

114TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 2665

To designate and expand wilderness areas in Olympic National Forest in the State of Washington, and to designate certain rivers in Olympic National Forest and Olympic National Park as wild and scenic rivers, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JUNE 4, 2015

Mr. KILMER introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Natural Resources

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## A BILL

To designate and expand wilderness areas in Olympic National Forest in the State of Washington, and to designate certain rivers in Olympic National Forest and Olympic National Park as wild and scenic rivers, and for other purposes.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-  
2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Wild Olympics Wilder-  
5 ness and Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 2015”.

6 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

7       Congress finds that—

1                             (1) wilderness and wild and scenic river des-  
2 ignations provide myriad benefits to the local com-  
3 munity and beyond, including—

4                             (A) recreation, as evidenced by the more  
5 than 12,000,000 visitors each year to wilder-  
6 ness areas who participate in recreation activi-  
7 ties such as hiking, horseback riding, hunting,  
8 fishing, skiing, climbing, camping, and floating  
9 and rafting;

10                            (B) wildlife habitat, by providing perma-  
11 nent and durable protection for habitat for var-  
12 ied wildlife species, including endangered spe-  
13 cies;

14                            (C) clean water for local communities that  
15 rely on the Olympic National Forest as the  
16 source for clean and safe drinking water;

17                            (D) municipal watersheds for cities such as  
18 Port Townsend, Washington;

19                            (E) the ancient forests, salmon streams,  
20 and unique scenery of the Olympic National  
21 Forest, which provide local businesses with a  
22 competitive edge over other regions in attract-  
23 ing and retaining the talented people required  
24 by local companies;

1 (F) the popular National Parks, monu-  
2 ments, wilderness areas, and other public land  
3 of the West, which have provided a competitive  
4 advantage to the growing high technology and  
5 professional services industries of the West,  
6 such as health care, education, and business,  
7 enabling the West to outperform the rest of the  
8 United States economy in key measures of  
9 growth, including employment, population, and  
10 personal income during the 4 decades imme-  
11 diately preceding the date of enactment of this  
12 Act; and

13 (G) protecting and enhancing local travel,  
14 tourism, hunting, fishing, and outdoor recre-  
15 ation industries;

(A) land designated as wilderness protects “ecological, geological, or other features of scientific, scenic, or historical value”;

(C) wilderness designations do not apply to  
private land;

(3) this Act does not designate private land  
inholdings as wilderness;

17 (C) existing water rights are not impacted;

22 (E) river segments classified as “scenic” or  
23 “recreational” allow construction of new access  
24 points, restoration thinning, and motorized ac-  
25 cess;

(5) the areas protected under this Act unquestionably meet all requirements under Federal law (including regulations), as the areas contain—

14 (C) rivers and tributaries that—

15 (i) are a source of clean water for  
16 many communities on the Olympic Penin-  
17 sula; and

1                   thousands of jobs in the State of Wash-  
2                   ington;

3                   (6) as a result of this Act—

4                   (A) no roads would be closed;

5                   (B) management decisions by local Forest  
6                   Service managers as to which roads should be  
7                   closed, maintained, or remain open for public  
8                   access will not be impacted and any ongoing  
9                   travel management processes will continue to be  
10                  the manner by which those decisions are made,  
11                  along with public input; and

12                  (C) no private land would be subject to  
13                  management under the Wilderness Act (16  
14                  U.S.C. 1131 et seq.) or the Wild and Scenic  
15                  Rivers Act (16 U.S.C. 1271 et seq.);

16                  (7) private property rights are central to the  
17                  United States and the economy of the United States,  
18                  and it shall be the policy of the United States to en-  
19                  courage, support, and promote the private ownership  
20                  of property to ensure that the constitutional and  
21                  other legal rights of private property owners are not  
22                  abridged by the Federal Government;

23                  (8) the Olympic Peninsula is home to 8 feder-  
24                  ally recognized Indian tribes; and

1                             (9) the United States acknowledges the trust  
2                             obligations of the Federal Government to Indian  
3                             tribes and recognizes that—

