## 118TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# S. 4313

To provide for the implementation of a system of licensing for purchasers of certain firearms and for a record of sale system for those firearms, and for other purposes.

# IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 9, 2024

Ms. Duckworth introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

# A BILL

To provide for the implementation of a system of licensing for purchasers of certain firearms and for a record of sale system for those firearms, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Blair Holt Firearm Owner Licensing and Record of Sale
- 6 Act of 2024".
- 7 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
- 8 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Findings and purposes.

#### Sec. 3. Definitions.

#### TITLE I—LICENSING

- Sec. 101. Licensing requirement.
- Sec. 102. Issuance, revocation, and renewal of firearm owner licenses.
- Sec. 103. Relief from denial or revocation of firearm owner licenses.

#### TITLE II—RECORD OF SALE OR TRANSFER

- Sec. 201. Sale or transfer requirements for qualifying firearms.
- Sec. 202. Firearm records.

#### TITLE III—ADDITIONAL PROHIBITIONS

- Sec. 301. Firearms transfers.
- Sec. 302. Failure to maintain or permit inspection of records.
- Sec. 303. Failure to report loss or theft of firearm.
- Sec. 304. Failure to provide notice of change of address.
- Sec. 305. Child access prevention.

#### TITLE IV—ENFORCEMENT

- Sec. 401. Criminal penalties.
- Sec. 402. Regulations.
- Sec. 403. Inspections.
- Sec. 404. Orders.
- Sec. 405. Injunctive enforcement.

#### TITLE V—FIREARM INJURY INFORMATION AND RESEARCH

Sec. 501. Duties of the Attorney General.

#### TITLE VI—EFFECT ON STATE LAW

- Sec. 601. Effect on State law.
- Sec. 602. Certification of State firearm licensing systems and State firearm record of sale systems.

#### TITLE VII—RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAW

Sec. 701. Subordination to Arms Export Control Act.

## TITLE VIII—INAPPLICABILITY

Sec. 801. Inapplicability to governmental authorities.

#### TITLE IX—EFFECTIVE DATES OF AMENDMENTS

Sec. 901. Effective dates of amendments.

#### SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

- 2 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- 3 (1) the manufacture, distribution, and importa-
- 4 tion of firearms is inherently commercial in nature;

1	(2) firearms regularly move in interstate com-
2	merce;
3	(3) to the extent that firearms trafficking is
4	intrastate in nature, it arises out of and is substan-
5	tially connected with a commercial transaction that,
6	when viewed in the aggregate, substantially affects
7	interstate commerce;
8	(4) because the intrastate and interstate traf-
9	ficking of firearms are so commingled, full regula-
10	tion of interstate commerce requires the incidental
11	regulation of intrastate commerce;
12	(5) firearm-related assaults in the United
13	States during the 19-year period between 2001 and
14	2019 were—
15	(A) associated with the majority of homi-
16	cides and half of all suicides; and
17	(B) the seventh leading cause of nonfatal
18	violent injuries;
19	(6) on the afternoon of May 10, 2007, Blair
20	Holt, a junior at Julian High School in Chicago, was
21	killed on a public bus riding home from school when
22	he used his body to shield a girl who was in the line
23	of fire after a young man boarded the bus and start-

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ed shooting;

- 1 (7) since 2007, when 32 students and teachers 2 were killed at Virginia Tech, 7 of the 11 most deadly 3 mass shootings in the United States have taken 4 place;
  - (8) since 2012, when 20 first graders and teachers were murdered with an assault rifle at Sandy Hook Elementary School in Newtown, Connecticut, more than 230 school shootings have occurred in the United States;
  - (9) in 2015, there were 335 mass shootings, including, notably, the shooting at Umpqua Community College in Oregon, the Charleston church shooting in South Carolina, the theater shooting in Lafayette, Louisiana, and the Isla Vista community shootings in California;
  - (10) since 2016, the country has witnessed 4 of the 10 most deadly mass shootings in modern United States history;
  - (11) in February 2018, 17 members of the Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School community in Parkland, Florida, lost their lives at the hands of a 19-year-old armed with an AR-15 semiautomatic assault rifle;
- 24 (12) according to the Federal Bureau of Inves-25 tigation, the criminal homicide rate increased from

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- 5.1 per 100,000 people in 2019 to 6.5 per 100,000 people in 2020, the largest single year increase in at least the past 6 decades and approximately 73 percent of 2019 criminal homicides are estimated to have been firearms-related, while approximately 77 percent of 2020 criminal homicides are estimated to have been firearms-related;
  - (13) communities of color suffer disproportionately from gun violence, with Black children and teens 14 percent more likely to die of gun violence than their White counterparts and Latino children and teens 3 times more likely to die of gun violence than their White counterparts; and
- (14) between 2015 and 2020, there were 2,429
   mass shootings, including 611 in 2020 alone.
- (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress that—
  - (1) firearms trafficking is prevalent and widespread in and among the States, and it is usually impossible to distinguish between intrastate trafficking and interstate trafficking; and
  - (2) it is in the national interest and within the role of the Federal Government to ensure that the regulation of firearms is uniform among the States, that law enforcement can quickly and effectively

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- trace firearms used in crime, and that firearms own-
- 2 ers know how to use and safely store their firearms.
- 3 (c) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act and the
- 4 amendments made by this Act are—
- 5 (1) to protect the public against the unreason-
- 6 able risk of injury and negligent or reckless death
- 7 associated with the unrecorded sale or transfer of
- 8 qualifying firearms to criminals and youths;
- 9 (2) to ensure that owners of qualifying firearms
- are knowledgeable in the safe use, handling, and
- storage of those firearms;
- 12 (3) to restrict the availability of qualifying fire-
- arms to criminals, youth, and other persons prohib-
- ited by Federal law from receiving firearms;
- 15 (4) to facilitate the tracing of qualifying fire-
- arms used in crime by Federal and State law en-
- 17 forcement agencies; and
- 18 (5) to hold criminally and civilly liable those
- who facilitate the transfer of qualifying firearms,
- 20 causing risk of injury and negligent or reckless
- death associated with the transfer of those quali-
- 22 fying firearms.
- 23 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
- 24 (a) IN GENERAL.—In this Act, the terms "firearm",
- 25 "qualifying firearm", and "State" have the meanings

1	given those terms in section 921(a) of title 18, United
2	States Code, as amended by subsection (b).
3	(b) Title 18, United States Code.—Section
4	921(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by add-
5	ing at the end the following:
6	"(38) The term 'detachable ammunition feeding de-
7	vice'—
8	"(A) means a magazine, belt, drum, feed strip,
9	or similar device that—
10	"(i) is capable of being detached from a
11	semiautomatic rifle; and
12	"(ii) has a capacity of, or that can be read-
13	ily restored or converted to accept, more than
14	10 rounds of ammunition; and
15	"(B) does not include an attached tubular de-
16	vice designed to accept, and capable of operating
17	only with, .22 caliber rimfire ammunition.
18	"(39) The term 'firearm owner license' means a li-
19	cense issued under section 923(m).
20	"(40) The term 'qualifying firearm'—
21	"(A) means—
22	"(i) a handgun; or
23	"(ii) a semiautomatic rifle that is capable
24	of accepting a detachable ammunition feeding
25	device; and

