114TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 1837

To provide drought assistance and improved water supply reliability to the State of California, other western States, and the Nation.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

July 22, 2015

Mrs. Boxer introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

A BILL

To provide drought assistance and improved water supply reliability to the State of California, other western States, and the Nation.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS; FINDINGS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Drought Recovery and Resilience Act of 2015".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents of
- 7 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents; findings.

TITLE I—EMERGENCY DROUGHT RESPONSE APPROPRIATIONS FROM RECLAMATION FUND

Sec. 101. Appropriations to be derived from Reclamation Fund.

- Sec. 102. Supplemental appropriations for drought relief.
- Sec. 103. Supplemental appropriations for the Environmental Protection Ageneve.
- Sec. 104. Supplemental appropriations for the Water Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act program.

TITLE II—NEW WATER INFRASTRUCTURE PROGRAM AUTHORIZATIONS

- Subtitle A—New Water Recycling and Reclamation Program Through EPA
- Sec. 201. Short title; findings; purposes.
- Sec. 202. National Water Recycling and Reclamation Program.
- Subtitle B—Reclamation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (RIFIA)
- Sec. 210. Short title; purposes; definitions.

CHAPTER 1—INNOVATIVE FINANCING

- Sec. 211. Purposes.
- Sec. 212. Authority to provide assistance.
- Sec. 213. Applications.
- Sec. 214. Eligibility for assistance.
- Sec. 215. Determination of eligibility and project selection.
- Sec. 216. Secured loans.
- Sec. 217. Program administration.
- Sec. 218. State and local permits.
- Sec. 219. Regulations.
- Sec. 220. Funding.
- Sec. 221. Report to Congress.

CHAPTER 2—INTEGRATED REGIONAL WATER MANAGEMENT, RECLAMATION, AND RECYCLING PROJECTS

- Sec. 231. Water storage projects.
- Sec. 232. Authorization of appropriations.

Chapter 3—Reclamation Title Transfer Program

- Sec. 241. Short title; definitions.
- Sec. 242. Authorization of title transfer program.
- Sec. 243. Compliance with environmental and historic preservation laws.
- Sec. 244. Eligibility criteria.
- Sec. 245. Liability.
- Sec. 246. Benefits.
- Sec. 247. Compliance with other laws.
- Sec. 248. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 249. Termination of authority.

Subtitle C—Innovative Stormwater Capture Program

- Sec. 251. Short title.
- Sec. 252. Purposes and findings.
- Sec. 253. Definitions.
- Sec. 254. Centers of Excellence for innovative stormwater control infrastructure.
- Sec. 255. Innovative stormwater control infrastructure project grants.

- Sec. 256. Environmental Protection Agency innovative stormwater control infrastructure promotion.
- Sec. 257. Report to Congress.
- Sec. 258. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE III—IMPROVED INFRASTRUCTURE AND WATER MANAGEMENT

Subtitle A—Restoring America's Watersheds and Increasing Water Yields

- Sec. 301. Short title.
- Sec. 302. Findings.
- Sec. 303. Water Source Protection Program.
- Sec. 304. Watershed Condition Framework.
- Sec. 305. Forest Service Legacy Roads and Trails Remediation Program.
- Sec. 306. Reauthorization of the Collaborative Forest Landscape Restoration Fund.

Subtitle B—Reservoir Operation Improvement

- Sec. 311. Short title.
- Sec. 312. Projects, plans, and reports.

Subtitle C—Reclamation Projects for Renewable Energy To Reduce Evaporation Loss

- Sec. 320. Findings and purpose.
- Sec. 321. Definitions.
- Sec. 322. Evaluation and report.
- Sec. 323. Development of solar and wind energy on covered land.
- Sec. 324. Royalties.
- Sec. 325. Disposition of royalty revenue.

Subtitle D—Improved Reclamation Crop Data

- Sec. 331. Definitions.
- Sec. 332. Determination of planting of water-intense permanent crops.
- Sec. 333. Report related to water-intense permanent crops.

Subtitle E—Improved Oversight of State Injection Wells

Sec. 341. Amendment to the Safe Drinking Water Act.

Subtitle F—Combating Water Theft for Illegal Marijuana Cultivation

- Sec. 351. Policy directive on illegal water diversion for marijuana cultivation.
- Sec. 352. Environmental reporting requirements for Domestic Cannabis Eradication program.
- Sec. 353. Trespass marijuana location registry.
- Sec. 354. Funding for remediation of trespass marijuana sites.
- Sec. 355. Voluntary guidelines.
- Sec. 356. Research program.

Subtitle G—SECURE Water Amendments

- Sec. 361. Authorized activities; eligibility; authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 362. Authorization of appropriations for national water availability and use assessment program.

Subtitle H—Refundable Tax Credit for Water-Harvesting Systems

Sec. 371. Refundable tax credit for water-harvesting systems.

Subtitle I—Funding for Construction for Additional Project Benefits

Sec. 381. Funding for construction for additional project benefits.

Subtitle J—Open Water Data System

Sec. 391. Open water data system.

TITLE IV—PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE

Subtitle A—X-Prize for Desalination Breakthroughs

Sec. 401. Short title.

Sec. 402. Water technology award program.

Subtitle B—Drought Planning Assistance Through NRCS and Reclamation

Sec. 411. Drought Planning Assistance through NRCS and Reclamation.

Subtitle C—Drought Preparedness for Fisheries

Sec. 421. Drought Preparedness for Fisheries.

Subtitle D—National Emergency Planning Response

Sec. 431. National Emergency Planning Response.

Subtitle E—Military Preparedness for Desalination

Sec. 441. Report on desalinization technology.

- 1 (c) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- 2 (1) That, as expressed in the Water Supply Act
- of 1958, Congress has recognized the primary re-
- 4 sponsibilities of the States and local interests in de-
- 5 veloping water supplies for domestic, municipal, in-
- 6 dustrial, and other purposes, and that the Federal
- 7 Government should participate and cooperate in
- 8 these projects.
- 9 (2) That there is a long and robust legal prece-
- dent of Federal deference to State primacy in water
- law and the legal system that States establish for re-

- solving disputes over water use, with the Supreme Court finding in Kansas v. Colorado that "Congress cannot enforce either rule upon any state" in matters of the right regulation of water rights.
 - (3) That, as established in the Proclamation of a State of Emergency issued by the Governor of the State of California on January 17, 2014, California is experiencing record dry conditions, all regions of the State are impacted by the drought, and these extremely dry conditions have persisted since 2012 and are likely to persist beyond this year and more regularly into the future.
 - (4) That the State of California is not alone in the prospects for long-term drought, and that the entire American West and Southwest are facing forecasts of prolonged droughts that will leave States facing major water shortages and catastrophic wildfires.
 - (5) That the prolonged period of drought in the American West has also occurred with higher temperatures throughout the State of California, reducing snowpack and leading to what climate scientists conclude may be the most severe drought in over 1,200 years.

- (6) That the Colorado River has been under drought conditions since 2000, and that the chances of a "megadrought" striking the Southwest and central Great Plains are on the rise according to forecasts from climate scientists.
 - (7) That the United States should utilize all existing authorities and resources made available by the Agricultural Act of 2014, that over \$500 million in assistance has already been dedicated to assisting agricultural users and rural communities in California and other drought-impacted areas, and that the United States Department of Agriculture should continue to prioritize such assistance to bring relief to drought-impacted areas.
 - (8) That this drought emergency requires an immediate and credible response that respects State, local, and tribal law, and that the policies that respond to the drought should not pit State against State, region against region, or stakeholders against one another.
 - (9) That Federal agencies should continue to operate the Bureau of Reclamation's Central Valley Project in California in compliance with all Federal and State laws, including biological opinions, while working with the State to maximize operational

flexibility in order to deliver as much water as reasonably possible to drought-impacted areas and minimize the harm suffered by fish and wildlife as a result of the drought.

(10) That Congress recognizes the range of separate, distinct Federal agencies with authorities and resources that play a role in water supply, including treatment and remediation of groundwater, surface water storage, water recycling and reuse, and other clean water infrastructure, and that to avoid duplication and ensure the efficiency and effectiveness of these various Federal roles, there is a need for improved coordination, streamlining, and collaboration, both among Federal agencies and with drought-impacted States and localities.

(11) That it is the policy of the United States to respect California's coequal goals, established by the Delta Reform Act of 2009, of providing a more reliable water supply for California and protecting, restoring, and enhancing the Delta ecosystem, and that these coequal goals shall be achieved in a manner that protects and enhances the unique cultural, recreational, natural resource, and agricultural values of the Delta as an evolving place.

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(12) That the State of California, in CA Water Code Section 85021, has established a policy to reduce reliance on the Delta in meeting California's future water supply needs through a statewide strategy of investing in improved regional supplies, conservation, and water use efficiency, that California law directs each region that depends on water from the Delta watershed to improve its regional self-reliance for water through investment in water use efficiency, water recycling, advanced water technologies, local and regional water supply projects, and improved regional coordination of local and regional water supply efforts, and that it is the intent of Congress to ensure that Federal programs, policies, and investments respect and compliment, and do not undermine or conflict with, California's policy of reducing reliance on Delta diversions.

(13) That the Reclamation Fund was established in 1902 with the expressed purpose of providing for the construction and maintenance of water infrastructure for the economic development of the western States and territories, with revenues deposited into the fund out of public land sales within these western States and territories.

1 (14) That since 1902, the Reclamation Fund 2 has been supplemented with additional revenues 3 from Federal water resources development and min-4 eral and natural resource leases on Federal lands, 5 such that the surplus within the Reclamation Fund 6 now exceeds \$10 billion.

transfer of a portion of receipts from Federal lands and Federal natural resources in the West back to the West for water development, and that in this time of drought the Reclamation Fund's surplus should be used to assist the West in meeting its water needs for public health and safety, for expanding water recycling, reuse, and reclamation, for meeting the emergency needs of communities impacted by the drought, and for developing long-term solutions to meet the impacts of climate change on this already arid region of the country.

19 TITLE I—EMERGENCY DROUGHT

20 RESPONSE APPROPRIATIONS

21 FROM RECLAMATION FUND

- 22 SEC. 101. APPROPRIATIONS TO BE DERIVED FROM REC-
- 23 LAMATION FUND.
- Amounts made available under this title shall be de-
- 25 rived from the reclamation fund established by section 1

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- 1 of the Act of June 17, 1902 (42 U.S.C. 391; popularly
- 2 known as the "Reclamation Act"), and shall remain avail-
- 3 able until expended.
- 4 SEC. 102. SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR
- 5 **DROUGHT RELIEF.**
- 6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), the fol-
- 7 lowing sums are appropriated, out of any money in the
- 8 Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for fiscal year 2015:
- 9 (1) Water and related resources.—For
- an additional amount for "Department of the Inte-
- 11 rior—Bureau of Reclamation—Water and Related
- Resources", \$300,000,000, of which not less than
- \$100,000,000 shall be for water reclamation and
- reuse projects authorized under title XVI of Public
- 15 Law 102–575; of which not less than \$100,000,000
- shall be for WaterSMART for assistance under the
- 17 Reclamation States Emergency Drought Relief Act
- of 1991 (43 U.S.C. 2201 et seq.); and of which not
- less than \$50,000,000 shall be for water acquisition,
- water conveyance, and facilities construction under
- 21 the Refuge Water Supply Program: *Provided*, That
- funds provided under this heading may be used for
- 23 recycled water projects without regard to whether
- such projects are otherwise authorized under law:
- 25 Provided further, That sufficient funds are spent on

- the completion of CALFED feasibility studies de-scribed in section 103(d)(1)(A) of Public Law 108– 361 (118 Stat. 1684) that have the financing and feasibility to be under construction within 10 years, and that for the purposes of this Act the Federal cost share of such feasibility studies shall be no less than 75 percent and that the cost share waiver for such feasibility studies shall extend to December 31, 2017.
 - (2) Hazardous substance superfund.—For an additional amount for "Environmental Protection Agency—Hazardous Substance Superfund", \$300,000,000 for the cleanup of polluted groundwater supplies.
 - (3) Rural water and waste disposal program additional amount for "Department of Agriculture—Rural Utilities Service—Rural Water and Waste Disposal Program Account", \$5,000,000 for the cost of direct and guaranteed loans and grants for the rural water, wastewater, and waste disposal programs authorized by sections 306 and 310B or described in section 381E(d)(2) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act.

- (4) Drug enforcement administration.— For an additional amount for "Department of Jus-tice—Drug Enforcement Administration", \$3,000,000 for the Domestic Cannabis Eradication and Suppression Program to assist State or local law enforcement agencies in the suppression of can-nabis operations that are conducted on public lands or that intentionally trespass on the property of an-other that also divert, redirect, obstruct, drain, or impound water supply.
 - (5) ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS.—For an additional amount for the Army Corps of Engineers, \$40,000,000 to carry out section 5039 of the Water Resources and Development Act of 2007 (33 U.S.C. 2201 et seq.).
 - (6) Land and Water conservation fund.—
 For an additional amount for "Land and Water Conservation Fund", \$100,000,000 for the implementation of projects under the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 in drought-affected States that reduce fire risk, improve water quality or downstream water quantity, or expand ground water recharge capacity.
 - (7) Low-income migrant and seasonal farmworkers.—For an additional amount for the

- 1 Department of Agriculture, \$25,000,000 for emer-
- 2 gency grants to assist low-income migrant and sea-
- 3 sonal farmworkers under section 2281 of the Food,
- 4 Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990
- 5 (42 U.S.C. 5177a) to address impacts of drought
- 6 upon declaration of a natural disaster under section
- 7 321(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Devel-
- 8 opment Act (7 U.S.C. 1961(a)) or for the same pur-
- 9 poses in counties that are contiguous to a designated
- 10 natural disaster area.
- 11 (b) Drought Prioritization.—Each amount ap-
- 12 propriated under subsection (a) shall be used in States
- 13 impacted by drought, with an emphasis on projects that
- 14 will provide additional water supplies most expeditiously
- 15 to areas at risk of having an inadequate supply of water
- 16 for public health and safety purposes or to improve resil-
- 17 iency to drought, or projects that provide relief to drought-
- 18 affected communities facing unemployment and economic
- 19 dislocation.
- 20 (c) Emergency Designation.—Each amount ap-
- 21 propriated under subsection (a) is designated by the Con-
- 22 gress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to
- 23 section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and
- 24 Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.
- 25 (d) GAO STUDY.—

- (1) In general.—The Comptroller General shall conduct a comprehensive study on Federal investments in clean water and wastewater infrastructure, addressing duplicative and fragmented programs. The report shall include—
 - (A) a description of how Federal agencies, including the Army Corps of Engineers, the Environmental Protection Agency, the Bureau of Reclamation, the Rural Utilities Service, and other relevant agencies, coordinate their efforts to address nationally, regionally, or locally identified needs or priorities in an efficient and effective manner; and
 - (B) an evaluation of the adequacy of Federal coordination in meeting the needs of tribal lands.
 - (2) Report to congress.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit to Congress a report containing the results of the study required under paragraph (1) and any recommendations based on such study.

SEC. 103. SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE EN-

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- The following sums are appropriated, out of any
- 4 money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for fis-
- 5 cal year 2015:

6 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

- 7 STATE AND TRIBAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS
- 8 For an additional amount for "State and Tribal As-
- 9 sistance Grants", \$500,000,000, of which \$400,000,000
- 10 shall be for making capitalization grants for the State
- 11 water pollution control revolving funds under title VI of
- 12 the Federal Water Pollution Control Act; and of which
- 13 \$100,000,000 shall be for making capitalization grants for
- 14 the State drinking water treatment revolving loan funds
- 15 under section 1452 of the Safe Drinking Water Act: Pro-
- 16 vided, That notwithstanding the time period specified in
- 17 section 603(d)(1)(A) of the Federal Water Pollution Con-
- 18 trol Act and section 1452(f)(1)(B)(i) of the Safe Drinking
- 19 Water Act, loans made by such funds shall be authorized
- 20 for 40-year terms: Provided further, That notwithstanding
- 21 the formula or allotments set forth in section 604 of the
- 22 Federal Water Pollution Control Act and section
- 23 1452(a)(1)(D) of the Safe Drinking Water Act, loans
- 24 made by such funds shall be distributed based on an as-
- 25 sessment of the immediate need in States impacted by
- 26 drought, with an emphasis on projects that will provide

- 1 additional water supplies most expeditiously to areas that
- 2 are at risk of having an inadequate supply of water for
- 3 public health and safety purposes or to improve resiliency
- 4 to drought, including projects to increase efficiency and
- 5 conservation by end users: Provided further, That to the
- 6 maximum extent practicable, highest priority to the loans
- 7 made with such funds shall be given to projects that have
- 8 been approved by, and have previously received funding
- 9 from, State and local water agencies: Provided further,
- 10 That such amount is designated by the Congress as being
- 11 for an emergency requirement pursuant to section
- 12 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency
- 13 Deficit Control Act of 1985.
- 14 SEC. 104. SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE
- 15 WATER INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE AND IN-
- 16 NOVATION ACT PROGRAM.
- 17 The following sums are appropriated, out of any
- 18 money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for fis-
- 19 cal year 2015:
- 20 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
- 21 STATE AND TRIBAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS
- For an additional amount for "State and Tribal As-
- 23 sistance Grants", \$20,000,000 to carry out the Water In-
- 24 frastructure Finance and Innovation Act of 2014: Pro-
- 25 vided, That loans made by such funds shall be distributed

- 1 based on an assessment of the immediate need in States
- 2 impacted by drought, with an emphasis on projects that
- 3 will provide additional water supplies most expeditiously
- 4 to areas that are at risk of having an inadequate supply
- 5 of water for public health and safety purposes or to im-
- 6 prove resiliency to drought, including projects to increase
- 7 efficiency and conservation by end users: Provided further,
- 8 That the limitations imposed by sections 5028(a)(5) and
- 9 5029(b)(2)(A) of the Water Resources Reform and Devel-
- 10 opment Act of 2014 shall not apply with respect to a
- 11 project receiving such funds in any State with a drought
- 12 declaration: Provided further, That notwithstanding sec-
- 13 tion 5029(b)(4) of the Water Resources Reform and De-
- 14 velopment Act of 2014, the interest rate for a secured loan
- 15 under this section shall be not more than the yield on
- 16 United States Treasury securities of a similar maturity
- 17 to the maturity of the secured loan on the date of execu-
- 18 tion of the loan agreement: Provided further, That not-
- 19 withstanding section 5028(a)(2)(A) of the Water Re-
- 20 sources Reform and Development Act of 2014, the eligible
- 21 project costs of a project shall be reasonably anticipated
- 22 to be not less than \$10,000,000: Provided further, That
- 23 such amount is designated by the Congress as being for
- 24 an emergency requirement pursuant to section

1	251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency
2	Deficit Control Act of 1985.
3	TITLE II—NEW WATER INFRA-
4	STRUCTURE PROGRAM AU-
5	THORIZATIONS
6	Subtitle A—New Water Recycling
7	and Reclamation Program
8	Through EPA
9	SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE; FINDINGS; PURPOSES.
10	(a) SHORT TITLE.—This subtitle may be cited as the
11	"National Water Recycling and Reclamation Act of
12	2015".
13	(b) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
14	(1) water supply, wastewater, sanitation, and
15	sewage agencies across the Nation are developing
16	and investing in water reuse and recycling projects;
17	(2) almost 900,000 acre-feet of annual water
18	supply are in development through these projects
19	and could be expeditiously constructed with in-
20	creased Federal investment; and
21	(3) in California alone, there are water reuse
22	and recycling projects that could add over 500,000
23	acre-feet of annual water supply.

