1	PUBLIC EDUCATION DEFINITIONS AMENDMENTS
2	2019 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Val L. Peterson
5	Senate Sponsor: Ann Millner
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill defines terms that apply to the public education code and amends provisions in
10	the public education code related to defined terms.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	defines terms that apply to:
14	• Title 53E, Public Education System State Administration;
15	• Title 53F, Public Education System Funding; and
16	• Title 53G, Public Education System Local Administration;
17	▶ amends provisions in Title 53E, Public Education System State Administration,
18	and Title 53F, Public Education System Funding, to use and conform with the
19	defined terms;
20	<ul> <li>amends other provisions in the public education code related to defined terms; and</li> </ul>
21	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
22	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
23	None
24	Other Special Clauses:
25	This bill provides revisor instructions.
26	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
27	AMENDS:
28	26-7-9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415
29	53E-1-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1

30	53E-2-201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
31	53E-2-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
32	53E-2-301, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
33	53E-2-302, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
34	53E-2-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
35	53E-2-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 456 and renumbered and
36	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
37	53E-3-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 336 and renumbered and
38	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
39	53E-3-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
10	53E-3-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
41	53E-3-204, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
12	53E-3-301, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
43	53E-3-302, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
14	53E-3-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
<b>1</b> 5	53E-3-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 200, 383 and renumbered
<b>1</b> 6	and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
<b>1</b> 7	53E-3-402, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
48	53E-3-403, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
19	53E-3-501, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
50	53E-3-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 75 and renumbered and
51	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
52	53E-3-504, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
53	53E-3-505, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 22 and renumbered and
54	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
55	53E-3-506, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
56	53E-3-507, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
57	53E-3-508, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1

58	53E-3-509, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
59	<b>53E-3-510</b> , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
60	<b>53E-3-511</b> , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
61	<b>53E-3-512</b> , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
62	<b>53E-3-513</b> , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
63	<b>53E-3-515</b> , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
64	53E-3-516, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 302
65	53E-3-517, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 73
66	53E-3-602, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
67	53E-3-603, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
68	53E-3-702, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
69	53E-3-703, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
70	<b>53E-3-705</b> , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
71	53E-3-706, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
72	53E-3-707, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
73	53E-3-709, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
74	<b>53E-3-801</b> , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
75	53E-3-802, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
76	53E-3-903, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
77	53E-4-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
78	53E-4-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
79	53E-4-204, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
80	53E-4-205, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
81	53E-4-206, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
82	53E-4-301, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
83	53E-4-301.5, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
84	53E-4-302, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
85	53E-4-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1

86	53E-4-304, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
87	53E-4-305, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
88	53E-4-306, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
89	53E-4-307, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
90	53E-4-308, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
91	53E-4-309, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
92	53E-4-310, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
93	53E-4-311, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
94	53E-4-312, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
95	53E-4-314, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 389
96	53E-4-402, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
97	53E-4-403, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
98	53E-4-404, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
99	53E-4-406, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
100	53E-4-407, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 148 and renumbered and
101	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
102	53E-4-408, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
103	53E-5-201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
104	53E-5-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
105	53E-5-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
106	53E-5-204, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
107	53E-5-205, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
108	53E-5-206, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
109	53E-5-207, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
110	53E-5-208, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
111	53E-5-209, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
112	53E-5-210, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
113	53E-5-211, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1

114	53E-5-301, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
115	53E-5-302, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
116	53E-5-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
117	53E-5-304, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
118	53E-5-305, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
119	53E-5-306, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
120	53E-5-307, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
121	53E-5-308, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
122	53E-5-309, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
123	53E-5-310, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
124	53E-6-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 22 and renumbered and
125	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
126	53E-6-103, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
127	53E-6-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 22 and renumbered and
128	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
129	53E-6-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 462
130	53E-6-301, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
131	53E-6-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 22 and renumbered and
132	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
133	53E-6-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
134	53E-6-307, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
135	53E-6-401, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
136	53E-6-402, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
137	53E-6-403, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
138	53E-6-501, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
139	53E-6-502, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
140	53E-6-503, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
141	

142	53E-6-505, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
143	53E-6-506, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
144	53E-6-602, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
145	53E-6-603, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
146	53E-6-604, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
147	53E-6-605, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
148	53E-6-607, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
149	53E-6-701, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
150	53E-6-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 22 and renumbered and
151	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
152	53E-6-703, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
153	53E-6-801, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
154	53E-6-802, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
155	53E-6-902, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 22 and renumbered and
156	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
157	53E-7-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 75 and renumbered and
158	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
159	53E-7-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 75 and renumbered and
160	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
161	53E-7-208, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
162	53E-7-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 75 and renumbered and
163	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
164	53E-7-304, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
165	53E-8-102, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
166	53E-8-201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
167	53E-8-204, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
168	53E-8-301, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
169	53E-8-302, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1

170	53E-8-401, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
171	53E-8-402, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
172	53E-8-406, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
173	53E-8-407, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
174	53E-8-408, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
175	53E-8-409, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
176	53E-9-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
177	53E-9-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
178	53E-9-204, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
179	53E-9-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 304, 389 and renumbered
180	and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
181	53E-9-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 304 and renumbered and
182	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
183	53E-9-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
184	53E-9-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 304 and renumbered and
185	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
186	53E-9-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 304 and renumbered and
187	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
188	53E-9-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 304 and renumbered and
189	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
190	53E-9-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 304 and renumbered and
191	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
192	53E-9-308, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 285, 304 and renumbered
193	and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
194	53E-9-309, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 304 and renumbered and
195	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
196	53E-9-310, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 304 and renumbered and
197	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1

198	53E-10-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
199	53E-10-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
200	53E-10-206, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
201	53E-10-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 410 and renumbered and
202	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
203	53E-10-304, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
204	53E-10-308, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
205	53E-10-401, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
206	53E-10-402, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
207	53E-10-403, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
208	53E-10-405, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
209	53E-10-406, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
210	53E-10-503, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
211	53E-10-504, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
212	53E-10-505, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
213	53E-10-601, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
214	53E-10-603, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
215	53E-10-606, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
216	53E-10-607, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
217	53E-10-609, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 1
218	53E-10-701, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 341
219	53E-10-703, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 341
220	53E-10-704, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 341
221	53E-10-705, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 341
222	53E-10-706, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 341
223	53E-10-707, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 341
224	53F-2-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 456 and renumbered and
225	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2

226	53F-2-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
227	53F-2-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 448, 456 and renumbered
228	and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
229	53F-2-204, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
230	53F-2-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 456 and renumbered and
231	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
232	53F-2-206, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
233	53F-2-207, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
234	53F-2-302, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
235	53F-2-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
236	53F-2-304, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
237	53F-2-305, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
238	53F-2-306, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
239	53F-2-307, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
240	53F-2-308, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
241	53F-2-309, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
242	53F-2-310, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 22 and renumbered and
243	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
244	53F-2-311, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
245	53F-2-312, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 208, 300, 456 and
246	renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
247	53F-2-313, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
248	53F-2-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 396 and renumbered and
249	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
250	53F-2-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 396 and renumbered and
251	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
252	53F-2-403, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
253	53F-2-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 448 and renumbered and

254	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
255	53F-2-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 22 and renumbered and
256	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
257	53F-2-407, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
258	53F-2-408, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
259	53F-2-409, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
260	53F-2-410, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 117, 165, 396 and
261	renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
262	53F-2-411, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
263	53F-2-413, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
264	53F-2-501, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
265	53F-2-502, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2 and repealed
266	and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 98
267	53F-2-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 300, 456 and renumbered
268	and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
269	53F-2-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 212 and renumbered and
270	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
271	53F-2-505, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
272	53F-2-506, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
273	53F-2-507, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
274	53F-2-508, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
275	53F-2-509, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
276	53F-2-510, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
277	53F-2-511, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
278	53F-2-512, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
279	53F-2-513, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
280	53F-2-514, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
281	53F-2-517, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2

282	53F-2-518, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
283	53F-2-519, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 396 and renumbered and
284	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 107
285	53F-2-601, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
286	53F-2-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 383 and renumbered and
287	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
288	53F-2-703, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
289	53F-2-704, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2 and last amended by Laws of
290	Utah 2018, Chapters 211, 300, 383, and 456
291	53F-2-705, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
292	53F-3-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
293	53F-3-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
294	53F-4-201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
295	53F-4-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
296	53F-4-203, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
297	53F-4-204, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
298	53F-4-205, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
299	53F-4-206, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
300	53F-4-301, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
301	53F-4-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 168 and renumbered and
302	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
303	53F-4-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 168 and renumbered and
304	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
305	53F-4-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 168 and renumbered and
306	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
307	53F-4-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 168 and renumbered and
308	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
309	53F-4-306, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2

310	53F-4-401, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
311	53F-4-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 163 and renumbered and
312	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
313	53F-4-404, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
314	53F-4-405, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
315	53F-4-406, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
316	53F-4-407, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
317	53F-4-501, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
318	53F-4-503, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
319	53F-4-504, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
320	53F-4-507, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
321	53F-4-508, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
322	53F-4-510, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
323	53F-4-511, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
324	53F-4-512, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
325	53F-4-514, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
326	53F-4-516, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
327	53F-5-201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
328	53F-5-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
329	53F-5-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 22 and renumbered and
330	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
331	53F-5-204, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
332	53F-5-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 22 and renumbered and
333	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
334	53F-5-207, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
335	53F-5-208, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
336	53F-5-209, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 412
337	53F-5-210, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 358

338	53F-5-211, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 441
339	53F-5-301, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
340	53F-5-302, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
341	53F-5-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
342	53F-5-304, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
343	53F-5-305, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
344	53F-5-307, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
345	53F-5-401, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
346	53F-5-402, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
347	53F-5-403, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
348	53F-5-404, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
349	53F-5-405, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
350	53F-5-406, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
351	53F-5-501, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
352	53F-5-502, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
353	53F-5-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 102 and renumbered and
354	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
355	53F-5-504, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
356	53F-5-505, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
357	53F-5-506, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
358	53F-5-601, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
359	53F-5-602, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
360	53F-5-603, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
361	53F-6-201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
362	53F-6-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
363	53F-6-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 389 and renumbered and
364	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
365	53F-6-304, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2

366	53F-6-309, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 389 and renumbered and
367	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
368	53F-7-201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
369	53F-7-301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
370	53F-8-201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
371	53F-8-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 456 and renumbered and
372	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
373	53F-8-403, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
374	53F-9-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
375	53F-9-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
376	53F-9-206, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
377	53F-9-301, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
378	53F-9-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 456 and renumbered and
379	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
380	53F-9-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 249, 329 and renumbered
381	and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
382	53F-9-305, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 456
383	53F-9-306, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 456
384	53F-9-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 142 and renumbered and
385	amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
386	53F-9-501, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 2
387	
388	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
389	Section 1. Section 26-7-9 is amended to read:
390	26-7-9. Online public health education module.
391	(1) As used in this section:
392	(a) "Health care provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section
393	78B-3-403.

