As Reported by the Senate Health and Human Services Committee

131st General Assembly

Regular Session 2015-2016

Sub. S. B. No. 319

Senator Eklund

Cosponsors: Senators Manning, Beagle, Tavares, Brown

A BILL

То	amend sections 2925.61, 2929.14, 2947.231,	1
	3707.56, 3719.121, 3719.21, 4729.06, 4729.071,	2
	4729.16, 4729.18, 4729.19, 4729.38, 4729.51,	3
	4729.54, 4729.541, 4729.55, 4729.571, 4729.60,	4
	4729.68, 4729.99, 4731.22, 4731.94, 4776.02,	5
	4776.04, 5119.391, and 5119.392; to enact	6
	sections 3707.58, 3707.59, 3719.062, 4729.10,	7
	4729.40, 4729.45, 4729.513, 4729.514, 4729.553,	8
	4729.90, 4729.901, 4729.902, 4729.91, 4729.92,	9
	4729.921, 4729.93, 4729.94, 4729.95, 4729.96,	10
	and 4731.943; and to repeal section 4729.42 of	11
	the Revised Code and to amend Sections 331.90	12
	and 331.120 of Am. Sub. H.B. 64 of the 131st	13
	General Assembly to revise certain laws	14
	regarding the regulation of drugs, the practice	15
	of pharmacy, and the provision of addiction	16
	services.	1 7

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Sec	tion 1. Th	hat section	s 2925.61	1, 2929.14,	, 2947.232	1,	18
3707.56.	3719.121.	3719.21.	4729.06.	4729.071.	4729.16.	4729.18.	19

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for a felony elects or is required to impose a prison term on	106
the offender pursuant to this chapter, the court shall impose a	107
definite prison term that shall be one of the following:	108
(1) For a felony of the first degree, the prison term	109
shall be three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, or	110
eleven years.	111
(2) For a felony of the second degree, the prison term	112
shall be two, three, four, five, six, seven, or eight years.	113
(3)(a) For a felony of the third degree that is a	114
violation of section 2903.06, 2903.08, 2907.03, 2907.04, or	115
2907.05 of the Revised Code or that is a violation of section	116
2911.02 or 2911.12 of the Revised Code if the offender	117
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty in two or	118
more separate proceedings to two or more violations of section	119
2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, or 2911.12 of the Revised Code, the	120
prison term shall be twelve, eighteen, twenty-four, thirty,	121
thirty-six, forty-two, forty-eight, fifty-four, or sixty months.	122
(b) For a felony of the third degree that is not an	123
offense for which division (A)(3)(a) of this section applies,	124
the prison term shall be nine, twelve, eighteen, twenty-four,	125
thirty, or thirty-six months.	126
(4) For a felony of the fourth degree, the prison term	127
shall be six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen,	128
fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, or eighteen months.	129
(5) For a felony of the fifth degree, the prison term	130
shall be six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, or twelve months.	131
(B)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (B)(1)(e) of this	132
section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to	133
a felony also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	134

reduced pursuant to section 2967.19, section 2929.20, section

2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter

(q) of this section, a court shall not impose more than one

prison term on an offender under division (B)(1)(a) of this

section for felonies committed as part of the same act or

transaction.

5120. of the Revised Code. Except as provided in division (B)(1)

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(c) Except as provided in division (B)(1)(e) of this	165
section, if an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to	166
a violation of section 2923.161 of the Revised Code or to a	167
felony that includes, as an essential element, purposely or	168
knowingly causing or attempting to cause the death of or	169
physical harm to another, also is convicted of or pleads guilty	170
to a specification of the type described in section 2941.146 of	171
the Revised Code that charges the offender with committing the	172
offense by discharging a firearm from a motor vehicle other than	173
a manufactured home, the court, after imposing a prison term on	174
the offender for the violation of section 2923.161 of the	175
Revised Code or for the other felony offense under division (A),	176
(B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section, shall impose an additional	177
prison term of five years upon the offender that shall not be	178
reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.19, section	179
2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter	180
5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not impose more than	181
one additional prison term on an offender under division (B)(1)	182
(c) of this section for felonies committed as part of the same	183
act or transaction. If a court imposes an additional prison term	184
on an offender under division (B)(1)(c) of this section relative	185
to an offense, the court also shall impose a prison term under	186
division (B)(1)(a) of this section relative to the same offense,	187
provided the criteria specified in that division for imposing an	188
additional prison term are satisfied relative to the offender	189
and the offense.	190

(d) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to an offense of violence that is a felony also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in section 2941.1411 of the Revised Code that charges the offender with wearing or carrying body armor while committing the felony

offense of violence, the court shall impose on the offender a	196
prison term of two years. The prison term so imposed, subject to	197
divisions (C) to (I) of section 2967.19 of the Revised Code,	198
shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, section	199
2967.19, section 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter	200
2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. A court shall not	201
impose more than one prison term on an offender under division	202
(B)(1)(d) of this section for felonies committed as part of the	203
same act or transaction. If a court imposes an additional prison	204
term under division (B)(1)(a) or (c) of this section, the court	205
is not precluded from imposing an additional prison term under	206
division (B)(1)(d) of this section.	207

- (e) The court shall not impose any of the prison terms described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section or any of the additional prison terms described in division (B)(1)(c) of this section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.12 or 2923.123 of the Revised Code. The court shall not impose any of the prison terms described in division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.122 that involves a deadly weapon that is a firearm other than a dangerous ordnance, section 2923.16, or section 2923.121 of the Revised Code. The court shall not impose any of the prison terms described in division (B)(1)(a) of this section or any of the additional prison terms described in division (B)(1)(c) of this section upon an offender for a violation of section 2923.13 of the Revised Code unless all of the following apply:
- (i) The offender previously has been convicted of 222 aggravated murder, murder, or any felony of the first or second 223 degree. 224
 - (ii) Less than five years have passed since the offender

was released from prison or post-release control, whichever is
later, for the prior offense.
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(f) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	228
felony that includes, as an essential element, causing or	229
attempting to cause the death of or physical harm to another and	230
also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a specification of the	231
type described in section 2941.1412 of the Revised Code that	232
charges the offender with committing the offense by discharging	233
a firearm at a peace officer as defined in section 2935.01 of	234
the Revised Code or a corrections officer, as defined in section	235
2941.1412 of the Revised Code, the court, after imposing a	236
prison term on the offender for the felony offense under	237
division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section, shall impose an	238
additional prison term of seven years upon the offender that	239
shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, section	240
2967.19, section 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter	241
2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. If an offender is	242
convicted of or pleads guilty to two or more felonies that	243
include, as an essential element, causing or attempting to cause	244
the death or physical harm to another and also is convicted of	245
or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described under	246
division (B)(1)(f) of this section in connection with two or	247
more of the felonies of which the offender is convicted or to	248
which the offender pleads guilty, the sentencing court shall	249
impose on the offender the prison term specified under division	250
(B)(1)(f) of this section for each of two of the specifications	251
of which the offender is convicted or to which the offender	252
pleads guilty and, in its discretion, also may impose on the	253
offender the prison term specified under that division for any	254
or all of the remaining specifications. If a court imposes an	255
additional prison term on an offender under division (B)(1)(f)	256

of this section relative to an offense, the court shall not	257
impose a prison term under division (B)(1)(a) or (c) of this	258
section relative to the same offense.	259

- (q) If an offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to two 260 or more felonies, if one or more of those felonies are 261 aggravated murder, murder, attempted aggravated murder, 262 attempted murder, aggravated robbery, felonious assault, or 263 rape, and if the offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 264 specification of the type described under division (B)(1)(a) of 265 266 this section in connection with two or more of the felonies, the 267 sentencing court shall impose on the offender the prison term specified under division (B)(1)(a) of this section for each of 268 the two most serious specifications of which the offender is 269 convicted or to which the offender pleads quilty and, in its 270 discretion, also may impose on the offender the prison term 271 specified under that division for any or all of the remaining 2.72 specifications. 273
- (2) (a) If division (B) (2) (b) of this section does not 274 apply, the court may impose on an offender, in addition to the 275 longest prison term authorized or required for the offense, an 276 additional definite prison term of one, two, three, four, five, 277 six, seven, eight, nine, or ten years if all of the following 278 criteria are met:
- (i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 280 specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the 281 Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender. 282
- (ii) The offense of which the offender currently is

 convicted or to which the offender currently pleads guilty is

 aggravated murder and the court does not impose a sentence of

 death or life imprisonment without parole, murder, terrorism and

the court does not impose a sentence of life imprisonment 287 without parole, any felony of the first degree that is an 288 offense of violence and the court does not impose a sentence of 289 life imprisonment without parole, or any felony of the second 290 degree that is an offense of violence and the trier of fact 291 finds that the offense involved an attempt to cause or a threat 292 293 to cause serious physical harm to a person or resulted in 294 serious physical harm to a person.

- (iii) The court imposes the longest prison term for the 295 offense that is not life imprisonment without parole. 296
- (iv) The court finds that the prison terms imposed 297 pursuant to division (B)(2)(a)(iii) of this section and, if 298 applicable, division (B)(1) or (3) of this section are 299 inadequate to punish the offender and protect the public from 300 future crime, because the applicable factors under section 301 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating a greater likelihood of 302 recidivism outweigh the applicable factors under that section 303 indicating a lesser likelihood of recidivism. 304
- (v) The court finds that the prison terms imposed pursuant 305 to division (B)(2)(a)(iii) of this section and, if applicable, 306 division (B)(1) or (3) of this section are demeaning to the 307 seriousness of the offense, because one or more of the factors 308 under section 2929.12 of the Revised Code indicating that the 309 offender's conduct is more serious than conduct normally 310 constituting the offense are present, and they outweigh the 311 applicable factors under that section indicating that the 312 offender's conduct is less serious than conduct normally 313 constituting the offense. 314
- (b) The court shall impose on an offender the longest 315 prison term authorized or required for the offense and shall 316

impose on the offender an additional definite prison term of	317
one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, or ten	318
years if all of the following criteria are met:	319
(i) The offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	320
specification of the type described in section 2941.149 of the	321
Revised Code that the offender is a repeat violent offender.	322
(ii) The offender within the preceding twenty years has	323
been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or more offenses	324
described in division (CC)(1) of section 2929.01 of the Revised	325
Code, including all offenses described in that division of which	326
the offender is convicted or to which the offender pleads guilty	327
in the current prosecution and all offenses described in that	328
division of which the offender previously has been convicted or	329
to which the offender previously pleaded guilty, whether	330
prosecuted together or separately.	331
(iii) The offense or offenses of which the offender	332
currently is convicted or to which the offender currently pleads	333
guilty is aggravated murder and the court does not impose a	334
sentence of death or life imprisonment without parole, murder,	335
terrorism and the court does not impose a sentence of life	336
imprisonment without parole, any felony of the first degree that	337
is an offense of violence and the court does not impose a	338
sentence of life imprisonment without parole, or any felony of	339
the second degree that is an offense of violence and the trier	340
of fact finds that the offense involved an attempt to cause or a	341
threat to cause serious physical harm to a person or resulted in	342

(c) For purposes of division (B)(2)(b) of this section,

two or more offenses committed at the same time or as part of

the same act or event shall be considered one offense, and that

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serious physical harm to a person.

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one offense shall be the offense with the greatest penalty.

- (d) A sentence imposed under division (B)(2)(a) or (b) of this section shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.19, or section 2967.193, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. The offender shall serve an additional prison term imposed under this section consecutively to and prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense.
- (e) When imposing a sentence pursuant to division (B)(2)(a) or (b) of this section, the court shall state its findings explaining the imposed sentence.
- (3) Except when an offender commits a violation of section 358 2903.01 or 2907.02 of the Revised Code and the penalty imposed 359 for the violation is life imprisonment or commits a violation of 360 section 2903.02 of the Revised Code, if the offender commits a 361 violation of section 2925.03 or 2925.11 of the Revised Code and 362 that section classifies the offender as a major drug offender, 363 if the offender commits a felony violation of section 2925.02, 364 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.36, 3719.07, 3719.08, 3719.16, 3719.161, 365 4729.37, or 4729.61, division (C) or (D) of section 3719.172, 366 division $\frac{(C)}{(E)}$ of section 4729.51, or division (J) of section 367 4729.54 of the Revised Code that includes the sale, offer to 368 sell, or possession of a schedule I or II controlled substance, 369 with the exception of marihuana, and the court imposing sentence 370 upon the offender finds that the offender is quilty of a 371 specification of the type described in section 2941.1410 of the 372 Revised Code charging that the offender is a major drug 373 offender, if the court imposing sentence upon an offender for a 374 felony finds that the offender is guilty of corrupt activity 375 with the most serious offense in the pattern of corrupt activity 376

being a felony of the first degree, or if the offender is quilty 377 of an attempted violation of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code 378 and, had the offender completed the violation of section 2907.02 379 of the Revised Code that was attempted, the offender would have 380 been subject to a sentence of life imprisonment or life 381 imprisonment without parole for the violation of section 2907.02 382 of the Revised Code, the court shall impose upon the offender 383 for the felony violation a mandatory prison term of the maximum 384 prison term prescribed for a felony of the first degree that, 385 subject to divisions (C) to (I) of section 2967.19 of the 386 Revised Code, cannot be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20, 387 section 2967.19, or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or 388 5120. of the Revised Code. 389

(4) If the offender is being sentenced for a third or 390 fourth degree felony OVI offense under division (G)(2) of 391 section 2929.13 of the Revised Code, the sentencing court shall 392 impose upon the offender a mandatory prison term in accordance 393 with that division. In addition to the mandatory prison term, if 394 the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony OVI 395 offense, the court, notwithstanding division (A)(4) of this 396 section, may sentence the offender to a definite prison term of 397 not less than six months and not more than thirty months, and if 398 the offender is being sentenced for a third degree felony OVI 399 offense, the sentencing court may sentence the offender to an 400 additional prison term of any duration specified in division (A) 401 (3) of this section. In either case, the additional prison term 402 imposed shall be reduced by the sixty or one hundred twenty days 403 imposed upon the offender as the mandatory prison term. The 404 total of the additional prison term imposed under division (B) 405 (4) of this section plus the sixty or one hundred twenty days 406 imposed as the mandatory prison term shall equal a definite term 407

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in the range of six months to thirty months for a fourth degree 408 felony OVI offense and shall equal one of the authorized prison 409 terms specified in division (A)(3) of this section for a third 410 degree felony OVI offense. If the court imposes an additional 411 prison term under division (B)(4) of this section, the offender 412 shall serve the additional prison term after the offender has 413 414 served the mandatory prison term required for the offense. In addition to the mandatory prison term or mandatory and 415 additional prison term imposed as described in division (B)(4) 416 of this section, the court also may sentence the offender to a 417 community control sanction under section 2929.16 or 2929.17 of 418 the Revised Code, but the offender shall serve all of the prison 419 terms so imposed prior to serving the community control 420 sanction. 421

If the offender is being sentenced for a fourth degree felony OVI offense under division (G)(1) of section 2929.13 of the Revised Code and the court imposes a mandatory term of local incarceration, the court may impose a prison term as described in division (A)(1) of that section.

(5) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 427 violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the 428 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 429 specification of the type described in section 2941.1414 of the 430 Revised Code that charges that the victim of the offense is a 431 peace officer, as defined in section 2935.01 of the Revised 432 Code, or an investigator of the bureau of criminal 433 identification and investigation, as defined in section 2903.11 434 of the Revised Code, the court shall impose on the offender a 435 prison term of five years. If a court imposes a prison term on 436 an offender under division (B)(5) of this section, the prison 437 term, subject to divisions (C) to (I) of section 2967.19 of the 438 Revised Code, shall not be reduced pursuant to section 2929.20,

section 2967.19, section 2967.193, or any other provision of

Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the Revised Code. A court

shall not impose more than one prison term on an offender under

division (B) (5) of this section for felonies committed as part

of the same act.

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- (6) If an offender is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 445 violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the 446 Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 447 specification of the type described in section 2941.1415 of the 448 Revised Code that charges that the offender previously has been 449 convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or more violations of 450 division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code or an 451 equivalent offense, as defined in section 2941.1415 of the 452 Revised Code, or three or more violations of any combination of 453 those divisions and offenses, the court shall impose on the 454 offender a prison term of three years. If a court imposes a 455 prison term on an offender under division (B)(6) of this 456 section, the prison term, subject to divisions (C) to (I) of 457 section 2967.19 of the Revised Code, shall not be reduced 458 pursuant to section 2929.20, section 2967.19, section 2967.193, 459 or any other provision of Chapter 2967. or Chapter 5120. of the 460 Revised Code. A court shall not impose more than one prison term 461 on an offender under division (B)(6) of this section for 462 felonies committed as part of the same act. 463
- (7) (a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to

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 a felony violation of section 2905.01, 2905.02, 2907.21,

 2907.22, or 2923.32, division (A) (1) or (2) of section 2907.323,

 or division (B) (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of section 2919.22 of

 the Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a

 specification of the type described in section 2941.1422 of the

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Revised Code that charges that the offender knowingly committed	470
the offense in furtherance of human trafficking, the court shall	471
impose on the offender a mandatory prison term that is one of	472
the following:	473
(i) If the offense is a felony of the first degree, a	474
definite prison term of not less than five years and not greater	475
than ten years;	476
(ii) If the offense is a felony of the second or third	477
degree, a definite prison term of not less than three years and	478
not greater than the maximum prison term allowed for the offense	479
by division (A) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code;	480
(iii) If the offense is a felony of the fourth or fifth	481
degree, a definite prison term that is the maximum prison term	482
allowed for the offense by division (A) of section 2929.14 of	483
the Revised Code.	484
(b) Subject to divisions (C) to (I) of section 2967.19 of	485
the Revised Code, the prison term imposed under division (B)(7)	486
(a) of this section shall not be reduced pursuant to section	487
2929.20, section 2967.19, section 2967.193, or any other	488
provision of Chapter 2967. of the Revised Code. A court shall	489
not impose more than one prison term on an offender under	490
division (B)(7)(a) of this section for felonies committed as	491
part of the same act, scheme, or plan.	492
(8) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	493
felony violation of section 2903.11, 2903.12, or 2903.13 of the	494
Revised Code and also is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	495
specification of the type described in section 2941.1423 of the	496
Revised Code that charges that the victim of the violation was a	497
woman whom the offender knew was pregnant at the time of the	498

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violation, notwithstanding the range of prison terms prescribed
in division (A) of this section for felonies of the same degree

so the violation, the court shall impose on the offender a

mandatory prison term that is either a definite prison term of

six months or one of the prison terms prescribed in section

2929.14 of the Revised Code for felonies of the same degree as

the violation.

(C)(1)(a) Subject to division(C)(1)(b) of this section, 506 if a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender pursuant 507 to division (B)(1)(a) of this section for having a firearm on or 508 about the offender's person or under the offender's control 509 while committing a felony, if a mandatory prison term is imposed 510 upon an offender pursuant to division (B)(1)(c) of this section 511 for committing a felony specified in that division by 512 discharging a firearm from a motor vehicle, or if both types of 513 mandatory prison terms are imposed, the offender shall serve any 514 mandatory prison term imposed under either division 515 consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed under 516 either division or under division (B)(1)(d) of this section, 517 consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed for the 518 underlying felony pursuant to division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of 519 this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and 520 consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term 521 previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 522

(b) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender pursuant to division (B)(1)(d) of this section for wearing or carrying body armor while committing an offense of violence that is a felony, the offender shall serve the mandatory term so imposed consecutively to any other mandatory prison term imposed under that division or under division (B)(1)(a) or (c) of this section, consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed

for the underlying felony under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) 530 of this section or any other section of the Revised Code, and 531 consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term 532 previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 533

- (c) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 534 pursuant to division (B)(1)(f) of this section, the offender 535 shall serve the mandatory prison term so imposed consecutively 536 to and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying 537 felony under division (A), (B)(2), or (B)(3) of this section or 538 any other section of the Revised Code, and consecutively to any 539 other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or 540 subsequently imposed upon the offender. 541
- (d) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender 542 pursuant to division (B)(7) or (8) of this section, the offender 543 shall serve the mandatory prison term so imposed consecutively 544 to any other mandatory prison term imposed under that division 545 or under any other provision of law and consecutively to any 546 other prison term or mandatory prison term previously or 547 subsequently imposed upon the offender. 548
- (2) If an offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or 549 other residential detention facility violates section 2917.02, 550 2917.03, or 2921.35 of the Revised Code or division (A)(1) or 551 (2) of section 2921.34 of the Revised Code, if an offender who 552 is under detention at a detention facility commits a felony 553 violation of section 2923.131 of the Revised Code, or if an 554 offender who is an inmate in a jail, prison, or other 555 residential detention facility or is under detention at a 556 detention facility commits another felony while the offender is 557 an escapee in violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 558 2921.34 of the Revised Code, any prison term imposed upon the 559

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offender for one of those violations shall be served by the	560
offender consecutively to the prison term or term of	561
imprisonment the offender was serving when the offender	562
committed that offense and to any other prison term previously	563
or subsequently imposed upon the offender.	564

- (3) If a prison term is imposed for a violation of 565 division (B) of section 2911.01 of the Revised Code, a violation 566 of division (A) of section 2913.02 of the Revised Code in which 567 the stolen property is a firearm or dangerous ordnance, or a 568 felony violation of division (B) of section 2921.331 of the 569 Revised Code, the offender shall serve that prison term 570 consecutively to any other prison term or mandatory prison term 571 previously or subsequently imposed upon the offender. 572
- (4) If multiple prison terms are imposed on an offender 573 for convictions of multiple offenses, the court may require the 574 offender to serve the prison terms consecutively if the court 575 finds that the consecutive service is necessary to protect the 576 public from future crime or to punish the offender and that 577 consecutive sentences are not disproportionate to the 578 seriousness of the offender's conduct and to the danger the 579 offender poses to the public, and if the court also finds any of 580 the following: 581
- (a) The offender committed one or more of the multiple offenses while the offender was awaiting trial or sentencing, was under a sanction imposed pursuant to section 2929.16, 2929.17, or 2929.18 of the Revised Code, or was under postrelease control for a prior offense.
- (b) At least two of the multiple offenses were committed 587 as part of one or more courses of conduct, and the harm caused 588 by two or more of the multiple offenses so committed was so 589

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great or unusual that no single prison term for any of the offenses committed as part of any of the courses of conduct adequately reflects the seriousness of the offender's conduct.

