1	CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTION AND PUBLIC SERVICE
2	ASSISTANCE DISCLOSURE AMENDMENTS
3	2015 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Kraig Powell
6	Senate Sponsor:
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill modifies the Election Code by amending provisions relating to campaign
11	contributions and public service assistance.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	 requires the lieutenant governor to establish and maintain, on the lieutenant
15	governor's website, a searchable database of reporting entities, principals, and
16	lobbyists;
17	requires a detailed listing in a financial statement to indicate whether the individual
18	or source that makes a contribution or provides public service assistance is a
19	reporting entity, principal, or lobbyist;
20	 imposes criminal penalties and a civil fine against a reporting entity that fails to
21	timely file a corrected financial statement after the lieutenant governor provides
22	notice that the reporting entity failed to comply with the requirements described in
23	the preceding paragraph; and
24	makes technical changes.
25	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
26	None
27	Other Special Clauses:



28	None
29	Utah Code Sections Affected:
30	AMENDS:
31	20A-11-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 18, 158, and 337
32	ENACTS:
33	20A-11-105 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
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35	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
36	Section 1. Section 20A-11-101 is amended to read:
37	20A-11-101. Definitions.
38	As used in this chapter:
39	(1) "Address" means the number and street where an individual resides or where a
40	reporting entity has its principal office.
41	(2) "Agent of a reporting entity" means:
42	(a) a person acting on behalf of a reporting entity at the direction of the reporting
43	entity;
44	(b) a person employed by a reporting entity in the reporting entity's capacity as a
45	reporting entity;
46	(c) the personal campaign committee of a candidate or officeholder;
47	(d) a member of the personal campaign committee of a candidate or officeholder in the
48	member's capacity as a member of the personal campaign committee of the candidate or
49	officeholder; or
50	(e) a political consultant of a reporting entity.
51	(3) "Ballot proposition" includes initiatives, referenda, proposed constitutional
52	amendments, and any other ballot propositions submitted to the voters that are authorized by
53	the Utah Code Annotated 1953.
54	(4) "Candidate" means any person who:
55	(a) files a declaration of candidacy for a public office; or
56	(b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to
57	receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election
58	to a public office.

59 (5) "Chief election officer" means:

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- (a) the lieutenant governor for state office candidates, legislative office candidates, officeholders, political parties, political action committees, corporations, political issues committees, state school board candidates, judges, and labor organizations, as defined in Section 20A-11-1501; and
 - (b) the county clerk for local school board candidates.
 - (6) (a) "Contribution" means any of the following when done for political purposes:
- (i) a gift, subscription, donation, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of value given to the filing entity;
- (ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a gift, subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of value to the filing entity;
 - (iii) any transfer of funds from another reporting entity to the filing entity;
- (iv) compensation paid by any person or reporting entity other than the filing entity for personal services provided without charge to the filing entity;
 - (v) remuneration from:
- 75 (A) any organization or its directly affiliated organization that has a registered lobbyist; 76 or
 - (B) any agency or subdivision of the state, including school districts;
 - (vi) a loan made by a candidate deposited to the candidate's own campaign; and
- 79 (vii) in-kind contributions.
 - (b) "Contribution" does not include:
 - (i) services provided by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf of the filing entity if the services are provided without compensation by the filing entity or any other person;
 - (ii) money lent to the filing entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of business; or
 - (iii) goods or services provided for the benefit of a candidate or political party at less than fair market value that are not authorized by or coordinated with the candidate or political party.
 - (7) "Coordinated with" means that goods or services provided for the benefit of a

90 candidate or political party are provided:

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(a) with the candidate's or political party's prior knowledge, if the candidate or political party does not object;