1	(c) Purposes.—It is the purpose of this subtitle to
2	expand investments in water reuse and recycling projects
3	nationwide.
4	SEC. 202. NATIONAL WATER RECYCLING AND RECLAMA-
5	TION PROGRAM.
6	(a) Establishment.—The Administrator of the En-
7	vironmental Protection Agency shall establish and carry
8	out a National Water Recycling and Reclamation Program
9	to provide grants to eligible entities for water recycling
10	and reclamation projects.
11	(b) Definitions.—In this section, the following defi-
12	nitions apply:
13	(1) Eligible costs.—The term "eligible
14	costs" means amounts substantially all of which are
15	paid by, or for the account of, an eligible entity in
16	connection with a project, including the cost of—
17	(A) development phase activities, including
18	planning, feasibility analysis, revenue fore-
19	casting, environmental review, permitting, pre-
20	liminary engineering and design work, and
21	other preconstruction activities;
22	(B) construction, reconstruction, rehabili-
23	tation, replacement, and acquisition of real
24	property (including land related to the project
25	and improvements to land), environment miti-

1	gation, construction contingencies, and acquisi-
2	tion of equipment;
3	(C) capitalized interest necessary to meet
4	market requirements, reasonably required re-
5	serve funds, capital issuance expenses, and
6	other carrying costs during construction; and
7	(D) reimbursement for costs described in
8	subparagraphs (A) through (C) incurred prior
9	to the date of enactment of this Act.
10	(2) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible enti-
11	ty" means a corporation, partnership, joint venture,
12	trust, public or investor-owned utility, private entity,
13	government entity, agency, or instrumentality, tribal
14	government, or any other reclamation and reuse en-
15	tity, as determined by the Administrator.
16	(3) Program.—The term "program" means
17	the National Water Recycling and Reclamation Pro-
18	gram established under this section.
19	(e) Eligibility.—
20	(1) Project costs.—To be eligible for assist-
21	ance under the program, a water recycling and rec-
22	lamation project shall have total eligible costs that
23	are reasonably anticipated to exceed \$1,000,000.
24	(2) Project sponsor.—To be eligible for as-
25	sistance under the program, a water recycling and

1	reclamation project shall have a project sponsor
2	that—
3	(A) is an eligible entity;
4	(B) submits to the Administrator an appli-
5	cation for the project; and
6	(C) demonstrates a source for non-Federal
7	revenues that is sufficient to satisfy the non-
8	Federal share of the cost of the project.
9	(d) Competitive Grant Selection.—
10	(1) In general.—The Administrator shall—
11	(A) establish criteria for selecting among
12	projects that meet the eligibility criteria speci-
13	fied in subsection (c);
14	(B) conduct a national solicitation for ap-
15	plications; and
16	(C) award grants on a competitive basis.
17	(2) Selection criteria.—The selection cri-
18	teria shall include the following:
19	(A) The extent to which the project ad-
20	dresses near- and long-term water demand and
21	supply, protects the environment, or otherwise
22	enhances the overall water reclamation and
23	reuse system.
24	(B) The extent to which the project en-
25	hances the return on the Federal investment

1	through the production of new, highly renew-
2	able water supplies.
3	(C) The likelihood that financial assistance
4	under the program will enable the project to
5	proceed at an earlier date than the project
6	would otherwise be able to proceed.
7	(D) The extent to which the project uses
8	measures that enhance the efficiency of the
9	project.
10	(3) Deadlines.—The Administrator shall—
11	(A) publish the selection criteria under
12	paragraph (1) in the Federal Register not later
13	than 90 days after the date of enactment of
14	this Act;
15	(B) require that applications seeking finan-
16	cial assistance under the program be submitted
17	not later than 180 days after the date of publi-
18	cation of the selection criteria under subpara-
19	graph (A); and
20	(C) provide notice of approved project ap-
21	plications under the program not later than 1
22	year after the date of enactment of this Act.
23	(e) FEDERAL SHARE.—The Federal share of the cost
24	of a project receiving financial assistance under the pro-
25	gram may not exceed 80 percent.

- 1 (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- 2 (1) In General.—There is authorized to be
- appropriated to carry out this section \$500,000,000
- 4 for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2020. Such
- 5 sums shall remain available until expended.
- 6 (2) Administrative expenses.—From funds
- 7 made available to carry out this section for a fiscal
- 8 year, the Administrator may use not to exceed 2
- 9 percent of the funds for the costs of administering
- this section.
- 11 (g) REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—Not later than October
- 12 1, 2016, and every 2 years thereafter, the Administrator
- 13 shall submit to Congress a report summarizing the finan-
- 14 cial performance of projects that are receiving, or have re-
- 15 ceived, assistance under the program.
- 16 (h) REGULATIONS.—The Administrator may issue
- 17 such regulations as the Administrator determines appro-
- 18 priate to carry out this section.
- 19 (i) Failure To Meet Deadline.—If the Adminis-
- 20 trator does not meet a deadline under subsection (d)(3),
- 21 the Administrator shall transfer all funds made available
- 22 for the program so as to make such funds available for
- 23 the purpose of making capitalization grants for water re-
- 24 cycling and reclamation projects under the State water
- 25 pollution revolving loan fund program under title VI of

1	the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1381
2	et seq.) and the State drinking water treatment revolving
3	loan fund program under section 1452 of the Safe Drink-
4	ing Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j–12).
5	Subtitle B—Reclamation Infra-
6	structure Finance and Innova-
7	tion Act (RIFIA)
8	SEC. 210. SHORT TITLE; PURPOSES; DEFINITIONS.
9	(a) SHORT TITLE.—This subtitle may be cited as the
10	"Reclamation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act"
11	or "RIFIA".
12	(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this subtitle are—
13	(1) to promote increased development of critical
14	water resources infrastructure by establishing addi-
15	tional opportunities for financing water resources
16	projects;
17	(2) to attract new investment capital to infra-
18	structure projects that are capable of generating rev-
19	enue streams through user fees or other dedicated
20	funding sources;
21	(3) to complement existing Federal funding
22	sources and address budgetary constraints on Bu-
23	reau of Reclamation programs; and
24	(4) to leverage private investment in water re-
25	sources infrastructure, with the goal of every \$100

1	million in secured loans being leveraged for \$1 bil-
2	lion in water in water infrastructure financing.
3	(c) Definitions.—In this subtitle:
4	(1) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible enti-
5	ty'' means—
6	(A) a corporation;
7	(B) a partnership;
8	(C) a joint venture;
9	(D) a trust;
10	(E) a State or local governmental entity,
11	agency, or instrumentality; and
12	(F) a conservancy district, irrigation dis-
13	trict, canal company, mutual water company,
14	water users' association, Indian tribe, agency
15	created by interstate compact, or any other en-
16	tity that has the capacity to contract with the
17	United States under Federal reclamation law.
18	(2) Federal Credit Instrument.—The term
19	"Federal credit instrument" means a secured loan,
20	loan guarantee, or other credit enhancement author-
21	ized to be made available under this subtitle with re-
22	spect to a project.
23	(3) Investment-grade rating.—The term
24	"investment-grade rating" means a rating of BBB

1	minus, Baa3, bbb minus, BBB (low), or higher as
2	assigned by a rating agency to project obligations.
3	(4) Lender.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "lender"
5	means any non-Federal qualified institutional
6	buyer (as defined in section 230.144A(a) of
7	title 17, Code of Federal Regulations (or a suc-
8	cessor regulation) (commonly known as "Rule
9	144A(a) of the Securities and Exchange Com-
10	mission" and issued under the Securities Act of
11	1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a et seq.))).
12	(B) Inclusions.—The term "lender" in-
13	cludes—
14	(i) a qualified retirement plan (as de-
15	fined in section 4974 of the Internal Rev-
16	enue Code of 1986) that is a qualified in-
17	stitutional buyer; and
18	(ii) a governmental plan (as defined in
19	section 414 of the Internal Revenue Code
20	of 1986) that is a qualified institutional
21	buyer.
22	(5) Loan guarantee.—The term "loan guar-
23	antee" means any guarantee or other pledge by the
24	Secretary to pay all or part of the principal of, and

1	interest on, a loan or other debt obligation issued by
2	an obligor and funded by a lender.
3	(6) Obligor.—The term "obligor" means an
4	eligible entity that is primarily liable for payment of
5	the principal of, or interest on, a Federal credit in-
6	strument.
7	(7) Project obligation.—
8	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "project obli-
9	gation" means any note, bond, debenture, or
10	other debt obligation issued by an obligor in
11	connection with the financing of a project.
12	(B) Exclusion.—The term "project obli-
13	gation" does not include a Federal credit in-
14	strument.
15	(8) Rating agency.—The term "rating agen-
16	cy" means a credit rating agency registered with the
17	Securities and Exchange Commission as a nationally
18	recognized statistical rating organization (as defined
19	in section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of
20	1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a))).
21	(9) Reclamation state.—The term "Rec-
22	lamation State" means any of the States of—
23	(A) Arizona;
24	(B) California;
25	(C) Colorado;

1	(D) Idaho;
2	(E) Kansas;
3	(F) Montana;
4	(G) Nebraska;
5	(H) Nevada;
6	(I) New Mexico;
7	(J) North Dakota;
8	(K) Oklahoma;
9	(L) Oregon;
10	(M) South Dakota;
11	(N) Texas;
12	(O) Utah;
13	(P) Washington; and
14	(Q) Wyoming.
15	(10) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
16	means the Secretary of the Interior.
17	(11) Secured loan.—The term "secured
18	loan" means a direct loan or other debt obligation
19	issued by an obligor and funded by the Secretary in
20	connection with the financing of a project under
21	chapter 1.
22	(12) Subsidy amount.—The term "subsidy
23	amount" means the amount of budget authority suf-
24	ficient to cover the estimated long-term cost to the
25	Federal Government of a Federal credit instrument,

1	as calculated on a net present value basis, excluding
2	administrative costs and any incidental effects on
3	Governmental receipts or outlays in accordance with
4	the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C.
5	661 et seq.).
6	(13) Substantial completion.—The term
7	"substantial completion", with respect to a project,
8	means the earliest date on which a project is consid-
9	ered to perform the functions for which the project
10	is designed.
11	CHAPTER 1—INNOVATIVE FINANCING
12	SEC. 211. PURPOSES.
13	The purposes of this chapter are—
14	(1) to promote increased development of critical
15	water resources infrastructure by establishing addi-
16	water resources infrastructure by establishing addr
10	tional opportunities for financing water resources
17	
	tional opportunities for financing water resources
17	tional opportunities for financing water resources projects;
17 18	tional opportunities for financing water resources projects; (2) to attract new investment capital to infra-
17 18 19	tional opportunities for financing water resources projects; (2) to attract new investment capital to infrastructure projects that are capable of generating rev-
17 18 19 20	tional opportunities for financing water resources projects; (2) to attract new investment capital to infrastructure projects that are capable of generating revenue streams through user fees or other dedicated

reau of Reclamation programs; and

1	(4) to leverage private investment in water re-
2	sources infrastructure.
3	SEC. 212. AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE ASSISTANCE.
4	(a) In General.—The Secretary may provide finan-
5	cial assistance to an eligible entity under this chapter to
6	carry out projects within—
7	(1) any Reclamation State;
8	(2) any other State in which the Bureau of
9	Reclamation is authorized to provide project assist-
10	ance; and
11	(3) the States of Alaska and Hawaii.
12	(b) Selection.—In selecting projects to receive fi-
13	nancial assistance under subsection (a), the Secretary
14	shall ensure diversity with respect to—
15	(1) project types; and
16	(2) geographical locations.
17	SEC. 213. APPLICATIONS.
18	To be eligible to receive assistance under this chapter,
19	an eligible entity shall submit to the Secretary an applica-
20	tion at such time, in such manner, and containing such
21	information as the Secretary may require.
22	SEC. 214. ELIGIBILITY FOR ASSISTANCE.
23	(a) Eligible Projects.—The following projects
24	may be carried out using assistance made available under
25	this chapter:

1	(1) A project for the reclamation and reuse of
2	municipal, industrial, domestic, and agricultural
3	wastewater, and naturally impaired ground, which
4	the Secretary, acting through the Commissioner of
5	Reclamation, is authorized to undertake.
6	(2) Any water infrastructure project not specifi-
7	cally authorized by law that—
8	(A) the Secretary determines, through the
9	completion of an appraisal investigation and
10	feasibility study, would contribute to a safe,
11	adequate water supply for domestic, agricul-
12	tural, environmental, or municipal and indus-
13	trial use; and
14	(B) is otherwise eligible for assistance
15	under this chapter.
16	(3) A new water infrastructure facility project,
17	including a water conduit, pipeline, canal, pumping,
18	power, and associated facilities.
19	(4) A project for enhanced energy efficiency in
20	the operation of a water system.
21	(5) A project for accelerated repair and replace-
22	ment of an aging water distribution facility.
23	(6) A brackish or sea water desalination

project.

- 1 (7) Acquisition of real property or an interest 2 in real property for water storage, reclaimed or recy-3 cled water, or wastewater, if the acquisition is inte-4 gral to a project described in paragraphs (1) 5 through (6).
- 6 (8) A combination of projects, each of which is 7 eligible under paragraphs (1) through (7), for which 8 an eligible entity submits a single application.
- 9 (b) ACTIVITIES ELIGIBLE FOR ASSISTANCE.—For 10 purposes of this chapter, an eligible activity with respect 11 to an eligible project under subsection (a) includes the cost 12 of—
- 13 (1) development-phase activities, including plan-14 ning, feasibility analysis, revenue forecasting, envi-15 ronmental review, permitting, transaction costs, pre-16 liminary engineering and design work, and other 17 preconstruction activities;
 - (2) construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, and replacement activities;
 - (3) the acquisition of real property (including water rights, land relating to the project, and improvements to land), environmental mitigation, construction contingencies, and acquisition of equipment;

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1	(4) capitalized interest necessary to meet mar-
2	ket requirements, reasonably required reserve funds,
3	capital issuance expenses, and other carrying costs
4	during construction;
5	(5) refinancing interim construction funding,
6	long-term project obligations, or a secured loan, loan
7	guarantee, or other credit enhancement made under
8	this chapter;
9	(6) reimbursement or success payments to any
10	public or private entity that achieves predetermined
11	outcomes on a pay-for-performance or pay-for-suc-
12	cess basis; and
13	(7) grants, loans, or credit enhancement for
14	community development financial institutions, green
15	banks, and other financial intermediaries providing

- banks, and other financial intermediaries providing ongoing finance for projects that meet the purposes of this chapter.
- 18 SEC. 215. DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY AND PROJECT
- 19 SELECTION.

- (a) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.—To be eligible to 20 receive financial assistance under this chapter, a project 21 shall meet the following criteria, as determined by the Sec-22 23 retary:
- 24 (1) Creditworthiness.—

- 1 (A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subpara2 graph (B), the project shall be creditworthy, as
 3 determined by the Secretary, who shall ensure
 4 that any financing for the project has appro5 priate security features, such as a rate cov6 enant, to ensure repayment.
 - (B) PRELIMINARY RATING OPINION LET-TER.—The Secretary shall require each applicant to provide a preliminary rating opinion letter from at least 1 rating agency indicating that the senior obligations of the project (which may be the Federal credit instrument) have the potential to achieve an investment-grade rating.
 - (2) ELIGIBLE PROJECT COSTS.—The eligible project costs of a project and other projects in a watershed shall be reasonably anticipated to be not less than \$10,000,000.
 - (3) Dedicated revenue sources.—The Federal credit instrument for the project shall be repayable from dedicated revenue sources that also secure the project obligations.
 - (4) Public sponsorship of private entities.—In the case of a project carried out by an entity that is not a State or local government or an

1	agency or instrumentality of a State or local govern-
2	ment, the project shall be publicly sponsored.
3	(b) Selection Criteria.—
4	(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall es-
5	tablish criteria for the selection of projects that meet
6	the eligibility requirements of subsection (a), in ac-
7	cordance with paragraph (2).
8	(2) Criteria.—The selection criteria shall in-
9	clude the following:
10	(A) The extent to which the project is na-
11	tionally or regionally significant.
12	(B) The extent to which assistance under
13	this section would foster innovative public-pri-
14	vate partnerships and attract private debt or
15	equity investment.
16	(C) The likelihood that assistance under
17	this section would enable the project to proceed
18	at an earlier date than the project would other-
19	wise be able to proceed.
20	(D) The extent to which the project uses
21	new or innovative approaches.
22	(E) The extent to which projects track evi-
23	dence about the effectiveness of the one or more
24	projects financed and the availability of the evi-

1	dence and project information to the public to
2	facilitate replication.
3	(F) The amount of budget authority re-
4	quired to fund the Federal credit instrument
5	made available under this chapter.
6	(G) The extent to which the project helps
7	maintain or protect the environment.
8	(H) The extent to which the project sup-
9	ports the local economy and provides local jobs.
10	(3) Priority.—The Secretary shall prioritize
11	projects that promote wastewater recycling, agricul-
12	tural or urban water conservation and efficiency
13	stormwater capture, or other innovative projects that
14	reduce reliance on surface and groundwater supplies.
15	(c) RECEIPT OF OTHER FEDERAL FUNDING.—Re-
16	ceipt of a Federal grant or contract or other Federal fund-
17	ing to support an eligible project shall not preclude the
18	project from being eligible for assistance under this chap-
19	ter.
20	(d) Federal Requirements.—Nothing in this sec-
21	tion supersedes the applicability of other requirements of
22	Federal law (including regulations).
23	SEC. 216. SECURED LOANS.
24	(a) AGREEMENTS.—

1	(1) In General.—Subject to paragraphs (2)
2	through (4), the Secretary may enter into agree-
3	ments with one or more obligors to make secured
4	loans, the proceeds of which shall be used—
5	(A) to finance eligible project costs of any
6	project selected under section 215;
7	(B) to refinance interim construction fi-
8	nancing of eligible project costs of any project
9	selected under section 215; or
10	(C) to refinance long-term project obliga-
11	tions or Federal credit instruments, if that refi-
12	nancing provides additional funding capacity for
13	the completion, enhancement, or expansion of
14	any project that—
15	(i) is selected under section 215; or
16	(ii) otherwise meets the requirements
17	of section 215.
18	(2) Limitation on refinancing of interim
19	CONSTRUCTION FINANCING.—A secured loan under
20	paragraph (1) shall not be used to refinance interim
21	construction financing under paragraph (1)(B) later
22	than 1 year after the date of substantial completion
23	of the applicable project.
24	(3) RISK ASSESSMENT.—Before entering into
25	an agreement under this subsection for a secured

- loan, the Secretary, in consultation with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget and each rating agency providing a preliminary rating opinion letter under section 215(a)(1)(B), shall determine an appropriate capital reserve subsidy amount for the secured loan, taking into account each such preliminary rating opinion letter.
 - (4) Investment-grade rating require-Ment.—The execution of a secured loan under this section shall be contingent on receipt by the senior obligations of the project of an investment-grade rating.