- (c) The offender's history of criminal conduct demonstrates that consecutive sentences are necessary to protect the public from future crime by the offender.
- (5) If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender pursuant to division (B)(5) or (6) of this section, the offender shall serve the mandatory prison term consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code pursuant to division (A) of this section or section 2929.142 of the Revised Code. If a mandatory prison term is imposed upon an offender pursuant to division (B)(5) of this section, and if a mandatory prison term also is imposed upon the offender pursuant to division (B)(6) of this section in relation to the same violation, the offender shall serve the mandatory prison term imposed pursuant to division (B)(5) of this section consecutively to and prior to the mandatory prison term imposed pursuant to division (B)(6) of this section and consecutively to and prior to any prison term imposed for the underlying violation of division (A)(1) or (2) of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code pursuant to division (A) of this section or section 2929.142 of the Revised Code.
- (6) When consecutive prison terms are imposed pursuant to division (C)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) or division (H)(1) or (2) of this section, the term to be served is the aggregate of all of the terms so imposed.
- (D)(1) If a court imposes a prison term for a felony of the first degree, for a felony of the second degree, for a 619

felony sex offense, or for a felony of the third degree that is

not a felony sex offense and in the commission of which the	621
offender caused or threatened to cause physical harm to a	622
person, it shall include in the sentence a requirement that the	623
offender be subject to a period of post-release control after	624
the offender's release from imprisonment, in accordance with	625
that division. If a court imposes a sentence including a prison	626
term of a type described in this division on or after July 11,	627
2006, the failure of a court to include a post-release control	628
requirement in the sentence pursuant to this division does not	629
negate, limit, or otherwise affect the mandatory period of post-	630
release control that is required for the offender under division	631
(B) of section 2967.28 of the Revised Code. Section 2929.191 of	632
the Revised Code applies if, prior to July 11, 2006, a court	633
imposed a sentence including a prison term of a type described	634
in this division and failed to include in the sentence pursuant	635
to this division a statement regarding post-release control.	636
(2) If a court imposes a prison term for a felony of the	637
third, fourth, or fifth degree that is not subject to division	638
(D) (1) of this section, it shall include in the sentence a	639

- third, fourth, or fifth degree that is not subject to division

 (D) (1) of this section, it shall include in the sentence a requirement that the offender be subject to a period of post-release control after the offender's release from imprisonment, in accordance with that division, if the parole board determines that a period of post-release control is necessary. Section 2929.191 of the Revised Code applies if, prior to July 11, 2006, a court imposed a sentence including a prison term of a type described in this division and failed to include in the sentence pursuant to this division a statement regarding post-release control.
- (E) The court shall impose sentence upon the offender in 649 accordance with section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, and Chapter 650

2971. of the Revised Code applies regarding the prison term or	651
term of life imprisonment without parole imposed upon the	652
offender and the service of that term of imprisonment if any of	653
the following apply:	654
(1) A person is convicted of or pleads quilty to a violent	655
sex offense or a designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping	656
offense, and, in relation to that offense, the offender is	657
adjudicated a sexually violent predator.	658
adjudicated a Sexually violent predator.	030
(2) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	659
violation of division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the	660
Revised Code committed on or after January 2, 2007, and either	661
the court does not impose a sentence of life without parole when	662
authorized pursuant to division (B) of section 2907.02 of the	663
Revised Code, or division (B) of section 2907.02 of the Revised	664
Code provides that the court shall not sentence the offender	665
pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised Code.	666
(3) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to attempted	667
rape committed on or after January 2, 2007, and a specification	668
of the type described in section 2941.1418, 2941.1419, or	669
2941.1420 of the Revised Code.	670
(4) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to a	671
violation of section 2905.01 of the Revised Code committed on or	672
after January 1, 2008, and that section requires the court to	673
sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised	674
Code.	675
(5) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to	676
aggravated murder committed on or after January 1, 2008, and	677
division (A)(2)(b)(ii) of section 2929.022, division (A)(1)(e),	678

(C) (1) (a) (v), (C) (2) (a) (ii), (D) (2) (b), (D) (3) (a) (iv), or (E) (1)

(d) of section 2929.03, or division (A) or (B) of section	680
2929.06 of the Revised Code requires the court to sentence the	681
offender pursuant to division (B)(3) of section 2971.03 of the	682
Revised Code.	683

- (6) A person is convicted of or pleads guilty to murder

 committed on or after January 1, 2008, and division (B)(2) of

 section 2929.02 of the Revised Code requires the court to

 sentence the offender pursuant to section 2971.03 of the Revised

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 Code.
- (F) If a person who has been convicted of or pleaded 689 quilty to a felony is sentenced to a prison term or term of 690 imprisonment under this section, sections 2929.02 to 2929.06 of 691 the Revised Code, section 2929.142 of the Revised Code, section 692 2971.03 of the Revised Code, or any other provision of law, 693 section 5120.163 of the Revised Code applies regarding the 694 person while the person is confined in a state correctional 695 institution. 696
- (G) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty to
 a felony that is an offense of violence also is convicted of or
 pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in
 section 2941.142 of the Revised Code that charges the offender
 with having committed the felony while participating in a
 criminal gang, the court shall impose upon the offender an
 additional prison term of one, two, or three years.
- (H) (1) If an offender who is convicted of or pleads guilty 704 to aggravated murder, murder, or a felony of the first, second, 705 or third degree that is an offense of violence also is convicted 706 of or pleads guilty to a specification of the type described in 707 section 2941.143 of the Revised Code that charges the offender 708 with having committed the offense in a school safety zone or 709

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towards a person in a school safety zone, the court shall impose	710
upon the offender an additional prison term of two years. The	711
offender shall serve the additional two years consecutively to	712
and prior to the prison term imposed for the underlying offense.	713
(2)(a) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to	714
a felony violation of section 2907.22, 2907.24, 2907.241, or	715
2907.25 of the Revised Code and to a specification of the type	716
described in section 2941.1421 of the Revised Code and if the	717
court imposes a prison term on the offender for the felony	718
violation, the court may impose upon the offender an additional	719
prison term as follows:	720
(i) Subject to division (H)(2)(a)(ii) of this section, an	721
additional prison term of one, two, three, four, five, or six	722
months;	723
(ii) If the offender previously has been convicted of or	724
pleaded guilty to one or more felony or misdemeanor violations	725
of section 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of	726
the Revised Code and also was convicted of or pleaded guilty to	727
a specification of the type described in section 2941.1421 of	728
the Revised Code regarding one or more of those violations, an	729
additional prison term of one, two, three, four, five, six,	730
seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, or twelve months.	731
(b) In lieu of imposing an additional prison term under	732
division (H)(2)(a) of this section, the court may directly	733
impose on the offender a sanction that requires the offender to	734
wear a real-time processing, continual tracking electronic	735

monitoring device during the period of time specified by the

imposed upon the offender under division (H)(2)(a) of this

court. The period of time specified by the court shall equal the

duration of an additional prison term that the court could have

section. A sanction imposed under this division shall commence	740
on the date specified by the court, provided that the sanction	741
shall not commence until after the offender has served the	742
prison term imposed for the felony violation of section 2907.22,	743
2907.24, 2907.241, or 2907.25 of the Revised Code and any	744
residential sanction imposed for the violation under section	745
2929.16 of the Revised Code. A sanction imposed under this	746
division shall be considered to be a community control sanction	747
for purposes of section 2929.15 of the Revised Code, and all	748
provisions of the Revised Code that pertain to community control	749
sanctions shall apply to a sanction imposed under this division,	750
except to the extent that they would by their nature be clearly	751
inapplicable. The offender shall pay all costs associated with a	752
sanction imposed under this division, including the cost of the	753
use of the monitoring device.	754

(I) At the time of sentencing, the court may recommend the 755 offender for placement in a program of shock incarceration under 756 section 5120.031 of the Revised Code or for placement in an 757 intensive program prison under section 5120.032 of the Revised 758 Code, disapprove placement of the offender in a program of shock 759 incarceration or an intensive program prison of that nature, or 760 make no recommendation on placement of the offender. In no case 761 shall the department of rehabilitation and correction place the 762 offender in a program or prison of that nature unless the 763 department determines as specified in section 5120.031 or 764 5120.032 of the Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the 765 offender is eligible for the placement. 766

If the court disapproves placement of the offender in a 767 program or prison of that nature, the department of 768 rehabilitation and correction shall not place the offender in 769 any program of shock incarceration or intensive program prison. 770

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If the court recommends placement of the offender in a program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program prison, and if the offender is subsequently placed in the recommended program or prison, the department shall notify the court of the placement and shall include with the notice a brief description of the placement.

If the court recommends placement of the offender in a program of shock incarceration or in an intensive program prison and the department does not subsequently place the offender in the recommended program or prison, the department shall send a notice to the court indicating why the offender was not placed in the recommended program or prison.

If the court does not make a recommendation under this 783 division with respect to an offender and if the department 784 determines as specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the 785 Revised Code, whichever is applicable, that the offender is 786 eligible for placement in a program or prison of that nature, 787 the department shall screen the offender and determine if there 788 is an available program of shock incarceration or an intensive 789 program prison for which the offender is suited. If there is an 790 791 available program of shock incarceration or an intensive program 792 prison for which the offender is suited, the department shall notify the court of the proposed placement of the offender as 793 specified in section 5120.031 or 5120.032 of the Revised Code 794 and shall include with the notice a brief description of the 795 placement. The court shall have ten days from receipt of the 796 notice to disapprove the placement. 797

(J) If a person is convicted of or pleads guilty to aggravated vehicular homicide in violation of division (A)(1) of section 2903.06 of the Revised Code and division (B)(2)(c) of

that section applies, the person shall be sentenced pursuant to	801
section 2929.142 of the Revised Code.	802
Sec. 2947.231. If a business entity described in division	803
$\frac{(B)(1)(j)}{(A)(2)}$ or $\frac{(k)}{(3)}$ of section $\frac{4729.51}{4729.541}$ of the	804
Revised Code pleads guilty or no contest to or is found guilty	805
of any criminal offense, the judge or magistrate shall include	806
in the sentence any costs incurred by the state board of	807
pharmacy in an investigation leading to the plea or conviction.	808
Investigative costs include staff salaries, administrative	809
costs, travel expenses, attorney's fees, and any other	810
reasonable expense incurred by the board. The board shall set	811
forth the costs the entity is required to pay in an itemized	812
statement provided to the judge or magistrate.	813
Sec. 3707.56. (A) As used in this section, "board of	814
health" means a board of health of a city or general health	815
district or the authority having the duties of a board of health	816
under section 3709.05 of the Revised Code.	817
(B) A board of health, through a physician serving as the	818
board's health commissioner or medical director, may authorize	819
pharmacists and pharmacy interns working practicing pharmacy in	820
a county that includes all or part of the board's jurisdiction	821
health district represented by the board to use the protocol	822
developed pursuant to rules adopted under section 4729.44 of the	823
Revised Code for the purpose of dispensing naloxone under	824
section 4729.44 of the Revised Code.	825
Sec. 3707.58. (A) As used in this section and section	826
3707.59 of the Revised Code, "board of health" means a board of	827
health of a city or general health district or the authority	828
having the duties of a board of health under section 3709.05 of	829
the Revised Code.	830

(B) A board of health that establishes a protocol under_	831
division (D) of this section may, through a physician serving as	832
the board's health commissioner or medical director, authorize	833
one or more individuals to personally furnish a supply of	834
<pre>naloxone pursuant to the protocol to either of the following:</pre>	835
(1) An individual who there is reason to believe is	836
experiencing or at risk of experiencing an opioid-related	837
overdose;	838
(2) A family member, friend, or other person in a position	839
to assist an individual who there is reason to believe is at	840
risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose.	841
(C) (1) An individual authorized under this section may	842
personally furnish naloxone to an individual described in	843
division (B) of this section if both of the following conditions	844
<pre>are met:</pre>	845
(a) The authorized individual complies with the protocol	846
established by the authorizing board, including having completed	847
the training required by the protocol.	848
(b) The authorized individual instructs the individual to	849
whom naloxone is furnished to summon emergency services as soon	850
as practicable either before or after administering naloxone.	851
(2) An individual authorized under this section to	852
personally furnish naloxone may do so without having examined	853
the individual to whom it may be administered.	854
(D) A board of health, through a physician serving as the	855
board's health commissioner or medical director, may establish a	856
protocol for personally furnishing naloxone under division (B)	857
of this section. The protocol must be in writing and include all	858
of the following:	859

(1) A description of the clinical pharmacology of	860
<pre>naloxone;</pre>	861
(2) Precautions and contraindications concerning	862
furnishing naloxone;	863
(3) Any limitations the board specifies concerning the	864
individuals to whom naloxone may be furnished;	865
(4) The relevant decree that we be foundable and and	0.00
(4) The naloxone dosage that may be furnished and any	866
variation in the dosage based on circumstances specified in the	867
<pre>protocol;</pre>	868
(5) Labeling, storage, record-keeping, and administrative	869
requirements;	870
(6) Training requirements that must be met before an	871
individual can be authorized to furnish naloxone;	872
(7) Any instructions or training the authorized individual	873
must provide to an individual to whom naloxone is furnished.	874
(E) A board that in good faith authorizes an individual to	875
personally furnish naloxone under this section is not liable for	876
damages in any civil action for any act or omission of the	877
individual to whom the naloxone is furnished.	878
A physician serving as a board's health commissioner or	879
medical director who in good faith authorizes an individual to	880
personally furnish naloxone under this section is not liable for	881
or subject to any of the following for any act or omission of	882
the individual to whom the naloxone is furnished: damages in any	883
civil action, prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or	884
professional disciplinary action.	885
An individual authorized under this section to personally	886
furnish naloxone who does so in good faith is not liable for or	887

subject to any of the following for any act or omission of the	888
individual to whom the naloxone is furnished: damages in any	889
civil action, prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or	890
professional disciplinary action.	891
Sec. 3707.59. (A) As used in this section, "service	892
entity" has the same meaning as in section 4729.514 of the	893
Revised Code.	894
(B) A board of health that has established a protocol	895
under division (D) of this section may authorize an individual	896
who is an employee, volunteer, or contractor of a service entity	897
to administer naloxone to an individual who is apparently	898
experiencing an opioid-related overdose.	899
(C) An individual authorized by a board of health under_	900
this section may administer naloxone to an individual who is	901
apparently experiencing an opioid-related overdose if both of	902
the following conditions are met:	903
(1) The authorized individual complies with the protocol	904
established by the board.	905
(2) The authorized individual summons emergency services	906
as soon as practicable either before or after administering the	907
<pre>naloxone.</pre>	908
(D) A board of health, through a physician serving as the	909
board's health commissioner or medical director, may establish a	910
protocol for administering naloxone under this section. The	911
protocol must be established in writing and include all of the	912
<pre>following:</pre>	913
(1) A description of the clinical pharmacology of	914
<pre>naloxone;</pre>	915

(2) Precautions and contraindications concerning the	916
administration of naloxone;	917
(3) Any limitations the board specifies concerning the	918
individuals to whom naloxone may be administered;	919
(4) The naloxone dosage that may be administered and any	920
variation in the dosage based on circumstances specified in the	921
<pre>protocol;</pre>	922
(5) Labeling, storage, record-keeping, and administrative	923
requirements;	924
(6) Training requirements that must be met before an	925
individual can be authorized to administer naloxone.	926
(E) A board that in good faith authorizes an individual to	927
administer naloxone under this section is not liable for damages	928
in any civil action for any act or omission of the authorized	929
individual.	930
A physician serving as a board's health commissioner or	931
medical director who in good faith authorizes an individual to	932
administer naloxone under this section is not liable for or	933
subject to any of the following for any act or omission of the	934
authorized individual: damages in any civil action, prosecution	935
in any criminal proceeding, or professional disciplinary action.	936
A service entity or an employee, volunteer, or contractor	937
of a service entity is not liable for or subject to any of the	938
following for injury, death, or loss to person or property that	939
allegedly arises from an act or omission associated with	940
procuring, maintaining, accessing, or using naloxone under this	941
section, unless the act or omission constitutes willful or	942
wanton misconduct: damages in any civil action, prosecution in	943
any criminal proceeding, or professional disciplinary action	944

This section does not eliminate, limit, or reduce any	945
other immunity or defense that a service entity or an employee,	946
volunteer, or contractor of a service entity may be entitled to	947
under Chapter 2305. or any other provision of the Revised Code	948
or under the common law of this state.	949
Sec. 3719.062. As used in this section, "health-related	950
licensing board" means a state board authorized to issue a	951
license to engage in the practice of a licensed health	952
professional authorized to prescribe drugs.	953
A health-related licensing board may adopt rules limiting	954
the amount of an opioid analgesic that may be prescribed	955
pursuant to a single prescription by an individual licensed by	956
the board. The rules shall be adopted in accordance with Chapter	957
119. of the Revised Code.	958
Sec. 3719.121. (A) Except as otherwise provided in section	959
4723.28, 4723.35, 4730.25, 4731.22, 4734.39, or 4734.41 of the	960
Revised Code, the license, certificate, or registration of any	961
dentist, chiropractor, physician, podiatrist, registered nurse,	962
licensed practical nurse, physician assistant, pharmacist,	963
pharmacy intern, pharmacy technician trainee, registered	964
pharmacy technician, certified pharmacy technician, optometrist,	965
or veterinarian who is or becomes addicted to the use of	966
controlled substances shall be suspended by the board that	967
authorized the person's license, certificate, or registration	968
until the person offers satisfactory proof to the board that the	969
person no longer is addicted to the use of controlled	970
substances.	971
(B) If the board under which a person has been issued a	972
license, certificate, or evidence of registration determines	973
that there is clear and convincing evidence that continuation of	974

the person's professional practice or method of administering, 975 prescribing, preparing, distributing, dispensing, or personally 976 furnishing controlled substances or other dangerous drugs 977 presents a danger of immediate and serious harm to others, the 978 979 board may suspend the person's license, certificate, or registration without a hearing. Except as otherwise provided in 980 sections 4715.30, 4723.281, 4729.16, 4730.25, 4731.22, and 981 4734.36 of the Revised Code, the board shall follow the 982 procedure for suspension without a prior hearing in section 983 119.07 of the Revised Code. The suspension shall remain in 984 effect, unless removed by the board, until the board's final 985 adjudication order becomes effective, except that if the board 986 does not issue its final adjudication order within ninety days 987 after the hearing, the suspension shall be void on the ninety-988 first day after the hearing. 989

(C) On receiving notification pursuant to section 2929.42 990 or 3719.12 of the Revised Code, the board under which a person 991 has been issued a license, certificate, or evidence of 992 registration immediately shall suspend the license, certificate, 993 or registration of that person on a plea of guilty to, a finding 994 by a jury or court of the person's quilt of, or conviction of a 995 felony drug abuse offense; a finding by a court of the person's 996 eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction; a plea of 997 quilty to, or a finding by a jury or court of the person's quilt 998 of, or the person's conviction of an offense in another 999 jurisdiction that is essentially the same as a felony drug abuse 1000 offense; or a finding by a court of the person's eligibility for 1001 treatment or intervention in lieu of conviction in another 1002 jurisdiction. The board shall notify the holder of the license, 1003 certificate, or registration of the suspension, which shall 1004 remain in effect until the board holds an adjudicatory hearing 1005

under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.

Sec. 3719.21. Except as provided in division (C) of 1007 section 2923.42, division (B) of section 2923.44, divisions (D) 1008 (1), (F), and (H) of section 2925.03, division (D)(1) of section 1009 2925.02, 2925.04, or 2925.05, division (E)(1) of section 1010 2925.11, division (F) of section 2925.13, division (F) of 1011 section 2925.36, division (D) of section 2925.22, division (H) 1012 of section 2925.23, division (M) of section 2925.37, division 1013 (B) of section 2925.42, division (B) of section 2929.18, 1014 division (D) of section 3719.99, division (B)(1) of section 1015 4729.65, division (E)(3) of section 4729.99, and division (I) $\frac{(4)}{(4)}$ 1016 (3) of section 4729.99 of the Revised Code, the clerk of the 1017 court shall pay all fines or forfeited bail assessed and 1018 collected under prosecutions or prosecutions commenced for 1019 violations of this chapter, section 2923.42 of the Revised Code, 1020 or Chapter 2925. of the Revised Code, within thirty days, to the 1021 executive director of the state board of pharmacy, and the 1022 executive director shall deposit the fines into the state 1023 treasury to the credit of the occupational licensing and 1024 regulatory fund. 1025

Sec. 4729.06. The state board of pharmacy shall keep a 1026 record of its proceedings and a register of all persons to whom-1027 identification cards-and, licenses, and registrations that have 1028 been granted as pharmacists or pharmacy interns, together with 1029 each renewal and suspension or revocation of an identification 1030 card and , license, or registration. The books and registers of 1031 the board shall be prima-facie evidence of the matters therein 1032 recorded. The books and registers may be in electronic format. 1033

The president and executive director of the board may 1034 administer oaths.

A statement signed by the executive director to which is	1036
affixed the official seal of the board to the effect that it	1037
appears from the records of the board that the board has not	1038
issued an identification card-andlicense-to-practice-	1039
pharmacy, or any of its branches, or registration to the person	1040
specified in the statement, or that an identification card and	1041
license, or registration, if issued, has been revoked or	1042
suspended, or the holder has been subjected to disciplinary	1043
action by the board shall be received as prima-facie evidence of	1044
the record of the board in any court or before any officer of	1045
this state.	1046
Sec. 4729.071. (A) As used in this section, "license" and	1047
"applicant for an initial license" have the same meanings as in	1047
section 4776.01 of the Revised Code, except that "license" as	1049
used in both of those terms refers to the types of	1050
authorizations otherwise issued or conferred under this chapter.	1051
(B) In addition to any other eligibility requirement set	1052
forth in this chapter, each applicant for an initial license	1053
shall comply with sections 4776.01 to 4776.04 of the Revised	1054
Code. The state board of pharmacy shall not grant a license to	1055
an applicant for an initial license unless the applicant	1056
complies with sections 4776.01 to 4776.04 of the Revised Code	1057
and the board, in its discretion, decides that the results of	1058
the criminal records check do not make the applicant ineligible	1059
for a license issued pursuant to section 4729.08, 4729.09,	1060
4729.11, or 4729.552 <u>, or 4729.553</u> of the Revised Code.	1061
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Sec. 4729.10. The state board of pharmacy may adopt rules	1062
under section 4729.26 of the Revised Code requiring a licensee	1063
or registrant under this chapter to report to the board a	1064
violation of state or federal law, including any rule adopted	1065

under this chapter.	1066
In the absence of fraud or bad faith, a person who reports	1067
under this section or testifies in any adjudication conducted	1068
under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code is not liable to any	1069
person for damages in a civil action as a result of the report	1070
or testimony.	1071
Sec. 4729.16. (A) (1) The state board of pharmacy, after	1072
notice and hearing in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	1073
Revised Code, may revoke, impose any one or more of the	1074
following sanctions on a pharmacist or pharmacy intern if the	1075
board finds the individual engaged in any of the conduct set	1076
forth in division (A)(2) of this section:	1077
(a) Revoke, suspend, restrict, limit, or refuse to grant	1078
or renew a license;	1079
(b) Reprimand or place the license holder on probation, or	1080
refuse to grant or renew an identification card, or may impose ;	1081
(c) Impose a monetary penalty or forfeiture not to exceed	1082
in severity any fine designated under the Revised Code for a	1083
similar offense, or in the case of a violation of a section of	1084
the Revised Code that does not bear a penalty, a monetary	1085
penalty or forfeiture of not more than five hundred dollars $_{ au_{-}}$	1086
(2) The board may impose the sanctions listed in division	1087
(A)(1) of this section if the board finds a pharmacist or	1088
pharmacy intern:	1089
(1) Guilty of a felony or gross immorality;	1090
(2) Guilty of (a) Has been convicted of a felony, or a	1091
crime of moral turpitude, as defined in section 4776.10 of the	1092
Revised Code;	1093

(b) Engaged in dishonesty or unprofessional conduct in the	1094
<pre>practice of pharmacy;</pre>	1095
(3) Addicted (c) Is addicted to or abusing alcohol or	1096
drugs or $\underline{\text{is}}$ impaired physically or mentally to such a degree as	1097
to render the pharmacist or pharmacy intern unfit to practice	1098
pharmacy;	1099
$\frac{(4)-(d)}{(d)}$ Has been convicted of a misdemeanor related to, or	1100
committed in, the practice of pharmacy;	1101
(5) Guilty of willfully violating, conspiring (e)	1102
<u>Violated</u> , <u>conspired</u> to violate, <u>attempting attempted</u> to violate,	1103
or aiding and abetting aided and abetted the violation of any of	1104
the provisions of this chapter, sections 3715.52 to 3715.72 of	1105
the Revised Code, Chapter 2925. or 3719. of the Revised Code, or	1106
any rule adopted by the board under those provisions;	1107
(6) Guilty of permitting anyone (f) Permitted someone	1108
other than a pharmacist or pharmacy intern to practice pharmacy;	1109
(7) Guilty of knowingly lending (g) Knowingly lent the	1110
pharmacist's or pharmacy intern's name to an illegal	1111
practitioner of pharmacy or had a professional connection	1112
with an illegal practitioner of pharmacy;	1113
(8) Guilty of dividing (h) Divided or agreeing agreed to	1114
divide remuneration made in the practice of pharmacy with any	1115
other individual, including, but not limited to, any licensed	1116
health professional authorized to prescribe drugs or any owner,	1117
manager, or employee of a health care facility, residential care	1118
facility, or nursing home;	1119
(9) Has violated (i) Violated the terms of a consult	1120
agreement entered into pursuant to section 4729.39 of the	1121
Revised Code;	1122

(1) Engaged in any other conduct for which the board may impose discipline as set forth in rules adopted under section 4729.26 of the Revised Code. 1131

- (B) Any individual whose identification card <u>or license</u> is 1132 revoked, suspended, or refused, shall return the identification 1133 card and license to the offices of the state board of pharmacy 1134 within ten days after receipt of notice of such action. 1135
 - (C) As used in this section:

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"Unprofessional conduct in the practice of pharmacy" includes any of the following:

- (1) Advertising or displaying signs that promote dangerous 1139 drugs to the public in a manner that is false or misleading; 1140
- (2) Except as provided in section 4729.281 or 4729.44 of the Revised Code, the dispensing or sale of any drug for which a prescription is required, without having received a prescription for the drug;
- (3) Knowingly dispensing medication pursuant to false or 1145 forged prescriptions; 1146
- (4) Knowingly failing to maintain complete and accurate records of all dangerous drugs received or dispensed in compliance with federal laws and regulations and state laws and rules;

(5) Obtaining any remuneration by fraud,	1151
misrepresentation, or deception;	1152
(6) Failing to conform to prevailing standards of care of	1153
similar pharmacists or pharmacy interns under the same or	1154
similar circumstances, whether or not actual injury to a patient	1155
<pre>is established;</pre>	1156
(7) Engaging in any other conduct that the board specifies	1157
as unprofessional conduct in the practice of pharmacy in rules	1158
adopted under section 4729.26 of the Revised Code.	1159
(D) The board may suspend a license or identification card	1160
under division (B) of section 3719.121 of the Revised Code by	1161
utilizing a telephone conference call to review the allegations	1162
and take a vote.	1163
(E) If, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 119. of	1164
the Revised Code, For purposes of this division, an individual	1165
authorized to practice as a pharmacist or pharmacy intern	1166
accepts the privilege of practicing in this state subject to	1167
supervision by the board. By filing an application for or	1168
holding a license to practice as a pharmacist or pharmacy	1169
intern, an individual gives consent to submit to a mental or	1170
physical examination when ordered to do so by the board in	1171
writing and waives all objections to the admissibility of	1172
testimony or examination reports that constitute privileged	1173
communications.	1174
<pre>If the board has reasonable cause to believe that an</pre>	1175
individual who is a pharmacist or pharmacy intern is physically	1176
or mentally impaired, the board may require the pharmacist or	1177
pharmacy intern_individual_to submit to a physical or mental	1178
examination, or both. The expense of the examination is the	1179

responsibility of the individual required to be examined.	1180
Failure of an individual who is a pharmacist or pharmacy	1181
intern to submit to a physical or mental examination ordered by	1182
the board, unless the failure is due to circumstances beyond the	1183
individual's control, constitutes an admission of the	1184
allegations and a suspension order shall be entered without the	1185
taking of testimony or presentation of evidence. Any subsequent	1186
adjudication hearing under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code	1187
concerning failure to submit to an examination is limited to	1188
consideration of whether the failure was beyond the individual's	1189
control.	1190
<pre>If, based on the results of an examination ordered under_</pre>	1191
this division, the board determines that the individual's	1192
ability to practice is impaired, the board shall suspend the	1193
individual's license or deny the individual's application and	1194
shall require the individual, as a condition for an initial,	1195
continued, reinstated, or renewed license to practice, to submit	1196
to a physical or mental examination and treatment.	1197
<u> </u>	,
An order of suspension issued under this division shall	1198
not be subject to suspension by a court during pendency of any	1199
appeal filed under section 119.12 of the Revised Code.	1200
(F) If the board is required under Chapter 119. of the	1201
Revised Code to give notice of an opportunity for a hearing and	1202
the applicant or licensee does not make a timely request for a	1203
hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code,	1204
the board is not required to hold a hearing, but may adopt a	1205
final order that contains the board's findings. In the final	1206
order, the board may impose any of the sanctions listed in	1207
division (A) of this section.	1208

(G) Notwithstanding the provision of division (C)(2) of	1209
section 2953.32 of the Revised Code specifying that if records	1210
pertaining to a criminal case are sealed under that section the	1211
proceedings in the case must be deemed not to have occurred,	1212
sealing of the following records on which the board has based an	1213
action under this section shall have no effect on the board's	1214
action or any sanction imposed by the board under this section:	1215
records of any conviction, guilty plea, judicial finding of	1216
quilt resulting from a plea of no contest, or a judicial finding	1217
of eligibility for a pretrial diversion program or intervention	1218
in lieu of conviction. The board shall not be required to seal,	1219
destroy, redact, or otherwise modify its records to reflect the	1220
court's sealing of conviction records.	1221
(H) No pharmacist or pharmacy intern shall knowingly	1222
engage in any conduct described in divisions (A)(2)(b) or (A)(2)	1223
(e) to (l) of this section.	1224
Sec. 4729.18. The state board of pharmacy shall adopt	1225

5 rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code 1226 establishing standards for approving and designating physicians 1227 and facilities as treatment providers for pharmacists with 1228 substance abuse problems and shall approve and designate 1229 treatment providers in accordance with the rules. The rules 1230 shall include standards for both inpatient and outpatient 1231 treatment. The rules shall provide that to be approved, a 1232 treatment provider must be capable of making an initial 1233 examination to determine the type of treatment required for a 1234 pharmacist with substance abuse problems. Subject to the rules, 1235 the board shall review and approve treatment providers on a 1236 regular basis and may, at its discretion, withdraw or deny 1237 1238 approval.