1	"(B) does not include an antique firearm.".
2	TITLE I—LICENSING
3	SEC. 101. LICENSING REQUIREMENT.
4	Section 922 of title 18, United States Code, is
5	amended by adding at the end the following:
6	"(aa) Firearm Licensing Requirement.—
7	"(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2),
8	it shall be unlawful for any individual other than a
9	licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, licensed
10	dealer, or licensed collector to possess a qualifying
11	firearm on or after the applicable date, unless that
12	individual has a valid—
13	"(A) firearm owner license; or
14	"(B) State firearm license.
15	"(2) Exemptions.—
16	"(A) In General.—Paragraph (1) shall
17	not apply to—
18	"(i) a Federal, State, local, or Tribal
19	law enforcement officer while engaged in
20	the performance of official duties;
21	"(ii) a member of the Armed Forces
22	or National Guard while engaged in the
23	performance of official duties;
24	"(iii) a Federal employee who is re-
25	quired to carry a qualifying firearm in the

1	capacity of that individual as a Federal
2	employee while engaged in the performance
3	of official duties;
4	"(iv) a member of a bona fide vet-
5	erans organization that received the quali-
6	fying firearm directly from the Armed
7	Forces, including a member of the color
8	guard of the veterans organization, while
9	using the qualifying firearm for a ceremo-
10	nial purpose with blank ammunition;
11	"(v) an unemancipated minor who is
12	under the direct supervision of an indi-
13	vidual who—
14	"(I) has a valid firearm owner li-
15	cense or State firearm license; and
16	"(II) is, with respect to the
17	minor—
18	"(aa) a parent;
19	"(bb) a legal guardian; or
20	"(ce) any other individual
21	standing in loco parentis;
22	"(vi) an individual with a valid hunt-
23	ing license issued by a State while the indi-
24	vidual is—

1	"(I) hunting in the State that
2	issued the license; and
3	"(II) accompanied by an indi-
4	vidual who has a valid firearm owner
5	license or State firearm license; or
6	"(vii) an individual who is—
7	"(I)(aa) on a firing or shooting
8	range; or
9	"(bb) participating in a firearms
10	safety or training course recognized
11	by—
12	"(AA) a Federal, State,
13	local, or Tribal law enforcement
14	agency; or
15	"(BB) a national or state-
16	wide shooting sports organiza-
17	tion;
18	"(II) otherwise eligible to obtain
19	a firearm owner license; and
20	"(III) under the direct super-
21	vision of an individual who—
22	"(aa) has a valid firearm
23	owner license or State firearm li-
24	cense; and

1	"(bb) is not less than 21
2	years of age.
3	"(B) Individuals with state firearm
4	LICENSES.—Not later than 60 days after the
5	date on which an individual who has a State
6	firearm license moves from the State in which
7	the State firearm license of the individual was
8	issued to a different State, the individual
9	shall—
10	"(i) if the State to which the indi-
11	vidual has moved has a State firearm
12	owner licensing system certified by the At-
13	torney General under section 936, apply
14	for—
15	"(I) a State firearm license
16	under that State system; or
17	"(II) a firearm owner license; or
18	"(ii) if the State to which the indi-
19	vidual has moved does not have a State
20	firearm licensing system certified by the
21	Attorney General under section 936, apply
22	for a firearm owner license.
23	"(3) Definitions.—In this subsection—

1	"(A) the term 'applicable date' means,
2	with respect to a qualifying firearm that is ac-
3	quired by the individual—
4	"(i) before the date of enactment of
5	the Blair Holt Firearm Owner Licensing
6	and Record of Sale Act of 2024, 2 years
7	after that date of enactment; and
8	"(ii) on or after the date of enactment
9	of the Blair Holt Firearm Owner Licensing
10	and Record of Sale Act of 2024, 1 year
11	after that date of enactment; and
12	"(B) the term 'State firearm license'
13	means a firearm license issued under a firearm
14	licensing system established by a State that has
15	been certified by the Attorney General under
16	section 936.
17	"(bb) Denial or Revocation of Firearm Owner
18	LICENSES.—It shall be unlawful for any individual who
19	is denied a firearm owner license under paragraph (3)(D)
20	of section 923(m) or receives a revocation notice under
21	paragraph (5)(B)(i) of that section to knowingly—
22	"(1) fail to surrender the firearm owner license
23	of the individual in accordance with paragraph
24	(6)(A)(i) of that section;

1	"(2) fail to submit a firearm disposition record
2	in accordance with paragraph (6)(A)(ii) of that sec-
3	tion;
4	"(3) make a false statement in a firearm dis-
5	position record submitted under paragraph (6)(A)(ii)
6	of that section; or
7	"(4) fail to transfer any qualifying firearm of
8	the individual in accordance with paragraph
9	(6)(A)(iii) of that section.".
10	SEC. 102. ISSUANCE, REVOCATION, AND RENEWAL OF FIRE-
11	ARM OWNER LICENSES.
12	Section 923 of title 18, United States Code, is
	1 1
13	amended—
13 14	amended— $ (1) \ \ \text{in subsection} \ \ (d)(1)(F)(iii), \ \ \text{by inserting} $
14	(1) in subsection $(d)(1)(F)(iii)$ , by inserting
14 15	(1) in subsection $(d)(1)(F)(iii)$ , by inserting "under subsection (a) or (b)" after "Federal fire-
14 15 16	(1) in subsection $(d)(1)(F)(iii)$ , by inserting "under subsection (a) or (b)" after "Federal firearms license";
14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>(1) in subsection (d)(1)(F)(iii), by inserting "under subsection (a) or (b)" after "Federal firearms license";</li> <li>(2) in subsection (l), by inserting "under sub-</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>(1) in subsection (d)(1)(F)(iii), by inserting "under subsection (a) or (b)" after "Federal firearms license";</li> <li>(2) in subsection (l), by inserting "under subsection (a) or (b)" after "a firearms license is</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>(1) in subsection (d)(1)(F)(iii), by inserting "under subsection (a) or (b)" after "Federal firearms license";</li> <li>(2) in subsection (l), by inserting "under subsection (a) or (b)" after "a firearms license is issued"; and</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>(1) in subsection (d)(1)(F)(iii), by inserting "under subsection (a) or (b)" after "Federal firearms license";</li> <li>(2) in subsection (l), by inserting "under subsection (a) or (b)" after "a firearms license is issued"; and</li> <li>(3) by adding at the end the following:</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>(1) in subsection (d)(1)(F)(iii), by inserting "under subsection (a) or (b)" after "Federal firearms license";</li> <li>(2) in subsection (l), by inserting "under subsection (a) or (b)" after "a firearms license is issued"; and</li> <li>(3) by adding at the end the following:</li> <li>"(m) FIREARM OWNER LICENSES.—</li> </ul>