(b) TERMS AND LIMITATIONS.—

- (1) In General.—A secured loan provided for a project under this section shall be subject to such terms and conditions, and contain such covenants, representations, warranties, and requirements (including requirements for audits), as the Secretary determines to be appropriate.
- (2) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The amount of a secured loan under this section shall not exceed the lesser of—
- 23 (A) an amount equal to 100 percent of the 24 reasonably anticipated eligible project costs; and

1	(B) if the secured loan does not receive an
2	investment-grade rating, the amount of the sen-
3	ior project obligations of the project.
4	(3) Payment.—A secured loan under this sec-
5	tion—
6	(A) shall be payable, in whole or in part,
7	from State or local taxes, user fees, or other
8	dedicated revenue sources that also secure the
9	senior project obligations of the relevant
10	project;
11	(B) shall include a rate covenant, coverage
12	requirement, or similar security feature sup-
13	porting the project obligations; and
14	(C) may have a lien on revenues described
15	in subparagraph (A), subject to any lien secur-
16	ing project obligations.
17	(4) Interest rate on a
18	secured loan under this section shall be not more
19	than the yield on United States Treasury securities
20	of a similar maturity to the maturity of the secured
21	loan on the date of execution of the loan agreement,
22	as determined by the Secretary.
23	(5) Maturity date.—The final maturity date
24	of a secured loan under this section shall be not

- later than 35 years after the expected date of substantial completion of the relevant project.
 - (6) Nonsubordination.—A secured loan under this section shall not be subordinated to the claims of any holder of project obligations in the event of bankruptcy, insolvency, or liquidation of the obligor of the project.
 - (7) FEES.—The Secretary may establish fees under section 217(b) at a level sufficient to cover all or a portion of the costs to the Federal Government of making a secured loan under this section.
 - (8) Non-federal share.—The proceeds of a secured loan under this section may be used to pay any non-federal share of project costs required if the loan is repayable from non-federal funds.

(c) Repayment.—

- (1) Schedule.—The Secretary shall establish a repayment schedule for each secured loan provided under this section, based on the projected cash flow from project revenues and other repayment sources.
- (2) COMMENCEMENT.—Scheduled loan repayment of principal or interest on a secured loan under this section shall commence not later than 5 years after the date of substantial completion of the project.

1	(3) Deferred payments.—
2	(A) AUTHORIZATION.—If, at any time
3	after the date of substantial completion of a
4	project for which a secured loan is provided
5	under this section, the project is unable to gen-
6	erate sufficient revenues to pay the scheduled
7	loan repayments of principal and interest on the
8	secured loan, the Secretary may allow the obli-
9	gor, subject to subparagraph (C), to add unpaid
10	principal and interest to the outstanding bal-
11	ance of the secured loan.
12	(B) Interest.—Any payment deferred
13	under subparagraph (A) shall—
14	(i) continue to accrue interest in ac-
15	cordance with subsection (b)(4) until fully
16	repaid; and
17	(ii) be scheduled to be amortized over
18	the remaining term of the secured loan.
19	(C) Criteria.—
20	(i) In general.—Any payment defer-
21	ral under subparagraph (A) shall be con-
22	tingent on the project meeting such cri-
23	teria as the Secretary may establish.
24	(ii) Repayment standards.—The
25	criteria established under clause (i) shall

include standards for reasonable assurance
of repayment.

(4) Prepayment.—

- (A) USE OF EXCESS REVENUES.—Any excess revenues that remain after satisfying scheduled debt service requirements on the project obligations and secured loan and all deposit requirements under the terms of any trust agreement, bond resolution, or similar agreement securing project obligations may be applied annually to prepay a secured loan under this section without penalty.
- (B) USE OF PROCEEDS OF REFINANCING.—A secured loan under this section may be prepaid at any time without penalty from the proceeds of refinancing from non-Federal funding sources.

(d) Sale of Secured Loans.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), as soon as practicable after the date of substantial completion of a project and after providing a notice to the obligor, the Secretary may sell to another entity or reoffer into the capital markets a secured loan for a project under this section, if the Secretary

- determines that the sale or reoffering can be made on favorable terms.
- 3 (2) Consent of obligor.—In making a sale
 4 or reoffering under paragraph (1), the Secretary
 5 may not change the original terms and conditions of
 6 the secured loan without the written consent of the
 7 obligor.

(e) Loan Guarantees.—

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- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may provide a loan guarantee to a lender in lieu of making a secured loan under this section, if the Secretary determines that the budgetary cost of the loan guarantee is substantially the same as that of a secured loan.
- (2) TERMS.—The terms of a loan guarantee provided under this subsection shall be consistent with the terms established in this section for a secured loan, except that the rate on the guaranteed loan and any prepayment features shall be negotiated between the obligor and the lender, with the consent of the Secretary.

21 SEC. 217. PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION.

- 22 (a) REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary shall establish a 23 uniform system to service the Federal credit instruments
- 24 made available under this chapter.
- 25 (b) Capital Reserve Fund.—

- (1) In General.—There is hereby established in the Treasury of the United States the Reclamation Loan Finance Capital Reserve Fund, which shall be available for deposit of capital reserve fees provided for under this subsection. Amounts deposited shall be credited as offsetting collections.
 - (2) Capital reserve fees.—To the extent required by appropriations Acts, the Secretary may assess, collect, and spend capital reserve fees at a level that is sufficient to cover—
 - (A) the costs of services of expert firms retained pursuant to subsection (d); and
 - (B) all or a portion of the costs to the Federal Government of servicing the Federal credit instruments provided under this chapter, including all or a portion of the outlays associated with the provision of the Federal credit instruments under this chapter.
 - (3) Determination of fee amounts.—The capital reserve fees shall be established at amounts that will result in the collection, during each fiscal year, of an amount that can be reasonably expected to equal the outlays associated with the provision of the Federal credit instruments under this chapter.
- 25 (c) Servicer.—

- 1 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may appoint 2 a financial entity to assist the Secretary in servicing 3 the Federal credit instruments provided under this 4 chapter.
- 5 (2) Duties.—A servicer appointed under para-6 graph (1) shall act as the agent for the Secretary.
- 7 (3) FEE.—A servicer appointed under para-8 graph (1) shall receive a servicing fee, subject to ap-9 proval by the Secretary.
- 10 (d) Assistance From Experts.—The Secretary
 11 may retain the services, including counsel, of any organi12 zation or entity with expertise in the field of municipal
 13 and project finance to assist in the underwriting and serv14 icing of Federal credit instruments provided under this
 15 chapter.
- 16 (e) Loan Coordination; Interagency Coopera-17 Tion.—The Secretary—
- 18 (1) shall coordinate implementation of loan 19 guarantees under this section with the Administrator 20 to avoid duplication and enhance the effectiveness of 21 implementation of the State revolving funds estab-22 lished under the Federal Water Pollution Control 23 Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.) and the Safe Drinking 24 Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.);

1	(2) shall consult with the Secretary of Agri-
2	culture before promulgating criteria with respect to
3	financial appraisal functions and loan guarantee ad-
4	ministration for activities carried out under this
5	chapter; and
6	(3) may enter into a memorandum of agree-
7	ment providing for Department of Agriculture finan-
8	cial appraisal functions and loan guarantee adminis-
9	tration for activities carried out under this chapter.
10	SEC. 218. STATE AND LOCAL PERMITS.
11	The provision of financial assistance for a project
12	under this chapter shall not—
13	(1) relieve any recipient of the assistance of any
14	obligation to obtain any required State or local per-
15	mit or approval with respect to the project;
16	(2) limit the right of any unit of State or local
17	government to approve or regulate any rate of re-
18	turn on private equity invested in the project; or
19	(3) otherwise supersede any State or local law
20	(including any regulation) applicable to the construc-
21	tion or operation of the project.
22	SEC. 219. REGULATIONS.
23	The Secretary may promulgate such regulations as
24	the Secretary determines to be appropriate to carry out

25 this chapter.

1 SEC. 220, FUNDING.

- 2 (a) In General.—There is authorized to be appro-
- 3 priated to the Secretary to carry out this chapter
- 4 \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2015 through 2019,
- 5 to remain available until expended.
- 6 (b) Administrative Costs.—Of the funds made
- 7 available to carry out this chapter, the Secretary may use
- 8 for the administration of this chapter not more than
- 9 \$2,200,000 for each of fiscal years 2015 through 2019.

10 SEC. 221. REPORT TO CONGRESS.

- 11 Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment
- 12 of this Act, and every 2 years thereafter, the Secretary
- 13 shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Re-
- 14 sources of the Senate and the Committee on Natural Re-
- 15 sources of the House of Representatives a report summa-
- 16 rizing the financial performance and on-the-ground out-
- 17 comes of the projects that are receiving, or have received,
- 18 assistance under this chapter, including an assessment of
- 19 whether the objectives of this chapter are being met.

20 CHAPTER 2—INTEGRATED REGIONAL

21 **WATER MANAGEMENT, RECLAMATION,**

22 AND RECYCLING PROJECTS

23 SEC. 231. WATER STORAGE PROJECTS.

- 24 (a) AGREEMENTS.—The Secretary may enter into a
- 25 cost-shared financial assistance agreement with any non-
- 26 Federal entity in a Reclamation State or the State of Ha-

1	waii to carry out the planning, design, and construction
2	of any permanent water storage and conveyance facility
3	used solely to regulate and maximize the water supply
4	arising from a project that is eligible for assistance under
5	this chapter or any other provision of law, including recy-
6	cled water projects not congressionally authorized—
7	(1) to recycle wastewater or ground water; or
8	(2) to use integrated and coordinated water
9	management on a watershed or regional scale.
10	(b) Financial Assistance.—In providing financial
11	assistance under this section, the Secretary shall give pri-
12	ority to storage and conveyance components that—
13	(1) ensure the efficient and beneficial use of
14	water or reuse of the recycled water;
15	(2) make maximum use of natural systems;
16	(3) consistent with Secretarial Order No. 3297,
17	dated February 22, 2010, support sustainable water
18	management practices and the water sustainability
19	objectives of one or more offices of the Department
20	of the Interior or any other Federal agency;
21	(4)(A) increase the availability of usable water
22	supplies in a watershed or region to benefit people,
23	the economy, and the environment; and
24	(B) include adaptive measures needed to ad-
25	dress climate change and future demands;

1	(5) where practicable—
2	(A) provide flood control or recreation ben-
3	efits; and
4	(B) include the development of incremental
5	hydroelectric power generation;
6	(6) include partnerships that go beyond political
7	and institutional jurisdictions to support the effi-
8	cient use of the limited water resources of the
9	United States and the applicable region;
10	(7) generate environmental benefits, such as
11	benefits to fisheries, wildlife and habitat, and water
12	quality and water-dependent ecological systems, as
13	well as water supply benefits to agricultural and
14	urban water users; and
15	(8) the financing of which leverages private and
16	other non-Federal resources.
17	(c) Federal Share.—The Federal share of the cost
18	of a project carried out under subsection (a) shall be—
19	(1) equal to the lesser of—
20	(A) 50 percent of total cost of the project;
21	and
22	(B) \$15,000,000, adjusted for inflation;
23	and
24	(2) nonreimbursable.

1	(d) Non-Federal Share.—The non-Federal share
2	of the cost of a project carried out under subsection (a)
3	may include in-kind contributions to the planning, design,
4	and construction of a project.
5	(e) Title and Costs.—A non-Federal entity enter-
6	ing into a financial assistance agreement under this sec-
7	tion shall—
8	(1) hold title to all facilities constructed under
9	this section; and
10	(2) be solely responsible for the costs of oper-
11	ating and maintaining those facilities.
12	(f) APPROVAL.—The Secretary may enter into a fi-
13	nancial assistance agreement under this section, if—
14	(1) the Secretary notifies Congress of the pro-
15	posed agreement at least 90 days before the date on
16	which the Secretary enters into the agreement; and
17	(2) Congress does not pass a joint resolution
18	disapproving the agreement before such date.
19	SEC. 232. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
20	There is authorized to be appropriated \$700,000,000

21 to carry out this chapter.

1 CHAPTER 3—RECLAMATION TITLE 2 TRANSFER PROGRAM 3 SEC. 241. SHORT TITLE; DEFINITIONS. 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This chapter may be cited as the 5 "Reclamation Title Transfer Act of 2015". 6 (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this chapter: 7 (1) Conveyed property.—The term "conveyed property" means an eligible facility that has 8 9 been conveyed to a qualifying entity under section 10 242(b)(1). 11 (2) Eligible facility.— (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "eligible fa-12 13 cility" means a reclamation project or facility, 14 or a portion of a reclamation project or facility, 15 for which the United States holds title and that 16 meets the criteria for potential transfer estab-17 lished under section 244(a). 18 (B) INCLUSIONS.—The term "eligible facil-19 ity" includes dams and appurtenant works, in-20 frastructure, recreational facilities, buildings, 21 distribution and drainage works, and associated 22 land or interests in land or water. 23 (3) QUALIFYING ENTITY.—The term "quali-24 fying entity" means a State, unit of local govern-25 ment, Indian tribe, municipal corporation, quasi-mu-

- 1 nicipal corporation, or other entity (such as a water
- 2 district) that, as determined by the Secretary, has
- 3 the capacity to continue to manage the conveyed
- 4 property for the same purposes that the conveyed
- 5 property has been managed for under the reclama-
- 6 tion laws.
- 7 (4) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
- 8 the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the
- 9 Commissioner of the Bureau of Reclamation.
- 10 SEC. 242. AUTHORIZATION OF TITLE TRANSFER PROGRAM.
- 11 (a) Establishment of Title Transfer Pro-
- 12 GRAM.—The Secretary may establish a program that—
- 13 (1) identifies and analyzes the potential for
- public benefits from the transfer out of Federal own-
- ership of eligible facilities, including analyses of the
- 16 financial, operational, and environmental character-
- istics of the eligible facilities proposed for transfer;
- 18 and
- 19 (2) facilitates the transfer to qualifying entities
- of the title to eligible facilities to promote more effi-
- cient management of water and water-related facili-
- ties.
- 23 (b) Authorization To Transfer Title to Eligi-
- 24 BLE FACILITIES.—

- 1 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may convey 2 to a qualifying entity all right, title, and interest of 3 the United States in and to any eligible facility, sub-4 ject to paragraphs (2) through (6), if—
 - (A) the Secretary notifies Congress in writing of the proposed conveyance at least 90 days before the date on which the Secretary makes the conveyance; and
 - (B) Congress does not pass a joint resolution disapproving the conveyance before such date.
 - (2) RIGHT OF FIRST REFUSAL.—If the entity that operates an eligible facility at the time that the Secretary attempts to facilitate the transfer of title under subsection (a)(2) is a qualifying entity, that entity shall have the right of first refusal to receive the conveyance under paragraph (1).
 - (3) RESERVATION OF EASEMENT.—The Secretary may reserve an easement over a conveyed property if the Secretary determines that the easement is necessary for the management of any interests retained by the Federal Government under this chapter.
- 24 (4) Mineral interests.—

1	(A) RETENTION.—The Secretary shall re-
2	tain any mineral interests associated with a
3	conveyed property.
4	(B) Management.—The mineral interests
5	retained under subparagraph (A) shall be man-
6	aged—
7	(i) consistent with Federal law; and
8	(ii) in a manner that would not inter-
9	fere with the purposes for which the rec-
10	lamation project was authorized.
11	(5) Interests in water.—No interests in
12	water shall be conveyed under this chapter unless
13	the conveyance is provided for in writing in an
14	agreement between the Secretary and the qualifying
15	entity.
16	(6) Additional Criteria.—Title transfers
17	under this section shall be carried out consistent
18	with—
19	(A) this chapter; and
20	(B) any additional criteria or procedures
21	that the Secretary determines to be in the pub-
22	lie interest.
23	(c) RESTRICTIONS ON USE.—As a condition of ob-
24	taining title to an eligible facility, the qualifying entity
25	shall agree to use the eligible facility for substantially the

- 1 same purposes the eligible facility is being used for during
- 2 the period in which the eligible facility was under reclama-
- 3 tion ownership.
- 4 SEC. 243. COMPLIANCE WITH ENVIRONMENTAL AND HIS-
- 5 TORIC PRESERVATION LAWS.
- 6 (a) In General.—Before conveying eligible facilities
- 7 under this chapter, the Secretary shall complete all actions
- 8 required under all applicable laws, including—
- 9 (1) the National Environmental Policy Act of
- 10 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.);
- 11 (2) the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16
- 12 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.); and
- 13 (3) the National Historic Preservation Act (16
- 14 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).
- 15 (b) Limitation on Conveyances.—The Secretary
- 16 may not convey an eligible facility under this chapter if
- 17 the Secretary determines, as part of a review conducted
- 18 under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 and
- 19 with public input, that making the conveyance will lessen
- 20 any of the protections afforded under the laws referred
- 21 to in subsection (a) or is inconsistent with other applicable
- 22 requirements to preserve and protect environmental, cul-
- 23 tural, and historic assets.