- (b) by agreement with the candidate or political party;
- (c) in coordination with the candidate or political party; or
- (d) using official logos, slogans, and similar elements belonging to a candidate or political party.
- (8) (a) "Corporation" means a domestic or foreign, profit or nonprofit, business organization that is registered as a corporation or is authorized to do business in a state and makes any expenditure from corporate funds for:
 - (i) the purpose of expressly advocating for political purposes; or
- (ii) the purpose of expressly advocating the approval or the defeat of any ballotproposition.
 - (b) "Corporation" does not mean:
 - (i) a business organization's political action committee or political issues committee; or
 - (ii) a business entity organized as a partnership or a sole proprietorship.
 - (9) "County political party" means, for each registered political party, all of the persons within a single county who, under definitions established by the political party, are members of the registered political party.
 - (10) "County political party officer" means a person whose name is required to be submitted by a county political party to the lieutenant governor in accordance with Section 20A-8-402.
 - (11) "Detailed listing" means:
 - (a) for each contribution or public service assistance:
 - (i) the name and address of the individual or source making the contribution or public service assistance;
 - (ii) if, when the reporting entity files the financial statement, the individual or source that made the contribution or provided the public service assistance being reported is listed on the lieutenant governor's website as a reporting entity, a principal as defined in Section 36-11-102, or a lobbyist as defined in Section 36-11-102, an indication that the individual or source is:

121	(A) a reporting entity;
122	(B) a principal as defined in Section 36-11-102; or
123	(C) a lobbyist as defined in Section 36-11-102;
124	[(iii)] (iii) the amount or value of the contribution or public service assistance; and
125	[(iii)] (iv) the date the contribution or public service assistance was made; and
126	(b) for each expenditure:
127	(i) the amount of the expenditure;
128	(ii) the person or entity to whom it was disbursed;
129	(iii) the specific purpose, item, or service acquired by the expenditure; and
130	(iv) the date the expenditure was made.
131	(12) (a) "Donor" means a person that gives money, including a fee, due, or assessment
132	for membership in the corporation, to a corporation without receiving full and adequate
133	consideration for the money.
134	(b) "Donor" does not include a person that signs a statement that the corporation may
135	not use the money for an expenditure or political issues expenditure.
136	(13) "Election" means each:
137	(a) regular general election;
138	(b) regular primary election; and
139	(c) special election at which candidates are eliminated and selected.
140	(14) "Electioneering communication" means a communication that:
141	(a) has at least a value of \$10,000;
142	(b) clearly identifies a candidate or judge; and
143	(c) is disseminated through the Internet, newspaper, magazine, outdoor advertising
144	facility, direct mailing, broadcast, cable, or satellite provider within 45 days of the clearly
145	identified candidate's or judge's election date.
146	(15) (a) "Expenditure" means any of the following made by a reporting entity or an
147	agent of a reporting entity on behalf of the reporting entity:
148	(i) any disbursement from contributions, receipts, or from the separate bank account
149	required by this chapter;
150	(ii) a purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money,
151	or anything of value made for political purposes;

(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, or anything of value for political purposes;

(iv) compensation paid by a filing entity for personal services rendered by a person without charge to a reporting entity;

(v) a transfer of funds between the filing entity and a candidate's personal campaign

- committee; or
 - (vi) goods or services provided by the filing entity to or for the benefit of another reporting entity for political purposes at less than fair market value.
 - (b) "Expenditure" does not include:

- (i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf of a reporting entity;
- (ii) money lent to a reporting entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of business; or
- (iii) anything listed in Subsection (15)(a) that is given by a reporting entity to candidates for office or officeholders in states other than Utah.
- (16) "Federal office" means the office of president of the United States, United States Senator, or United States Representative.
- (17) "Filing entity" means the reporting entity that is required to file a financial statement required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial Retention Elections.
- (18) "Financial statement" includes any summary report, interim report, verified financial statement, or other statement disclosing contributions, expenditures, receipts, donations, or disbursements that is required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial Retention Elections.
- (19) "Governing board" means the individual or group of individuals that determine the candidates and committees that will receive expenditures from a political action committee, political party, or corporation.
- (20) "Incorporation" means the process established by Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 1, Incorporation, by which a geographical area becomes legally recognized as a city or town.
- 181 (21) "Incorporation election" means the election authorized by Section 10-2-111 or 10-2-127.

