068
preparation of coca leaves, including ecgonine, a salt, isomer,	1069
or derivative of ecgonine, or a salt of an isomer or derivative	1070
of ecgonine;	1071
(3) A salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of a	1072
substance identified in division (X)(1) or (2) of this section	1073
that is chemically equivalent to or identical with any of those	1074
substances, except that the substances shall not include	1075
decocainized coca leaves or extraction of coca leaves if the	1076
extractions do not contain cocaine or ecgonine.	1077
(Y) "L.S.D." means lysergic acid diethylamide.	1078
(Z) "Hashish" means the resin or a preparation of the	1079
resin contained in marihuana, whether in solid form or in a	1080
liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form.	1081
(AA) "Marihuana" has the same meaning as in section	1082

3719.01 of the Revised Code, except that it does not include	1083
hashish.	1084
(BB) An offense is "committed in the vicinity of a	1085
juvenile" if the offender commits the offense within one hundred	1086
feet of a juvenile or within the view of a juvenile, regardless	1087
of whether the offender knows the age of the juvenile, whether	1088
the offender knows the offense is being committed within one	1089
hundred feet of or within view of the juvenile, or whether the	1090
juvenile actually views the commission of the offense.	1091
(CC) "Presumption for a prison term" or "presumption that	1092
a prison term shall be imposed" means a presumption, as	1093
described in division (D) of section 2929.13 of the Revised	1094
Code, that a prison term is a necessary sanction for a felony in	1095
order to comply with the purposes and principles of sentencing	1096
under section 2929.11 of the Revised Code.	1097
(DD) "Major drug offender" has the same meaning as in	1098
section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	1099
(EE) "Minor drug possession offense" means either of the	1100
following:	1101
(1) A violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code as	1102
it existed prior to July 1, 1996;	1103
(2) A violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code as	1104
it exists on and after July 1, 1996, that is a misdemeanor or a	1105
felony of the fifth degree.	1106
(FF) "Mandatory prison term" has the same meaning as in	1107
section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	1108
(GG) "Adulterate" means to cause a drug to be adulterated	1109
as described in section 3715.63 of the Revised Code.	1110

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(HH) "Public premises" means any hotel, restaurant,	1111
tavern, store, arena, hall, or other place of public	1112
accommodation, business, amusement, or resort.	1113
(II) "Methamphetamine" means methamphetamine, any salt,	1114
isomer, or salt of an isomer of methamphetamine, or any	1115
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing	1116
methamphetamine or any salt, isomer, or salt of an isomer of	1117
methamphetamine.	1118
(JJ) "Lawful prescription" means a prescription that is	1119
issued for a legitimate medical purpose by a licensed health	1120
professional authorized to prescribe drugs, that is not altered	1121
or forged, and that was not obtained by means of deception or by	1122
the commission of any theft offense.	1123
(KK) "Deception" and "theft offense" have the same	1124
meanings as in section 2913.01 of the Revised Code.	1125
Sec. 3743.06. In addition to conforming to the rules of	1126
the fire marshal adopted pursuant to section 3743.05 of the	1127
Revised Code, licensed manufacturers of fireworks shall operate	1128
their fireworks plants in accordance with the following:	1129
(A) Signs indicating that smoking is generally forbidden	1130
and trespassing is prohibited on the premises of a fireworks	1131
plant shall be posted on the premises in a manner determined by	1132
the fire marshal.	1133
(B) Reasonable precautions shall be taken to protect the	1134
premises of a fireworks plant from trespass, loss, theft, or	1135
destruction. Only persons employed by the manufacturer,	1136
authorized governmental personnel, and persons who have obtained	1137
permission from a member of the manufacturer's office to be on	1138
the premises, are to be allowed to enter and remain on the	1139

premises.	1140
(C) Smoking or the carrying of pipes, cigarettes, or	1141
cigars, matches, lighters, other flame-producing items, or open	1142
flame on, or the carrying of a concealed source of ignition	1143
into, the premises of a fireworks plant is prohibited, except	1144
that a manufacturer may permit smoking in specified lunchrooms	1145
or restrooms in buildings or other structures in which no	1146
manufacturing, handling, sales, or storage of fireworks takes	1147
place. "NO SMOKING" signs shall be posted on the premises as	1148
required by the fire marshal.	1149
(D) Fire and explosion prevention and other reasonable	1150
safety measures and precautions shall be implemented by a	1151
manufacturer.	1152
(E) Persons shall not be permitted to have in their	1153
possession or under their control, while they are on the	1154
premises of the fireworks plant, any intoxicating liquor, beer,	1155
or controlled substance, and they shall not be permitted to	1156
enter or remain on the premises if they are found to be under	1157
the influence of any intoxicating liquor, beer, or controlled	1158
substance.	1159
(F) A manufacturer shall conform to all building, safety,	1160
and zoning statutes, ordinances, rules, or other enactments that	1161
apply to the premises of its fireworks plant.	1162
(G) Each fireworks plant shall have at least one class 1	1163
magazine that is approved by the bureau of alcohol, tobacco, and	1164
firearms of the United States department of the treasury and	1165
that is otherwise in conformity with federal law. This division	1166
does not apply to fireworks plants existing on or before August	1167
3, 1931.	1168

(H) Awnings, tents, and canopies shall not be used as	1169
facilities for the sale or storage of fireworks. This division	1170
does not prohibit the use of an awning or canopy attached to a	1171
public access showroom for storing nonflammable shopping	1172
convenience items such as shopping carts or baskets or providing	1173
a shaded area for patrons waiting to enter the public sales	1174
area.	1175
(I) Fireworks may be stored in trailers if the trailers	1176
are properly enclosed, secured, and grounded and are separated	1177
from any structure to which the public is admitted by a distance	1178
that will, in the fire marshal's judgment, allow fire-fighting	1179
equipment to have full access to the structures on the licensed	1180
premises. Such trailers may be moved into closer proximity to	1181
any structure only to accept or discharge cargo for a period not	1182
to exceed forty-eight hours. Only two such trailers may be	1183
placed in such closer proximity at any one time. At no time may	1184
trailers be used for conducting sales of any class of fireworks,	1185
nor may members of the public have access to the trailers.	1186
Storage areas for fireworks that are in the same building	1187
where fireworks are displayed and sold to the public shall be	1188
separated from the areas to which the public has access by an	1189
appropriately rated fire wall.	1190
(J) A fire suppression system as defined in section	1191
3781.108 of the Revised Code may be turned off only for repair,	1192
drainage of the system to prevent damage by freezing during the	1193
period of time, approved by the fire marshal, that the facility	1194
is closed to all public access during winter months, or	1195
maintenance of the system. If any repair or maintenance is	1196
necessary during times when the facility is open for public	1197
access and business as approved by the fire marshal, the	1198

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licensed manufacturer shall notify in advance the appropriate	1199
insurance company and fire chief or fire prevention officer	1200
regarding the nature of the maintenance or repair and the time	1201
when it will be performed.	1202
(K) If any fireworks item is removed from its original	1203
package or is manufactured with any fuse other than a safety	1204
fuse approved by the consumer product safety commission, then	1205
the item shall be covered completely by repackaging or bagging	1206
or it shall otherwise be covered so as to prevent ignition prior	1207
to sale.	1208
(L) A safety officer shall be present during regular	1209
business hours at a building open to the public during the	1210
period commencing fourteen days before, and ending two days	1211
after, each fourth day of July. The officer shall be highly	1212
visible, enforce this chapter and any applicable building codes	1213
to the extent the officer is authorized by law, and be one of	1214
the following:	1215
(1) A deputy sheriff;	1216
(2) A law enforcement officer of a municipal corporation,	1217
township, or township or joint police district;	1218
(3) A private uniformed security guard officer registered	1219
under section 4749.06 of the Revised Code.	1220
(M) All doors of all buildings on the licensed premises	1221
shall swing outward.	1222
(N) All wholesale and commercial sales of fireworks shall	1223
be packaged, shipped, placarded, and transported in accordance	1224
with United States department of transportation regulations	1225
applicable to the transportation, and the offering for	1226
transportation, of hazardous materials. For purposes of this	1227

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division, "wholesale and commercial sales" includes all sales	1228
for resale and any nonretail sale made in furtherance of a	1229
commercial enterprise. For purposes of enforcement of these	1230
regulations under section 4923.99 of the Revised Code, any sales	1231
transaction exceeding one thousand pounds shall be rebuttably	1232
presumed to be a wholesale or commercial sale.	1233
Sec. 3743.19. In addition to conforming to the rules of	1234
the fire marshal adopted pursuant to section 3743.18 of the	1235
Revised Code, licensed wholesalers of fireworks shall conduct	1236
their business operations in accordance with the following:	1237
(A) A wholesaler shall conduct its business operations	1238
from the location described in its application for licensure or	1239
in a notification submitted under division (B) of section	1240
3743.17 of the Revised Code.	1241
(B) Signs indicating that smoking is generally forbidden	1242
and trespassing is prohibited on the premises of a wholesaler	1243
shall be posted on the premises as determined by the fire	1244
marshal.	1245
(C) Reasonable precautions shall be taken to protect the	1246
premises of a wholesaler from trespass, loss, theft, or	1247
destruction.	1248
(D) Smoking or the carrying of pipes, cigarettes, or	1249
cigars, matches, lighters, other flame-producing items, or open	1250
flame on, or the carrying of a concealed source of ignition	1251
into, the premises of a wholesaler is prohibited, except that a	1252
wholesaler may permit smoking in specified lunchrooms or	1253
restrooms in buildings or other structures in which no sales,	1254
handling, or storage of fireworks takes place. "NO SMOKING"	1255
signs shall be posted on the premises as required by the fire	1256

marshal.	1257
(E) Fire and explosion prevention and other reasonable	1258
safety measures and precautions shall be implemented by a	1259
wholesaler.	1260
(F) Persons shall not be permitted to have in their	1261
possession or under their control, while they are on the	1262
premises of a wholesaler, any intoxicating liquor, beer, or	1263
controlled substance, and they shall not be permitted to enter	1264
or remain on the premises if they are found to be under the	1265
influence of any intoxicating liquor, beer, or controlled	1266
substance.	1267
(G) A wholesaler shall conform to all building, safety,	1268
and zoning statutes, ordinances, rules, or other enactments that	1269
apply to its premises.	1270
(H) Each building used in the sale of fireworks shall be	1271
kept open to the public for at least four hours each day between	1272
the hours of eight a.m. and five p.m., five days of each week,	1273
every week of the year. Upon application from a licensed	1274
wholesaler, the fire marshal may waive any of the requirements	1275
of this division.	1276
(I) Awnings, tents, or canopies shall not be used as	1277
facilities for the storage or sale of fireworks. This division	1278
does not prohibit the use of an awning or canopy attached to a	1279
public access showroom for storing nonflammable shopping	1280
convenience items such as shopping carts or baskets or providing	1281
a shaded area for patrons waiting to enter the public sales	1282
area.	1283
(J) 1.4G fireworks may be stored in trailers if the	1284
trailors are properly englosed secured and grounded and are	1285

separated from any structure to which the public is admitted by	1286
a distance that will, in the fire marshal's judgment, allow	1287
fire-fighting equipment to have full access to the structures on	1288
the licensed premises. Such trailers may be moved into closer	1289
proximity to any structure only to accept or discharge cargo for	1290
a period not to exceed forty-eight hours. Only two such trailers	1291
may be placed in such closer proximity at any one time. At no	1292
time may trailers be used for conducting sales of any class of	1293
fireworks nor may members of the public have access to the	1294
trailers.	1295

Storage areas for fireworks that are in the same building 1296 where fireworks are displayed and sold to the public shall be 1297 separated from the areas to which the public has access by an 1298 appropriately rated fire wall. If the licensee installs and 1299 properly maintains an early suppression fast response sprinkler 1300 system or equivalent fire suppression system as described in the 1301 fire code adopted by the fire marshal in accordance with section 1302 3737.82 of the Revised Code throughout the structure, a fire 1303 barrier wall may be substituted for a fire wall between the 1304 areas to which the public has access and the storage portions of 1305 the structure. 1306