1 SEC. 244. ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA.

2	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish
3	criteria for determining whether facilities are eligible for
4	conveyance under this chapter.
5	(b) Minimum Requirements.—
6	(1) AGREEMENT OF QUALIFYING ENTITY.—The
7	criteria established under subsection (a) shall in-
8	clude a requirement that a qualifying entity agree—
9	(A) to accept title to the eligible facility;
10	(B) to accept all liability for the eligible fa-
11	cility, except as otherwise provided in section
12	245;
13	(C) to use the eligible facility for substan-
14	tially the same purposes the eligible facility is
15	being used for at the time the Secretary evalu-
16	ates the potential transfer; and
17	(D) to provide, as consideration for the as-
18	sets to be conveyed, compensation to the United
19	States in an amount that is the equivalent of
20	the net present value of any repayment obliga-
21	tion to the United States or other income
22	stream the United States derives from the eligi-
23	ble facility to be transferred as of the date of
24	the transfer, including any costs previously
25	deemed beyond the irrigator's ability to pay and

1	reassigned to project power customers for re-
2	payment.
3	(2) Determinations of secretary.—
4	(A) In general.—The criteria established
5	under subsection (a) shall include a require-
6	ment that the Secretary, in consultation with
7	the Governor of any State in which the project
8	is located, determine that the proposed trans-
9	fer—
10	(i) would not have an unmitigated sig-
11	nificant effect on the environment;
12	(ii) is uncomplicated, based on, as de-
13	termined by the Secretary—
14	(I) there being no significant op-
15	position to the proposed transfer;
16	(II) the eligible facility not being
17	hydrologically, operationally, or finan-
18	cially integrated with other Federal or
19	non-Federal water projects;
20	(III) the eligible facility not gen-
21	erating electric power sold to, or eligi-
22	ble to be sold to, power customers
23	(other than the project itself); and
24	(IV) the parties to the transfer
25	being able to reach agreement on

1	legal, institutional, and financial ar-
2	rangements relating to the convey-
3	ance;
4	(iii) is consistent with the responsi-
5	bility of the Secretary—
6	(I) to protect land and water re-
7	sources held in trust for federally rec-
8	ognized Indian tribes; and
9	(II) to ensure compliance with
10	any applicable international treaties
11	and interstate compacts; and
12	(iv) is in the financial interest of the
13	United States.
14	(B) Publication.—The Secretary shall
15	make publically available information on how
16	the Secretary made the determinations under
17	subparagraph (A).
18	(3) Status of Reclamation Land.—The cri-
19	teria established under subsection (a) shall require
20	that any land to be conveyed out of Federal owner-
21	ship under this Act is—
22	(A) land acquired by the Secretary; or
23	(B) land withdrawn by the Secretary, only
24	if—

1	(i) the Secretary determines in writing
2	that the withdrawn land is encumbered by
3	reclamation project facilities to the extent
4	that the withdrawn land is unsuitable for
5	return to the public domain; and
6	(ii) the qualifying entity agrees to pay
7	fair market value for the withdrawn land
8	to be conveyed.
9	SEC. 245. LIABILITY.
10	(a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
11	(b), effective beginning on the date of conveyance of any
12	eligible facility under this chapter, the United States shall
13	not be liable under any law for damages of any kind aris-
14	ing out of any act, omission, or occurrence based on the
15	prior ownership or operation of the conveyed property.
16	(b) Limitation.—Notwithstanding subsection (a),
17	the United States shall retain the responsibilities and au-
18	thorities of the United States for a conveyed property
19	based on the prior ownership or operation of the conveyed

20 property by the United States under Federal environ-

21 mental laws, including the Comprehensive Environmental

22 Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42

23 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.).

1 SEC. 246. BENEFITS.

2	After a conveyance of an eligible facility under this
3	chapter—
4	(1) the conveyed property shall no longer be
5	considered to be a part of a reclamation project; and
6	(2) the entity to which the conveyed property is
7	conveyed shall not be eligible to receive any benefits
8	with respect to the conveyed property (including
9	project power), except for benefits that would be
10	available to a similarly situated entity with respect
11	to property that is not part of a reclamation project.
12	SEC. 247. COMPLIANCE WITH OTHER LAWS.
13	(a) In General.—After a conveyance of title under
14	this chapter, the qualifying entity to which the property
15	is conveyed shall comply with all applicable Federal, State,
16	and local laws (including regulations) in the operation of
17	the conveyed property.
18	(b) Effect.—
19	(1) In general.—Nothing in this chapter shall
20	affect or interfere with—
21	(A) the laws of any State relating to the
22	control, appropriation, use, or distribution of
23	water used in irrigation or for any other pur-
24	pose;
25	(B) any vested right acquired under State
26	law; or

1	(C) any interstate compact, decree, or ne-
2	gotiated water rights agreement.
3	(2) Conformity with state law.—In car-
4	rying out this chapter, the Secretary shall proceed in
5	conformity with the State laws and rights acquired
6	under State law described in paragraph (1).
7	SEC. 248. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
8	(a) In General.—There are authorized to be appro-
9	priated to carry out this chapter such sums as are nec-
10	essary.
11	(b) Use of Amounts.—Amounts made available
12	under subsection (a) may be used—
13	(1) to carry out the investigations to carry out
14	this chapter; and
15	(2) to pay any other costs associated with con-
16	veyances under this chapter, including an appro-
17	priate Federal share of the costs of compliance with
18	the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42
19	U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) and other applicable law.
20	(c) Not Treated as Project Costs.—Expendi-
21	tures made by the Secretary under this chapter—
22	(1) shall not be a project cost assignable to a
23	reclamation project; and
24	(2) shall be nonreimbursable.

SEC. 249. TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY. 2 The authority of the Secretary to carry out convey-3 ances under this chapter shall terminate 15 years after 4 the date of enactment of this Act. **Subtitle C—Innovative Stormwater** 5 Capture Program 6 7 SEC. 251, SHORT TITLE. This subtitle may be cited as the "Innovative 8 Stormwater Infrastructure Act of 2015". 9 10 SEC. 252. PURPOSES AND FINDINGS. 11 Congress finds that— 12 (1) many water resources in the United States 13 are declining, particularly in urban and agricultural 14 areas; 15 (2) the decline of water resources is the result 16 of— 17 (A) an increase in population, water con-18 sumption, and impermeable surfaces; and 19 (B) the negative effects of urbanization, 20 commercial and industrial activities, and in-21 creasing and persistent droughts; 22 (3) an October 2008 study by the National Re-23 search Council found that some of the benefits of in-24 novative stormwater control infrastructure include—

(A) increased water supplies;

(B) the creation of jobs;

25

1	(C) cost savings; and
2	(D) a reduction of stormwater runoff, sur-
3	face water discharge, stormwater pollution, and
4	stormwater flows to protect and restore natural
5	hydrology, meeting local conditions to the max-
6	imum extent feasible; and
7	(4) capturing stormwater runoff in urban and
8	suburban areas of the State of California can in-
9	crease water supplies by over 600,000 acre-feet an-
10	nually, and similar benefits are achievable in the
11	urban and suburban areas of other States.
12	SEC. 253. DEFINITIONS.
13	In this subtitle:
14	(1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
15	trator" means the Administrator of the Environ-
16	mental Protection Agency.
17	(2) CENTER.—The term "center" means a cen-
18	ter of excellence for innovative stormwater control
19	infrastructure established under section 4(a).
20	(3) Eligible enti-The term "eligible enti-
21	ty" means—
22	(A) a State, tribal, or local government; or
23	(B) a local, regional, or other entity that
24	manages stormwater, drinking water resources,
25	or wastewater resources.

1	(4) Eligible institution.—
2	(A) In general.—The term "eligible in-
3	stitution" means an institution of higher edu-
4	cation (as defined in section 101 of the Higher
5	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001)), or a
6	research institution, that has demonstrated ex-
7	cellence in innovative stormwater control infra-
8	structure by—
9	(i) conducting research on innovative
10	stormwater control infrastructure to deter-
11	mine the means by which innovative infra-
12	structure reduces stormwater runoff, en-
13	hances and protects drinking water
14	sources, and improves water quality;
15	(ii) developing and disseminating in-
16	formation regarding the means by which
17	an organization can use innovative
18	stormwater control infrastructure;
19	(iii) providing technical assistance to
20	an organization for an innovative
21	stormwater control infrastructure project;
22	(iv) developing best practices stand-
23	ards for innovative stormwater control in-
24	frastructure;

1	(v) providing job training relating to
2	innovative stormwater control infrastruc-
3	ture;
4	(vi) developing course curricula for—
5	(I) elementary schools (as defined
6	in section 9101 of the Elementary and
7	Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20
8	U.S.C. 7801));
9	(II) secondary schools (as defined
10	in that section);
11	(III) institutions of higher edu-
12	cation (as defined in section 101 of
13	the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20
14	U.S.C. 1001)); or
15	(IV) vocational schools;
16	(vii) training students regarding inno-
17	vative stormwater control infrastructure; or
18	(viii) providing information to the
19	Federal Government or State, tribal, and
20	local governments regarding the implemen-
21	tation of innovative stormwater control in-
22	frastructure.
23	(B) Associated Definition.—For pur-
24	poses of subparagraph (A), the term "research
25	institution" means an entity that is—

1	(i) described in section $501(c)(3)$ of
2	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;
3	(ii) exempt from tax under section
4	501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of
5	1986; and
6	(iii) organized and operated for re-
7	search purposes.
8	(5) Indian tribe.—The term "Indian tribe"
9	has the meaning given the term in section 518(h) of
10	the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C.
11	1377(h)).
12	(6) State.—The term "State" means—
13	(A) each of the several States of the
14	United States;
15	(B) the District of Columbia;
16	(C) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;
17	(D) Guam;
18	(E) American Samoa;
19	(F) the Commonwealth of the Northern
20	Mariana Islands;
21	(G) the Federated States of Micronesia;
22	(H) the Republic of the Marshall Islands;
23	(I) the Republic of Palau; and
24	(J) the United States Virgin Islands.

1	(7) Innovative stormwater control infra-
2	STRUCTURE.—
3	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "innovative
4	stormwater control infrastructure" means any
5	green infrastructure stormwater management
6	technique that—
7	(i) uses natural systems or engineered
8	systems that mimic natural processes to
9	infiltrate, evapotranspire, or capture
10	stormwater; and
11	(ii) preserves, enhances, or mimics
12	natural hydrology to protect or restore
13	water quality.
14	(B) Inclusions.—The term "innovative
15	stormwater control infrastructure" includes—
16	(i) methods that promote absorption,
17	uptake, percolation, evapotranspiration,
18	and filtration by soil and plant life; and
19	(ii) the preservation or restoration
20	of—
21	(I) natural topography, including
22	hills, plains, ravines, and shorelines;
23	(II) interconnected networks of
24	natural land that protect essential ec-

1	ological functions critical for water
2	quality;
3	(III) ecological function, includ-
4	ing forests, grasslands, and deserts;
5	(IV) bodies of water, including
6	lakes, flood plains, headwaters, and
7	wetlands; and
8	(V) native soil characteristics of
9	composition, structure, and
10	transmissivity.
11	SEC. 254. CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE FOR INNOVATIVE
12	STORMWATER CONTROL INFRASTRUCTURE.
13	(a) Establishment of Centers.—
14	(1) In general.—The Administrator shall pro-
15	vide grants, on a competitive basis, to eligible insti-
16	tutions to establish and maintain not less than 3,
17	and not more than 5, centers of excellence for inno-
18	vative stormwater control infrastructure, to be lo-
19	cated in various regions throughout the United
20	States.
21	(2) GENERAL OPERATION.—Each center
22	shall—
23	(A) conduct research on innovative
24	stormwater control infrastructure that is rel-
25	evant to the geographical region in which the

center is located, including stormwater and sewer overflow reduction, other approaches to water resource enhancement, and other environmental, economic, and social benefits;

- (B) develop manuals and establish industry standards on best management practices relating to State, tribal, local, and commercial innovative stormwater control infrastructure for use by State, tribal, and local governments and the private sector;
- (C) develop and administer testing and evaluation protocols to measure and verify the performance of stormwater infrastructure products and practices;
- (D) provide information regarding research conducted under subparagraph (A), manuals developed under subparagraph (B), and testing and evaluation performed under subparagraph (C) to the national electronic clearinghouse center for publication on the Internet website established under subsection (c) to provide to the Federal Government and State, tribal, and local governments and the private sector information regarding innovative stormwater control infrastructure;

1	(E) provide technical assistance to State,
2	tribal, and local governments to assist with the
3	construction, operation, and maintenance of in-
4	novative stormwater control infrastructure
5	projects;
6	(F) collaborate with institutions of higher
7	education and private and public organizations
8	in the geographical region in which the center
9	is located on innovative stormwater control in-
10	frastructure research and technical assistance
11	projects;
12	(G) assist institutions of higher education,
13	secondary schools, and vocational schools to de-
14	velop innovative stormwater control infrastruc-
15	ture curricula;
16	(H) provide training regarding innovative
17	stormwater control infrastructure to institutions
18	of higher education and professional schools;
19	(I) evaluate regulatory and policy issues
20	relating to innovative stormwater control infra-
21	structure; and
22	(J) coordinate with the other centers to
23	avoid duplication of efforts.
24	(b) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive a grant
25	under this section, an eligible institution shall prepare and

1	submit to the Administrator an application at such a time,
2	in such form, and containing such information as the Ad-
3	ministrator may require.
4	(c) National Electronic Clearinghouse Cen-
5	TER.—Of the centers established under subsection (a)(1),
6	one shall—
7	(1) be designated as the "national electronic
8	clearinghouse center"; and
9	(2) in addition to the other functions of that
10	center—
11	(A) develop, operate, and maintain an
12	Internet website and a public database that
13	contains information relating to innovative
14	stormwater control infrastructure; and
15	(B) post to the website information from
16	all centers.
17	SEC. 255. INNOVATIVE STORMWATER CONTROL INFRA-
18	STRUCTURE PROJECT GRANTS.
19	(a) Grant Authority.—The Administrator shall
20	provide grants, on a competitive basis, to eligible entities
21	to carry out innovative stormwater control infrastructure
22	projects in accordance with this section.
23	(b) Innovative Stormwater Control Infra-

24 STRUCTURE PROJECTS.—

1	(1) Planning and development grants.—
2	The Administrator may make planning and develop-
3	ment grants under this section for the following
4	projects:
5	(A) Planning and designing innovative
6	stormwater control infrastructure projects, in-
7	cluding engineering surveys, landscape plans,
8	maps, and implementation plans.
9	(B) Identifying and developing standards
10	and revisions to local zoning, building, or other
11	local codes necessary to accommodate innova-
12	tive stormwater control infrastructure projects.
13	(C) Identifying and developing fee struc-
14	tures to provide financial support for design, in-
15	stallation, and operations and maintenance of
16	innovative stormwater control infrastructure.
17	(D) Developing training and educational
18	materials regarding innovative stormwater con-
19	trol infrastructure for distribution to—
20	(i) individuals and entities with appli-
21	cable technical knowledge; and
22	(ii) the public.
23	(E) Developing an innovative stormwater
24	control infrastructure portfolio standard pro-
25	gram described in section 6(e).

1	(2) Implementation grants.—The Adminis-
2	trator may make implementation grants under this
3	section for the following projects:
4	(A) Installing innovative stormwater con-
5	trol infrastructure.
6	(B) Protecting or restoring interconnected
7	networks of natural areas that protect water
8	quality.
9	(C) Monitoring and evaluating the environ-
10	mental, economic, or social benefits of innova-
11	tive stormwater control infrastructure.
12	(D) Implementing a best practices stand-
13	ard for an innovative stormwater control infra-
14	structure program.
15	(E) Implementing an innovative
16	stormwater control infrastructure portfolio
17	standard program described in section 6(e).
18	(c) Application.—Except as otherwise provided in
19	this Act, to be eligible to receive a grant under this section,
20	an eligible entity shall prepare and submit to the Adminis-
21	trator an application at such time, in such form, and con-
22	taining such information as the Administrator may re-
23	quire, including, as applicable—
24	(1) a description of the innovative stormwater
25	control infrastructure project;

1	(2) a plan for monitoring the impacts of the in-
2	novative stormwater control infrastructure project
3	on the water quality and quantity;
4	(3) an evaluation of other environmental, eco-
5	nomic, and social benefits of the innovative
6	stormwater control infrastructure project; and
7	(4) a plan for the long-term operation and
8	maintenance of the innovative stormwater control in-
9	frastructure project.
10	(d) Additional Requirement for Innovative
11	STORMWATER CONTROL INFRASTRUCTURE PORTFOLIO
12	STANDARD PROJECT.—In addition to an application
13	under subsection (c), a State or Indian tribe applying for
14	a grant for an innovative stormwater control infrastruc-
15	ture portfolio standard program described in section 6(e)
16	shall prepare and submit to the Administrator a schedule
17	of increasing minimum percentages of the annual water
18	to be managed using innovative stormwater control infra-
19	structure under the program.
20	(e) Priority.—In making grants under this section,
21	the Administrator shall give priority to applications sub-
22	mitted on behalf of—
23	(1) a community that—

1	(A) has combined storm and sanitary sew-
2	ers in the collection system of the community
3	or
4	(B) is a low-income or disadvantaged com-
5	munity, as determined by the Administrator; or
6	(2) an eligible entity that will use not less than
7	10 percent of the grant to provide service to a low-
8	income or disadvantaged community, as determined
9	by the Administrator.
10	(f) Maximum Amounts.—
11	(1) Planning and development grants.—
12	(A) SINGLE GRANT.—The amount of a sin-
13	gle planning and development grant provided
14	under this section shall be not more than
15	\$200,000.
16	(B) AGGREGATE AMOUNT.—The total
17	amount of all planning and development grants
18	provided under this section for a fiscal year
19	shall be not more than ½ of the total amount
20	made available to carry out this section.
21	(2) Implementation grants.—
22	(A) SINGLE GRANT.—The amount of a sin-
23	gle implementation grant provided under this
24	section shall be not more than \$3,000,000.

1 (B) AGGREGATE AMOUNT.—The total
2 amount of all implementation grants provided
3 under this section for a fiscal year shall be not
4 more than ½3 of the total amount made avail5 able to carry out this section.

(g) Federal Share.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (3), the Federal share of a grant provided under this section shall not exceed 65 percent of the total project cost.
- (2) CREDIT FOR IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS.—
 The Administrator shall credit toward the non-Federal share of the cost of an implementation project carried out under this section the cost of planning, design, and construction work completed for the project using funds other than funds provided under this Act.
- (3) EXCEPTION.—The Administrator may waive the Federal share limitation under paragraph (1) for an eligible entity that has adequately demonstrated financial need.

