

116TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# S. 7

To provide family members of an individual who they fear is a danger to himself, herself, or others, or law enforcement, with new tools to prevent gun violence.

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IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JANUARY 3, 2019

Mr. RUBIO (for himself, Mr. REED, Mr. KING, and Ms. COLLINS) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

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## A BILL

To provide family members of an individual who they fear is a danger to himself, herself, or others, or law enforcement, with new tools to prevent gun violence.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-  
2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

**3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Extreme Risk Protec-  
5 tion Order and Violence Prevention Act of 2019”.

**6 SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS.**

7       It is the sense of Congress that—

8                   (1) each State and Indian tribe should enact ex-  
9                   treme risk protection order legislation described in

1       part NN of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control  
2       and Safe Streets Act of 1968, as added by section  
3       3; and

4               (2) such extreme risk protection order legisla-  
5       tion is an important tool in the efforts of States and  
6       Indian tribes to ensure that firearms and ammuni-  
7       tion are kept out of the hands of individuals whom  
8       a court has determined to be a significant danger to  
9       themselves or others.

10 **SEC. 3. EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER GRANT PRO-**  
11 **GRAM.**

12       (a) IN GENERAL.—Title I of the Omnibus Crime  
13       Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10101  
14       et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

15 **“PART NN—EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER**  
16 **GRANT PROGRAM**

17 **“SEC. 3041. DEFINITIONS.**

18       “In this title—

19               “(1) the terms ‘ammunition’ and ‘firearm’ have  
20       the meanings given those terms in section 921(a) of  
21       title 18, United States Code;

22               “(2) the term ‘extreme risk protection order’  
23       means a written order, issued by a State or tribal  
24       court or signed by a magistrate that, for a period  
25       not to exceed 12 months—

1                 “(A) prohibits the individual named in the  
2                 order from having under the custody or control  
3                 of the individual, purchasing, possessing, or re-  
4                 ceiving any firearms; and  
5                 “(B) requires a firearm be removed;  
6                 “(3) the term ‘family or household member’  
7                 means, with respect to an individual, any—  
8                 “(A) individual related by blood, marriage,  
9                 or adoption to the respondent;  
10                 “(B) dating partner (as defined in section  
11                 2266 of title 18, United States Code) of the re-  
12                 spondent;  
13                 “(C) individual who has a child in common  
14                 with the respondent, regardless of whether the  
15                 individual has—  
16                 “(i) been married to the respondent;  
17                 or  
18                 “(ii) lived together with the respond-  
19                 ent at any time;  
20                 “(D) an individual who resides or has re-  
21                 sided with the respondent during the past year;  
22                 “(E) a spouse or intimate partner (as de-  
23                 fined in section 2266 of title 18, United States  
24                 Code) of the respondent;

1                 “(F) individual who has a biological or  
2                 legal parent-child relationship with the respondent,  
3                 including a stepparent-stepchild and grand-  
4                 parent-grandchild relationship; and

5                 “(G) any individual who is acting or has  
6                 acted as the legal guardian of the respondent;

7                 “(4) the term ‘Indian tribe’ has the meaning  
8                 given the term in section 4 of the Indian Self-Deter-  
9                 mination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C.  
10                 5304);

11                 “(5) the term ‘petitioner’ means the law en-  
12                 forcement officer, or family or household member of  
13                 an individual, who submits a petition for an extreme  
14                 risk protection order under section 3042(b)(1);

15                 “(6) the term ‘qualifying State or tribal law’  
16                 means a law of a State or Indian tribe that the At-  
17                 torney General has determined to be in compliance  
18                 with the minimum requirements described in section  
19                 3042;

20                 “(7) the term ‘respondent’ means an individual  
21                 who is named in a petition for an extreme risk pro-  
22                 tection order under section 3042(b)(1);

23                 “(8) the term ‘State’ means—

24                 “(A) a State;

25                 “(B) the District of Columbia;

1                   “(C) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;

2                   and

3                   “(D) any other territory or possession of  
4                   the United States; and

5                   “(9) the term ‘temporary ex parte extreme risk  
6                   protection order’ means a written order, issued by a  
7                   State court or signed by a magistrate prohibiting a  
8                   named individual from possessing, purchasing, re-  
9                   ceiving, or transporting a firearm after the date on  
10                  which the order is issued until the date on which the  
11                  hearing for the extreme risk protection order is held.