1	psychology in the State in which the psycholo-
2	gist practices who—
3	"(i) has—
4	"(I) a doctoral degree from a re-
5	gionally accredited university, college,
6	or professional school; and
7	"(II) not less than 2 years of su-
8	pervised experience in health services,
9	of which—
10	"(aa) not less than 1 year is
11	of postdoctoral experience; and
12	"(bb) not less than 1 year is
13	of experience in an organized
14	health service program; or
15	"(ii) has—
16	"(I) a graduate degree in psy-
17	chology from a regionally accredited
18	university or college; and
19	"(II) not less than 6 years of ex-
20	perience as a psychologist, of which
21	not less than 2 years are of supervised
22	experience in health services;
23	"(B) the term 'covered offense' means bat-
24	tery, assault, aggravated assault, or violation of

1	an order of protection, in which a firearm was
2	used or possessed;
3	"(C) the term 'identification document' has
4	the meaning given the term in section 1028(d)
5	"(D) the term 'licensed individual' means
6	an individual issued a firearm owner license
7	under paragraph (3);
8	"(E) the term 'physician' means a doctor
9	of medicine legally authorized to practice medi-
10	cine by the State in which the physician per-
11	forms that function or action;
12	"(F) the term 'qualified examiner' means a
13	medical professional authorized to conduct a
14	qualifying mental health evaluation by the State
15	in which the evaluation occurs; and
16	"(G) the term 'qualifying mental health
17	evaluation' means a mental evaluation by a
18	physician, clinical psychologist, or qualified ex-
19	aminer resulting in a certification by the physi-
20	cian, clinical psychologist, or qualified examiner
21	that an individual is not a clear and present
22	danger to the individual or others.
23	"(2) Applications.—
24	"(A) In general.—An individual applying
25	for a firearm owner license under this sub-

1	section shall submit to the Attorney General, in
2	accordance with the regulations promulgated
3	under subparagraph (B), an application that in-
4	cludes—
5	"(i) a current, passport-sized photo-
6	graph of the applicant that provides a
7	clear, accurate likeness of the applicant;
8	"(ii) the name, address, and date and
9	place of birth of the applicant;
10	"(iii) any other name that the appli-
11	cant has ever used or by which the appli-
12	cant has ever been known;
13	"(iv) with respect to each category of
14	person prohibited by Federal law, or by the
15	law of the State of residence of the appli-
16	cant, from obtaining a firearm, a state-
17	ment that the applicant is not a person
18	prohibited from receiving a firearm;
19	"(v)(I) a certification by the applicant
20	that the applicant is not younger than 21
21	years old; or
22	"(II) in the case of an applicant who
23	is younger than 21 years old—
24	"(aa) written proof of the con-
25	sent of the parent or legal guardian of

1	the applicant for the applicant to pos-
2	sess and acquire a qualifying firearm,
3	provided that the parent or legal
4	guardian—
5	"(AA) is not an individual
6	prohibited by subsection (g) or
7	(n) of section 922 from receiving
8	a firearm; and
9	"(BB) submits an affidavit
10	with the application affirming
11	that the parent or legal guardian
12	is not an individual prohibited by
13	subsection (g) or (n) of section
14	922 from receiving a firearm;
15	and
16	"(bb) a certification by the appli-
17	cant that the applicant has not been
18	convicted of a misdemeanor, other
19	than a traffic offense, or adjudged de-
20	linquent;
21	"(vi) a certification by the applicant
22	that the applicant—
23	"(I) was not a patient in a men-
24	tal health facility during the 5-year

1	period preceding the date on which
2	the application is submitted;
3	"(II) is not an individual with an
4	intellectual or developmental dis-
5	ability;
6	"(III) is not subject to an order
7	of protection prohibiting the applicant
8	from possessing a firearm;
9	"(IV) has not been convicted of a
10	covered offense during the 5-year pe-
11	riod preceding the date on which the
12	application is submitted; and
13	"(V) has not been adjudged de-
14	linquent for an act of juvenile delin-
15	quency that if committed by an adult
16	would be a felony;
17	"(vii) if the individual was a patient
18	in a mental health facility during a period
19	ending more than 5 years before the date
20	on which the application is submitted, a
21	qualifying mental health evaluation;
22	"(viii) an authorization by the appli-
23	cant to release to the Attorney General, or
24	an authorized representative of the Attor-

1	ney General, any mental health records
2	pertaining to the applicant;
3	"(ix) the rolled fingerprints of the ap-
4	plicant;
5	"(x) the date on which the application
6	was submitted; and
7	"(xi) the signature of the applicant.
8	"(B) REGULATIONS GOVERNING SUBMIS-
9	SION.—
10	"(i) In General.—The Attorney
11	General shall promulgate regulations speci-
12	fying procedures for the submission of an
13	application under subparagraph (A) to the
14	Attorney General that shall—
15	"(I) provide for submission of the
16	application through a licensed dealer
17	or an office or agency of the Federal
18	Government designated by the Attor-
19	ney General;
20	"(II) require the applicant to
21	provide a valid identification docu-
22	ment of the applicant, containing a
23	photograph of the applicant, to the li-
24	censed dealer or to the office or agen-
25	cy of the Federal Government, as ap-

1	plicable, at the time of submission of
2	the application to that licensed dealer,
3	office, or agency; and
4	"(III) require that a completed
5	application be forwarded to the Attor-
6	ney General not later than 48 hours
7	after the application is submitted to
8	the licensed dealer or office or agency
9	of the Federal Government.
10	"(ii) Definition.—In this subpara-
11	graph, the term 'agency' has the meaning
12	given the term in section 551 of title 5.
13	"(C) Fees.—
14	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney
15	General shall charge and collect from each
16	applicant for a license under this sub-
17	section a fee in an amount determined in
18	accordance with clause (ii).
19	"(ii) FEE AMOUNT.—The amount of
20	the fee collected under this subparagraph
21	shall be not less than the amount deter-
22	mined by the Attorney General to be nec-
23	essary to ensure that the total amount of
24	all fees collected under this subparagraph
25	during a fiscal year is sufficient to cover

1	the costs of carrying out this subsection
2	during that fiscal year, except that such
3	amount shall not exceed \$10.
4	"(3) Issuance of licenses.—
5	"(A) In general.—Not later than 30
6	days after the date on which an application is
7	submitted under paragraph (2), the Attorney
8	General shall issue a firearm owner license to
9	an applicant who has submitted an application
10	that meets the requirements under paragraph
11	(2), if, after conducting a fingerprint-based na-
12	tionwide criminal background check using the
13	rolled fingerprints of the applicant submitted in
14	the application, the Attorney General deter-
15	mines that the applicant—
16	"(i) is not prohibited by subsection (g)
17	or (n) of section 922 from receiving a
18	qualifying firearm;
19	"(ii)(I) is not younger than 21 years
20	old; or
21	"(II) is younger than 21 years old
22	and—
23	"(aa) has submitted written
24	proof of the consent of the parent or
25	legal guardian of the applicant re-

