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H.B. 149 1st Sub. (Buff)

Representative Earl D. Tanner proposes the following substitute bill:

1	AMENDMENTS TO UTAH EXEMPTIONS ACT
2	2013 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Earl D. Tanner
5	Senate Sponsor: Todd Weiler
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill makes changes and additions to the Utah Exemptions Act for bankruptcy.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 updates dollar amounts for a debtor's primary personal residence and certain
13	personal property;
14	adds an exemption for firearms and ammunition;
15	provides an exemption for unpaid earnings;
16	exempts a motor vehicle used by an individual in the individual's business, trade, or
17	profession; and
18	permits certain nonresidents to use the federal exemptions.
19	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
20	None
21	Other Special Clauses:
22	None
23	Utah Code Sections Affected:
24	AMENDS:
25	78B-5-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 131



26	78B-5-505, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
27	78B-5-506, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
28	78B-5-513, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
29	
30	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
31	Section 1. Section 78B-5-503 is amended to read:
32	78B-5-503. Homestead exemption Definitions Excepted obligations Water
33	rights and interests Conveyance Sale and disposition Property right for federal tax
34	purposes.
35	(1) For purposes of this section:
36	(a) "Household" means a group of persons related by blood or marriage living together
37	in the same dwelling as an economic unit, sharing furnishings, facilities, accommodations, and
38	expenses.
39	(b) "Mobile home" is as defined in Section 57-16-3.
40	(c) "Primary personal residence" means a dwelling or mobile home, and the land
41	surrounding it, not exceeding one acre, as is reasonably necessary for the use of the dwelling or
42	mobile home, in which the individual and the individual's household reside.
43	(d) "Property" means:
44	(i) a primary personal residence;
45	(ii) real property; or
46	(iii) an equitable interest in real property awarded to a person in a divorce decree by a
47	court.
48	(2) (a) An individual is entitled to a homestead exemption consisting of property in this
49	state in an amount not exceeding:
50	(i) \$5,000 in value if the property consists in whole or in part of property which is not
51	the primary personal residence of the individual; or
52	(ii) $[\$20,000]$ $\mathbf{\hat{H}} \Rightarrow \mathbf{\hat{S}} \rightarrow [\texttt{f}] \$30,000$ $[\texttt{f}]$ $[\$40,000]$ $\leftarrow \mathbf{\hat{S}} \leftarrow \mathbf{\hat{H}}$ in value if the property claimed is
	the primary
52a	personal
53	residence of the individual.
54	(b) If the property claimed as exempt is jointly owned, each joint owner is entitled to a
55	homestead exemption; however
56	(i) for property exempt under Subsection (2)(a)(i), the maximum exemption may not

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purchase of another.

57	exceed \$10,000 per household; or
58	(ii) for property exempt under Subsection (2)(a)(ii), the maximum exemption may not
59	exceed [\$\frac{40,000}{1}\$] $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \hat{\mathbf{S}} \rightarrow [f] \frac{\$60,000}{1} [f] [\frac{\$80,000}{1}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{S}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ per household.
60	(c) A person may claim a homestead exemption in either or both of the following:
61	(i) one or more parcels of real property together with appurtenances and improvements;
62	or
63	(ii) a mobile home in which the claimant resides.
64	(d) A person may not claim a homestead exemption for property that the person
65	acquired as a result of criminal activity.
66	(3) A homestead is exempt from judicial lien and from levy, execution, or forced sale
67	except for:
68	(a) statutory liens for property taxes and assessments on the property;
69	(b) security interests in the property and judicial liens for debts created for the purchase
70	price of the property;
71	(c) judicial liens obtained on debts created by failure to provide support or maintenance
72	for dependent children; and
73	(d) consensual liens obtained on debts created by mutual contract.
74	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), water rights and interests, either in the
75	form of corporate stock or otherwise, owned by the homestead claimant are exempt from
76	execution to the extent that those rights and interests are necessarily employed in supplying
77	water to the homestead for domestic and irrigating purposes.
78	(b) Those water rights and interests are not exempt from calls or assessments and sale
79	by the corporations issuing the stock.
80	(5) (a) When a homestead is conveyed by the owner of the property, the conveyance
81	may not subject the property to any lien to which it would not be subject in the hands of the
82	owner.
83	(b) The proceeds of any sale, to the amount of the exemption existing at the time of
84	sale, is exempt from levy, execution, or other process for one year after the receipt of the
85	proceeds by the person entitled to the exemption.

