

Calendar No. 155

114TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. 546

[Report No. 114-85]

To establish the Railroad Emergency Services Preparedness, Operational Needs, and Safety Evaluation (RESPONSE) Subcommittee under the Federal Emergency Management Agency's National Advisory Council to provide recommendations on emergency responder training and resources relating to hazardous materials incidents involving railroads, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 24, 2015

Ms. HEITKAMP (for herself, Mr. KING, Ms. BALDWIN, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. BOOKER, Mrs. McCASKILL, Mr. CASEY, and Mrs. ERNST) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs

JULY 21, 2015

Reported by Mr. JOHNSON, without amendment

A BILL

To establish the Railroad Emergency Services Preparedness, Operational Needs, and Safety Evaluation (RESPONSE) Subcommittee under the Federal Emergency Management Agency's National Advisory Council to provide recommendations on emergency responder training and resources relating to hazardous materials incidents involving railroads, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “RESPONSE Act of
5 2015”.

6 **SEC. 2. RAILROAD EMERGENCY SERVICES PREPAREDNESS,**

7 **OPERATIONAL NEEDS, AND SAFETY EVALUA-**
8 **TION SUBCOMMITTEE.**

9 Section 508 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002
10 (6 U.S.C. 318) is amended—

11 (1) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
12 section (e); and

13 (2) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
14 lowing:

15 “(d) RESPONSE SUBCOMMITTEE.—

16 “(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 30 days
17 after the date of the enactment of the RESPONSE
18 Act of 2015, the Administrator shall establish, as a
19 subcommittee of the National Advisory Council, the
20 Railroad Emergency Services Preparedness, Oper-
21 ational Needs, and Safety Evaluation Subcommittee
22 (referred to in this subsection as the ‘RESPONSE
23 Subcommittee’).

1 “(2) MEMBERSHIP.—Notwithstanding subsection
2 (c), the RESPONSE Subcommittee shall be
3 composed of the following:

4 “(A) The Deputy Administrator for Protection
5 and National Preparedness of the Federal
6 Emergency Management Agency, or designee.

8 “(B) The Director of the Office of Emergency
9 Communications of the Department of
10 Homeland Security, or designee.

11 “(C) The Director for the Office of Railroad,
12 Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Investigations
13 of the National Transportation Safety Board, or
14 designee, only in an advisory capacity.

16 “(D) The Associate Administrator for Railroad Safety
17 of the Federal Railroad Administration, or designee.

19 “(E) The Assistant Administrator for Security Policy
20 and Industry Engagement of the Transportation Security
21 Administration, or designee.

23 “(F) The Assistant Commandant for Response Policy
24 of the Coast Guard, or designee.

1 “(G) The Assistant Administrator for the
2 Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response
3 of the Environmental Protection Agency, or
4 designee.

5 “(H) The Associate Administrator for
6 Hazardous Materials Safety of the Pipeline and
7 Hazardous Materials Safety Administration, or
8 designee.

9 “(I) The Chief Safety Officer and Assis-
10 tant Administrator of the Federal Motor Carrier
11 Safety Administration, or designee.

12 “(J) Such other qualified individuals as
13 the Administrator shall appoint as soon as
14 practicable after the date of the enactment of
15 the RESPONSE Act of 2015 from among the
16 following:

17 “(i) Members of the National Advi-
18 sory Council that have the requisite tech-
19 nical knowledge and expertise to address
20 rail emergency response issues, including
21 members from the following disciplines:

22 “(I) Emergency management and
23 emergency response providers, includ-
24 ing fire service, law enforcement, haz-

ardous materials response, and emergency medical services.

17 “(I) the rail industry;

18 “(II) the oil industry;

21 “(IV) emergency response pro-
22 viders, including individuals nomi-
23 nated by national organizations rep-
24 resenting local governments and per-
25 sonnel;

1 “(V) representatives from na-
2 tional Indian organizations;

3 “(VI) technical experts; and
4 “(VII) vendors, developers, and
5 manufacturers of systems, facilities,
6 equipment, and capabilities for emer-
7 gency responder services.

8 “(iii) Representatives of such other
9 stakeholders and interested and affected
10 parties as the Administrator considers ap-
11 propriate.