12 **“SEC. 3042. EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER LEGISLA-  
13 TION.”**

14                  “(a) ENACTMENT OF EXTREME RISK PROTECTION  
15 ORDER LEGISLATION.—In order to receive a grant under  
16 section 3043, each State or Indian tribe shall have in ef-  
17 fect a qualifying State or tribal law.

18                  “(b) MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR EXTREME RISK  
19 PROTECTION ORDERS.—A qualifying State or tribal law  
20 shall have in effect the following minimum requirements  
21 for the issuance of an extreme risk protection order:

22                  “(1) PETITION FOR EXTREME RISK PROTEC-  
23 TION ORDER.—

24                  “(A) IN GENERAL.—A law enforcement of-  
25 ficer, or family or household member of an indi-

1           vidual, may submit a petition to a State or trib-  
2           al court, on a form designed by the courts ad-  
3           ministrator of the State or similar office, that—

4                 “(i) describes the facts and cir-  
5                 cumstances necessitating that an extreme  
6                 risk protection order be issued against the  
7                 respondent because the respondent poses a  
8                 significant danger of causing personal in-  
9                 jury to himself or herself or others by—

10                 “(I) having a firearm or ammuni-  
11                 tion in his or her custody or control;  
12                 or

13                 “(II) purchasing, possessing, or  
14                 receiving a firearm or ammunition;

15                 “(ii) is accompanied by a sworn affi-  
16                 davit, signed by the petitioner, stating the  
17                 specific facts that give rise to reasonable  
18                 fear of significant dangerous acts by the  
19                 respondent;

20                 “(iii) identifies the quantities, types,  
21                 and locations of all firearms and ammuni-  
22                 tion the petitioner believes to be in the cur-  
23                 rent ownership, possession, custody, or  
24                 control of the respondent; and

1                     “(iv) identifies whether there is a  
2                     known extreme risk protection order al-  
3                     ready in effect against the respondent.

4                 “(B) GOOD FAITH NOTICE.—A petitioner  
5                     who submits a petition under subparagraph (A)  
6                     shall be required to make a good faith effort to  
7                     provide notice to other family or household  
8                     members of the respondent, or to any other  
9                     known third party, who may be at risk of vio-  
10                  lence because of the submission of such peti-  
11                  tion.

12                 “(2) ISSUANCE OF EXTREME RISK PROTECTION  
13                  ORDERS.—

14                 “(A) HEARING.—

15                 “(i) IN GENERAL.—Upon receipt of a  
16                     petition under paragraph (1), the court  
17                     shall—

18                     “(I) order a hearing to be held  
19                     not later than 14 days after the date  
20                     of such order; and

21                     “(II) issue a notice of the hear-  
22                     ing ordered under subclause (I) to the  
23                     respondent.

24                 “(ii) TELEPHONE HEARING.—A court  
25                     may conduct the hearing required under

1                   clause (i) by telephone, pursuant to local  
2                   court rules.

3                   “(iii) DETERMINATION.—If the court  
4                   finds by clear and convincing evidence that  
5                   the respondent poses a significant danger  
6                   of causing personal injury to himself or  
7                   herself or others by having in his or her  
8                   custody or control, or by purchasing, pos-  
9                   sessing, or receiving, a firearm or ammuni-  
10                  tion, the court shall issue an extreme risk  
11                  protection order for a period the court de-  
12                  termines is appropriate, which may not ex-  
13                  ceed 12 months.