4                                 (A) the case styled United States v. Wash-  
5                             ington (384 F. Supp. 312) guaranteed certain  
6                             Indian tribes in the State of Washington har-  
7                             vest rights to Pacific salmon, leading to employ-  
8                             ment opportunities for tribal members;

9                                 (B) tribal governments provide a wide  
10                             range of critical services to enrolled members,  
11                             including education and cultural activities;

12                                 (C) Indian tribes engage in ongoing efforts  
13                             to restore and improve salmon populations and  
14                             habitat across the Olympic Peninsula, fre-  
15                             quently in conjunction with Federal, State, and  
16                             local governments and private stakeholders; and

17                                 (D) ongoing tribal efforts to protect and  
18                             improve salmon habitat and the habitats of  
19                             other threatened species populations are en-  
20                             couraged and supported in order to support the  
21                             long-term health of the ecosystem and the eco-  
22                             nomic benefit those resources provide.

1   **SEC. 3. DESIGNATION OF OLYMPIC NATIONAL FOREST WIL-**

2                 **DERNESS AREAS.**

3                 (a) IN GENERAL.—In furtherance of the Wilderness  
4   Act (16 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.), the following Federal land  
5   in the Olympic National Forest in the State of Wash-  
6   ington comprising approximately 126,554 acres, as gen-  
7   erally depicted on the map entitled “Proposed Wild Olym-  
8   pics Wilderness and Wild and Scenic Rivers Act” and  
9   dated May 29, 2012 (referred to in this section as the  
10   “map”), is designated as wilderness and as components  
11   of the National Wilderness Preservation System:

12                 (1) LOST CREEK WILDERNESS.—Certain Fed-  
13   eral land managed by the Forest Service, comprising  
14   approximately 7,159 acres, as generally depicted on  
15   the map, which shall be known as the “Lost Creek  
16   Wilderness”.

17                 (2) RUGGED RIDGE WILDERNESS.—Certain  
18   Federal land managed by the Forest Service, com-  
19   prising approximately 5,956 acres, as generally de-  
20   picted on the map, which shall be known as the  
21   “Rugged Ridge Wilderness”.

22                 (3) ALCKEE CREEK WILDERNESS.—Certain  
23   Federal land managed by the Forest Service, com-  
24   prising approximately 1,787 acres, as generally de-  
25   picted on the map, which shall be known as the  
26   “Alckee Creek Wilderness”.

1                             (4) GATES OF THE ELWHA WILDERNESS.—Cer-  
2        tain Federal land managed by the Forest Service,  
3        comprising approximately 5,669 acres, as generally  
4        depicted on the map, which shall be known as the  
5        “Gates of the Elwha Wilderness”.

6                             (5) BUCKHORN WILDERNESS ADDITIONS.—Cer-  
7        tain Federal land managed by the Forest Service,  
8        comprising approximately 21,965 acres, as generally  
9        depicted on the map, is incorporated in, and shall be  
10      managed as part of, the “Buckhorn Wilderness”, as  
11      designated by section 3 of the Washington State  
12      Wilderness Act of 1984 (16 U.S.C. 1132 note; Pub-  
13      lic Law 98–339).

14                             (6) GREEN MOUNTAIN WILDERNESS.—Certain  
15      Federal land managed by the Forest Service, com-  
16      prising approximately 4,790 acres, as generally de-  
17      picted on the map, which shall be known as the  
18      “Green Mountain Wilderness”.

19                             (7) THE BROTHERS WILDERNESS ADDITIONS.—  
20      Certain land managed by the Forest Service, com-  
21      prising approximately 8,625 acres, as generally de-  
22      picted on the map, is incorporated in, and shall be  
23      managed as part of, the “The Brothers Wilderness”,  
24      as designated by section 3 of the Washington State

1       Wilderness Act of 1984 (16 U.S.C. 1132 note; Pub-  
2       lic Law 98–339).

3                     (8) MOUNT SKOKOMISH WILDERNESS ADDI-  
4       TIONS.—Certain land managed by the Forest Serv-  
5       ice, comprising approximately 8,933 acres, as gen-  
6       erally depicted on the map, is incorporated in, and  
7       shall be managed as part of, the “Mount Skokomish  
8       Wilderness”, as designated by section 3 of the  
9       Washington State Wilderness Act of 1984 (16  
10      U.S.C. 1132 note; Public Law 98–339).

