

114TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 1533

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to repeal the excise tax  
on medical devices, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 23, 2015

Ms. ADAMS (for herself, Ms. TSONGAS, Mr. CARTWRIGHT, Mr. HIGGINS, and Mr. POLIS) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

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## A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to repeal  
the excise tax on medical devices, and for other purposes.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3       **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Medical Device Tax  
5       Elimination Act”.

6       **SEC. 2. REPEAL OF MEDICAL DEVICE EXCISE TAX.**

7       (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 32 of the Internal Rev-  
8       enue Code of 1986 is amended by striking subchapter E.

9       (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

1                         (1) Section 4221(a) of such Code is amended  
2                         by striking the last sentence.

3                         (2) Section 6416(b)(2) of such Code is amend-  
4                         ed by striking the last sentence.

5                         (c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sub-  
6                         chapters for chapter 32 of such Code is amended by strik-  
7                         ing the item relating to subchapter E.

8                         (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by  
9                         this section shall apply to sales after the date of the enact-  
10                         ment of this Act.

11                         **SEC. 3. LIMITATION ON SECTION 199 DEDUCTION ATTRIB-**  
12                         **UTABLE TO OIL, NATURAL GAS, OR PRIMARY**  
13                         **PRODUCTS THEREOF.**

14                         (a) DENIAL OF DEDUCTION.—Section 199(c)(4) of  
15                         the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding  
16                         at the end the following new subparagraph:

17                         “(E) SPECIAL RULE FOR CERTAIN OIL  
18                         AND GAS INCOME.—In the case of any taxpayer  
19                         who is a major integrated oil company (as de-  
20                         fined in section 167(h)(5)(B)) for the taxable  
21                         year, the term ‘domestic production gross re-  
22                         ceipts’ shall not include gross receipts from the  
23                         production, transportation, or distribution of  
24                         oil, natural gas, or any primary product (within  
25                         the meaning of subsection (d)(9)) thereof.”.

1       (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by  
2 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after  
3 December 31, 2014.

4 SEC. 4. PROHIBITION ON USING LAST-IN, FIRST-OUT AC-  
5 COUNTING FOR MAJOR INTEGRATED OIL  
6 COMPANIES.

7       (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 472 of the Internal Rev-  
8 enue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the  
9 following new subsection:

10        "(h) MAJOR INTEGRATED OIL COMPANIES.—Not-  
11 withstanding any other provision of this section, a major  
12 integrated oil company (as defined in section  
13 167(h)(5)(B)) may not use the method provided in sub-  
14 section (b) in inventorying of any goods.".

15 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE AND SPECIAL RULE.—

## 10 SEC. 5. MODIFICATIONS OF FOREIGN TAX CREDIT RULES

11                   **APPLICABLE TO MAJOR INTEGRATED OIL**  
12                   **COMPANIES WHICH ARE DUAL CAPACITY**  
13                   **TAXPAYERS.**

14 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 901 of the Internal Rev-  
15 enue Code of 1986 is amended by redesignating subsection  
16 (n) as subsection (o) and by inserting after subsection (m)  
17 the following new subsection:

18        "(n) SPECIAL RULES RELATING TO MAJOR INTE-  
19 GRATED OIL COMPANIES WHICH ARE DUAL CAPACITY  
20 TAXPAYERS—

21                 “(1) GENERAL RULE.—Notwithstanding any  
22 other provision of this chapter, any amount paid or  
23 accrued by a dual capacity taxpayer which is a  
24 major integrated oil company (as defined in section  
25 167(h)(5)(B)) to a foreign country or possession of

1       the United States for any period shall not be consid-  
2       ered a tax—

3               “(A) if, for such period, the foreign coun-  
4       try or possession does not impose a generally  
5       applicable income tax, or

6               “(B) to the extent such amount exceeds  
7       the amount (determined in accordance with reg-  
8       ulations) which—

9                       “(i) is paid by such dual capacity tax-  
10      payer pursuant to the generally applicable  
11      income tax imposed by the country or pos-  
12      session, or

13                       “(ii) would be paid if the generally ap-  
14      plicable income tax imposed by the country  
15      or possession were applicable to such dual  
16      capacity taxpayer.

17       Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to  
18       imply the proper treatment of any such amount  
19       not in excess of the amount determined under  
20       subparagraph (B).

21               “(2) DUAL CAPACITY TAXPAYER.—For pur-  
22      poses of this subsection, the term ‘dual capacity tax-  
23      payer’ means, with respect to any foreign country or  
24      possession of the United States, a person who—

1               “(A) is subject to a levy of such country or  
2               possession, and

3               “(B) receives (or will receive) directly or  
4               indirectly a specific economic benefit (as deter-  
5               mined in accordance with regulations) from  
6               such country or possession.

7               “(3) GENERALLY APPLICABLE INCOME TAX.—

8               For purposes of this subsection—

9               “(A) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘generally  
10              applicable income tax’ means an income tax (or  
11              a series of income taxes) which is generally im-  
12              posed under the laws of a foreign country or  
13              possession on income derived from the conduct  
14              of a trade or business within such country or  
15              possession.

16               “(B) EXCEPTIONS.—Such term shall not  
17              include a tax unless it has substantial applica-  
18              tion, by its terms and in practice, to—

19               “(i) persons who are not dual capacity  
20              taxpayers, and

21               “(ii) persons who are citizens or resi-  
22              dents of the foreign country or posses-  
23              sion.”.

24               (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—

1                   (1) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by  
2                   this section shall apply to taxes paid or accrued in  
3                   taxable years beginning after December 31, 2014.

4                   (2) CONTRARY TREATY OBLIGATIONS  
5                   UPHELD.—The amendments made by this section  
6                   shall not apply to the extent contrary to any treaty  
7                   obligation of the United States.