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183	(22) "Incorporation petition" means a petition authorized by Section 10-2-109 or
184	10-2-125.
185	(23) "Individual" means a natural person.
186	(24) "In-kind contribution" means anything of value, other than money, that is accepted
187	by or coordinated with a filing entity.
188	(25) "Interim report" means a report identifying the contributions received and
189	expenditures made since the last report.
190	(26) "Legislative office" means the office of state senator, state representative, speaker
191	of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader, whip, and assistant
192	whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature.
193	(27) "Legislative office candidate" means a person who:
194	(a) files a declaration of candidacy for the office of state senator or state representative;
195	(b) declares oneself to be a candidate for, or actively campaigns for, the position of
196	speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, or the leader, whip, and
197	assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature; or
198	(c) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to
199	receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination, election, or
200	appointment to a legislative office.
201	(28) "Major political party" means either of the two registered political parties that
202	have the greatest number of members elected to the two houses of the Legislature.
203	(29) "Officeholder" means a person who holds a public office.
204	(30) "Party committee" means any committee organized by or authorized by the
205	governing board of a registered political party.
206	(31) "Person" means both natural and legal persons, including individuals, business
207	organizations, personal campaign committees, party committees, political action committees,
208	political issues committees, and labor organizations, as defined in Section 20A-11-1501.
209	(32) "Personal campaign committee" means the committee appointed by a candidate to
210	act for the candidate as provided in this chapter.

(33) "Personal use expenditure" has the same meaning as provided under Section

(34) (a) "Political action committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or

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20A-11-104.

214 entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to:

- (i) solicit or receive contributions from any other person, group, or entity for political purposes; or
- (ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or against any candidate or person seeking election to a municipal or county office.
- (b) "Political action committee" includes groups affiliated with a registered political party but not authorized or organized by the governing board of the registered political party that receive contributions or makes expenditures for political purposes.
 - (c) "Political action committee" does not mean:
- (i) a party committee;

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- (ii) any entity that provides goods or services to a candidate or committee in the regular course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public;
 - (iii) an individual;
- 227 (iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking account;
 - (v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political action committee; or
 - (vi) a personal campaign committee.
 - (35) (a) "Political consultant" means a person who is paid by a reporting entity, or paid by another person on behalf of and with the knowledge of the reporting entity, to provide political advice to the reporting entity.
 - (b) "Political consultant" includes a circumstance described in Subsection (35)(a), where the person:
 - (i) has already been paid, with money or other consideration;
 - (ii) expects to be paid in the future, with money or other consideration; or
 - (iii) understands that the person may, in the discretion of the reporting entity or another person on behalf of and with the knowledge of the reporting entity, be paid in the future, with money or other consideration.
 - (36) "Political convention" means a county or state political convention held by a registered political party to select candidates.
- 244 (37) (a) "Political issues committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or

245 entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to:

- (i) solicit or receive donations from any other person, group, or entity to assist in placing a ballot proposition on the ballot, assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot, or to advocate that a voter refrain from voting or vote for or vote against any ballot proposition;
- (ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for any person to sign or refuse to sign a ballot proposition or incorporation petition or refrain from voting, vote for, or vote against any proposed ballot proposition or an incorporation in an incorporation election; or
- (iii) make expenditures to assist in qualifying or placing a ballot proposition on the ballot or to assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot.
 - (b) "Political issues committee" does not mean:
 - (i) a registered political party or a party committee;
- (ii) any entity that provides goods or services to an individual or committee in the regular course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public;
 - (iii) an individual;