12 “(3) CHAIRPERSON.—The Deputy Adminis-
13 trator for Protection and National Preparedness
14 shall serve as the Chairperson of the RESPONSE
15 Subcommittee, or designee.

16 “(4) MEETINGS.—

17 “(A) INITIAL MEETING.—The initial meet-
18 ing of the RESPONSE Subcommittee shall
19 take place not later than 90 days after the date
20 of the enactment of the RESPONSE Act of
21 2015.

22 “(B) OTHER MEETINGS.—After the initial
23 meeting, the RESPONSE Subcommittee shall
24 meet at least twice annually, with at least 1

1 meeting conducted in person during the first
2 year, at the call of the Chairperson.

3 “(5) CONSULTATION WITH NONMEMBERS.—The
4 RESPONSE Subcommittee and the program offices
5 for emergency responder training and resources shall
6 consult with other relevant agencies and groups, in-
7 cluding entities engaged in federally funded research
8 and academic institutions engaged in relevant work
9 and research, which are not represented on the RE-
10 SPONSE Subcommittee to consider new and devel-
11 oping technologies and methods that may be bene-
12 ficial to preparedness and response to rail incidents.

13 “(6) RECOMMENDATIONS.—The RESPONSE
14 Subcommittee shall evaluate the following topics and
15 develop recommendations, as appropriate, for im-
16 proving emergency responder training and resource
17 allocation for hazardous materials incidents involving
18 railroads:

19 “(A) Quality and application of training
20 for local emergency first responders related to
21 rail hazardous materials incidents, with a par-
22 ticular focus on local emergency responders and
23 small communities near railroads, including the
24 following:

1 “(i) Ease of access to relevant train-
2 ing for local emergency first responders,
3 including an analysis of—

4 “(I) the number of individuals
5 being trained;

6 “(II) the number of individuals
7 who are applying;

8 “(III) whether current demand is
9 being met;

10 “(IV) current challenges; and

11 “(V) projected needs.

12 “(ii) Modernization of course content
13 related to rail hazardous materials inci-
14 dents, with a particular focus on response
15 to the exponential rise in oil shipments by
16 rail.

17 “(iii) Training content across agencies
18 and the private sector to provide com-
19 plementary opportunities for rail haz-
20 ardous materials incidents courses and ma-
21 terials to avoid overlap, including the fol-
22 lowing:

23 “(I) Overlap of course content
24 among agencies.

1 “(II) Integrated course content
2 through public-private partnerships.

3 “(III) Regular and ongoing eval-
4 uation of course opportunities, adap-
5 tation to emerging trends, agency and
6 private sector outreach, effectiveness
7 and ease of access for local emergency
8 responders.

9 “(iv) Online training platforms, train-
10 the-trainer and mobile training options.

11 “(B) Effectiveness of funding levels related
12 to training local emergency responders for rail
13 hazardous materials incidents, with a particular
14 focus on local emergency responders and small
15 communities, including the following:

16 “(i) Minimizing overlap in resource al-
17 location among agencies.

18 “(ii) Minimizing overlap in resource
19 allocation among agencies and private sec-
20 tor.

21 “(iii) Maximizing public-private part-
22 nerships where funding gaps exists for spe-
23 cific training or cost-saving measures can
24 be implemented to increase training oppor-
25 tunities.

1 “(iv) Adaptation of priority settings
2 for agency funding allocations in response
3 to emerging trends.

4 “(v) Historic levels of funding across
5 agencies and private sector for rail haz-
6 ardous materials incidents.

7 “(vi) Current funding resources across
8 agencies.

9 “(C) Strategy for integration of commodity
10 flow studies, mapping, and access platforms for
11 local emergency responders and how to increase
12 the rate of access to the individual responder in
13 existing or emerging communications tech-
14 nology.

15 “(D) The need for emergency response
16 plans for rail, similar to existing law related to
17 maritime and stationary facility emergency re-
18 sponse plans for hazardous materials, including
19 the following:

20 “(i) The requirements of such emer-
21 gency plans on each train and the format
22 and availability of such emergency plans to
23 emergency responders in communities
24 through which the materials travel.

1 “(ii) How the industry would imple-
2 ment such plans.