11                  (9) WONDER MOUNTAIN WILDERNESS ADDI-  
12       TIONS.—Certain land managed by the Forest Serv-  
13       ice, comprising approximately 26,517 acres, as gen-  
14       erally depicted on the map, is incorporated in, and  
15       shall be managed as part of, the “Wonder Mountain  
16       Wilderness”, as designated by section 3 of the  
17       Washington State Wilderness Act of 1984 (16  
18      U.S.C. 1132 note; Public Law 98–339).

19                  (10) MOONLIGHT DOME WILDERNESS.—Certain  
20       Federal land managed by the Forest Service, com-  
21       prising approximately 9,117 acres, as generally de-  
22       picted on the map, which shall be known as the  
23       “Moonlight Dome Wilderness”.

24                  (11) SOUTH QUINAULT RIDGE WILDERNESS.—  
25       Certain Federal land managed by the Forest Serv-

1       ice, comprising approximately 10,887 acres, as gen-  
2       erally depicted on the map, which shall be known as  
3       the “South Quinault Ridge Wilderness”.

4                     (12) COLONEL BOB WILDERNESS ADDITIONS.—  
5       Certain Federal land managed by the Forest Serv-  
6       ice, comprising approximately 353 acres, as gen-  
7       erally depicted on the map, is incorporated in, and  
8       shall be managed as part of, the “Colonel Bob Wil-  
9       derness”, as designated by section 3 of the Wash-  
10      ington State Wilderness Act of 1984 (16 U.S.C.  
11      1132 note; Public Law 98–339).

12                     (13) SAM’S RIVER WILDERNESS.—Certain Fed-  
13       eral land managed by the Forest Service, comprising  
14       approximately 13,418 acres, as generally depicted on  
15       the map, which shall be known as the “Sam’s River  
16       Wilderness”.

17                     (14) CANOE CREEK WILDERNESS.—Certain  
18       Federal land managed by the Forest Service, com-  
19       prising approximately 1,378 acres, as generally de-  
20       picted on the map, which shall be known as the  
21       “Canoe Creek Wilderness”.

22                     (b) ADMINISTRATION.—

23                     (1) MANAGEMENT.—Subject to valid existing  
24       rights, the land designated as wilderness by sub-  
25       section (a) shall be administered by the Secretary of

1 Agriculture (referred to in this section as the “Sec-  
2 retary”), in accordance with the Wilderness Act (16  
3 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.), except that any reference in  
4 that Act to the effective date of that Act shall be  
5 considered to be a reference to the date of enact-  
6 ment of this Act.

## 7 (2) MAP AND DESCRIPTION.—

1           inspection in the appropriate office of the For-  
2           est Service.

3           (c) POTENTIAL WILDERNESS.—

4           (1) IN GENERAL.—In furtherance of the pur-  
5           poses of the Wilderness Act (16 U.S.C. 1131 et  
6           seq.), certain Federal land managed by the Forest  
7           Service, comprising approximately 5,346 acres as  
8           identified as “Potential Wilderness” on the map, is  
9           designated as potential wilderness.

10          (2) DESIGNATION AS WILDERNESS.—On the  
11         date on which the Secretary publishes in the Federal  
12         Register notice that any nonconforming uses in the  
13         potential wilderness designated by paragraph (1)  
14         have terminated, the potential wilderness shall be—

15           (A) designated as wilderness and as a com-  
16           ponent of the National Wilderness Preservation  
17           System; and

18           (B) incorporated into the adjacent wilder-  
19           ness area.

20          (d) ADJACENT MANAGEMENT.—

21           (1) NO PROTECTIVE PERIMETERS OR BUFFER  
22           ZONES.—The designations in this section shall not  
23           create a protective perimeter or buffer zone around  
24           any wilderness area.