(6) The sale and disposition of one homestead does not prevent the selection or

88	(/) For purposes of any claim or action for taxes brought by the United States Internal
89	Revenue Service, a homestead exemption claimed on real property in this state is considered to
90	be a property right.
91	Section 2. Section 78B-5-505 is amended to read:
92	78B-5-505. Property exempt from execution.
93	(1) (a) An individual is entitled to exemption of the following property:
94	(i) a burial plot for the individual and the individual's family;
95	(ii) health aids reasonably necessary to enable the individual or a dependent to work or
96	sustain health;
97	(iii) benefits the individual or the individual's dependent have received or are entitled
98	to receive from any source because of:
99	(A) disability;
100	(B) illness; or
101	(C) unemployment;
102	(iv) benefits paid or payable for medical, surgical, or hospital care to the extent they are
103	used by an individual or the individual's dependent to pay for that care;
104	(v) veterans benefits;
105	(vi) money or property received, and rights to receive money or property for child
106	support;
107	(vii) money or property received, and rights to receive money or property for alimony
108	or separate maintenance, to the extent reasonably necessary for the support of the individual
109	and the individual's dependents;
110	(viii) (A) one:
111	(I) clothes washer and dryer;
112	(II) refrigerator;
113	(III) freezer;
114	(IV) stove;
115	(V) microwave oven; and
116	(VI) sewing machine;
117	(B) all carpets in use;
118	(C) provisions sufficient for 12 months actually provided for individual or family use;

119	(D) all wearing apparel of every individual and dependent, not including jewelry or
120	furs; and
121	(E) all beds and bedding for every individual or dependent;
122	(ix) except for works of art held by the debtor as part of a trade or business, works of
123	art:
124	(A) depicting the debtor or the debtor and his resident family; or
125	(B) produced by the debtor or the debtor and his resident family;
126	(x) proceeds of insurance, a judgment, or a settlement, or other rights accruing as a
127	result of bodily injury of the individual or of the wrongful death or bodily injury of another
128	individual of whom the individual was or is a dependent to the extent that those proceeds are
129	compensatory;
130	(xi) the proceeds or benefits of any life insurance contracts or policies paid or payable
131	to the debtor or any trust of which the debtor is a beneficiary upon the death of the spouse or
132	children of the debtor, provided that the contract or policy has been owned by the debtor for a
133	continuous unexpired period of one year;
134	(xii) the proceeds or benefits of any life insurance contracts or policies paid or payable
135	to the spouse or children of the debtor or any trust of which the spouse or children are
136	beneficiaries upon the death of the debtor, provided that the contract or policy has been in
137	existence for a continuous unexpired period of one year;
138	(xiii) proceeds and avails of any unmatured life insurance contracts owned by the
139	debtor or any revocable grantor trust created by the debtor, excluding any payments made on
140	the contract during the one year immediately preceding a creditor's levy or execution;
141	(xiv) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), any money or other assets held for or
142	payable to the individual as a participant or beneficiary from or an interest of the individual as
143	a participant or beneficiary in a retirement plan or arrangement that is described in Section
144	401(a), 401(h), 401(k), 403(a), 403(b), 408, 408A, 409, 414(d), [or] 414(e), or 457, Internal
145	Revenue Code; [and]
146	(xv) the interest of or any money or other assets payable to an alternate payee under a
147	qualified domestic relations order as those terms are defined in Section 414(p), Internal
148	Revenue Code[:]; and
149	(xvi) unpaid earnings of the household of the filing individual due as of the date of the