394	(b) "Nonimmune" means that a child or an individual:
395	(i) has not received each vaccine required in Section 53G-9-305 and has not developed
396	a natural immunity through previous illness to a vaccine-preventable disease, as documented
397	by a health care provider;
398	(ii) cannot receive each vaccine required in Section 53G-9-305; or
399	(iii) is otherwise known to not be immune to a vaccine-preventable disease.
400	(c) "Vaccine-preventable disease" means an infectious disease that can be prevented by
401	a vaccination required in Section 53G-9-305.
402	(2) The department shall develop an online education module regarding
403	vaccine-preventable diseases:
404	(a) to assist a parent of a nonimmune child to:
405	(i) recognize the symptoms of vaccine-preventable diseases;
406	(ii) respond in the case of an outbreak of a vaccine-preventable disease;
407	(iii) protect children who contract a vaccine-preventable disease; and
408	(iv) prevent the spread of vaccine-preventable diseases;
409	(b) that contains only the following:
410	(i) information about vaccine-preventable diseases necessary to achieve the goals
411	stated in Subsection (2)(a), including the best practices to prevent the spread of
412	vaccine-preventable diseases;
413	(ii) recommendations to reduce the likelihood of a nonimmune individual contracting
414	or transmitting a vaccine-preventable disease; and
415	(iii) information about additional available resources related to vaccine-preventable
416	diseases and the availability of low-cost vaccines;
417	(c) that includes interactive questions or activities; and
418	(d) that is expected to take an average user 20 minutes or less to complete, based on
419	user testing.
420	(3) In developing the online education module described in Subsection (2), the
421	department shall consult with individuals interested in vaccination or vaccine-preventable

422	diseases, including:
423	(a) representatives from organizations of health care professionals; and
424	(b) parents of nonimmune children.
425	(4) The department shall make the online education module described in Subsection
426	(2) publicly available to parents through:
427	(a) a link on the department's website;
428	(b) county health departments, as that term is defined in Section 26A-1-102;
429	(c) local health departments, as that term is defined in Section 26A-1-102;
430	(d) local education agencies, as that term is defined in Section [ <del>53E-3-401</del> ] <u>53E-1-102</u> ;
431	and
432	(e) other public health programs or organizations.
433	Section 2. Section 53E-1-102 is amended to read:
434	53E-1-102. Public education code definitions.
435	[As] Unless otherwise indicated, as used in this title, Title 53F, Public Education
436	System Funding, and Title 53G, Public Education System Local Administration[-;]:
437	(1) "Charter agreement" means an agreement made in accordance with Section
438	53G-5-303 that authorizes the operation of a charter school.
439	(2) "Charter school governing board" means the board that governs a charter school.
440	(3) "District school" means a public school under the control of a local school board.
441	(4) "Individualized education program" or "IEP" means a written statement for a
442	student with a disability that is developed, reviewed, and revised in accordance with the
443	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.
444	(5) "LEA governing board" means:
445	(a) for a school district, the local school board;
446	(b) for a charter school, the charter school governing board; or
447	(c) for the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind, the state board.
448	(6) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means:
449	(a) a school district;

450	(b) a charter school; or
451	(c) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
452	(7) "Local school board" means a board elected under Title 20A, Chapter 14, Part 2,
453	Election of Members of Local Boards of Education.
454	(8) "Minimum School Program" means the same as that term is defined in Section
455	<u>53F-2-102.</u>
456	(9) "Parent" means a parent or legal guardian.
457	["public] (10) "Public education code" means:
458	$\left[\frac{1}{1}\right]$ (a) this title;
459	[(2)] (b) Title 53F, Public Education System Funding; and
460	[ <del>(3)</del> ] (c) Title 53G, Public Education System Local Administration.
461	(11) "Rule" means a rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
462	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
463	(12) "Section 504 accommodation plan" means a plan developed in accordance with
464	Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 701 et seq., for a student with a
465	disability, to meet the student's educational needs and ensure equitable access to a free
466	appropriate public education.
467	(13) "State board" means the State Board of Education.
468	(14) "State superintendent" means the state superintendent of public instruction
469	appointed under Section 53E-3-301.
470	Section 3. Section 53E-2-201 is amended to read:
471	53E-2-201. Policy for Utah's public education system.
472	(1) (a) The continuous cultivation of an informed and virtuous citizenry among
473	succeeding generations is essential to the state and the nation.
474	(b) The state's public education system is established and maintained as provided in
475	Utah Constitution, Article X, and this public education code.
476	(c) Parents [and guardians] have the primary responsibility for the education of their

children and elect representatives in the Legislature and on state and local school boards to

Committee for review and recommendations.

administer the state public education system, which provides extensive support and assistance
All children of the state are entitled to a free elementary and secondary public education as
provided in Utah Constitution, Article X.
(d) Public schools fulfill a vital purpose in the education and preparation of informed
and responsible citizens who:
(i) fully understand and lawfully exercise their individual rights and liberties;
(ii) become self-reliant and able to provide for themselves and their families; and
(iii) contribute to the public good and the health, welfare, and security of the state and
the nation.
(2) In the implementation of all policies, programs, and responsibilities adopted in
accordance with this public education code, the Legislature, the [State Board of Education]
state board, local school boards, and charter school governing boards shall:
(a) respect, protect, and further the interests of parents [and guardians] in their
children's public education; and
(b) promote and encourage full and active participation and involvement of parents
[and guardians] at all public schools.
Section 4. Section 53E-2-202 is amended to read:
53E-2-202. Planning for Utah's public education system.
(1) Before November 30, 2016, the [State Board of Education] state board shall:
(a) (i) prepare a report that summarizes, for the last 15 years or more, the policies and
programs established by, and the performance history of, the state's public education system;
and
(ii) prepare a formal 10-year plan for the state's public education system, including
recommendations to:
(A) repeal outdated policies and programs; and
(B) clarify and correlate current policies and programs; and
(b) submit the report and plan described in Subsection (1)(a) to the Education Interim

506	(2) The [State Board of Education] state board shall review and maintain the 10-year
507	plan described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii) and submit the updated plan to the Education Interim
508	Committee for review and approval at least once every five years.
509	Section 5. Section <b>53E-2-301</b> is amended to read:
510	53E-2-301. Public education's vision and mission.
511	(1) The Legislature envisions an educated citizenry that encompasses the following
512	foundational principles:
513	(a) citizen participation in civic and political affairs;
514	(b) economic prosperity for the state by graduating students who are college and career
515	ready;
516	(c) strong moral and social values; and
517	(d) loyalty and commitment to constitutional government.
518	(2) The Legislature recognizes that public education's mission is to assure Utah the best
519	educated citizenry in the world and each individual the training to succeed in a global society
520	by providing students with:
521	(a) learning and occupational skills;
522	(b) character development;
523	(c) literacy and numeracy;
524	(d) high quality instruction;
525	(e) curriculum based on high standards and relevance; and
526	(f) effective assessment to inform high quality instruction and accountability.
527	(3) The Legislature:
528	(a) recognizes that parents [or guardians] are a child's first teachers and are responsible
529	for the education of their children;
530	(b) encourages family engagement and adequate preparation so that students enter the
531	public education system ready to learn; and
532	(c) intends that the mission detailed in Subsection (2) be carried out through a
533	responsive educational system that guarantees local school communities autonomy, flexibility,

334	and client choice, while holding them accountable for results.
535	(4) This section will be applied consistent with Section 53G-10-204.
536	Section 6. Section 53E-2-302 is amended to read:
537	53E-2-302. Characteristics of public education system.
538	The Legislature shall assist in maintaining a public education system that has the
539	following characteristics:
540	(1) assumes that all students have the ability to learn and that each student departing
541	the system will be prepared to achieve success in productive employment, further education, or
542	both;
543	(2) provides a personalized education plan or personalized education occupation plan
544	for each student, which involves the student, the student's parent [or guardian], and school
545	personnel in establishing the plan;
546	(3) provides students with the knowledge and skills to take responsibility for their
547	decisions and to make appropriate choices;
548	(4) provides opportunities for students to exhibit the capacity to learn, think, reason,
549	and work effectively, individually and in groups;
550	(5) offers world-class core standards that enable students to successfully compete in a
551	global society, and to succeed as citizens of a constitutional republic;
552	(6) incorporates an information retrieval system that provides students, parents, and
553	educators with reliable, useful, and timely data on the progress of each student;
554	(7) attracts, prepares, inducts, and retains excellent teachers for every classroom in
555	large part through collaborative efforts among the [State Board of Education] state board, the
556	State Board of Regents, and school districts, provides effective ongoing professional
557	development opportunities for teachers to improve their teaching skills, and provides
558	recognition, rewards, and compensation for their excellence;
559	(8) empowers each school district and public school to create its own vision and plan
560	to achieve results consistent with the objectives outlined in this part;

(9) uses technology to improve teaching and learning processes and for the delivery of

562	educational services;
563	(10) promotes ongoing research and development projects at the district and the school
564	level that are directed at improving or enhancing public education;
565	(11) offers a public school choice program, which gives students and their parents

- (11) offers a public school choice program, which gives students and their parents options to best meet the student's personalized education needs;
- (12) emphasizes the involvement of educators, parents, business partnerships, and the community at large in the educational process by allowing them to be involved in establishing and implementing educational goals and participating in decision-making at the school site; and
- (13) emphasizes competency-based standards and progress-based assessments, including tracking and measurement systems.
- Section 7. Section **53E-2-303** is amended to read:

## 53E-2-303. Parental participation in educational process -- Employer support.

- (1) The Legislature recognizes the importance of parental participation in the educational process in order for students to achieve and maintain high levels of performance.
  - (2) It is, therefore, the policy of the state to:
- (a) encourage parents to provide a home environment that values education and send their children to school prepared to learn;
- (b) rely upon school districts and schools to provide opportunities for parents of students to be involved in establishing and implementing educational goals for their respective schools and students; and
- (c) expect employers to recognize the need for parents and members of the community to participate in the public education system in order to help students achieve and maintain excellence.
- (3) (a) Each local school board shall adopt a policy on parental involvement in the schools of the district.
- (b) The <u>local school</u> board shall design its policy to build consistent and effective communication among parents, teachers, and administrators.

590 (c) The policy shall provide parents with the opportunity to be actively involved in 591 their children's education and to be informed of: 592 (i) the importance of the involvement of parents in directly affecting the success of 593 their children's educational efforts; and 594 (ii) groups and organizations that may provide instruction and training to parents to 595 help improve their children's academic success and support their academic efforts. 596 Section 8. Section 53E-2-304 is amended to read: 597 53E-2-304. School district and individual school powers -- Plan for college and 598 career readiness definition. 599 (1) In order to acquire and develop the characteristics listed in Section 53E-2-302, each 600 school district and each public school within its respective district shall implement a 601 comprehensive system of accountability in which students advance through public schools by demonstrating competency in the core standards for Utah public schools through the use of 602 diverse assessment instruments such as authentic assessments, projects, and portfolios. 603 604 (2) (a) Each school district and public school shall: 605 (i) develop and implement programs integrating technology into the curriculum, 606 instruction, and student assessment; 607 (ii) provide for teacher and parent involvement in policymaking at the school site; (iii) implement a public school choice program to give parents, students, and teachers 608 609 greater flexibility in designing and choosing among programs with different focuses through 610 schools within the same district and other districts, subject to space availability, demographics, 611 and legal and performance criteria; 612 (iv) establish strategic planning at both the district and school level and site-based 613 decision making programs at the school level; (v) provide opportunities for each student to acquire and develop academic and 614 615 occupational knowledge, skills, and abilities; 616 (vi) participate in ongoing research and development projects primarily at the school

level aimed at improving the quality of education within the system; and

618 (vii) involve business and industry in the education process through the establishment 619 of partnerships with the business community at the district and school level. (b) (i) As used in this section, "plan for college and career readiness" means a plan 620 621 developed by a student and the student's parent [or guardian], in consultation with school counselors, teachers, and administrators that: 622 623 (A) is initiated at the beginning of grade 7; 624 (B) identifies a student's skills and objectives; 625 (C) maps out a strategy to guide a student's course selection; and 626 (D) links a student to post-secondary options, including higher education and careers. 627 (ii) Each local school board, in consultation with school personnel, parents, and school community councils or similar entities shall establish policies to provide for the effective 628 629 implementation of an individual learning plan or a plan for college and career readiness for 630 each student at the school site. (iii) The policies shall include guidelines and expectations for: 631 (A) recognizing the student's accomplishments, strengths, and progress toward meeting 632 633 student achievement standards as defined in the core standards for Utah public schools; 634 (B) planning, monitoring, and managing education and career development; and (C) involving students, parents, and school personnel in preparing and implementing 635 636 an individual learning plan and a plan for college and career readiness. 637 (iv) A parent may request a conference with school personnel in addition to an individual learning plan or a plan for college and career readiness conference established by 638 639 local school board policy. 640 (v) Time spent during the school day to implement an individual learning plan or a 641 plan for college and career readiness is considered part of the school term described in Section 642 53F-2-102.

(3) A school district or public school may submit proposals to modify or waive rules or

policies of a supervisory authority within the public education system in order to acquire or

develop the characteristics listed in Section 53E-2-302.