1	quired under paragraph
2	(2)(A)(v)(II)(aa); and
3	"(bb) has not been convicted of a
4	misdemeanor, other than a traffic of-
5	fense, or adjudged delinquent;
6	"(iii) was not a patient in a mental
7	health facility during the 5-year period
8	preceding the date on which the applica-
9	tion is submitted;
10	"(iv) is not an individual with an in-
11	tellectual or developmental disability;
12	"(v) is not subject to an order of pro-
13	tection prohibiting the applicant from pos-
14	sessing a firearm;
15	"(vi) has not been convicted of a cov-
16	ered offense during the 5-year period pre-
17	ceding the date on which the application is
18	submitted;
19	"(vii) has not been adjudged delin-
20	quent for an act of juvenile delinquency
21	that if committed by an adult would be a
22	felony;
23	"(viii) if the applicant was a patient
24	in a mental health facility during a period
25	ending more than 5 years before the date

1	on which the application is submitted, has
2	received a qualifying mental health evalua-
3	tion;
4	"(ix) does not have a mental condition
5	that makes the applicant a clear and
6	present danger to the individual or others;
7	and
8	"(x) has not intentionally made a
9	false statement in the application under
10	paragraph (2).
11	"(B) EFFECT OF ISSUANCE TO PROHIB-
12	ITED INDIVIDUALS.—A firearm owner license
13	issued under this paragraph shall be null and
14	void if issued to an individual who is prohibited
15	by subsection (g) or (n) of section 922 from re-
16	ceiving a firearm.
17	"(C) Form of licenses.—A firearm
18	owner license issued under this paragraph shall
19	be in the form of a tamper-resistant card, and
20	shall include—
21	"(i) the photograph of the licensed in-
22	dividual submitted with the application
23	under paragraph (2);
24	"(ii) the address of the licensed indi-
25	vidual;

1	"(iii) the date of birth of the licensed
2	individual;
3	"(iv) the sex of the licensed individual;
4	"(v) the height and weight of the li-
5	censed individual;
6	"(vi) a license number, unique to each
7	licensed individual;
8	"(vii) the expiration date of the li-
9	cense, which shall be—
10	"(I) the date that is 5 years after
11	the initial anniversary of the date of
12	birth of the licensed individual fol-
13	lowing the date on which the license is
14	issued; or
15	"(II) in the case of a license re-
16	newed under paragraph (4), the date
17	that is 5 years after the anniversary
18	of the date of birth of the licensed in-
19	dividual following the date on which
20	the license is renewed;
21	"(viii) a facsimile of the rolled finger-
22	prints of the individual submitted in the
23	application of the individual under para-
24	graph (2)(A)(ix) in an encrypted, embed-
25	ded, and machine-readable format;

1	"(ix) the signature of the licensed in
2	dividual provided on the application unde
3	paragraph (2), or a facsimile of the signa
4	ture; and
5	"(x) centered at the top of the license
6	capitalized, and in boldface type, the following
7	lowing:
8	'FIREARM OWNER LICENSE—NO'
9	VALID FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE'.
10	"(D) Denial.—
11	"(i) In general.—If the Attorne
12	General determines that an applicant doe
13	not meet the requirements under subpara
14	graph (A), the Attorney General shall pro
15	vide written notice to the applicant that
16	states—
17	"(I) the specific grounds of
18	which the denial is based; and
19	"(II) the requirements for
20	issuance of a firearm owner licens
21	under subparagraph (A).
22	"(ii) Notice to local law en
23	FORCEMENT.—The Attorney General sha
24	transmit a copy of the notice described i
25	clause (i) to the sheriff and law enforce

1	ment agency having jurisdiction where the
2	individual to whom the denial pertains re-
3	sides.
4	"(E) CHANGE OF ADDRESS.—A licensed
5	individual shall immediately notify the Attorney
6	General if the licensed individual moves from
7	the residence address listed on the firearm
8	owner license of that licensed individual.
9	"(4) Renewal of Licenses.—
10	"(A) Applications for renewal of Li-
11	CENSES.—
12	"(i) In general.—A licensed indi-
13	vidual seeking to renew a firearm owner li-
14	cense shall, not later than 60 days before
15	the expiration date of the firearm owner li-
16	cense, submit to the Attorney General, in
17	accordance with the regulations promul-
18	gated under clause (iii), an application for
19	renewal of the license.
20	"(ii) Contents.—An application sub-
21	mitted under clause (i) shall include—
22	"(I) a current, passport-sized
23	photograph of the licensed individual
24	that provides a clear, accurate like-
25	ness of the licensed individual;

1	"(II) current proof of identity of
2	the licensed individual; and
3	"(III) the address of the licensed
4	individual.
5	"(iii) Regulations governing sub-
6	MISSION.—The Attorney General shall pro-
7	mulgate regulations specifying procedures
8	for the submission of applications under
9	this subparagraph.
10	"(B) Issuance of Renewed Licenses.—
11	Upon approval of an application submitted
12	under subparagraph (A), the Attorney General
13	shall issue a renewed license, which shall meet
14	the requirements of paragraph (3)(C), except
15	that the license shall include the current photo-
16	graph and address of the licensed individual, as
17	provided in the application submitted under
18	subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, and the
19	expiration date of the renewed license, in ac-
20	cordance with paragraph (3)(C)(vii)(II).
21	"(5) Revocation of Licenses.—
22	"(A) In General.—If a licensed indi-
23	vidual becomes an individual who the Attorney
24	General determines does not meet the require-

1	ments under paragraph $(3)(A)$ of this sub-
2	section—
3	"(i) the firearm owner license is re-
4	voked; and
5	"(ii) the individual shall surrender the
6	firearm owner license to the Attorney Gen-
7	eral in accordance with paragraph (6)(A)
8	of this subsection.
9	"(B) Notice.—
10	"(i) In General.—Upon receipt by
11	the Attorney General of notice that a li-
12	censed individual has become an individual
13	described in subparagraph (A), the Attor-
14	ney General shall provide written notice to
15	the individual that—
16	"(I) the firearm owner license is
17	revoked; and
18	"(II) states the specific grounds
19	on which the revocation is based.
20	"(ii) Notice to local law en-
21	FORCEMENT.—The Attorney General shall
22	transmit a copy of the notice described in
23	clause (i) to the sheriff and law enforce-
24	ment agency having jurisdiction where the