14                  “(B) CONSIDERATION OF EVIDENCE.—

15                  “(i) IN GENERAL.—In determining  
16                  whether to issue an extreme risk protection  
17                  order, the court—

18                  “(I) may consider relevant evi-  
19                  dence, such as—

20                  “(aa) a recent threat or act  
21                  of violence by the respondent  
22                  against himself or herself or oth-  
23                  ers;

24                  “(bb) a threat or act of vio-  
25                  lence by the respondent against

himself or herself or others in the past 12 months;

“(cc) evidence of a serious mental illness;

“(dd) a previously issued extreme risk protection order or a violation of a previously issued extreme risk protection order;

“(ee) whether the respondent has been convicted of a crime of domestic violence or other violence;

“(ff) whether the respondent has used or threatened to use weapons against himself or herself or others;

“(gg) the unlawful use of a firearm by the respondent;

“(hh) the recurring use or threat of use of physical force against another person or stalking another person;

“(ii) corroborated evidence of the abuse of controlled sub-

stances or alcohol by the respondent;

18                         “(I) present the evidence or rec-  
19                         ommendations in writing to the court  
20                         and submit a copy of such evidence or  
21                         recommendations to each party or the  
22                         attorney for a party; or

23                             “(II) present the evidence under  
24                             oath at a hearing at which all parties  
25                             are present.

1                 “(iii) MENTAL HEALTH AND CHEM-  
2                 ICAL DEPENDENCY EVALUATIONS.—If a  
3                 court determines that a mental health eval-  
4                 uation or chemical dependency evaluation  
5                 is appropriate under clause (i)(II), the  
6                 court may order the appropriate evalua-  
7                 tion.

8                 “(C) CONTENTS OF ORDER.—If a court  
9                 issues an extreme risk protection order, the  
10                 order shall contain—

11                 “(i) a statement on the grounds sup-  
12                 porting the issuance of the order;

13                 “(ii) the date on which the order was  
14                 issued;

15                 “(iii) the date on which the order ex-  
16                 pires;

17                 “(iv) whether a mental health evalua-  
18                 tion or chemical dependency evaluation of  
19                 the respondent is required;

20                 “(v) the address of the court in which  
21                 a responsive pleading may be filed;

22                 “(vi) a description of the requirements  
23                 for surrender of all firearms and ammuni-  
24                 tion owned by the respondent; and

1                     “(vii) a clear statement of instruction  
2                     on surrendering to the appropriate local  
3                     law enforcement agency all firearms and  
4                     ammunition owned by the respondent or in  
5                     the custody, control, or possession of the  
6                     respondent and any license to carry a con-  
7                     cealed weapon or firearm issued pursuant  
8                     to the laws of the State or Indian tribe,  
9                     which shall include—  
10                    “(I) a clear statement that the  
11                     respondent may not, during the period  
12                     for which the order is in effect—  
13                    “(aa) have in the control or  
14                     custody of the respondent a fire-  
15                     arm or ammunition; or  
16                    “(bb) purchase, possess, or  
17                     receive, or attempt to do so, a  
18                     firearm or ammunition; and  
19                    “(II) a clear description of the  
20                     right of the respondent to request not  
21                     less than 1 hearing to vacate the  
22                     order and, if the order is renewed, to  
23                     request a hearing to vacate such re-  
24                     newal.

1                 “(D) DENIAL OF EXTREME RISK PROTEC-  
2                 TION ORDER.—If a court declines to issue an  
3                 extreme risk protection order applied for under  
4                 this paragraph, the court shall issue a written  
5                 statement describing the specific reasons for de-  
6                 clining to issue such order.