1                             (2) NONCONFORMING USES PERMITTED OUT-  
2 SIDE OF BOUNDARIES OF WILDERNESS AREAS.—Any  
3 activity or use outside of the boundary of any wilder-  
4 ness area designated under this section shall be per-  
5 mitted even if the activity or use would be seen or  
6 heard within the boundary of the wilderness area.

7                             (e) FIRE, INSECTS, AND DISEASES.—The Secretary  
8 may take such measures as are necessary to control fire,  
9 insects, and diseases, in the wilderness areas designated  
10 by this section, in accordance with section 4(d)(1) of the  
11 Wilderness Act (16 U.S.C. 1133(d)(1)) and subject to  
12 such terms and conditions as the Secretary determines to  
13 be appropriate.

14 **SEC. 4. WILD AND SCENIC RIVER DESIGNATIONS.**

15                             (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 3(a) of the Wild and Sce-  
16 nic Rivers Act (16 U.S.C. 1274(a)) is amended by adding  
17 at the end the following:

18                                 “(213) ELWHA RIVER, WASHINGTON.—The ap-  
19 proximately 29.0-mile segment of the Elwha River  
20 and tributaries from the source to Cat Creek, to be  
21 administered by the Secretary of the Interior as a  
22 wild river.

23                                 “(214) DUNGENESS RIVER, WASHINGTON.—  
24 The segment of the Dungeness River from the head-  
25 waters to the State of Washington Department of

1       Natural Resources land in T. 29 N., R. 4 W., sec.  
2       12, to be administered by the Secretary of Agri-  
3       culture, except that portions of the river within the  
4       boundaries of Olympic National Park shall be ad-  
5       ministered by the Secretary of the Interior, including  
6       the following segments of the mainstem and major  
7       tributary the Gray Wolf River, in the following class-  
8       es:

9                 “(A) The approximately 5.8-mile segment  
10          of the Dungeness River from the headwaters to  
11          the 2860 Bridge, as a wild river.

12                 “(B) The approximately 2.1-mile segment  
13          of the Dungeness River from the 2860 Bridge  
14          to Silver Creek, as a scenic river.

15                 “(C) The approximately 2.7-mile segment  
16          of the Dungeness River from Silver Creek to  
17          Sleepy Hollow Creek, as a wild river.

18                 “(D) The approximately 6.3-mile segment  
19          of the Dungeness River from Sleepy Hollow  
20          Creek to the Olympic National Forest bound-  
21          ary, as a scenic river.

22                 “(E) The approximately 1.9-mile segment  
23          of the Dungeness River from the National For-  
24          est boundary to the State of Washington De-

3                   “(F) The approximately 16.1-mile segment  
4                   of the Gray Wolf River from the headwaters to  
5                   the 2870 Bridge, as a wild river.

6                 “(G) The approximately 1.1-mile segment  
7                 of the Gray Wolf River from the 2870 Bridge  
8                 to the confluence with the Dungeness River, as  
9                 a scenic river.

10               “(215) BIG QUILCENE RIVER, WASHINGTON.—  
11               The segment of the Big Quilcene River from the  
12               headwaters to the City of Port Townsend water in-  
13               take facility, to be administered by the Secretary of  
14               Agriculture, in the following classes:

15                   “(A) The approximately 4.4-mile segment  
16                  from the headwaters to the Buckhorn Wilder-  
17                  ness boundary, as a wild river.

18                 “(B) The approximately 5.3-mile segment  
19                 from the Buckhorn Wilderness boundary to the  
20                 City of Port Townsend water intake facility, as  
21                 a scenic river.

22                   “(C) Section 7(a), with respect to the li-  
23                   censing of dams, water conduits, reservoirs,  
24                   powerhouses, transmission lines, or other  
25                   project works, shall apply to the approximately

1           5-mile segment from the City of Port Townsend  
2           water intake facility to the Olympic National  
3           Forest boundary.

4           “(216) DOSEWALLIPS RIVER, WASHINGTON.—  
5           The segment of the Dosewallips River from the  
6           headwaters to the private land in T. 26 N., R. 3 W.,  
7           sec. 15, to be administered by the Secretary of Agri-  
8           culture, except that portions of the river within the  
9           boundaries of Olympic National Park shall be ad-  
10          ministered by the Secretary of the Interior, in the  
11          following classes:

12           “(A) The approximately 12.9-mile segment  
13           from the headwaters to Station Creek, as a wild  
14           river.