1	individual to which the denial pertains re-
2	sides.
3	"(6) Surrender of licenses and quali-
4	FYING FIREARMS.—
5	"(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
6	graph (D), an individual who is denied a fire-
7	arm owner license under paragraph (3)(D) or
8	receives a revocation notice under paragraph
9	(5)(B)(i) shall, not later than 48 hours after re-
10	ceiving notice of the denial or revocation—
11	"(i) in the case of an individual who
12	receives a revocation notice, surrender the
13	firearm owner license of the individual—
14	"(I) by bringing the firearm
15	owner license to an office of—
16	"(aa) the Federal Bureau of
17	Investigation;
18	"(bb) the Bureau of Alcohol,
19	Tobacco, Firearms, and Explo-
20	sives; or
21	"(cc) a United States Attor-
22	ney; or
23	"(II) by mailing the firearm
24	owner license to the Attorney General;

1	"(ii) if the individual owns or has cus-
2	tody and control of a qualifying firearm,
3	complete a firearm disposition record de-
4	scribed in subparagraph (B) and—
5	"(I) in the case of an individual
6	who receives a denial notice, submit
7	that firearm disposition record to an
8	entity described in clause (i); and
9	"(II) in the case of an individual
10	who receives a revocation notice, sub-
11	mit that firearm disposition record at
12	the same time that the individual sur-
13	renders the firearm owner license
14	under clause (i); and
15	"(iii) transfer any qualifying firearm
16	that is owned by or under the custody and
17	control of the individual to—
18	"(I) any location other than—
19	"(aa) a location to which the
20	individual has immediate access;
21	"(bb) a residence of the in-
22	dividual;
23	"(cc) a vehicle of the indi-
24	vidual; or

1	"(dd) a storage space of the
2	individual; or
3	" $(\Pi)$ if applicable, any person
4	other than a member of the household
5	of the individual.
6	"(B) FIREARM DISPOSITION RECORDS.—
7	The Attorney General shall prescribe a form for
8	a firearm disposition record to be completed
9	under subparagraph (A)(ii) that shall require
10	an individual completing the firearm disposition
11	record to disclose—
12	"(i) the make, model, and serial num-
13	ber of each qualifying firearm that is
14	owned by or under the custody and control
15	of the individual on the date on which the
16	firearm disposition record is completed by
17	the individual;
18	"(ii) the location where each quali-
19	fying firearm described in clause (i) will be
20	located after the individual submits the
21	firearm disposition record; and
22	"(iii) if any qualifying firearm de-
23	scribed in clause (i) will be transferred to
24	the ownership or custody and control of
25	another person, the name, address, and, if

1	applicable, firearm owner license number
2	of the transferee.
3	"(C) Responsibilities of receiving en-
4	TITIES.—At the time at which an entity de-
5	scribed in subparagraph (A)(i) receives a fire-
6	arm owner license and firearm disposition
7	record under subparagraph (A), the entity
8	shall—
9	"(i) provide to the individual surren-
10	dering the firearm owner license and sub-
11	mitting the firearm disposition record—
12	"(I) a receipt showing that the
13	individual surrendered the firearm
14	owner license to the entity; and
15	"(II) a copy of the firearm dis-
16	position record submitted by the indi-
17	vidual; and
18	"(ii) if the entity is an entity de-
19	scribed in item (aa), (bb), or (cc) of sub-
20	paragraph (A)(i)(I)—
21	"(I) transmit to the Attorney
22	General—
23	"(aa) the firearm owner li-
24	cense; and

1	"(bb) the firearm disposition
2	record; and
3	"(II) maintain a copy of the doc-
4	uments described in subclause (I) of
5	this clause.
6	"(D) RIGHT TO RECLAIM FIREARM.—An
7	individual who transfers a qualifying firearm
8	under subparagraph (A)(iii) may reclaim the
9	qualifying firearm after a successful application
10	for relief or appeal under section 925(g).".
11	SEC. 103. RELIEF FROM DENIAL OR REVOCATION OF FIRE-
12	ARM OWNER LICENSES.
13	Section 925 of title 18, United States Code, is
14	amended by adding at the end the following:
15	"(g) Relief From Denial or Revocation of
16	FIREARM OWNER LICENSES.—
17	"(1) Application to the attorney gen-
18	ERAL.—
19	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Attorney Gen-
20	eral denies a firearm owner license to an indi-
21	vidual under paragraph (3)(D) of section
22	923(m) or revokes the firearm owner license of
23	an individual under paragraph (5) of that sec-
24	tion, the individual may, not later than 60 days
25	after the date on which the denial or revocation

1	occurs, make an application to the Attorney
2	General for relief from that denial or revoca-
3	tion.
4	"(B) Relief.—The Attorney General may
5	grant relief to an applicant under subparagraph
6	(A), if the applicant establishes to the satisfac-
7	tion of the Attorney General that the cir-
8	cumstances relating to the denial or revocation,
9	and the criminal record and personal reputation
10	of the applicant, are such that—
11	"(i) the applicant will not be likely to
12	act in a manner dangerous to public safe-
13	ty; and
14	"(ii) relief under this subparagraph
15	would not be contrary to the public inter-
16	est.
17	"(C) NOTICE IN THE FEDERAL REG-
18	ISTER.—If the Attorney General grants relief
19	under subparagraph (B), the Attorney General
20	shall promptly publish in the Federal Register
21	a notice—
22	"(i) that the relief was granted; and
23	"(ii) that describes the reasons for
24	granting the relief.
25	"(2) Appeal.—

1	"(A) In General.—An applicant who is
2	denied relief under paragraph (1)(B) may file a
3	petition for judicial review of the denial with
4	the district court of the United States for the
5	district in which the applicant resides.
6	"(B) Hearing.—A court that receives a
7	petition under subparagraph (A) shall hold a
8	hearing to determine whether to grant the peti-
9	tioner relief described in paragraph (1)(A) not
10	later than 72 hours after the petitioner files the
11	petition.
12	"(C) Notice and opportunity to be
13	HEARD.—
14	"(i) In general.—The court shall
15	provide the petitioner with notice and the
16	opportunity to be heard at a hearing under
17	this paragraph, sufficient to protect the
18	due process rights of the petitioner.
19	"(ii) Right to counsel.—
20	"(I) In general.—At a hearing
21	under this paragraph, the petitioner
22	may be represented by counsel who
23	is—
24	"(aa) chosen by the peti-
25	tioner: and

1	"(bb) authorized to practice
2	at such a hearing.
3	"(II) COURT-PROVIDED COUN-
4	SEL.—If the petitioner is financially
5	unable to obtain representation by
6	counsel, the court, at the request of
7	the petitioner, shall ensure to the ex-
8	tent practicable that the petitioner is
9	represented by an attorney for the
10	Legal Services Corporation with re-
11	spect to the petition.
12	"(D) Burden of proof; standard.—At
13	a hearing under this paragraph, the Attorney
14	General—
15	"(i) shall have the burden of proving
16	all material facts; and
17	"(ii) shall be required to demonstrate,
18	by clear and convincing evidence, that the
19	petitioner is prohibited under section
20	923(m)(3)(A) from receiving a firearm
21	owner license.".