1307 (K) A fire suppression system as defined in section 3781.108 of the Revised Code may be turned off only for repair, 1308 drainage of the system to prevent damage by freezing during the 1309 period of time, approved by the fire marshal under division (I) 1310 of this section, that the facility is closed to public access 1311 during winter months, or maintenance of the system. If any 1312 repair or maintenance is necessary during times when the 1313 facility is open for public access and business, the licensed 1314 wholesaler shall notify in advance the appropriate insurance 1315 company and fire chief or fire prevention officer regarding the 1316

nature of the maintenance or repair and the time when it will be	1317
performed.	1318
(L) If any fireworks item is removed from its original	1319
package or is manufactured with any fuse other than a fuse	1320
approved by the consumer product safety commission, then the	1321
item shall be covered completely by repackaging or bagging or it	1322
shall otherwise be covered so as to prevent ignition prior to	1323
sale.	1324
(M) A safety officer shall be present during regular	1325
business hours at a building open to the public during the	1326
period commencing fourteen days before, and ending two days	1327
after, each fourth day of July. The officer shall be highly	1328
visible, enforce this chapter and any applicable building codes	1329
to the extent the officer is authorized by law, and be one of	1330
the following:	1331
(1) A deputy sheriff;	1332
(2) A law enforcement officer of a municipal corporation,	1333
township, or township or joint police district;	1334
(3) A private uniformed security guard officer registered	1335
under section 4749.06 of the Revised Code.	1336
(N) All doors of all buildings on the licensed premises	1337
(N) All doors of all buildings on the licensed premises shall swing outward.	
	1337
shall swing outward.	1337 1338
shall swing outward.  (O) All wholesale and commercial sales of fireworks shall	1337 1338 1339
shall swing outward.  (O) All wholesale and commercial sales of fireworks shall be packaged, shipped, placarded, and transported in accordance	1337 1338 1339 1340
shall swing outward.  (O) All wholesale and commercial sales of fireworks shall be packaged, shipped, placarded, and transported in accordance with United States department of transportation regulations	1337 1338 1339 1340 1341
shall swing outward.  (O) All wholesale and commercial sales of fireworks shall be packaged, shipped, placarded, and transported in accordance with United States department of transportation regulations applicable to the transportation, and the offering for	1337 1338 1339 1340 1341 1342

commercial enterprise. For purposes of enforcement of these	1346
regulations under section 4923.99 of the Revised Code, any sales	1347
transaction exceeding one thousand pounds shall be rebuttably	1348
presumed to be a wholesale or commercial sale.	1349
Sec. 4749.01. As used in this chapter:	1350
(A) "Private investigator" means any person who engages in	1351
the business of private investigation.	1352
(B) "Business of private investigation" means, except when	1353
performed by one excluded under division (H) of this section	1354
exempt by law, the conducting, furnishing for hire, in person or	1355
through a partner or employees, of any investigation relevant to	1356
persons to do any of the following:	1357
(1) Investigate any crime or wrong done or threatened, or	1358
to obtain;	1359
(2) Obtain information on the identity, habits, conduct,	1360
movements, whereabouts, affiliations, transactions, reputation,	1361
credibility, or character of any person, or to locate;	1362
(3) Locate and recover lost or stolen property, or to	1363
<pre>determine;</pre>	1364
(4) Determine the cause of or responsibility for any libel	1365
or slander, or any fire, accident, or damage to property, or to-	1366
secure;	1367
(5) Secure evidence for use in any legislative,	1368
administrative, or judicial investigation or proceeding.	1369
(C) "Security—guard provider_officer" means any person who	1370
engages in the business of security services.	1371
(D) "Business of security services" means either of the	1372

following:	1373
(1) Furnishing, furnishing for hire, watchpersons, guards,	1374
security officers, quard dogs, armored motor vehicle security	1375
services, private patrol officers, or other persons whose	1376
primary duties are to <pre>protect do either of the following:</pre>	1377
(1) Protect persons or property+	1378
(2) Furnishing, for hire, guard dogs, or armored motor	1379
vehicle security services, in connection with the protection of	1380
persons or property from injury or harm, or for any other	1381
purpose including deterring, observing, detecting, or reporting	1382
incidents or activities for the purpose of preventing theft, or	1383
the unlawful taking, conversion, concealment or misappropriation	1384
of goods, wares, merchandise, or any valuable instrument;	1385
(2) Deter, observe, detect or report incidents and	1386
activities for the purpose of preventing any unauthorized access	1387
or entry, violation of organizational rules, or unlawful	1388
activity.	1389
(E) "Class A license" means a license issued under section	1390
sections 4749.03 to 4749.034 of the Revised Code that qualifies	1391
the person issued the license to engage in the business of	1392
private investigation and the business of security services.	1393
(F) "Class B license" means a license issued under section	1394
sections 4749.03 to 4749.034 of the Revised Code that qualifies	1395
the person issued the license to engage only in the business of	1396
private investigation.	1397
(G) "Class C license" means a license issued under section-	1398
sections 4749.03 to 4749.034 of the Revised Code that qualifies	1399
the person issued the license to engage only in the business of	1400
security services.	1401

(H) "Crime of moral turpitude" has the same meaning as in	1402
section 4776.10 of the Revised Code.	1403
(I) "Disqualifying offense" has the same meaning as in	1404
section 4776.10 of the Revised Code.	1405
(J) "Employee" means every person who may be required or	1406
directed by any employer, in consideration of direct or indirect	1407
gain or profit, to engage in any employment, or to go, work, or	1408
be present at any time in any place of employment, provided that	1409
the employer of the employee deducts all applicable state and	1410
federal employment taxes on behalf of the employee.	1411
(K) "Licensee" means the holder of a class A, B, or C	1412
license issued under sections 4749.03 to 4749.034 of the Revised	1413
Code.	1414
(L) "Private investigator," "business of private	1415
investigation," "security guard provider officer," and "business	1416
of security services" do not include:	1417
(1) Public officers and employees whose official duties	1418
require them to engage in investigatory activities of the United	1419
States, this state, or any other state, or any political	1420
subdivision thereof, when in performance of their official	1421
<pre>duties;</pre>	1422
(2) Attorneys at law or any expert hired by an attorney at	1423
law for consultation or litigation purposes Persons and their	1424
employees holding a professional license certification or	1425
registration under Title XLVII of the Revised Code, when such	1426
persons are providing services pursuant to the authority granted	1427
to that profession by law;	1428
(3) <u>Certified public adjusters that hold a certificate of</u>	1429
authority pursuant to Chapter 3951 of the Revised Code, while	1430

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the adjuster is investigating the cause or responsibility for a	1431
fire, accident, or other damage to property with respect to a	1432
claim or claims for loss or damage under a policy of insurance	1433
<pre>covering real or personal property;</pre>	1434
(4) A consumer reporting agency, as defined in the "Fair	1435
Credit Reporting Act," 84 Stat. 1128, 15 U.S.C.A. 1681a, as	1436
amended, provided that the consumer reporting agency is in	1437
compliance with the requirements of that act and that the	1438
agency's activities are confined to any of the following:	1439
(a) The issuance of consumer credit reports;	1440
(b) The conducting of limited background investigations	1441
that pertain only to a client's prospective tenant and that are	1442
engaged in with the prior written consent of the prospective	1443
tenant;	1444
(c) The business of pre-employment background	1445
investigation. As used in division $\frac{(H)(3)(L)(4)}{(C)}$ of this	1446
section, "business of pre-employment background investigation"	1447
means, and is limited to, furnishing for hire, in person or	1448
through a partner or employees, the conducting of limited	1449
background investigations, in-person interviews, telephone	1450
interviews, or written inquiries that pertain only to a client's	1451
prospective employee and the employee's employment and that are	1452
engaged in with the prior written consent of the prospective	1453
employee.	1454
(4)(5) Any local, state, or federal law enforcement	1455
officer when either of the following apply:	1456
(a) The officer is engaged in the officer's official	1457
duties including mutual aid as described in section 2744.02 of	1458
the Revised Code;	1459

(b) The officer is performing special duty security	1460
activities authorized and approved by the law enforcement	1461
officer's superiors within the law enforcement officer's	1462
jurisdiction or outside the law enforcement officer's	1463
jurisdiction through requested mutual aid or pursuant to advance	1464
authorization from the chief law enforcement officer of the	1465
outside jurisdiction;	1466
(6) Attorneys at law or any expert retained by an attorney	1467
at law for consultation or litigation purposes who qualifies as	1468
an expert under the federal rules of evidence or the Ohio rules	1469
of evidence;	1470
(7) Certified public insurance adjusters that hold a	1471
certificate of authority issued pursuant to sections 3951.01 to	1472
3951.09 of the Revised Code, while the adjuster is investigating	1473
the cause of or responsibility for a fire, accident, or other	1474
damage to property with respect to a claim or claims for loss or	1475
damage under a policy of insurance covering real or personal	1476
property;	1477
(5) (8) Personnel placement services and persons who act as	1478
employees of such entities engaged in investigating matters	1479
related to personnel placement activities;	1480
(6)(9) An employee in the regular course of the employee's	1481
employment, engaged in investigating matters pertinent to the	1482
business of the employee's employer or protecting property in	1483
the possession of the employee's employer, provided the <u>business</u>	1484
invitees or tenants, or property in possession of the employee's	1485
employer if both of the following apply:	1486
(a) The employer is deducting all applicable state and	1487
federal employment taxes on behalf of the employee and neither;	1488

(b) Neither the employer nor the employee is employed by,	1489
associated with, or acting for or on behalf of any private	1490
investigator or security— <u>guard provider</u> <u>officer</u> ;	1491
(7)(10) Any better business bureau or similar organization	1492
or any of its employees while engaged in the maintenance of the	1493
quality of business activities relating to consumer sales and	1494
services;	1495
(8) An accountant who is registered or certified under-	1496
Chapter 4701. of the Revised Code or any of the accountant's	1497
employees while engaged in activities for which the accountant-	1498
is certified or registered;	1499
(9) (11) Persons engaged solely in the remote monitoring of	1500
audio, video, and other event or alarm signals and then	1501
dispatching public safety or security personnel;	1502
(12) Any person who, for hire or otherwise, conducts	1503
genealogical research in this state.	1504
As used in division $\frac{(H)(9)(L)(12)}{(12)}$ of this section,	1505
"genealogical research" means the determination of the origins	1506
and descent of families, including the identification of	1507
individuals, their family relationships, and the biographical	1508
details of their lives. "Genealogical research" does not include	1509
furnishing for hire services for locating missing persons or	1510
natural or birth parents or children.	1511
(10) (13) Any person residing in this state who conducts	1512
research for the purpose of locating the last known owner of	1513
unclaimed funds, provided that the person is in compliance with	1514
Chapter 169. of the Revised Code and rules adopted thereunder.	1515
The This exemption set forth in division (H) (10) of this section	1516
applies only to the extent that the person is conducting	1517

research for the purpose of locating the last known owner of	1518
unclaimed funds.	1519
As used in division $\frac{\text{(H)}(10)}{\text{(L)}(13)}$ of this section,	1520
"owner" and "unclaimed funds" have the same meanings as in	1521
section 169.01 of the Revised Code.	1522
(11) A professional engineer who is registered under	1523
Chapter 4733. of the Revised Code or any of his employees.	1524
As used in division (H) (11) of this section and	1525
notwithstanding division (I) of this section, "employee" has the	1526
same meaning as in section 4101.01 of the Revised Code.	1527
(12)(14) Any person residing in this state who, for hire	1528
or otherwise, conducts research for the purpose of locating	1529
persons to whom the state of Ohio owes money in the form of	1530
warrants, as defined in division (S) of section 131.01 of the	1531
Revised Code, that the state voided but subsequently reissues $\div$ ;	1532
(13) (15) An independent insurance adjuster who, as an	1533
individual, an independent contractor, an employee of an	1534
independent contractor, adjustment bureau association,	1535
corporation, insurer, partnership, local recording agent,	1536
managing general agent, or self-insurer, engages in the business	1537
of independent insurance adjustment, or any person who	1538
supervises the handling of claims except while acting as an	1539
employee of an insurer licensed in this state while handling	1540
claims pertaining to specific policies written by that insurer.	1541
As used in division $\frac{\text{(H)}(13)}{\text{(L)}(15)}$ of this section,	1542
"independent insurance adjustment" means conducting	1543
investigations to determine the cause of or circumstances	1544
concerning a fire, accident, bodily injury, or damage to real or	1545
personal property; determining the extent of damage of that	1546