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646	(4) (a) Each school district and public school shall make an annual report to its patrons
647	on its activities under this section.
648	(b) The reporting process shall involve participation from teachers, parents, and the
649	community at large in determining how well the district or school is performing.
650	Section 9. Section <b>53E-3-201</b> is amended to read:
651	53E-3-201. State board members Election and appointment of officers
652	Removal from office.
653	(1) Members of the [State Board of Education] state board shall be nominated and
654	elected as provided in Title 20A, Chapter 14, Nomination and Election of State and Local
655	School Boards.
656	(2) The [State Board of Education] state board shall elect from its members a chair,
657	and at least one vice chair, but no more than three vice chairs, every other year at a meeting
658	held any time between November 15 and January 15.
659	(3) (a) If the election of officers is held subsequent to the election of a new member of
660	the state board, but prior to the time that the new member takes office, the new member shall
661	assume the position of the outgoing member for purposes of the election of officers.
662	(b) In all other matters the outgoing member shall retain the full authority of the office
663	until replaced as provided by law.
664	(4) The duties of these officers shall be determined by the <u>state</u> board.
665	(5) The <u>state</u> board shall appoint a secretary who serves at the pleasure of the <u>state</u>
666	board.
667	(6) An officer appointed or elected by the <u>state</u> board under this section may be
668	removed from office for cause by a vote of two-thirds of the state board.
669	Section 10. Section <b>53E-3-202</b> is amended to read:
670	53E-3-202. Compensation for members of the state board Insurance Per
671	diem and expenses.
672	(1) The salary for a member of the [State Board of Education] state board is set in
673	accordance with Section 36-2-3.

6/4	(2) Compensation for a member of the [State Board of Education] state board is
675	payable monthly.
676	(3) A [State Board of Education] state board member may participate in any group
677	insurance plan provided to employees of the [State Board of Education] state board as part of
678	the [State Board of Education] state board member's compensation on the same basis as
679	required for employee participation.
680	(4) In addition to the provisions of Subsections (1) and (3), a [State Board of
681	Education] state board member may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
682	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
683	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
684	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
685	63A-3-107.
686	Section 11. Section 53E-3-203 is amended to read:
687	53E-3-203. State board meetings Quorum requirements.
688	(1) The [State Board of Education] state board shall meet at the call of the chairman
689	and at least 11 times each year.
690	(2) A majority of all members is required to validate an act of the [State Board of
691	Education] state board.
692	Section 12. Section <b>53E-3-204</b> is amended to read:
693	53E-3-204. Gross neglect of duty Nonpayment of salary or expenses.
694	(1) Failure of a member of the [State Board of Education or of a governing board of a
695	branch or division of the public school system] state board or of an LEA governing board to
696	carry out responsibilities assigned by law or to comply with rules of the [State Board of
697	Education] state board is gross neglect of duty.
698	(2) Salary or expenses shall not be paid for work which violates rules of the state
699	board.
700	Section 13. Section <b>53E-3-301</b> is amended to read:
701	53E-3-301. Appointment Qualifications Duties.

(1) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board shall appoint a state superintendent of public instruction, [hereinafter called the state superintendent,] who is the executive officer of the [State Board of Education] state board and serves at the pleasure of the [State Board of Education] state board.

- (b) The [State Board of Education] state board shall appoint the state superintendent on the basis of outstanding professional qualifications.
- (c) The state superintendent shall administer all programs assigned to the [State Board of Education] state board in accordance with the policies and the standards established by the [State Board of Education] state board.
- (2) The [State Board of Education] state board shall, with the state superintendent, develop a statewide education strategy focusing on core academics, including the development of:
  - (a) core standards for Utah public schools and graduation requirements;
- (b) a process to select model instructional materials that best correlate with the core standards for Utah public schools and graduation requirements that are supported by generally accepted scientific standards of evidence;
  - (c) professional development programs for teachers, superintendents, and principals;
- (d) model remediation programs;

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- (e) a model method for creating individual student learning targets, and a method of measuring an individual student's performance toward those targets;
- (f) progress-based assessments for ongoing performance evaluations of school districts and schools;
- (g) incentives to achieve the desired outcome of individual student progress in core academics that do not create disincentives for setting high goals for the students;
- (h) an annual report card for school and school district performance, measuring learning and reporting progress-based assessments;
- 728 (i) a systematic method to encourage innovation in schools and school districts as each 729 strives to achieve improvement in performance; and

730	(j) a method for identifying and sharing best demonstrated practices across school
731	districts and schools.
732	(3) The state superintendent shall perform duties assigned by the [State Board of
733	Education] state board, including:
734	(a) investigating all matters pertaining to the public schools;
735	(b) adopting and keeping an official seal to authenticate the state superintendent's
736	official acts;
737	(c) holding and conducting meetings, seminars, and conferences on educational topics;
738	(d) presenting to the governor and the Legislature each December a report of the public
739	school system for the preceding year that includes:
740	(i) data on the general condition of the schools with recommendations considered
741	desirable for specific programs;
742	(ii) a complete statement of fund balances;
743	(iii) a complete statement of revenues by fund and source;
744	(iv) a complete statement of adjusted expenditures by fund, the status of bonded
745	indebtedness, the cost of new school plants, and school levies;
746	(v) a complete statement of state funds allocated to each school district and charter
747	school by source, including supplemental appropriations, and a complete statement of
748	expenditures by each school district and charter school, including supplemental appropriations,
749	by function and object as outlined in the United States Department of Education publication
750	"Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems";
751	(vi) a statement that includes data on:
752	(A) fall enrollments;
753	(B) average membership;
754	(C) high school graduates;
755	(D) licensed and classified employees, including data reported by school districts on
756	educator ratings pursuant to Section 53G-11-511;
757	(E) pupil-teacher ratios;

758	(F) average class sizes;
759	(G) average salaries;
760	(H) applicable private school data; and
761	(I) data from statewide assessments described in Section 53E-4-301 for each school
762	and school district;
763	(vii) statistical information regarding incidents of delinquent activity in the schools or
764	at school-related activities with separate categories for:
765	(A) alcohol and drug abuse;
766	(B) weapon possession;
767	(C) assaults; and
768	(D) arson;
769	(viii) information about:
770	(A) the development and implementation of the strategy of focusing on core
771	academics;
772	(B) the development and implementation of competency-based education and
773	progress-based assessments; and
774	(C) the results being achieved under Subsections (3)(d)(viii)(A) and (B), as measured
775	by individual progress-based assessments and a comparison of Utah students' progress with the
776	progress of students in other states using standardized norm-referenced tests as benchmarks;
777	and
778	(ix) other statistical and financial information about the school system that the state
779	superintendent considers pertinent;
780	(e) collecting and organizing education data into an automated decision support system
781	to facilitate school district and school improvement planning, accountability reporting,
782	performance recognition, and the evaluation of educational policy and program effectiveness to
783	include:
784	(i) data that are:

(A) comparable across schools and school districts;

786	(B) appropriate for use in longitudinal studies; and
787	(C) comprehensive with regard to the data elements required under applicable state or
788	federal law or [State Board of Education] state board rule;
789	(ii) features that enable users, most particularly school administrators, teachers, and
790	parents, to:
791	(A) retrieve school and school district level data electronically;
792	(B) interpret the data visually; and
793	(C) draw conclusions that are statistically valid; and
794	(iii) procedures for the collection and management of education data that:
795	(A) require the state superintendent to:
796	(I) collaborate with school districts and charter schools in designing and implementing
797	uniform data standards and definitions;
798	(II) undertake or sponsor research to implement improved methods for analyzing
799	education data;
800	(III) provide for data security to prevent unauthorized access to or contamination of the
801	data; and
802	(IV) protect the confidentiality of data under state and federal privacy laws; and
803	(B) require all school districts and schools to comply with the data collection and
804	management procedures established under Subsection (3)(e);
805	(f) administering and implementing federal educational programs in accordance with
806	Part 8, Implementing Federal or National Education Programs; and
807	(g) with the approval of the [State Board of Education] state board, preparing and
808	submitting to the governor a budget for the [State Board of Education] state board to be
809	included in the budget that the governor submits to the Legislature.
810	(4) The state superintendent shall distribute funds deposited in the Autism Awareness
811	Restricted Account created in Section 53F-9-401 in accordance with the requirements of
812	Section 53F-9-401.
813	(5) Upon leaving office, the state superintendent shall deliver to the state

814	superintendent's successor all books, records, documents, maps, reports, papers, and other
815	articles pertaining to the state superintendent's office.
816	(6) (a) For the purposes of Subsection (3)(d)(vi):
817	(i) the pupil-teacher ratio for a school shall be calculated by dividing the number of
818	students enrolled in a school by the number of full-time equivalent teachers assigned to the
819	school, including regular classroom teachers, school-based specialists, and special education
820	teachers;
821	(ii) the pupil-teacher ratio for a school district shall be the median pupil-teacher ratio of
822	the schools within a school district;
823	(iii) the pupil-teacher ratio for charter schools aggregated shall be the median
824	pupil-teacher ratio of charter schools in the state; and
825	(iv) the pupil-teacher ratio for the state's public schools aggregated shall be the median
826	pupil-teacher ratio of public schools in the state.
827	(b) The printed copy of the report required by Subsection (3)(d) shall:
828	(i) include the pupil-teacher ratio for:
829	(A) each school district;
830	(B) the charter schools aggregated; and
831	(C) the state's public schools aggregated; and
832	(ii) identify a website where pupil-teacher ratios for each school in the state may be
833	accessed.
834	Section 14. Section 53E-3-302 is amended to read:
835	53E-3-302. Compensation of state superintendent Other state board employees.
836	(1) The <u>state</u> board shall establish the compensation of the state superintendent.
837	(2) The state board may, as necessary for the proper administration and supervision of
838	the public school system:
839	(a) appoint other employees; and
840	(b) delegate appropriate duties and responsibilities to state board employees.
841	(3) The compensation and duties of state board employees shall be established by the

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842	state board and paid from money appropriated for that purpose.
843	Section 15. Section 53E-3-303 is amended to read:
844	53E-3-303. Advice by state superintendent Written opinions.
845	(1) The state superintendent shall advise superintendents, [school] LEA governing
846	boards, and other school officers upon all matters involving the welfare of the schools.
847	(2) The <u>state</u> superintendent shall, when requested by district superintendents or other
848	school officers, provide written opinions on questions of public education, administrative
849	policy, and procedure, but not upon questions of law.
850	(3) Upon request by the state superintendent, the attorney general shall issue written
851	opinions on questions of law.
852	(4) Opinions issued under this section shall be considered to be correct and final unless
853	set aside by a court of competent jurisdiction or by subsequent legislation.
854	Section 16. Section <b>53E-3-401</b> is amended to read:
855	53E-3-401. Powers of the state board Adoption of rules Enforcement
856	Attorney.
857	(1) As used in this section:
858	[(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
859	[(b)] (a) "Education entity" means:
860	(i) an entity that receives a distribution of state funds through a grant program managed
861	by the state board under this public education code;
862	(ii) an entity that enters into a contract with the state board to provide an educational
863	good or service;
864	(iii) a school district; or
865	(iv) a charter school.
866	[(c)] (b) "Educational good or service" means a good or service that is required or

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regulated under:

(i) this public education code; or

(ii) a rule authorized under this public education code.

870	[ <del>(d) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means:</del> ]
871	[(i) a school district;]
872	[(ii) a charter school; or]
873	[(iii) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.]
874	(2) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board has general control and supervision
875	of the state's public education system.
876	(b) "General control and supervision" as used in Utah Constitution, Article X, Section
877	3, means directed to the whole system.
878	(3) The state board may not govern, manage, or operate school districts, institutions,
879	and programs, unless granted that authority by statute.
880	[(4) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
881	the]
882	(4) (a) The state board may make rules to execute the state board's duties and
883	responsibilities under the Utah Constitution and state law.
884	(b) The <u>state</u> board may delegate the <u>state</u> board's statutory duties and responsibilities
885	to state board employees.
886	(5) (a) The state board may sell any interest it holds in real property upon a finding by
887	the state board that the property interest is surplus.
888	(b) The <u>state</u> board may use the money it receives from a sale under Subsection (5)(a)
889	for capital improvements, equipment, or materials, but not for personnel or ongoing costs.
890	(c) If the property interest under Subsection (5)(a) was held for the benefit of an agency
891	or institution administered by the state board, the money may only be used for purposes related
892	to the agency or institution.
893	(d) The <u>state</u> board shall advise the Legislature of any sale under Subsection (5)(a) and
894	related matters during the next following session of the Legislature.
895	(6) The <u>state</u> board shall develop policies and procedures related to federal educational
896	programs in accordance with Part 8, Implementing Federal or National Education Programs.
897	(7) On or before December 31, 2010, the [State Board of Education] state board shall

review mandates or requirements provided for in <u>state</u> board rule to determine whether certain mandates or requirements could be waived to remove funding pressures on public schools on a temporary basis.