3 “(iii) The thresholds that require
4 emergency plans for each train related to
5 hazardous materials in its cargo.

6 “(iv) Gaps in existing regulations
7 across agencies.

8 “(E) The need for a rail hazardous mate-
9 rials incident database, including the following:

10 “(i) An assessment of the appropriate
11 entity to host the database.

12 “(ii) A definition of ‘rail hazardous
13 materials incident’ that would constitute
14 the level of reporting from the industry.

15 “(iii) The projected cost of such a
16 database and how that database would be
17 maintained and enforced.

18 “(F) Increasing access to relevant, useful,
19 and timely information for the local emergency
20 responder for training purposes and in the
21 event of a rail hazardous materials incident, in-
22 cluding the following:

23 “(i) Existing information that the
24 emergency responder can access, what the
25 current rate of access and usefulness is for

1 the emergency responder, and what cur-
2 rent information should remain and what
3 should be reassessed.

4 “(ii) Utilization of existing technology
5 in the hands of the first responder to
6 maximize delivery of useful and timely in-
7 formation for training purposes or in the
8 event of an incident.

9 “(iii) Assessment of emerging commu-
10 nications technology that could assist the
11 emergency responder in the event of an in-
12 cident.

13 “(G) Determination of the most appro-
14 priate agencies and offices for the implementa-
15 tion of the recommendations, including—

16 “(i) recommendations that can be im-
17 plemented without congressional action
18 and appropriate timeframes for such ac-
19 tions; and

20 “(ii) recommendations that would re-
21 quire congressional action.

22 “(7) REPORT.—

23 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year
24 after the date of the enactment of the RE-
25 SPONSE Act of 2015, the RESPONSE Sub-

1 committee shall submit a report containing the
2 recommendations developed under paragraph
3 (6) to the National Advisory Council.

4 “(B) REVIEW.—The National Advisory
5 Council shall take up the RESPONSE Sub-
6 committee’s report within 30 days for review
7 and deliberation. The National Advisory Coun-
8 cil may ask for additional clarification, changes,
9 or other information from the RESPONSE
10 Subcommittee to assist in the approval of the
11 recommendations.

12 “(C) RECOMMENDATION.—Once the Na-
13 tional Advisory Council approves the rec-
14 ommendations from the RESPONSE Sub-
15 committee, the National Advisory Council shall
16 submit the report to—

17 “(i) the Administrator;

18 “(ii) the head of each agency rep-
19 resented on the RESPONSE Sub-
20 committee;

21 “(iii) the Committee on Homeland Se-
22 curity and Governmental Affairs of the
23 Senate;

1 “(iv) the Committee on Homeland Se-
2 curity of the House of Representatives;
3 and

4 “(v) the Committee on Transportation
5 and Infrastructure of the House of Rep-
6 resentatives.

7 “(8) INTERIM ACTIVITY.—

8 “(A) UPDATES AND OVERSIGHT.—After
9 the submission of the report by the National
10 Advisory Council under paragraph (7), the Ad-
11 ministrator shall—

12 “(i) provide quarterly updates to the
13 congressional committees referred to in
14 paragraph (7) regarding the status of the
15 implementation of the recommendations
16 developed under paragraph (6); and

17 “(ii) coordinate the implementation of
18 the recommendations described in para-
19 graph (6)(G)(i).

20 “(B) ADDITIONAL REPORTS.—After sub-
21 mitting the report required under paragraph
22 (7), the RESPONSE Subcommittee shall sub-
23 mit additional reports and recommendations in
24 the same manner and to the same entities iden-

1 tified in paragraph (7) if needed or requested
2 from Congress or from the Administrator.

3 “(9) TERMINATION.—

4 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
5 subparagraph (B), the RESPONSE Sub-
6 committee shall terminate not later than 4
7 years after the date of the enactment of the
8 RESPONSE Act of 2015.

9 “(B) EXTENSION.—The Administrator
10 may extend the duration of the RESPONSE
11 Subcommittee, in 1-year increments, if the Ad-
12 ministrator determines that additional reports
13 and recommendations are needed from the RE-
14 SPONSE Subcommittee after the termination
15 date set forth in subparagraph (A).”.

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