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- (iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking account; or
- (v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political issues committee.
 - (38) (a) "Political issues contribution" means any of the following:
- (i) a gift, subscription, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of value given to a political issues committee;
- (ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a political issues donation to influence the approval or defeat of any ballot proposition;
- (iii) any transfer of funds received by a political issues committee from a reporting entity;
- (iv) compensation paid by another reporting entity for personal services rendered without charge to a political issues committee; and
- (v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of a political issues committee at less than fair market value.
 - (b) "Political issues contribution" does not include:
- 275 (i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all

- of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or
- 277 (ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary 278 course of business.
 - (39) (a) "Political issues expenditure" means any of the following when made by a political issues committee or on behalf of a political issues committee by an agent of the reporting entity:
 - (i) any payment from political issues contributions made for the purpose of influencing the approval or the defeat of:
 - (A) a ballot proposition; or

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- (B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;
- (ii) a purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money made for the express purpose of influencing the approval or the defeat of:
 - (A) a ballot proposition; or
 - (B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;
- (iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any political issues expenditure;
- (iv) compensation paid by a reporting entity for personal services rendered by a person without charge to a political issues committee; or
- (v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of another reporting entity at less than fair market value.
 - (b) "Political issues expenditure" does not include:
- (i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or
- (ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary course of business.
- (40) "Political purposes" means an act done with the intent or in a way to influence or tend to influence, directly or indirectly, any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or against any candidate or a person seeking a municipal or county office at any caucus, political convention, or election.
- (41) (a) "Poll" means the survey of a person regarding the person's opinion or knowledge of an individual who has filed a declaration of candidacy for public office, or of a

307 ballot proposition that has legally qualified for placement on the ballot, which is conducted in 308 person or by telephone, facsimile, Internet, postal mail, or email. (b) "Poll" does not include: 309 310 (i) a ballot; or 311 (ii) an interview of a focus group that is conducted, in person, by one individual, if: 312 (A) the focus group consists of more than three, and less than thirteen, individuals; and 313 (B) all individuals in the focus group are present during the interview. (42) "Primary election" means any regular primary election held under the election 314 315 laws. 316 (43) "Public office" means the office of governor, lieutenant governor, state auditor, 317 state treasurer, attorney general, state school board member, state senator, state representative, 318 speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader, whip, and 319 assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature. 320 [(45)] (44) "Publicly identified class of individuals" means a group of 50 or more individuals sharing a common occupation, interest, or association that contribute to a political 321 322 action committee or political issues committee and whose names can be obtained by contacting 323 the political action committee or political issues committee upon whose financial statement the 324 individuals are listed. 325 [(44)] (45) (a) "Public service assistance" means the following when given or provided to an officeholder to defray the costs of functioning in a public office or aid the officeholder to 326 327 communicate with the officeholder's constituents: 328 (i) a gift, subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of 329 money or anything of value to an officeholder; or 330 (ii) goods or services provided at less than fair market value to or for the benefit of the 331 officeholder. 332 (b) "Public service assistance" does not include:

- 333 (i) anything provided by the state;

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- (ii) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf of an officeholder;
- 336 (iii) money lent to an officeholder by a financial institution in the ordinary course of 337 business;

338	(iv) news coverage or any publication by the news media; or
339	(v) any article, story, or other coverage as part of any regular publication of any
340	organization unless substantially all the publication is devoted to information about the
341	officeholder.
342	(46) "Receipts" means contributions and public service assistance.
343	(47) "Registered lobbyist" means a person registered under Title 36, Chapter 11,
344	Lobbyist Disclosure and Regulation Act.
345	(48) "Registered political action committee" means any political action committee that
346	is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the Office of the Lieutenant
347	Governor.
348	(49) "Registered political issues committee" means any political issues committee that
349	is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the Office of the Lieutenant
350	Governor.
351	(50) "Registered political party" means an organization of voters that:
352	(a) participated in the last regular general election and polled a total vote equal to 2%
353	or more of the total votes cast for all candidates for the United States House of Representatives
354	for any of its candidates for any office; or
355	(b) has complied with the petition and organizing procedures of Chapter 8, Political
356	Party Formation and Procedures.
357	(51) (a) "Remuneration" means a payment:
358	(i) made to a legislator for the period the Legislature is in session; and
359	(ii) that is approximately equivalent to an amount a legislator would have earned
360	during the period the Legislature is in session in the legislator's ordinary course of business.
361	(b) "Remuneration" does not mean anything of economic value given to a legislator by
362	(i) the legislator's primary employer in the ordinary course of business; or
363	(ii) a person or entity in the ordinary course of business:
364	(A) because of the legislator's ownership interest in the entity; or
365	(B) for services rendered by the legislator on behalf of the person or entity.
366	(52) "Reporting entity" means a candidate, a candidate's personal campaign committee.
367	a judge, a judge's personal campaign committee, an officeholder, a party committee, a political
368	action committee, a political issues committee, a corporation, or a labor organization, as