7                 “(3) TEMPORARY EX PARTE EXTREME RISK  
8                 PROTECTION ORDER.—

9                 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Upon receipt of a pe-  
10                 tition under paragraph (1), the court may issue  
11                 a temporary ex parte extreme risk protection  
12                 order before conducting the hearing required  
13                 under paragraph (2), if—

14                 “(i) a request for a temporary ex  
15                 parte extreme risk protection order is in-  
16                 cluded in the petition and includes detailed  
17                 allegations based on personal knowledge  
18                 that the respondent poses a significant  
19                 danger of causing personal injury to him-  
20                 self or herself or others in the near future  
21                 by having in his or her custody or control,  
22                 or by purchasing, possessing, or receiving,  
23                 a firearm or ammunition; and

24                 “(ii) the court finds there is probable  
25                 cause to believe that the respondent poses

1           a significant danger of causing personal in-  
2           jury to himself or herself or others in the  
3           near future by having in his or her custody  
4           or control, or by purchasing, possessing, or  
5           receiving, a firearm or ammunition.

6           “(B) REQUIREMENTS.—In determining  
7           whether to issue a temporary ex parte extreme  
8           risk protection order, the court shall—

9                 “(i) conduct a hearing, either in per-  
10           son or by telephone, pursuant to local  
11           court rules, on the date on which the peti-  
12           tion is filed or on the business day imme-  
13           diately following such date; and

14                 “(ii) consider all relevant evidence,  
15           such as—

16                 “(I) a recent threat or act of vio-  
17           lence by the respondent against him-  
18           self or herself or others;

19                 “(II) a threat or act of violence  
20           by the respondent against himself or  
21           herself or others in the past 12  
22           months;

23                 “(III) evidence of a serious men-  
24           tal illness;

- 1                 “(IV) a previously issued extreme  
2                 risk protection order or a violation of  
3                 a previously issued extreme risk pro-  
4                 tection order;
- 5                 “(V) whether the respondent has  
6                 been convicted of a crime of domestic  
7                 violence or other violence;
- 8                 “(VI) whether the respondent  
9                 has used or threatened to use weap-  
10                 ons against himself or herself or oth-  
11                 ers;
- 12                 “(VII) the unlawful use of a fire-  
13                 arm by the respondent;
- 14                 “(VIII) the recurring use or  
15                 threat of use of physical force against  
16                 another person or stalking another  
17                 person;
- 18                 “(IX) corroborated evidence of  
19                 the abuse of controlled substances or  
20                 alcohol by the respondent;
- 21                 “(X) relevant information from  
22                 family or household members con-  
23                 cerning the respondent; and

1                         “(XI) witness testimony taken  
2                         while the witness is under oath relat-  
3                         ing to the matter before the court.

4                         “(C) NOTICE.—If a court issues a tem-  
5                         porary ex parte extreme risk protection order,  
6                         the court shall provide notice of the temporary  
7                         ex parte firearm violence order to the respond-  
8                         ent concurrently with the notice of hearing re-  
9                         quired under paragraph (2)(A)(i)(II).

10                         “(D) CONTENTS OF ORDER.—If a court  
11                         issues a temporary ex parte extreme risk pro-  
12                         tection order, the order shall include, at a min-  
13                         imum—

14                         “(i) a statement for the grounds of  
15                         the order;

16                         “(ii) the date on which the order was  
17                         issued;

18                         “(iii) the date and time of the hearing  
19                         on the extreme risk protection order;

20                         “(iv) the address of the court in which  
21                         a responsive pleading may be filed;

22                         “(v) a clear description of the require-  
23                         ments and process for surrender of fire-  
24                         arms and ammunition; and

1                     “(vi) a clear statement outlining the  
2                     prohibitions and rights of the respondent  
3                     under the order, including—

4                     “(I) a clear statement that the  
5                     respondent may consult an attorney;  
6                     and

7                     “(II) a clear statement that fail-  
8                     ure of the respondent to appear at the  
9                     hearing described in clause (iii) may  
10                    result in an extreme risk protection  
11                    order being issued for a period not to  
12                    exceed 12 months.