An approved treatment provider shall:	1239
(A) Report to the board the name of any pharmacist	1240
suffering or showing evidence of suffering impairment by reason	1241
of being addicted to or abusing alcohol or drugs as described in	1242
division (A) $\frac{(3)}{(2)}$ $\frac{(c)}{(c)}$ of section 4729.16 of the Revised Code who	1243
fails to comply within one week with a referral for examination;	1244
(B) Report to the board the name of any impaired	1245
pharmacist who fails to enter treatment within forty-eight hours	1246
following the provider's determination that the pharmacist needs	1247
treatment;	1248
(C) Require every pharmacist who enters treatment to agree	1249
to a treatment contract establishing the terms of treatment and	1250
aftercare, including any required supervision or restrictions of	1251
practice during treatment or aftercare;	1252
(D) Require a pharmacist to suspend practice on entering	1253
any required inpatient treatment;	1254
(E) Report to the board any failure by an impaired	1255
pharmacist to comply with the terms of the treatment contract	1256
during inpatient or outpatient treatment or aftercare;	1257
(F) Report to the board the resumption of practice of any	1258
impaired pharmacist before the treatment provider has made a	1259
clear determination that the pharmacist is capable of practicing	1260
according to acceptable and prevailing standards;	1261
(G) Require a pharmacist who resumes practice after	1262
completion of treatment to comply with an aftercare contract	1263
that meets the requirements of rules adopted by the board for	1264
approval of treatment providers;	1265
(H) Report to the board any pharmacist who suffers a	1266

relapse at any time during or following aftercare.	1267
Any pharmacist who enters into treatment by an approved	1268
treatment provider shall be deemed to have waived any	1269
confidentiality requirements that would otherwise prevent the	1270
treatment provider from making reports required under this	1271
section.	1272
In the absence of fraud or bad faith, no professional	1273
association of pharmacists licensed under this chapter that	1274
sponsors a committee or program to provide peer assistance to	1275
pharmacists with substance abuse problems, no representative or	1276
agent of such a committee or program, and no member of the state	1277
board of pharmacy shall be liable to any person for damages in a	1278
civil action by reason of actions taken to refer a pharmacist to	1279
a treatment provider designated by the board or actions or	1280
omissions of the provider in treating a pharmacist.	1281
In the absence of fraud or bad faith, no person who	1282
reports to the board a pharmacist with a suspected substance	1283
abuse problem shall be liable to any person for damages in a	1284
civil action as a result of the report.	1285
Sec. 4729.19. Notwithstanding division (B)(4) of section	1286
2317.02 of the Revised Code, a pharmacist, pharmacy intern,	1287
pharmacy technician trainee, registered pharmacy technician,	1288
certified pharmacy technician, licensed terminal distributor of	1289
dangerous drugs, or registered wholesale distributor of	1290
dangerous drugs shall cooperate with federal, state, and local	1291
government investigations and shall divulge all relevant	1292
information when requested by a government agency.	1293
Sec. 4729.38. (A) Unless instructed otherwise by the	1294
person receiving the drug pursuant to the prescription, a	1295

pharmacist filling a prescription for a drug prescribed by its	1296
brand name may select a generically equivalent drug, as defined	1297
in section 3715.01 of the Revised Code, subject to the following	1298
conditions:	1299
	1000
(1) The pharmacist shall not select a generically	1300
equivalent drug if the prescriber handwrites "dispense as	1301
written," or "D.A.W.," on the written prescription, or, when	1302
ordering a prescription electronically or orally, the prescriber	1303
specifies that the prescribed drug is medically necessary. These	1304
designations shall not be preprinted or stamped on the	1305
prescription. Division (A)(1) of this section does not preclude	1306
a reminder of the procedure required to prohibit the selection	1307
of a generically equivalent drug from being preprinted on the	1308
prescription.	1309
(2) The pharmacist shall not select a generically	1310
equivalent drug unless its price to the patient is less than or	1311
equal to the price of the prescribed drug.	1312
(3) The pharmacist, or the pharmacist's agent, assistant,	1313
or employee shall inform the patient or the patient's agent if a	1314
generically equivalent drug is available at a lower or equal	1315
cost, and of the person's right to refuse the drug selected.	1316
Division (A)(3) of this section does not apply to any:	1317
(a) Prescription that is billed to any agency, division,	1318
or department of this state which will reimburse the pharmacy;	1319
(b) Prescriptions for patients of a hospital, nursing	1320
home, or similar patient care facility.	1321
(B) Unless the prescriber instructs otherwise, the label	1322
for every drug dispensed shall include the drug's brand name, if	1323
any, or its generic name and the name of the distributor, using	1324

abbreviations if necessary. When dispensing at retail a	1325
generically equivalent drug for the brand name drug prescribed,	1326
the pharmacist shall indicate on the drug's label or container	1327
that a generic substitution was made. The labeling requirements	1328
established by this division are in addition to all other	1329
labeling requirements of Chapter 3715. of the Revised Code.	1330
(C) A pharmacist who selects a generically equivalent drug	1331
pursuant to this section assumes no greater liability for	1332
selecting the dispensed drug than would be incurred in filling a	1333
prescription for a drug prescribed by its brand name.	1334
(D) The failure of a prescriber to restrict a prescription	1335
by specifying "dispense as written," or "D.A.W.," pursuant to	1336
division (A)(1) of this section shall not constitute evidence of	1337
the prescriber's negligence unless the prescriber had reasonable	1338
cause to believe that the health condition of the patient for	1339
whom the drug was intended warranted the prescription of a	1340
specific brand name drug and no other. No prescriber shall be	1341
liable for civil damages or in any criminal prosecution arising	1342
from the interchange of a generically equivalent drug for a	1343
prescribed brand name drug by a pharmacist, unless the	1344
prescribed brand name drug would have reasonably caused the same	1345
loss, damage, injury, or death.	1346
(E) No pharmacist shall knowingly engage in conduct that	1347
is prohibited by division (A) or (B) of this section.	1348
Sec. 4729.40. (A) (1) (a) The state board of pharmacy may	1349
designate one or more attorneys at law who have been admitted to	1350
the practice of law, and who are classified as either	1351
administrative law attorney examiners or as administrative law	1352
attorney examiner administrators under the state job	1353
classification plan adopted under section 124.14 of the Revised	1354

Code, as hearing examiners, subject to Chapter 119. of the	1355
Revised Code, to conduct any hearing the board is empowered to	1356
hold or undertake pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	1357
(b) Notwithstanding the requirement of division (A)(1)(a)	1358
of this section that the board designate as a hearing examiner	1359
an attorney who is classified as either an administrative law	1360
attorney examiner or an administrative law attorney examiner	1361
administrator, the board may, subject to section 127.16 of the	1362
Revised Code, enter into a personal service contract with an	1363
attorney admitted to the practice of law in this state to serve	1364
as a hearing examiner.	1365
(2) The hearing examiner shall hear and consider the oral	1366
and documented evidence introduced by the parties and issue in	1367
writing proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law to the	1368
board for their consideration within thirty days following the	1369
close of the hearing.	1370
(B) The board shall be given copies of the transcript of	1371
the hearing record and all exhibits and documents presented by	1372
the parties at the hearing.	1373
(C) The board shall render a decision and take action	1374
within ninety days following the receipt of the hearing	1375
examiner's proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law.	1376
(D) The final decision of the board in any hearing shall	1377
be in writing and contain findings of fact and conclusions of	1378
law. Copies of the decision shall be delivered to the parties	1379
personally or by certified mail. The decision is final on	1380
delivery or mailing, but may be appealed as provided by Chapter	1381
119. of the Revised Code.	1382
Sec. 4729.45. (A) As used in this section, "opioid	1383

analgesic" has the same meaning as in section 3719.01 of the	1384
Revised Code.	1385
(B) Except as provided in division (C) of this section,	1386
both of the following apply with respect to a prescription for	1387
an opioid analgesic to be used by an individual on an outpatient	1388
basis:	1389
(1) A pharmacist, pharmacy intern, or terminal distributor	1390
of dangerous drugs shall not dispense or sell the opioid	1391
analgesic in an amount that exceeds a ninety-day supply, as	1392
determined according to the prescription's directions for use of	1393
the drug, regardless of whether the prescription was issued for	1394
a greater amount.	1395
(2) If the prescription indicates the earliest date on	1396
which the prescription may be filled, a pharmacist, pharmacy	1397
intern, or terminal distributor of dangerous drugs shall not	1398
dispense or sell the opioid analgesic if more than fourteen days	1399
have elapsed since that date. Otherwise, a pharmacist, pharmacy	1400
intern, or terminal distributor of dangerous drugs shall not	1401
dispense or sell the opioid analgesic if more than fourteen days	1402
have elapsed since the prescription was issued.	1403
(C) Division (B) of this section does not apply when a	1404
pharmacist, pharmacy intern, or terminal distributor of	1405
dangerous drugs dispenses or sells an opioid analgesic to be	1406
delivered outside of this state by mail, parcel post, or common	1407
carrier to a patient who resides outside of this state.	1408
(D) The state board of pharmacy may adopt rules	1409
establishing additional limitations on the authority of a	1410
pharmacist, pharmacy intern, or terminal distributor of	1411
dangerous drugs to dispense or sell an opioid analgesic. The	1412

(iii) A health department operated by such a board or

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authority.	1442
(2) A manufacturer of dangerous drugs may donate inhalers,	1443
as defined in section 3313.7113 of the Revised Code, and	1444
epinephrine autoinjectors to any of the following:	1445
(a) The board of education of a city, local, exempted	1446
village, or joint vocational school district;	1447
(b) A community school established under Chapter 3314. of	1448
the Revised Code;	1449
(c) A STEM school established under Chapter 3326. of the	1450
Revised Code;	1451
(d) A college preparatory boarding school established	1452
under Chapter 3328. of the Revised Code;	1453
(e) A chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school.	1454
(B) $\frac{(1)}{(1)}$ No registered wholesale distributor of dangerous	1455
drugs shall possess for sale, or distribute, at	1456
wholesale, dangerous drugs to any person other than the	1457
following:	1458
(a) Except as provided in division (B)(2)(a) of this	1459
section and division (B) of section 4729.541 of the Revised	1460
Code, a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	1461
drugs;	1462
(b) An optometrist licensed under Chapter 4725. of the	1463
Revised Code who holds a topical ocular pharmaceutical agents	1464
certificate;	1465
(c) (1) Subject to division (D) of this section, a	1466
licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs;	1467
(2) Subject to division (C) of this section, any person	1468

exempt from licensure as a terminal distributor of dangerous	1469
drugs under section 4729.541 of the Revised Code;	1470
(3) A registered wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs;	1471
(d) A manufacturer of dangerous drugs;	1472
(e) Subject to division (B)(3) of this section, a licensed	1473
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs;	1474
(f) Carriers or warehouses for the purpose of carriage or	1475
storage;	1476
(g) Terminal (4) A terminal or wholesale distributors	1477
<u>distributor</u> of dangerous drugs who are that is located in	1478
another state, is not engaged in the sale of dangerous drugs	1479
within this state+, and is actively licensed to engage in the	1480
sale of dangerous drugs by the state in which the distributor	1481
conducts business.	1482
(h) An individual who holds a current license,	1483
certificate, or registration issued under Title XLVII of the	1484
Revised Code and has been certified to conduct diabetes	1485
education by a national certifying body specified in rules	1486
adopted by the state board of pharmacy under section 4729.68 of	1487
the Revised Code, but only with respect to insulin that will be	1488
used for the purpose of diabetes education and only if diabetes	1489
education is within the individual's scope of practice under	1490
statutes and rules regulating the individual's profession;	1491
(i) An individual who holds a valid certificate issued by	1492
a nationally recognized S.C.U.B.A. diving certifying	1493
organization approved by the state board of pharmacy in rule,	1494
but only with respect to medical oxygen that will be used for	1495
the purpose of emergency care or treatment at the scene of a	1496
diving emergency;	1497

(j) Except as provided in division (B)(2)(b) of this	1498
section and division (A) of section 4729.541 of the Revised	1499
Code, a business entity that is a corporation formed under-	1500
division (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited	1501
liability company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised	1502
Code, or a professional association formed under Chapter 1785.	1503
of the Revised Code if the entity has a sole shareholder who is	1504
a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe drugs and	1505
is authorized to provide the professional services being offered	1506
by the entity;	1507
(k) Except as provided in division (B)(2)(c) of this	1508
section and division (A) of section 4729.541 of the Revised	1509
Code, a business entity that is a corporation formed under-	1510
division (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited	1511
liability company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised	1512
Code, a partnership or a limited liability partnership formed	1513
under Chapter 1775. of the Revised Code, or a professional	1514
association formed under Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code, if,	1515
to be a shareholder, member, or partner, an individual is	1516
required to be licensed, certified, or otherwise legally	1517
authorized under Title XLVII of the Revised Code to perform the	1518
professional service provided by the entity and each such	1519
individual is a licensed health professional authorized to	1520
prescribe drugs;	1521
(1) With respect to epinephrine autoinjectors that may be	1522
possessed under section 3313.7110, 3313.7111, 3314.143, 3326.28,	1523
or 3328.29 of the Revised Code, any of the following: the board	1524
of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint	1525
vocational school district; a chartered or nonchartered	1526
nonpublic school; a community school established under Chapter	1527
3314. of the Revised Code; a STEM school established under	1528
3311. Of the hevidea code, a bigh school established under	1720

Chapter 2226 of the Deviced Code, or a college propagatory	1529
Chapter 3326. of the Revised Code; or a college preparatory	
boarding school established under Chapter 3328. of the Revised	1530
Code;	1531
(m) With respect to epinephrine autoinjectors that may be	1532
possessed under section 5101.76 of the Revised Code, any of the	1533
following: a residential camp, as defined in section 2151.011 of	1534
the Revised Code; a child day camp, as defined in section	1535
5104.01 of the Revised Code; or a child day camp operated by any	1536
county, township, municipal corporation, township park district	1537
created under section 511.18 of the Revised Code, park district	1538
created under section 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or joint	1539
recreation district established under section 755.14 of the	1540
Revised Code;	1541
(n) With respect to naloxone that may be possessed under-	1542
section 2925.61 of the Revised Code, a law enforcement agency	1543
	T O T O
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and its peace officers;	1544
	1544 1545
and its peace officers;	-
and its peace officers; (o) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed under-	1545
and its peace officers; (o) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed undersection 3313.7113, 3313.7114, 3314.144, 3326.30, or 3328.30 of	1545 1546
and its peace officers; (o) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed undersection 3313.7113, 3313.7114, 3314.144, 3326.30, or 3328.30 of the Revised Code, any of the following: the board of education	1545 1546 1547
and its peace officers; (o) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed undersection 3313.7113, 3313.7114, 3314.144, 3326.30, or 3328.30 of the Revised Code, any of the following: the board of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint vocational school	1545 1546 1547 1548
and its peace officers; (o) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed under section 3313.7113, 3313.7114, 3314.144, 3326.30, or 3328.30 of the Revised Code, any of the following: the board of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint vocational school district; a chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school; a	1545 1546 1547 1548 1549
and its peace officers; (o) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed under section 3313.7113, 3313.7114, 3314.144, 3326.30, or 3328.30 of the Revised Code, any of the following: the board of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint vocational school district; a chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school; a community school established under Chapter 3314. of the Revised	1545 1546 1547 1548 1549 1550
(o) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed under section 3313.7113, 3313.7114, 3314.144, 3326.30, or 3328.30 of the Revised Code, any of the following: the board of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint vocational school district; a chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school; a community school established under Chapter 3314. of the Revised Code; a STEM school established under Chapter 3326. of the	1545 1546 1547 1548 1549 1550
(o) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed under section 3313.7113, 3313.7114, 3314.144, 3326.30, or 3328.30 of the Revised Code, any of the following: the board of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint vocational school district; a chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school; a community school established under Chapter 3314. of the Revised Code; a STEM school established under Chapter 3326. of the Revised Code; or a college preparatory boarding school established under Chapter 3328. of the Revised Code;	1545 1546 1547 1548 1549 1550 1551 1552
(o) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed under section 3313.7113, 3313.7114, 3314.144, 3326.30, or 3328.30 of the Revised Code, any of the following: the board of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint vocational school district; a chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school; a community school established under Chapter 3314. of the Revised Code; a STEM school established under Chapter 3326. of the Revised Code; or a college preparatory boarding school established under Chapter 3328. of the Revised Code;	1545 1546 1547 1548 1549 1550 1551 1552 1553
(o) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed undersection 3313.7113, 3313.7114, 3314.144, 3326.30, or 3328.30 of the Revised Code, any of the following: the board of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint vocational school district; a chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school; a community school established under Chapter 3314. of the Revised Code; a STEM school established under Chapter 3326. of the Revised Code; or a college preparatory boarding school established under Chapter 3328. of the Revised Code; (p) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed undersection 5101.77 of the Revised Code, any of the following: a	1545 1546 1547 1548 1549 1550 1551 1552 1553 1554
(o) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed under section 3313.7113, 3313.7114, 3314.144, 3326.30, or 3328.30 of the Revised Code, any of the following: the board of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint vocational school-district; a chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school; a community school established under Chapter 3314. of the Revised Code; a STEM school established under Chapter 3326. of the Revised Code; or a college preparatory boarding school established under Chapter 3328. of the Revised Code; (p) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed under section 5101.77 of the Revised Code, any of the following: a residential camp, as defined in section 2151.011 of the Revised	1545 1546 1547 1548 1549 1550 1551 1552 1553 1554 1555
(o) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed undersection 3313.7113, 3313.7114, 3314.144, 3326.30, or 3328.30 of the Revised Code, any of the following: the board of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint vocational school district; a chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school; a community school established under Chapter 3314. of the Revised Code; a STEM school established under Chapter 3326. of the Revised Code; or a college preparatory boarding school established under Chapter 3328. of the Revised Code; (p) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed undersection 5101.77 of the Revised Code, any of the following: a	1545 1546 1547 1548 1549 1550 1551 1552 1553 1554

township, municipal corporation, township park district created	1559
under section 511.18 of the Revised Code, park district created	1560
under section 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or joint recreation	1561
district established under section 755.14 of the Revised Code.	1562
(2)(C) No registered wholesale distributor of dangerous	1563
drugs shall possess for sale, or sell, <u>or distribute,</u> at	1564
wholesale, dangerous drugs to any-either of the following:	1565
$\frac{(a)}{(1)}$ A prescriber who is employed by a pain management	1566
clinic that is not licensed as a terminal distributor of	1567
dangerous drugs with a pain management clinic classification	1568
issued under section 4729.552 of the Revised Code;	1569
(b) A business entity described in division (B)(1)(j) of	1570
this section that is, or is operating, a pain management clinic-	1571
without a license as a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	1572
with a pain management clinic classification issued under	1573
section 4729.552 of the Revised Code;	1574
(c) A business entity described in division (B) (1) (k) of	1575
this section that is, or is operating, a pain management clinic	1576
without a license as a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	1577
with a pain management clinic classification issued under-	1578
section 4729.552 of the Revised Code (2) A prescriber who is	1579
employed by an office-based opioid treatment facility pursuant	1580
to section 4729.553 of the Revised Code.	1581
(3) (D) No registered wholesale distributor of dangerous	1582
drugs shall possess dangerous drugs for sale at wholesale, or	1583
sell or distribute such drugs at wholesale, to a licensed	1584
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs, except as follows:	1585
$\frac{(a)}{(1)}$ In the case of a terminal distributor with a	1586
category I license, only dangerous drugs described in category	1587

I, as defined in division (A)(1) of section 4729.54 of the	1588
Revised Code;	1589
$\frac{(b)-(2)}{(b)}$ In the case of a terminal distributor with a	1590
category II license, only dangerous drugs described in category	1591
I and category II, as defined in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of	1592
section 4729.54 of the Revised Code;	1593
$\frac{(c)}{(3)}$ In the case of a terminal distributor with a	1594
category III license, dangerous drugs described in category I,	1595
category II, and category III, as defined in divisions (A)(1),	1596
(2), and (3) of section 4729.54 of the Revised Code;	1597
$\frac{(d)}{(4)}$ In the case of a terminal distributor with a	1598
limited category I, II, or III license, only the dangerous drugs	1599
specified in the certificate furnished by the terminal	1600
distributor in accordance with section 4729.60 of the Revised	1601
Code.	1602
$\frac{(C)(E)}{(E)}(1)$ Except as provided in division $\frac{(C)(4)(E)(2)}{(E)(2)}$ of	1603
this section, no person shall sell do any of the following:	1604
(a) Sell or distribute, at retail, dangerous drugs-	1605
(2) Except as provided in division (C)(4) of this section,	1606
no person shall possess :	1607
(b) Possess for sale, at retail, dangerous drugs-	1608
(3) Except as provided in division (C)(4) of this section,	1609
no person shall possess :	1610
(c) Possess dangerous drugs.	1611
(4) Divisions (C) (1), (2), and (3) (2) (a) Divisions (E) (1)	1612
(a), (b), and (c) of this section do not apply to a registered	1613
wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs or a any of the	1614

<pre>following:</pre>	1615
(i) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs-;	1616
Divisions (C) (1), (2), and (3) of this section do not	1617
apply to a <u>(ii)</u> A person who possesses, or possesses for sale or	1618
sells, at retail, a dangerous drug in accordance with Chapters	1619
3719., 4715., 4723., 4725., 4729., 4730., 4731., and 4741. of	1620
the Revised Code;	1621
(iii) Any of the persons identified in divisions (A)(1) to	1622
(5) and (12) of section 4729.541 of the Revised Code, but only	1623
to the extent specified in that section.	1624
Divisions (C) (1), (2), and (3) of this section do not	1625
apply to an individual who holds a current license, certificate,	1626
or registration issued under Title XLVII of the Revised Code and	1627
has been certified to conduct diabetes education by a national-	1628
certifying body specified in rules adopted by the state board of	1629
pharmacy under section 4729.68 of the Revised Code, but only to	1630
the extent that the individual possesses insulin or personally	1631
supplies insulin solely for the purpose of diabetes education	1632
and only if diabetes education is within the individual's scope	1633
of practice under statutes and rules regulating the individual's	1634
profession.	1635
Divisions (C) (1), (2), and (3) of this section do not	1636
apply to an individual who holds a valid certificate issued by a	1637
nationally recognized S.C.U.B.A. diving certifying organization	1638
approved by the state board of pharmacy in rule, but only to the	1639
extent that the individual possesses medical oxygen or	1640
personally supplies medical oxygen for the purpose of emergency	1641
care or treatment at the scene of a diving emergency.	1642
Division (C) (3) of this section does not apply to the	1643

board of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint	1644
vocational school district, a school building operated by a	1645
school district board of education, a chartered or nonchartered	1646
nonpublic school, a community school, a STEM school, or a	1647
college-preparatory boarding school for the purpose of-	1648
possessing epinephrine autoinjectors under section 3313.7110,	1649
3313.7111, 3314.143, 3326.28, or 3328.29 of the Revised Code and	1650
for the purpose of possessing inhalers under section 3313.7113,	1651
3313.7114, 3314.144, 3326.30, or 3328.30 of the Revised Code.	1652
Division (C) (3) of this section does not apply to a	1653
residential camp, as defined in section 2151.011 of the Revised	1654
Code, a child day camp, as defined in section 5104.01 of the	1655
Revised Code, or a child day camp operated by any county,	1656
township, municipal corporation, township park district created	1657
under section 511.18 of the Revised Code, park district created	1658
under section 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or joint recreation	1659
district established under section 755.14 of the Revised Code-	1660
for the purpose of possessing epinephrine autoinjectors under-	1661
section 5101.76 of the Revised Code and for the purpose of	1662
possessing inhalers under section 5101.77 of the Revised Code.	1663
Division (C) (3) of this section does not apply to a law-	1664
enforcement agency or the agency's peace officers if the agency	1665
or officers possess naloxone for administration to individuals	1666
who are apparently experiencing opioid related overdoses (b)	1667
Division (E)(1)(c) of this section does not apply to any of the	1668
<pre>following:</pre>	1669
(i) A registered wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs;	1670
(ii) Any of the persons identified in divisions (A)(6) to	1671
(11) of section 4729.541 of the Revised Code, but only to the	1672
extent specified in that section.	1673