1	SEC. 256. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY INNOVA
2	TIVE STORMWATER CONTROL INFRASTRUC
3	TURE PROMOTION.
4	(a) In General.—The Administrator shall ensure
5	that the Office of Water, the Office of Enforcement and
6	Compliance, the Office of Research and Development, and
7	the Office of Policy of the Environmental Protection Agen-
8	cy promote the use of innovative stormwater control infra-
9	structure in and coordinate the integration of innovative
10	stormwater control infrastructure into permitting pro-
11	grams, planning efforts, research, technical assistance,
12	and funding guidance.
13	(b) Duties.—The Administrator shall ensure that
14	the Office of Water—
15	(1) promotes the use of innovative stormwater
16	control infrastructure in the programs of the Envi-
17	ronmental Protection Agency;
18	(2) supports establishing public-private partner-
19	ships and other innovative financing mechanisms in
20	the implementation of innovative stormwater control
21	infrastructure; and
22	(3) coordinates efforts to increase the use of in-
23	novative stormwater control infrastructure with—
24	(A) other Federal departments and agen-
2.5	cies:

1	(B) State, tribal, and local governments;
2	and
3	(C) the private sector.
4	(c) REGIONAL INNOVATIVE STORMWATER CONTROL
5	Infrastructure Promotion.—The Administrator shall
6	direct each regional office of the Environmental Protection
7	Agency, as appropriate based on local factors, to promote
8	and integrate the use of innovative stormwater control in-
9	frastructure within the region that includes—
10	(1) a plan for monitoring, financing, mapping,
11	and designing the innovative stormwater control in-
12	frastructure;
13	(2) outreach and training regarding innovative
14	stormwater control infrastructure implementation
15	for State, tribal, and local governments, tribal com-
16	munities, and the private sector; and
17	(3) the incorporation of innovative stormwater
18	control infrastructure into permitting and other reg-
19	ulatory programs, codes, and ordinance development,
20	including the requirements under consent decrees
21	and settlement agreements in enforcement actions.
22	(d) Innovative Stormwater Control Infra-
23	STRUCTURE INFORMATION-SHARING.—The Administrator
24	shall promote innovative stormwater control infrastructure
25	information-sharing including through an Internet

- 1 website, to share information with, and provide technical
- 2 assistance to, State, tribal, and local governments, tribal
- 3 communities, the private sector, and the public regarding
- 4 innovative stormwater control infrastructure approaches
- 5 for—
- 6 (1) reducing water pollution;
- 7 (2) protecting water resources;
- 8 (3) complying with regulatory requirements;
- 9 and
- 10 (4) achieving other environmental, public
- 11 health, and community goals.
- 12 (e) Innovative Stormwater Control Infra-
- 13 STRUCTURE PORTFOLIO STANDARD.—The Administrator,
- 14 in collaboration with State, tribal, and local water resource
- 15 managers, shall establish voluntary measurable goals, to
- 16 be known as the "innovative stormwater control infra-
- 17 structure portfolio standard", to increase the percentage
- 18 of annual water managed by eligible entities that use inno-
- 19 vative stormwater control infrastructure.
- 20 SEC. 257. REPORT TO CONGRESS.
- Not later than September 30, 2017, the Adminis-
- 22 trator shall submit to Congress a report that includes,
- 23 with respect to the period covered by the report—
- 24 (1) a description of all grants provided under
- 25 this Act;

1	(2) a detailed description of—
2	(A) the projects supported by those grants:
3	and
4	(B) the outcomes of those projects;
5	(3) a description of the improvements in tech-
6	nology, environmental benefits, resources conserved
7	efficiencies, and other benefits of the projects funded
8	under this Act;
9	(4) recommendations for improvements to pro-
10	mote and support innovative stormwater control in-
11	frastructure for the centers, grants, and activities
12	under this Act; and
13	(5) a description of existing challenges con-
14	cerning the use of innovative stormwater control in-
15	frastructure.
16	SEC. 258. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
17	There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
18	this Act such sums as are necessary for each of fiscal
19	years 2016 through 2021.

1	TITLE III—IMPROVED INFRA
2	STRUCTURE AND WATER
3	MANAGEMENT
4	Subtitle A—Restoring America's
5	Watersheds and Increasing
6	Water Yields
7	SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE.
8	This subtitle may be cited as the "Restoring Amer
9	ica's Watersheds Act of 2015".
10	SEC. 302. FINDINGS.
11	Congress makes the following findings:
12	(1) Watershed health and effective headwaters
13	management can have multiple benefits for water
14	supply reliability, water quality, and ecosystems.
15	(2) Investments to restore meadows, forests
16	and watersheds will improve their critical
17	hydrological functions and reduce wildfire impacts.
18	(3) Proper ecosystem restoration could increase
19	groundwater storage by 50,000 to 500,000 acre-fee
20	per year just within the National Forest System
21	lands in the Sierra bioregion of the State of Cali
22	fornia.
23	(4) Improved headwaters management would
24	have a similarly significant impact on groundwater

- 1 storage within National Forest System lands across
- the western States.
- 3 (5) Source watersheds are recognized and de-
- 4 fined as an integral part of federally funded water
- 5 systems.
- 6 SEC. 303. WATER SOURCE PROTECTION PROGRAM.
- 7 Subtitle A of title III of the Omnibus Public Land
- 8 Management Act of 2009 (Public Law 111–11; 123 Stat.
- 9 1126) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 10 "SEC. 3002. WATER SOURCE PROTECTION PROGRAM.
- 11 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Agriculture,
- 12 acting through the Chief of the Forest Service (referred
- 13 to in this section as the 'Secretary'), shall establish and
- 14 maintain a Water Source Protection Program (referred to
- 15 in this section as the 'Program') within the National For-
- 16 est System west of the 100th Meridian.
- 17 "(b) Water Source Investment Partner-
- 18 SHIPS.—
- 19 "(1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the Pro-
- gram, the Secretary may enter into water source in-
- vestment partnerships with end water users (includ-
- 22 ing States, political subdivisions, Indian tribes, utili-
- 23 ties, municipal water systems, irrigation districts,
- 24 nonprofit organizations, and corporations) to protect
- and restore the condition of National Forest water-

1	sheds that provide water to the non-Federal part-
2	ners.
3	"(2) FORM.—A partnership described in para-
4	graph (1) may take the form of memoranda of un-
5	derstanding, cost-share or collection agreements
6	long-term match funding commitments, or other ap-
7	propriate instruments.
8	"(c) Water Source Management Plan.—
9	"(1) In general.—In carrying out the Pro-
10	gram, the Secretary may produce a water source
11	management plan in cooperation with the water
12	source investment partnership participants and
13	State, local, and tribal governments.
14	"(2) FIREWOOD.—A water source management
15	plan may give priority to projects that facilitate the
16	gathering of firewood for personal use pursuant to
17	section 223.5 of title 36, Code of Federal Regula-
18	tions (or successor regulations).
19	"(3) Environmental analysis.—The Sec-
20	retary may conduct—
21	"(A) a single environmental impact state-
22	ment or similar analysis required under the Na-
23	tional Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42

U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) for all or part of the res-

1	toration projects in the water source manage-
2	ment plan; and
3	"(B) a statement or analysis described in
4	subparagraph (A) as part of the development of
5	the water source management plan or after the
6	finalization of the plan.
7	"(4) Endangered species act.—In carrying
8	out the Program, the Secretary may use the Manual
9	on Adaptive Management of the Department of the
10	Interior, including any associated guidance, for pur-
11	poses of fulfilling any requirements under the En-
12	dangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et
13	seq.).
14	"(5) Funds and services.—
15	"(A) In General.—In carrying out the
16	Program, the Secretary may accept and use
17	funding, services, and other forms of investment
18	and assistance from water source investment
19	partnership participants to implement the water
20	source management plan.
21	"(B) Manner of USE.—The Secretary
22	may accept and use investments described in
23	subparagraph (A) directly or indirectly through
24	the National Forest Foundation

1	"(C) Water source protection
2	FUND.—
3	"(i) In general.—Subject to the
4	availability of appropriations, the Secretary
5	may establish a Water Source Protection
6	Fund to match funds or in-kind support
7	contributed by water source investment
8	partnership participants under subpara-
9	graph (A).
10	"(ii) USE OF APPROPRIATED
11	FUNDS.—The Secretary may use funds ap-
12	propriated to carry out this subparagraph
13	to make multiyear commitments, if nec-
14	essary, to implement one or more water
15	source investment partnership agree-
16	ments.".
17	SEC. 304. WATERSHED CONDITION FRAMEWORK.
18	Subtitle A of title III of the Omnibus Public Land
19	Management Act of 2009 (Public Law 111–11; 123 Stat.
20	1126) is amended by inserting after section 3002, as
21	added by section 303, the following:
22	"SEC. 3003. WATERSHED CONDITION FRAMEWORK.
23	"(a) In General.—The Secretary of Agriculture,
24	acting through the Chief of the Forest Service (referred
25	to in this section as the 'Secretary'), shall establish and

1	maintain a Watershed Condition Framework within the
2	National Forest System west of the 100th Meridian—
3	"(1) to evaluate and classify the condition of
4	watersheds, taking into consideration—
5	"(A) water quality and quantity;
6	"(B) aquatic habitat and biota;
7	"(C) riparian and wetland vegetation;
8	"(D) the presence of roads and trails;
9	"(E) soil type and condition;
10	"(F) groundwater-dependent ecosystems;
11	"(G) relevant terrestrial indicators, such as
12	fire regime, risk of catastrophic fire, forest and
13	rangeland vegetation, invasive species, and in-
14	sects and disease; and
15	"(H) other significant factors, as deter-
16	mined by the Secretary;
17	"(2) to identify for restoration up to 5 priority
18	watersheds in each National Forest, and up to 2 pri-
19	ority watersheds in each national grassland, taking
20	into consideration the impact of the condition of the
21	watershed condition on—
22	"(A) wildfire behavior;
23	"(B) flood risk;
24	"(C) fish and wildlife;
25	"(D) drinking water supplies:

1	"(E) irrigation water supplies;
2	"(F) forest-dependent communities; and
3	"(G) other significant impacts, as deter-
4	mined by the Secretary;
5	"(3) to develop a watershed restoration action
6	plan for each priority watershed that—
7	"(A) takes into account existing restora-
8	tion activities being implemented in the water-
9	shed; and
10	"(B) includes, at a minimum—
11	"(i) the major stressors responsible
12	for the impaired condition of the water-
13	shed;
14	"(ii) a set of essential projects that,
15	once completed, will address the identified
16	stressors and improve watershed condi-
17	tions;
18	"(iii) a proposed implementation
19	schedule;
20	"(iv) potential partners and funding
21	sources; and
22	"(v) a monitoring and evaluation pro-
23	gram;
24	"(4) to prioritize restoration activities for each
25	watershed restoration action plan:

1	"(5) to implement each watershed restoration
2	action plan; and
3	"(6) to monitor the effectiveness of restoration
4	actions and indicators of watershed health.
5	"(b) Coordination.—Throughout the establishment
6	and maintenance of the Watershed Condition Framework,
7	the Secretary shall—
8	"(1) coordinate with interested non-Federal
9	landowners and with State, tribal, and local govern-
10	ments within the relevant watershed; and
11	"(2) provide for an active and ongoing public
12	engagement process.
13	"(c) Emergency Designation.—Notwithstanding
14	subsection (a)(2), the Secretary may identify a watershed
15	as a priority for rehabilitation in the Watershed Condition
16	Framework without using the process described in sub-
17	section (a), if the appropriate Forest Supervisor deter-
18	mines that—
19	"(1) a wildfire has significantly diminished the
20	condition of the watershed; and
21	"(2) the emergency stabilization activities of the
22	Burned Area Emergency Response Team are insuffi-
23	cient to return the watershed to proper function.".

89 SEC. 305. FOREST SERVICE LEGACY ROADS AND TRAILS RE-2 MEDIATION PROGRAM. 3 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the Chief of the Forest Service (referred to 5 in this section as the "Secretary"), shall establish and maintain a Forest Service Legacy Roads and Trails Reme-7 diation Program (referred to in this section as the "Program") within the National Forest System west of the 9 100th Meridian— 10 (1) to carry out critical maintenance and urgent 11 repairs and improvements on National Forest Sys-12 tem roads, trails, and bridges; 13 (2) to restore fish and other aquatic organism 14 passage by removing or replacing unnatural barriers 15 to the passage of fish and other aquatic organisms; 16 (3) to decommission unneeded roads and trails; 17 and 18 (4) to carry out associated activities. 19 (b) Priority.—In implementing the Program, the 20 Secretary shall give priority to projects that protect or re-21 store— 22 (1) water quality; 23 (2) watersheds that feed public drinking water 24 systems; or

(3) habitat for threatened, endangered, and

- 1 (c) National Forest System.—Except as author-
- 2 ized under section 323 of the Department of the Interior
- 3 and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1999 (16
- 4 U.S.C. 1011a), all projects carried out under the Program
- 5 shall be on National Forest System roads.
- 6 (d) National Program Strategy.—Not later than
- 7 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
- 8 retary shall develop a national strategy for implementing
- 9 the Program.
- 10 SEC. 306. REAUTHORIZATION OF THE COLLABORATIVE
- 11 FOREST LANDSCAPE RESTORATION FUND.
- Section 4003(f)(6) of the Omnibus Public Land Man-
- 13 agement Act of 2009 (16 U.S.C. 7303(f)(6)) is amended
- 14 by striking "2019, to remain available until expended"
- 15 and inserting "2015, and \$80,000,000 for each of fiscal
- 16 years 2016 through 2024, to remain available until ex-
- 17 pended".

18 Subtitle B—Reservoir Operation

- 19 Improvement
- 20 SEC. 311. SHORT TITLE.
- This subtitle may be cited as the "Five Demonstra-
- 22 tions of Advancing Yields by Fixing Operations of Res-
- 23 ervoirs to Encompass Climatic and Atmospheric Science
- 24 Trends Act".

1	SEC. 312. PROJECTS, PLANS, AND REPORTS.
2	(a) Specific Information.—Not later than 90 days
3	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
4	the Army shall provide to the Committees on Appropria-
5	tions of the House of Representatives and the Senate a
6	report including the following information for any State
7	under a gubernatorial drought declaration during water
8	year 2015:
9	(1) A list of Army Corps and non-Army Corps
10	(section 7 of the Flood Control Act of 1944 (33
11	U.S.C. 709)) projects that have a water control
12	plan.
13	(2) The year the original water control manual
14	was approved.
15	(3) The year for any subsequent revisions to
16	the project's water control plan and manual.
17	(4) A list of projects in which operational devi-
18	ations for drought contingency have been requested
19	or implemented and the status of the request.
20	(5) How water conservation and water quality

- (5) How water conservation and water quality improvements were addressed.
- 22 (6) A list of projects where permanent changes 23 to storage allocations have been requested and the 24 status of the request.
- (b) IDENTIFICATION OF PROJECTS.—Not later than60 days after completion of the report under subsection

- 1 (a), the Secretary of the Army, in consultation with the
- 2 National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, shall
- 3 identify any projects from the report that meet the fol-
- 4 lowing criteria:
- 5 (1) Located in a State in which a drought 6 emergency has been declared or was in effect during 7 the 1-year period preceding the date of completion
- of the report by the Secretary under subsection (a).

 Future revision of a water operations manual, including flood control rule curves, based on the
- better use of improved weather forecasting or run-
- off forecasting methods, new watershed data, or
- changes to project operations, would be likely to en-
- hance the existing authorized project purposes for
- 15 water supply storage capacity and reliability, or
- 16 flood control operations.
- 17 (c) Additional Projects.—In addition, not later
- 18 than 60 days after completion of the report in subsection
- 19 (a), the Secretary of the Army shall identify any non-
- 20 Corps projects that meet the criteria in subsection (b) and
- 21 the following 2 criteria:
- 22 (1) The owner of the non-Corps project has
- submitted to the Secretary of the Army a formal re-
- quest to review or revise the operations manual or
- 25 flood control rule curves to accommodate new water-

- shed data or projected project modifications or operational changes.
- 3 (2) The modifications or operational changes 4 proposed by the owner of the non-Corps projects are 5 likely to enhance water supply benefits and flood 6 control operations.
- 7 (d) PILOT PROJECTS.—Not later than 1 year after 8 identification of the projects in subsections (b) and (c), 9 if any, the Secretary of the Army, in consultation with 10 the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, 11 shall establish not more than 5 pilot projects to implement 12 forecast-based reservoir operations.
- (e) Coordination With Non-Federal ProjectSponsor.—
- 15 (1) IN GENERAL.—If any of the projects identified in subsections (b) and (c) are non-Federal 16 17 projects, the Secretary of the Army, prior to car-18 rying out an activity under this section, shall consult 19 with the non-Federal project sponsor and enter into 20 a cooperative agreement, memorandum of under-21 standing, or other agreement with the non-Federal 22 project sponsor.
 - (2) Definition.—In this subsection, the term "non-Federal project sponsor" means an entity or a local government entity, including a municipal water

23

24

1	district, that currently manages (in whole or in part)
2	an Army Corps of Engineers dam or reservoir.
3	(f) Forecast-Based Reservoir Operations
4	PLAN.—As part of the pilot project under subsection (d),
5	the Secretary, in consultation with the National Oceanic
6	and Atmospheric Administration, in designing and imple-
7	menting a forecast-based reservoir operations plan, shall
8	include the following:
9	(1) The relationship between ocean and atmos-
10	pheric conditions, including the El Niño and La
11	Niña cycles, and the potential for above normal, nor-
12	mal, and below normal rainfall for the coming water
13	year.
14	(2) The precipitation and runoff index specific
15	to the basin and watershed of the relevant dam or
16	reservoir, including incorporating information about
17	hydrological and meteorological conditions that influ-
18	ence the timing and quantity of runoff.
19	(3) Improved hydrologic forecasting for precipi-
20	tation, snowpack, streamflow, and soil moisture con-
21	ditions.
22	(4) An adjustment of operational flood control
23	rule curves to optimize water supply storage and re-

liability, hydropower production, environmental bene-

- 1 fits for flows and temperature, and other authorized
- 2 project benefits, without a reduction in flood safety.
- 3 (5) Proactive management in response to
- 4 changes in forecasts.
- 5 (g) Non-Federal Funds.—Upon finalizing an
- 6 agreement with a non-Federal project sponsor pursuant
- 7 to subsection (e), the Secretary of the Army may accept
- 8 non-Federal funds for all or a portion of the cost of car-
- 9 rying out a review or revision of water control manuals
- 10 and flood control rule curves.
- 11 (h) No Additional Authority.—Revisions of the
- 12 manuals referred to in subsection (b) shall not interfere
- 13 with authorized purposes. Nothing in this Act authorizes
- 14 the Secretary of the Army to carry out, at a Corps of En-
- 15 gineers dam or reservoir, any project for a purpose not
- 16 otherwise authorized as of the date of enactment of this
- 17 Act.
- 18 (i) Consultation.—In implementing the pilot
- 19 projects pursuant to subsection (d), the Secretary of the
- 20 Army may consult with other affected interests, including
- 21 non-Federal entities responsible for operations and main-
- 22 tenance costs of a Corps facility, affected water rights
- 23 holders, individuals and entities with storage entitlements,
- 24 and local agencies with flood control responsibilities down-
- 25 stream of a Corps facility.