- (8) (a) If an education entity violates this public education code or rules authorized under this public education code, the <u>state</u> board may, in accordance with the rules described in Subsection (8)(c):
- (i) require the education entity to enter into a corrective action agreement with the <u>state</u> board;
  - (ii) temporarily or permanently withhold state funds from the education entity;
  - (iii) require the education entity to pay a penalty; or
  - (iv) require the education entity to reimburse specified state funds to the state board.
- (b) Except for temporarily withheld funds, if the <u>state</u> board collects state funds under Subsection (8)(a), the state board shall pay the funds into the Uniform School Fund.
- [(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the]
  - (c) The state board shall make rules:

- (i) that require notice and an opportunity to be heard for an education entity affected by a state board action described in Subsection (8)(a); and
  - (ii) to administer this Subsection (8).
- (d) (i) An individual may bring a violation of statute or <u>state</u> board rule to the attention of the state board in accordance with a process described in rule adopted by the state board.
- (ii) If the <u>state</u> board identifies a violation of statute or <u>state</u> board rule as a result of the process described in Subsection (8)(d)(i), the <u>state</u> board may take action in accordance with this section.
- (e) The <u>state</u> board shall report criminal conduct of an education entity to the district attorney of the county where the education entity is located.
- (9) The <u>state</u> board may audit the use of state funds by an education entity that receives those state funds as a distribution from the state board.

926	(10) The state board may require[;] by rule [made in accordance with Title 63G,
927	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,] that if an LEA contracts with a third party
928	contractor for an educational good or service, the LEA shall require in the contract that the
929	third party contractor shall provide, upon request of the LEA, information necessary for the
930	LEA to verify that the educational good or service complies with:
931	(a) this public education code; and
932	(b) <u>state</u> board rule authorized under this public education code.
933	(11) (a) The <u>state</u> board may appoint an attorney to provide legal advice to the <u>state</u>
934	board and coordinate legal affairs for the state board and the state board's employees.
935	(b) An attorney described in Subsection (11)(a) shall cooperate with the Office of the
936	Attorney General.
937	(c) An attorney described in Subsection (11)(a) may not:
938	(i) conduct litigation;
939	(ii) settle claims covered by the Risk Management Fund created in Section 63A-4-201;
940	or
941	(iii) issue formal legal opinions.
942	(12) The state board shall ensure that any training or certification that an employee of
943	the public education system is required to complete under this title or by rule complies with
944	Title 63G, Chapter 22, State Training and Certification Requirements.
945	Section 17. Section 53E-3-402 is amended to read:
946	53E-3-402. Acceptance of gifts, endowments, devises, and bequests.
947	(1) The [State Board of Education] state board, on its own behalf or on behalf of an
948	educational institution for which the state board is the direct governing body, may accept
949	private grants, loans, gifts, endowments, devises, or bequests which are made for educational
950	purposes.
951	(2) These contributions are not subject to appropriation by the Legislature.
952	Section 18. Section 53E-3-403 is amended to read:
953	53E-3-403. Establishment of public education foundations Powers and duties

954	Tax exempt status.
955	(1) The [State Board of Education] state board, a local school board, or the Utah
956	Schools for the Deaf and the Blind may establish foundations to:
957	(a) assist in the development and implementation of programs to promote educational
958	excellence; and
959	(b) assist in the accomplishment of other education-related objectives.
960	(2) A foundation established under Subsection (1):
961	(a) may solicit and receive contributions from private enterprises for the purpose of this
962	section;
963	(b) shall comply with Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act, and rules
964	made under the act;
965	(c) has no power or authority to incur contractual obligations or liabilities that
966	constitute a claim against public funds except as provided in this section;
967	(d) may not exercise executive, administrative, or rulemaking authority over the
968	programs described in this section, except to the extent specifically authorized by the
969	responsible school board;
970	(e) is exempt from all taxes levied by the state or any of its political subdivisions with
971	respect to activities conducted under this section;
972	(f) may participate in the Risk Management Fund under Section 63A-4-204;
973	(g) shall provide a school with information detailing transactions and balances of funds
974	managed for that school;
975	(h) shall, for foundation accounts from which money is distributed to schools, provide
976	all the schools within a school district information that:
977	(i) details account transactions; and
978	(ii) shows available balances in the accounts; and
979	(i) may not:

(i) engage in lobbying activities;

(ii) attempt to influence legislation; or

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H.B. 27 **Enrolled Copy** 982 (iii) participate in any campaign activity for or against: 983 (A) a political candidate; or 984 (B) an initiative, referendum, proposed constitutional amendment, bond, or any other 985 ballot proposition submitted to the voters. 986 (3) A local school board that establishes a foundation under Subsection (1) shall: 987 (a) require the foundation to: 988 (i) use the school district's accounting system; or 989 (ii) follow written accounting policies established by the local school board: 990 (b) review and approve the foundation's accounting, purchasing, and check issuance 991 policies to ensure that there is an adequate separation of responsibilities; and 992 (c) approve procedures to verify that issued foundation payments have been properly 993 approved. 994 Section 19. Section **53E-3-501** is amended to read: 995 53E-3-501. State board to establish miscellaneous minimum standards for public 996 schools. 997 (1) The [State Board of Education] state board shall establish rules and minimum 998 standards for the public schools that are consistent with this public education code, including 999 rules and minimum standards governing the following: 1000 (a) (i) the qualification and certification of educators and ancillary personnel who 1001 provide direct student services; 1002 (ii) required school administrative and supervisory services; and (iii) the evaluation of instructional personnel; 1003 1004 (b) (i) access to programs; 1005 (ii) attendance;

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(iii) competency levels;

(v) discipline and control;

(c) (i) school accreditation;

(iv) graduation requirements; and

1010	(ii) the academic year;
1011	(iii) alternative and pilot programs;
1012	(iv) curriculum and instruction requirements;
1013	(v) school libraries; and
1014	(vi) services to:
1015	(A) persons with a disability as defined by and covered under:
1016	(I) the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 12102;
1017	(II) the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 705(20)(A); and
1018	(III) the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1401(3); and
1019	(B) other special groups;
1020	(d) (i) state reimbursed bus routes;
1021	(ii) bus safety and operational requirements; and
1022	(iii) other transportation needs; and
1023	(e) (i) school productivity and cost effectiveness measures;
1024	(ii) federal programs;
1025	(iii) school budget formats; and
1026	(iv) financial, statistical, and student accounting requirements.
1027	(2) The [State Board of Education] state board shall determine if:
1028	(a) the minimum standards have been met; and
1029	(b) required reports are properly submitted.
1030	(3) The [State Board of Education] state board may apply for, receive, administer, and
1031	distribute to eligible applicants funds made available through programs of the federal
1032	government.
1033	(4) (a) A technical college listed in Section 53B-2a-105 shall provide
1034	competency-based career and technical education courses that fulfill high school graduation
1035	requirements, as requested and authorized by the [State Board of Education] state board.
1036	(b) A school district may grant a high school diploma to a student participating in a
1037	course described in Subsection (4)(a) that is provided by a technical college listed in Section

1038	53B-2a-105.
1039	Section 20. Section 53E-3-503 is amended to read:
1040	53E-3-503. Education of individuals in custody of or receiving services from
1041	certain state agencies Establishment of coordinating council Advisory councils.
1042	[(1) For purposes of this section, "board" means the State Board of Education.]
1043	[(2)] (1) (a) The state board is directly responsible for the education of all individuals
1044	who are:
1045	(i) (A) younger than 21 years old; or
1046	(B) students with disabilities entitled to a free, appropriate public education as
1047	described in Section 53E-7-202; and
1048	(ii) (A) receiving services from the Department of Human Services;
1049	(B) in the custody of an equivalent agency of a Native American tribe recognized by
1050	the United States Bureau of Indian Affairs and whose custodial parent [or legal guardian]
1051	resides within the state; or
1052	(C) being held in a juvenile detention facility.
1053	(b) The state board shall make rules[, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1054	Administrative Rulemaking Act,] to provide for the distribution of funds for the education of
1055	individuals described in Subsection $[\frac{(2)}{(1)}]$ $\underline{(1)}(a)$ .
1056	[(3)] (2) Subsection $[(2)]$ (1)(a)(ii)(B) does not apply to an individual taken into
1057	custody for the primary purpose of obtaining access to education programs provided for youth
1058	in custody.
1059	[(4)] (3) The state board shall, where feasible, contract with school districts or other
1060	appropriate agencies to provide educational, administrative, and supportive services, but the
1061	state board shall retain responsibility for the programs.
1062	$[\frac{(5)}{4}]$ The Legislature shall establish and maintain separate education budget
1063	categories for youth in custody or who are under the jurisdiction of the following state
1064	agencies:
1065	(a) detention centers and the Divisions of Juvenile Justice Services and Child and

1066	Family Services;
1067	(b) the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health; and
1068	(c) the Division of Services for People with Disabilities.
1069	[6] (a) The Department of Human Services and the state board shall appoint a
1070	coordinating council to plan, coordinate, and recommend budget, policy, and program
1071	guidelines for the education and treatment of persons in the custody of the Division of Juvenile
1072	Justice Services and the Division of Child and Family Services.
1073	(b) The Department of Human Services and the state board may appoint similar
1074	councils for those in the custody of the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health or the
1075	Division of Services for People with Disabilities.
1076	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> A school district contracting to provide services under Subsection [ <del>(4)</del> ] <u>(3)</u>
1077	shall establish an advisory council to plan, coordinate, and review education and treatment
1078	programs for individuals held in custody in the district.
1079	Section 21. Section 53E-3-504 is amended to read:
1080	53E-3-504. Child literacy program Coordinated activities.
1081	(1) The [State Board of Education] state board, through the state superintendent [of
1082	public instruction], shall provide for a public service campaign to educate parents on the
1083	importance of providing their children with opportunities to develop emerging literacy skills
1084	through a statewide "Read to Me" program.
1085	(2) The state board shall coordinate its activities under this section with other state and
1086	community entities that are engaged in child literacy programs in order to maximize its efforts
1087	and resources, including the Utah Commission on National and Community Service.
1088	Section 22. Section <b>53E-3-505</b> is amended to read:
1089	53E-3-505. Financial and economic literacy education.
1090	(1) As used in this section:
1091	(a) "Financial and economic activities" include activities related to the topics listed in
1092	Subsection (1)(b).

(b) "Financial and economic literacy concepts" include concepts related to the

1094	following topics:
1095	(i) basic budgeting;
1096	(ii) saving and financial investments;
1097	(iii) banking and financial services, including balancing a checkbook or a bank account
1098	and online banking services;
1099	(iv) career management, including earning an income;
1100	(v) rights and responsibilities of renting or buying a home;
1101	(vi) retirement planning;
1102	(vii) loans and borrowing money, including interest, credit card debt, predatory
1103	lending, and payday loans;
1104	(viii) insurance;
1105	(ix) federal, state, and local taxes;
1106	(x) charitable giving;
1107	(xi) online commerce;
1108	(xii) identity fraud and theft;
1109	(xiii) negative financial consequences of gambling;
1110	(xiv) bankruptcy;
1111	(xv) free markets and prices;
1112	(xvi) supply and demand;
1113	(xvii) monetary and fiscal policy;
1114	(xviii) effective business plan creation, including using economic analysis in creating a
1115	plan;
1116	(xix) scarcity and choices;
1117	(xx) opportunity cost and tradeoffs;
1118	(xxi) productivity;
1119	(xxii) entrepreneurism; and
1120	(xxiii) economic reasoning.
1121	(c) "Financial and economic literacy passport" means a document that tracks mastery

1122	of financial and economic literacy concepts and completion of financial and economic
1123	activities in kindergarten through grade 12.
1124	(d) "General financial literacy course" means the course of instruction described in
1125	Section 53E-4-204.
1126	(2) The [State Board of Education] state board shall:
1127	(a) in cooperation with interested private and nonprofit entities:
1128	(i) develop a financial and economic literacy passport that students may elect to
1129	complete;
1130	(ii) develop methods of encouraging parent and educator involvement in completion of
1131	the financial and economic literacy passport; and
1132	(iii) develop and implement appropriate recognition and incentives for students who
1133	complete the financial and economic literacy passport, including:
1134	(A) a financial and economic literacy endorsement on the student's diploma of
1135	graduation;
1136	(B) a specific designation on the student's official transcript; and
1137	(C) any incentives offered by community partners;
1138	(b) more fully integrate existing and new financial and economic literacy education
1139	into instruction in kindergarten through grade 12 by:
1140	(i) coordinating financial and economic literacy instruction with existing instruction in
1141	other areas of the core standards for Utah public schools, such as mathematics and social
1142	studies;
1143	(ii) using curriculum mapping;
1144	(iii) creating training materials and staff development programs that:
1145	(A) highlight areas of potential coordination between financial and economic literacy
1146	education and other core standards for Utah public schools concepts; and
1147	(B) demonstrate specific examples of financial and economic literacy concepts as a
1148	way of teaching other core standards for Utah public schools concepts; and
1149	(iv) using appropriate financial and economic literacy assessments to improve financial