$\frac{(D)-(F)}{(D)}$ No licensed terminal distributor of dangerous	1674
drugs or a person that is exempt from licensure under section	1675
4729.541 of the Revised Code shall purchase for the purpose of	1676
resale—dangerous drugs from any person other than a registered	1677
wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs, except as follows:	1678
(1) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs or	1679
a person that is exempt from licensure under section 4729.541 of	1680
the Revised Code may make occasional purchases of dangerous	1681
drugs for resale from a pharmacist who is a licensed terminal	1682
distributor of dangerous drugs or who is employed by a licensed-	1683
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs; that are sold in	1684
accordance with division (A)(1) or (3) of this section.	1685
(2) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	1686
having more than one establishment or place licensed location	1687
may transfer or receive deliver dangerous drugs from one	1688
establishment or place for which a license has been issued to	1689
the terminal distributor licensed location to another	1690
establishment or place for which a license has been issued to	1691
the terminal distributor licensed location if the license issued	1692
for each establishment or place location is in effect at the	1693
time of the transfer or receipt delivery.	1694
(E) (G) No licensed terminal distributor of dangerous	1695
drugs shall engage in the retail sale or other distribution of	1696
dangerous drugs at retail or maintain possession, custody, or	1697
control of dangerous drugs for any purpose other than the	1698
distributor's personal use or consumption, at any establishment	1699
or place other than that or those described in the license	1700
issued by the state board of pharmacy to such terminal	1701
distributor.	1702
(D) (D) Mathiau in this parties shall be senting 3 to	1700

(F) Nothing in this section shall be construed to

interfere with the performance of official duties by any law	1704
enforcement official authorized by municipal, county, state, or	1705
federal law to collect samples of any drug, regardless of its	1706
nature or in whose possession it may be.	1707
$\frac{G}{G}$ Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this	1708
section, the board of education of a city, local, exempted	1709
village, or joint vocational school district may deliver	1710
distribute epinephrine autoinjectors to a school under its	1711
control for the purpose of possessing the epinephrine	1712
autoinjectors under for use in accordance with section 3313.7110	1713
of the Revised Code and may deliver <u>distribute</u> inhalers to a	1714
school under its control for the purpose of possessing the	1715
inhalers under for use in accordance with section 3313.7113 of	1716
the Revised Code.	1717
Sec. 4729.513. A manufacturer of dangerous drugs may	1718
donate inhalers, as defined in section 3313.7113 of the Revised	1719
Code, and epinephrine autoinjectors to any of the following:	1720
(A) The board of education of a city, local, exempted	1721
village, or joint vocational school district;	1722
(B) A community school established under Chapter 3314. of	1723
the Revised Code;	1724
(C) A STEM school established under Chapter 3326. of the	1725
Revised Code;	1726
(D) A college-preparatory boarding school established	1727
under Chapter 3328. of the Revised Code;	1728
(E) A chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school.	1729
Sec. 4729.514. (A) As used in this section, "service	1730
entity" means a public or private entity that provides services	1731

to individuals who there is reason to believe may be at risk of	1732
experiencing an opioid-related overdose. "Service entity"	1733
includes a college or university, school, local health	1734
department, community addiction services provider, court,	1735
probation department, halfway house, prison, jail, community	1736
residential center, homeless shelter, or similar entity.	1737
(B) A service entity may procure naloxone for use in	1738
<pre>emergency situations.</pre>	1739
(C) A service entity or an employee, volunteer, or	1740
contractor of a service entity is not liable for or subject to	1741
any of the following for injury, death, or loss to person or	1742
property that allegedly arises from an act or omission	1743
associated with procuring, maintaining, accessing, or using	1744
naloxone under this section, unless the act or omission	1745
constitutes willful or wanton misconduct: damages in any civil	1746
action, prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or professional	1747
disciplinary action.	1748
This section does not eliminate, limit, or reduce any	1749
other immunity or defense that a service entity or an employee,	1750
volunteer, or contractor of a service entity may be entitled to	1751
under Chapter 2305. or any other provision of the Revised Code	1752
or under the common law of this state.	1753
Sec. 4729.54. (A) As used in this section:	1754
(1) "Category I" means single-dose injections of	1755
intravenous fluids, including saline, Ringer's lactate, five per	1756
cent dextrose and distilled water, and other intravenous fluids	1757
or parenteral solutions included in this category by rule of the	1758
state board of pharmacy, that have a volume of one hundred	1759
milliliters or more and that contain no added substances, or	1760

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single-dose injections of epinephrine to be administered	1761
pursuant to sections 4765.38 and 4765.39 of the Revised Code.	1762
(2) "Category II" means any dangerous drug that is not	1763
included in category I or III.	1764
(3) "Category III" means any controlled substance that is	1765
contained in schedule I, II, III, IV, or V.	1766
(4) "Emergency medical service organization" has the same	1767
meaning as in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code.	1768
(5) "Person" includes an emergency medical service	1769
organization.	1770
(6) "Schedule I, schedule II, schedule IV,	1771
and schedule V" mean controlled substance schedules I, II, III,	1772
IV, and V, respectively, as established pursuant to section	1773
3719.41 of the Revised Code and as amended.	1774
(B)(1) A person who desires to be licensed as a terminal	1775
distributor of dangerous drugs shall file with the executive	1776
director of the state board of pharmacy a verified application.	1777
After it is filed, the application may not be withdrawn without	1778
approval of the board.	1779
(2) An application shall contain all the following that	1780
apply in the applicant's case:	1781
(a) Information that the board requires relative to the	1782
qualifications of a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs set	1783
forth in section 4729.55 of the Revised Code;	1784
(b) A statement that the person wishes to be licensed as a	1785
category I, category II, category III, limited category I,	1786
limited category II, or limited category III terminal	1787
distributor of dangerous drugs;	1788

(c) If the person wishes to be licensed as a limited	1789
category I, limited category II, or limited category III	1790
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs, a notarized list of the	1791
dangerous drugs that the person wishes to possess, have custody	1792
or control of, and distribute, which list shall also specify the	1793
purpose for which those drugs will be used and their source;	1794
(d) If the person is an emergency medical service	1795
organization, the information that is specified in division (C)	1796
(1) of this section;	1797
(e) Except for an emergency medical service organization,	1798
the identity of the one establishment or place at which the	1799
person intends to engage in the sale or other distribution of	1800
dangerous drugs at retail, and maintain possession, custody, or	1801
control of dangerous drugs for purposes other than the person's	1802
own use or consumption;	1803
(f) If the application pertains to a pain management	1804
clinic, information that demonstrates, to the satisfaction of	1805
the board, compliance with division (A) of section 4729.552 of	1806
the Revised Code;	1807
(g) If the application pertains to a facility, clinic, or	1808
other location described in division (B) of section 4729.553 of	1809
the Revised Code that must hold a category III terminal	1810
distributor of dangerous drugs license with an office-based	1811
opioid treatment classification, information that demonstrates,	1812
to the satisfaction of the board, compliance with division (C)	1813
of that section.	1814
(C)(1) An emergency medical service organization that	1815
wishes to be licensed as a terminal distributor of dangerous	1816
drugs shall list in its application for licensure the following	1817

additional information: 1818 (a) The units under its control that the organization 1819 determines will possess dangerous drugs for the purpose of 1820 administering emergency medical services in accordance with 1821 Chapter 4765. of the Revised Code; 1822 (b) With respect to each such unit, whether the dangerous 1823 drugs that the organization determines the unit will possess are 1824 in category I, II, or III. 1825 (2) An emergency medical service organization that is 1826 licensed as a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs shall file 1827 a new application for such licensure if there is any change in 1828 the number, or location of, any of its units or any change in 1829 the category of the dangerous drugs that any unit will possess. 1830 (3) A unit listed in an application for licensure pursuant 1831 to division (C)(1) of this section may obtain the dangerous 1832 drugs it is authorized to possess from its emergency medical 1833 service organization or, on a replacement basis, from a hospital 1834 pharmacy. If units will obtain dangerous drugs from a hospital 1835 pharmacy, the organization shall file, and maintain in current 1836 form, the following items with the pharmacist who is responsible 1837 for the hospital's terminal distributor of dangerous drugs 1838 license: 1839 (a) A copy of its standing orders or protocol; 1840 (b) A list of the personnel employed or used by the 1841 organization to provide emergency medical services in accordance 1842 with Chapter 4765. of the Revised Code, who are authorized to 1843 possess the drugs, which list also shall indicate the personnel 1844 who are authorized to administer the drugs. 1845 (D) Each emergency medical service organization that 1846

applies for a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs license	1847
shall submit with its application the following:	1848
(1) A notarized copy of its standing orders or protocol,	1849
which orders or protocol shall be signed by a physician and	1850
specify the dangerous drugs that its units may carry, expressed	1851
in standard dose units;	1852
(2) A list of the personnel employed or used by the	1853
organization to provide emergency medical services in accordance	1854
with Chapter 4765. of the Revised Code.	1855
An emergency medical service organization that is licensed	1856
as a terminal distributor shall notify the board immediately of	1857
any changes in its standing orders or protocol.	1858
(E) There shall be six categories of terminal distributor	1859
of dangerous drugs licenses, which categories shall be as	1860
follows:	1861
(1) Category I license. A person who obtains this license	1862
may possess, have custody or control of, and distribute only the	1863
dangerous drugs described in category I.	1864
(2) Limited category I license. A person who obtains this	1865
license may possess, have custody or control of, and distribute	1866
only the dangerous drugs described in category I that were	1867
listed in the application for licensure.	1868
(3) Category II license. A person who obtains this license	1869
may possess, have custody or control of, and distribute only the	1870
dangerous drugs described in category I and category II.	1871
(4) Limited category II license. A person who obtains this	1872
license may possess, have custody or control of, and distribute	1873
only the dangerous drugs described in category I or category II	1874

that were listed in the application for licensure.

(5) Category III license, which may include a pain 1876 management clinic classification issued under section 4729.552 1877 of the Revised Code. A person who obtains this license may 1878 possess, have custody or control of, and distribute the 1879 dangerous drugs described in category I, category II, and 1880 category III. If the license includes a pain management clinic 1881 classification, the person may operate a pain management clinic. 1882

- (6) Limited category III license. A person who obtains

 this license may possess, have custody or control of, and

 distribute only the dangerous drugs described in category I,

 category II, or category III that were listed in the application

 1886

 for licensure.
- (F) Except for an application made on behalf of an animal 1888 shelter, if an applicant for licensure as a limited category I, 1889 II, or III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs intends to 1890 administer dangerous drugs to a person or animal, the applicant 1891 shall submit, with the application, a notarized copy of its 1892 protocol or standing orders, which protocol or orders shall be 1893 signed by a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe 1894 drugs, specify the dangerous drugs to be administered, and list 1895 personnel who are authorized to administer the dangerous drugs 1896 in accordance with federal law or the law of this state. An 1897 application made on behalf of an animal shelter shall include a 1898 notarized list of the dangerous drugs to be administered to 1899 animals and the personnel who are authorized to administer the 1900 drugs to animals in accordance with section 4729.532 of the 1901 Revised Code. After obtaining a terminal distributor license, a 1902 licensee shall notify the board immediately of any changes in 1903 its protocol or standing orders, or in such personnel. 1904

(G)(1) Except as provided in division (G)(2) of this	1905
section, each applicant for licensure as a terminal distributor	1906
of dangerous drugs shall submit, with the application, a license	1907
fee determined as follows:	1908
(a) For a category I or limited category I license, forty-	1909
five dollars;	1910
(b) For a category II or limited category II license, one	1911
hundred twelve dollars and fifty cents;	1912
(c) For a category III license, including a license with a	1913
pain management clinic classification issued under section	1914
4729.552 of the Revised Code, or a limited category III license,	1915
one hundred fifty dollars.	1916
(2) (a) Except as provided in division (G)(2)(b) of this	1917
section, for a person who is required to hold a license as a	1918
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs pursuant to division (D)	1919
of section 4729.541 of the Revised Code, the fee shall be sixty	1920
dollars.	1921
(b) For a professional association, corporation,	1922
partnership, or limited liability company organized for the	1923
purpose of practicing veterinary medicine, the fee shall be	1924
forty dollars.	1925
(3) Fees assessed under divisions (G)(1) and (2) of this	1926
section shall not be returned if the applicant fails to qualify	1927
for registration.	1928
(H)(1) The board shall issue a terminal distributor of	1929
dangerous drugs license to each person who submits an	1930
application for such licensure in accordance with this section,	1931
pays the required license fee, is determined by the board to	1932
meet the requirements set forth in section 4729.55 of the	1933

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Revised Code,	and satisfies	any other	applicable	requirements	of	1934
this section.						1935

(2) The license of a person other than an emergency 1936 medical service organization shall describe the one 1937 establishment or place at which the licensee may engage in the 1938 sale or other distribution of dangerous drugs at retail and 1939 maintain possession, custody, or control of dangerous drugs for 1940 purposes other than the licensee's own use or consumption. The 1941 one establishment or place shall be that which is described in 1942 the application for licensure. 1943

No such license shall authorize or permit the terminal distributor of dangerous drugs named in it to engage in the sale or other distribution of dangerous drugs at retail or to maintain possession, custody, or control of dangerous drugs for any purpose other than the distributor's own use or consumption, at any establishment or place other than that described in the license, except that an agent or employee of an animal shelter may possess and use dangerous drugs in the course of business as provided in division (D) of section 4729.532 of the Revised Code.

- (3) The license of an emergency medical service organization shall cover and describe all the units of the organization listed in its application for licensure.
- (4) The license of every terminal distributor of dangerous 1957 drugs shall indicate, on its face, the category of licensure. If 1958 the license is a limited category I, II, or III license, it 1959 shall specify, and shall authorize the licensee to possess, have 1960 custody or control of, and distribute only, the dangerous drugs 1961 that were listed in the application for licensure. 1962

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(I) All licenses issued pursuant to this section shall be	1963
effective for a period of twelve months from the first day of	1964
April of each year. A license shall be renewed by the board for	1965
a like period, annually, according to the provisions of this	1966
section, and the standard renewal procedure of Chapter 4745. of	1967
the Revised Code. A person who desires to renew a license shall	1968
submit an application for renewal and pay the required fee on or	1969
before the thirty-first day of March each year. The fee required	1970
for the renewal of a license shall be the same as the fee paid	1971
for the license being renewed, and shall accompany the	1972
application for renewal.	1973

A license that has not been renewed during March in any 1974 year and by the first day of May of the same year may be 1975 reinstated only upon payment of the required renewal fee and a 1976 penalty fee of fifty-five dollars. 1977

- (J) (1) No emergency medical service organization that is licensed as a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs shall fail to comply with division (C) (2) or (3) of this section.
- (2) No emergency medical service organization that is

 licensed as a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs shall fail

 to comply with division (D) of this section.

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- (3) No licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs 1984 shall possess, have custody or control of, or distribute 1985 dangerous drugs that the terminal distributor is not entitled to 1986 possess, have custody or control of, or distribute by virtue of 1987 its category of licensure. 1988
- (4) No licensee that is required by division (F) of this

 section to notify the board of changes in its protocol or

 standing orders, or in personnel, shall fail to comply with that

 1991

division.

1992

Sec. 4729.541. (A) $\frac{1}{1}$ Except as provided in divisions $\frac{1}{1}$	1993
(2) and (3) (B) to (D) of this section, a business entity	1994
described in division (B)(1)(j) or (k) of section 4729.51 of the	1995
Revised Code may possess, have custody or control of, and	1996
distribute the dangerous drugs in category I, category II, and	1997
category III, as defined in section 4729.54 of the Revised Code,	1998
without holding a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	1999
license issued under that section. all of the following are	2000
exempt from licensure as a terminal distributor of dangerous	2001
drugs:	2002
(1) A licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	2003
drugs;	2004
(2) A business entity that is a corporation formed under	2005
division (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited	2006
liability company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised	2007
Code, or a professional association formed under Chapter 1785.	2008
of the Revised Code if the entity has a sole shareholder who is	2009
a prescriber and is authorized to provide the professional	2010
services being offered by the entity;	2011
(3) A business entity that is a corporation formed under	2012
division (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited	2013
liability company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised	2014
Code, a partnership or a limited liability partnership formed	2015
under Chapter 1775. of the Revised Code, or a professional	2016
association formed under Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code, if,	2017
to be a shareholder, member, or partner, an individual is	2018
required to be licensed, certified, or otherwise legally	2019
authorized under Title XLVII of the Revised Code to perform the	2020
professional service provided by the entity and each such	2021

individual is a prescriber;	2022
(4) An individual who holds a current license,	2023
certificate, or registration issued under Title XLVII of the	2024
Revised Code and has been certified to conduct diabetes	2025
education by a national certifying body specified in rules	2026
adopted by the state board of pharmacy under section 4729.68 of	2027
the Revised Code, but only with respect to insulin that will be	2028
used for the purpose of diabetes education and only if diabetes	2029
education is within the individual's scope of practice under	2030
statutes and rules regulating the individual's profession;	2031
(5) An individual who holds a valid certificate issued by	2032
a nationally recognized S.C.U.B.A. diving certifying	2033
organization approved by the state board of pharmacy under rules	2034
adopted by the board, but only with respect to medical oxygen	2035
that will be used for the purpose of emergency care or treatment	2036
at the scene of a diving emergency;	2037
(6) With respect to epinephrine autoinjectors that may be	2038
possessed under section 3313.7110, 3313.7111, 3314.143, 3326.28,	2039
or 3328.29 of the Revised Code, any of the following: the board	2040
of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint	2041
vocational school district; a chartered or nonchartered	2042
nonpublic school; a community school established under Chapter	2043
3314. of the Revised Code; a STEM school established under	2044
Chapter 3326. of the Revised Code; or a college-preparatory	2045
boarding school established under Chapter 3328. of the Revised	2046
Code;	2047
(7) With respect to epinephrine autoinjectors that may be	2048
possessed under section 5101.76 of the Revised Code, any of the	2049
following: a residential camp, as defined in section 2151.011 of	2050
the Revised Code; a child day camp, as defined in section	2051

5104.01 of the Revised Code; or a child day camp operated by any	2052
county, township, municipal corporation, township park district	2053
<pre>created under section 511.18 of the Revised Code, park district_</pre>	2054
created under section 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or joint	2055
recreation district established under section 755.14 of the	2056
Revised Code;	2057
(8) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed under	2058
section 3313.7113, 3313.7114, 3314.144, 3326.30, or 3328.30 of	2059
the Revised Code, any of the following: the board of education	2060
of a city, local, exempted village, or joint vocational school	2061
district; a chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school; a	2062
community school established under Chapter 3314. of the Revised	2063
Code; a STEM school established under Chapter 3326. of the	2064
Revised Code; or a college-preparatory boarding school	2065
established under Chapter 3328. of the Revised Code;	2066
(9) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed under	2067
section 5101.77 of the Revised Code, any of the following: a	2068
residential camp, as defined in section 2151.011 of the Revised	2069
Code; a child day camp, as defined in section 5104.01 of the	2070
Revised Code; or a child day camp operated by any county,	2071
township, municipal corporation, township park district created	2072
under section 511.18 of the Revised Code, park district created	2073
under section 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or joint recreation	2074
district established under section 755.14 of the Revised Code;	2075
(10) With respect to naloxone that may be possessed under	2076
section 2925.61 of the Revised Code, a law enforcement agency	2077
and its peace officers;	2078
(11) With respect to naloxone that may be possessed under	2079
section 4729.514 of the Revised Code, a service entity, as	2080
defined in that section:	2081

(12) A facility that is owned and operated by the United	2082
States department of defense, the United States department of	2083
veterans affairs, or any other federal agency.	2084
(B) If a business entity person described in division (B)	2085
(1)(j) or (k) (A) of this section 4729.51 of the Revised Code is	2086
a pain management clinic or is operating a pain management	2087
clinic, the entity person shall hold a license as a terminal	2088
distributor of dangerous drugs with a pain management clinic	2089
classification issued under section 4729.552 of the Revised	2090
Code <u>.</u>	2091
	2002
(C) If a person described in division (A) of this section	2092
is operating a facility, clinic, or other location described in	2093
division (B) of section 4729.553 of the Revised Code that must	2094
hold a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	2095
license with an office-based opioid treatment classification,	2096
the person shall hold a license with that classification.	2097
(3) A business entity (D) Any of the persons described in	2098
division (B)(1)(j) or (k) divisions (A)(1) to (11) of this	2099
section 4729.51 of the Revised Code shall hold a license as a	2100
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs in order to possess,	2101
have custody or control of, and distribute either any of the	2102
following:	2103
(a) (1) Dangerous drugs that are compounded or used for	2104
the purpose of compounding;	2105
(b) Controlled substances containing buprenorphine that	2106
are used for the purpose of treating drug dependence or	2107
addiction(2) A schedule I, II, III, IV, or V controlled	2108
substance, as defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	2109
(B) A licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	2110

drugs who does not practice in the form of a business entity	2111
described in division (B)(1)(j) or (k) of section 4729.51 of the	2112
Revised Code shall hold a license as a terminal distributor of	2113
dangerous drugs in order to possess, have custody or control of,	2114
and distribute, including personally furnish, either of the-	2115
following:	2116
(1) Dangerous drugs that are compounded or used for the	2117
purpose of compounding;	2118
(2) Controlled substances containing hungarouphing that	2119
(2) Controlled substances containing buprenorphine that	
are used for the purpose of treating drug dependence or	2120
addiction.	2121
Sec. 4729.55. No license shall be issued to an applicant	2122
for licensure as a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	2123
unless the applicant has furnished satisfactory proof to the	2124
state board of pharmacy that:	2125
(A) The applicant is equipped as to land, buildings, and	2126
equipment to properly carry on the business of a terminal	2127
distributor of dangerous drugs within the category of licensure	2128
approved by the board.	2129
(B) A pharmacist, licensed health professional authorized	2130
to prescribe drugs, animal shelter licensed with the state board	2131
of pharmacy under section 4729.531 of the Revised Code, or a	2132
laboratory as defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code	2133
will maintain supervision and control over the possession and	2134
custody of dangerous drugs that may be acquired by or on behalf	2135
of the applicant.	2136
(C) Adequate safeguards are assured to prevent the sale or	2137
other distribution of dangerous drugs by any person other than a	2138
pharmacist or licensed health professional authorized to	2139

prescribe drugs.	2140
(D) Adequate safeguards are assured that the applicant	2141
will carry on the business of a terminal distributor of	2142
dangerous drugs in a manner that allows pharmacists and pharmacy	2143
interns employed by the terminal distributor to practice	2144
pharmacy in a safe and effective manner.	2145
(E) If the applicant, or any agent or employee of the	2146
applicant, has been found guilty of violating section 4729.51 of	2147
the Revised Code, the "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52	2148
Stat. 1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301, the federal drug abuse	2149
control laws, Chapter 2925., 3715., 3719., or 4729. of the	2150
Revised Code, or any rule of the board, adequate safeguards are	2151
assured to prevent the recurrence of the violation.	2152
(F) In the case of an applicant who is a food processor or	2153
retail seller of food, the applicant will maintain supervision	2154
and control over the possession and custody of nitrous oxide.	2155
(G) In the case of an applicant who is a retail seller of	2156
oxygen in original packages labeled as required by the "Federal	2157
Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," the applicant will maintain	2158
supervision and control over the possession, custody, and retail	2159
sale of the oxygen.	2160
(H) If the application is made on behalf of an animal	2161
shelter, at least one of the agents or employees of the animal	2162
shelter is certified in compliance with section 4729.532 of the	2163
Revised Code.	2164
(I) In the case of an applicant who is a retail seller of	2165
peritoneal dialysis solutions in original packages labeled as	2166
required by the "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52 Stat.	2167
1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301, the applicant will maintain	2168

supervision and control over the possession, custody, and retail	2169
sale of the peritoneal dialysis solutions.	2170
(J) In the case of an applicant who is a pain management	2171
clinic, the applicant meets the requirements to receive a	2172
license with a pain management clinic classification issued	2173
under section 4729.552 of the Revised Code.	2174
(K) In the case of an applicant who is operating a	2175
facility, clinic, or other location described in division (B) of	2176
section 4729.553 of the Revised Code that must hold a category	2177
III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs license with an	2178
office-based opioid treatment classification, the applicant	2179
meets the requirements to receive that license with that	2180
classification.	2181
Sec. 4729.553. (A) As used in this section:	2182
(1) "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as in	2183
section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	2184
(2) "Hospital" means a hospital registered with the	2185
department of health under section 3701.07 of the Revised Code.	2186
(3) "Office-based opioid treatment" means the treatment of	2187
opioid dependence or addiction using a controlled substance.	2188
(B) (1) Except as provided in division (B) (2) of this	2189
section, no person shall knowingly operate a facility, clinic,	2190
or other location where a prescriber provides office-based	2191
opioid treatment to more than thirty patients or that meets any	2192
other identifying criteria established in rules adopted under	2193
division (G) of this section without holding a category III	2194
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs license with an office-	2195
based opioid treatment classification.	2196