13                   “(4) TERMINATION AND EXTENSION OF EX-  
14                   TREME RISK PROTECTION ORDERS.—

15                   “(A) HEARING TO VACATE ORDER.—

16                   “(i) IN GENERAL.—A respondent may  
17                   request not less than 1 hearing to vacate  
18                   an extreme risk protection order issued  
19                   against the respondent.

20                   “(ii) HEARING.—Not later than 30  
21                   days after the date on which a petitioner  
22                   is notified of the request of the respondent  
23                   to vacate an extreme risk protection order,  
24                   the court shall conduct a hearing on the  
25                   request.

1                     “(iii) DETERMINATION.—

2                     “(I) IN GENERAL.—The court  
3 shall vacate an extreme risk protec-  
4 tion order if the respondent dem-  
5 onstrates by clear and convincing evi-  
6 dence that the respondent does not  
7 pose a significant danger of causing  
8 personal injury to himself or herself  
9 or others by having in his or her cus-  
10 tody or control, or by purchasing, pos-  
11 ssesing, or receiving, a firearm or am-  
12 munition.

13                     “(II) CONSIDERATIONS.—In  
14 making a determination under this  
15 subparagraph, the court may consider  
16 relevant evidence, such as—

17                     “(aa) a recent threat or act  
18 of violence by the respondent  
19 against himself or herself or oth-  
20 ers;

21                     “(bb) a threat or act of vio-  
22 lence by the respondent against  
23 himself or herself or others in the  
24 past 12 months;

- 1                 “(cc) evidence of a serious  
2                 mental illness;
- 3                 “(dd) a previously issued ex-  
4                 treme risk protection order or a  
5                 violation of a previously issued  
6                 extreme risk protection order;
- 7                 “(ee) whether the respond-  
8                 ent has been convicted of a crime  
9                 of domestic violence or other vio-  
10                 lence;
- 11                 “(ff) whether the respondent  
12                 has used or threatened to use  
13                 weapons against himself or her-  
14                 self or others;
- 15                 “(gg) the unlawful use of a  
16                 firearm by the respondent;
- 17                 “(hh) the recurring use or  
18                 threat of use of physical force  
19                 against another person or stalk-  
20                 ing another person;
- 21                 “(ii) corroborated evidence  
22                 of the abuse of controlled sub-  
23                 stances or alcohol by the re-  
24                 spondent;

1                         “(jj) relevant information  
2                         from family or household mem-  
3                         bers concerning the respondent;

4                         and

5                         “(kk) witness testimony  
6                         taken while the witness is under  
7                         oath relating to the matter before  
8                         the court.

9                         “(iv) NOTICE TO LAW ENFORCEMENT  
10                         OFFICIALS.—If a court vacates an extreme  
11                         risk protection order under this subpara-  
12                         graph, the court shall provide notice to the  
13                         relevant law enforcement agency of such  
14                         determination and the law enforcement  
15                         agency shall promptly return any surren-  
16                         dered firearms and ammunition to the re-  
17                         spondent.

18                         “(B) EXTENSION OF ORDER.—

19                         “(i) NOTICE TO PETITIONER.—Not  
20                         later than 30 days before the date on  
21                         which an extreme risk protection order is  
22                         set to expire, the court shall provide notice  
23                         to the petitioner of such expiration date.

24                         “(ii) REQUEST FOR EXTENSION.—  
25                         During the 30-day period described in

1           clause (i), a petitioner may submit a re-  
2           quest to extend the extreme risk protection  
3           order.

4           “(iii) HEARING.—Upon receipt of a  
5           request for an extension under clause (ii),  
6           the court shall schedule, provide notice for,  
7           and conduct a hearing in accordance with  
8           the requirements described in paragraph  
9           (2)(A).

10          “(iv) DETERMINATION.—If a court  
11         finds that there is clear and convincing evi-  
12         dence that the respondent poses a signifi-  
13         cant danger of causing personal injury to  
14         himself or herself or others by having in  
15         his or her custody or control, or by pur-  
16         chasing, possessing, or receiving, a firearm  
17         or ammunition, the court shall extend the  
18         extreme risk protection order for a period  
19         the court determines is appropriate, which  
20         may not exceed 12 months.