1150 and economic literacy education and, if necessary, developing assessments; 1151 (c) work with interested public, private, and nonprofit entities to: 1152 (i) identify, and make available to teachers, online resources for financial and 1153 economic literacy education, including modules with interactive activities and turnkey 1154 instructor resources; (ii) coordinate school use of existing financial and economic literacy education 1155 1156 resources; (iii) develop simple, clear, and consistent messaging to reinforce and link existing 1157 1158 financial literacy resources; 1159 (iv) coordinate the efforts of school, work, private, nonprofit, and other financial 1160 education providers in implementing methods of appropriately communicating to teachers, 1161 students, and parents key financial and economic literacy messages; and 1162 (v) encourage parents and students to establish higher education savings, including a Utah Educational Savings Plan account: 1163 1164 (d) [in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,] 1165 make rules to develop guidelines and methods for school districts and charter schools to more fully integrate financial and economic literacy education into other core standards for Utah 1166 1167 public schools courses; 1168 (e) (i) contract with a provider, through a request for proposals process, to develop an online, end-of-course assessment for the general financial literacy course; 1169 1170 (ii) require a school district or charter school to administer an online, end-of-course 1171 assessment to a student who takes the general financial literacy course; and 1172 (iii) develop a plan, through the state superintendent [of public instruction], to analyze 1173 the results of an online, end-of-course assessment in general financial literacy that includes: 1174 (A) an analysis of assessment results by standard; and 1175 (B) average scores statewide and by school district and school; and

(f) in cooperation with school districts, charter schools, and interested private and

nonprofit entities, provide opportunities for professional development in financial and

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11/8	economic literacy to teachers, including:
1179	(i) a statewide learning community for financial and economic literacy;
1180	(ii) summer workshops; and
1181	(iii) online videos of experts in the field of financial and economic literacy education.
1182	(3) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board shall establish a task force to study
1183	and make recommendations to the state board on how to improve financial and economic
1184	literacy education in the public school system.
1185	(b) The task force membership shall include representatives of:
1186	(i) the [State Board of Education] state board;
1187	(ii) school districts and charter schools;
1188	(iii) the State Board of Regents; and
1189	(iv) private or public entities that teach financial education and share a commitment to
1190	empower individuals and families to achieve economic stability, opportunity, and upward
1191	mobility.
1192	(c) The task force shall reconvene every three years to review and recommend
1193	adjustments to the standards and objectives of the general financial literacy course.
1194	Section 23. Section <b>53E-3-506</b> is amended to read:
1195	53E-3-506. Educational program on the use of information technology.
1196	(1) The [State Board of Education] state board shall provide for an educational
1197	program on the use of information technology, which shall be offered by high schools.
1198	(2) An educational program on the use of information technology shall:
1199	(a) provide instruction on skills and competencies essential for the workplace and
1200	requested by employers;
1201	(b) include the following components:
1202	(i) a curriculum;
1203	(ii) online access to the curriculum;
1204	(iii) instructional software for classroom and student use;
1205	(iv) certification of skills and competencies most frequently requested by employers:

1206	(v) professional development for teachers; and
1207	(vi) deployment and program support, including integration with existing core
1208	standards for Utah public schools; and
1209	(c) be made available to high school students, faculty, and staff.
1210	Section 24. Section <b>53E-3-507</b> is amended to read:
1211	53E-3-507. Powers of the state board.
1212	The [State Board of Education] state board:
1213	(1) shall establish minimum standards for career and technical education programs in
1214	the public education system;
1215	(2) may apply for, receive, administer, and distribute funds made available through
1216	programs of federal and state governments to promote and aid career and technical education;
1217	(3) shall cooperate with federal and state governments to administer programs that
1218	promote and maintain career and technical education;
1219	(4) shall cooperate with the Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees, Salt
1220	Lake Community College's School of Applied Technology, Snow College, and Utah State
1221	University Eastern to ensure that students in the public education system have access to career
1222	and technical education at Utah System of Technical Colleges technical colleges, Salt Lake
1223	Community College's School of Applied Technology, Snow College, and Utah State University
1224	Eastern;
1225	(5) shall require that before a minor student may participate in clinical experiences as
1226	part of a health care occupation program at a high school or other institution to which the
1227	student has been referred, the student's parent [or legal guardian] has:
1228	(a) been first given written notice through appropriate disclosure when registering and
1229	prior to participation that the program contains a clinical experience segment in which the
1230	student will observe and perform specific health care procedures that may include personal
1231	care, patient bathing, and bathroom assistance; and
1232	(b) provided specific written consent for the student's participation in the program and

clinical experience; and

(6) shall, after consulting with school districts, charter schools, the Utah System of
Technical Colleges Board of Trustees, Salt Lake Community College's School of Applied
Technology, Snow College, and Utah State University Eastern, prepare and submit an annual
report to the governor and to the Legislature's Education Interim Committee by October 31 of
each year detailing:
(a) how the career and technical education needs of secondary students are being met;
and
(b) the access secondary students have to programs offered:
(i) at technical colleges; and
(ii) within the regions served by Salt Lake Community College's School of Applied
Technology, Snow College, and Utah State University Eastern.
Section 25. Section <b>53E-3-508</b> is amended to read:
53E-3-508. Rulemaking Standards for high quality programs operating outside
of the regular school day.
[(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
and in consultation with the Department of Workforce Services, the State Board of Education
shall]
(1) The state board shall, in consultation with the Department of Workforce Services,
make rules that describe the standards for a high quality program operating outside of the
regular school day:
(a) for elementary or secondary students; and
(b) offered by a:
(i) school district;
(ii) charter school;
(iii) private provider, including a non-profit provider; or
(iv) municipality.
(2) The standards described in Subsection (1) shall specify that a high quality program
operating outside of the regular school day:

1262	(a) provides a safe, healthy, and nurturing environment for all participants;
1263	(b) develops and maintains positive relationships among staff, participants, families,
1264	schools, and communities;
1265	(c) encourages participants to learn new skills; and
1266	(d) is effectively administered.
1267	Section 26. Section <b>53E-3-509</b> is amended to read:
1268	53E-3-509. Gang prevention and intervention policies.
1269	(1) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board shall adopt rules that require a local
1270	school board or <u>charter school</u> governing board [of a charter school] to enact gang prevention
1271	and intervention policies for all schools within the state board's jurisdiction.
1272	(b) The rules described in Subsection (1)(a) shall provide that the gang prevention and
1273	intervention policies of a local school board or charter school governing board may include
1274	provisions that reflect the individual school district's or charter school's unique needs or
1275	circumstances.
1276	(2) The rules described in Subsection (1) may include the following provisions:
1277	(a) school faculty and personnel shall report suspected gang activities relating to the
1278	school and its students to a school administrator and law enforcement;
1279	(b) a student who participates in gang activities may be excluded from participation in
1280	extracurricular activities, including interscholastic athletics, as determined by the school
1281	administration after consultation with law enforcement;
1282	(c) gang-related graffiti or damage to school property shall result in parent [or
1283	guardian] notification and appropriate administrative and law enforcement actions, which may
1284	include obtaining restitution from those responsible for the damage;
1285	(d) if a serious gang-related incident, as determined by the school administrator in
1286	consultation with local law enforcement, occurs on school property, at school related activities
1287	or on a site that is normally considered to be under school control, notification shall be

(i) informing them, in general terms, about the incident, but removing all personally

provided to parents [and guardians] of students in the school:

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identifiable information about students from the notice;

- (ii) emphasizing the school's concern for safety; and
- (iii) outlining the action taken at the school regarding the incident;
- (e) school faculty and personnel shall be trained by experienced evidence based trainers that may include community gang specialists and law enforcement as part of comprehensive strategies to recognize early warning signs for youth in trouble and help students resist serious involvement in undesirable activity, including joining gangs or mimicking gang behavior;
  - (f) prohibitions on the following behavior:
  - (i) advocating or promoting a gang or any gang-related activities;
- 1299 (ii) marking school property, books, or school work with gang names, slogans, or 1300 signs;
  - (iii) conducting gang initiations;
  - (iv) threatening another person with bodily injury or inflicting bodily injury on another in connection with a gang or gang-related activity;
  - (v) aiding or abetting an activity described under Subsections (2)(f)(i) through (iv) by a person's presence or support;
  - (vi) displaying or wearing common gang apparel, common dress, or identifying signs or symbols on one's clothing, person, or personal property that is disruptive to the school environment; and
  - (vii) communicating in any method, including verbal, non-verbal, and electronic means, designed to convey gang membership or affiliation.
  - (3) The rules described in Subsection (1) may require a local school board or <u>charter school</u> governing board [of a charter school] to publicize the policies enacted by the local school board or <u>charter school</u> governing board [of a charter school] in accordance with the rules described in Subsection (1) to all students, parents, [guardians,] and faculty through school websites, handbooks, letters to parents [and guardians], or other reasonable means of communication.
    - (4) The [State Board of Education] state board may consult with appropriate

1318	committees, including committees that provide opportunities for the input of parents, law
1319	enforcement, and community agencies, as it develops, enacts, and administers the rules
1320	described in Subsection (1).
1321	Section 27. Section <b>53E-3-510</b> is amended to read:
1322	53E-3-510. Control of school lunch revenues Apportionment Costs.
1323	(1) School lunch revenues shall be under the control of the [State Board of Education]
1324	state board and may only be disbursed, transferred, or drawn upon by its order. The revenue
1325	may only be used to provide school lunches and a school lunch program in the state's school
1326	districts in accordance with standards established by the state board.
1327	(2) The state board shall apportion the revenue according to the number of school
1328	children receiving school lunches in each school district. The [State Board of Education] state
1329	<u>board</u> and local school boards shall employ staff to administer and supervise the school lunch
1330	program and purchase supplies and equipment.
1331	(3) The costs of the school lunch program shall be included in the state board's annual
1332	budget.
1333	Section 28. Section <b>53E-3-511</b> is amended to read:
1334	53E-3-511. Student Achievement Backpack Utah Student Record Store.
1335	(1) As used in this section:
1336	(a) "Authorized LEA user" means a teacher or other person who is:
1337	(i) employed by an LEA that provides instruction to a student; and
1338	(ii) authorized to access data in a Student Achievement Backpack through the Utah
1339	Student Record Store.
1340	[(b) "LEA" means a school district, charter school, or the Utah Schools for the Deaf
1341	and the Blind.]
1342	[(c)] (b) "Statewide assessment" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1343	53E-4-301.
1344	[(d)] (c) "Student Achievement Backpack" means, for a student from kindergarten
1345	through grade 12 a complete learner profile that:

1346	(i) is in electronic format;
1347	(ii) follows the student from grade to grade and school to school; and
1348	(iii) is accessible by the student's parent [or guardian] or an authorized LEA user.
1349	[(e)] (d) "Utah Student Record Store" means a repository of student data collected from
1350	LEAs as part of the state's longitudinal data system that is:
1351	(i) managed by the [State Board of Education] state board;
1352	(ii) cloud-based; and
1353	(iii) accessible via a web browser to authorized LEA users.
1354	(2) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board shall use the [State Board of
1355	Education] state board's robust, comprehensive data collection system, which collects
1356	longitudinal student transcript data from LEAs and the unique student identifiers as described
1357	in Section 53E-4-308, to allow the following to access a student's Student Achievement
1358	Backpack:
1359	(i) the student's parent [or guardian]; and
1360	(ii) each LEA that provides instruction to the student.
1361	(b) The [State Board of Education] state board shall ensure that a Student Achievement
1362	Backpack:
1363	(i) provides a uniform, transparent reporting mechanism for individual student
1364	progress;
1365	(ii) provides a complete learner history for postsecondary planning;
1366	(iii) provides a teacher with visibility into a student's complete learner profile to better
1367	inform instruction and personalize education;
1368	(iv) assists a teacher or administrator in diagnosing a student's learning needs through
1369	the use of data already collected by the [State Board of Education] state board;
1370	(v) facilitates a student's parent [or guardian] taking an active role in the student's
1371	education by simplifying access to the student's complete learner profile; and
1372	(vi) serves as additional disaster mitigation for LEAs by using a cloud-based data

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storage and collection system.