(2) Division (B)(1) of this section does not apply to any	2197
of the following:	2198
(a) A hospital;	2199
(b) A facility for the treatment of opioid dependence or	2200
addiction that is operated by a hospital;	2201
(c) A physician practice owned or controlled, in whole or	2202
in part, by a hospital or by an entity that owns or controls, in	2203
whole or in part, one or more hospitals;	2204
(d) A facility that conducts only clinical research and	2205
uses controlled substances in studies approved by a hospital-	2206
based institutional review board or an institutional review	2207
board that is accredited by the association for the	2208
accreditation of human research protection programs, inc.;	2209
(e) A facility that holds a category III terminal	2210
distributor of dangerous drugs license in accordance with	2211
section 4729.54 of the Revised Code for the purpose of treating	2212
drug dependence or addiction as part of an opioid treatment	2213
program and is the subject of a current, valid certification	2214
from the substance abuse and mental health services	2215
administration of the United States department of health and	2216
human services pursuant to 42 C.F.R. 8.11;	2217
(f) A program or facility that is licensed or certified by	2218
the department of mental health and addiction services under	2219
Chapter 5119. of the Revised Code.	2220
(C) To be eligible to receive a license as a category III	2221
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based	2222
opioid treatment classification, an applicant shall submit	2223
evidence satisfactory to the state board of pharmacy that the	2224
applicant's office-based opioid treatment will be operated in	2225

accordance with the requirements specified in division (D) of	2226
this section and that the applicant meets any other applicable	2227
requirements of this chapter.	2228
If the board determines that an applicant meets all of the	2229
requirements, the board shall issue to the applicant a license	2230
as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with	2231
an office-based opioid treatment classification.	2232
(D) The holder of a category III terminal distributor	2233
license with an office-based opioid treatment classification	2234
shall do all of the following:	2235
(1) Be in control of a facility that is owned and operated	2236
solely by one or more physicians authorized under Chapter 4731.	2237
of the Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery or	2238
osteopathic medicine and surgery, unless the state board of	2239
<pre>pharmacy has exempted the holder from this requirement;</pre>	2240
(2) Comply with the requirements for conducting office-	2241
based opioid treatment, as established by the state medical	2242
board in rules adopted under section 4731.056 of the Revised	2243
<pre>Code;</pre>	2244
(3) Require any person with ownership of the facility to	2245
submit to a criminal records check in accordance with section	2246
4776.02 of the Revised Code and send the results of the criminal	2247
records check directly to the state board of pharmacy for review	2248
and decision under section 4729.071 of the Revised Code;	2249
(4) Require all employees of the facility to submit to a	2250
criminal records check in accordance with section 4776.02 of the	2251
Revised Code and ensure that no person is employed who has	2252
previously been convicted of, or pleaded guilty to, either of	2253
the following:	2254

(a) A theft offense, described in division (K) (3) of	2255
section 2913.01 of the Revised Code, that would constitute a	2256
felony under the laws of this state, any other state, or the	2257
<pre>United States;</pre>	2258
(b) A felony drug offense, as defined in section 2925.01	2259
of the Revised Code.	2260
(5) Maintain a list of each person with ownership of the	2261
facility and notify the state board of pharmacy of any change to	2262
that list.	2263
(E) No person subject to licensure as a category III	2264
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based	2265
opioid treatment classification shall knowingly fail to remain	2266
in compliance with the requirements of division (D) of this	2267
section and any other applicable requirements of this chapter.	2268
(F) The state board of pharmacy may impose a fine of not	2269
more than five thousand dollars on a person who violates	2270
division (B) or (E) of this section. A separate fine may be	2271
imposed for each day the violation continues. In imposing the	2272
fine, the board's actions shall be taken in accordance with	2273
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	2274
(G) The state board of pharmacy shall adopt rules as it	2275
considers necessary to implement and administer this section.	2276
The rules shall be adopted in accordance with Chapter 119. of	2277
the Revised Code.	2278
Sec. 4729.571. If the state board of pharmacy determines	2279
that there is clear and convincing evidence that the method used	2280
by a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs to distribute	2281
controlled substances presents a danger of immediate and serious	2282
harm to others, the board may suspend the terminal distributor's	2283

license without a hearing. The board shall follow the procedure	2284
for suspension without a prior hearing in section 119.07 of the	2285
Revised Code. The suspension shall remain in effect, unless	2286
removed by the board, until the board's final adjudication order	2287
becomes effective, except that if the board does not issue its	2288
final adjudication order within ninety days after the hearing,	2289
the suspension shall be void on the ninety-first day after the	2290
suspension.	2291

If the terminal distributor holds a license with a pain 2292 2293 management clinic classification issued under section 4729.552 of the Revised Code or a license with an office-based opioid 2294 treatment classification issued under section 4729.553 of the 2295 Revised Code and the person holding the license also holds a 2296 certificate issued under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code to 2297 practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and 2298 surgery, prior to suspending the license without a hearing, the 2299 board shall consult with the secretary of the state medical 2300 board or, if the secretary is unavailable, another physician 2301 member of the board. 2302

Sec. 4729.60. (A) (1) Before a registered wholesale 2303 distributor of dangerous drugs may sell dangerous drugs at 2304 wholesale to any person, other than the persons specified in 2305 divisions (B) (1) (a) to (d), (f) to (h), and (l) to (p) of 2306 2307 section 4729.51 of the Revised Code except as provided in division (A)(2) of this section, such—the wholesale distributor 2308 shall obtain from the purchaser and the purchaser shall furnish 2309 to the wholesale distributor a certificate indicating that the 2310 purchaser is a licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs. 2311 The certificate shall be in the form that the state board of 2312 pharmacy shall prescribe, and shall set forth the name of the 2313 licensee, the number of the license, a description of the place 2314

or establishment or each place or establishment for which the	2315
license was issued, the category of licensure, and, if the	2316
license is a limited category I, II, or III license, the	2317
dangerous drugs that the licensee is authorized to possess, have	2318
custody or control of, and distribute.	2319
If no certificate is obtained or furnished before a sale	2320
is made, it shall be presumed that the sale of dangerous drugs	2321
by the wholesale distributor is in violation of division (B) of	2322
section 4729.51 of the Revised Code and the purchase of	2323
dangerous drugs by the purchaser is in violation of division $\frac{\text{(C)}}{}$	2324
(E) of section 4729.51 of the Revised Code. If a registered	2325
wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs obtains or is furnished	2326
a certificate from a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs and	2327
relies on the certificate in selling dangerous drugs at	2328
wholesale to the terminal distributor of dangerous drugs, the	2329
wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs shall be deemed not to	2330
have violated division (B) of section 4729.51 of the Revised	2331
Code in making the sale.	2332
(2) Division (A)(1) of this section does not apply when a	2333
wholesale distributor sells dangerous drugs at wholesale to any	2334
of the following:	2335
(a) A person specified in division (B)(4) of section	2336
4729.51 of the Revised Code;	2337
(b) Any of the persons described in divisions (A)(1) to	2338
(12) of section 4729.541 of the Revised Code, but only if the	2339
purchaser is not required to obtain licensure as provided in	2340
divisions (B) to (D) of that section.	2341
(B) Before a licensed terminal distributor of dangerous	2342
drugs may purchase dangerous drugs at wholesale, the terminal	2343

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(b) Possess a high school diploma or a certificate of high	2373
school equivalence or have been employed continuously since	2374
prior to April 8, 2009, as a pharmacy technician without a high	2375
school diploma or certificate of high school equivalence;	2376
(c) Be of good moral character, as defined in rules	2377
adopted by the state board of pharmacy under section 4729.26 of	2378
the Revised Code;	2379
(d) Except as provided in division (D) of this section,	2380
comply with sections 4776.01 to 4776.04 of the Revised Code;	2381
(e) Except as provided in division (E)(1) of this section,	2382
obtain from a pharmacy's responsible person an attestation that	2383
the applicant has successfully completed education and training	2384
that meets the requirements established by the board in rules	2385
adopted under section 4729.94 of the Revised Code.	2386
(2) An applicant for registration as a certified pharmacy	2387
technician shall:	2388
(a) Comply with divisions (B)(1)(a), (c), and (d) of this	2389
<pre>section;</pre>	2390
(b) Possess a high school diploma or a certificate of high	2391
<pre>school equivalence;</pre>	2392
(c) Except as provided in division (E)(2) of this section,	2393
obtain from a pharmacy's responsible person an attestation that	2394
the applicant has successfully completed education and training	2395
that meets the requirements established by the board in rules	2396
adopted under section 4729.94 of the Revised Code;	2397
(d) Have a current pharmacy technician certification from	2398
an organization that has been recognized by the board.	2399
(C) A pharmacist or pharmacy intern whose license has been	2400

denied, revoked, suspended, or otherwise restricted by the board	2401
shall not be registered as a registered pharmacy technician or	2402
certified pharmacy technician.	2403
(D) Until the date that is two years after the effective	2404
date of this section, an applicant for registration as a	2405
registered pharmacy technician or certified pharmacy technician	2406
who meets the requirements to be a qualified pharmacy technician	2407
under section 4729.42 of the Revised Code, as it existed	2408
immediately prior to the effective date of section 4729.95 of	2409
the Revised Code, may, instead of complying with division (B)(1)	2410
(d) of this section, authorize the superintendent of the bureau	2411
of criminal identification and investigation to make the results	2412
of a criminal records check of the applicant available to the	2413
state board of pharmacy. The criminal records check must have	2414
been conducted not earlier than twenty-four months before the	2415
date of the application for registration.	2416
(E) (1) Until the date that is two years after the	2417
effective date of this section, an applicant for registration as	2418
a registered pharmacy technician who meets the requirements to	2419
be a qualified pharmacy technician under section 4729.42 of the	2420
Revised Code, as it existed immediately prior to the effective	2421
date of section 4729.95 of the Revised Code, may, instead of	2422
complying with division (B)(1)(e) of this section, submit an	2423
attestation from a pharmacy's responsible person that the	2424
applicant has completed a pharmacy technician training program	2425
that is of appropriate breadth and depth to clearly address the	2426
competencies for a technician to safely and effectively work in	2427
that particular setting and includes instruction in all of the	2428
<pre>following:</pre>	2429
(a) Packaging and labeling drugs;	2430

(b) Pharmacy terminology;	2431
(c) Basic drug information;	2432
(d) Basic calculations;	2433
(e) Quality control procedures;	2434
(f) State and federal statutes, rules, and regulations	2435
regarding pharmacy technician duties, pharmacist duties,	2436
pharmacy intern duties, prescription or drug order processing	2437
procedures, non-sterile drug compounding, drug record-keeping	2438
requirements, patient confidentiality, security requirements,	2439
and storage requirements.	2440
(2) Until the date that is two years after the effective	2441
date of this section, an applicant for registration as a	2442
certified pharmacy technician who meets the requirements to be a	2443
qualified pharmacy technician under section 4729.42 of the	2444
Revised Code, as it existed immediately prior to the effective	2445
date of section 4729.95 of the Revised Code, may, instead of	2446
complying with division (B)(2)(c) of this section, submit an	2447
attestation from a pharmacy's responsible person that the	2448
applicant has completed a pharmacy technician training program	2449
that is of appropriate breadth and depth to clearly address the	2450
competencies for a technician to safely and effectively work in	2451
that particular setting and includes instruction in all of the	2452
<pre>following:</pre>	2453
(a) The topics listed in divisions (E)(1)(a) to (f) of	2454
this section;	2455
(b) Sterile drug compounding;	2456
(c) Preparing and mixing intravenous drugs to be injected	2457
into a human being.	2458

Sec. 4729.901. An applicant for registration under section	2459
4729.90 of the Revised Code shall file with the state board of	2460
pharmacy an application in the form and manner prescribed in	2461
rules adopted under section 4729.94 of the Revised Code. The	2462
application shall be accompanied by an application fee of fifty	2463
dollars, which shall not be returned if the applicant fails to	2464
qualify for registration.	2465
If the board is satisfied that the applicant meets the	2466
requirements of section 4729.90 of the Revised Code and any	2467
additional requirements established by the board and determines	2468
that the results of a criminal records check do not make the	2469
applicant ineligible, the board shall register the applicant as	2470
a registered pharmacy technician or certified pharmacy	2471
technician, as applicable.	2472
Registration under this section is valid for the period	2473
specified by the board in rules adopted under section 4729.94 of	2474
the Revised Code. The period shall not exceed twenty-four months	2475
unless the board extends the period in the rules to adjust	2476
license renewal schedules.	2477
Sec. 4729.902. (A) A registered pharmacy technician or	2478
certified pharmacy technician shall file an application for	2479
registration renewal in the form and manner prescribed by the	2480
state board of pharmacy in rules adopted under section 4729.94	2481
of the Revised Code. Registrations shall be renewed in	2482
accordance with the rules and the standard renewal procedure set	2483
forth in Chapter 4745. of the Revised Code. The renewal fee is	2484
<pre>twenty-five dollars per year.</pre>	2485
(B) (1) A registered pharmacy technician or certified	2486
pharmacy technician who fails to renew registration in	2487
accordance with division (A) of this section is prohibited from	2488

engaging in the activities authorized by section 4729.91 of the	2489
Revised Code.	2490
(2) (a) A registration that is not renewed by a date	2491
determined under division (A) of this section but has not lapsed	2492
for more than ninety days may be reinstated if the applicant	2493
does both of the following:	2494
(i) Submits a renewal application in a form prescribed by	2495
the board in rules adopted under section 4729.94 of the Revised	2496
Code;	2497
(ii) Pays the renewal fee and a late fee of fifty dollars.	2498
(b) A registration that has lapsed for more than ninety	2499
days cannot be renewed, but the registration holder may reapply	2500
for registration.	2501
Sec. 4729.91. (A) A registered pharmacy technician may,	2502
under the direct supervision of a pharmacist, engage in the	2503
following activities at a location licensed as a terminal	2504
distributor of dangerous drugs to the extent that the activities	2505
do not require the exercise of professional judgment:	2506
(1) Accepting new written or electronic prescription	2507
orders from a prescriber or a prescriber's agent;	2508
(2) Entering information into and retrieving information	2509
<pre>from a database or patient profile;</pre>	2510
(3) Preparing and affixing labels;	2511
(4) Stocking dangerous drugs and retrieving those drugs	2512
<pre>from inventory;</pre>	2513
(5) Counting and pouring dangerous drugs into containers;	2514
(6) Placing dangerous drugs into patient storage	2515

<pre>containers;</pre>	2516
(7) Non-sterile drug compounding as authorized by the	2517
state board of pharmacy in rules adopted under section 4729.94	2518
of the Revised Code;	2519
(8) Other activities specified by the board in rules	2520
adopted under section 4729.94 of the Revised Code.	2521
(B) A certified pharmacy technician may, under the direct	2522
supervision of a pharmacist, engage in the following activities	2523
at a location licensed as a terminal distributor of dangerous	2524
drugs to the extent that the activities do not require the	2525
<pre>exercise of professional judgment:</pre>	2526
(1) Any activity listed in division (A) of this section;	2527
(2) Accepting or requesting refill authorizations for	2528
dangerous drugs that are not controlled substances from a	2529
prescriber or the prescriber's agent, so long as there is no	2530
change from the original prescription;	2531
(3) Sterile and non-sterile drug compounding as authorized	2532
by the board in rules adopted under section 4729.94 of the	2533
Revised Code;	2534
(4) Other activities specified by the board in rules	2535
adopted under section 4729.94 of the Revised Code.	2536
Sec. 4729.92. (A) An applicant for registration as a	2537
<pre>pharmacy technician trainee shall:</pre>	2538
(1) Comply with divisions (B)(1)(a) to (c) of section	2539
4729.90 of the Revised Code;	2540
(2) Be enrolled in or plan to enroll in education and	2541
training that will allow the applicant to meet the requirements	2542

Registration is valid for one year from the date of 2563
registration. Registration is not renewable, but an individual 2564
may reapply for registration if the individual's previous 2565
registration has lapsed for more than five years or the board 2566
grants its approval. 2567

Sec. 4729.93. A pharmacy technician trainee may, under the

direct supervision of a pharmacist, engage in the same

activities as a registered pharmacy technician, as listed in

division (A) of section 4729.91 of the Revised Code.

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Sec. 4729.94. The state board of pharmacy shall adopt	2572
rules under section 4729.26 of the Revised Code governing	2573
registration of registered pharmacy technicians, certified	2574
pharmacy technicians, and pharmacy technician trainees. The	2575
rules shall include all of the following:	2576
(A) Application and renewal forms and procedures;	2577
(B) Reapplication forms and procedures for individuals	2578
whose registration has lapsed more than ninety days;	2579
(C) Education and training requirements, requirements for	2580
employer-administered training programs, and other requirements	2581
considered appropriate by the board;	2582
(D) Additional activities permitted by divisions (A) (7)	2583
and (B) (4) of section 4729.91 of the Revised Code;	2584
(E) Requirements for sterile and non-sterile drug	2585
<pre>compounding;</pre>	2586
(F) Continuing education requirements;	2587
(G) Conduct that constitutes dishonesty or unprofessional	2588
conduct by a registered pharmacy technician, certified pharmacy	2589
technician, or pharmacy technician trainee;	2590
(H) Additional conduct for which the board may impose	2591
discipline under section 4729.96 of the Revised Code on a	2592
registered pharmacy technician, certified pharmacy technician,	2593
or pharmacy technician trainee;	2594
(I) Any other rules the board considers appropriate to	2595
implement sections 4729.90 to 4729.96 of the Revised Code.	2596
Sec. 4729.95. (A) No person who is not a pharmacist,	2597
pharmacy intern, registered pharmacy technician, certified	2598

pharmacy technician, or pharmacy technician trainee shall_	2599
knowingly engage in any of the activities listed in section	2600
4729.91 of the Revised Code in a location licensed as a terminal	2601
distributor of dangerous drugs or while performing the function	2602
of a terminal distributor, except that this division does not	2603
prevent a licensed health care professional from engaging in	2604
activities that are authorized by law as part of the licensed	2605
professional's practice.	2606
(B) No pharmacist shall knowingly allow any person	2607
employed or otherwise under the control of the pharmacist to	2608
violate division (A) of this section.	2609
(C) No terminal distributor of dangerous drugs shall	2610
knowingly allow any person employed or otherwise under the	2611
control of the person who owns, manages, or conducts the	2612
terminal distributor to violate division (A) of this section.	2613
Sec. 4729.96. (A) (1) The state board of pharmacy, after	2614
notice and hearing in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	2615
Revised Code, may impose one or more of the following sanctions	2616
on a pharmacy technician trainee, registered pharmacy	2617
technician, or certified pharmacy technician if the board finds	2618
the individual engaged in any of the conduct set forth in	2619
division (A)(2) of this section:	2620
(a) Revoke, suspend, restrict, limit, or refuse to grant	2621
or renew a registration;	2622
(b) Reprimand or place the holder of the registration on	2623
probation;	2624
(c) Impose a monetary penalty or forfeiture not to exceed	2625
in severity any fine designated under the Revised Code for a	2626
similar offense, or in the case of a violation of a section of	2627

the Revised Code that does not bear a penalty, a monetary	2628
penalty or forfeiture of not more than five hundred dollars.	2629
(2) The board may impose the sanctions listed in division	2630
(A) (1) of this section if the board finds a pharmacy technician	2631
trainee, registered pharmacy technician, or certified pharmacy	2632
technician:	2633
(a) Has been convicted of a felony, or a crime of moral	2634
turpitude, as defined in section 4776.10 of the Revised Code;	2635
(b) Engaged in dishonesty or unprofessional conduct, as	2636
prescribed in rules adopted by the board under section 4729.94	2637
of the Revised Code;	2638
(c) Is addicted to or abusing alcohol or drugs or impaired	2639
physically or mentally to such a degree as to render the	2640
individual unable to perform the individual's duties;	2641
(d) Violated, conspired to violate, attempted to violate,	2642
or aided and abetted the violation of any of the provisions of	2643
this chapter, sections 3715.52 to 3715.72 of the Revised Code,	2644
Chapter 2925. or 3719. of the Revised Code, or any rule adopted	2645
by the board under those provisions;	2646
(e) Committed fraud, misrepresentation, or deception in	2647
applying for or securing a registration issued by the board	2648
under this chapter;	2649
(f) Failed to comply with an order of the board or a	2650
<pre>settlement agreement;</pre>	2651
(g) Engaged in any other conduct for which the board may	2652
impose discipline as set forth in rules adopted by the board	2653
under section 4729.94 of the Revised Code.	2654
(B) The hoard may suspend a registration under division	2655

(B) of section 3719.121 of the Revised Code by utilizing a	2656
telephone conference call to review the allegations and take a	2657
vote.	2658
(C) For purposes of this division, an individual_	2659
authorized to practice as a pharmacy technician trainee,	2660
registered pharmacy technician, or certified pharmacy technician	2661
accepts the privilege of practicing in this state subject to	2662
supervision by the board. By filing an application for or	2663
holding a registration under this chapter, the individual gives	2664
consent to submit to a mental or physical examination when	2665
ordered to do so by the board in writing and waives all	2666
objections to the admissibility of testimony or examination	2667
reports that constitute privileged communications.	2668
If the board has reasonable cause to believe that an	2669
individual who is a pharmacy technician trainee, registered	2670
pharmacy technician, or certified pharmacy technician is	2671
physically or mentally impaired, the board may require the	2672
individual to submit to a physical or mental examination, or	2673
both. The expense of the examination is the responsibility of	2674
the individual required to be examined.	2675
Failure of an individual who is a pharmacy technician_	2676
trainee, registered pharmacy technician, or certified pharmacy	2677
technician to submit to a physical or mental examination ordered	2678
by the board, unless the failure is due to circumstances beyond	2679
the individual's control, constitutes an admission of the	2680
allegations and a suspension order shall be entered without the	2681
taking of testimony or presentation of evidence. Any subsequent	2682
adjudication hearing under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code	2683
concerning failure to submit to an examination is limited to	2684
consideration of whether the failure was beyond the individual's	2685

control.	2686
If, based on the results of an examination ordered under	2687
this division, the board determines that the individual's	2688
ability to practice is impaired, the board shall suspend the	2689
individual's registration or deny the individual's application	2690
and shall require the individual, as a condition for an initial,	2691
continued, reinstated, or renewed registration to practice, to	2692
submit to a physical or mental examination and treatment.	2693
An order of suspension issued under this division shall	2694
not be subject to suspension by a court during pendency of any	2695
appeal filed under section 119.12 of the Revised Code.	2696
(D) If the board is required under Chapter 119. of the	2697
Revised Code to give notice of an opportunity for a hearing and	2698
the applicant or registrant does not make a timely request for a	2699
hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code,	2700
the board is not required to hold a hearing, but may adopt a	2701
final order that contains the board's findings. In the final	2702
order, the board may impose any of the sanctions listed in	2703
division (A) of this section.	2704
(E) Notwithstanding the provision of division (C)(2) of	2705
section 2953.32 of the Revised Code specifying that if records	2706
pertaining to a criminal case are sealed under that section the	2707
proceedings in the case must be deemed not to have occurred,	2708
sealing of the following records on which the board has based an	2709
action under this section shall have no effect on the board's	2710
action or any sanction imposed by the board under this section:	2711
records of any conviction, guilty plea, judicial finding of	2712
guilt resulting from a plea of no contest, or a judicial finding	2713
of eligibility for a pretrial diversion program or intervention	2714
in lieu of conviction. The board shall not be required to seal,	2715

destroy, redact, or otherwise modify its records to reflect the	2716
<pre>court's sealing of conviction records.</pre>	2717
(F) No pharmacy technician trainee, registered pharmacy	2718
technician, or certified pharmacy technician shall knowingly	2719
engage in any conduct described in divisions (A)(2)(b) or (A)(2)	2720
(d) to (g) of this section.	2721
Sec. 4729.99. (A) Whoever violates division (H) of section	2722
4729.16, division $\frac{\text{(A)} \text{ or (B)} \text{(E)}}{\text{(E)}}$ of section 4729.38, $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{section}}$	2723
4729.57, or division (F) of section 4729.96 of the Revised Code	2724
is guilty of a minor misdemeanor, unless a different penalty is	2725
otherwise specified in the Revised Code. Each day's violation	2726
constitutes a separate offense.	2727
(B) Whoever violates section 4729.27, 4729.28, or 4729.36	2728
of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2729
degree. Each day's violation constitutes a separate offense. If	2730
the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty	2731
to a violation of this chapter, that person is guilty of a	2732
misdemeanor of the second degree.	2733
(C) Whoever violates section 4729.32, 4729.33, or 4729.34	2734
of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor.	2735
(D) Whoever violates division (A), (B), (C) , (D), (F) or	2736
$\frac{\text{(E)}}{\text{(G)}}$ of section 4729.51 of the Revised Code is guilty of a	2737
misdemeanor of the first degree.	2738
(E)(1) Whoever violates section 4729.37, division $\frac{(C)(2)}{(2)}$	2739
(E) (1) (b) of section 4729.51, division (J) of section 4729.54,	2740
division (B) or (D) of section 4729.553, or section 4729.61 of	2741
the Revised Code is guilty of a felony of the fifth degree. If	2742
the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty	2743
to a violation of this chapter or a violation of Chapter 2925.	2744

or 3719. of the Revised Code, that person is guilty of a felony 2745 of the fourth degree. 2746