21          “(5) AUTHORITY TO SUBMIT PETITION.—For  
22         purposes of this subsection, a qualifying State or  
23         Tribal law shall be considered to have met the min-  
24         imum requirement described in paragraph (1)(A) if,  
25         under the qualifying State or Tribal law, only a law

1 enforcement officer is authorized to submit a peti-  
2 tion for an extreme risk protection order.

3 “(c) MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR SURRENDER OF  
4 FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION.—A qualifying State or trib-  
5 al law shall have in effect the following minimum require-  
6 ments for the surrender of firearms and ammunition:

7 “(1) SURRENDER OF FIREARMS AND AMMUNI-  
8 TION.—Upon issuance of a temporary ex parte ex-  
9 treme risk protection order or extreme risk protec-  
10 tion order under subsection (b), a respondent shall  
11 surrender all firearms and ammunition in the cus-  
12 tody or control of the respondent to the appropriate  
13 local law enforcement agency, as determined by the  
14 State or Indian tribe.

15 “(2) RECEIPT FOR SURRENDERED FIREARMS  
16 AND AMMUNITION.—The local law enforcement  
17 agency that takes custody of any firearms or ammu-  
18 nition surrendered under paragraph (1) shall—

19 “(A) issue to the respondent a receipt  
20 identifying all firearms and ammunition that  
21 have been surrendered; and

22 “(B) not later than 72 hours after taking  
23 custody of the firearms and ammunition, file a  
24 copy of such receipt with the court.

1           “(3) ISSUANCE OF WARRANT.—If a court re-  
2 ceives sworn testimony from an individual alleging  
3 that not all firearms required to be surrendered by  
4 a respondent under a temporary ex parte extreme  
5 risk protection order or extreme risk protection  
6 order have been surrendered, the court shall issue a  
7 warrant for the seizure of the remaining firearms or  
8 ammunition if the court determines that probable  
9 cause exists to believe the respondent has failed to  
10 surrender any firearms or ammunition.

11          “(d) OTHER REQUIREMENTS.—A qualifying State or  
12 tribal law shall—

13           “(1) make clear accommodations for the case in  
14 which an individual other than the respondent  
15 claims title to any firearms or ammunition required  
16 to be surrendered under a temporary ex parte ex-  
17 treme risk protection order or extreme risk protec-  
18 tion order;

19           “(2) have clear instruction about the immediate  
20 return of firearms to a respondent upon the expira-  
21 tion of a temporary ex parte extreme risk protection  
22 order or extreme risk protection order;

23           “(3) provide clear instructions for the reporting  
24 of a temporary ex parte extreme risk protection

1       order or extreme risk protection order to the appropriate Federal, State, and tribal databases;

3           “(4) establish a felony criminal offense for  
4       knowingly making a false statement under oath in a  
5       hearing relating to a temporary ex parte extreme  
6       risk protection order or extreme risk protection  
7       order regarding any material matter;

8           “(5) establish a felony criminal offense for an  
9       individual to receive or possess a firearm or ammunition  
10      with knowledge that the individual is subject  
11      to a temporary ex parte extreme risk protection  
12      order or extreme risk protection order;

13           “(6) a clear statement that use of the authority  
14       in the qualifying State or tribal law does not affect  
15       the ability of a law enforcement officer to use any  
16       other lawful authority to effect the surrender of a  
17       firearm, ammunition, or concealed carry permit; and

18           “(7) clear direction for State or tribal courts to  
19       implement the procedures described in this section.