1374	(3) Using existing information collected and stored in the [State Board of Education's]
1375	state board's data warehouse, the [State Board of Education] state board shall create the Utah
1376	Student Record Store where an authorized LEA user may:
1377	(a) access data in a Student Achievement Backpack relevant to the user's LEA or
1378	school; or
1379	(b) request student records to be transferred from one LEA to another.
1380	(4) The [State Board of Education] state board shall implement security measures to
1381	ensure that:
1382	(a) student data stored or transmitted to or from the Utah Student Record Store is
1383	secure and confidential pursuant to the requirements of the Family Educational Rights and
1384	Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g; and
1385	(b) an authorized LEA user may only access student data that is relevant to the user's
1386	LEA or school.
1387	(5) A student's parent [or guardian] may request the student's Student Achievement
1388	Backpack from the LEA or the school in which the student is enrolled.
1389	(6) An authorized LEA user may access student data in a Student Achievement
1390	Backpack, which shall include the following data, or request that the data be transferred from
1391	one LEA to another:
1392	(a) student demographics;
1393	(b) course grades;
1394	(c) course history; and
1395	(d) results of a statewide assessment.
1396	(7) An authorized LEA user may access student data in a Student Achievement
1397	Backpack, which shall include the data listed in Subsections (6)(a) through (d) and the
1398	following data, or request that the data be transferred from one LEA to another:
1399	(a) section attendance;
1400	(b) the name of a student's teacher for classes or courses the student takes;
1401	(c) teacher qualifications for a student's teacher, including years of experience, degree,

1402	license, and endorsement;
1403	(d) results of statewide assessments;
1404	(e) a student's writing sample that is written for a writing assessment administered
1405	pursuant to Section 53E-4-303;
1406	(f) student growth scores on a statewide assessment, as applicable;
1407	(g) a school's grade assigned pursuant to Chapter 5, Part 2, School Accountability
1408	System;
1409	(h) results of benchmark assessments of reading administered pursuant to Section
1410	53E-4-307; and
1411	(i) a student's reading level at the end of grade 3.
1412	(8) No later than June 30, 2017, the [State Board of Education] state board shall ensure
1413	that data collected in the Utah Student Record Store for a Student Achievement Backpack is
1414	integrated into each LEA's student information system and is made available to a student's
1415	parent [or guardian] and an authorized LEA user in an easily accessible viewing format.
1416	Section 29. Section <b>53E-3-512</b> is amended to read:
1417	53E-3-512. State board rules establishing basic ethical conduct standards
1418	Local school board policies.
1419	[(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1420	the State Board of Education]
1421	(1) The state board shall make rules that establish basic ethical conduct standards for
1422	public education employees who provide education-related services outside of their regular
1423	employment to their current or prospective public school students.
1424	(2) The rules shall provide that a local school board may adopt policies implementing
1425	the standards and addressing circumstances present in the district.
1426	Section 30. Section <b>53E-3-513</b> is amended to read:
1427	53E-3-513. Parental permission required for specified in-home programs
1428	Exceptions.

(1) The [State Board of Education] state board, local school boards, school districts,

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1430	and public schools are prohibited from requiring infant or preschool in-home literacy or other
1431	educational or parenting programs without obtaining parental permission in each individual
1432	case.
1433	(2) This section does not prohibit the Division of Child and Family Services, within the
1434	Department of Human Services, from providing or arranging for family preservation or other
1435	statutorily provided services in accordance with Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Child and Family
1436	Services, or any other in-home services that have been court ordered, pursuant to Title 62A,
1437	Chapter 4a, Child and Family Services, or Title 78A, Chapter 6, Juvenile Court Act.
1438	Section 31. Section 53E-3-515 is amended to read:
1439	53E-3-515. Hospitality and Tourism Management Career and Technical
1440	Education Pilot Program.
1441	(1) As used in this section:
1442	[(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
1443	[(b)] (a) "Local education agency" means a school district or charter school.
1444	[(c)] (b) "Pilot program" means the Hospitality and Tourism Management Career and
1445	Technical Education Pilot Program created under Subsection (2).
1446	(2) There is created a Hospitality and Tourism Management Career and Technical
1447	Education Pilot Program to provide instruction that a local education agency may offer to a
1448	student in any of grades 9 through 12 on:
1449	(a) the information and skills required for operational level employee positions in
1450	hospitality and tourism management, including:
1451	(i) hospitality soft skills;
1452	(ii) operational areas of the hospitality industry;

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(iii) sales and marketing; and

(iv) safety and security; and

(i) hospitality leadership skills;

entry-level leader in hospitality and tourism management, including:

(b) the leadership and managerial responsibilities, knowledge, and skills required by an

1458	(ii) operational leadership;
1459	(iii) managing food and beverage operations; and
1460	(iv) managing business operations.
1461	(3) The instruction described in Subsection (2) may be delivered in a public school
1462	using live instruction, video, or online materials.
1463	(4) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, the state
1464	board shall select one or more providers to supply materials and curriculum for the pilot
1465	program.
1466	(b) The state board may seek recommendations from trade associations and other
1467	entities that have expertise in hospitality and tourism management regarding potential
1468	providers of materials and curriculum for the pilot program.
1469	(5) (a) A local education agency may apply to the <u>state</u> board to participate in the pilot
1470	program.
1471	(b) The <u>state</u> board shall select participants in the pilot program.
1472	(c) A local education agency that participates in the pilot program shall use the
1473	materials and curriculum supplied by a provider selected under Subsection (4).
1474	(6) The <u>state</u> board shall evaluate the pilot program and provide an annual written
1475	report to the Education Interim Committee and the Economic Development and Workforce
1476	Services Interim Committee on or before October 1 describing:
1477	(a) how many local education agencies and how many students are participating in the
1478	pilot program; and
1479	(b) any recommended changes to the pilot program.
1480	Section 32. Section <b>53E-3-516</b> is amended to read:
1481	53E-3-516. School disciplinary and law enforcement action report Rulemaking
1482	authority.
1483	(1) As used in this section:
1484	(a) "Disciplinary action" means an action by a public school meant to formally
1485	discipline a student of that public school that includes a suspension or expulsion.

1486	(b) "Law enforcement agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1487	77-7a-103.
1488	(c) "Minor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-6-201.
1489	(d) "Other law enforcement activity" means a significant law enforcement interaction
1490	with a minor that does not result in an arrest, including:
1491	(i) a search and seizure by an SRO;
1492	(ii) issuance of a criminal citation;
1493	(iii) issuance of a ticket or summons;
1494	(iv) filing a delinquency petition; or
1495	(v) referral to a probation officer.
1496	(e) "School is in session" means the hours of a day during which a public school
1497	conducts instruction for which student attendance is counted toward calculating average daily
1498	membership.
1499	(f) (i) "School-sponsored activity" means an activity, fundraising event, club, camp,
1500	clinic, or other event or activity that is authorized by a specific public school, according to
1501	[local] <u>LEA governing</u> board policy, and satisfies at least one of the following conditions:
1502	(A) the activity is managed or supervised by a school district, public school, or public
1503	school employee;
1504	(B) the activity uses the school district or public school facilities, equipment, or other
1505	school resources; or
1506	(C) the activity is supported or subsidized, more than inconsequentially, by public
1507	funds, including the public school's activity funds or [minimum school program] Minimum
1508	School Program dollars.
1509	(ii) "School-sponsored activity" includes preparation for and involvement in a public
1510	performance, contest, athletic competition, demonstration, display, or club activity.
1511	(g) "Student resource officer" or "SRO" means the same as that term is defined in
1512	Section 53G-8-701.
1513	(2) Beginning on July 1, 2020, the [State Board of Education] state board, in

1514	collaboration with school districts, charter schools, and law enforcement agencies, shall
1515	develop an annual report regarding the following incidents that occur on school grounds while
1516	school is in session or during a school-sponsored activity:
1517	(a) arrests of a minor;
1518	(b) other law enforcement activities; and
1519	(c) disciplinary actions.
1520	(3) The report described in Subsection (2) shall include the following information by
1521	school district and charter school:
1522	(a) the number of arrests of a minor, including the reason why the minor was arrested;
1523	(b) the number of other law enforcement activities, including the following information
1524	for each incident:
1525	(i) the reason for the other law enforcement activity; and
1526	(ii) the type of other law enforcement activity used;
1527	(c) the number of disciplinary actions imposed, including:
1528	(i) the reason for the disciplinary action; and
1529	(ii) the type of disciplinary action; and
1530	(d) the number of SROs employed.
1531	(4) The report described in Subsection (2) shall include the following information, in
1532	aggregate, for each element described in Subsections (3)(a) through (c):
1533	(a) age;
1534	(b) grade level;
1535	(c) race;
1536	(d) sex; and
1537	(e) disability status.
1538	(5) Information included in the annual report described in Subsection (2) shall comply
1539	with:
1540	(a) Chapter 9, Part 3, Student Data Protection [Act];
1541	(b) Chapter 9, Part 2, Student Privacy; and

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1542	(c) the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Secs. 1232g and 1232h.
1543	[(6) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1544	the State Board of Education]
1545	(6) The state board shall make rules to compile the report described in Subsection (2).
1546	(7) The [State Board of Education] state board shall provide the report described in
1547	Subsection (2) to the Education Interim Committee before November 1 of each year for
1548	incidents that occurred during the previous school year.
1549	Section 33. Section <b>53E-3-517</b> is amended to read:
1550	53E-3-517. Educator credential database.
1551	(1) As used in this section:
1552	[(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
1553	[(b)] (a) "Educator" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53E-6-102.
1554	[(c)] (b) "Educator credential database" means a database used by the <u>state</u> board that:
1555	(i) contains educator credential information and LEA information; and
1556	(ii) is used by the <u>state</u> board to determine funding distribution.
1557	[(d) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means:]
1558	[(i) a charter school;]
1559	[(ii) a school district; or]
1560	[(iii) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.]
1561	(2) Before July 1, 2020, the state board shall ensure that a technical limitation of the
1562	educator credential database does not prevent an educator from accepting employment at more
1563	than one LEA.
1564	Section 34. Section <b>53E-3-602</b> is amended to read:
1565	53E-3-602. Auditors appointed Auditing standards.
1566	(1) Procedures utilized by auditors employed by local school boards shall meet or

board and the state auditor.(2) The standards must include financial accounting for both revenue and expenditures,

exceed generally accepted auditing standards approved by the [State Board of Education] state

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1570	and student accounting.
1571	Section 35. Section 53E-3-603 is amended to read:
1572	53E-3-603. State board to verify audits.
1573	The [State Board of Education] state board is responsible for verifying audits of
1574	financial and student accounting records of school districts for purposes of determining the
1575	allocation of Uniform School Fund money.
1576	Section 36. Section 53E-3-702 is amended to read:
1577	53E-3-702. State board to adopt public school construction guidelines.
1578	(1) As used in this section[: (a) "Board" means the State Board of Education. (b)
1579	"Public], "public school construction" means construction work on a new public school.
1580	(2) (a) The <u>state</u> board shall:
1581	(i) adopt guidelines for public school construction; and
1582	(ii) consult with the Division of Facilities Construction and Management
1583	Administration on proposed guidelines before adoption.
1584	(b) The <u>state</u> board shall ensure that guidelines adopted under Subsection (2)(a)(i)
1585	maximize funds used for public school construction and reflect efficient and economic use of
1586	those funds, including adopting guidelines that address a school's essential needs rather than
1587	encouraging or endorsing excessive costs per square foot of construction or nonessential
1588	facilities, design, or furnishings.
1589	(3) Before a school district or charter school may begin public school construction, the
1590	school district or charter school shall:
1591	(a) review the guidelines adopted by the state board under this section; and
1592	(b) take into consideration the guidelines when planning the public school
1593	construction.
1594	(4) In adopting the guidelines for public school construction, the <u>state</u> board shall
1595	consider the following and adopt alternative guidelines as needed:
1596	(a) location factors, including whether the school is in a rural or urban setting, and

climate factors;