1	(j) Change to Operations Manual.—Not later
2	than 180 days after the completion of a change to the
3	operations manual or flood control rule curves, the Sec-
4	retary shall submit a report to the appropriate committees
5	of Congress regarding the components of the forecast-
6	based reservoir operations plan incorporated into the
7	change.
8	Subtitle C—Reclamation Projects
9	for Renewable Energy To Re-
10	duce Evaporation Loss
11	SEC. 320. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.
12	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—
13	(1) evaporative loss along Bureau of Reclama-
14	tion reservoirs, canals, and other conveyance systems
15	reduces the quantity and reliability of water deliv-
16	eries;
17	(2) drought and extreme aridity from changing
18	weather patterns will contribute to increased evapo-
19	rative loss in the future; and
20	(3) existing Central Valley Project operations
21	assume a conveyance loss for evaporation and seep-
22	age south of the Delta of 150,000 acre-feet annu-
23	ally.
24	(b) Purpose.—The purpose of this subtitle is to ex-
25	pand investments in infrastructure for Bureau of Rec-

1	lamation reservoirs, canals, and other conveyance systems,
2	that will provide shade, reduce evaporative loss, and in-
3	crease water supplies in the arid western States.
4	SEC. 321. DEFINITIONS.
5	In this subtitle:
6	(1) COVERED LAND.—The term "covered land"
7	means land that is—
8	(A) land under the administrative jurisdic-
9	tion of the Bureau of Reclamation; and
10	(B) not excluded from the development of
11	solar or wind energy under—
12	(i) a final land use plan established
13	under the Federal Land Policy and Man-
14	agement Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et
15	seq.); or
16	(ii) Federal law.
17	(2) Fund.—The term "Fund" means the Fish
18	and Wildlife Restoration Fund established under
19	section 324.
20	(3) Public Land.—The term "public land"
21	has the meaning given the term "public lands" in
22	section 103 of the Federal Land Policy and Manage-
23	ment Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1702).
24	(4) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
25	the Secretary of the Interior.

1 SEC. 322. EVALUATION AND REPORT.

2	(a) In General.—Not later than one year after the
3	date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall com-
4	plete an evaluation and report to Congress on the potential
5	for developing rights-of-way along Bureau of Reclamation
6	canals and infrastructure, including reservoirs, for solar
7	or wind energy production through leasing of lands or
8	other means.
9	(b) Report.—The report to Congress shall specify—
10	(1) the location of potential rights-of-way for
11	energy production;
12	(2) estimates of water losses due to evaporation
13	that would be reduced due to shade and other bene-
14	fits from energy production;
15	(3) the total acreage available for energy pro-
16	duction;
17	(4) existing transmission infrastructure at such
18	locations;
19	(5) estimates of fair market leasing value of po-
20	tential energy sites; and
21	(6) estimates of energy development potential
22	at sites.
23	SEC. 323. DEVELOPMENT OF SOLAR AND WIND ENERGY ON
24	COVERED LAND.
25	(a) Pilot Program on Selected Covered
26	Land.—

1	(1) Establishment.—Not later than 180 days
2	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
3	retary shall establish a wind and solar energy leas-
4	ing pilot program under which the Secretary con-
5	ducts lease sales of certain sites located on covered
6	land for purposes of carrying out wind and solar en-
7	ergy projects.
8	(2) Selection of sites on covered land.—
9	(A) In general.—Not later than 90 days
10	after the date the pilot program is established
11	under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall select
12	from covered land—
13	(i) 1 site for the development of a
14	solar energy project; and
15	(ii) 1 site for the development of a
16	wind energy project.
17	(B) SITE SELECTION.—In selecting sites
18	under subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall—
19	(i) give a preference to sites that the
20	Secretary determines—
21	(I) are likely to attract a high
22	level of wind and solar energy indus-
23	try interest;
24	(II) would likely have a positive
25	impact on water supply through re-

1	ducing water loss from evaporation by
2	providing shade and temperature re-
3	ductions, or beneficial impacts from
4	energy production and infrastructure;
5	and
6	(III) would serve as models for
7	the expansion of the pilot program to
8	other locations if the program is ex-
9	panded under subsection (c);
10	(ii) take into consideration the value
11	of the multiple resources of the covered
12	land on which such sites are located; and
13	(iii) not select any site for which a
14	right-of-way or special use permit for site
15	testing or construction has been issued
16	under title V of the Federal Land Policy
17	and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C.
18	1761 et seq.).
19	(3) Lease sales of project sites.—
20	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
21	paragraph (4)(B)(i), not later than 180 days
22	after the date on which sites are selected under
23	paragraph (2), the Secretary shall offer each
24	site for competitive leasing under such terms
25	and conditions as the Secretary requires.

1	(B) BIDDING.—Bidding on a site offered
2	for lease under this subsection shall be—
3	(i) limited to one round;
4	(ii) open only to bidders who—
5	(I) submit a plan of development
6	for such site together with the bid;
7	and
8	(II) the Secretary determines are
9	qualified under subparagraph (C)(ii);
10	and
11	(iii) conducted using a bidding system
12	selected by the Secretary, including—
13	(I) a cash bonus bids system re-
14	quiring payment of the royalty estab-
15	lished under this Act;
16	(II) a variable royalty bids sys-
17	tem based on a percentage of the
18	gross proceeds from the sale of elec-
19	tricity produced from the site offered
20	for lease, except that the royalty shall
21	not be less than the royalty required
22	under this Act, together with a fixed
23	cash bonus; or
24	(III) such other bidding system
25	as ensures a fair return to the public

1	consistent with the royalty established
2	under this Act.
3	(C) BIDDER QUALIFICATIONS.—The Sec-
4	retary shall—
5	(i) before conducting any lease sale
6	under this subsection, establish qualifica-
7	tion requirements for bidders on a site of-
8	fered for lease that ensure that such bid-
9	ders, with respect to wind or solar energy
10	projects—
11	(I) are able to expeditiously de-
12	velop such a project on the site;
13	(II) possess the financial re-
14	sources necessary to complete such a
15	project;
16	(III) possess knowledge of the
17	technology needed to complete such a
18	project;
19	(IV) meet eligibility requirements
20	that are substantially similar to the
21	eligibility requirements for leasing
22	that apply under the first section of
23	the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C.
24	181 et seq.); and

1	(V) possess such other qualifica-
2	tions as the Secretary determines are
3	necessary; and
4	(ii) using the requirements established
5	under clause (i), determine whether a per-
6	son is qualified to be a bidder on a site of-
7	fered for lease under this subsection.
8	(D) Credit for bid preparation ex-
9	PENDITURES.—In the case of a site offered for
10	lease under this subsection with respect to
11	which more than one bid is submitted on the
12	date of the lease sale of such site, the Secretary
13	shall give credit to each person who submitted
14	a bid with respect to such site for expenditures
15	such person incurred in the preparation of such
16	bid.
17	(4) Lease terms.—
18	(A) In general.—The Secretary may es-
19	tablish such lease terms and conditions, includ-
20	ing the duration of the lease with respect to any
21	site offered for lease under this subsection.
22	(B) Short-term leases for data col-
23	LECTION.—In carrying out this subsection, the
24	Secretary shall—

1	(i) offer on a noncompetitive basis a
2	short-term lease on not less than one site
3	selected under paragraph (2) for purposes
4	of data collection; and
5	(ii) upon the expiration of the short-
6	term lease, offer on a competitive basis a
7	long-term lease, giving credit toward the
8	bonus bid submitted with respect to the
9	long-term lease to the holder of the short-
10	term lease for any qualified expenditures
11	made by such holder to collect data or to
12	develop the site during such short-term
13	lease.
14	(5) REVENUES.—Subject to section 324, the
15	Secretary may collect bonus bids, royalties, fees, or
16	other payments (except rental payments) with re-
17	spect to sites offered for lease under this subsection.
18	(6) Report.—Not later than 90 days after the
19	date on which the Secretary conducts the final lease
20	sale under this subsection, the Secretary shall sub-
21	mit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Re-
22	sources of the Senate and the Committee on Natural
23	Resources of the House of Representatives a report
24	on the results of each lease sale conducted under

this subsection, including—

1	(A) the level of competitive interest;
2	(B) a summary of bids and revenues re-
3	ceived; and
4	(C) any other factors that may have im-
5	pacted the lease sale.
6	(7) Other laws.—
7	(A) COMPLIANCE WITH LAND MANAGE-
8	MENT AND ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS.—In offer-
9	ing sites for lease under this subsection, the
10	Secretary concerned shall comply with—
11	(i) all Federal laws applicable to lands
12	under the administrative jurisdiction of the
13	Bureau of Land Management; and
14	(ii) Federal or State environmental
15	laws or any other relevant laws.
16	(B) APPLICABILITY TO WIND AND SOLAR
17	ENERGY PROJECTS UNDER OTHER FEDERAL
18	LAWS.—Nothing in this subsection shall be con-
19	strued so as to prohibit the Secretary from
20	issuing rights-of-way or special use permits with
21	respect to wind and solar energy projects in
22	compliance with other Federal laws and regula-
23	tions in effect on the date of the enactment of
24	this Act.

1	(8) Enforcement of federal land policy
2	MANAGEMENT.—
3	(A) In general.—Sections 302(c) and
4	303 of the Federal Land Policy and Manage-
5	ment Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1732(c), 1733)
6	shall apply to activities conducted on sites on
7	covered land offered for lease under this sub-
8	section.
9	(B) Effect on enforcement author-
10	ITY UNDER OTHER FEDERAL LAW.—Nothing in
11	this subsection shall be construed so as to re-
12	duce or limit the enforcement authority vested
13	in the Secretary or the Attorney General on
14	covered land under any other Federal law.
15	(b) Temporary Extension of Pilot Program.—
16	Until final regulations are issued under subsection (c)(4),
17	the Secretary shall continue to carry out the pilot program
18	under subsection (a) on the sites offered for lease under
19	such subsection. The Secretary may extend any lease
20	issued for such sites under subsection (a) under the same
21	terms and conditions applicable to such lease on the date
22	of the lease sale as necessary until final regulations are
23	issued under subsection (c)(4) with respect to such sites.
24	(e) Expansion of Pilot Program to All Cov-
25	ered Land.—

1	(1) Joint Determination Required.—Not
2	later than 5 years after the date of the enactment
3	of this Act, the Secretary shall determine whether to
4	expand the pilot program established under sub-
5	section (a) to apply to all covered land, including
6	sites with respect to which leases were issued under
7	subsection (a). In making such determination, the
8	Secretary shall—
9	(A) take into consideration the results of
10	the pilot program;
11	(B) consult with—
12	(i) the heads of Federal agencies and
13	relevant State agencies (including State
14	fish and wildlife agencies);
15	(ii) interested States, Indian tribes,
16	and local governments;
17	(iii) representatives of the solar and
18	wind energy industries;
19	(iv) representatives of the environ-
20	ment, conservation, and outdoor sporting
21	communities; and
22	(v) the public; and
23	(C) consider whether such expansion—
24	(i) provides an effective means of de-
25	veloping wind or solar energy; and

1	(11) is in the public interest.
2	(2) Expansion authorized.—The Secretary
3	shall expand the pilot program only if the Secretary
4	determined to expand the pilot program under para-
5	graph (1).
6	(3) Report on joint determination.—Not
7	later than 60 days after making the determination
8	under paragraph (1) to expand the pilot program
9	the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on En-
10	ergy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the
11	Committee on Natural Resources of the House of
12	Representatives a report describing the basis and
13	findings for the determination.
14	(4) REGULATIONS TO IMPLEMENT EXPAN-
15	SION.—Not later than one year after making a de-
16	termination to expand the pilot program under para-
17	graph (1), the Secretary shall issue final regulations
18	to implement this subtitle.
19	(5) Applicability of provisions of pilot
20	PROGRAM TO EXPANDED PROGRAM.—
21	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
22	subparagraph (B), paragraphs (3), (7), and (8)
23	of subsection (a) shall apply to covered land of-
24	fered for lease under this subsection in the

1	same manner as such paragraphs apply to sites
2	offered for lease under subsection (a).
3	(B) Competitive leasing not required
4	UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES.—The re-
5	quirement under subsection (a)(3) that a lease
6	be sold on a competitive basis shall not apply
7	to a lease issued under this subsection if the
8	Secretary determines that—
9	(i) no competitive interest exists for
10	the covered land offered for lease;
11	(ii) the public interest would not be
12	served by the competitive issuance of a
13	lease with respect to such covered land; or
14	(iii) the lease is for a purpose de-
15	scribed in paragraph (7)(A)(ii).
16	(6) Payments.—
17	(A) In general.—Subject to section 324,
18	the Secretary shall establish fees, bonuses, or
19	other payments (except rental payments) to en-
20	sure a fair return to the United States for any
21	lease issued under this subsection.
22	(B) Bonus Bids.—The Secretary may
23	grant credit toward any bonus bid for a quali-
24	fied expenditure by the holder of a lease de-
25	scribed in paragraph (7)(A)(ii) in any competi-

1	tive lease sale held for a long-term lease of the
2	covered land that is the subject of the lease de-
3	scribed in such paragraph.
4	(C) Readjustment.—
5	(i) IN GENERAL.—Royalties and other
6	terms and conditions of a lease issued
7	under this subsection shall be subject to
8	readjustment—
9	(I) on the date that is 15 years
10	after the date on which the lease is
11	issued; and
12	(II) every 10 years thereafter.
13	(ii) Indexing.—Effective on the first
14	day of the first month beginning after the
15	date of enactment of this Act and each
16	year thereafter, the amount of royalties or
17	other terms and conditions subject to read-
18	justment under clause (i) shall be adjusted
19	to reflect changes for the 12-month period
20	ending on the most recent date for which
21	data are available in the Consumer Price
22	Index for All Urban Consumers published
23	by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the
24	Department of Labor.

1	(7) Lease duration, administration, and
2	READJUSTMENT.—
3	(A) Duration.—
4	(i) In general.—Except as provided
5	in clause (ii), a lease issued under this sub-
6	section shall be for—
7	(I) an initial term of 25 years;
8	and
9	(II) any additional period after
10	the initial 25-year term during which
11	electricity is being produced annually
12	in commercial quantities from the
13	lease.
14	(ii) Data collection leases.—In
15	the case of a lease issued under this sub-
16	section for the placement and operation of
17	a meteorological or data collection facility
18	or for the development or demonstration of
19	a new wind or solar energy technology,
20	such lease shall have a term of not more
21	than 5 years.
22	(B) Administration.—The Secretary of
23	the Interior shall establish terms and conditions
24	for the issuance, transfer, renewal, suspension.

1	and cancellation of a lease issued under this
2	subsection.
3	(C) READJUSTMENT PROVISION RE-
4	QUIRED.—Each lease issued under this sub-
5	section shall provide for readjustment in ac-
6	cordance with subparagraph (A).
7	(8) Surface-disturbing activities.—The
8	Secretary shall issue regulations regarding surface-
9	disturbing activities conducted under any lease
10	issued under this subsection, including any reclama-
11	tion and other actions necessary to conserve and to
12	offset impacts to surface resources.
13	(9) Security.—
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall re-
15	quire that the holder of a lease issued under
16	this subsection—
17	(i) furnish a surety bond or other
18	form of security, as prescribed by the Sec-
19	retary;
20	(ii) provide for the reclamation and
21	restoration of the covered land that is the
22	subject of the lease; and
23	(iii) comply with such other require-
24	ments as the Secretary considers necessary

1	to protect the interests of the public and
2	the United States.
3	(B) Periodic Review.—Not less fre-
4	quently than once every 5 years, the Secretary
5	shall conduct a review of the adequacy of the
6	surety bond or other form of security provided
7	by the holder of a lease issued under this sub-
8	section.
9	SEC. 324. ROYALTIES.
10	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall require as a
11	term and condition of any lease issued under section 323,
12	the payment of a royalty. The Secretary shall establish
13	such royalty pursuant to a rulemaking. The royalty shall
14	be a percentage of the gross proceeds from the sale of elec-
15	tricity produced on covered land that is the subject of such
16	lease, at a rate that—
17	(1) encourages production of solar or wind en-
18	$\operatorname{ergy};$
19	(2) ensures a fair return to the public com-
20	parable to the return that would be obtained on
21	State or private land; and
22	(3) encourages the maximum energy generation
23	while disturbing the least quantity of covered land
24	and other natural resources, including water.