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fire, accident, injury, or property damage; securing evidence	1547
for use in a legislative, administrative, or judicial	1548
investigation or proceeding, adjusting losses; and adjusting or	1549
settling claims, including the investigation, adjustment,	1550
denial, establishment of damages, negotiation, settlement, or	1551
payment of claims in connection with insurance contractors,	1552
self-insured programs, or other similar insurance programs.	1553
"Independent adjuster" does not include either of the following:	1554
(a) An attorney who adjusts insurance losses incidental to	1555
the practice of law and who does not advertise or represent that	1556
the attorney is an independent insurance adjuster;	1557
(b) A licensed agent or general agent of an insurer	1558
licensed in this state who processes undisputed or uncontested	1559
losses for insurers under policies issued by that agent or	1560
general agent.	1561
(14) Except for a commissioned peace officer who engages	1562
in the business of private investigation or compensates others	1563
who engage in the business of private investigation or the	1564
business of security services or both, any commissioned peace	1565
officer as defined in division (B) of section 2935.01 of the	1566
Revised Code.	1567
(I) "Employee" means every person who may be required or	1568
directed by any employer, in consideration of direct or indirect	1569
gain or profit, to engage in any employment, or to go, or work,	1570
or be at any time in any place of employment, provided that the	1571
employer of the employee deducts all applicable state and	1572
federal employment taxes on behalf of the employee.	1573
(M) "Person" includes an individual, firm, partnership,	1574
association joint stock company corporation and any	1575

combination of individuals.	1576
(N) "Qualifying agent" means an individual designated in	1577
writing under sections 4749.03 to 4749.034 of the Revised Code	1578
who meets certain minimum requirements for licensure on behalf	1579
of the person applying for a license and who is responsible for	1580
ensuring the licensee's compliance with this chapter and its	1581
accompanying rules.	1582
(0) "Registrant" means a qualifying agent or any	1583
individual registered in accordance with section 4749.06 of the	1584
Revised Code as a private investigator, security officer, or	1585
both.	1586
(P) "Security provider," "security officer provider,"	1587
"private investigator provider," and "private investigator" mean	1588
any business licensed under this chapter to engage in the	1589
business of private investigation, security services, or both.	1590
(Q) "Business" means a person that is not an individual.	1591
(R) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section	1592
2935.01 of the Revised Code.	1593
(S) "Firearm" has the same meaning as in section 2923.11	1594
of the Revised Code.	1595
Sec. 4749.02. The director of public safety shall	1596
administer this chapter, and for that purpose, may appoint	1597
employees and adopt rules that the director considers necessary.	1598
The director shall implement electronic licensing and	1599
registration procedures under this chapter not later than-	1600
December 31, 2006. The application procedures in effect on the	1601
effective date of this amendment shall continue until such time	1602
as electronic licensing and registration procedures are	1603

implemented.	1604
Sec. 4749.021. (A) There is hereby created the Ohio	1605
private investigation and security services commission,	1606
consisting of the director of public safety or the director's	1607
designee, who shall be a nonvoting member; the superintendent of	1608
the highway patrol or the superintendent's designee, who shall	1609
be a voting member; and twelve members appointed by the governor	1610
with the advice and consent of the senate, as follows:	1611
(1) Three members shall be owners or operators of a	1612
business that maintains a class A license and shall have at	1613
least five years' experience in this state in the business of	1614
private investigation or security services.	1615
(2) One member shall be an owner or operator of a business	1616
that maintains a class B license and shall have at least five	1617
years' experience in this state in the business of private	1618
investigation or security services.	1619
(3) One member shall be an owner or operator of a business	1620
that maintains a class C license and shall have at least five	1621
years' experience in this state in the business of private	1622
investigation or security services.	1623
(4) Two members shall be owners or operators of a business	1624
that maintains a class A, B, or C license and shall have at	1625
least five years' experience in this state in the business of	1626
private investigation or security services.	1627
(5) One member shall be an incumbent chief of police.	1628
(6) One member shall be an active law enforcement officer,	1629
not above the rank of lieutenant.	1630
(7) One member shall be an incumbent sheriff.	1631

(8) Two members who shall be representatives of the	1632
general public <del>who have never had a direct employment</del>	1633
relationship with any class A, B, or C licensee. A general	1634
public representative shall not have been employed by a class A,	1635
B, or C licensee or as a commissioned peace officer for the five	1636
years prior to the appointment. During the term of appointment,	1637
the general public representative shall not become employed by a	1638
class A, B, or C licensee or as a commissioned peace officer.	1639
(B)(1) The governor shall make initial appointments to the	1640
commission by January 1, 2005, and the commission shall hold its	1641
first meeting, at the call of the director of public safety, in	1642
January 2005. Of the initial appointments made to the	1643
commission, three shall be for a term ending December 31, 2005,	1644
three shall be for a term ending December 31, 2006, three shall	1645
be for a term ending December 31, 2007, and three shall be for a	1646
term ending December 31, 2008. Thereafter, terms Terms of office	1647
shall be for five years, with each term ending on the same day	1648
of the same month as did the term that it succeeds. Each member	1649
shall hold office from the date of appointment until the end of	1650
the term for which the member was appointed. Members may be	1651
reappointed, but may serve not more than two complete	1652
consecutive five-year terms. Vacancies shall be filled in the	1653
manner provided for original appointments. Any member appointed	1654
to fill a vacancy occurring before the expiration date of the	1655
term for which the member's predecessor was appointed shall hold	1656
office as a member for the remainder of that term. A member	1657
shall continue in office subsequent to the expiration of the	1658
member's term until the member's successor takes office or until	1659
a period of sixty days has elapsed, whichever occurs first. The	1660
governor, after notice and the opportunity for a hearing, may	1661
remove any appointed member for misfeasance, malfeasance, or	1662

nonfeasance. 1663 (2) Ninety days before the expiration of a member's term, 1664 or in the event of a vacancy, the Ohio association of security 1665 and investigation services and other interested parties may 1666 submit names to the governor for consideration of appointment to 1667 the commission. 1668 (C) The commission shall advise the director of public 1669 safety on all matters related to the regulation of private 1670 investigation and the business of security services and on all 1671 matters related to this chapter. The commission shall advise the 1672 director on the format, content, and all other aspects of all 1673 private investigation and security services licensure and 1674 registration examinations. 1675 (D) In accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, 1676 the department may establish rules on behalf of the commission. 1677 (E) The commission shall meet not less than four times 1678 each year. It also shall meet upon the call of the chairperson, 1679 upon the request of five members, or at the request of the 1680 director of public safety or the director's designee. 1681 (F) At the first regular meeting of each year, which shall 1682 be called by the chairperson, the members shall elect a 1683 chairperson and a vice-chairperson by a majority vote, and also 1684 shall establish its meeting schedule for the remainder of the 1685 year. The chairperson and vice-chairperson shall serve until 1686 their successors are elected. No member may serve as chairperson 1687 more than three times during a five-year term. The chairperson 1688 shall preside over the commission's meetings, shall set the 1689 meeting agenda, and shall serve as the commission's chief 1690 spokesperson and liaison to the department of public safety. The 1691

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chairperson or vice-chairperson shall approve all vouchers of	1692
the commission. Subject to the commission's approval, the	1693
chairperson may appoint committees to assist the commission.	1694
Committee members may be members of the commission. The vice-	1695
chairperson shall exercise the duties of the chairperson when	1696
the chairperson is not available.	1697
(G) A quorum of seven appointed at least one more than	1698
half of the currently serving members is necessary for a meeting	1699
to convene or continue. All actions of the commission shall be	1700
by a majority of the members present. Members may not	1701
participate or vote by proxy. In accordance with Chapter 121. of	1702
the Revised Code, at least fourteen days before a regular	1703
meeting and twenty-four hours before a special meeting, the	1704
chairperson shall notify all members of the commission in	1705
writing of the agenda. Upon a timely request, any member of the	1706
commission may have an item added to the commission's agenda.	1707
(H) Each member of the commission shall receive the	1708
member's necessary expenses incurred in the performance of	1709
official duties, including travel, hotel, and other necessary	1710
expenses. Members of any special committee, which may be	1711
appointed by the commission to assist it, who are not members of	1712
the commission also may receive necessary expenses.	1713
(I) The department of public safety shall provide the	1714
commission with suitable office and meeting space and necessary	1715
technical, clerical, and administrative support. The department	1716
shall serve as the official repository of the commission's	1717
records. Expenses of the commission shall be paid from the	1718
private investigator and security <b>guard</b> officer provider fund	1719
created in section 4749.07 of the Revised Code.	1720

(J) In the absence of fraud or bad faith, the commission,

1721

a current or former commission member, or an agent,	1722
representative, or employee of the commission is not liable in	1723
damages to any person because of any act, omission, proceeding,	1724
or decision related to official duties.	1725
Sec. 4749.03. (A) Any person may apply for a license to	1726
engage in the business of private investigation and security	1727
services under a class A license, to engage in the business of	1728
private investigation under a class B license, or to engage in	1729
the business of security services under a class C license by	1730
submitting an application on a form prescribed by the director	1731
of public safety for that purpose. In addition to any other	1732
information required by the director, the application shall	1733
include all of the following:	1734
(1) The name, address, date and place of birth, and	1735
citizenship of each person having a legal or beneficial interest	1736
in the ownership of the business and of each person that will	1737
act as a qualifying agent for the business;	1738
(a) If any such person is a corporation or limited	1739
liability company, the applicant shall list all of the	1740
<pre>following:</pre>	1741
(i) The names of each officer of the person and the names	1742
of the managing members of the person or, if the management of	1743
the person is not reserved to its managing members, the managers	1744
of the person;	1745
(ii) The names of each person owning or controlling five	1746
per cent or more of the capital stock of such a person that is a	1747
corporation;	1748
(iii) The names of each person owning or controlling five	1749
per cent or more of either the voting interests or membership	1750

interests in such a person that is a limited liability company.	1751
(b) If any such person is a partnership or association,	1752
the applicant shall list the names of each partner or member of	1753
the association.	1754
(2) The address of each of the applicant's places of	1755
<pre>business;</pre>	1756
(3) A brief physical description of each individual named	1757
in the application as a qualifying agent;	1758
(4) Any other information the director may require, as set	1759
forth in rules adopted pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised	1760
Code.	1761
(B) The application described in division (A) of this	1762
section shall be accompanied by all of the following:	1763
(1) One recent full-face photograph of each individual	1764
specified in the application as a qualifying agent;	1765
(2) References from at least five reputable citizens for	1766
each individual named in the application as a qualifying agent,	1767
each of whom shall have known the named individual for at least	1768
five years preceding the application, and none of whom are	1769
connected with any of the named individuals by blood or	1770
marriage;	1771
(3)(a) Verification that, depending on the class of	1772
license applied for, each individual named in the application as	1773
a qualifying agent has, for a continuous two-year period, been	1774
engaged in any of the following:	1775
(i) The business of private investigation, the business of	1776
security services, or both;	1777