1598	(b) variations in guidelines for significant or minimal projected student population
1599	growth;
1600	(c) guidelines specific to schools that serve various populations and grades, including
1601	high schools, junior high schools, middle schools, elementary schools, alternative schools, and
1602	schools for people with disabilities; and
1603	(d) year-round use.
1604	(5) The guidelines shall address the following:
1605	(a) square footage per student;
1606	(b) minimum and maximum required real property for a public school;
1607	(c) athletic facilities and fields, playgrounds, and hard surface play areas;
1608	(d) cost per square foot;
1609	(e) minimum and maximum qualities and costs for building materials;
1610	(f) design efficiency;
1611	(g) parking;
1612	(h) furnishing;
1613	(i) proof of compliance with applicable building codes; and
1614	(j) safety.
1615	Section 37. Section 53E-3-703 is amended to read:
1616	53E-3-703. Construction and alteration of schools and plants Advertising for
1617	bids Payment and performance bonds Contracts Bidding limitations on local
1618	school boards Interest of local school board members.
1619	(1) As used in this section, the word "sealed" does not preclude acceptance of
1620	electronically sealed and submitted bids or proposals in addition to bids or proposals manually
1621	sealed and submitted.
1622	(2) (a) Prior to the construction of any school or the alteration of any existing school
1623	plant, if the total estimated accumulative building project cost exceeds \$80,000, a local school
1624	board shall advertise for bids on the project at least 10 days before the bid due date.
1625	(b) The advertisement shall state:

1626	(i) that proposals for the building project are required to be sealed in accordance with
1627	plans and specifications provided by the local school board;
1628	(ii) where and when the proposals will be opened;
1629	(iii) that the local school board reserves the right to reject any and all proposals; and
1630	(iv) that a person that submits a proposal is required to submit a certified check or bid
1631	bond, of not less than 5% of the bid in the proposal, to accompany the proposal.
1632	(c) The local school board shall publish the advertisement, at a minimum:
1633	(i) on the local school board's website; or
1634	(ii) on a state website that is:
1635	(A) owned or managed by, or provided under contract with, the Division of Purchasing
1636	and General Services; and
1637	(B) available for the posting of public procurement notices.
1638	(3) (a) The <u>local school</u> board shall meet at the time and place specified in the
1639	advertisement and publicly open and read all received proposals.
1640	(b) If satisfactory bids are received, the <u>local school</u> board shall award the contract to
1641	the lowest responsible bidder.
1642	(c) If none of the proposals are satisfactory, all shall be rejected.
1643	(d) The <u>local school</u> board shall again advertise in the manner provided in this section.
1644	(e) If, after advertising a second time no satisfactory bid is received, the <u>local school</u>
1645	board may proceed under its own direction with the required project.
1646	(4) (a) The check or bond required under Subsection (2)(b) shall be drawn in favor of
1647	the local school board.
1648	(b) If the successful bidder fails or refuses to enter into the contract and furnish the
1649	additional bonds required under this section, then the bidder's check or bond is forfeited to the
1650	district.
1651	(5) A local school board shall require payment and performance bonds of the
1652	successful bidder as required in Section 63G-6a-1103.
1653	(6) (a) A local school board may require in the proposed contract that up to 5% of the

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1654	contract price be withheld until the project is completed and accepted by the <u>local school</u>
1655	board.
1656	(b) If money is withheld, the <u>local school</u> board shall place it in an interest bearing
1657	account, and the interest accrues for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors.
1658	(c) This money shall be paid upon completion of the project and acceptance by the
1659	<u>local school</u> board.
1660	(7) (a) A local school board may not bid on projects within the district if the total
1661	accumulative estimated cost exceeds \$80,000.
1662	(b) The <u>local school</u> board may use its resources if no satisfactory bids are received
1663	under this section.
1664	(8) If the local school board determines in accordance with Section 63G-6a-1302 to use
1665	a construction manager/general contractor as its method of construction contracting
1666	management on projects where the total estimated accumulative cost exceeds \$80,000, it shall
1667	select the construction manager/general contractor in accordance with the requirements of Title
1668	63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
1669	(9) A local school board member may not have a direct or indirect financial interest in
1670	the construction project contract.
1671	Section 38. Section <b>53E-3-705</b> is amended to read:
1672	53E-3-705. School plant capital outlay report.
1673	(1) The [State Board of Education] state board shall prepare an annual school plant
1674	capital outlay report of all school districts, which includes information on the number and size
1675	of building projects completed and under construction.
1676	(2) A school district or charter school shall prepare and submit an annual school plant
1677	capital outlay report in accordance with Section 63A-3-402.
1678	Section 39. Section <b>53E-3-706</b> is amended to read:
1679	53E-3-706. Enforcement of part by state superintendent Employment of

personnel -- School districts and charter schools -- Certificate of inspection verification.

(1) The state superintendent [of public instruction] shall enforce this part.

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(2) The <u>state</u> superintendent may employ architects or other qualified personnel, or contract with the State Building Board, the state fire marshal, or a local governmental entity to:

- (a) examine the plans and specifications of any school building or alteration submitted under this part;
  - (b) verify the inspection of any school building during or following construction; and
  - (c) perform other functions necessary to ensure compliance with this part.
- (3) (a) (i) If a local school board uses the school district's building inspector under Subsection 10-9a-305(6)(a)(ii) or 17-27a-305(6)(a)(ii) and issues its own certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building, the local school board shall file a certificate of inspection verification with the local governmental entity's building official and the [State Board of Education] state board, advising those entities that the school district has complied with the inspection provisions of this part.
- (ii) If a charter school uses a school district building inspector under Subsection 10-9a-305(6)(a)(ii) or 17-27a-305(6)(a)(ii) and the school district issues to the charter school a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building, the charter school shall file with the [State Board of Education] state board a certificate of inspection verification.
- (iii) If a local school board or charter school uses a local governmental entity's building inspector under Subsection 10-9a-305(6)(a)(i) or 17-27a-305(6)(a)(i) and the local governmental entity issues the local school board or charter school a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building, the local school board or charter school shall file with the [State Board of Education] state board a certificate of inspection verification.
- (iv) (A) If a local school board or charter school uses an independent, certified building inspector under Subsection 10-9a-305(6)(a)(iii) or 17-27a-305(6)(a)(iii), the local school board or charter school shall, upon completion of all required inspections of the school building, file with the [State Board of Education] state board a certificate of inspection verification and a request for the issuance of a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building.
  - (B) Upon the local school board's or charter school's filing of the certificate and request

as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(iv)(A), the school district or charter school shall be entitled to temporary occupancy of the school building that is the subject of the request for a period of 90 days, beginning the date the request is filed, if the school district or charter school has complied with all applicable fire and life safety code requirements.

- (C) Within 30 days after the local school board or charter school files a request under Subsection (3)(a)(iv)(A) for a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building, the state superintendent [of public instruction] shall:
- (I) (Aa) issue to the local school board or charter school a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building; or
- (Bb) deliver to the local school board or charter school a written notice indicating deficiencies in the school district's or charter school's compliance with the inspection provisions of this part; and
- (II) mail a copy of the certificate authorizing permanent occupancy or the notice of deficiency to the building official of the local governmental entity in which the school building is located.
- (D) Upon the local school board or charter school remedying the deficiencies indicated in the notice under Subsection (3)(a)(iv)(C)(I)(Bb) and notifying the state superintendent [of public instruction] that the deficiencies have been remedied, the state superintendent [of public instruction] shall issue a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building and mail a copy of the certificate to the building official of the local governmental entity in which the school building is located.
- (E) (I) The state superintendent [of public instruction] may charge the school district or charter school a fee for an inspection that the <u>state</u> superintendent considers necessary to enable the <u>state</u> superintendent to issue a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of the school building.
- (II) A fee under Subsection (3)(a)(iv)(E)(I) may not exceed the actual cost of performing the inspection.
  - (b) For purposes of this Subsection (3):

1738	(i) "local governmental entity" means either a municipality, for a school building
1739	located within a municipality, or a county, for a school building located within an
1740	unincorporated area in the county; and
1741	(ii) "certificate of inspection verification" means a standard inspection form developed
1742	by the state superintendent in consultation with local school boards and charter schools to
1743	verify that inspections by qualified inspectors have occurred.
1744	Section 40. Section <b>53E-3-707</b> is amended to read:
1745	53E-3-707. School building construction and inspection manual Annual
1746	construction and inspection conference Verification of school construction inspections.
1747	(1) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board, through the state superintendent [of
1748	public instruction], shall develop and distribute to each school district a school building
1749	construction and inspection resource manual.
1750	(b) The manual shall be provided to a charter school upon request of the charter school
1751	(2) (a) The manual shall include:
1752	(i) current legal requirements; and
1753	(ii) information on school building construction and inspections, including the
1754	guidelines adopted by the [State Board of Education] state board in accordance with Section
1755	53E-3-702.
1756	(b) The state superintendent shall review and update the manual at least once every
1757	three years.
1758	(3) The <u>state</u> board shall provide for an annual school construction conference to allow
1759	a representative from each school district and charter school to:
1760	(a) receive current information on the design, construction, and inspection of school
1761	buildings;
1762	(b) receive training on such matters as:
1763	(i) using properly certified building inspectors;
1764	(ii) filing construction inspection summary reports and the final inspection certification
1765	with the local governmental authority's building official;

1766 (iii) the roles and relationships between a school district or charter school and the local 1767 governmental authority, either a county or municipality, as related to the construction and inspection of school buildings; and 1768 1769 (iv) adequate documentation of school building inspections; and 1770 (c) provide input on any changes that may be needed to improve the existing school 1771 building inspection program. 1772 (4) The state board shall develop a process to verify that inspections by qualified inspectors occur in each school district or charter school. 1773 1774 Section 41. Section 53E-3-709 is amended to read: 1775 53E-3-709. Power of state board regarding expected federal aid to build schools. For the purpose of participating in any program of assistance by the government of the 1776 1777 United States designed to aid the various states, their political subdivisions and their 1778 educational agencies and institutions in providing adequate educational buildings and facilities. 1779 the [State Board of Education] state board, with the approval of the governor, may do the following: 1780 1781 (1) It may develop and implement plans relating to the building of educational 1782 buildings for the use and benefit of school districts and educational institutions and agencies of the state. These plans may conform to the requirements of federal legislation to such extent as 1783 the state board finds necessary to qualify the state and its educational subdivisions, agencies, 1784 1785 and institutions for federal educational building grants-in-aid. (2) It may enter into agreements on behalf of the state, its school districts, and its 1786 1787 educational agencies and institutions with the federal government and its agencies, and with the 1788 school districts, educational agencies, and institutions of the state, as necessary to comply with 1789 federal legislation and to secure for them rights of participation as necessary to fulfill the 1790 educational building needs of the state.