20       “**(e) ADDITIONAL AUTHORITY.**—A qualifying State  
21       or tribal law may provide for—

22           “(1) notice and hearing requirements in addition  
23       to the requirements described in this section;

24           “(2) a timely background check under Federal  
25       and State law before a law enforcement agency re-

1 turns any surrendered firearms and ammunition to  
2 a respondent after the expiration of a temporary ex  
3 parte extreme risk protection order or extreme risk  
4 protection order;

5 “(3) a requirement that family or household  
6 members of a respondent be notified before a law  
7 enforcement agency returns any surrendered fire-  
8 arms and ammunition to the respondent; and

9 “(4) an option for a respondent to elect to  
10 transfer all firearms and ammunition owned by the  
11 respondent that have been ordered to be surrendered  
12 or seized to another individual who is willing to re-  
13 ceive them, if such individual—

14 “(A) is currently eligible to own or possess  
15 such firearms and ammunition under Federal  
16 and State law, and a background check is con-  
17 ducted;

18 “(B) attests to storing the firearms or am-  
19 munition in a manner so that respondent does  
20 not have access; and

21 “(C) attests to not transfer the firearms or  
22 ammunition back to respondent until after the  
23 date on which the order expires or is vacated.

24 “(f) LIMITATIONS.—A qualifying State or tribal law  
25 may not—

1           “(1) at any point require or allow for the sur-  
2 render of any firearm or ammunition without the  
3 issuance of a court order;

4           “(2) provide for the issuance of a temporary ex  
5 parte extreme risk protection order or extreme risk  
6 protection order without sworn affidavits or testi-  
7 mony;

8           “(3) establish criminal penalties for false allega-  
9 tions or false testimony in connection with a tem-  
10 porary ex parte extreme risk protection order or ex-  
11 treme risk protection order that are less than a fel-  
12 ony under State or tribal law;

13           “(4) allow for witness testimony in connection  
14 with a temporary ex parte extreme risk protection  
15 order or extreme risk protection order that is not  
16 sworn or under oath;

17           “(5) prohibit or otherwise discourage the re-  
18 spondent from consulting or retaining an attorney;

19           “(6) allow a law enforcement officer or other  
20 custodian of a firearm or any ammunition surren-  
21 dered pursuant to a court order under the qualifying  
22 State or tribal law to destroy, disable, sell, assert  
23 ownership over, dispose of, use or otherwise employ,  
24 harm, or dispense with the firearm or ammunition;  
25 or

1               “(7) allow for the ordering of a sequential se-  
2       ries of ex parte extreme risk protection orders  
3       against a respondent based on the same evidence  
4       used to order the initial ex parte extreme risk pro-  
5       tection order against the respondent.

6               “(g) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in sub-  
7       section (f)(1) shall be construed to limit or have an effect  
8       on any State or Federal law other than a qualifying State  
9       or tribal law.

10 **“SEC. 3043. VIOLENCE PREVENTION GRANT PROGRAM.**

11               “(a) IN GENERAL.—The Assistant Attorney General  
12       shall make grants to an eligible State or Indian tribe to  
13       assist the State or Indian tribe in carrying out the provi-  
14       sions of a qualifying State or tribal law.

15               “(b) ELIGIBLE STATE OR INDIAN TRIBE.—

16               “(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-  
17       graph (2), a State or Indian tribe shall be eligible  
18       to receive grants under this section on and after the  
19       date on which—

20               “(A) the State or Indian tribe enacts a  
21       qualifying State or tribal law; and

22               “(B) the Attorney General determines that  
23       the State or tribal law complies with the re-  
24       quirements of section 3042.

25               “(2) FIRST YEAR ELIGIBILITY EXCEPTION.—

1                 “(A) IN GENERAL.—A covered State or In-  
2                 dian tribe shall be eligible to receive a grant  
3                 under this section during the 1-year period be-  
4                 ginning on the date of enactment of this part.

