

114TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# S. 1174

To deregulate interstate commerce with respect to parimutuel wagering on horseracing, and for other purposes.

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IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 30, 2015

Mr. UDALL introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

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## A BILL

To deregulate interstate commerce with respect to parimutuel wagering on horseracing, and for other purposes.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

**3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Teller All Gone Horse-  
5 racing Deregulation Act of 2015”.

**6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS; BACKGROUND.**

7       (a) IN GENERAL.—Congress makes the following  
8 findings:

9                   (1) Congress enacted the Interstate Horse-  
10 racing Act of 1978 (Public Law 95–515; 15 U.S.C.

1       3001 et seq.) to regulate interstate commerce with  
2       respect to parimutuel wagering on horseracing in  
3       order to further the horseracing industry of the  
4       United States.

5           (2) In 2000, Congress amended such Act to  
6       allow parimutuel wagering by telephone and over the  
7       Internet, a gambling privilege no other sport enjoys.

8           (3) The use of performance-enhancing drugs in  
9       horseracing is widespread in the United States,  
10      where no uniform regulations exist with respect to  
11      the use of, and testing for, performance-enhancing  
12      drugs in interstate horseracing.

13          (4) A 2012 New York Times investigation  
14      found that, on average, every week 24 horses die  
15      racing, a high equine fatality rate likely caused by  
16      the misuse of permitted medication and abuse of ille-  
17      gal drugs.

18          (5) A 2013 horseracing industry study found  
19      that a large majority of parimutuel wagering partici-  
20      pants avoid wagering at certain tracks and when  
21      certain trainers compete because they assume illegal  
22      drug use affects race results.

23          (6) Total parimutuel wagering on Thorough-  
24      bred horseracing in the United States declined 30  
25      percent from 2002 to 2014.

1                         (7) The Interstate Horseracing Act of 1978 has  
2                         not met its original policy goal of furthering the  
3                         United States horseracing industry.

4                         (b) BACKGROUND FOR INCLUDING THE NAME OF A  
5 RACEHORSE IN SHORT TITLE.—The purpose in providing  
6 the short title used in this Act is to honor horses who  
7 died while competing in races with interstate, off-track wa-  
8 gering authorized under the Interstate Horseracing Act of  
9 1978. Teller All Gone was an American Quarter Horse  
10 who last competed as a two-year old on September 3,  
11 2011. A race observer noted that Teller All Gone bid,  
12 dueled, and lugged in before going wrong and falling after  
13 the finish line.

14 **SEC. 3. REPEAL OF INTERSTATE HORSERACING ACT OF  
15                         1978.**

16                         (a) IN GENERAL.—The Interstate Horseracing Act  
17 of 1978 (Public Law 95–515; 15 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is  
18 hereby repealed.

19                         (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 5362(10)  
20 of chapter 53 of title 31, United States Code, is amend-  
21 ed—

22                             (1) in subparagraph (B)(iii)—  
23                                 (A) by striking subclause (I); and

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