## 1 TITLE II—RECORD OF SALE OR 2 TRANSFER

3	SEC. 201. SALE OR TRANSFER REQUIREMENTS FOR QUALI-
4	FYING FIREARMS.
5	Section 922 of title 18, United States Code, as
6	amended by section 101 of this Act, is amended by adding
7	at the end the following:
8	"(cc) Unauthorized Sale or Transfer of a
9	QUALIFYING FIREARM.—It shall be unlawful for any per-
10	son to sell, deliver, or otherwise transfer a qualifying fire-
11	arm to, or for, any person who is not a licensed importer,
12	licensed manufacturer, licensed dealer, or licensed col-
13	lector, or to receive a qualifying firearm from a person
14	who is not a licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, li-
15	censed dealer, or licensed collector, unless, at the time and
16	place of the transfer or receipt—
17	"(1) the transferee presents to a licensed dealer
18	a valid firearm owner license issued to the trans-
19	feree—
20	"(A) under section 923(m); or
21	"(B) pursuant to a State firearm licensing
22	system certified under section 936 established
23	by the State in which the transfer or receipt oc-
24	curs;

- "(2) the licensed dealer contacts the Attorney
  General or the head of the State agency that administers the certified system described in paragraph
  (1)(B), as applicable, and receives notice that the
  transferee has been issued a firearm owner license
  described in paragraph (1) and that the firearm
  owner license remains valid; and
- "(3) the licensed dealer records on a document (which, in the case of a sale, shall be the sales receipt) a tracking authorization number provided by the Attorney General or the head of the State agency, as applicable, as evidence that the licensed dealer has verified the validity of the firearm owner license.".

#### 15 SEC. 202. FIREARM RECORDS.

- 16 (a) In General.—Chapter 44 of title 18, United
- 17 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 18 lowing:

#### 19 "§ 935. Firearm records

- 20 "(a) Submission of Sale or Transfer Re-
- 21 PORTS.—
- 22 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 14 days
- after the date on which the transfer of a qualifying
- 24 firearm is processed by a licensed dealer under sec-
- tion 922(cc), the licensed dealer shall submit to the

1	Attorney General (or, in the case of a licensed dealer
2	located in a State that has a State firearm licensing
3	and record of sale system certified under section
4	936, to the head of the State agency that admin-
5	isters that system) a report of that transfer, which
6	shall include information relating to—
7	"(A) the manufacturer of the qualifying
8	firearm;
9	"(B) the model name or number of the
10	qualifying firearm;
11	"(C) the serial number of the qualifying
12	firearm;
13	"(D) the date on which the qualifying fire-
14	arm was received by the transferee;
15	"(E) the number of the valid firearm
16	owner license issued to the transferee—
17	"(i) under section 923(m); or
18	"(ii) in accordance with a State fire-
19	arm licensing system certified under sec-
20	tion 936 established by the State in which
21	the transfer or receipt occurs; and
22	"(F) the name and address of the indi-
23	vidual who transferred the firearm to the trans-
24	feree.

1	"(2) Effective date.—This subsection shall
2	take effect on the date that is 1 year after the date
3	of enactment of the Blair Holt Firearm Owner Li-
4	censing and Record of Sale Act of 2024.
5	"(b) Federal Record of Sale System.—No
6	later than 270 days after the date of enactment of the
7	Blair Holt Firearm Owner Licensing and Record of Sale
8	Act of 2024, the Attorney General shall establish and
9	maintain a Federal record of sale system, which shall in-
10	clude the information included in each report submitted
11	to the Attorney General under subsection (a).".
12	(b) Elimination of Prohibition on Establish
13	MENT OF SYSTEM OF REGISTRATION.—Section 926(a) or
14	title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking the
15	second sentence.
16	(c) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections
17	for chapter 44 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
18	by adding at the end the following:
	"935. Firearm records.".
19	TITLE III—ADDITIONAL
20	PROHIBITIONS
21	SEC. 301. FIREARMS TRANSFERS.
22	(a) In General.—Section 922 of title 18, United
23	States Code, as amended by sections 101 and 201 of this
24	Act, is amended by adding at the end the following:
25	"(dd) Firearms Transfers.—

#### "(1) In general.—

"(A) Prohibition.—It shall be unlawful for any person who is not a licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer to transfer a firearm to any other person who is not so licensed, unless a licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer has first taken possession of the firearm for the purpose of complying with subsection (t).

"(B) COMPLIANCE.—Upon taking possession of a firearm under subparagraph (A), a licensee shall comply with all requirements of this chapter as if the licensee were transferring the firearm from the inventory of the licensee to the unlicensed transferee.

"(C) Return of firearms.—If a transfer of a firearm described in subparagraph (A) will not be completed for any reason after a licensee takes possession of the firearm (including because the transfer of the firearm to, or receipt of the firearm by, the transferee would violate this chapter), the return of the firearm to the transferor by the licensee shall not constitute the transfer of a firearm for purposes of this chapter.

1	"(2) Exceptions.—Paragraph (1) shall not
2	apply to—
3	"(A) a law enforcement agency or any law
4	enforcement officer, armed private security pro-
5	fessional, or member of the Armed Forces, to
6	the extent the officer, professional, or member
7	is acting within the course and scope of employ-
8	ment and official duties;
9	"(B) a transfer that is a loan or bona fide
10	gift between—
11	"(i) spouses;
12	"(ii) domestic partners;
13	"(iii) parents and their children, in-
14	cluding step-parents and their step-chil-
15	dren;
16	"(iv) siblings;
17	"(v) aunts or uncles and their nieces
18	or nephews; or
19	"(vi) grandparents and their grand-
20	children;
21	"(C) a transfer to an executor, adminis-
22	trator, trustee, or personal representative of an
23	estate or a trust that occurs by operation of law
24	upon the death of another person;

1	"(D) a temporary transfer that is nec-
2	essary to prevent imminent death or great bod-
3	ily harm, including harm to self, family, house-
4	hold members, or others, if the possession by
5	the transferee lasts only as long as immediately
6	necessary to prevent the imminent death or
7	great bodily harm, including the harm of do-
8	mestic violence, dating partner violence, sexual
9	assault, stalking, and domestic abuse;
10	"(E) a transfer that is approved by the At-
11	torney General under section 5812 of the Inter-
12	nal Revenue Code of 1986; or
13	"(F) a temporary transfer if—
14	"(i) the transferor has no reason to
15	believe that the transferee—
16	"(I) will use or intends to use the
17	firearm in a crime; or
18	$(\Pi)$ is prohibited from pos-
19	sessing a firearm under State or Fed-
20	eral law; and
21	"(ii) the transfer takes place and the
22	possession of the firearm by the transferee
23	is exclusively—
24	"(I) at a shooting range or in a
25	shooting gallery or other area des-