1	(b) Consideration.—In establishing the royalty
2	under subsection (a), the Secretary shall consider the rel-
3	ative capacity factors of wind and solar energy projects.
4	(c) Exclusive Payment on Sale of Elec-
5	TRICITY.—The royalty under subsection (a) shall be the
6	only rent, royalty, or similar payment to the Federal Gov-
7	ernment required with respect to the sale of electricity pro-
8	duced under a lease issued under section 323.
9	(d) ROYALTY RELIEF.—The Secretary may reduce
10	the royalty rate established under subsection (a) if the
11	holder of a lease issued under this Act shows by clear and
12	convincing evidence that—
13	(1) collection of the full royalty would unreason-
14	ably burden energy generation on covered land that
15	is the subject of the lease; and
16	(2) the royalty reduction is in the public inter-
17	est.
18	(e) Enforcement.—
19	(1) Auditing system.—The Secretary shall
20	establish a comprehensive inspection, collection, fis-
21	cal, and production accounting and auditing sys-
22	tem—
23	(A) to accurately determine royalties, in-
24	terest, fines, penalties, fees, deposits, and other
25	nayments owed under this subtitle: and

1	(B) to collect and account for the pay-
2	ments in a timely manner.
3	(2) Applicability of federal oil and roy-
4	ALTY MANAGEMENT ACT OF 1982.—The provisions of
5	the Federal Oil and Gas Royalty Management Act
6	of 1982 (30 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) (including the civil
7	and criminal enforcement provisions of such Act)
8	shall apply to leases issued under this subtitle with
9	respect to wind and solar energy projects in the
10	same manner as such provisions apply to oil and gas
11	leases.
12	(f) Report on Royalties.—Not later than 5 years
13	after the date of enactment of this Act and every 5 years
14	thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee
15	on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the
16	Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Rep-
17	resentatives a report consisting of a review of the collec-
18	tions and impacts of the royalties and fees collected under
19	this subtitle, including—
20	(1) the total revenues received (by category) on
21	an annual basis as royalties from wind and solar en-
22	ergy development and production (specified by en-
23	ergy source) on covered land;
24	(2) whether the revenues received for the devel-
25	opment of wind and solar energy development are

1	comparable to the revenues received for similar de-
2	velopment on State or private land;

- (3) any impact on the development of wind and solar energy on covered land as a result of the royal-ties; and
- 6 (4) any recommendations with respect to
 7 changes in Federal law (including regulations) relat8 ing to the amount or method of collection (including
 9 auditing, compliance, and enforcement) of the royal10 ties.
- 11 (g) REGULATIONS.—Not later than one year after the 12 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall issue 13 final regulations to carry out this section.

14 SEC. 325. DISPOSITION OF ROYALTY REVENUE.

- 15 (a) ALLOCATION OF REVENUE.—All amounts col-16 lected by the Secretary as royalties or bonuses under sub-17 section (a)(5) or (c)(6) of section 323 shall be distributed 18 as follows:
- 19 (1) 25 percent shall be paid by the Secretary of 20 the Treasury to States within the boundaries of 21 which the royalties or bonuses are derived, to be al-22 located among such States based on the percentage 23 of covered land from which such royalties or bonuses 24 are derived in each State.

3

4

- 1 (2) 25 percent shall be paid by the Secretary of 2 the Treasury to the counties within the boundaries 3 of which the royalties or bonuses are derived, to be 4 allocated among such counties based on the percent-5 age of covered land from which such royalties or bo-6 nuses are derived in each county.
 - (3) 25 percent shall be deposited into the Fish and Wildlife Restoration Fund established by subsection (b) and used in accordance with that subsection.
 - (4) For the period that begins on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on the date that is 15 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, 15 percent shall be paid by the Secretary of the Treasury directly to the State offices of the Bureau of Reclamation with jurisdiction over the areas of which the royalties or bonuses are derived for purposes of reducing the number of renewable energy permits that have not been processed before the date of the enactment of this Act, to be allocated among such offices based on the percentage of covered land from which the royalties or bonuses are derived in each State.

1	(5) The remainder shall be deposited into the
2	general fund of the Treasury for purposes of reduc-
3	ing the annual Federal budget deficit.
4	(b) Fish and Wildlife Restoration Fund.—
5	(1) Establishment.—There is established in
6	the Treasury a Fish and Wildlife Restoration Fund
7	to be administered by the Secretary of the Interior
8	for use in regions impacted by the development of
9	hydropower by Federal agencies, including the Bu-
10	reau of Reclamation, and the development of wind or
11	solar energy on Bureau of Reclamation land.
12	(2) Use of funds.—The Secretary shall use
13	amounts in the Fund to take actions and to make
14	payments to State agencies, Federal agencies, or
15	other interested persons in such regions for—
16	(A) protecting and restoring important fish
17	and wildlife habitat and native populations in
18	such regions, including corridors, water re-
19	sources, and other sensitive land; and
20	(B) improving fish species habitat or na-
21	tive population within the boundaries and down-
22	stream of a Bureau of Reclamation project.
23	(3) AVAILABILITY OF AMOUNTS.—Amounts in

the Fund shall be available for expenditure, in ac-

1	cordance with this subsection, without further appro-
2	priation and without fiscal year limitation.
3	(4) Investment of fund.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—Any amounts deposited
5	in the Fund shall earn interest in an amount
6	determined by the Secretary of the Treasury on
7	the basis of the current average market yield on
8	outstanding marketable obligations of the
9	United States of comparable maturities.
10	(B) Deposit.—Any interest earned under
11	subparagraph (A) shall be deposited into the
12	Fund.
13	(5) MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS.—The expend-
14	iture of funds under this subsection shall be sepa-
15	rate and distinct from any mitigation requirements
16	imposed pursuant to any law, regulation, or term or
17	condition of any lease, right-of-way, or other author-
18	ization.
19	(e) Allocation for Permitting After Expira-
20	TION OF 15-YEAR PERIOD.—
21	(1) CERTIFICATION BY SECRETARY.—At the
22	end of the period described in subsection (a)(4), the
23	Secretary shall certify whether the State offices re-
24	ferred to in such subsection have adequately reduced

1	the renewable energy permitting backlog referred to
2	in such subsection.
3	(2) Allocation after certification.—If
4	the Secretary certifies under paragraph (1) that—
5	(A) the State offices referred to in such
6	paragraph have not adequately reduced the
7	backlog referred to in such paragraph—
8	(i) the period described in subsection
9	(a)(4) shall be extended by an additional
10	15-year period; and
11	(ii) payments shall continue to be
12	made during that period as described in
13	such subsection; or
14	(B) the State offices referred to in such
15	paragraph have adequately reduced such back-
16	\log —
17	(i) two-thirds of the amount otherwise
18	required to be paid under subsection (a)(4)
19	shall be added to the amount deposited in
20	the Fund established under subsection (b);
21	and
22	(ii) one-third of such amount shall be
23	deposited into the general fund of the
24	Treasury for purposes of reducing the an-
25	nual Federal budget deficit.

1	(d) Payments to States and Counties.—
2	(1) In general.—Amounts paid to States and
3	counties under subsection (a) shall be used in a
4	manner that is consistent with section 35 of the
5	Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 191).
6	(2) Impacts.—Not less than 35 percent of the
7	amount paid to a State each fiscal year shall be used
8	for the purposes described in subsection (b)(2).
9	Subtitle D—Improved Reclamation
10	Crop Data
11	SEC. 331. DEFINITIONS.
12	For the purposes of this subtitle:
13	(1) AGRICULTURAL WATER CONTRACT.—The
14	term "agricultural water contract" means any con-
15	tract or arrangement, including water service con-
16	tracts, repayment contracts, water rights settlement
17	contracts, exchange contracts, or other form of
18	agreement, through which agricultural users receive
19	water and deliveries through a facility owned, oper-
20	ated, or constructed in whole or in part by the Bu-
21	reau of Reclamation, including contracts under the
22	Reclamation Act of 1902 (ch. 1093; 32 Stat. 388)
23	as amended and supplemented.
24	(2) Drought Emergency.—The term
25	"drought emergency" means a period when a state

- of drought emergency declared by the Governor of the State is in effect.
- 3 (3) FEDERALLY DEVELOPED WATER SUP-4 PLIES.—The term "federally developed water sup-5 plies" means water supplies derived from a project 6 developed by the Secretary pursuant to Federal law.
- 7 (4) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means 8 the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the 9 Commissioner of the Bureau of Reclamation.
- 10 (5) Water-intense permanent crop.—The 11 term "water-intense permanent crop" means any 12 crop considered by the Secretary, after consultation 13 with the Secretary ofAgriculture, 14 unsustainable for an area given its expected level of 15 rainfall in the absence of the federally developed 16 water supply.

17 SEC. 332. DETERMINATION OF PLANTING OF WATER-IN-

18 TENSE PERMANENT CROPS.

- 19 The Secretary shall survey agricultural water con-
- 20 tracts related to federally developed water supplies to de-
- 21 termine if water-intense permanent crops have been plant-
- 22 ed by or on behalf of the customers or beneficiaries of any
- 23 agricultural water contract during a drought emergency.
- 24 The survey shall include the examination of all such con-
- 25 tracts in effect at any time during the period from the

1	date of the enactment of this Act and until the date that
2	is 10 years before the date of the enactment of this Act.
3	SEC. 333. REPORT RELATED TO WATER-INTENSE PERMA-
4	NENT CROPS.
5	Not later than 90 days after the date of the enact-
6	ment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit a report based
7	on the survey conducted pursuant to section 331 and other
8	information available to the Secretary to Congress that in-
9	cludes—
10	(1) the number and location of acres put into
11	production of water-intense permanent crops during
12	a drought emergency;
13	(2) the types of water-intense permanent crops
14	put into production on each acre; and
15	(3) the impact that putting the water-intense
16	permanent crops into production had and is pro-
17	jected to have on the water demands for the agricul-
18	tural water contracts and federally developed water
19	supply related to those crops.

1	Subtitle E—Improved Oversight of
2	State Injection Wells
3	SEC. 341. AMENDMENT TO THE SAFE DRINKING WATER
4	ACT.
5	Section 1422 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
6	U.S.C. 300h-1) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
7	lowing new subsection:
8	"(f) For the purposes of subsection (c), if the Admin-
9	istrator finds that a State has, at any time, improperly
10	issued permits under the State's underground injection
11	control program and the State fails to address such defi-
12	ciencies and take sufficient remedial action, as determined
13	by the Administrator, by the date that is 90 days after
14	the date on which the Administrator notifies the State of
15	such finding, the State shall be considered to no longer
16	meet the requirements of clause (i) or (ii) of subsection
17	(b)(1)(A) until such time as the State has addressed the
18	deficiencies and taken sufficient remedial action, as deter-
19	mined by the Administrator.".
20	Subtitle F—Combating Water Theft
21	for Illegal Marijuana Cultivation
22	SEC. 351. POLICY DIRECTIVE ON ILLEGAL WATER DIVER-
23	SION FOR MARIJUANA CULTIVATION.
24	Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment
25	of this Act, the Director of National Drug Control Policy,

- 1 in collaboration with the Secretary of the Interior and the
- 2 Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency,
- 3 shall determine the amount of water diverted for mari-
- 4 juana cultivation in each of the high intensity drug traf-
- 5 ficking areas (as designated under section 707 of the Of-
- 6 fice of National Drug Control Policy Reauthorization Act
- 7 of 1998 (21 U.S.C. 1706)) within the State of California
- 8 and other States with declared droughts.
- 9 SEC. 352. ENVIRONMENTAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
- 10 FOR DOMESTIC CANNABIS ERADICATION
- 11 **PROGRAM.**
- Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
- 13 of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Attorney General
- 14 shall require, as a condition of the receipt of any funds
- 15 under the Domestic Cannabis Eradication/Suppression
- 16 program of the Drug Enforcement Administration, or any
- 17 successor program thereto, a report from any participant
- 18 in such program containing information on the environ-
- 19 mental consequences of actions taken pursuant to pro-
- 20 gram participation. The Attorney General, in making any
- 21 determination to provide funding under the program, shall
- 22 take into account the information so reported.
- 23 SEC. 353. TRESPASS MARIJUANA LOCATION REGISTRY.
- Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment
- 25 of this Act, the Attorney General shall establish and main-

1	tain a registry, in which reports received by the Attorney
2	General of incidents of cultivation of marijuana on Federal
3	or State property or while intentionally trespassing on the
4	property of another will be recorded and, to the extent
5	feasible, made available to the public.
6	SEC. 354. FUNDING FOR REMEDIATION OF TRESPASS MARI-
7	JUANA SITES.
8	(a) From Forfeiture Fund.—Section
9	524(c)(1)(E)(ii) of title 28, United States Code, is amend-
10	ed—
11	(1) by striking "and" at the end of subclause
12	(I);
13	(2) by inserting "and" after the semicolon at
14	the end of subclause (II); and
15	(3) by inserting after subclause (II) the fol-
16	lowing:
17	"(III) costs incurred by or on behalf of any
18	State, local, or tribal government in connection
19	with the remediation of any area formerly used
20	for the production or cultivation of marijuana,
21	including the removal of any hazardous sub-
22	stance or pollutant or contaminant, in which
23	such State, local, or tribal government has as-
24	sisted in a Federal prosecution related to mari-
25	inana:".

1	(b) From Restitution in Criminal Cases.—Sec-
2	tion 413(q) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.
3	853(q)) is amended—
4	(1) by striking "or methamphetamine" the first
5	place it appears and inserting ", methamphetamine,
6	or marijuana''; and
7	(2) by inserting after "or methamphetamine"
8	the second place it appears the following: ", or cul-
9	tivation of marijuana,".
10	SEC. 355. VOLUNTARY GUIDELINES.
11	(a) Establishment of Voluntary Guidelines.—
12	Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of
13	this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture (in this section re-
14	ferred to as the "Secretary"), in consultation with other
15	appropriate Federal agencies, including the Environ-
16	mental Protection Agency, shall establish voluntary guide-
17	lines, based on the best currently available scientific
18	knowledge—
19	(1) for the remediation of former indoor and
20	outdoor marijuana cultivation and processing sites,
21	including guidelines regarding preliminary site as-
22	sessment and the remediation of residual contami-
23	nants and ecosystems; and
24	(2) for State, local, and tribal governments to
25	use in developing and implementing laws, regula-

- 1 tions, guidelines, and other policies that apply the
- 2 best available research and technology to the remedi-
- 3 ation of former indoor and outdoor marijuana cul-
- 4 tivation and processing sites.
- 5 (b) Considerations.—In establishing the voluntary
- 6 guidelines under subsection (a), the Secretary shall con-
- 7 sider, at a minimum—
- 8 (1) relevant standards, guidelines, and require-
- 9 ments found in Federal, State, tribal, and local laws
- and regulations;
- 11 (2) the various types and locations of former
- marijuana cultivation or processing sites, including
- both indoor and outdoor sites; and
- 14 (3) the estimated costs of carrying out any such
- guidelines.
- 16 (c) Consultation.—The Secretary shall work with
- 17 State, local, and tribal governments and other non-Federal
- 18 agencies and organizations the Secretary determines rel-
- 19 evant to promote and encourage the adoption of the vol-
- 20 untary guidelines.
- 21 (d) REVISIONS TO THE GUIDELINES.—The Secretary
- 22 shall periodically review and, as the Secretary, in consulta-
- 23 tion with State, local, and tribal governments and other
- 24 interested parties, determines necessary and appropriate,
- 25 revise the voluntary guidelines to incorporate findings of

1	the research conducted pursuant to section 356 and other
2	new knowledge.
3	SEC. 356. RESEARCH PROGRAM.
4	The Secretary of Agriculture, in consultation with
5	other appropriate Federal agencies, including the Environ-
6	mental Protection Agency, shall establish a program of re-
7	search to support the development and revision of the vol-
8	untary guidelines established under section 355. Such pro-
9	gram shall—
10	(1) identify marijuana cultivation or processing-
11	related chemicals of concern;
12	(2) assess the types and levels of exposure to
13	chemicals of concern identified under paragraph (1)
14	that may present significant adverse biological ef-
15	fects, and identify actions and additional research
16	necessary to remediate such biological effects;
17	(3) assess the impacts of marijuana cultivation
18	and processing on waterways and bodies of water,
19	and identify actions and additional research nec-
20	essary to remediate such impacts;
21	(4) evaluate the performance of current remedi-
22	ation techniques for marijuana cultivation and proc-
23	essing sites;
24	(5) identify areas where additional research is
25	necessary, including research relating to—

1	(A) the impacts of indoor and outdoor
2	marijuana cultivation and processing, including
3	biological and hydrological effects and impacts
4	to soil and landscape, such as the potential for
5	erosion; and
6	(B) the remediation of former indoor or
7	outdoor marijuana cultivation or processing
8	sites;
9	(6) support other research priorities identified
10	by the Secretary, in consultation with State, local,
11	and tribal governments and other interested parties;
12	and
13	(7) include collaboration with colleges and uni-
14	versities currently engaged in research on any mat-
15	ter described in this section or additional research
16	priorities determined appropriate by the Secretary.
17	Subtitle G—SECURE Water
18	Amendments
19	SEC. 361. AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES; ELIGIBILITY; AUTHOR-
20	IZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
21	(a) In General.—Section 9504 of the Omnibus
22	Public Land Management Act of 2009 (42 U.S.C. 10364)
23	is amended—
24	(1) in subsection (a)—
25	(A) in paragraph (1)(H)—

1	(i) in clause (i), by striking "or" at
2	the end;
3	(ii) in clause (ii), by striking the pe-
4	riod and inserting "; or"; and
5	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
6	lowing:
7	"(iii) to plan for or address the im-
8	pacts of drought."; and
9	(B) in paragraph (2)(A)—
10	(i) by striking "; and" and inserting
11	"; or";
12	(ii) by striking "(A) be located within
13	the States" and inserting the following:
14	"(A) be located in—
15	"(i) the States"; and
16	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
17	lowing:
18	"(ii) the State of Hawaii; and"; and
19	(2) in subsection (e), by striking "There is"
20	and all that follows through "\$200,000,000" and in-
21	serting "There are authorized to be appropriated
22	such sums as are necessary to carry out this section
23	for each of fiscal years 2015 through 2023".

1	SEC. 362. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR NA-
2	TIONAL WATER AVAILABILITY AND USE AS-
3	SESSMENT PROGRAM.
4	Section 9508(e)(2) of the Omnibus Public Land Man-
5	agement Act of 2009 (42 U.S.C. 10368(e)(2)) is amended
6	by striking "\$12,500,000 for the period of fiscal years
7	2009 through 2013" and inserting "such sums as are nec-
8	essary for the period of fiscal years 2014 through 2023".
9	Subtitle H—Refundable Tax Credit
10	for Water-Harvesting Systems
11	SEC. 371. REFUNDABLE TAX CREDIT FOR WATER-HAR-
12	VESTING SYSTEMS.
13	(a) In General.—Subpart C of part IV of sub-
14	chapter A of subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code of
15	1986 is amended by inserting after section 36B the fol-
16	lowing new section:
17	"SEC. 36C. WATER-HARVESTING SYSTEMS.
18	"(a) In General.—In the case of an individual,
19	there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed
20	by this subtitle for any taxable year an amount equal to
21	the aggregate amount paid or incurred for the purchase
22	and installation of a qualified water-harvesting system.
23	"(b) Limitation.—The amount allowed as a credit
24	under subsection (a) shall not exceed the excess (if any)
25	of—
26	"(1) \$2,000, over

1	"(2) the amount allowed as a credit under sub-
2	section (a) for all prior taxable years.
3	"(c) Qualified Water-Harvesting System De-
4	FINED.—For purposes of this section, the term 'qualified
5	water-harvesting system' means earthworks or passive
6	rain gardens, gutters, cisterns, tanks, and other systems
7	that meet the guidelines developed under subsection (d)
8	and that are installed in the United States with respect
9	to the principal place of abode of the taxpayer.
10	"(d) Guidelines.—The Secretary, in consultation
11	with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection
12	Agency, shall—
13	"(1) develop guidelines for the identification
14	and approval of qualified water-harvesting systems,
15	and
16	"(2) shall review and, if appropriate, update
17	such guidelines at least once every 6 years.
18	Such guidelines shall include the establishment and main-
19	tenance of performance criteria so that products, land-
20	scapes, and processes meet industry standards for water-
21	efficiency and water-capture. In developing and updating

22 guidelines under this subsection, the Secretary shall solicit

23 public comment.