(ii) Investigatory or security services work for a law	1778
enforcement or other public agency;	1779
(iii) The practice of law.	1780
(b) An applicant may meet the requirement prescribed in	1781
division (B)(3)(a) of this section for any individual named in	1782
the application as a qualifying agent by verifying that the	1783
individual has acquired equivalent experience as determined in	1784
rules adopted by the director of public safety. Such rules shall	1785
address both of the following:	1786
(i) The use of military programs of training, military	1787
primary specialties, and lengths of service to meet the	1788
experience requirements specified in division (B)(3)(a) of this	1789
<pre>section;</pre>	1790
(ii) The use of a college degree in lieu of one of the two	1791
years of required experience.	1792
(4)(a) A license fee in the amount the director	1793
determines, not to exceed six hundred fifty dollars;	1794
(b) An examination fee of twenty-five dollars for each	1795
individual named in the application as a qualifying agent.	1796
(5)(a) Evidence of comprehensive, general liability	1797
insurance coverage, or other equivalent quarantee approved by	1798
the director in such form and in principal amounts satisfactory	1799
to the director;	1800
(b) The director shall not approve comprehensive, general	1801
liability coverage or another equivalent guarantee in an amount	1802
less than one hundred thousand dollars for each person and three	1803
hundred thousand dollars for each occurrence for bodily injury	1804
liability, and one hundred thousand dollars for property damage	1805

liability.	1806
(6) Each person named in division (A)(1) of this section	1807
shall submit an affidavit, on a form prescribed by the director,	1808
stating all of the following:	1809
(a) Whether or not the applicant has previously applied	1810
for a class A, B, or C license or registration and the result of	1811
the application;	1812
(b) Whether or not the applicant has ever been the holder	1813
of any such license or registration that was revoked or	1814
suspended;	1815
(c) Whether or not the applicant has been convicted of or	1816
pleaded guilty to an offense in a criminal action;	1817
(d) Whether or not the applicant is currently or has ever	1818
previously held a license or registration to engage in the	1819
business of private investigation, security services, or both in	1820
another state or foreign jurisdiction, and, if so, the name of	1821
the state or foreign jurisdiction and the status of the license	1822
or registration.	1823
(C)(1)(a) Each individual listed in the application as a	1824
qualifying agent shall submit one complete set of fingerprints	1825
directly to the superintendent of the bureau of criminal	1826
identification and investigation for the purpose of conducting a	1827
criminal records check. The individual shall provide the	1828
fingerprints using a method the superintendent prescribes	1829
pursuant to division (C)(2) of section 109.572 of the Revised	1830
Code and complete the form the superintendent prescribes	1831
pursuant to division (C)(1) of section 109.572 of the Revised	1832
Code.	1833
(b) The superintendent shall conduct the criminal records	1834

check as set forth in division (B) of section 109.572 of the	1835
Revised Code.	1836
(c) The person requesting the criminal records check shall	1837
pay the fee the superintendent prescribes.	1838
(2) A qualifying agent who intends to carry a firearm in	1839
the course of business or employment shall also notify the	1840
superintendent of criminal identification and investigation of	1841
this intent. This notification is in addition to any other	1842
requirement related to carrying a firearm that applies to the	1843
qualifying agent.	1844
Upon receiving this notification, the superintendent shall	1845
also request from the federal bureau of investigation any	1846
relevant information and review the information the federal	1847
bureau of investigation provides pursuant to division (B)(2) of	1848
section 109.572 of the Revised Code.	1849
(3) The superintendent shall submit all results of the	1850
completed records check to the director.	1851
(4) If the bureau of identification and investigation	1852
assesses the director of public safety a fee for any activity	1853
carried out under division (C) of this section, the director, in	1854
addition to any other fee assessed pursuant to this chapter, may	1855
assess the applicant a fee that is equal to the fee assessed by	1856
the bureau.	1857
Sec. 4749.031. (A) The director of public safety shall	1858
deny a license to any person applying under section 4749.03 of	1859
the Revised Code and refund all but one hundred dollars of the	1860
license fee if the director finds any of the following with	1861
regard to the applicant:	1862
(1)(a) The applicant does not have a good reputation for	1863

integrity.	1864
(b) In determining whether the applicant has a good	1865
reputation for integrity, the director may consider whether any	1866
of the persons named in an application in accordance with	1867
division (A)(1) of section 4749.03 of the Revised Code meet any	1868
of the following:	1869
(i) Has ever been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any	1870
<pre>crime of moral turpitude;</pre>	1871
(ii) Has been convicted of a disqualifying offense within	1872
three years of the date of submitting an application in	1873
accordance with section 4749.03 of the Revised Code;	1874
(iii) Has been subject to discipline within five years of	1875
making application in accordance with section 4749.03 of the	1876
Revised Code for violations of this chapter or its accompanying	1877
rules or a violation of any former or existing law of another	1878
state that is or was substantially equivalent to any of the	1879
violations set forth in this chapter;	1880
(iv) Has voluntarily surrendered a license issued in	1881
accordance with this chapter within five years of applying or	1882
voluntarily surrendered a substantially equivalent license	1883
issued under former or existing law of another state;	1884
(v) Has had a license issued in accordance with this	1885
chapter previously revoked or suspended or has had a	1886
substantially equivalent license issued under former or existing	1887
law of another state revoked or suspended.	1888
(2) Any person named as a qualifying agent on the	1889
application meets any of the following:	1890
(a) Has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to any crime	1891

of moral turpitude;	1892
(b) Has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a	1893
disqualifying offense within three years of the date of	1894
submitting an application in accordance with this section;	1895
(c) Has been adjudicated incompetent for the purpose of	1896
holding the license, as provided in section 5122.301 of the	1897
Revised Code, without having been restored to legal capacity for	1898
that purpose;	1899
(d) Has failed to pass the examination required by section	1900
4749.063 of the Revised Code.	1901
(3) The person has failed to submit all documentation and	1902
pay the fees required by section 4749.03 of the Revised Code.	1903
(B) If the director denies a person a license, the	1904
director shall explain the reasons for the denial in writing.	1905
(C) Divisions (C) (1) and (2) of this section only apply to	1906
offenses for which the director, prior to September 1, 2012, was	1907
required or authorized to deny an application.	1908
(1) If a qualifying agent for an applicant has been	1909
convicted of or pleaded guilty to a misdemeanor that is not a	1910
crime of moral turpitude or a disqualifying offense less than	1911
one year prior to making the application, the director may use	1912
the director's discretion in granting or denying the applicant a	1913
<u>license.</u>	1914
(2) If a qualifying agent for an applicant for a license	1915
has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a felony that is not	1916
a crime of moral turpitude or a disqualifying offense less than	1917
three years prior to making the application, the director may	1918
use the director's discretion in granting or denying the	1919

applicant a license.	1920
(D) Subject to divisions (A) and (B) of this section,	1921
divisions (B) and (E) of section 4749.033, and sections 4749.032	1922
and 4749.04 of the Revised Code, the director shall not adopt,	1923
maintain, renew, or enforce any rule, or take any other action,	1924
that prevents a person from receiving or renewing a license	1925
under this chapter due to any past criminal activity or	1926
interpretation of moral character.	1927
Sec. 4749.032. (A) If the director of public safety	1928
determines that an applicant meets the requirements of section	1929
4749.03 of the Revised Code and will not be denied an	1930
application under section 4749.031 of the Revised Code, the	1931
director shall notify the applicant that the applicant's	1932
qualifying agents qualify to take the examination required by	1933
section 4749.063 of the Revised Code and of the time and place	1934
for the examination.	1935
(B) The director may waive the examination requirement,	1936
but not the examination fee specified in division (B)(4)(b) of	1937
section 4749.03 of the Revised Code, of any applicant who	1938
currently holds a class A, B, or C license in this state or an	1939
applicant who is licensed as a private investigator provider,	1940
security provider, or both, in another state.	1941
Sec. 4749. (A)(1) If the director of public safety finds	1942
that the applicant meets the requirements of sections 4749.03 to	1943
4749.032 of the Revised Code, the director shall issue the	1944
applicant a class A, B, or C license.	1945
(2) The license shall state all of the following:	1946
(a) The licensee's name;	1947
(b) The classification of the license;	1948

(c) The location of the licensee's principal place of	1949
business;	1950
(d) The expiration date of the license;	1951
(e) The names of the qualifying agents who have passed the	1952
examination or for whom the examination was waived.	1953
(3)(a) In addition to the license, the director also shall	1954
issue a registration card to each qualifying agent who has	1955
passed the examination required by section 4729.063 of the	1956
Revised Code or for whom examination was waived.	1957
(b) The registration card issued in accordance with this	1958
division shall be the same registration card issued in	1959
accordance with section 4749.06 of the Revised Code, except that	1960
the registration card shall specify that the individual is a	1961
qualifying agent.	1962
(B) The director may grant an applicant a conditional	1963
license that lasts for one year. After the one-year period has	1964
expired, the license is no longer considered conditional, and	1965
the applicant shall be considered fully licensed.	1966
(C)(1) All licenses issued on or after the effective date	1967
of this section expire on the first day of March of the second	1968
year following the date issued, and on the first day of March	1969
every two years thereafter. Renewals shall be conducted in	1970
accordance with division (D) of this section.	1971
(2) Licenses issued prior to the effective date of this	1972
section with a business name starting with the letters A through	1973
L shall expire on the first day of March in the year indicated	1974
on the license. Such a license may be renewed for one year if	1975
all other requirements of this section are met and with payment	1976
of a renewal fee determined by the director, which shall not	1977

exceed two hundred seventy-five dollars. Thereafter, renewals	1978
shall occur every two years according to division (D) of this	1979
section.	1980
(3) Licenses issued prior to the effective date of this	1981
section with a business name starting with the letters M through	1982
Z shall expire on the first day of March in the year indicated	1983
on the license. Such a license shall be renewed according to	1984
division (D) of this section.	1985
(D)(1) To renew a license issued under this section, a	1986
license holder shall complete an application for renewal and pay	1987
a renewal fee determined by the director, which shall not exceed	1988
five hundred fifty dollars. Both the application and the fee	1989
shall be submitted to the director prior to the first day of	1990
March of the year in which the license expires.	1991
(2) Applications for license renewal and the accompanying	1992
fee submitted on or after the first day of March, but prior to	1993
the first day of April, in the year the license expires shall be	1994
accepted by the department if accompanied by the payment of a	1995
late fee of one hundred fifty dollars, that is in addition to	1996
the renewal fee prescribed in this section.	1997
(3) No reexamination shall be required for renewal of a	1998
current license.	1999
(4)(a) If an application for renewal is not submitted or	2000
is submitted on or after the first day of April in the year it	2001
expires, the licensee will be required to submit an application	2002
for a new license in accordance with section 4749.03 of the	2003
Revised Code.	2004
(b) A business that does not submit an application for	2005
renewal before the first day of April in the year its license	2006

expires is prohibited from engaging in the business of private	2007
investigation, security officer services, or both, and is	2008
subject to sanctions for operating an unlicensed business if it	2009
continues to operate.	2010
(E) (1) The director shall not renew the license of a	2011
licensee that no longer meets the applicable requirements of	2012
this section.	2013
(2) No license shall be renewed unless the licensee	2014
provides all of the following:	2015
(a) Evidence of comprehensive, general liability insurance	2016
<pre>coverage;</pre>	2017
(b) Certificate of good standing from the secretary of	2018
state;	2019
(c) A full force and effect certificate from the secretary	2020
of state, if applicable;	2021
(d) The renewal fee established pursuant to division (D)	2022
(1) of this section;	2023
(e) A five-dollar fee for each qualifying agent listed on	2024
the license.	2025
(3) If the director denies a person a license renewal, the	2026
director shall explain the reasons for the denial in writing.	2027
(F) In considering the first renewal of a license, the	2028
director shall not consider any conviction or plea of guilty	2029
prior to the initial licensing, but may consider a conviction or	2030
plea of guilty that occurred on or after the initial licensing.	2031
For subsequent renewals, the director may consider only a	2032
conviction or plea of guilty that occurred after the most recent	2033
license renewal.	2034