- (2) If an offender is convicted of or pleads guilty to a 2747 violation of section 4729.37, division $\frac{(C)}{(C)}$ (E) of section 2748 4729.51, division (J) of section 4729.54, or section 4729.61 of 2749 the Revised Code, if the violation involves the sale, offer to 2750 sell, or possession of a schedule I or II controlled substance, 2751 with the exception of marihuana, and if the court imposing 2752 sentence upon the offender finds that the offender as a result 2753 of the violation is a major drug offender, as defined in section 2754 2929.01 of the Revised Code, and is guilty of a specification of 2755 the type described in section 2941.1410 of the Revised Code, the 2756 court, in lieu of the prison term authorized or required by 2757 division (E)(1) of this section and sections 2929.13 and 2929.14 2758 of the Revised Code and in addition to any other sanction 2759 imposed for the offense under sections 2929.11 to 2929.18 of the 2760 Revised Code, shall impose upon the offender, in accordance with 2761 division (B)(3) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code, the 2762 mandatory prison term specified in that division. 2763
- (3) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section 2764 3719.21 of the Revised Code, the clerk of court shall pay any 2765 fine imposed for a violation of section 4729.37, division (C)2766 (E) of section 4729.51, division (J) of section 4729.54, or 2767 section 4729.61 of the Revised Code pursuant to division (A) of 2768 section 2929.18 of the Revised Code in accordance with and 2769 subject to the requirements of division (F) of section 2925.03 2770 of the Revised Code. The agency that receives the fine shall use 2771 the fine as specified in division (F) of section 2925.03 of the 2772 Revised Code. 2773
 - (F) Whoever violates section 4729.531 of the Revised Code

or any rule adopted thereunder or section 4729.532 of the	2775
Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.	2776
(G) Whoever violates division $\frac{(C)(1)}{(E)(1)(a)}$ of section	2777
4729.51 of the Revised Code is quilty of a felony of the fourth	2778
-	
degree. If the offender has previously been convicted of or	2779
pleaded guilty to a violation of this chapter, or of a violation	2780
of Chapter 2925. or 3719. of the Revised Code, that person is	2781
guilty of a felony of the third degree.	2782
(H) Whoever violates division $\frac{(C)(3)}{(E)(1)(c)}$ of section	2783
4729.51 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the	2784
first degree. If the offender has previously been convicted of	2785
or pleaded guilty to a violation of this chapter, or of a	2786
violation of Chapter 2925. or 3719. of the Revised Code, that	2787
person is guilty of a felony of the fifth degree.	2788
(I) (1) Whoever violates division $\frac{(B)}{(A)}$ of section	2789
4729.42 4729.95 of the Revised Code is guilty of unauthorized	2790
pharmacy-related drug conduct. Except as otherwise provided in	2791
this section, unauthorized pharmacy-related drug conduct is a	2792
misdemeanor of the second degree. If the offender previously has	2793
been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division	2794
(A), (B) , (C) , (D) , or (E) of that section, unauthorized	2795
pharmacy-related drug conduct is a misdemeanor of the first	2796
degree on a second offense and a felony of the fifth degree on a	2797
third or subsequent offense.	2798

(2) Whoever violates division (B) or (C) or (D) of section 2799

4729.42 4729.95 of the Revised Code is guilty of permitting 2800

unauthorized pharmacy-related drug conduct. Except as otherwise 2801

provided in this section, permitting unauthorized pharmacy- 2802

related drug conduct is a misdemeanor of the second degree. If 2803

the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty 2804

to a violation of division (A) , (B) , or (C) , (D) , or (E) of that	2805
section, permitting unauthorized pharmacy-related drug conduct	2806
is a misdemeanor of the first degree on a second offense and a	2807
felony of the fifth degree on a third or subsequent offense.	2808
(2) Whater will the district (B) of certical (720 A2 of	2000
(3) Whoever violates division (E) of section 4729.42 of	2809
the Revised Code is guilty of the offense of falsification under	2810
section 2921.13 of the Revised Code. In addition to any other	2811
sanction imposed for the violation, the offender is forever	2812
disqualified from engaging in any activity specified in division	2813
(B) (1), (2), or (3) of section 4729.42 of the Revised Code and	2814
from performing any function as a health care professional or	2815
health care worker. As used in this division, "health care	2816
professional" and "health care worker" have the same meanings as	2817
in section 2305.234 of the Revised Code.	2818
(4)—Notwithstanding any contrary provision of section	2819
3719.21 of the Revised Code or any other provision of law that	2820
governs the distribution of fines, the clerk of the court shall	2821
pay any fine imposed pursuant to division (I)(1) $_{ au}$ or (2) $_{ au}$ or (3)	2822
of this section to the state board of pharmacy if the board has	2823
adopted a written internal control policy under division (F)(2)	2824
of section 2925.03 of the Revised Code that addresses fine	2825
moneys that it receives under Chapter 2925. of the Revised Code	2826
and if the policy also addresses fine moneys paid under this	2827
division. The state board of pharmacy shall use the fines so	2828
paid in accordance with the written internal control policy to	2829
subsidize the board's law enforcement efforts that pertain to	2830
drug offenses.	2831
(J)(1) Whoever violates division (A)(1) of section 4729.86	2832
of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2833
degree. If the offender has previously been convicted of or	2834
degree. If the offender had previously been convicted of of	2007

pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A)(1), (2), or (3) of	2835
section 4729.86 of the Revised Code, that person is guilty of a	2836
misdemeanor of the first degree.	2837

- (2) Whoever violates division (A)(2) of section 4729.86 of 2838 the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. 2839 If the offender has previously been convicted of or pleaded 2840 guilty to a violation of division (A)(1), (2), or (3) of section 2841 4729.86 of the Revised Code, that person is guilty of a felony 2842 of the fifth degree. 2843
- (3) Whoever violates division (A)(3) of section 4729.86 of 2844 the Revised Code is guilty of a felony of the fifth degree. If 2845 the offender has previously been convicted of or pleaded guilty 2846 to a violation of division (A)(1), (2), or (3) of section 2847 4729.86 of the Revised Code, that person is guilty of a felony 2848 of the fourth degree.
- (K) A person who violates division (C) of section 4729.552 2850 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first 2851 degree. If the person previously has been convicted of or 2852 pleaded guilty to a violation of division (C) of section 2853 4729.552 of the Revised Code, that person is guilty of a felony 2854 of the fifth degree. 2855
- 2856 Sec. 4731.22. (A) The state medical board, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, may 2857 limit, revoke, or suspend an individual's certificate to 2858 practice, refuse to grant a certificate to an individual, refuse 2859 to renew a certificate, refuse to reinstate a certificate, or 2860 reprimand or place on probation the holder of a certificate if 2861 the individual or certificate holder is found by the board to 2862 have committed fraud during the administration of the 2863 examination for a certificate to practice or to have committed 2864

fraud, misrepresentation, or deception in applying for,	2865
renewing, or securing any certificate to practice issued by the	2866
board.	2867
(B) The board, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than	2868
six members, shall, to the extent permitted by law, limit,	2869
revoke, or suspend an individual's certificate to practice,	2870
refuse to issue a certificate to an individual, refuse to renew	2871
a certificate, refuse to reinstate a certificate, or reprimand	2872
or place on probation the holder of a certificate for one or	2873
more of the following reasons:	2874
(1) Permitting one's name or one's certificate to practice	2875
to be used by a person, group, or corporation when the	2876
individual concerned is not actually directing the treatment	2877
given;	2878
(2) Failure to maintain minimal standards applicable to	2879
the selection or administration of drugs, or failure to employ	2880
acceptable scientific methods in the selection of drugs or other	2881
modalities for treatment of disease;	2882
(3) Selling, giving away, personally furnishing,	2883
prescribing, or administering drugs for other than legal and	2884
legitimate therapeutic purposes or a plea of guilty to, a	2885
judicial finding of guilt of, or a judicial finding of	2886
eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction of, a	2887
violation of any federal or state law regulating the possession,	2888
distribution, or use of any drug;	2889
(4) Willfully betraying a professional confidence.	2890
For purposes of this division, "willfully betraying a	2891
professional confidence" does not include providing any	2892
information, documents, or reports under sections 307.621 to	2893

307.629 of the Revised Code to a child fatality review board;	2894
does not include providing any information, documents, or	2895
reports to the director of health pursuant to guidelines	2896
established under section 3701.70 of the Revised Code; does not	2897
include written notice to a mental health professional under	2898
section 4731.62 of the Revised Code; and does not include the	2899
making of a report of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or a	2900
report of a condition of an employee other than one involving	2901
the use of a drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as	2902
described in division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised	2903
Code. Nothing in this division affects the immunity from civil	2904
liability conferred by section 2305.33 or 4731.62 of the Revised	2905
Code upon a physician who makes a report in accordance with	2906
section 2305.33 or notifies a mental health professional in	2907
accordance with section 4731.62 of the Revised Code. As used in	2908
this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician" have the	2909
same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised Code.	2910

(5) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading 2911 statement in the solicitation of or advertising for patients; in 2912 relation to the practice of medicine and surgery, osteopathic 2913 medicine and surgery, podiatric medicine and surgery, or a 2914 limited branch of medicine; or in securing or attempting to 2915 secure any certificate to practice issued by the board. 2916

As used in this division, "false, fraudulent, deceptive, 2917 or misleading statement" means a statement that includes a 2918 misrepresentation of fact, is likely to mislead or deceive 2919 because of a failure to disclose material facts, is intended or 2920 is likely to create false or unjustified expectations of 2921 favorable results, or includes representations or implications 2922 that in reasonable probability will cause an ordinarily prudent 2923 person to misunderstand or be deceived. 2924

(6) A departure from, or the failure to conform to,	2925
minimal standards of care of similar practitioners under the	2926
same or similar circumstances, whether or not actual injury to a	2927
patient is established;	2928
(7) Representing, with the purpose of obtaining	2929
compensation or other advantage as personal gain or for any	2930
other person, that an incurable disease or injury, or other	2931
incurable condition, can be permanently cured;	2932
(8) The obtaining of, or attempting to obtain, money or	2933
anything of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course	2934
of practice;	2935
(9) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	2936
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	2937
conviction for, a felony;	2938
(10) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in	2939
this state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was	2940
committed;	2941
(11) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	2942
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	2943
conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of	2944
practice;	2945
(12) Commission of an act in the course of practice that	2946
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	2947
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	2948
(13) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	2949
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	2950
conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;	2951
(14) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that	2952
(17) COMMITSSION OF AN ACC INVOLVING MOLAL CULPICAGE CHAC	2932

constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	2953
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	2954
(15) Violation of the conditions of limitation placed by	2955
the board upon a certificate to practice;	2956
(16) Failure to pay license renewal fees specified in this	2957
chapter;	2958
(17) Except as authorized in section 4731.31 of the	2959
Revised Code, engaging in the division of fees for referral of	2960
patients, or the receiving of a thing of value in return for a	2961
specific referral of a patient to utilize a particular service	2962
or business;	2963
(18) Subject to section 4731.226 of the Revised Code,	2964
violation of any provision of a code of ethics of the American	2965
medical association, the American osteopathic association, the	2966
American podiatric medical association, or any other national	2967
professional organizations that the board specifies by rule. The	2968
state medical board shall obtain and keep on file current copies	2969
of the codes of ethics of the various national professional	2970
organizations. The individual whose certificate is being	2971
suspended or revoked shall not be found to have violated any	2972
provision of a code of ethics of an organization not appropriate	2973
to the individual's profession.	2974
co one individual 5 profession.	23,1
For purposes of this division, a "provision of a code of	2975
ethics of a national professional organization" does not include	2976
any provision that would preclude the making of a report by a	2977
physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a	2978
condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a	2979
drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in	2980
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division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in

this division affects the immunity from civil liability	2982
conferred by that section upon a physician who makes either type	2983
of report in accordance with division (B) of that section. As	2984
used in this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician"	2985
have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised	2986
Code.	2987

(19) Inability to practice according to acceptable and

prevailing standards of care by reason of mental illness or

physical illness, including, but not limited to, physical

deterioration that adversely affects cognitive, motor, or

perceptive skills.

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In enforcing this division, the board, upon a showing of a 2993 possible violation, may compel any individual authorized to 2994 practice by this chapter or who has submitted an application 2995 pursuant to this chapter to submit to a mental examination, 2996 physical examination, including an HIV test, or both a mental 2997 and a physical examination. The expense of the examination is 2998 the responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. 2999 Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination or consent 3000 to an HIV test ordered by the board constitutes an admission of 3001 the allegations against the individual unless the failure is due 3002 3003 to circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony 3004 or presentation of evidence. If the board finds an individual 3005 unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this 3006 division, the board shall require the individual to submit to 3007 care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or 3008 designated by the board, as a condition for initial, continued, 3009 reinstated, or renewed authority to practice. An individual 3010 affected under this division shall be afforded an opportunity to 3011 demonstrate to the board the ability to resume practice in 3012

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compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the	3013
provisions of the individual's certificate. For the purpose of	3014
this division, any individual who applies for or receives a	3015
certificate to practice under this chapter accepts the privilege	3016
of practicing in this state and, by so doing, shall be deemed to	3017
have given consent to submit to a mental or physical examination	3018
when directed to do so in writing by the board, and to have	3019
waived all objections to the admissibility of testimony or	3020
examination reports that constitute a privileged communication.	3021

(20) Except when civil penalties are imposed under section 3022 4731.225 or 4731.282 of the Revised Code, and subject to section 3023 4731.226 of the Revised Code, violating or attempting to 3024 violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the 3025 violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provisions of this 3026 chapter or any rule promulgated by the board. 3027

This division does not apply to a violation or attempted 3028 violation of, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or a 3029 conspiracy to violate, any provision of this chapter or any rule 3030 adopted by the board that would preclude the making of a report 3031 by a physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a 3032 condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a 3033 drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in 3034 division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in 3035 this division affects the immunity from civil liability 3036 conferred by that section upon a physician who makes either type 3037 of report in accordance with division (B) of that section. As 3038 used in this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician" 3039 have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised 3040 Code. 3041

(21) The violation of section 3701.79 of the Revised Code

or of any abortion rule adopted by the director of health	3043
pursuant to section 3701.341 of the Revised Code;	3044
(22) Any of the following actions taken by an agency	3045
responsible for authorizing, certifying, or regulating an	3046
individual to practice a health care occupation or provide	3047
health care services in this state or another jurisdiction, for	3048
any reason other than the nonpayment of fees: the limitation,	3049
revocation, or suspension of an individual's license to	3050
practice; acceptance of an individual's license surrender;	3051
denial of a license; refusal to renew or reinstate a license;	3052
imposition of probation; or issuance of an order of censure or	3053
other reprimand;	3054
(23) The violation of section 2919.12 of the Revised Code	3055
or the performance or inducement of an abortion upon a pregnant	3056
woman with actual knowledge that the conditions specified in	3057
division (B) of section 2317.56 of the Revised Code have not	3058
been satisfied or with a heedless indifference as to whether	3059
those conditions have been satisfied, unless an affirmative	3060
defense as specified in division (H)(2) of that section would	3061
apply in a civil action authorized by division (H)(1) of that	3062
section;	3063
(24) The revocation, suspension, restriction, reduction,	3064
or termination of clinical privileges by the United States	3065
department of defense or department of veterans affairs or the	3066
termination or suspension of a certificate of registration to	3067
prescribe drugs by the drug enforcement administration of the	3068
United States department of justice;	3069
(25) Termination or suspension from participation in the	3070
medicare or medicaid programs by the department of health and	3071
human services or other responsible agency for any act or acts	3072

that also would constitute a violation of division (B)(2), (3),	3073
(6), (8), or (19) of this section;	3074
(26) Impairment of ability to practice according to	3075
acceptable and prevailing standards of care because of habitual	3076
or excessive use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, or other substances	3077
that impair ability to practice.	3078
For the purposes of this division, any individual	3079
authorized to practice by this chapter accepts the privilege of	3080
practicing in this state subject to supervision by the board. By	3081
filing an application for or holding a certificate to practice	3082
under this chapter, an individual shall be deemed to have given	3083
consent to submit to a mental or physical examination when	3084
ordered to do so by the board in writing, and to have waived all	3085
objections to the admissibility of testimony or examination	3086
reports that constitute privileged communications.	3087
If it has reason to believe that any individual authorized	3088
to practice by this chapter or any applicant for certification	3089
to practice suffers such impairment, the board may compel the	3090
individual to submit to a mental or physical examination, or	3091
both. The expense of the examination is the responsibility of	3092
the individual compelled to be examined. Any mental or physical	3093
examination required under this division shall be undertaken by	3094
a treatment provider or physician who is qualified to conduct	3095
the examination and who is chosen by the board.	3096
Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination	3097
ordered by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations	3098
against the individual unless the failure is due to	3099
circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default and	3100
final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or	3101

presentation of evidence. If the board determines that the

individual's ability to practice is impaired, the board shall	3103
suspend the individual's certificate or deny the individual's	3104
application and shall require the individual, as a condition for	3105
initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed certification to	3106
practice, to submit to treatment.	3107
Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a	3108
certificate suspended under this division, the impaired	3109
practitioner shall demonstrate to the board the ability to	3110
resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing	3111
standards of care under the provisions of the practitioner's	3112
certificate. The demonstration shall include, but shall not be	3113
limited to, the following:	3114
(a) Certification from a treatment provider approved under	3115
section 4731.25 of the Revised Code that the individual has	3116
successfully completed any required inpatient treatment;	3117
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an	3118
aftercare contract or consent agreement;	3119
(c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's	3120
ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual	3121
has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and	3122
prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by	3123
individuals or providers approved by the board for making the	3124
assessments and shall describe the basis for their	3125
determination.	3126
The board may reinstate a certificate suspended under this	3127
division after that demonstration and after the individual has	3128
entered into a written consent agreement.	3129
When the impaired practitioner resumes practice, the board	3130

shall require continued monitoring of the individual. The

monitoring shall include, but not be limited to, compliance with	3132
the written consent agreement entered into before reinstatement	3133
or with conditions imposed by board order after a hearing, and,	3134
upon termination of the consent agreement, submission to the	3135
board for at least two years of annual written progress reports	3136
made under penalty of perjury stating whether the individual has	3137
maintained sobriety.	3138
(27) A second or subsequent violation of section 4731.66	3139
or 4731.69 of the Revised Code;	3140
(28) Except as provided in division (N) of this section:	3141
(a) Waiving the payment of all or any part of a deductible	3142
or copayment that a patient, pursuant to a health insurance or	3143
health care policy, contract, or plan that covers the	3144
individual's services, otherwise would be required to pay if the	3145
waiver is used as an enticement to a patient or group of	3146
patients to receive health care services from that individual;	3147
(b) Advertising that the individual will waive the payment	3148
of all or any part of a deductible or copayment that a patient,	3149
pursuant to a health insurance or health care policy, contract,	3150
or plan that covers the individual's services, otherwise would	3151
be required to pay.	3152
(29) Failure to use universal blood and body fluid	3153
precautions established by rules adopted under section 4731.051	3154
of the Revised Code;	3155
(30) Failure to provide notice to, and receive	3156
acknowledgment of the notice from, a patient when required by	3157
section 4731.143 of the Revised Code prior to providing	3158
nonemergency professional services, or failure to maintain that	3159
notice in the patient's file;	3160

(31) Failure of a physician supervising a physician	3161
assistant to maintain supervision in accordance with the	3162
requirements of Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code and the rules	3163
adopted under that chapter;	3164
(32) Failure of a physician or podiatrist to enter into a	3165
standard care arrangement with a clinical nurse specialist,	3166
certified nurse-midwife, or certified nurse practitioner with	3167
whom the physician or podiatrist is in collaboration pursuant to	3168
section 4731.27 of the Revised Code or failure to fulfill the	3169
responsibilities of collaboration after entering into a standard	3170
<pre>care arrangement;</pre>	3171
(33) Failure to comply with the terms of a consult	3172
agreement entered into with a pharmacist pursuant to section	3173
4729.39 of the Revised Code;	3174
(34) Failure to cooperate in an investigation conducted by	3175
the board under division (F) of this section, including failure	3176
to comply with a subpoena or order issued by the board or	3177
failure to answer truthfully a question presented by the board	3178
in an investigative interview, an investigative office	3179
conference, at a deposition, or in written interrogatories,	3180
except that failure to cooperate with an investigation shall not	3181
constitute grounds for discipline under this section if a court	3182
of competent jurisdiction has issued an order that either	3183
quashes a subpoena or permits the individual to withhold the	3184
testimony or evidence in issue;	3185
(35) Failure to supervise an oriental medicine	3186
practitioner or acupuncturist in accordance with Chapter 4762.	3187
of the Revised Code and the board's rules for providing that	3188
supervision;	3189

(36) Failure to supervise an anesthesiologist assistant in	3190
accordance with Chapter 4760. of the Revised Code and the	3191
board's rules for supervision of an anesthesiologist assistant;	3192
(37) Assisting suicide, as defined in section 3795.01 of	3193
the Revised Code;	3194
(38) Failure to comply with the requirements of section	3195
2317.561 of the Revised Code;	3196
(39) Failure to supervise a radiologist assistant in	3197
accordance with Chapter 4774. of the Revised Code and the	3198
board's rules for supervision of radiologist assistants;	3199
(40) Performing or inducing an abortion at an office or	3200
facility with knowledge that the office or facility fails to	3201
post the notice required under section 3701.791 of the Revised	3202
Code;	3203
(41) Failure to comply with the standards and procedures	3204
established in rules under section 4731.054 of the Revised Code	3205
for the operation of or the provision of care at a pain	3206
management clinic;	3207
(42) Failure to comply with the standards and procedures	3208
established in rules under section 4731.054 of the Revised Code	3209
for providing supervision, direction, and control of individuals	3210
at a pain management clinic;	3211
(43) Failure to comply with the requirements of section	3212
4729.79 or 4731.055 of the Revised Code, unless the state board	3213
of pharmacy no longer maintains a drug database pursuant to	3214
section 4729.75 of the Revised Code;	3215
(44) Failure to comply with the requirements of section	3216
2919.171 of the Revised Code or failure to submit to the	3217

department of health in accordance with a court order a complete	3218
report as described in section 2919.171 of the Revised Code;	3219
(45) Practicing at a facility that is subject to licensure	3220
as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a	3221
pain management clinic classification unless the person	3222
operating the facility has obtained and maintains the license	3223
with the classification;	3224
(46) Owning a facility that is subject to licensure as a	3225
category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a pain	3226
management clinic classification unless the facility is licensed	3227
with the classification;	3228
(47) Failure to comply with the requirement regarding	3229
maintaining notes described in division (B) of section 2919.191	3230
of the Revised Code or failure to satisfy the requirements of	3231
section 2919.191 of the Revised Code prior to performing or	3232
inducing an abortion upon a pregnant woman;	3233
(48) Failure to comply with the requirements in section	3234
3719.061 of the Revised Code before issuing for a minor a	3235
prescription for an opioid analgesic, as defined in section	3236
3719.01 of the Revised Code;	3237
(49) Practicing at a facility, clinic, or other location	3238
that is subject to licensure as a category III terminal	3239
distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid	3240
treatment classification unless the person operating that place	3241
has obtained and maintains the license with the classification;	3242
(50) Owning a facility, clinic, or other location that is	3243
subject to licensure as a category III terminal distributor of	3244
dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid treatment	3245
classification unless that place is licensed with the	3246

classification.

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(C) Disciplinary actions taken by the board under	3248
divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall be taken pursuant to	3249
an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except	3250
that in lieu of an adjudication, the board may enter into a	3251
consent agreement with an individual to resolve an allegation of	3252
a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted under it. A	3253
consent agreement, when ratified by an affirmative vote of not	3254
fewer than six members of the board, shall constitute the	3255
findings and order of the board with respect to the matter	3256
addressed in the agreement. If the board refuses to ratify a	3257
consent agreement, the admissions and findings contained in the	3258
consent agreement shall be of no force or effect.	3259

A telephone conference call may be utilized for

ratification of a consent agreement that revokes or suspends an

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individual's certificate to practice. The telephone conference

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call shall be considered a special meeting under division (F) of

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section 121.22 of the Revised Code.