15           “(B) The approximately 6.8-mile segment  
16           from Station Creek to the private land in T. 26  
17           N., R. 3 W., sec. 15, as a scenic river.

18           “(217) DUCKABUSH RIVER, WASHINGTON.—  
19           The segment of the Duckabush River from the head-  
20          waters to the private land in T. 25 N., R. 3 W., sec.  
21          1, to be administered by the Secretary of Agri-  
22          culture, except that portions of the river within the  
23          boundaries of Olympic National Park shall be ad-  
24          ministered by the Secretary of the Interior, in the  
25          following classes:

1                 “(A) The approximately 19.0-mile segment  
2                 from the headwaters to the Brothers Wilderness  
3                 boundary, as a wild river.

4                 “(B) The approximately 1.9-mile segment  
5                 from the Brothers Wilderness boundary to the  
6                 private land in T. 25 N., R. 3 W., sec. 1, as  
7                 a scenic river.

8                 “(218) HAMMA HAMMA RIVER, WASHINGTON.—  
9                 The segment of the Hamma Hamma River from the  
10                 headwaters to the eastern edge of the NW<sup>1/4</sup> sec. 21,  
11                 T. 24 N., R. 3 W., to be administered by the Sec-  
12                 retary of Agriculture, in the following classes:

13                 “(A) The approximately 3.1-mile segment  
14                 from the headwaters to the Mt. Skokomish Wil-  
15                 derness boundary, as a wild river.

16                 “(B) The approximately 5.8-mile segment  
17                 from the Mt. Skokomish Wilderness boundary  
18                 to Lena Creek, as a scenic river.

19                 “(C) The approximately 6.8-mile segment  
20                 from Lena Creek to the eastern edge of the  
21                 NW<sup>1/4</sup> sec. 21, T. 24 N., R. 3 W., as a rec-  
22                 reational river.

23                 “(219) SOUTH FORK SKOKOMISH RIVER, WASH-  
24                 INGTON.—The segment of the South Fork  
25                 Skokomish River from the headwaters to the Olymp-

1       pic National Forest boundary to be administered by  
2       the Secretary of Agriculture, in the following classes:

3               “(A) The approximately 6.7-mile segment  
4       from the headwaters to Church Creek, as a wild  
5       river.

6               “(B) The approximately 8.3-mile segment  
7       from Church Creek to LeBar Creek, as a scenic  
8       river.

9               “(C) The approximately 4.0-mile segment  
10      from LeBar Creek to upper end of gorge in the  
11      NW<sup>1/4</sup> sec. 22, T. 22 N., R. 5 W., as a rec-  
12      reational river.

13               “(D) The approximately 6.0-mile segment  
14      from the upper end of the gorge to the Olympic  
15      National Forest boundary, as a scenic river.

16               “(220) MIDDLE FORK SATSOP RIVER, WASH-  
17      INGTON.—The approximately 7.9-mile segment of  
18      the Middle Fork Satsop River from the headwaters  
19      to the Olympic National Forest boundary, to be ad-  
20      ministered by the Secretary of Agriculture, as a sce-  
21      nic river.

22               “(221) WEST FORK SATSOP RIVER, WASH-  
23      INGTON.—The approximately 8.2-mile segment of  
24      the West Fork Satsop River from the headwaters to  
25      the Olympic National Forest boundary, to be admin-

1           istered by the Secretary of Agriculture, as a scenic  
2           river.

3           “(222) WYNOCHEE RIVER, WASHINGTON.—  
4           The segment of the Wynoochee River from the head-  
5           waters to the head of Wynoochee Reservoir to be ad-  
6           ministered by the Secretary of Agriculture, except  
7           that portions of the river within the boundaries of  
8           Olympic National Park shall be administered by the  
9           Secretary of the Interior, in the following classes:

10           “(A) The approximately 2.5-mile segment  
11           from the headwaters to the boundary of the  
12           Wonder Mountain Wilderness, as a wild river.