(G) The director may issue a duplicate copy of a license	2035
issued under this section for the purpose of replacing a lost,	2036
spoiled, or destroyed license, upon payment of a fee the	2037
director determines, not exceeding twenty-five dollars.	2038
Sec. 4749.034. (A) A qualifying agent may qualify more	2039
than one business for licensure, provided that the qualifying	2040
agent is actively engaged in each business.	2041
(B) A business may transfer the business's class A, B, or	2042
C license to another business upon completion of all of the	2043
<pre>following:</pre>	2044
(1) Submission of written notification to the director;	2045
(2) Completion of an application for licensure by the	2046
transferee;	2047
(3) Surrender of the transferring business's current	2048
license;	2049
(4) Payment of a twenty-five-dollar fee.	2050
(C)(1) Any officer or qualifying agent who qualified a	2051
business for licensure under this chapter may obtain a similar	2052
license in the individual's own name without reexamination upon	2053
completion of all of the following:	2054
(a) Written notification to the director;	2055
(b) Completion of an application similar to that of an	2056
individual seeking class A, B, or C licensure;	2057
(c) Payment of a twenty-five-dollar fee.	2058
(2) A request by an officer or qualifying agent for an	2059
individual license shall not affect a business's license unless	2060
the individual is the only individual that qualified the	2061

business for licensure or all the other individuals who	2062
qualified the business for licensure submit such requests.	2063
(D)(1) If a business is, for any reason, no longer	2064
associated with an individual who qualified it for licensure	2065
under this chapter, a representative of the business shall	2066
notify the director by certified mail, return receipt requested,	2067
within ten days after the association terminates.	2068
(2) If notification is so given, and the individual was	2069
the only individual that qualified the business for licensure,	2070
and the business submits the name of another individual to	2071
qualify the business for the license within thirty days after	2072
the association terminates, the business may continue to operate	2073
in the business of private investigation, the business of	2074
security services, or both businesses in this state under that	2075
license for ninety days after the association terminates.	2076
(3) If the individual whose name is submitted satisfies	2077
the requirements of division (A) of this section and sections	2078
4749.03 to 4749.032 of the Revised Code, the director shall	2079
issue a new license to the business within ninety days after	2080
receiving the application.	2081
(4) The names of more than one individual may be	2082
submitted.	2083
Sec. 4749.031 4749.035. (A) The department of public	2084
safety shall be a participating public office for purposes of	2085
the retained applicant fingerprint database established under	2086
section 109.5721 of the Revised Code. The department shall elect	2087
to participate in the continuous record monitoring service for	2088
all persons licensed or registered under this chapter. When the	2089
superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and	2090

investigation, under section 109.57 of the Revised Code,	2091
indicates that an individual in the retained applicant	2092
fingerprint database has been arrested for, convicted of, or	2093
pleaded guilty to any offense, the superintendent promptly shall	2094
notify the department either electronically or by mail that	2095
additional arrest or conviction information is available.	2096
(B) In addition to any other fees charged by the	2097
department under this chapter, an applicant for a license under	2098
section sections 4749.03 to 4749.034 or registration under	2099
section 4749.06 of the Revised Code, at the time of making an	2100
initial or renewal application, shall pay any initial or annual	2101
fee charged by the superintendent pursuant to rules adopted	2102
under division (F) of section 109.5721 of the Revised Code.	2103
Sec. 4749.04. (A) The director of public safety may take	2104
any action specified in division (C) of this section against a	2105
person who has applied for or holds a class A, B, or C license	2106
or registration card. Actions taken against a person shall be	2107
taken in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code,	2108
except as provided in section 4749.041 of the Revised Code.	2109
(B) The director may impose sanctions against an	2110
applicant, licensee, or registrant for any of the following	2111
reasons:	2112
(1) Any violation of this chapter or the rules adopted	2113
pursuant to this chapter or for allowing another to violate this	2114
chapter or the rules adopted pursuant to this chapter;	2115
(2) Conviction of or plea of guilty to any crime of moral	2116
turpitude in which the defendant is a registrant, licensee,	2117
qualifying agent, or any other person listed on the license	2118
application in accordance with division $(\Lambda)(1)(a)$ of section	2110

4749.03 of the Revised Code;	2120
(3) A conviction of or plea of guilty to a disqualifying	2121
offense within the last three years, where the defendant is a	2122
registrant, licensee, qualifying agent, or any other person	2123
listed on the license application in accordance with division	2124
(A) (1) (a) of section 4749.03 of the Revised Code;	2125
(4) Knowingly making a false report with respect to any	2126
matter with which the licensee or registrant is employed or	2127
knowingly falsifying any business records;	2128
(5) Testifying falsely under oath, or suborning perjury in	2129
any judicial proceeding;	2130
(6) Divulging any information acquired from or for a	2131
client to persons other than the client or the client's	2132
authorized agent without express authorization to do so or	2133
unless required by law;	2134
(7) Knowingly accepting employment that includes obtaining	2135
information intended for illegal purposes.	2136
(C) The director may take any of the following actions	2137
against an applicant, licensee, or registrant for a violation	2138
described in division (B) of this section:	2139
(1) Refuse to issue, renew, restore, or reinstate a	2140
<pre>license or registration;</pre>	2141
(2) Reprimand or censure a licensee or registrant in	2142
writing;	2143
(3) Place limits, restrictions, or probationary conditions	2144
on a licensee's operations;	2145
(4) Other than a reason described in division (B)(2) or	2146

(3) of this section, impose on a licensee or registrant a civil	2147
penalty of not more than one hundred dollars for each day of	2148
violation, up to twenty-five thousand dollars;	2149
(5) Suspend a license or registration;	2150
(6) Revoke a license or registration;	2151
(7) Permanently revoke a license or registration.	2152
(D) This chapter does not require the director to act on	2153
minor paperwork violations of this chapter or the rules adopted	2154
under it, if the violations are committed by licensees and the	2155
director determines that the public interest is adequately	2156
served by issuing a notice or warning to the alleged offender.	2157
(E) Nothing in this section shall be construed as	2158
prohibiting the director from taking action against both a	2159
licensee and registrant for actions taken by a registrant.	2160
(F) The director of public safety may impose any of the	2161
sanctions listed in division (C) of this section against a	2162
person proctoring the examination required by section 4749.063	2163
of the Revised Code or a licensee for the following reasons:	2164
(1) Providing examination answers to the registration	2165
applicant;	2166
(2) Allowing another person to sit in place of the	2167
registrant applicant for the examination;	2168
(3) Undermining the integrity of the prescribed	2169
examination through the proctor's act or failure to act.	2170
(G) The director shall adopt a rule in accordance with	2171
this chapter to provide guidelines for proposed disciplinary	2172
sanctions on applicants, licensees, and registrants for	2173

violations of this chapter.	2174
Sec. 4749.041. (A) If the director of public safety	2175
determines that there is clear and convincing evidence that a	2176
licensee or a registrant presents a danger of immediate and	2177
serious harm to the public, the director may summarily suspend	2178
the person's license or registration without a prior hearing.	2179
(B) If the director summarily suspends a license or a	2180
registration, or both, the director shall issue a written order	2181
of suspension and cause it to be delivered in accordance with	2182
section 119.07 of the Revised Code. Such order shall inform the	2183
person subject to the suspension of the reason for suspension	2184
and of the person's right to request an adjudication hearing	2185
within fifteen days after the date of mailing the notice. If the	2186
person does not timely request an adjudication hearing, the	2187
summary suspension becomes a final adjudication order.	2188
(C)(1) If the person subject to the summary suspension	2189
requests an adjudication hearing, such hearing shall be held in	2190
compliance with the provisions of sections 119.06 to 119.12 of	2191
the Revised Code.	2192
(2) The director shall immediately set the date, time, and	2193
place for the hearing and promptly notify the person thereof.	2194
The date set for the hearing shall be within fifteen days, but	2195
not earlier than seven days, after the person has requested a	2196
hearing, unless otherwise agreed to by both the director and the	2197
person.	2198
(D) The summary suspension shall remain in effect, unless	2199
reversed by the director, until a final adjudication order	2200
issued by the director pursuant to this section and Chapter 119.	2201
of the Revised Code becomes effective. The order shall not be	2202

subject to suspension by any court while an appeal filed under	2203
section 119.12 of the Revised Code is pending.	2204
(E) The director shall issue a final adjudication order	2205
not later than sixty days after completion of the adjudication.	2206
If the director does not issue a final order within a sixty-day	2207
period, the summary suspension shall be void, but any final	2208
adjudication order issued subsequent to the sixty-day period	2209
shall not be affected.	2210
Sec. 4749.05. (A) Each class A, B, or C licensee shall	2211
report the location of branch offices to the department of	2212
public safety, and to the sheriff of the county and the police-	2213
chief of any municipal corporation in which the office is-	2214
<del>located,</del> and shall post a branch office license conspicuously in	2215
that office. Application for a branch office license shall be	2216
made on a form prescribed by the director of public safety, and	2217
a license shall be issued upon receipt of the form and payment	2218
of a fee fixed by the director, not exceeding one hundred	2219
dollars. If a licensee moves an office, the licensee shall	2220
notify, in writing, the department of public safety and any	2221
affected sheriff and chief of police within forty-eight hours of	2222
the change.	2223
This division does not apply to a licensed private	2224
investigator who is engaging in the business of private	2225
investigation as a registered employee of a licensed private	2226
investigator.	2227
(B) Pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the	2228
director of public safety shall adopt rules regarding when a	2229
class A, B, or C licensee, or any of such a licensee's	2230
employees, is required to report the licensee's or employee's-	2231
presence and length of stay to the sheriff and police chief of	2232

any county or municipal corporation in which the licensee or	2233
employee operates. The rules shall include reporting	2234
requirements for licenses or employees conducting fraud	2235
investigations or physical surveillance.	2236
Sec. 4749.06. (A) Each class A, B, or C licensee shall	2237
register the licensee's investigator or security guard	2238
employees, with the department of public safety, which shall	2239
maintain a record of each licensee and registered employee and	2240
make it available, upon request, to any law enforcement agency.	2241
The class A, B, or C licensee shall file an application to-	2242
register a new employee no sooner than three days nor later than	2243
seven calendar days after the date on which the employee is	2244
hired.	2245
(B) (1) Each employee's registration application shall be	2246
accompanied by one recent photograph of the employee, the	2247
employee's physical description, and the registration fee the	2248
director determines, not to exceed forty dollars.	2249
(2) The employee Any person, who is eighteen years of age	2250
or older on the date of making application, may apply to the	2251
director of public safety for a class A private investigator and	2252
security officer registration, a class B private investigator	2253
registration, or class C security officer registration. A	2254
registration application shall be made on a form prescribed by	2255
the director and shall include all of the following:	2256
(1) The applicant's name, address, date and place of	2257
birth, citizenship, and one recent photograph of the applicant;	2258
(2) A brief physical description of the applicant;	2259
(3) Documentation that the applicant has successfully	2260
passed the private investigator and security officer examination	2261

in accordance with the provisions of section 4749.063 of the	2262
Revised Code;	2263
(4) The registration fee the director determines, not to	2264
exceed eighty dollars for a two-year registration;	2265
(5) Any other information the director may require, as set	2266
forth in rules adopted pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised	2267
Code.	2268
(B) In addition to the application required in division	2269
(A) of this section, the applicant shall submit one complete set	2270
of fingerprints directly to the superintendent of the bureau of	2271
criminal identification and investigation for the purpose of	2272
conducting a criminal records check. The employee shall provide	2273
the fingerprints using a method the superintendent prescribes	2274
pursuant to division (C)(2) of section 109.572 of the Revised	2275
Code and fill out complete the form the superintendent	2276
prescribes pursuant to division (C)(1) of section 109.572 of the	2277
Revised Code. An employee who intends to carry a firearm as-	2278
defined in section 2923.11 of the Revised Code in the course of	2279
the employee's business or employment shall so notify the	2280
superintendent. This notification is in addition to any other	2281
requirement related to carrying a firearm that applies to the	2282
employee meeting the requirements set forth in section 4749.10	2283
of the Revised Code for carrying a firearm. The individual or	2284
corporation requesting the criminal records check shall pay the	2285
fee the superintendent prescribes.	2286
The superintendent shall conduct the criminal records	2287
check as set forth in division (B) of section 109.572 of the	2288
Revised Code. If an employee intends to carry a firearm in the	2289
course of business or employment, pursuant to division (B)(2) of	2290
section 109.572 of the Revised Code the superintendent shall	2291

make a request of the federal bureau of investigation for any	2292
information and review the information the bureau provides. The	2293
superintendent shall submit all results of the completed	2294
investigation to the director of public safety.	2295
(3) If, after investigation, the bureau finds that the-	2296
employee (C) The director shall issue to the applicant a private	2297
investigator, security officer, or private investigator and	2298
security officer registration card if the director finds that	2299
the applicant meets all of the following criteria:	2300
(1) The applicant has not been convicted of a	2301
disqualifying offense as defined in section 4776.10 of the	2302
Revised Code within the last three years, the.	2303
(2) The applicant has not been convicted of any crime of	2304
<pre>moral turpitude.</pre>	2305
(3) (a) The applicant has a good reputation of integrity.	2306
(b) The director shall adopt a rule in accordance with	2307
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code setting forth the factors the	2308
director may consider when determining whether an applicant has	2309
a good reputation for integrity. The rule shall include all of	2310
<pre>the following:</pre>	2311
(i) Whether or not the applicant has been subject to	2312
discipline for a violation of this chapter or its accompanying	2313
rules or a violation of any former or existing law of another	2314
state that is or was substantially equivalent to any of the	2315
prohibitions set forth in this chapter, within five years of	2316
<pre>making application;</pre>	2317
(ii) Whether or not the applicant has voluntarily	2318
surrendered a license or registration issued in accordance with	2319
this chapter within five years of making application or	2320