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If the board takes disciplinary action against an 3265 individual under division (B) of this section for a second or 3266 subsequent plea of quilty to, or judicial finding of quilt of, a 3267 violation of section 2919.123 of the Revised Code, the 3268 disciplinary action shall consist of a suspension of the 3269 individual's certificate to practice for a period of at least 3270 one year or, if determined appropriate by the board, a more 3271 serious sanction involving the individual's certificate to 3272 practice. Any consent agreement entered into under this division 3273 with an individual that pertains to a second or subsequent plea 3274 of guilty to, or judicial finding of guilt of, a violation of 3275 that section shall provide for a suspension of the individual's 3276

certificate to practice for a period of at least one year or, if	3277
determined appropriate by the board, a more serious sanction	3278
involving the individual's certificate to practice.	3279

- (D) For purposes of divisions (B) (10), (12), and (14) of 3280 this section, the commission of the act may be established by a 3281 finding by the board, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 3282 119. of the Revised Code, that the individual committed the act. 3283 The board does not have jurisdiction under those divisions if 3284 the trial court renders a final judgment in the individual's 3285 3286 favor and that judgment is based upon an adjudication on the merits. The board has jurisdiction under those divisions if the 3287 trial court issues an order of dismissal upon technical or 3288 procedural grounds. 3289
- (E) The sealing of conviction records by any court shall 3290 have no effect upon a prior board order entered under this 3291 section or upon the board's jurisdiction to take action under 3292 this section if, based upon a plea of guilty, a judicial finding 3293 of guilt, or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention 3294 in lieu of conviction, the board issued a notice of opportunity 3295 for a hearing prior to the court's order to seal the records. 3296 The board shall not be required to seal, destroy, redact, or 3297 otherwise modify its records to reflect the court's sealing of 3298 conviction records. 3299
- (F) (1) The board shall investigate evidence that appears 3300 to show that a person has violated any provision of this chapter 3301 or any rule adopted under it. Any person may report to the board 3302 in a signed writing any information that the person may have 3303 that appears to show a violation of any provision of this 3304 chapter or any rule adopted under it. In the absence of bad 3305 faith, any person who reports information of that nature or who 3306

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testifies before the board in any adjudication conducted under	3307
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code shall not be liable in damages	3308
in a civil action as a result of the report or testimony. Each	3309
complaint or allegation of a violation received by the board	3310
shall be assigned a case number and shall be recorded by the	3311
board.	3312
(2) Investigations of alleged violations of this chapter	3313
or any rule adopted under it shall be supervised by the	3314
supervising member elected by the board in accordance with	3315
section 4731.02 of the Revised Code and by the secretary as	3316
provided in section 4731.39 of the Revised Code. The president	3317
may designate another member of the board to supervise the	3318
investigation in place of the supervising member. No member of	3319
the board who supervises the investigation of a case shall	3320
participate in further adjudication of the case.	3321
(3) In investigating a possible violation of this chapter	3322
or any rule adopted under this chapter, or in conducting an	3323
inspection under division (E) of section 4731.054 of the Revised	3324
Code, the board may question witnesses, conduct interviews,	3325
administer oaths, order the taking of depositions, inspect and	3326
copy any books, accounts, papers, records, or documents, issue	3327
subpoenas, and compel the attendance of witnesses and production	3328
of books, accounts, papers, records, documents, and testimony,	3329
except that a subpoena for patient record information shall not	3330
be issued without consultation with the attorney general's	3331
office and approval of the secretary and supervising member of	3332
the board.	3333
(a) Before issuance of a subpoena for patient record	3334

information, the secretary and supervising member shall

determine whether there is probable cause to believe that the

complaint filed alleges a violation of this chapter or any rule	3337
adopted under it and that the records sought are relevant to the	3338
alleged violation and material to the investigation. The	3339
subpoena may apply only to records that cover a reasonable	3340
period of time surrounding the alleged violation.	3341
(b) On failure to comply with any subpoena issued by the	3342
board and after reasonable notice to the person being	3343
subpoenaed, the board may move for an order compelling the	3344
production of persons or records pursuant to the Rules of Civil	3345
Procedure.	3346
(c) A subpoena issued by the board may be served by a	3347
sheriff, the sheriff's deputy, or a board employee designated by	3348
the board. Service of a subpoena issued by the board may be made	3349
by delivering a copy of the subpoena to the person named	3350
therein, reading it to the person, or leaving it at the person's	3351
usual place of residence, usual place of business, or address on	3352
file with the board. When serving a subpoena to an applicant for	3353
or the holder of a certificate issued under this chapter,	3354
service of the subpoena may be made by certified mail, return	3355
receipt requested, and the subpoena shall be deemed served on	3356
the date delivery is made or the date the person refuses to	3357
accept delivery. If the person being served refuses to accept	3358
the subpoena or is not located, service may be made to an	3359
attorney who notifies the board that the attorney is	3360
representing the person.	3361
(d) A sheriff's deputy who serves a subpoena shall receive	3362
the same fees as a sheriff. Each witness who appears before the	3363
board in obedience to a subpoena shall receive the fees and	3364
mileage provided for under section 119.094 of the Revised Code.	3365

(4) All hearings, investigations, and inspections of the

board shall be considered civil actions for the purposes of	3367
section 2305.252 of the Revised Code.	3368

(5) A report required to be submitted to the board under

this chapter, a complaint, or information received by the board

pursuant to an investigation or pursuant to an inspection under

division (E) of section 4731.054 of the Revised Code is

confidential and not subject to discovery in any civil action.

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The board shall conduct all investigations or inspections 3374 and proceedings in a manner that protects the confidentiality of 3375 patients and persons who file complaints with the board. The 3376 board shall not make public the names or any other identifying 3377 information about patients or complainants unless proper consent 3378 is given or, in the case of a patient, a waiver of the patient 3379 privilege exists under division (B) of section 2317.02 of the 3380 Revised Code, except that consent or a waiver of that nature is 3381 not required if the board possesses reliable and substantial 3382 evidence that no bona fide physician-patient relationship 3383 exists. 3384

The board may share any information it receives pursuant 3385 to an investigation or inspection, including patient records and 3386 patient record information, with law enforcement agencies, other 3387 licensing boards, and other governmental agencies that are 3388 prosecuting, adjudicating, or investigating alleged violations 3389 of statutes or administrative rules. An agency or board that 3390 receives the information shall comply with the same requirements 3391 regarding confidentiality as those with which the state medical 3392 board must comply, notwithstanding any conflicting provision of 3393 the Revised Code or procedure of the agency or board that 3394 applies when it is dealing with other information in its 3395 possession. In a judicial proceeding, the information may be 3396

admitted into evidence only in accordance with the Rules of	3397
Evidence, but the court shall require that appropriate measures	3398
are taken to ensure that confidentiality is maintained with	3399
respect to any part of the information that contains names or	3400
other identifying information about patients or complainants	3401
whose confidentiality was protected by the state medical board	3402
when the information was in the board's possession. Measures to	3403
ensure confidentiality that may be taken by the court include	3404
sealing its records or deleting specific information from its	3405
records.	3406
(6) On a quarterly basis, the board shall prepare a report	3407
that documents the disposition of all cases during the preceding	3408
three months. The report shall contain the following information	3409
for each case with which the board has completed its activities:	3410
(a) The case number assigned to the complaint or alleged	3411
violation;	3412
(b) The type of certificate to practice, if any, held by	3413
the individual against whom the complaint is directed;	3414
(c) A description of the allegations contained in the	3415
complaint;	3416
(d) The disposition of the case.	3417
The report shall state how many cases are still pending	3418
and shall be prepared in a manner that protects the identity of	3419
each person involved in each case. The report shall be a public	3420
record under section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	3421
(G) If the secretary and supervising member determine both	3422
of the following, they may recommend that the board suspend an	3423

individual's certificate to practice without a prior hearing:

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(1) That there is	s clear and co	onvincing evidence that an	3425
individual has violate	ed division (E	B) of this section;	3426

(2) That the individual's continued practice presents a3427danger of immediate and serious harm to the public.3428

Written allegations shall be prepared for consideration by
the board. The board, upon review of those allegations and by an
affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, excluding
the secretary and supervising member, may suspend a certificate
without a prior hearing. A telephone conference call may be
utilized for reviewing the allegations and taking the vote on
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the summary suspension.

The board shall issue a written order of suspension by 3436 certified mail or in person in accordance with section 119.07 of 3437 the Revised Code. The order shall not be subject to suspension 3438 by the court during pendency of any appeal filed under section 3439 119.12 of the Revised Code. If the individual subject to the 3440 summary suspension requests an adjudicatory hearing by the 3441 board, the date set for the hearing shall be within fifteen 3442 days, but not earlier than seven days, after the individual 3443 requests the hearing, unless otherwise agreed to by both the 3444 board and the individual. 3445

Any summary suspension imposed under this division shall remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final adjudicative order issued by the board pursuant to this section and Chapter 119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The board shall issue its final adjudicative order within seventy-five days after completion of its hearing. A failure to issue the order within seventy-five days shall result in dissolution of the summary suspension order but shall not invalidate any subsequent, final adjudicative order.

(H) If the board takes action under division (B) (9) , (11) ,	3455
or (13) of this section and the judicial finding of guilt,	3456
guilty plea, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention	3457
in lieu of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon exhaustion	3458
of the criminal appeal, a petition for reconsideration of the	3459
order may be filed with the board along with appropriate court	3460
documents. Upon receipt of a petition of that nature and	3461
supporting court documents, the board shall reinstate the	3462
individual's certificate to practice. The board may then hold an	3463
adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to determine	3464
whether the individual committed the act in question. Notice of	3465
an opportunity for a hearing shall be given in accordance with	3466
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. If the board finds, pursuant	3467
to an adjudication held under this division, that the individual	3468
committed the act or if no hearing is requested, the board may	3469
order any of the sanctions identified under division (B) of this	3470
section.	3471

(I) The certificate to practice issued to an individual 3472 under this chapter and the individual's practice in this state 3473 are automatically suspended as of the date of the individual's 3474 second or subsequent plea of quilty to, or judicial finding of 3475 quilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 of the Revised Code, 3476 or the date the individual pleads guilty to, is found by a judge 3477 or jury to be quilty of, or is subject to a judicial finding of 3478 eligibility for intervention in lieu of conviction in this state 3479 or treatment or intervention in lieu of conviction in another 3480 jurisdiction for any of the following criminal offenses in this 3481 state or a substantially equivalent criminal offense in another 3482 jurisdiction: aggravated murder, murder, voluntary manslaughter, 3483 felonious assault, kidnapping, rape, sexual battery, gross 3484 sexual imposition, aggravated arson, aggravated robbery, or 3485

aggravated burglary. Continued practice after suspension shall	3486
be considered practicing without a certificate.	3487
The board shall notify the individual subject to the	3488
The board sharr hottry the individual subject to the	3400
suspension by certified mail or in person in accordance with	3489
section 119.07 of the Revised Code. If an individual whose	3490
certificate is automatically suspended under this division fails	3491
to make a timely request for an adjudication under Chapter 119.	3492
of the Revised Code, the board shall do whichever of the	3493
following is applicable:	3494
(1) If the automatic suspension under this division is for	3495
(1) II the automatic suspension under this division is for	3493

- a second or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of quilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 of the Revised Code, 3497 the board shall enter an order suspending the individual's 3498 certificate to practice for a period of at least one year or, if 3499 determined appropriate by the board, imposing a more serious 3500 sanction involving the individual's certificate to practice. 3501
- (2) In all circumstances in which division (I)(1) of this 3502 section does not apply, enter a final order permanently revoking 3503 the individual's certificate to practice. 3504
- (J) If the board is required by Chapter 119. of the 3505 Revised Code to give notice of an opportunity for a hearing and 3506 if the individual subject to the notice does not timely request 3507 a hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code, 3508 the board is not required to hold a hearing, but may adopt, by 3509 an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, a 3510 final order that contains the board's findings. In that final 3511 order, the board may order any of the sanctions identified under 3512 division (A) or (B) of this section. 3513
 - (K) Any action taken by the board under division (B) of 3514

of the board.

this section resulting in a suspension from practice shall be	3515
accompanied by a written statement of the conditions under which	3516
the individual's certificate to practice may be reinstated. The	3517
board shall adopt rules governing conditions to be imposed for	3518
reinstatement. Reinstatement of a certificate suspended pursuant	3519
to division (B) of this section requires an affirmative vote of	3520
not fewer than six members of the board.	3521
(L) When the board refuses to grant or issue a certificate	3522
to practice to an applicant, revokes an individual's certificate	3523
to practice, refuses to renew an individual's certificate to	3524
practice, or refuses to reinstate an individual's certificate to	3525
practice, the board may specify that its action is permanent. An	3526
individual subject to a permanent action taken by the board is	3527
forever thereafter ineligible to hold a certificate to practice	3528
and the board shall not accept an application for reinstatement	3529
of the certificate or for issuance of a new certificate.	3530
(M) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Revised	3531
Code, all of the following apply:	3532
(1) The surrender of a certificate issued under this	3533
chapter shall not be effective unless or until accepted by the	3534
board. A telephone conference call may be utilized for	3535
acceptance of the surrender of an individual's certificate to	3536
practice. The telephone conference call shall be considered a	3537
special meeting under division (F) of section 121.22 of the	3538
Revised Code. Reinstatement of a certificate surrendered to the	3539
board requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members	3540
of the board.	3541
(2) An application for a certificate made under the	3542
provisions of this chapter may not be withdrawn without approval	3543

(3) Failure by an individual to renew a certificate to	3545
practice in accordance with this chapter shall not remove or	3546
limit the board's jurisdiction to take any disciplinary action	3547
under this section against the individual.	3548
(4) At the request of the board, a certificate holder	3549
shall immediately surrender to the board a certificate that the	3550
board has suspended, revoked, or permanently revoked.	3551
(N) Sanctions shall not be imposed under division (B)(28)	3552
of this section against any person who waives deductibles and	3553
copayments as follows:	3554
(1) To compliance with the beatth benefit also that	2555
(1) In compliance with the health benefit plan that	3555
expressly allows such a practice. Waiver of the deductibles or	3556
copayments shall be made only with the full knowledge and	3557
consent of the plan purchaser, payer, and third-party	3558
administrator. Documentation of the consent shall be made	3559
available to the board upon request.	3560
(2) For professional services rendered to any other person	3561
authorized to practice pursuant to this chapter, to the extent	3562
allowed by this chapter and rules adopted by the board.	3563
(O) Under the board's investigative duties described in	3564
this section and subject to division (F) of this section, the	3565
board shall develop and implement a quality intervention program	3566
designed to improve through remedial education the clinical and	3567
communication skills of individuals authorized under this	3568
chapter to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine	3569
and surgery, and podiatric medicine and surgery. In developing	3570
and implementing the quality intervention program, the board may	3571
do all of the following:	3572
(1) Offer in appropriate cases as determined by the board	3573

an educational and assessment program pursuant to an	3574
investigation the board conducts under this section;	3575
(2) Select providers of educational and assessment	3576
services, including a quality intervention program panel of case	3577
reviewers;	3578
(3) Make referrals to educational and assessment service	3579
providers and approve individual educational programs	3580
recommended by those providers. The board shall monitor the	3581
progress of each individual undertaking a recommended individual	3582
educational program.	3583
(4) Determine what constitutes successful completion of an	3584
individual educational program and require further monitoring of	3585
the individual who completed the program or other action that	3586
the board determines to be appropriate;	3587
(5) Adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	3588
Revised Code to further implement the quality intervention	3589
program.	3590
An individual who participates in an individual	3591
educational program pursuant to this division shall pay the	3592
financial obligations arising from that educational program.	3593
Sec. 4731.94. (A) As used in this section and sections	3594
4731.941—and—, 4731.942 <u>, and 4731.943</u> of the Revised Code,	3595
"physician" means an individual authorized under this chapter to	3596
practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery,	3597
or podiatric medicine and surgery.	3598
(B) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter or rule	3599
adopted by the state medical board, a physician may personally	3600
furnish a supply of naloxone, or issue a prescription for	3601
naloxone, without having examined the individual to whom it may	3602

be administered if both of the following conditions are met:	3603
(1) The naloxone supply is furnished to, or the	3604
prescription is issued to and in the name of, a family member,	3605
friend, or other individual in a position to assist an	3606
individual who there is reason to believe is at risk of	3607
experiencing an opioid-related overdose.	3608
(2) The physician instructs the individual receiving the	3609
naloxone supply or prescription to summon emergency services as	3610
soon as practicable either before or after administering the	3611
naloxone to an individual apparently experiencing an opioid-	3612
related overdose.	3613
(C) A physician who under division (B) of this section in	3614
good faith furnishes a supply of naloxone or issues a	3615
prescription for naloxone is not liable for or subject to any of	3616
the following for any <u>action_act_</u> or omission of the individual	3617
to whom the naloxone is furnished or the prescription is issued:	3618
damages in any civil action, prosecution in any criminal	3619
proceeding, or professional disciplinary action.	3620
Sec. 4731.943. (A) As used in this section, "service	3621
entity" has the same meaning as in section 4729.514 of the	3622
Revised Code.	3623
(B) A physician who has established a protocol under	3624
division (D) of this section may authorize an individual who is	3625
an employee, volunteer, or contractor of a service entity to	3626
administer naloxone to an individual who is apparently	3627
<pre>experiencing an opioid-related overdose.</pre>	3628
(C) An individual authorized by a physician under this	3629
section may administer naloxone to an individual who is	3630
apparently experiencing an opioid-related overdose if all of the	3631

following conditions are met:	3632
(1) The naloxone is obtained from a service entity of	3633
which the authorized individual is an employee, volunteer, or	3634
contractor.	3635
(2) The authorized individual complies with the protocol	3636
established by the authorizing physician.	3637
(3) The authorized individual summons emergency services	3638
as soon as practicable either before or after administering the	3639
naloxone.	3640
(D) A protocol established by a physician for purposes of	3641
this section must be in writing and include all of the	3642
<pre>following:</pre>	3643
(1) A description of the clinical pharmacology of	3644
<pre>naloxone;</pre>	3645
(2) Precautions and contraindications concerning the	3646
administration of naloxone;	3647
(3) Any limitations the physician specifies concerning the	3648
individuals to whom naloxone may be administered;	3649
(4) The naloxone dosage that may be administered and any	3650
variation in the dosage based on circumstances specified in the	3651
<pre>protocol;</pre>	3652
(5) Labeling, storage, record-keeping, and administrative	3653
requirements;	3654
(6) Training requirements that must be met before an	3655
individual can be authorized to administer naloxone.	3656
(E) A physician who in good faith authorizes an individual	3657
to administer naloxone under this section is not liable for or	3658

subject to any of the following for any act or omission of the	3659
authorized individual: damages in any civil action, prosecution	3660
in any criminal proceeding, or professional disciplinary action.	3661
A service entity or an employee, volunteer, or contractor	3662
of a service entity is not liable for or subject to any of the	3663
following for injury, death, or loss to person or property that	3664
allegedly arises from an act or omission associated with	3665
procuring, maintaining, accessing, or administering naloxone	3666
under this section, unless the act or omission constitutes	3667
willful or wanton misconduct: damages in any civil action,	3668
prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or professional	3669
disciplinary action.	3670
This section does not eliminate, limit, or reduce any	3671
other immunity or defense that a service entity or an employee,	3672
volunteer, or contractor of a service entity may be entitled to	3673
under Chapter 2305. or any other provision of the Revised Code	3674
or under the common law of this state.	3675
Sec. 4776.02. (A) An applicant for an initial license or	3676
restored license from a licensing agency, a person seeking to	3677
satisfy the criteria for being a qualified pharmacy technician-	3678
that are specified in section 4729.42 of the Revised Code, or a	3679
person seeking to satisfy the requirements to be an employee of	3680
a pain management clinic as specified in section 4729.552 of the	3681
Revised Code, or a person seeking to satisfy the requirements to	3682
be an employee of a facility, clinic, or other location that is	3683
subject to licensure as a category III terminal distributor of	3684
dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid treatment	3685
classification under section 4729.553 of the Revised Code shall	3686
submit a request to the bureau of criminal identification and	3687
investigation for a criminal records check of the applicant or	3688

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person. The request shall be accompanied by a completed copy of	3689
the form prescribed under division (C)(1) of section 109.572 of	3690
the Revised Code, a set of fingerprint impressions obtained as	3691
described in division (C)(2) of that section, and the fee	3692
prescribed under division (C)(3) of that section. The applicant	3693
or person shall ask the superintendent of the bureau of criminal	3694
identification and investigation in the request to obtain from	3695
the federal bureau of investigation any information it has	3696
pertaining to the applicant or person.	3697

An applicant or person requesting a criminal records check shall provide the bureau of criminal identification and investigation with the applicant's or person's name and address and, regarding an applicant, with the licensing agency's name and address.

- (B) Upon receipt of the completed form, the set of 3703 fingerprint impressions, and the fee provided for in division 3704 (A) of this section, the superintendent of the bureau of 3705 criminal identification and investigation shall conduct a 3706 criminal records check of the applicant or person under division 3707 (B) of section 109.572 of the Revised Code. Upon completion of 3708 the criminal records check, the superintendent shall do 3709 whichever of the following is applicable: 3710
- (1) If the request was submitted by an applicant for an 3711 initial license or restored license, report the results of the 3712 criminal records check and any information the federal bureau of 3713 investigation provides to the licensing agency identified in the 3714 request for a criminal records check; 3715
- (2) If the request was submitted by a person seeking to

 satisfy the criteria for being a qualified pharmacy technician

 that are specified in section 4729.42 of the Revised Code or a

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person seeking to satisfy the requirements to be an employee of	3719
a pain management clinic as specified in section 4729.552 of the	3720
Revised Code or a person seeking to satisfy the requirements to	3721
be an employee of a facility, clinic, or other location that is	3722
subject to licensure as a category III terminal distributor of	3723
dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid treatment	3724
<pre>classification, do both of the following:</pre>	3725
(a) Report the results of the criminal records check and	3726
any information the federal bureau of investigation provides to	3727
the person who submitted the request;	3728
(b) Report the results of the portion of the criminal	3729
records check performed by the bureau of criminal identification	3730
and investigation under division (B)(1) of section 109.572 of	3731
the Revised Code to the employer or potential employer specified	3732
in the request of the person who submitted the request and send	3733
a letter to that employer or potential employer regarding the	3734
information provided by the federal bureau of investigation that	3735
states either that whichever of the following is applicable:	3736
(i) That based on that information there is no record of	3737
any conviction or that ;	3738
(ii) That based on that information the person who	3739
submitted the request may not meet the criteria that are	3740
specified in section $4729.424729.552$ or 4729.553 of the Revised	3741
Code, whichever is applicable.	3742
Sec. 4776.04. The results of any criminal records check	3743
conducted pursuant to a request made under this chapter and any	3744
report containing those results, including any information the	3745
federal bureau of investigation provides, are not public records	3746
for purposes of section 149.43 of the Revised Code and shall not	3747

be made available to any person or for any purpose other than as	3748
follows:	3749
(A) If the request for the criminal records check was	3750
submitted by an applicant for an initial license or restored	3751
license, as follows:	3752
(1) The superintendent of the bureau of criminal	3753
identification and investigation shall make the results	3754
available to the licensing agency for use in determining, under	3755
the agency's authorizing chapter of the Revised Code, whether	3756
the applicant who is the subject of the criminal records check	3757
should be granted a license under that chapter.	3758
(2) The licensing agency shall make the results available	3759
to the applicant who is the subject of the criminal records	3760
check.	3761
(B) If the request for the criminal records check was	3762
submitted by a person seeking to satisfy the criteria for being-	3763
a qualified pharmacy technician that are specified in section	3764
4729.42 of the Revised Code or a person seeking to satisfy the	3765
requirements to be an employee of a pain management clinic as	3766
specified in section 4729.552 of the Revised Code or a person	3767
seeking to satisfy the requirements to be an employee of a	3768
facility, clinic, or other location that is subject to licensure	3769
as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with	3770
an office-based opioid treatment classification, the	3771
superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and	3772
investigation shall make the results available in accordance	3773
with the following:	3774
(1) The superintendent shall make the results of the	3775
criminal records check, including any information the federal	3776

bureau of investigation provides, available to the person who

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buleau of investigation provides, available to the person who	3111
submitted the request and is the subject of the criminal records	3778
check.	3779
(2) The superintendent shall make the results of the	3780
portion of the criminal records check performed by the bureau of	3781
criminal identification and investigation under division (B)(1)	3782
of section 109.572 of the Revised Code available to the employer	3783
or potential employer specified in the request of the person who	3784
submitted the request and shall send a letter of the type	3785
described in division (B)(2) of section 4776.02 of the Revised	3786
Code to that employer or potential employer regarding the	3787
information provided by the federal bureau of investigation that	3788
contains one of the types of statements described in that	3789
division.	3790
(C) If the request for the criminal records check was	3791
submitted by an applicant for a trainee license under section	3792
4776.021 of the Revised Code, as follows:	3793
(1) The superintendent of the bureau of criminal	3794
identification and investigation shall make the results	3795
available to the licensing agency or other agency identified in	3796
division (B) of section 4776.021 of the Revised Code for use in	3797
determining, under the agency's authorizing chapter of the	3798
Revised Code and division (D) of section 4776.021 of the Revised	3799
Code, whether the applicant who is the subject of the criminal	3800

(2) The licensing agency or other agency identified in 3803 division (B) of section 4776.021 of the Revised Code shall make 3804 the results available to the applicant who is the subject of the 3805 criminal records check. 3806

records check should be granted a trainee license under that

chapter and that division.