1	ignated for the purpose of target
2	shooting;
3	"(II) reasonably necessary for
4	the purposes of hunting, trapping, or
5	fishing, if the transferor—
6	"(aa) has no reason to be-
7	lieve that the transferee intends
8	to use the firearm in a place
9	where it is illegal; and
10	"(bb) has reason to believe
11	that the transferee will comply
12	with all licensing and permit re-
13	quirements for such hunting,
14	trapping, or fishing; or
15	"(III) in the presence of the
16	transferor.
17	"(3) Notice.—It shall be unlawful for a li-
18	censed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed
19	dealer to transfer possession of, or title to, a firearm
20	to another person who is not so licensed unless—
21	"(A) the importer, manufacturer, or dealer
22	provides the person with notice of the prohibi-
23	tion under paragraph (1); and
24	"(B) the other person certifies that the im-
25	porter, manufacturer, or dealer provided the

- 1 person notice of the prohibition under para-
- 2 graph (1) on a form prescribed by the Attorney
- 3 General.".
- 4 (b) AMENDMENT.—Section 924(a)(5) of title 18,
- 5 United States Code, is amended by striking "(s) or (t)"
- 6 and inserting "(s), (t), or (dd)".
- 7 (c) Rules of Interpretation.—Nothing in this
- 8 section, or any amendment made by this section, shall be
- 9 construed to authorize the establishment, directly or indi-
- 10 rectly, of a national firearms registry.
- 11 SEC. 302. FAILURE TO MAINTAIN OR PERMIT INSPECTION
- 12 **OF RECORDS.**
- 13 Section 922 of title 18, United States Code, as
- 14 amended by sections 101, 201, and 301 of this Act, is
- 15 amended by adding at the end the following:
- 16 "(ee) Failure To Maintain or Permit Inspec-
- 17 TION OF RECORDS.—It shall be unlawful for a licensed
- 18 manufacturer or a licensed dealer to fail to comply with
- 19 section 935, or to fail to maintain such records or supply
- 20 such information as the Attorney General may require in
- 21 order to ascertain compliance with that section and the
- 22 regulations and orders issued under that section.".

#### 1 SEC. 303. FAILURE TO REPORT LOSS OR THEFT OF FIRE-

- 2 ARM.
- 3 Section 922 of title 18, United States Code, as
- 4 amended by sections 101, 201, 301, and 302 of this Act,
- 5 is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 6 "(ff) Failure To Report Loss or Theft of
- 7 Firearms.—It shall be unlawful for any person who owns
- 8 a qualifying firearm to fail to report the loss or theft of
- 9 the firearm to the Attorney General within 72 hours after
- 10 the loss or theft is discovered by the person who owns the
- 11 qualifying firearm.".
- 12 SEC. 304. FAILURE TO PROVIDE NOTICE OF CHANGE OF AD-
- DRESS.
- 14 Section 922 of title 18, United States Code, as
- 15 amended by sections 101, 201, 301, 302, and 303 of this
- 16 Act, is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 17 "(gg) Failure To Provide Notice of Change of
- 18 Address.—It shall be unlawful for any individual to
- 19 whom a firearm owner license has been issued under sec-
- 20 tion 923(m) to fail to report to the Attorney General a
- 21 change in the address of that individual within 60 days
- 22 of that change of address.".
- 23 SEC. 305. CHILD ACCESS PREVENTION.
- Section 922 of title 18, United States Code, as
- 25 amended by sections 101, 201, 301, 302, 303, and 304
- 26 of this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following:

1	"(hh) Child Access Prevention.—
2	"(1) Definition of Child.—In this sub-
3	section, the term 'child' means an individual who has
4	not attained 18 years of age.
5	"(2) Prohibition and Penalties.—Except as
6	provided in paragraph (3), it shall be unlawful for
7	any person to keep a loaded firearm, or an unloaded
8	firearm and ammunition for the firearm, any one of
9	which has been shipped or transported in interstate
10	or foreign commerce, within any premises that is
11	under the custody or control of that person, if—
12	"(A) that person—
13	"(i) knows, or recklessly disregards
14	the risk, that a child is capable of gaining
15	access to the firearm; and
16	"(ii) either—
17	"(I) knows, or recklessly dis-
18	regards the risk, that a child will use
19	the firearm to cause the death of, or
20	serious bodily injury (as defined in
21	section 1365) to, the child or any
22	other individual; or
23	"(II) knows, or reasonably should
24	know, that possession of the firearm

1	by a child is unlawful under Federal
2	or State law; and
3	"(B) a child uses the firearm and the use
4	of that firearm causes the death of, or serious
5	bodily injury to, the child or any other indi-
6	vidual.
7	"(3) Exceptions.—Paragraph (2) shall not
8	apply if—
9	"(A) at the time the child obtained access,
10	the firearm was secured with a secure gun stor-
11	age or safety device;
12	"(B) the person is a peace officer, a mem-
13	ber of the Armed Forces, or a member of the
14	National Guard, and the child obtains the fire-
15	arm during, or incidental to, the performance of
16	the official duties of the person in that capacity;
17	"(C) the child uses the firearm in a lawful
18	act of self-defense or defense of 1 or more other
19	persons; or
20	"(D) the person has no reasonable expecta-
21	tion, based on objective facts and cir-
22	cumstances, that a child is likely to be present
23	on the premises on which the firearm is kept.".

#### 1 TITLE IV—ENFORCEMENT

- 2 SEC. 401. CRIMINAL PENALTIES.
- 3 (a) Failure To Possess Firearm Owner Li-
- 4 CENSE; FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH DENIAL AND REV-
- 5 OCATION REQUIREMENTS; FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH
- 6 QUALIFYING FIREARM SALE OR TRANSFER REQUIRE-
- 7 MENTS; FAILURE TO MAINTAIN OR PERMIT INSPECTION
- 8 OF RECORDS.—Section 924(a) of title 18, United States
- 9 Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 10 "(9) Whoever knowingly violates subsection (aa),
- 11 (bb), (cc), or (ee) of section 922 shall be fined under this
- 12 title, imprisoned not more than 10 years, or both.".
- 13 (b) Failure To Comply With Firearms Trans-
- 14 FER REQUIREMENTS; FAILURE TO TIMELY REPORT LOSS
- 15 OR THEFT OF A QUALIFYING FIREARM; FAILURE TO
- 16 Provide Notice of Change of Address.—Section
- 17 924(a)(5) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by
- 18 striking "(s) or (t)" and inserting "(t), (dd), (ff), or (gg)".
- 19 (c) Child Access Prevention.—Section 924(a) of
- 20 title 18, United States Code, as amended by subsection
- 21 (a) of this section, is amended by adding at the end the
- 22 following:
- 23 "(10) Whoever violates section 922(hh) shall be fined
- 24 under this title, imprisoned not more than 5 years, or
- 25 both.".