voluntarily surrendered a substantially equivalent license or	2321
registration issued under former or existing laws of another	2322
state;	2323
(iii) Whether or not the applicant has had a license or	2324
registration issued in accordance with this chapter previously	2325
revoked or suspended or has had a substantially equivalent	2326
license or registration issued under former or existing law of	2327
another state revoked or suspended.	2328
(4) The applicant has submitted a completed application,	2329
registration fee, and all required materials in accordance with	2330
divisions (A) and (B) of this section.	2331
(D) The director shall issue to the employee an	2332
identification applicant a registration card bearing the license	2333
number and signature of the licensee, which in the case of a	2334
corporation shall be the signature of its president or its	2335
qualifying agent, and containing the employee's name, address,	2336
age, physical description, and right thumb print or registrant's	2337
name, signiture, and recent photograph of the applicant and any	2338
other identifying mark as the director prescribes, a recent	2339
photograph of the employee, and the employee's signature by	2340
<u>rule</u> . The director may issue a duplicate of a lost, <u>spoliated</u>	2341
spoiled, or destroyed identification registration card issued	2342
under this section, upon payment of a fee fixed by the director,	2343
not exceeding five dollars.	2344
(C) (E) A registration card issued by the director in	2345
accordance with this section shall expire two years from the	2346
date of issuance and shall be renewed in accordance with section	2347
4749.061 of the Revised Code. The registration card authorizes	2348
the registrant to provide private investigator services,	2349
security services, or both anywhere in this state, only if the	2350

registrant is employed by a private investigator, security	2351
services provider, or both that is licensed in accordance with	2352
sections 4749.03 to 4749.034 of the Revised Code. The	2353
registration card issued by the department shall be carried by	2354
the registrant at all times while on duty.	2355
(F) Any registrant holding a valid registration card may	2356
change the registrant's registration class by submitting a	2357
change of classification request on a form prescribed by the	2358
director, payment of a five-dollar fee, and evidence of having	2359
passed the examination required under section 4749.063 of the	2360
Revised Code for that class. Upon receiving a change of	2361
classification request and the accompanying fee the director	2362
shall issue a new registration card.	2363
(G)(1) Except as provided in division $(E)(G)(2)$ of this	2364
section and section 4749.061 of the Revised Code, no class A, B,	2365
or C licensee shall permit <del>an employee, other than an individual</del>	2366
who qualified a corporation for licensure, a registrant in the	2367
<u>licensee's employ</u> to engage in, and no registrant shall engage	2368
in, the business of private investigation, the business of	2369
security services, or both <del>businesses</del> —until the <del>employee</del> —	2370
registrant receives an identification a registration card from	2371
the department, except that pending the issuance of an-	2372
identification card, a class A, B, or C licensee may offer for	2373
hire security guard or investigator employees provided the	2374
licensee obtains a waiver from the person who receives, for	2375
hire, security guard or investigative services, acknowledging	2376
that the person is aware the employees have not completed their-	2377
registration and agreeing to their employment.	2378
(D) If a class A, B, or C licensee, or a registered	2379
employee of a class A, B, or C licensee, intends to.	2380

(2)(a) Any person employed by a class A, B, or C licensee,	2381
who has submitted an application for registration to the	2382
department in accordance with the requirements set forth in	2383
division (A) of this section, and whose application is pending	2384
approval by the director, may, at the direction and	2385
authorization of the employing licensee, engage in the business	2386
of private investigation, the business of security services, or	2387
both for a period of time not to exceed ninety days from the	2388
date the application for registration was submitted to the	2389
department. During the period in which the person's application	2390
for registration is pending approval, the person shall have the	2391
receipt of application issued by the department in the	2392
applicant's possession at all times while engaged in the	2393
provision of services for the applicant's employing licensee.	2394
(b) No person whose application for a firearm-bearer	2395
notation on the person's registration card, as set forth in	2396
section 4749.10 of the Revised Code, is pending approval by the	2397
director may carry a firearm while engaged in the business of	2398
private investigation, the business of security services, or	2399
both, whether or not the person has the person's receipt of	2400
application issued by the department.	2401
(3) While engaged in the duties of a registrant, upon the	2402
demand of any law enforcement officer who identifies him or	2403
herself as a law enforcement officer, an employee of the	2404
department of public safety who identifies him or herself as	2405
such an employee, or the client of the licensee, the registrant,	2406
or a person whose application for registration is pending	2407
approval by the director, shall display his or her registration	2408
card or receipt of application to that officer, employee, or	2409
client.	2410

(H) No registrant shall carry a firearm, as defined in	2411
section 2923.11 of the Revised Code, in the course of engaging	2412
in the business <del>or employment, the licensee or registered</del>	2413
employee shall satisfactorily complete a firearms basic training	2414
program that includes twenty hours of handgun training and five	2415
hours of training in the use of other firearms, if any other	2416
firearm is to be used, or equivalency training, if authorized,	2417
or shall be a former peace officer who previously had	2418
successfully completed a firearms training course, shall receive	2419
a certificate of satisfactory completion of that program or	2420
written evidence of approval of the equivalency training, shall	2421
file an application for registration, shall receive a firearm-	2422
bearer notation on the licensee's or registered employee's	2423
identification card, and shall annually requalify on a firearms	2424
range, all as described in division (A) of private	2425
investigation, the business of security services, or both, until	2426
the registrant has obtained a firearm-bearer notation on the	2427
registrant's registration card in accordance with section	2428
4749.10 of the Revised Code. A private investigator, security	2429
guard provider, or employee is authorized to carry a firearm	2430
only in accordance with that division.	2431
(E) This (I) The registration requirements of this section	2432
does do not apply to commissioned peace officers, as defined in	2433
division (B) of section 2935.01 of the Revised Code, working	2434
within their jurisdiction for, either as an employee or	2435
independent contractor, a class A, B, or C licensee. For-	2436
purposes of this chapter, a commissioned peace officer is an	2437
employee exempt from registration.	2438
(F) The registration of an investigator or security guard	2439
employee expires annually on the anniversary date of its initial	2440
issuance. Annual renewals shall be made pursuant to procedures	2441

the director establishes by rule and upon payment of a renewal-	2442
fee the director determines, not to exceed thirty-five dollars.	2443
The director shall not renew the registration of any-	2444
investigator or security guard employee who no longer meets the-	2445
requirements of this section. No background check is required	2446
for annual renewal, but an investigator or security guard-	2447
employee shall report any conviction of a disqualifying offense-	2448
to the employer and the director of public safety as a condition-	2449
of continued registration.	2450
Sec. 4749.061. (A) (1) Registration cards issued prior to	2451
the effective date of this section shall expire on the date	2452
listed on the current registration card.	2453
(2) When renewing such registration cards, the director of	2454
public safety shall issue new registration cards according to	2455
the following:	2456
(a) Registrants with a last name starting with the letters	2457
A through L shall receive a registration card valid for one	2458
year, if all other requirements of this section are met and with	2459
payment of a renewal fee the director determines, not to exceed	2460
<pre>forty dollars.</pre>	2461
(b) Registrants with a last name starting with the letters_	2462
M through Z shall receive a registration card valid for two	2463
years, if all other requirements of this section are met and	2464
with payment of a renewal fee the director determines, not to	2465
exceed eighty dollars.	2466
(B) Except as provided in division (A)(2) of this section,	2467
renewals shall occur every two years by meeting the requirements	2468
of this section and in accordance with all of the following:	2469
(1) Renewals shall be made by submitting an application	2470

for renewal on a form prescribed by the director of public	2471
safety, on or before the registrant's expiration date.	2472
(2) The application for renewal shall be accompanied by a	2473
renewal fee determined by the director, not to exceed eighty	2474
dollars.	2475
(3) Renewal applications submitted within thirty days	2476
after an applicant's registration expires shall be accompanied	2477
by the payment of a late fee of twenty dollars, that is in	2478
addition to the renewal fee prescribed in this division.	2479
(4) If a renewal application is not submitted or is	2480
submitted more than thirty days after the registration expires,	2481
the registrant will be required to submit an application for a	2482
new registration in accordance with this section. The expired	2483
registrant is prohibited from providing private investigation,	2484
security officer services, or both and is subject to sanctions	2485
for providing unregistered or unlicensed private investigator or	2486
security services or both if the expired registrant provides	2487
those services.	2488
(C) The director shall not renew the registration of a	2489
person who no longer meets the requirements of this section or	2490
fails to pay the renewal fee.	2491
(D) If a registrant is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	2492
disqualifying offense or offense of moral turpitude that is a	2493
felony, the registrant shall report that conviction or plea of	2494
guilty in writing to the registrant's employer and the director	2495
of public safety as a condition of continued registration. No	2496
registrant shall fail to comply with this division.	2497
Sec. 4749.062. (A) Each licensee shall report the	2498
licensee's private investigator or security officer employees,	2499

including those exempted from the registration requirements by	2500
division (I) of section 4749.06 of the Revised Code, with the	2501
department of public safety.	2502
(B) The department shall maintain a record of each	2503
licensee and each such employee and make it available upon	2504
request to any law enforcement agency and to the public.	2505
(C) The licensee shall report a new such employee not	2506
later than seven calendar days after the date on which the	2507
<pre>employee is hired.</pre>	2508
(D) Each licensee shall notify the department not later	2509
than seven calendar days after such an employee's employment is	2510
terminated for any reason.	2511
(E) A licensee shall allow a registrant in the licensee's	2512
employ to work only within the registrant's class.	2513
(F) Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting	2514
registrants from being employed by more than one licensee at the	2515
<pre>same time.</pre>	2516
Sec. 4749.063. (A) Beginning on the effective date of this	2517
section, all persons submitting an application for a new private	2518
investigator registration, security officer registration, or	2519
both, shall be required to submit documentation showing that the	2520
applicant has within the one-year period immediately prior to	2521
making application, successfully passed a written private	2522
investigator examination, security officer examination, or both.	2523
(B) The director of public safety shall adopt rules in	2524
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code governing the	2525
examination and any training curriculum required prior to the	2526
examination The rules shall address all of the following:	2527

(1) With regard to the examination, all of the following	2528
<pre>shall be addressed or included:</pre>	2529
(a) Authorization for a qualifying agent of a licensee	2530
licensed pursuant to this chapter, or designee of a qualifying	2531
agent made in writing to the department of public safety to	2532
<pre>proctor the examination;</pre>	2533
(b) A requirement that applicants who fail the examination	2534
on the first attempt attend the eight-hour training course	2535
<pre>prescribed in this division;</pre>	2536
(c) The option for the examination to be administered	2537
<pre>electronically;</pre>	2538
(d) The option to create either one private investigator	2539
and security officer examination or separate examinations for	2540
private investigators, security officers, or both private	2541
investigators and security officers.	2542
(e) The content of the examination, consistent with this	2543
division;	2544
(f) The examination fee, which shall not exceed fifty	2545
dollars.	2546
(2) With regard to training, the rules shall include both	2547
of the following:	2548
(a) The option for applicants for a private investigator	2549
or security officer registration or both on or after the	2550
effective date of this section to take eight hours of training	2551
<pre>prior to examination.</pre>	2552
(b) The training curriculum, which shall, at a minimum,	2553
contain content pertaining to all of the following:	2554