5                 “(B) COVERED STATE OR INDIAN TRIBE.—  
6                 In this paragraph, the term ‘covered State or  
7                 Indian tribe’ means a State or Indian tribe  
8                 that, before the date of enactment of this part,  
9                 enacted legislation that—

10                 “(i) authorizes the issuance of a gun  
11                 violence restraining order or extreme risk  
12                 protection order similar to a violence pre-  
13                 vention order described in this part; and

14                 “(ii) requires a standard of proof for  
15                 the issuance of a gun violence restraining  
16                 order or extreme risk protection order de-  
17                 scribed in clause (i) that is substantially  
18                 similar to the standard of proof required  
19                 under this part.

20                 “(c) USE OF FUNDS.—Funds awarded under this  
21                 section may be used by a State or Indian tribe to assist  
22                 law enforcement agencies or the courts of the State or In-  
23                 dian tribe in carrying out the provisions of the qualifying  
24                 State or tribal law.

1       “(d) APPLICATION.—An eligible State or Indian tribe  
2 desiring a grant under this section shall submit to the As-  
3 sistant Attorney General an application at such time, in  
4 such manner, and containing or accompanied by such in-  
5 formation, as the Assistant Attorney General may reason-  
6 ably require.

7       “(e) INCENTIVES.—For each of fiscal years 2019  
8 through 2023, the Attorney General shall give affirmative  
9 preference to all Bureau of Justice Assistance discre-  
10 tionary grant applications of a State or Indian tribe that  
11 has enacted a qualifying State or tribal law.

12 **“SEC. 3044. FULL FAITH AND CREDIT.**

13       “Any violence prevention order issued under a State  
14 or tribal law enacted in accordance with this part shall  
15 have the same full faith and credit in every court within  
16 the United States as they have by law or usage in the  
17 courts of such State or Indian tribe from which they are  
18 issued.”.

19       (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section  
20 1001(a) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe  
21 Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10261(a)) is amended by  
22 adding at the end the following:

23       “(28) There are authorized to be appropriated to  
24 carry out part NN \$20,000,000 for each of fiscal years  
25 2019 through 2023.”.

1   **SEC. 4. FEDERAL FIREARMS PROHIBITION.**

2       Section 922 of title 18, United States Code, is

3   amended—

4           (1) in subsection (d)—

5              (A) in paragraph (8)(B)(ii), by striking  
6              “or” at the end;

7              (B) in paragraph (9), by striking the pe-  
8              riod at the end and inserting “; or”; and

9              (C) by inserting after paragraph (9) the  
10             following:

11           “(10) is subject to a court order that—

12              “(A) was issued after a hearing of which  
13              such person received actual notice, and at which  
14              such person had an opportunity to participate;

15              “(B) restrains such person from possessing  
16              and purchasing a firearm; and

17              “(C) includes a finding that such person  
18              poses a significant danger of causing personal  
19              injury to himself or herself or other persons.”;

20           and

21           (2) in subsection (g)—

22              (A) in paragraph (8)(C)(ii), by striking  
23              “or” at the end;

24              (B) in paragraph (9), by striking the  
25              comma at the end and inserting “; or”; and

3           “(10) who is subject to a court order that—

4               “(A) was issued after a hearing of which  
5               such person received actual notice, and at which  
6               such person had an opportunity to participate;

7                   “(B) restrains such person from possessing  
8                   and purchasing a firearm; and

9               “(C) includes a finding that such person  
10          poses a significant danger of causing personal  
11          injury to himself or herself or other persons.”.

## 12 SEC. 5. SEVERABILITY; RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.

(a) SEVERABILITY.—If any provision of this Act, or  
an amendment made by this Act, or the application of  
such provision to any person or circumstance, is held to  
be invalid, the remainder of this Act, or an amendment  
made by this Act, or the application of such provision to  
other persons or circumstances, shall not be affected.

19           (b) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this Act,  
20 or an amendment made by this Act, shall be construed  
21 to—

1       ject of an extreme risk protection order, or higher  
2       standards of proof; or

3               (2) supersede or contradict any State or tribal  
4       law enacted before or after the date of enactment of  
5       this Act relating to the removal of firearms from in-  
6       dividuals determined to be a danger to themselves or  
7       others.

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