13           “(B) The approximately 7.4-mile segment  
14           from the boundary of the Wonder Mountain  
15           Wilderness to the head of Wynoochee Reservoir,  
16           as a recreational river.

17           “(223) EAST FORK HUMPTULIPS RIVER, WASH-  
18           INGTON.—The segment of the East Fork  
19           Humptulips River from the headwaters to the Olym-  
20           pic National Forest boundary to be administered by  
21           the Secretary of Agriculture, in the following classes:

22           “(A) The approximately 7.4-mile segment  
23           from the headwaters to the Moonlight Dome  
24           Wilderness boundary, as a wild river.

1                 “(B) The approximately 10.3-mile segment  
2                 from the Moonlight Dome Wilderness boundary  
3                 to the Olympic National Forest boundary, as a  
4                 scenic river.

5                 “(224) WEST FORK HUMPTULIPS RIVER, WASH-  
6                 INGTON.—The approximately 21.4-mile segment of  
7                 the West Fork Humptulips River from the head-  
8                 waters to the Olympic National Forest Boundary, to  
9                 be administered by the Secretary of Agriculture, as  
10                 a scenic river.

11                 “(225) QUINAULT RIVER, WASHINGTON.—The  
12                 segment of the Quinault River from the headwaters  
13                 to private land in T. 24 N., R. 8 W., sec. 33, to be  
14                 administered by the Secretary of the Interior, in the  
15                 following classes:

16                 “(A) The approximately 16.5-mile segment  
17                 from the headwaters to Graves Creek, as a wild  
18                 river.

19                 “(B) The approximately 6.7-mile segment  
20                 from Graves Creek to Cannings Creek, as a sce-  
21                 nic river.

22                 “(C) The approximately 1.0-mile segment  
23                 from Cannings Creek to private land in T. 24  
24                 N., R. 8 W., sec. 33, as a recreational river.

1           “(226) QUEETS RIVER, WASHINGTON.—The  
2 segment of the Queets River from the headwaters to  
3 the Olympic National Park boundary to be adminis-  
4 tered by the Secretary of the Interior, except that  
5 portions of the river outside the boundaries of Olym-  
6 pic National Park shall be administered by the Sec-  
7 retary of Agriculture, including the following seg-  
8 ments of the mainstem and certain tributaries in the  
9 following classes:

10           “(A) The approximately 28.6-mile segment  
11 of the Queets River from the headwaters to the  
12 confluence with Sams River, as a wild river.

13           “(B) The approximately 16.0-mile segment  
14 of the Queets River from the confluence with  
15 Sams River to the Olympic National Park  
16 boundary, as a scenic river.

17           “(C) The approximately 15.7-mile segment  
18 of the Sams River from the headwaters to the  
19 confluence with the Queets River, as a scenic  
20 river.

21           “(D) The approximately 17.7-mile segment  
22 of Matheny Creek from the headwaters to the  
23 confluence with the Queets River, as a scenic  
24 river.

1           “(227) HOH RIVER, WASHINGTON.—The seg-  
2       ment of the Hoh River and the major tributary  
3       South Fork Hoh from the headwaters to Olympic  
4       National Park boundary, to be administered by the  
5       Secretary of the Interior, in the following classes:

6           “(A) The approximately 20.7-mile segment  
7       of the Hoh River from the headwaters to Jack-  
8       son Creek, as a wild river.

9           “(B) The approximately 6.0-mile segment  
10      of the Hoh River from Jackson Creek to the  
11      Olympic National Park boundary, as a scenic  
12      river.

13          “(C) The approximately 13.8-mile segment  
14      of the South Fork Hoh River from the head-  
15      waters to the Olympic National Park boundary,  
16      as a wild river.

17          “(D) The approximately 4.6-mile segment  
18      of the South Fork Hoh River from the Olympic  
19      National Park boundary to the Washington  
20      State Department of Natural Resources bound-  
21      ary in T. 27 N., R. 10 W., sec. 29, as a rec-  
22      reational river.