(i) The role of private investigators and security	2555
officers;	2556
(ii) The laws and rules governing the business of private	2557
investigation and security services in this state;	2558
(iii) The legal powers and limitation on private	2559
investigators and security officers, including civil liability;	2560
(iv) Emergency procedures;	2561
(v) Communications and human and public relations;	2562
<pre>(vi) Access control;</pre>	2563
(vii) Ethics and professional conduct.	2564
(C) All registrants who are registered on the effective	2565
date of this section are exempt from the training and	2566
examination required by this section.	2567
Sec. 4749.07. (A) After refund of any license fees as	2568
required by section 4749.03 of the Revised Code, the department	2569
of public safety shall pay all fees received pursuant to this	2570
chapter to the treasurer of state, to be credited to the private	2571
investigator and security guard officer provider fund, which is	2572
hereby created.	2573
(B) Moneys received in payment of fines levied pursuant to	2574
section 4749.99 of the Revised Code shall be distributed as	2575
follows:	2576
(1) One-third to the general fund of the municipal	2577
corporation or township in which the prosecution occurs;	2578
(2) One-third to the general fund of the county in which	2579
the prosecution occurs;	2580
(3) One-third to the private investigator and security	2581

guard officer provider fund.	2582
Sec. 4749.08. (A) No class A, B, or C licensee, or	2583
registered employee registrant of a class A, B, or C licensee	2584
shall be considered, because of licensure or registration under	2585
this chapter, a law enforcement officer or peace officer for any	2586
purpose. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as granting	2587
the right to carry a concealed weapon.	2588
(B) The rules of the department of public safety adopted	2589
for the administration of this chapter shall include provisions	2590
to assure that any uniform, badge, or identification or	2591
<u>registration</u> card shall be so designed as to avoid confusion of	2592
a private investigator, security guard provider, or registered	2593
employee class A, B, or C licensee or registrant with any law	2594
enforcement officer or peace officer in this state.	2595
(C)(1) No licensee shall publish or cause to be published	2596
any document, or use, either of the following in relation to the	2597
services it provides:	2598
(a) The words "law enforcement," "police," "sheriff,"	2599
"deputy," "peace officer," "trooper," "constable," or "patrol"	2600
in conjunction with the terms "Ohio" or "State";	2601
(b) Any other phrase or statement of any sort that	2602
suggests that the licensee is an official law enforcement or	2603
governmental, investigative agency or that a registrant in the	2604
licensee's employ is an official law enforcement officer or	2605
<pre>peace officer.</pre>	2606
As used in this division, "document" includes any	2607
advertisement, letterhead, circular, electronic site, statement,	2608
or phrase.	2609
(2) Division (C)(1) of this section shall not apply to the	2610

licensee if the licensee has been commissioned as a peace	2611
officer pursuant to section 109.71 of the Revised Code,	2612
commissioned as a special police officer pursuant to section	2613
4973.17 of the Revised Code, commissioned as a private policeman	2614
pursuant to section 737.05 of the Revised Code, or as a	2615
commissioned or appointed police officer pursuant to any other	2616
statute in the Revised Code, and the licensee is acting pursuant	2617
to his or her authority as a commissioned officer.	2618
(D) No vehicle used by a licensee or registrant in the	2619
performance of the business of private investigation or security	2620
services shall be marked with the words "law enforcement,"	2621
<pre>"police," "sheriff," "deputy," "peace officer," "trooper,"</pre>	2622
"constable," or "patrol" in conjunction with "Ohio" or "State."	2623
Sec. 4749.09. Any class A, B, or C licensee, or registered	2624
employee registrant of a class A, B, or C licensee, who operates	2625
in a municipal corporation that provides by ordinance for the	2626
licensing, registering, or regulation of private investigators,	2627
security— <u>guard providers</u> officers, or their employees shall	2628
conform to those ordinances insofar as they do not conflict with	2629
this chapter. No license or registration fees shall be charged	2630
by the state or any of its subdivisions for conducting the	2631
business of private investigation, the business of security	2632
services, or both businesses other than as provided in this	2633
chapter.	2634
Sec. 4749.10. (A) No class A, B, or C licensee and no	2635
registered employee of a class A, B, or C licensee shall No	2636
registrant shall carry a firearm in the course of the	2637
registrant's duties as a private investigator, security officer,	2638
or both unless the registrant is authorized to do so by the	2639
director of public safety in accordance with this section.	2640

Nothing in this section shall be construed as authorizing a	2641
registrant to carry a concealed firearm under any circumstance,	2642
unless the registrant complies with sections 2923.124 to	2643
2923.1213 of the Revised Code or 18 U.S.C. 926C.	2644
(B) In order to carry a firearm, as defined in section	2645
2923.11 of the Revised Code, in the course of engaging in the	2646
business of private investigation, the business of security	2647
services, or both businesses, unless all of the following apply	2648
the registrant shall comply with the provisions of this section,	2649
including all of the following:	2650
(1) The <del>licensee or employee</del> registrant shall have done	2651
either <del>has successfully of the following:</del>	2652
(a) Successfully completed a basic private security	2653
firearm <u>basic</u> training program <del>at a training school</del> approved by	2654
the Ohio peace officer training commission, which and has	2655
received a certificate of satisfactory completion and has	2656
qualified with each firearm type to be carried in the course of	2657
engaging in the business of private investigation or security	2658
services. The program <del>includes twenty </del> shall include forty hours	2659
of training in handgun use and, if any firearm other than a	2660
handgun is to be used, five hours of training in the use of	2661
other firearms, and has received a certificate of satisfactory	2662
completion of that program from the executive director of the	2663
commission; the licensee or employee has, within three years	2664
prior to November 27, 1985, satisfactorily completed firearms	2665
training that has been approved by the commission as being-	2666
equivalent to such a program and has received written evidence	2667
of approval of that training from the executive director of the-	2668
commission; or the licensee or employee is a former peace-	2669
officer, as defined in section 109.71 of the Revised Code, who	2670

previously had successfully completed a firearms training course	2671
at a training school approved by the Ohio peace officer training-	2672
commission and has received a certificate or other evidence of	2673
satisfactory completion of that course from the executive	2674
director of the commission. that addresses all of the following	2675
topics:	2676
(i) The legal aspects of firearms use;	2677
(ii) Handgun marksmanship;	2678
(iii) Handgun handling and tactics;	2679
(iv) Shotgun marksmanship;	2680
(v) Shotgun handling and tactics.	2681
(b) Provided documentation that establishes both of the	2682
<pre>following:</pre>	2683
(i) That the applicant is an active or reserve member of	2684
the armed forces of the United States, was honorably discharged	2685
within the last three years from military service in the active	2686
or reserve armed forces of the United States, is a qualified law	2687
enforcement officer as defined in 18 U.S.C. 926B, or is a	2688
qualified retired law enforcement officer as defined in 18	2689
U.S.C. 926C;	2690
(ii) That, through participation in the military service	2691
or through employment described above, the applicant acquired	2692
experience with handling handguns and shotguns, and the	2693
experience so acquired was equivalent to training that the	2694
applicant could have acquired in the program described in	2695
division (B)(1)(a) of this section.	2696
(2) The <del>licensee or employee <u>registrant</u> submits an</del>	2697
application to the director of public safety, on a form	2698

prescribed by the director, in which the <del>licensee or employee</del>	2699
registrant requests <del>registration as a class A, B, or C licensee</del>	2700
<del>or employee <u>authorization as a registrant</u> who may carry a</del>	2701
firearm of the type for which the registrant has received the	2702
applicable training. The application shall be accompanied by a	2703
copy of the certificate or the written evidence or other	2704
evidence described in division $\frac{A}{B}$ (1) of this section, the	2705
identification card issued pursuant to section 4749.03 or	2706
4749.06 of the Revised Code if one has previously been issued, a	2707
statement of the duties that will be performed while the	2708
<del>licensee or employee is armed,</del> and a fee the director	2709
determines, not to exceed fifteen dollars. In the case of a	2710
registered employee, the statement shall be prepared by the	2711
employing class A, B, or C licensee.	2712
(3) The licensee or employee After the registrant receives	2713
a notation on the <del>licensee's or employee's identification</del>	2714
registrant's registration card that the <del>licensee or employee</del>	2715
registrant is a firearm-bearer and, the registrant carries the	2716
identification registration card whenever the licensee or	2717
employee carries a firearm in the course of engaging in the	2718
business of private investigation, the business of security	2719
services, or both businesses.	2720
(4) At any time within the immediately preceding twelve-	2721
month period, the licensee or employee has requalified in	2722
firearms use on a firearms training range at a firearms	2723
requalification program certified by the Ohio peace officer	2724
training commission or on a firearms training range under the	2725
supervision of an instructor certified by the commission and has-	2726
received a certificate of satisfactory requalification from the	2727
certified program or certified instructor, provided that this	2728

division does not apply to any licensee or employee prior to the-

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expiration of eighteen months after the licensee's or employee's	2730
completion of the program described in division (A)(1) of this-	2731
section. A certificate of satisfactory requalification is valid	2732
and remains in effect for twelve months from the date of the	2733
requalification.	2734
(5) If division (A) (4) of this section applies to the	2735
licensee or employee, the licensee or employee carries the-	2736
certificate of satisfactory requalification that then is in-	2737
effect or any other evidence of requalification issued or	2738
provided by the director.	2739
(B) (1) The director of public safety shall register an-	2740
applicant under division (A) of this section who satisfies	2741
divisions (A) (1) and (2) of this section, and place a notation-	2742
on the applicant's identification card indicating that the	2743
applicant is a firearm bearer and the date on which the	2744
applicant completed the program described in division (A)(1) of	2745
this section.	2746
(2) A firearms requalification training program or	2747
instructor certified by the commission for the annual-	2748
requalification of class A, B, or C licensees or employees who-	2749
are authorized to carry a firearm under section 4749.10 of the	2750
Revised Code shall award a certificate of satisfactory	2751
requalification to each class A, B, or C licensee or registered	2752
employee of a class A, B, or C licensee who satisfactorily	2753
requalifies in firearms training. The certificate shall identify	2754
the licensee or employee and indicate the date of the-	2755
requalification. A licensee or employee who receives such a	2756
certificate shall submit a copy of it to the director of public-	2757
safety. A licensee shall submit the copy of the requalification-	2758
certificate at the same time that the licensee makes application-	2759

for renewal of the licensee's class A, B, or C license. The	2760
director shall keep a record of all copies of requalification	2761
certificates the director receives under this division and shall-	2762
establish a procedure for the updating of identification cards-	2763
to provide evidence of compliance with the annual	2764
requalification requirement. The procedure for the updating of	2765
identification cards may provide for the issuance of a new card-	2766
containing the evidence, the entry of a new notation containing	2767
the evidence on the existing card, the issuance of a separate	2768
card or paper containing the evidence, or any other procedure	2769
determined by the director to be reasonable. Each person who is	2770
issued a requalification certificate under this division	2771
promptly shall pay to the Ohio peace officer training commission	2772
established by section 109.71 of the Revised Code a fee the	2773
director determines, not to exceed fifteen dollars, which fee	2774
shall be transmitted to the treasurer of state for deposit in	2775
the peace officer private security fund established by section-	2776
109.78 of the Revised Code.	2777
(C) Nothing in this section prohibits a private	2778
investigator or a security guard provider from carrying a	2779
concealed handgun if the private investigator or security guard	2780
provider complies with sections 2923.124 to 2923.1213 of the	2781
Revised Code.	2782
(C)(1) The basic firearms training described in division	2783
(B) (1) of this section is valid until the end of the following	2784
calendar year in which it is successfully completed.	2785
(2) In order to carry a firearm pursuant to this section,	2786
a registrant shall requalify annually pursuant to section	2787
109.801 of the Revised Code and in accordance with rules adopted	2788
by the attorney general pursuant to section 109.743 of the	2789

Revised Code.	2790
(3) Each firearms requalification is valid until the	2791
thirty-first of December of the year following the	2792
requalification.	2793
(4) A registrant who has not re-qualified within the prior	2794
three calendar years shall complete the initial training	2795
described in division (B)(1) of this section before carrying a	2796
firearm pursuant to this section.	2797
(5) The director of public safety shall receive the	2798
registrant's evidence of requalification signed by the	2799
instructor on a form prescribed by the director.	2800
(6) Upon receipt of that evidence and the payment of a fee	2801
prescribed by the director, the director shall renew the firearm	2802
bearer notation on the registrant's registration card.	2803
(D)(1) Private security firearms instructors and firearms	2804
requalification instructors with active certification by the	2805
Ohio peace officer training commission in the appropriate	2806
firearm type may requalify registrants pursuant to this	2807
division.	2808
(2) Registrants desiring to carry firearms other than	2809
handguns or shotguns in the course of engaging in the business	2810
of private investigation, the business of security services, or	2811
both businesses, shall comply with division (B) of this section	2812
and then subsequently shall complete a training course conducted	2813
by an instructor with active certification from the commission	2814
for the other firearm type and requalify annually with that	2815
other firearm type.	2816
(E)(1) The director of public safety may immediately	2817
revoke firearm-bearer privileges without a prior hearing upon	2818