150	filing of a bankruptcy petition in the amount of 1/24 of the Utah State annual median family
151	income for the household size of the filing individual as determined by the Utah State annual
152	Median Family Income reported by the United States Census Bureau and as adjusted based
153	upon the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for individual whose unpaid earnings
154	are paid more often than once a month or, if unpaid earnings are not paid more often than once
155	a month, then in the amount of 1/12 of the Utah State annual median family income for the
156	household size of the individual as determined by the Utah State Annual Median Family
157	Income reported by the United States Census Bureau and as adjusted based upon the Consumer
158	Price Index for All Urban Consumers.
159	(b) The exemption granted by Subsection (1)(a)(xiv) does not apply to:
160	(i) an alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order, as those terms are
161	defined in Section 414(p), Internal Revenue Code; or
162	(ii) amounts contributed or benefits accrued by or on behalf of a debtor within one year
163	before the debtor files for bankruptcy. This may not include amounts directly rolled over from
164	other funds which are exempt from attachment under this section.
165	(2) The exemptions in Subsections (1)(a)(xi), (xii), and (xiii) do not apply to proceeds
166	and avails of any matured or unmatured life insurance contract assigned or pledged as collateral
167	for repayment of a loan or other legal obligation.
168	(3) Exemptions under this section do not limit items that may be claimed as exempt
169	under Section 78B-5-506.
170	Section 3. Section 78B-5-506 is amended to read:
171	78B-5-506. Value of exempt property Exemption of implements, professional
172	books, tools, and motor vehicles.
173	(1) An individual is entitled to exemption of the following property up to an aggregate
174	value of items in each subsection of $[\$500]$ $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \hat{\mathbf{S}} \rightarrow [\texttt{f}] \$1,000$ $[\texttt{f}]$ $[\$2,500]$ $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{S}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$:
175	(a) sofas, chairs, and related furnishings reasonably necessary for one household;
176	(b) dining and kitchen tables and chairs reasonably necessary for one household;
177	(c) animals, books, and musical instruments, if reasonably held for the personal use of
178	the individual or [his] the individual's dependents; [and]
179	(d) heirlooms or other items of particular sentimental value to the individual[-]; and
180	(e) firearms and ammunition not included in other exemption categories in the amount

181	of \$250 per individual, and not more than \$500 per household.
182	(2) An individual is entitled to an exemption, not exceeding [\$3,500] \$5,000 in
183	aggregate value, of implements, professional books, or tools of [his] the individual's trade,
184	including motor vehicles to which no other exemption has been applied, and that are actually
185	used by the individual in the individual's principal business, trade, or profession.
186	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "motor vehicle" does not include any motor
187	vehicle designed for or used primarily for recreational purposes, such as:
188	(i) an off-highway vehicle as defined in Section 41-22-2, except a motorcycle the
189	individual regularly uses for daily transportation; or
190	(ii) a recreational vehicle as defined in Section 13-14-102, except a van the individual
191	regularly uses for daily transportation.
192	(b) An individual is entitled to an exemption, not exceeding [\$2,500]
192a	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \hat{\mathbf{S}} \rightarrow [f] \hat{\mathbf{S}} \hat{\mathbf{S}},000 [f] [\hat{\mathbf{S}} \hat{\mathbf{S}},000] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{S}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ in value,
193	of one motor vehicle.
194	(4) This section does not affect property exempt under Section 78B-5-505.
195	Section 4. Section 78B-5-513 is amended to read:
196	78B-5-513. Exemption provisions applicable in bankruptcy proceedings.
197	[No] An individual may not exempt from the property of the estate in any bankruptcy
198	proceeding the property specified in Subsection (d) of Section 522 of the Bankruptcy Reform
199	Act (Public Law 95-598), [except as expressly permitted under this part] unless the individual
200	is a nonresident of this state and has been for the 180 days immediately preceding filing for
201	bankruptcy.