23          “(228) BOGACHIEL RIVER, WASHINGTON.—The  
24      approximately 25.6-mile segment of the Bogachiel  
25      River from the source to the Olympic National Park

1       boundary, to be administered by the Secretary of the  
2       Interior, as a wild river.

3           “(229) SOUTH FORK CALAWAH RIVER, WASH-  
4       INGTON.—The segment of the South Fork Calawah  
5       River and the major tributary Sitkum River from  
6       the headwaters to Hyas Creek to be administered by  
7       the Secretary of Agriculture, except those portions  
8       of the river within the boundaries of Olympic Na-  
9       tional Park shall be administered by the Secretary  
10      of the Interior, including the following segments in  
11      the following classes:

12           “(A) The approximately 15.7-mile segment  
13       of the South Fork Calawah River from the  
14       headwaters to the Sitkum River, as a wild river.

15           “(B) The approximately 0.9-mile segment  
16       of the South Fork Calawah River from the  
17       Sitkum River to Hyas Creek, as a scenic river.

18           “(C) The approximately 1.6-mile segment  
19       of the Sitkum River from the headwaters to the  
20       Rugged Ridge Wilderness boundary, as a wild  
21       river.

22           “(D) The approximately 11.9-mile segment  
23       of the Sitkum River from the Rugged Ridge  
24       Wilderness boundary to the confluence with the  
25       South Fork Calawah, as a scenic river.

1           “(230) SOL DUC RIVER, WASHINGTON.—The  
2       segment of the Sol Duc River from the headwaters  
3       to the Olympic National Park boundary to be ad-  
4       ministered by the Secretary of the Interior, including  
5       the following segments of the mainstem and certain  
6       tributaries in the following classes:

7           “(A) The approximately 7.0-mile segment  
8       of the Sol Duc River from the headwaters to  
9       the end of Sol Duc Hot Springs Road, as a wild  
10      river.

11          “(B) The approximately 10.8-mile segment  
12       of the Sol Duc River from the end of Sol Duc  
13       Hot Springs Road to the Olympic National  
14       Park boundary, as a scenic river.

15          “(C) The approximately 14.2-mile segment  
16       of the North Fork Sol Duc River from the  
17       headwaters to the Olympic Hot Springs Road  
18       bridge, as a wild river.

19          “(D) The approximately 0.2-mile segment  
20       of the North Fork Sol Duc River from the  
21       Olympic Hot Springs Road bridge to the con-  
22       fluence with the Sol Duc River, as a scenic  
23       river.

24          “(E) The approximately 8.0-mile segment  
25       of the South Fork Sol Duc River from the

1 headwaters to the confluence with the Sol Duc  
2 River, as a scenic river.

3 “(231) LYRE RIVER, WASHINGTON.—The ap-  
4 proximately 0.2-mile segment of the Lyre River from  
5 Lake Crescent to the Olympic National Park bound-  
6 ary, to be administered by the Secretary of the Inter-  
7 ior as a scenic river.”.

8 (b) EFFECT.—The amendment made by subsection  
9 (a) does not affect valid existing water rights.

10 **SEC. 5. EXISTING RIGHTS AND WITHDRAWAL.**

11 (a) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with section 12(b)  
12 of the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act (16 U.S.C. 1283(b)),  
13 nothing in this Act or the amendment made by section  
14 4(a) affects or abrogates existing rights, privileges, or con-  
15 tracts held by private parties.

16 (b) WITHDRAWAL.—Subject to valid existing rights,  
17 the Federal land within the boundaries of the river seg-  
18 ments designated by this Act and the amendment made  
19 by section 4(a) is withdrawn from all forms of—

20 (1) entry, appropriation, or disposal under the  
21 public land laws;

22 (2) location, entry, and patent under the mining  
23 laws; and

24 (3) disposition under all laws relating to min-  
25 eral and geothermal leasing or mineral materials.

**1 SEC. 6. TREATY RIGHTS.**

2 Nothing in this Act alters, modifies, diminishes, or  
3 extinguishes the reserved treaty rights of any Indian tribe  
4 with hunting, fishing, gathering, and cultural or religious  
5 rights in the Olympic National Forest as protected by a  
6 treaty.