receiving notice that a registrant is prohibited from carrying a	2819
firearm under 18 U.S.C. 922, section 2923.13 of the Revised	2820
Code, or a violation of any other state or federal law that	2821
disqualifies a person from carrying a firearm.	2822
(2) Upon revoking firearm-bearer privileges, the director	2823
of public safety shall provide the registrant with notice of	2824
opportunity of hearing in accordance with section 4749.041 of	2825
the Revised Code.	2826
Sec. 4749.11. (A) The director of public safety may	2827
investigate any applicant for the person listed on a class A, B,	2828
or C license, any principal officer or qualifying agent of a	2829
corporation who is specified in an application for licensure as-	2830
satisfying the requirements of divisions (A)(1) and (F)(1) of	2831
section 4749.03 of the Revised Code, and any employee of a class-	2832
A, B, or C licensee who seeks to be registered under section-	2833
4749.06 of the Revised Code application and any person applying	2834
for a class A, B, or C registration to determine whether the	2835
individual person satisfies the applicable requirements for	2836
licensure or registration.	2837
(B) (1) The director may investigate, on the director's own	2838
initiative, the actions or proposed actions of $\frac{a}{a}$ any of the	2839
following persons to determine whether the person is, has been,	2840
or will be in violation of any of the provisions of this chapter	2841
or rules adopted thereunder:	2842
(a) A class A, B, or C licensee, or registered employee of	2843
a class A, B, or C licensee to determine whether the person is,	2844
has been, or will be in violation of section 4749.13 of the-	2845
Revised Code.;	2846
(b) A person having a legal or beneficial interest in the	2847

ownership of a business that falls under the jurisdiction of	2848
this chapter;	2849
(c) A qualifying agent;	2850
(d) If a person listed on a license issued under this	2851
chapter is a corporation or limited liability company, any of	2852
the following:	2853
(i) Each officer of the person;	2854
(ii) Each managing member of the person;	2855
(iii) If the management of the company is not reserved to	2856
its members, the managers of the company;	2857
(iv) Any person owning or controlling five per cent or	2858
more of the capital stock of such a person that is a	2859
<pre>corporation;</pre>	2860
(v) Each person owning or controlling five per cent or	2861
more of either the voting interests or membership interests of	2862
such a person that is a limited liability company.	2863
(e) If a person listed on a license issued under this	2864
chapter is a partnership or association, each partner or member	2865
of the association.	2866
(2) The director shall may investigate any of these	2867
persons if a <del>verified written</del> -complaint is filed indicating that	2868
a person has violated, or is or will be violating, section	2869
4749.13 of the Revised Code; the complaint is supported by	2870
evidence submitted with it; and the director determines that a	2871
prima-facie case exists that a violation of that section is-	2872
being, has been, or will be committed by the person any	2873
provision of this chapter.	2874

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(C) The director may investigate, on the director's own	2875
initiative, the actions or proposed actions of a person who is	2876
not licensed or registered under this chapter and who appears to	2877
be acting as a class A, B, or C licensee, or employee of a class	2878
A, B, or C licensee registrant. The director shall may	2879
investigate such a person if a verified written complaint is	2880
filed indicating that a person was, is, or will be acting as a	2881
class A, B, or C licensee or employee of a class A, B, or C	2882
<pre>licensee registrant but is not licensed or registered as such</pre>	2883
under this chapter; the complaint is supported by evidence that	2884
is submitted with it; and the director determines that a prima-	2885
facie case exists that the person was, is, or will be acting in-	2886
the alleged manner.	2887

- (D) In connection with investigations under divisions (B) and (C) of this section, the director may file an action with the court of common pleas of Franklin county or the court of common pleas of the county in which the person who is the subject of the investigation resides, is engaging in actions, or proposing to engage in actions, to obtain an injunction, restraining order, or other appropriate relief.
- (E) The director may compel by subpoena witnesses to 2895 2896 appear and testify in relation to investigations under this chapter and may require by subpoena duces tecum the production 2897 of any book, paper, or document pertaining to an investigation. 2898 If a person does not comply with a subpoena or subpoena duces 2899 tecum, the director may apply to the court of common pleas of 2900 Franklin county for an order compelling the person to comply 2901 with the subpoena or subpoena duces tecum or, for failure to do 2902 so, to be held in contempt of court. 2903
  - (F) If, in an investigation under division (C) of this

section, the director determines that a person is not a class A,	2905
B, or C licensee, or a registered employee of a class A, B, or C	2906
licensee registrant, and that the person was, is, or will be	2907
acting in the alleged manner, the director may issue an order to	2908
the person to show cause why the person should not be subject to	2909
licensing or registration under this chapter. The director shall	2910
hold a hearing on the order, and if following the hearing the	2911
director determines that the person has engaged, or is or will	2912
be engaging, in activities requiring licensure or registration	2913
under this chapter, the director may issue a cease and desist	2914
order that shall describe the person and the activities that are	2915
the subject of it. The cease and desist order is enforceable in	2916
and may be appealed to a court of common pleas pursuant to	2917
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	2918
(G) In any proceeding or action brought under this	2919
chapter, the burden of proving an exemption from the licensure	2920
requirements of this chapter is on the person claiming the	2921
benefit of the exemption to a preponderance of the evidence.	2922
Sec. 4749.12. (A) A person who is a resident of another	2923
state and is validly licensed and in good standing in that state	2924
as a private investigator, security provider, or both, may	2925
conduct temporary assignments in this state for up to thirty	2926
days annually if the business or contract originated outside	2927
this state.	2928
(B) Any person conducting a temporary assignment in this	2929
state may not solicit business in this state.	2930
Sec. 4749.13. (A) No person shall engage in the business	2931
of private investigation, the business of security services, or	2932
both businesses in this state unless the person is licensed	2933
pursuant to this chapter or a registrant registered under this_	2934

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chapter and working for a licensee. Each day of continuing	2935
violation constitutes a separate offense. Nothing in this	2936
chapter shall be construed to require any employee of a class A,	2937
B, or C licensee a registrant to obtain a class A, B, or C	2938
license, provided that an employee shall be registered by a	2939
licensee when required by section 4749.06 of the Revised Code.	2940
Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to require a partner	2941
to be a class A, B, or C licensee except as provided in division	2942
(A) (3) of section 4749.03 of the Revised Code. Nothing in this	2943
chapter shall be construed to require a director, officer, or-	2944
qualifying agent of a corporation to individually be a class A,	2945
B, or C licensee if the corporation is licensed pursuant to this	2946
<del>chapter.</del>	2947
(D) No alogo A. D. or C. ligorgoo or registered employee	2948
(B) No class A, B, or C licensee, or registered employee	2940
of a class A, B, or C licensee shall:	2949
(1) Knowingly violate any provision of this chapter or any	2950
rule of the director of public safety adopted for the	2951
administration of this chapter;	2952
(2) Knowingly make a false report with respect to any	2953
matter with which the licensee or registered employee is-	2954
employed;	2955
(3) Divulge any information acquired from or for a client	2956
to persons other than the client or the client's authorized	2957
agent without express authorization to do so or unless required	2958
<del>by law;</del>	2959
(4) Knowingly accept employment which includes obtaining	2960
information intended for illegal purposes.	2961
(C) No person shall knowingly authorize or permit another	2962
person to violate any provision of this chapter or any rule of	2963
person to violate any provision of this chapter of any fare of	2903

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the director adopted for the administration of this chapter.	2964
(D) the registrant is engaging in the business of private	2965
investigation, the business of security services, or both as an	2966
employee of a licensee.	2967
(B) No person who is not licensed as a class A, B, or C	2968
licensee shall advertise that the person is or otherwise hold	2969
<pre>his or her self out as a class A, B, or C licensee. This</pre>	2970
division does not prohibit registered employees registrants from	2971
indicating in the course of authorized employment for a class A,	2972
B, or C licensee that they are authorized to engage in	2973
investigatory investigation, security services activities, or	2974
both-activities.	2975
Sec. 4749.151. Except as provided in division (F) of	2976
section 4749.06 of the Revised Code, any person providing	2977
private investigator services, security services, or both and	2978
holding the person's self out as an independent contractor shall	2979
<pre>either:</pre>	2980
(A) Hold a class A, B, or C license in accordance with	2981
sections 4749.03 to 4749.034 of the Revised Code;	2982
(B) Hold a class A, B, or C registration in accordance	2983
with section 4749.06 of the Revised Code and be providing	2984
services on behalf of a class A, B, or C licensee;	2985
(C) Be exempt from this chapter pursuant to division (L)	2986
of section 4749.01 of the Revised Code.	2987
Sec. 4749.99. (A) Except as otherwise provided in this	2988
division, whoever violates division (A) of section 4749.13 of	2989
the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.	2990
Whoever violates division (A) of section 4749.13 of the Revised	2991
Code and previously has been convicted of one or more violations	2992

of division (A) of that section is guilty of a felony of the	2993
fifth degree. If the offender previously has been convicted of	2994
two or more violations of division (A) of that section, the	2995
offender shall be fined ten thousand dollars and also may be	2996
imprisoned not more than one year.	2997
(B) Whoever violates division (B), (C), or (D) of section	2998
4749.13 of the Revised Code shall be fined not less than one	2999
hundred or more than one thousand dollars, imprisoned not more	3000
than one year, or both.	3001
Sec. 5502.011. (A) As used in this section, "department of	3002
public safety" and "department" include all divisions within the	3003
department of public safety.	3004
(B) The director of public safety is the chief executive	3005
and administrative officer of the department. The director may	3006
establish policies governing the department, the performance of	3007
its employees and officers, the conduct of its business, and the	3008
custody, use, and preservation of departmental records, papers,	3009
books, documents, and property. The director also may authorize	3010
and approve investigations to be conducted by any of the	3011
department's divisions. Whenever the Revised Code imposes a duty	3012
upon or requires an action of the department, the director may	3013
perform the action or duty in the name of the department or	3014
direct such performance to be performed by the director's	3015
designee.	3016
(C) In addition to any other duties enumerated in the	3017
Revised Code, the director or the director's designee shall do	3018
all of the following:	3019
(1) Administer and direct the performance of the duties of	3020

3021

the department;

(2) Pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, approve,	3022
adopt, and prescribe such forms and rules as are necessary to	3023
carry out the duties of the department;	3024
(3) On behalf of the department and in addition to any	3025
authority the Revised Code otherwise grants to the department,	3026
have the authority and responsibility for approving and entering	3027
into contracts, agreements, and other business arrangements;	3028
(4) Make appointments for the department as needed to	3029
comply with requirements of the Revised Code;	3030
(5) Approve employment actions of the department,	3031
including appointments, promotions, discipline, investigations,	3032
and terminations;	3033
(6) Accept, hold, and use, for the benefit of the	3034
department, any gift, donation, bequest, or devise, and may	3035
agree to and perform all conditions of the gift, donation,	3036
bequest, or devise, that are not contrary to law;	3037
(7) Apply for, allocate, disburse, and account for grants	3038
made available under federal law or from other federal, state,	3039
or private sources;	3040
(8) Develop a list of disqualifying offenses for licensure	3041
as a private investigator or a security <b>guard</b> officer provider	3042
pursuant to sections 4749.03, 4749.04, 4749.10, and 4776.10 of	3043
the Revised Code;	3044
(9) Do all other acts necessary or desirable to carry out	3045
this chapter.	3046
(D)(1) The director of public safety may assess a	3047
reasonable fee, plus the amount of any charge or fee passed on	3048
from a financial institution, on a drawer or indorser for each	3049

of the following:	3050
(a) A check, draft, or money order that is returned or	3051
dishonored;	3052
(b) An automatic bank transfer that is declined, due to	3053
insufficient funds or for any other reason;	3054
(c) Any financial transaction device that is returned or	3055
dishonored for any reason.	3056
(2) The director shall deposit any fee collected under	3057
this division in an appropriate fund as determined by the	3058
director based on the tax, fee, or fine being paid.	3059
(3) As used in this division, "financial transaction	3060
device" has the same meaning as in section 113.40 of the Revised	3061
Code.	3062
(E) The director shall establish a homeland security	3063
advisory council to advise the director on homeland security,	3064
including homeland security funding efforts. The advisory	3065
council shall include, but not be limited to, state and local	3066
government officials who have homeland security or emergency	3067
management responsibilities and who represent first responders.	3068
The director shall appoint the members of the council, who shall	3069
serve without compensation.	3070
Section 2. That existing sections 9.07, 109.78, 2921.51,	3071
2925.01, 3743.06, 3743.19, 4749.01, 4749.02, 4749.021, 4749.031,	3072
4749.05, 4749.06, 4749.07, 4749.08, 4749.09, 4749.10, 4749.11,	3073
4749.13, 4749.99, and 5502.011 and sections 4749.03, 4749.04,	3074
and 4749.12 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	3075
Section 3. Sections 1 and 2 of this act take effect one	3076
year after enactment of this act.	3077