1	"(e) Regulations.—The Secretary shall prescribe
2	such regulations or other guidance as may be necessary
3	or appropriate to carry out subsection (a).".
4	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
5	(1) Section 1324(b)(2) of title 31, United
6	States Code, is amended by inserting "36C," after
7	"36B,".
8	(2) The table of sections for subpart C of part
9	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Rev-
10	enue Code of 1986 is amended by inserting after the
11	item relating to section 36B the following new item:
	"Sec. 36C. Water-harvesting systems.".
12	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
13	this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
14	the date of the enactment of this Act.
15	Subtitle I—Funding for Construc-
16	tion for Additional Project Ben-
17	efits
18	SEC. 381. FUNDING FOR CONSTRUCTION FOR ADDITIONAL
19	PROJECT BENEFITS.
20	The Reclamation Safety of Dams Act of 1978 (43
21	U.S.C. 509 et seq.) is amended—
22	(1) in section 3, by striking "Construction" and
23	inserting "Except as provided in section 5, construc-
24	tion"; and
25	(2) by inserting after section 5A the following:

1	"Sec. 5B. (a) Notwithstanding section 3, if the Sec-
2	retary determines that additional project benefits, such as
3	additional conservation storage capacity, are feasible and
4	not inconsistent with the purposes of this Act, the Sec-
5	retary is authorized to develop additional project benefits
6	through the construction of new or supplementary works
7	on a project in conjunction with the Secretary's activities
8	under section 2 and subject to the conditions described
9	in the feasibility study, if—
10	"(1) the Secretary determines that developing
11	additional project benefits through the construction
12	of new or supplementary works on a project is likely
13	to promote more efficient management of water and
14	water-related facilities;
15	"(2) the feasibility study pertaining to addi-
16	tional project benefits has been authorized pursuant
17	to section 8 of the Federal Water Project Recreation
18	Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 460 <i>l</i> -18); and
19	"(3) the Secretary determines, in advance of
20	funds being committed or expanded, that—
21	"(A) the project sponsor shall provide
22	funding for not less than 75 percent of project
23	costs;
24	"(B) the project shall generate environ-
25	mental enhancement, including increase water

1	deliveries for environmental flows or refuge
2	water supplies, that justify a non-reimbursable
3	Federal cost share of not more than 25 percent
4	and that a share of the increased water supply
5	made possible from expanded storage capacity
6	equal to the Federal cost share shall be made
7	available for such environmental purposes;
8	"(C) all of the estimated costs properly al-
9	locable to irrigation, power, and municipal
10	water supply or other miscellaneous purposes
11	are included in the non-Federal cost share;
12	"(D) any State cost identified shall be pro-
13	cured or committed by the State; and
14	"(E) the project sponsor shall complete a
15	feasibility study consistent with Bureau of Rec-
16	lamation requirements and report the findings
17	of that study to the Secretary.
18	"(b) If the project sponsor has a completed feasibility
19	study and the Secretary makes a finding of feasibility, the
20	Secretary is authorized to expend available appropriated
21	funds for construction of the project if—
22	"(1) in the determination of the Secretary an
23	analysis commensurate with risk has been performed
24	that demonstrates that—

1	"(A) financial feasibility or capability for
2	reimbursable project purposes and any remain-
3	ing non-reimbursable project purposes not being
4	funded by the maximum 25-percent Federal
5	cost-share; and
6	"(B) the costs of non-reimbursable project
7	purposes to be borne by the United States are
8	justified by the environmental enhancement, in-
9	cluding increase water deliveries for environ-
10	mental flows or refuge water supplies, and that
11	the Federal share of the project costs shall not
12	exceed 25 percent; and
13	"(2) any environmental document prepared by
14	the project sponsor is supplemented to address any
15	changes to the project that the Secretary determines
16	are necessary.".
17	Subtitle J—Open Water Data
18	System
19	SEC. 391. OPEN WATER DATA SYSTEM.
20	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
21	(1) EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION.—The term
22	"educational institution" means—
23	(A) a public or private elementary or sec-
24	ondary school;

1	(B) an institution of vocational, profes-
2	sional, or higher education (including a junior
3	college or teachers' college); and
4	(C) an association of schools or institutions
5	described in subparagraphs (A) and (B).
6	(2) Indian tribe.—The term "Indian tribe"
7	has the meaning given that term in section 4 of the
8	Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
9	Act (25 U.S.C. 450b).
10	(3) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
11	the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Di-
12	rector of the United States Geological Survey.
13	(4) State.—The term "State" means—
14	(A) a State;
15	(B) the District of Columbia;
16	(C) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;
17	and
18	(D) any other territory or possession of the
19	United States.
20	(5) System.—The term "system" means the
21	open water data system established under subsection
22	(b).
23	(b) System.—The Secretary shall establish and
24	maintain an open water data system within the United
25	States Geological Survey to advance the availability, time-

1	ly	distribution,	and	wides	spread	use	of	water	data	and	in-

- 2 formation for water management, education, research, as-
- 3 sessment, and monitoring purposes.
- 4 (c) Purposes.—The purposes of the system are—
- 5 (1) to advance the quantification of the avail-6 ability, use of, and risks to, water resources through-
- 7 out the United States;
- 8 (2) to increase accessibility to, and expand the 9 use of, water data and information in a standard, 10 easy-to-use format by Federal, State, local, and trib-11 al governments, communities, educational institu-12 tions, and the private sector; and
- 13 (3) to facilitate the open exchange of water in-14 formation particularly in the face of climate change 15 and unprecedented drought.
- 16 (d) Activities.—In carrying out this section, the17 Secretary shall—
- 18 (1) integrate water data and information into a 19 interoperable, national, geospatially referenced water 20 data framework;
- 21 (2) identify new water data and information 22 needs, including data on surface and groundwater 23 quality and quantity, sediment, erosion, transport, 24 water chemistry, precipitation, reservoir storage, 25 water cycle, landscape variables, hydrography, cli-

1	mate and weather impacts, soil moisture, and human
2	use;
3	(3) leverage existing shared databases, infra-
4	structure, and tools to provide a platform for water
5	data and information innovation, modeling and data
6	sharing, and solution development;
7	(4) support water data and information shar-
8	ing, applied research, and educational programs of
9	State, local, and tribal governments, communities,
10	educational institutions, and the private sector; and
11	(5) promote cooperation and sharing of exper-
12	tise regarding water data and information among
13	State, local, and tribal governments, communities,
14	educational institutions, and the private sector.
15	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
16	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
17	such sums as are necessary.
18	TITLE IV—PLANNING FOR THE
19	FUTURE
20	Subtitle A—X-Prize for
21	Desalination Breakthroughs
22	SEC. 401. SHORT TITLE.
23	This subtitle may be cited as the "Water Innovation
24	and Prize Competition Act of 2015".

1 SEC. 402. WATER TECHNOLOGY AWARD PROGRAM.

2	(a) Program Established.—The Secretary of En-
3	ergy shall, in consultation with the Administrator of the
4	Environmental Protection Agency and the Secretary of the
5	Interior, working through the Bureau of Reclamation, es-
6	tablish a program to award prizes to eligible persons de-
7	scribed in subsection (b) for achievement in one or more
8	of the following applications of water technology:
9	(1) Demonstration of desalination of brackish
10	or sea water with significantly less energy than com-
11	mercially available reverse osmosis technology.
12	(2) Demonstration of portable or modular de-
13	salination units that can process 1 to 5,000,000 gal-
14	lons per day that could be deployed for temporary
15	emergency uses in coastal communities or commu-
16	nities with brackish ground water supplies.
17	(3) Demonstration of significant advantages
18	over commercially available reverse osmosis tech-
19	nology as determined by the board established under
20	subsection (c).
21	(b) Eligible Person.—An eligible person described
22	in this subsection is—
23	(1) an individual who is—
24	(A) a citizen or legal resident of the
25	United States; or

1	(B) a member of a group that includes
2	citizens or legal residents of the United States;
3	or
4	(2) an entity that is incorporated and maintains
5	its primary place of business in the United States.
6	(c) Establishment of Board.—
7	(1) In General.—The Secretary of Energy
8	shall establish a board to administer the program es-
9	tablished under subsection (a).
10	(2) Membership.—The board shall be com-
11	posed of not less than 15 and not more than 21
12	members appointed by the President, of whom—
13	(A) not less than 1 shall—
14	(i) be a representative of the interests
15	of academic, business, and nonprofit orga-
16	nizations; and
17	(ii) have expertise in—
18	(I) the field of water technology,
19	including desalination; or
20	(II) administering award com-
21	petitions; and
22	(B) not less than 1 shall be from each of—
23	(i) the Department of Energy;
24	(ii) the Environmental Protection
25	Agency;

1	(iii) the Bureau of Reclamation of the
2	Department of the Interior; and
3	(iv) the National Science Foundation.
4	(d) AWARDS.—Subject to the availability of appro-
5	priations, the board established under subsection (c) may
6	make awards under the program established under sub-
7	section (a) as follows:
8	(1) FINANCIAL PRIZE.—The board may hold a
9	financial award competition and award a financial
10	award in an amount determined before the com-
11	mencement of the competition to the first competitor
12	to meet such criteria as the board shall establish.
13	(2) Recognition Prize.—
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—The board may recog-
15	nize an eligible person for superlative achieve-
16	ment in one or more applications described in
17	subsection (a).
18	(B) NO FINANCIAL REMUNERATION.—An
19	award under this paragraph shall not include
20	any financial remuneration.
21	(C) NATIONAL TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVA-
22	TION MEDAL RECOMMENDATIONS.—For each
23	eligible person recognized under this paragraph,
24	the board shall recommend to the Secretary of
25	Commerce that the Secretary recommend to the

President under section 16(b) of the StevensonWydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15
U.S.C. 3711) that the President award the National Technology and Innovation Medal established under section 16(a) of such Act to such eligible person.

(e) Administration.—

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- (1) Contracting.—The board established under subsection (c) may contract with a private organization to administer a financial award competition described in subsection (d)(1).
- (2) Solicitation of funds.—A member of the board or any administering organization with which the board has a contract under paragraph (1) may solicit gifts from private and public entities to be used for a financial award under subsection (d)(1).
- (3) LIMITATION ON PARTICIPATION OF DO-NORS.—The board may allow a donor who is a private person described in paragraph (2) to participate in the determination of criteria for an award under subsection (d), but such donor may not solely determine the criteria for such award.
- 24 (4) NO ADVANTAGE FOR DONATION.—A donor 25 who is a private person described in paragraph (3)

1	shall not be entitled to any special consideration or
2	advantage with respect to participation in a financial
3	award competition under subsection $(d)(1)$.
4	(f) Intellectual Property.—The Federal Gov-
5	ernment may not acquire an intellectual property right in
6	any product or idea by virtue of the submission of such
7	product or idea in any competition under subsection
8	(d)(1).
9	(g) Liability.—The board established under sub-
10	section (c) may require a competitor in a financial award
11	competition under subsection $(d)(1)$ to waive liability
12	against the Federal Government for injuries and damages
13	that result from participation in such competition.
14	(h) Annual Report.—Each year, the board estab-
15	lished under subsection (c) shall submit to Congress a re-
16	port on the program established under subsection (a).
17	(i) Authorization of Appropriations.—
18	(1) In general.—There are authorized to be
19	appropriated sums for the program established
20	under subsection (a) as follows:
21	(A) For administration of prize competi-
22	tions under subsection (d), \$750,000 for each
23	fiscal year.
24	(B) For the awarding of a financial prize
25	award under subsection (d)(1), in addition to

1	any amounts received under subsection $(e)(2)$,
2	\$2,000,000 for each fiscal year.
3	(2) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts appropriated pur-
4	suant to the authorization of appropriations under
5	paragraph (1) shall remain available until expended.
6	Subtitle B—Drought Planning As-
7	sistance Through NRCS and
8	Reclamation
9	SEC. 411. DROUGHT PLANNING ASSISTANCE THROUGH
10	NRCS AND RECLAMATION.
11	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Agriculture, act-
12	ing through the Natural Resources Conservation Service,
13	in collaboration with the Secretary of the Interior, acting
14	through the Bureau of Reclamation, shall, upon request,
15	provide assistance to water or power delivery authorities,
16	including water districts and irrigation districts, that are
17	authorized under subtitle F of title IX of the Omnibus
18	Public Land Management Act of 2009 (42 U.S.C. 10362
19	et seq.) to receive financial assistance from the Bureau
20	of Reclamation, for the purposes of increasing water use
21	efficiency and providing on-farm assistance to address
22	water quantity and water quality conservation practices.
23	(b) Types of Assistance under sub-
24	section (a) shall include—
25	(1) hydrological forecasting;

1	(2) assessment of water supply sources under
2	different water year classification types;
3	(3) identification of alternative water supply
4	sources;
5	(4) guidance on potential water transfer part-
6	ners;
7	(5) technical assistance regarding Federal and
8	State permits and contracts under the Act of Feb-
9	ruary 21, 1911 (36 Stat. 925, chapter 141) (com-
10	monly known as the "Warren Act");
11	(6) installation of districtwide or on-farm water
12	efficiency and conservation technologies, including
13	behavioral water efficiency, system modernizations
14	(including leak repair and supervisory control and
15	data acquisition systems), and other technologies
16	that have been proven to provide improvements in
17	water use efficiency through verification by a third
18	party;
19	(7) technical assistance regarding emergency
20	provision of water supplies for critical health and
21	safety purposes; and
22	(8) activities carried out in conjunction with the
23	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration,
24	the National Integrated Drought Information Sys-

tem, and the State partners of the National Inte-

1	grated Drought Information System under the Na-
2	tional Integrated Drought Information System Act
3	of 2006 (15 U.S.C. 313d)—
4	(A) to collect and integrate key indicators
5	of drought severity and impacts; and
6	(B) to produce and communicate timely
7	monitoring and forecast information to local
8	and regional communities.
9	Subtitle C—Drought Preparedness
10	for Fisheries
11	SEC. 421. DROUGHT PREPAREDNESS FOR FISHERIES.
12	(a) SALMON DROUGHT PLAN.—Not later than Janu-
13	ary 1, 2016, the Director of the United States Fish and
14	Wildlife Service shall, in consultation with the National
15	Marine Fisheries Service, the Bureau of Reclamation, the
16	Army Corps of Engineers, and the California Department
17	of Fish and Wildlife, prepare a California salmon drought
18	plan. The plan shall investigate options to protect salmon
19	populations originating in the State of California, con-
20	tribute to the recovery of populations listed under the En-
21	dangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.),
22	and contribute to the goals of the Central Valley Project
23	Improvement Act (Public Law 102–575). The plan shall
24	focus on actions that can aid salmon populations during
25	the driest years. Strategies investigated shall include—

1	(1) relocating the release location and timing of
2	hatchery fish to avoid predation and temperature
3	impacts;

- (2) barging of hatchery release fish to improve survival and reduce straying;
- (3) coordinating with water users, the Bureau of Reclamation, and the California Department of Water Resources regarding voluntary water transfers, to determine if water released upstream to meet the needs of downstream or South-of-Delta water users can be managed in a way that provides additional benefits for salmon;
- (4) hatchery management modifications, such as expanding hatchery production of listed fish during the driest years, if appropriate;
- (5) increasing rescue operations of upstream migrating fish; and
- (6) improving temperature modeling and related forecasted information to predict water management impacts to salmon and salmon habitat with a higher degree of accuracy than current models.
- (b) Coordination With Fisheries Agencies.—In
 preparing the plan under subsection (a), the Director shall
 coordinate with the National Marine Fisheries Service and
 relevant State agencies.

1	(c) APPROPRIATION.—There is hereby appropriated
2	for fiscal year 2014, out of any funds in the Treasury not
3	otherwise appropriated, a total amount of \$3,000,000, to
4	remain available until the end of the period during which
5	the State's emergency drought designation is in effect, for
6	the United States Fish and Wildlife Service for urgent
7	fish, stream, and hatchery activities related to extreme
8	drought conditions, including work with the National Ma-
9	rine Fisheries Service, the Bureau of Reclamation, the
10	Army Corps of Engineers, the California Department of
11	Fish and Wildlife, or a qualified tribal government.
12	(d) Qualified Tribal Government Defini-
13	TION.—For the purposes of this section, the term "quali-
14	fied tribal government" means any government of an In-
15	dian tribe that the Secretary of the Interior determines—
16	(1) is involved in salmon management and re-
17	covery activities including under the Endangered
18	Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.); and
19	(2) has the management and organizational ca-
20	pability to maximize the benefits of assistance pro-
21	vided under this section.

1 Subtitle D—National Emergency

2 Planning Response

_	ramming response
3	SEC. 431. NATIONAL EMERGENCY PLANNING RESPONSE.
4	(a) Catastrophic Drought Plan.—Not later than
5	120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the
6	President shall update the National Response Plan and
7	the National Disaster Recovery Framework to include a
8	plan for catastrophic drought that calls on the capabilities
9	of all applicable Federal agencies and departments, includ-
10	ing the pre-positioning of Federal resources to provide
11	emergency clean water supplies.
12	(b) Definitions.—For the purposes of this sec-
13	tion—
14	(1) the term "National Response Plan" means
15	the National Response Plan or any successor plan
16	prepared under section 504(a)(6) of the Homeland
17	Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 314(a)(6)); and
18	(2) the term "National Disaster Recovery
19	Framework' means the National Disaster Recovery
20	Framework or any successor document prepared
21	under section 682 of the Post-Katrina Emergency
22	Management Reform Act of 2006 (6 U.S.C. 771).

Subtitle E—Military Preparedness for Desalination

- 3 SEC. 441. REPORT ON DESALINIZATION TECHNOLOGY.
- 4 Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment
- 5 of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy shall submit to Con-
- 6 gress a report on desalinization technology's application
- 7 for defense and national security purposes to provide
- 8 drought relief to areas impacted by sharp declines in water
- 9 supply.

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