#### 1 SEC. 402. REGULATIONS.

- 2 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall issue
- 3 regulations governing the licensing of possessors of quali-
- 4 fying firearms and the recorded sale of qualifying fire-
- 5 arms, consistent with this Act and the amendments made
- 6 by this Act, as the Attorney General determines to be rea-
- 7 sonably necessary to—
- 8 (1) reduce or prevent deaths or injuries result-
- 9 ing from qualifying firearms; and
- 10 (2) assist law enforcement in the apprehension
- of owners or users of qualifying firearms used in
- 12 criminal activity.
- 13 (b) Maximum Interval Between Issuance of
- 14 Proposed and Final Regulation.—Not later than 120
- 15 days after the date on which the Attorney General issues
- 16 a proposed regulation under subsection (a) with respect
- 17 to a matter, the Attorney General shall issue a final regu-
- 18 lation with respect to the matter.
- 19 SEC. 403. INSPECTIONS.
- In order to determine compliance with this Act, the
- 21 amendments made by this Act, and the regulations and
- 22 orders issued under this Act, the Attorney General may,
- 23 during regular business hours, enter any place in which
- 24 firearms or firearm products are manufactured, stored, or
- 25 held, for distribution in commerce, and inspect those areas
- 26 where the products are manufactured, stored, or held.

1	SEC. 404. ORDERS.
2	The Attorney General may issue an order prohibiting
3	the sale or transfer of any firearm that the Attorney Gen-
4	eral finds has been transferred or distributed in violation
5	of this Act, an amendment made by this Act, or a regula-
6	tion issued under this Act.
7	SEC. 405. INJUNCTIVE ENFORCEMENT.
8	The Attorney General may bring an action to restrain
9	any violation of this Act or an amendment made by this
10	Act in the district court of the United States for any dis-
11	trict in which—
12	(1) the violation occurs; or
13	(2) the defendant is found or transacts busi-
14	ness.
15	TITLE V—FIREARM INJURY
16	INFORMATION AND RESEARCH
17	SEC. 501. DUTIES OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.
18	(a) In General.—The Attorney General shall—
19	(1) establish and maintain a firearm injury in-
20	formation clearinghouse to collect, investigate, ana-
21	lyze, and disseminate data and information relating
22	to the causes and prevention of death and injury as-
23	sociated with firearms;

(2) conduct continuing studies and investiga-

tions of firearm-related deaths and injuries;

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	92
1	(3) collect and maintain current production and
2	sales figures for each licensed manufacturer; and
3	(4) conduct a study on the efficacy of firearms
4	that incorporate technology that prevents the use of
5	those firearms by unauthorized users (commonly
6	known as "smart guns"), in the prevention of unin-
7	tended firearm deaths.
8	(b) Availability of Information.—Periodically,
9	but not less frequently than annually, the Attorney Gen-
10	eral shall submit to Congress and make available to the
11	public a report on the activities and findings of the Attor-
12	ney General under subsection (a).
13	TITLE VI—EFFECT ON STATE
14	LAW
15	SEC. 601. EFFECT ON STATE LAW.
16	(a) In General.—This Act and the amendments
17	made by this Act may not be construed to preempt any
18	provision of the law of any State or political subdivision
19	of that State, or prevent a State or political subdivision
20	of that State from enacting any provision of law regulating
21	or prohibiting conduct with respect to firearms, except to
22	the extent that the provision of law is inconsistent with

any provision of this Act or an amendment made by this

24 Act, and then only to the extent of the inconsistency.

1	(b) Rule of Interpretation.—A provision of
2	State law is not inconsistent with this Act or an amend-
3	ment made by this Act if the provision imposes a regula-
4	tion or prohibition of greater scope or a penalty of greater
5	severity than a corresponding prohibition or penalty im-
6	posed by this Act or an amendment made by this Act.
7	SEC. 602. CERTIFICATION OF STATE FIREARM LICENSING
8	SYSTEMS AND STATE FIREARM RECORD OF
9	SALE SYSTEMS.
10	(a) In General.—Chapter 44 of title 18, United
11	States Code, as amended by section 202 of this Act, is
12	amended by adding at the end the following:
13	"§ 936. Certification of State firearm licensing sys-
13 14	"§ 936. Certification of State firearm licensing sys- tems and State firearm record of sale sys-
14	tems and State firearm record of sale sys-
14 15	tems and State firearm record of sale systems
14 15 16	tems and State firearm record of sale sys- tems  "Upon a written request of the chief executive officer
14 15 16 17	tems and State firearm record of sale sys- tems  "Upon a written request of the chief executive officer of a State, the Attorney General may certify—
14 15 16 17	tems and State firearm record of sale sys- tems  "Upon a written request of the chief executive officer of a State, the Attorney General may certify—  "(1) a firearm licensing system established by
114 115 116 117 118	tems  "Upon a written request of the chief executive officer of a State, the Attorney General may certify—  "(1) a firearm licensing system established by a State, if State law requires the system to satisfy
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	tems  "Upon a written request of the chief executive officer of a State, the Attorney General may certify—  "(1) a firearm licensing system established by a State, if State law requires the system to satisfy the requirements applicable to the Federal firearm
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	tems  "Upon a written request of the chief executive officer of a State, the Attorney General may certify—  "(1) a firearm licensing system established by a State, if State law requires the system to satisfy the requirements applicable to the Federal firearm licensing system established under section 923(m);
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	tems  "Upon a written request of the chief executive officer of a State, the Attorney General may certify—  "(1) a firearm licensing system established by a State, if State law requires the system to satisfy the requirements applicable to the Federal firearm licensing system established under section 923(m); and

- 1 to the Federal firearm record of sale system estab-
- 2 lished under section 935(b) a copy of each report
- 3 submitted to the head of the agency under section
- 4 935(a)(1), not later than 7 days after receipt of the
- 5 report.".
- 6 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
- 7 for chapter 44 of title 18, United States Code, as amended
- 8 by section 202 of this Act, is amended by adding at the
- 9 end the following:

"936. Certification of State firearm licensing systems and State firearm record of sale systems.".

# 10 TITLE VII—RELATIONSHIP TO 11 OTHER LAW

- 12 SEC. 701. SUBORDINATION TO ARMS EXPORT CONTROL
- 13 ACT.
- In the event of any conflict between any provision of
- 15 this Act or an amendment made by this Act, and any pro-
- 16 vision of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751
- 17 et seq.), the provision of the Arms Export Control Act
- 18 shall control.

## 19 TITLE VIII—INAPPLICABILITY

- 20 SEC. 801. INAPPLICABILITY TO GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORI-
- 21 **TIES.**
- This Act and the amendments made by this Act shall
- 23 not apply to any department or agency of the United
- 24 States, of a State, or of a political subdivision of a State,

- 1 or to any official conduct of any officer or employee of
- 2 such a department or agency.

## 3 TITLE IX—EFFECTIVE DATES OF

### 4 **AMENDMENTS**

- 5 SEC. 901. EFFECTIVE DATES OF AMENDMENTS.
- 6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsections
- 7 (b) and (c), the amendments made by this Act shall take
- 8 effect 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 9 (b) FIREARM RECORDS.—The amendments made by
- 10 section 202 shall take effect on the date of enactment of
- 11 this Act, except as otherwise provided in the amendments
- 12 made by that section.
- 13 (c) Firearm Transactions.—The amendments
- 14 made by subsections (a) and (b) of section 301 shall take
- 15 effect 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

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