369	defined in Section 20A-11-1501.
370	(53) "School board office" means the office of state school board.
371	(54) (a) "Source" means the person or entity that is the legal owner of the tangible or
372	intangible asset that comprises the contribution.
373	(b) "Source" means, for political action committees and corporations, the political
374	action committee and the corporation as entities, not the contributors to the political action
375	committee or the owners or shareholders of the corporation.
376	(55) "State office" means the offices of governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general,
377	state auditor, and state treasurer.
378	(56) "State office candidate" means a person who:
379	(a) files a declaration of candidacy for a state office; or
380	(b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to
381	receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination, election, or
382	appointment to a state office.
383	(57) "Summary report" means the year end report containing the summary of a
384	reporting entity's contributions and expenditures.
385	(58) "Supervisory board" means the individual or group of individuals that allocate
386	expenditures from a political issues committee.
387	Section 2. Section 20A-11-105 is enacted to read:
388	20A-11-105. Database of reporting entities, principals, and lobbyists.
389	(1) As used in this section:
390	(a) "Lobbyist" means the same as that term is defined in Section 36-11-102.
391	(b) "Principal" means the same as that term is defined in Section 36-11-102.
392	(2) Beginning on July 1, 2015, the lieutenant governor shall establish and maintain a
393	database of each reporting entity, principal, or lobbyist.
394	(3) The lieutenant governor shall:
395	(a) ensure that the database described in Subsection (2):
396	(i) identifies whether each person in the database is a reporting entity, a principal, or a
397	lobbyist; and
398	(ii) is accessible and searchable by name from:
399	(A) a conspicuous link on the home page of the lieutenant governor's website; and

400	(B) the location on the lieutenant governor's website where a reporting entity completes
401	a financial statement; and
402	(b) keep a record of the day on which the lieutenant governor adds:
403	(i) a reporting entity, principal, or lobbyist to the database; or
404	(ii) a designation that a person in the database is a reporting entity, principal, or
405	<u>lobbyist.</u>
406	(4) (a) If it appears that a reporting entity has failed to include in a detailed listing an
407	indication required under Subsection 20A-11-101(11)(a)(ii), the lieutenant governor shall,
408	within five days after the day on which the lieutenant governor discovers the failure, notify the
409	reporting entity of the failure and direct the reporting entity to file a financial statement
410	correcting the failure.
411	(b) It is unlawful for a reporting entity to fail to file a corrected financial statement
412	described in Subsection (4)(a) within seven days after the day on which the reporting entity
413	receives the notice described in Subsection (4)(a).
414	(c) A reporting entity that violates Subsection (4)(b) is guilty of a class B
415	misdemeanor.
416	(d) The lieutenant governor shall report all violations of Subsection (4)(b) to the
417	attorney general.
418	(e) In addition to the criminal penalty described in Subsection (4)(c), the lieutenant
419	governor shall impose a civil fine of \$100 against a reporting entity that violates Subsection
420	<u>(4)(b).</u>

Legislative Review Note as of 6-3-14 9:42 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

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