Sec. 5119.391. (A) No community addiction services	3807
provider shall employ methadone treatment or prescribe,	3808
dispense, or administer methadone unless the program is licensed	3809
under this section. No community addiction services provider	3810
licensed under this section shall maintain methadone treatment	3811
in a manner inconsistent with this section and the rules adopted	3812
under it.	3813
(B) A community addiction services provider may apply to	3814
the department of mental health and addiction services for a	3815
license to maintain methadone treatment. The department shall	3816
review all applications received.	3817
(C) The department may issue a license to maintain	3818
methadone treatment to a community addiction services provider	3819
only if all of the following apply:	3820
(1) The provider is operated by a private, nonprofit	3821
organization or by a government entity;	3822
(2) For at least two years immediately preceding the date	3823
of application, the provider has been fully certified under-	3824
section 5119.36 of the Revised Code;	3825
(3)—The provider has not been denied a license to maintain	3826
methadone treatment or had its license withdrawn or revoked	3827
within the five-year period immediately preceding the date of	3828
application;	3829
$\frac{(4)-(2)}{(2)}$ It affirmatively appears to the department that	3830
the provider is adequately staffed and equipped to maintain	3831
<pre>methadone treatment;</pre>	3832
$\frac{(5)}{(3)}$ It affirmatively appears to the department that	3833
the provider will maintain methadone treatment in strict	3834
compliance with section 3719.61 of the Revised Code, all other	3835

laws relating to drug abuse, and the rules adopted by the	3836
department;	3837
$\frac{(6)}{(4)}$ Except as provided in division (D) of this section	3838
and section 5119.392 of the Revised Code, there is no public or	3839
private school, licensed child day-care center, or other child-	3840
serving agency within a radius of five hundred linear feet of	3841
the location where the program is to maintain methadone	3842
treatment <u>;</u>	3843
(5) The provider meets any additional requirements	3844
established by the department in rules adopted under division	3845
(F) of this section.	3846
(D) The department may waive the requirement of division	3847
(C) $\frac{(6)-(4)}{(6)}$ of this section if it receives, from each public or	3848
private school, licensed child day-care center, or other child-	3849
serving agency that is within the five hundred linear feet	3850
radius of the location where the program is to maintain	3851
methadone treatment, a letter of support for the location. The	3852
department shall determine whether a letter of support is	3853
satisfactory for purposes of waiving the requirement.	3854
(E) A license to maintain methadone treatment shall expire	3855
one year from the date of issuance. Licenses may be renewed.	3856
(F) The department shall establish procedures and adopt	3857
rules for licensing, inspection, and supervision of community	3858
addiction services providers that maintain methadone treatment.	3859
The rules shall establish standards for the control, storage,	3860
furnishing, use, and dispensing of methadone; prescribe minimum	3861
standards for the operation of the methadone treatment component	3862
of the provider's operations; and comply with federal laws and	3863
regulations.	3864

All rules adopted under this division shall be adopted in	3865
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. All actions	3866
taken by the department regarding the licensing of providers to	3867
maintain methadone treatment shall be conducted in accordance	3868
with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except as provided in	3869
division (L) of this section.	3870

- (G) The department of mental health and addiction services 3871 shall inspect all community addiction services providers 3872 licensed to maintain methadone treatment. Inspections shall be 3873 conducted at least annually and may be conducted more 3874 frequently. No person or government entity shall interfere with 3875 a state or local government official acting on behalf of the 3876 department while conducting an inspection. 3877
- (H) A community addiction services provider shall not 3878 administer or dispense methadone in a tablet, powder, or 3879 intravenous form. Methadone shall be administered or dispensed 3880 only in a liquid form intended for ingestion. A services 3881 provider shall not administer or dispense methadone to an 3882 individual for pain or other medical reasons. 3883
- (I) As used in this division, "program sponsor" means a 3884 person who assumes responsibility for the operation and 3885 employees of the methadone treatment component of a community 3886 addiction services provider. 3887

A community addiction services provider shall not employ 3888 an individual who receives methadone treatment from that 3889 services provider. A program shall not permit an individual to 3890 act as a provider sponsor, medical director, or director of the 3891 provider if the individual is receiving methadone treatment from 3892 any community addiction services provider. 3893

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(J) The department may issue orders to assure compliance	3894
with section 3719.61 of the Revised Code, all other laws	3895
relating to drug abuse, and the rules adopted under this	3896
section. Subject to section 5119.27 of the Revised Code, the	3897
department may hold hearings, require the production of relevant	3898
matter, compel testimony, issue subpoenas, and make	3899
adjudications. Upon failure of a person without lawful excuse to	3900
obey a subpoena or to produce relevant matter, the department	3901
may apply to a court of common pleas for an order compelling	3902
compliance.	3903

(K) The department may refuse to issue, or may withdraw or revoke, a license to maintain methadone treatment. A license may be refused if a community addiction services provider does not meet the requirements of division (C) of this section. A license may be withdrawn at any time the department determines that the program no longer meets the requirements for receiving the license. A license may be revoked in accordance with division (L) of this section.

Once a license is issued under this section, the 3912 department shall not consider the requirement of division (C) (6) 3913 (4) of this section in determining whether to renew, withdraw, 3914 or revoke the license or whether to reissue the license as a 3915 result of a change in ownership. 3916

(L) If the department of mental health and addiction 3917 services finds reasonable cause to believe that a community 3918 addiction services provider licensed under this section is in 3919 violation of any provision of section 3719.61 of the Revised 3920 Code, or of any other state or federal law or rule relating to 3921 drug abuse, the department may issue an order immediately 3922 revoking the license, subject to division (M) of this section. 3923

The department shall set a date not more than fifteen days later	3924
than the date of the order of revocation for a hearing on the	3925
continuation or cancellation of the revocation. For good cause,	3926
the department may continue the hearing on application of any	3927
interested party. In conducting hearings, the department has all	3928
the authority and power set forth in division (J) of this	3929
section. Following the hearing, the department shall either	3930
confirm or cancel the revocation. The hearing shall be conducted	3931
in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except that	3932
the provider shall not be permitted to maintain methadone	3933
treatment pending the hearing or pending any appeal from an	3934
adjudication made as a result of the hearing. Notwithstanding	3935
any provision of Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to the	3936
contrary, a court shall not stay or suspend any order of	3937
revocation issued by the director under this division pending	3938
judicial appeal.	3939

- (M) The department shall not revoke a license to maintain 3940 methadone treatment unless all services recipients receiving 3941 methadone treatment from the community addiction services 3942 provider are provided adequate substitute treatment. For 3943 purposes of this division, the department may transfer the 3944 services recipients to other programs licensed to maintain 3945 methadone treatment or replace any or all of the administrators 3946 and staff of the provider with representatives of the department 3947 who shall continue on a provisional basis the methadone 3948 treatment component of the program. 3949
- (N) Each time the department receives an application from 3950 a community addiction services provider for a license to 3951 maintain methadone treatment, issues or refuses to issue a 3952 license, or withdraws or revokes a license, the department shall 3953 notify the board of alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health 3954

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services of each alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health service district in which the provider operates.

- (O) Whenever it appears to the department from files, upon 3957 complaint, or otherwise, that a community addiction services 3958 provider has engaged in any practice declared to be illegal or 3959 prohibited by section 3719.61 of the Revised Code, or any other 3960 state or federal laws or regulations relating to drug abuse, or 3961 when the department believes it to be in the best interest of 3962 the public and necessary for the protection of the citizens of 3963 3964 the state, the department may request criminal proceedings by laying before the prosecuting attorney of the proper county any 3965 evidence of criminality which may come to its knowledge. 3966
- (P) The department shall maintain a current list of 3967 community addiction services providers licensed by the 3968 department under this section and shall provide a copy of the 3969 current list to a judge of a court of common pleas who requests 3970 a copy for the use of the judge under division (H) of section 3971 2925.03 of the Revised Code. The list of licensed community 3972 addiction services providers shall identify each licensed 3973 provider by its name, its address, and the county in which it is 3974 located. 3975
- Sec. 5119.392. (A) On application by a community addiction 3976 services provider that has purchased or leased real property to 3977 be used as the location of a methadone treatment program 3978 licensed under section 5119.391 of the Revised Code, the 3979 department of mental health and addiction services shall 3980 determine whether there is a public or private school, licensed 3981 child day-care center, or other child-serving agency within a 3982 radius of five hundred linear feet of the location of the 3983 3984 property.

If it determines there is not a public or private school,	3985
licensed child day-care center, or other child-serving agency	3986
within a radius of five hundred linear feet of the location, the	3987
department shall issue a declaration that the location is in	3988
compliance with division (C) $\frac{(6)}{(4)}$ section 5119.391 of the	3989
Revised Code.	3990
The declaration is valid for one year and shall be	3991
extended for up to two six-month periods on application by the	3992
provider to the department.	3993
The department shall provide to the provider either a copy	3994
of the declaration or notice that the department has determined	3995
that the location is not in compliance with division (C) $\frac{(6)}{(4)}$	3996
of section 5119.391 of the Revised Code.	3997
If, before expiration of the declaration and any	3998
extensions, a community addiction services provider applies for	3999
a license to maintain a methadone treatment program, the	4000
department shall not consider the requirement of division (C) $\frac{(6)}{}$	4001
(4) of section 5119.391 of the Revised Code in determining	4002
whether to issue the license.	4003
(B) A community addiction services provider that desires	4004
to relocate a methadone treatment program licensed under section	4005
5119.391 of the Revised Code may apply for and be granted a	4006
declaration under division (A) of this section. If, before	4007
expiration of the declaration and any extensions, the provider	4008
applies for issuance of a license due to relocation, the	4009
department shall not consider the requirement of division (C) $\frac{(6)}{}$	4010
(4) of section 5119.391 of the Revised Code in determining	4011
whether to reissue the license due to relocation.	4012
Section 2. That existing sections 2925.61, 2929.14,	4013

2947.231, 3707.56, 3719.121, 3719.21, 4729.06, 4729.071,	4014
4729.16, 4729.18, 4729.19, 4729.38, 4729.51, 4729.54, 4729.541,	4015
4729.55, 4729.571, 4729.60, 4729.68, 4729.99, 4731.22, 4731.94,	4016
4776.02, 4776.04, 5119.391, and 5119.392 and section 4729.42 of	4017
the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	4018
Section 3. That Sections 331.90 and 331.120 of Am. Sub.	4019
H.B. 64 of the 131st General Assembly be amended to read as	4020
follows:	4021
Sec. 331.90. MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT DRUG COURT	4022
PROGRAM FOR SPECIALIZED DOCKET PROGRAMS	4023
(A) As used in this section:	4024
(1) "Medication-assisted treatment (MAT) drug court	4025
program" or "MAT drug court program" means a session of any of	4026
the following that holds initial or final certification from the	4027
Supreme Court of Ohio as a specialized docket program for drugs:	4028
a common pleas court, municipal court, or county court, or a	4029
division of any of those courts.	4030
(2) "Prescriber" has the same meaning as in section	4031
4729.01 of the Revised Code.	4032
(B)(1) The Department of Mental Health and Addiction	4033
Services shall conduct a program to provide addiction treatment,	4034
including medication-assisted treatment, to persons who are	4035
offenders within the Criminal Justice System, eligible to	4036
participate in a MAT medication-assisted treatment drug court	4037
program, and are selected under this section to be participants	4038
in the program because of their dependence on opioids, alcohol,	4039
or both.	4040
(2) The Department shall conduct the program in those	4041
courts of Allen, Clinton, Crawford, Cuyahoga, Franklin, Gallia.	4042

Hamilton, Hardin, Hocking, Jackson, Marion, Mercer, Montgomery,	4043
Summit, and Warren counties that are conducting MAT drug court	4044
programs. If in any of these counties there is no court	4045
conducting a MAT drug court program, the Department shall	4046
conduct the program in a court that is conducting a MAT drug	4047
court program in another county.	4048
(3) In addition to conducting the program in accordance	4049
with division (B)(2) of this section, the Department may conduct	4050
the program in any court that is conducting a MAT drug court	4051
program.	4052
(C) In conducting the program, the Department shall	4053
collaborate with the Supreme Court, the Department of	4054
Rehabilitation and Correction, and any agency of the state that	4055
the Department determines may be of assistance in accomplishing	4056
the objectives of the program. The Department may collaborate	4057
with the boards of alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health	4058
services and with local law enforcement agencies that serve the	4059
counties in which a court participating in the program is	4060
located.	4061
(D)(1) A MAT drug court program shall select persons who	4062
are criminal offenders to be participants in the program. A	4063
person shall not be selected to be a participant unless the	4064
person meets the legal and clinical eligibility criteria for the	4065
MAT drug court program and is an active participant in the	4066
program.	4067
(2) The total number of persons participating in a program	4068
at any time shall not exceed one thousand five hundred, subject	4069
to available funding, except that the Department of Mental	4070
Health and Addiction Services may authorize the maximum number	4071
to be exceeded in circumstances that the Department considers to	4072

be appropriate.	4073
(3) After being enrolled in a MAT drug court program, a	4074
participant shall comply with all requirements of the MAT drug	4075
court program.	4076
(E) The treatment provided in a MAT drug court program	4077
shall be provided by a community addiction services provider	4078
that is certified under section 5119.36 of the Revised Code. In	4079
serving as a community addiction services provider, a both of	4080
the following apply:	4081
(1) The provider shall do all of the following:	4082
(1)(a) Provide treatment based on an integrated service	4083
delivery model that consists of the coordination of care between	4084
a prescriber and the community addiction services provider;	4085
(2)(b) Conduct professional, comprehensive substance abuse	4086
and mental health diagnostic assessments of a person under	4087
consideration for selection as a program participant to	4088
determine whether the person would benefit from substance abuse	4089
treatment and monitoring;	4090
(3)(c) Determine, based on the assessment described in	4091
division (E) $\frac{(2)}{(1)}$ $\frac{(1)}{(b)}$ of this section, the treatment needs of	4092
the participants served by the treatment provider;	4093
(4)(d) Develop, for participants served by the treatment	4094
provider, individualized goals and objectives;	4095
(5)(e) Provide access to the long-acting antagonist	4096
therapies, partial agonist therapies, or both, that are included	4097
in the program's medication-assisted treatment;	4098
(6)(f) Provide other types of therapies, including	4099
psychosocial therapies, for both substance abuse and any	4100

disorders that are considered by the treatment provider to be	4101
co-occurring disorders;	4102
$\frac{(7)}{(g)}$ Monitor program compliance through the use of	4103
regular drug testing, including urinalysis, of the participants	4104
being served by the community addiction services provider.	4105
(2) The provider may provide access to time-limited	4106
recovery supports. For purposes of this division:	4107
(a) A recovery support is a form of assistance intended to	4108
help an individual with addiction or mental health needs, or a	4109
member of the family of such an individual, to initiate and	4110
sustain the individual's recovery from alcoholism, drug	4111
addiction, or mental illness.	4112
(b) A recovery support does not include an addiction or	4113
mental health treatment or prevention service.	4114
(F) In the case of medication-assisted treatment provided	4115
under the program, all of the following conditions apply:	4116
(1) A drug may be used only if the drug has been approved	4117
by the United States Food and Drug Administration for use in	4118
treating dependence on opioids, alcohol, or both, or for	4119
preventing relapse into the use of opioids, alcohol, or both.	4120
(2) One or more drugs may be used, but each drug that is	4121
used must constitute long-acting antagonist therapy or partial	4122
agonist therapy.	4123
(3) If a drug constituting partial agonist therapy is	4124
used, the program shall provide safeguards to minimize abuse and	4125
diversion of the drug, including such safeguards as routine drug	4126
testing of program participants.	4127
(G) It is anticipated and expected that drug courts will	4128

expand their ability to serve more drug court participants as a	4129
result of increased access to commercial or publicly funded	4130
health insurance. In order to ensure that funds appropriated to	4131
support this MAT drug court program are used in the most	4132
efficient manner with a goal of enrolling the maximum number of	4133
participants, the Medicaid Director with major Ohio healthcare	4134
plans, shall develop plans consistent with this division. There	4135
shall be no prior authorizations or step therapy for medication-	4136
assisted treatment for participants in the MAT drug court	4137
program. The plans developed under this division shall ensure	4138
all of the following:	4139
(1) The development of an efficient and timely process for	4140
review of eligibility for health benefits for all offenders	4141
selected to participate in the MAT drug court program;	4142
(2) A rapid conversion to reimbursement for all healthcare	4143
services by the participant's health insurance company following	4144
approval for coverage of healthcare benefits;	4145
(3) The development of a consistent benefit package that	4146
provides ready access to and reimbursement for essential	4147
healthcare services including, but not limited to, primary	4148
healthcare, alcohol and opiate detoxification services,	4149
appropriate psychosocial services, and medication for long-	4150
acting injectable antagonist therapies and partial agonist	4151
therapies;	4152
(4) The development of guidelines that require the	4153
provision of all treatment services, including medication, with	4154
minimal administrative barriers and within a <pre>time</pre>	4155
<u>frame</u> that meets the requirements of individual patient care	4156
plans.	4157

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(H) A report of the findings obtained from the addiction	4158
treatment pilot program established by Section 327.120 of Am.	4159
Sub. H.B. 59 of the 130th General Assembly shall be prepared by	4160
a research institution and include data derived from the drug	4161
testing and performance measures used in the program. The	4162
research institution shall complete its report not later than	4163
December 31, 2015. Upon completion, the institution shall submit	4164
the report to the Governor, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court,	4165
President of the Senate, Speaker of the House of	4166
Representatives, Department of Mental Health and Addiction	4167
Services, Department of Rehabilitation and Correction, and any	4168
other state agency that the Department of Mental Health and	4169
Addiction Services collaborates with in conducting the program.	4170
(I) Within 90 days after the effective date of this	4171
section, <u>June 30, 2015</u> , the Department shall select a research	4172
institution with experience in evaluating multiple court systems	4173
across jurisdictions in both rural and urban regions. The	4174
research institution shall have demonstrated experience	4175
evaluating the use of agonist and antagonist medication assisted	4176
treatment in drug courts, a track record of scientific	4177
publications, experience in health economics, and ethical and	4178
patient selection and consent issues. The institution shall also	4179
have an internal institutional review board. The institution	4180
shall prepare the report described in division (J) of this	4181
section.	4182
(J) A report of the findings obtained from the MAT drug	4183
court program established under this section shall be prepared	4183
by a research institution and include data derived from the drug	4185
testing and performance measures used in the program. The	4185
cepering and betrormance measures ased in the broatam. The	4 T O O

research institution shall complete its report not later than

June 30, 2017. Upon completion, the institution shall submit the

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report to the Governor, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court,	4189
President of the Senate, Speaker of the House of	4190
Representatives, Department of Mental Health and Addiction	4191
Services, Department of Rehabilitation and Correction, and any	4192
other state agency that the Department of Mental Health and	4193
Addiction Services collaborates with in conducting the program.	4194

(K) Of the foregoing appropriation item 336422, Criminal Justice Services, not more than \$5.5 million in each fiscal year shall be used to support the Medication-Assisted Treatment Drug Court Program for Specialized Docket Programs.

Sec. 331.120. COMMUNITY INNOVATIONS

The foregoing appropriation item 336504, Community 4200 Innovations, may be used by the Department of Mental Health and 4201 Addiction Services to make targeted investments in programs, 4202 projects, or systems operated by or under the authority of other 4203 state agencies, governmental entities, or private not-for-profit 4204 agencies that impact, or are impacted by, the operations and 4205 functions of the Department, with the goal of achieving a net 4206 reduction in expenditure of state general revenue funds and/or 4207 improved outcomes for Ohio citizens without a net increase in 4208 state general revenue fund spending. 4209

The Director shall identify and evaluate programs, 4210 projects, or systems proposed or operated, in whole or in part, 4211 outside of the authority of the Department, where targeted 4212 investment of these funds in the program, project, or system is 4213 expected to decrease demand for the Department or other 4214 resources funded with state general revenue funds, and/or to 4215 measurably improve outcomes for Ohio citizens with mental 4216 illness or with alcohol, drug, or gambling addictions. The 4217 Director shall have discretion to transfer money from the 4218

appropriation item to other state agencies, governmental	4219
entities, or private not-for-profit agencies in amounts, and	4220
subject to conditions, that the Director determines most likely	4221
to achieve state savings and/or improved outcomes. Distribution	4222
of moneys from this appropriation item shall not be subject to	4223
sections 9.23 to 9.239 or Chapter 125. of the Revised Code.	4224
The Department shall enter into an agreement with each	4225
recipient of community innovation funds, identifying: allowable	4226
expenditure of the funds; other commitment of funds or other	4227
resources to the program, project, or system; expected state	4228
savings and/or improved outcomes and proposed mechanisms for	4229
measurement of such savings or outcomes; and required reporting	4230
regarding expenditure of funds and savings or outcomes achieved.	4231
Of the foregoing appropriation item 336504, Community	4232
Innovations, up to \$3,000,000 in each fiscal year shall be used	4233
to provide funding for community projects across the state that	4234
focus on support for families, assisting families in avoiding	4235
crisis, and crisis intervention.	4236
Of the foregoing appropriation item 336504, Community	4237
Innovations, up to \$500,000 in each fiscal year shall be used to	4238
enhance access to Naloxone across the state for county health	4239
departments to then disperse through a grant program to local	4240
law enforcement, emergency personnel, and first responders. If	4241
local law enforcement, emergency personnel, and first responders	4242
are not making use of the Naloxone grant, the county health	4243
department may use grant funding to provide Naloxone through a	4244
Project DAWN program within the county.	4245
Of the foregoing appropriation item 336504, Community	4246
Innovations, up to \$3,000,000 in each fiscal year shall be used	4247
to improve collaboration between local jails, state hospitals,	4248

and community addiction and mental health services providers in	4249
order to reduce transfers, improve safety and judicial oversight	4250
as well as address capacity issues in both jails and state	4251
hospitals.	4252
Of the foregoing appropriation item 336504, Community	4253
Innovations, up to \$100,000 in each fiscal year shall be used to	4254
continue the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services	4255
cross-agency efforts to share evidence-based practices that	4256
encourage the use of trauma-informed care.	4257
Of the foregoing appropriation item 336504, Community	4258
Innovations, up to \$1,000,000 in each fiscal year shall be used	4259
to implement strategies to increase job opportunities, reduce	4260
the number of positive drug screens, and improve workforce	4261
readiness for individuals in recovery.	4262
Section 4. That existing Sections 331.90 and 331.120 of	4263
Am. Sub. H.B. 64 of the 131st General Assembly are hereby	4264
repealed.	4265
Section 5. (A) Not later than 180 days after the effective	4266
date of this section, the Department of Mental Health and	4267
Addiction Services shall adopt rules pursuant to division (F) of	4268
section 5119.391 of the Revised Code that revise the	4269
requirements governing licensure of methadone treatment	4270
providers. The rules shall include the following as requirements	4271
for licensure:	4272
(1) Being in good standing with the Medicaid program,	4273
Medicare program, and United States Drug Enforcement	4274
Administration;	4275
(2) Being in good standing in any other jurisdiction in	4276
which the community addiction services provider provides	4277

services that are comparable to the methadone treatment services	4278
authorized under section 5119.391 of the Revised Code;	4279
(3) The ability to meet treatment standards established in	4280
42 C.F.R. 8.12 and the accepted standards of medical care for	4281
opioid treatment services established by the American Society of	4282
Addiction Medicine.	4283
(B) Not later than two years after the effective date of	4284
this section, the Department shall conduct an analysis of unmet	4285
needs for methadone treatment in Ohio and the impact of the	4286
changes made by this act to division (C) of section 5119.391 of	4287
the Revised Code on the overall treatment capacity in Ohio. The	4288
Department shall complete a report of its findings not later	4289
than 180 days after beginning the analysis. The Department shall	4290
publish a copy of the report on its Internet web site.	4291
Section 6. (A) The amendment, enactment, or repeal of	4292
sections 3719.21, 4729.42, and 4729.95 and division (I) of	4293
section 4729.99 of the Revised Code take effect one year after	4294
the effective date of this section.	4295
The amendment of sections 5119.391 and 5119.392 of the	4296
Revised Code takes effect 180 days after the effective date of	4297
this section.	4298
(B) Notwithstanding sections 4776.02 and 4776.04 of the	4299
Revised Code, as amended by this act, the provisions of those	4300
sections that were in effect immediately prior to the effective	4301
date of this act and referred to a person seeking to satisfy the	4302
criteria for being a qualified pharmacy technician that are	4303
specified in section 4729.42 of the Revised Code continue to	4304
apply for one year after the effective date of this section as	4305
if the provisions had not been removed from those sections by	4306

this act.	4307
Section 7. Section 2925.61 of the Revised Code is	4308
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	4309
by both Am. Sub. H.B. 4 and Sub. S.B. 110 of the 131st General	4310
Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in	4311
division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments	4312
are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous	4313
operation, finds that the composite is the resulting version of	4314
the section in effect prior to the effective date of the section	4315
as presented in this act.	4316
Section 4729.16 of the Revised Code is presented in this	4317
act as a composite of the section as amended by Am. Sub. H.B. 4	4318
of the 131st General Assembly and Am. Sub. H.B. 394 and Am. Sub.	4319
S.B. 276, both of the 130th General Assembly. The General	4320
Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B) of	4321
section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be	4322
harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation,	4323
finds that the composite is the resulting version of the section	4324
in effect prior to the effective date of the section as	4325
presented in this act.	4326