- (3) It may accept, allocate, disburse, and otherwise deal with federal funds or other assets that are available for buildings from any federal legislation or program of assistance
- among the school districts, public educational agencies, and other public institutions eligible to

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1794	participate in those programs.
1795	Section 42. Section <b>53E-3-801</b> is amended to read:
1796	53E-3-801. Definitions.
1797	As used in this part:
1798	(1) (a) "Cost" means an estimation of state and local money required to implement a
1799	federal education agreement or national program.
1800	(b) "Cost" does not include capital costs associated with implementing a federal
1801	education agreement or national program.
1802	(2) "Education entities" means the entities that may bear the state and local costs of
1803	implementing a federal program or national program, including:
1804	(a) the [State Board of Education] state board;
1805	(b) the state superintendent [of public instruction];
1806	(c) a local school board;
1807	(d) a school district and its schools;
1808	(e) a charter school governing board; and
1809	(f) a charter school.
1810	(3) "Federal education agreement" means a legally binding document or representation
1811	that requires a school official to implement a federal program or set of requirements that
1812	originates from the U.S. Department of Education and that has, as a primary focus, an impact
1813	on the educational services at a district or charter school.
1814	(4) "Federal programs" include:
1815	(a) the No Child Left Behind Act;
1816	(b) the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Amendments of 1997, Public Law
1817	105-17, and subsequent amendments; and
1818	(c) other federal educational programs.
1819	(5) "National program" means a national or multi-state education program, agreement,
1820	or standards that

(a) originated from, or were received directly or indirectly from, a national or

1822	multi-state organization, coalition, or compact;
1823	(b) have, as a primary focus, an impact on the educational services at a public school;
1824	and
1825	(c) are adopted by the [State Board of Education] state board or state superintendent [of
1826	public instruction] with the intent to cause a local school official to implement the national or
1827	multi-state education program, agreement, or standards.
1828	(6) "No Child Left Behind Act" means the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001, 20
1829	U.S.C. Sec. 6301 et seq.
1830	(7) "School official" includes:
1831	(a) the [State Board of Education] state board;
1832	(b) the state superintendent;
1833	(c) employees of the [State Board of Education] state board and the state
1834	superintendent;
1835	(d) local school boards;
1836	(e) school district superintendents and employees; and
1837	(f) charter school governing board members, administrators, and employees.
1838	Section 43. Section <b>53E-3-802</b> is amended to read:
1839	53E-3-802. Federal programs School official duties.
1840	(1) School officials may:
1841	(a) apply for, receive, and administer funds made available through programs of the
1842	federal government;
1843	(b) only expend federal funds for the purposes for which they are received and are
1844	accounted for by the state, school district, or charter school; and
1845	(c) reduce or eliminate a program created with or expanded by federal funds to the
1846	extent allowed by law when federal funds for that program are subsequently reduced or
1847	eliminated.
1848	(2) School officials shall:
1849	(a) prioritize resources, especially to resolve conflicts between federal provisions or

between federal and state programs, including:

(i) providing first priority to meeting sta

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- (i) providing first priority to meeting state goals, objectives, program needs, and accountability systems as they relate to federal programs; and
- (ii) subject to Subsection (4), providing second priority to implementing federal goals, objectives, program needs, and accountability systems that do not directly and simultaneously advance state goals, objectives, program needs, and accountability systems;
- 1856 (b) interpret the provisions of federal programs in the best interest of students in this state;
  - (c) maximize local control and flexibility;
- 1859 (d) minimize additional state resources that are diverted to implement federal programs 1860 beyond the federal money that is provided to fund the programs;
  - (e) request changes to federal educational programs, especially programs that are underfunded or provide conflicts with other state or federal programs, including:
    - (i) federal statutes;
      - (ii) federal regulations; and
      - (iii) other federal policies and interpretations of program provisions; and
  - (f) seek waivers from all possible federal statutes, requirements, regulations, and program provisions from federal education officials to:
    - (i) maximize state flexibility in implementing program provisions; and
    - (ii) receive reasonable time to comply with federal program provisions.
    - (3) The requirements of school officials under this part, including the responsibility to lobby federal officials, are not intended to mandate school officials to incur costs or require the hiring of lobbyists, but are intended to be performed in the course of school officials' normal duties.
  - (4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4):
- 1875 (i) "Available Education Fund revenue surplus" means the Education Fund revenue surplus after the statutory transfers and set-asides described in Section 63J-1-313.
- 1877 (ii) "Education Fund revenue surplus" means the same as that term is defined in

1878	Section 63J-1-313.
1879	(b) Before prioritizing the implementation of a future federal goal, objective, program
1880	need, or accountability system that does not directly and simultaneously advance a state goal,
1881	objective, program need, or accountability system, the [State Board of Education] state board
1882	may:
1883	(i) determine the financial impact of failure to implement the federal goal, objective,
1884	program need, or accountability system; and
1885	(ii) if the [State Board of Education] state board determines that failure to implement
1886	the federal goal, objective, program need, or accountability system may result in a financial
1887	loss, request that the Legislature mitigate the financial loss.
1888	(c) A mitigation requested under Subsection (4)(b)(ii) may include appropriating
1889	available Education Fund revenue surplus through an appropriations act, including an
1890	appropriations act passed during a special session called by the governor or a general session.
1891	(d) This mitigation option is in addition to and does not restrict or conflict with the
1892	state's authority provided in this part.
1893	Section 44. Section 53E-3-903 is amended to read:
1894	53E-3-903. Article II Definitions.
1895	(1) As used in this compact, unless the context clearly requires a different construction:
1896	[(1)] (a) "Active duty" means full-time duty status in the active uniformed service of
1897	the United States, including members of the National Guard and Reserve.
1898	[(2)] (b) "Children of military families" means a school-aged child, enrolled in
1899	Kindergarten through Twelfth grade, in the household of an active duty member.
1900	[(3)] (c) "Compact commissioner" means the voting representative of each compacting
1901	state appointed pursuant to Article VIII of this compact.
1902	[(4)] (d) "Deployment" means the period one month prior to the service member's

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home station.

departure from their home station on military orders through six months after return to their

[(5)] (e) "Education" or "educational records" means those official records, files, and

1906	data directly related to a student and maintained by the school or local education agency,
1907	including but not limited to records encompassing all the material kept in the student's
1908	cumulative folder such as general identifying data, records of attendance and of academic work
1909	completed, records of achievement and results of evaluative tests, health data, disciplinary
1910	status, test protocols, and individualized education programs.
1911	[(6)] (f) "Extracurricular activities" means a voluntary activity sponsored by the school
1912	or local education agency or an organization sanctioned by the local education agency.
1913	Extracurricular activities include, but are not limited to, preparation for and involvement in
1914	public performances, contests, athletic competitions, demonstrations, displays, and club
1915	activities.
1916	[ <del>(7)</del> ] (g) "Interstate Commission on Educational Opportunity for Military Children"
1917	means the commission that is created in Section 53E-3-910 and generally referred to as
1918	Interstate Commission.
1919	[(8)] (h) "Local education agency" means a public authority legally constituted by the
1920	state as an administrative agency to provide control of and direction for Kindergarten through
1921	Twelfth grade public educational institutions.
1922	[(9)] (i) "Member state" means a state that has enacted this compact.
1923	[(10)] (j) "Military installation" means a base, camp, post, station, yard, center,
1924	homeport facility for any ship, or other activity under the jurisdiction of the Department of
1925	Defense, including any leased facility, which is located within any of the several states, the
1926	District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam,
1927	American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Islands, and any other U.S. Territory. The term does
1928	not include any facility used primarily for civil works, rivers and harbors projects, or flood
1929	control projects.
1930	$[\frac{(11)}{k}]$ "Non-member state" means a state that has not enacted this compact.
1931	[(12)] (1) "Receiving state" means the state to which a child of a military family is sent,
1932	brought, or caused to be sent or brought.
1933	[(13)] (m) "Rule" means a written statement by the Interstate Commission promulgated

pursuant to Section 53E-3-913 that is of general applicability, implements, interprets, or
prescribes a policy or provision of the compact, or an organizational, procedural, or practice
requirement of the Interstate Commission, and has the force and effect of a rule promulgated
under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and includes the
amendment, repeal, or suspension of an existing rule.
[(14)] (n) "Sending state" means the state from which a child of a military family is
sent, brought, or caused to be sent or brought.
[(15)] (o) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern
Mariana Islands, and any other U.S. Territory.
[(16)] (p) "Student" means the child of a military family for whom the local education
agency receives public funding and who is formally enrolled in Kindergarten through Twelfth
grade.
$\left[\frac{(17)}{(q)}\right]$ "Transition" means:
[(a)] (i) the formal and physical process of transferring from school to school; or
[(b)] (ii) the period of time in which a student moves from one school in the sending
state to another school in the receiving state.
$[\frac{(18)}{(18)}]$ "Uniformed services" means the same as that term is defined in Section
68-3-12.5.
[(19)] (s) "Veteran" means a person who served in the uniformed services and who was
discharged or released therefrom under conditions other than dishonorable.
(2) The definitions described in Section 53E-1-102 do not apply to this compact.
Section 45. Section <b>53E-4-202</b> is amended to read:
53E-4-202. Core standards for Utah public schools.
(1) (a) In establishing minimum standards related to curriculum and instruction
requirements under Section 53E-3-501, the [State Board of Education] state board shall, in
consultation with local school boards, school superintendents, teachers, employers, and parents
implement core standards for Utah public schools that will enable students to, among other

1962	objectives:
1963	(i) communicate effectively, both verbally and through written communication;
1964	(ii) apply mathematics; and
1965	(iii) access, analyze, and apply information.
1966	(b) Except as provided in this public education code, the [State Board of Education]
1967	state board may recommend but may not require a local school board or charter school
1968	governing board to use:
1969	(i) a particular curriculum or instructional material; or
1970	(ii) a model curriculum or instructional material.
1971	(2) The [State Board of Education] state board shall, in establishing the core standards
1972	for Utah public schools:
1973	(a) identify the basic knowledge, skills, and competencies each student is expected to
1974	acquire or master as the student advances through the public education system; and
1975	(b) align with each other the core standards for Utah public schools and the
1976	assessments described in Section 53E-4-303.
1977	(3) The basic knowledge, skills, and competencies identified pursuant to Subsection
1978	(2)(a) shall increase in depth and complexity from year to year and focus on consistent and
1979	continual progress within and between grade levels and courses in the basic academic areas of:
1980	(a) English, including explicit phonics, spelling, grammar, reading, writing,
1981	vocabulary, speech, and listening; and
1982	(b) mathematics, including basic computational skills.
1983	(4) Before adopting core standards for Utah public schools, the [State Board of
1984	Education] state board shall:
1985	(a) publicize draft core standards for Utah public schools on the [State Board of
1986	Education's] state board's website and the Utah Public Notice website created under Section
1987	63F-1-701;
1988	(b) invite public comment on the draft core standards for Utah public schools for a
1989	period of not less than 90 days; and

(c) conduct three public hearings that are held in different regions of the state on the draft core standards for Utah public schools.

- (5) [Local school] LEA governing boards shall design their school programs, that are supported by generally accepted scientific standards of evidence, to focus on the core standards for Utah public schools with the expectation that each program will enhance or help achieve mastery of the core standards for Utah public schools.
- (6) Except as provided in Section 53G-10-402, each school may select instructional materials and methods of teaching, that are supported by generally accepted scientific standards of evidence, that the school considers most appropriate to meet the core standards for Utah public schools.
- (7) The state may exit any agreement, contract, memorandum of understanding, or consortium that cedes control of the core standards for Utah public schools to any other entity, including a federal agency or consortium, for any reason, including:
  - (a) the cost of developing or implementing the core standards for Utah public schools;
- (b) the proposed core standards for Utah public schools are inconsistent with community values; or
  - (c) the agreement, contract, memorandum of understanding, or consortium:
- (i) was entered into in violation of Chapter 3, Part 8, Implementing Federal or National Education Programs, or Title 63J, Chapter 5, Federal Funds Procedures Act;
  - (ii) conflicts with Utah law;

- (iii) requires Utah student data to be included in a national or multi-state database;
- (iv) requires records of teacher performance to be included in a national or multi-state database; or
- (v) imposes curriculum, assessment, or data tracking requirements on home school or private school students.
- (8) The [State Board of Education] state board shall annually report to the Education Interim Committee on the development and implementation of the core standards for Utah public schools, including the time line established for the review of the core standards for Utah

2018	public schools by a standards review committee and the recommendations of a standards
2019	review committee established under Section 53E-4-203.
2020	Section 46. Section 53E-4-203 is amended to read:
2021	53E-4-203. Standards review committee.
2022	[(1) As used in this section, "board" means the State Board of Education.]
2023	$[\frac{(2)}{(1)}]$ Subject to Subsection $[\frac{(5)}{(4)}]$ , the $[\frac{\text{State Board of Education}}]$ state board
2024	shall establish:
2025	(a) a time line for the review by a standards review committee of the core standards for
2026	Utah public schools for:
2027	(i) English language arts;
2028	(ii) mathematics;
2029	(iii) science;
2030	(iv) social studies;
2031	(v) fine arts;
2032	(vi) physical education and health; and
2033	(vii) early childhood education; and
2034	(b) a separate standards review committee for each subject area specified in Subsection
2035	[(2)] (1)(a) to review, and recommend to the <u>state</u> board revisions to, the core standards for
2036	Utah public schools.
2037	[(3)] (2) At least one year before the state board takes formal action to adopt new core
2038	standards for Utah public schools, the <u>state</u> board shall establish a standards review committee
2039	as required by Subsection $[(2)]$ $(1)$ (b).
2040	[(4)] (3) A standards review committee shall meet at least twice during the time period
2041	described in Subsection $[(3)]$ $(2)$ .
2042	$[\frac{(5)}{4}]$ In establishing a time line for the review of core standards for Utah public
2043	schools by a standards review committee, the <u>state</u> board shall give priority to establishing a
2044	standards review committee to review, and recommend revisions to, the mathematics core
2045	standards for Utah public schools.

2046	$\left[\frac{(6)}{(5)}\right]$ The membership of a standards review committee consists of:
2047	(a) seven individuals, with expertise in the subject being reviewed, appointed by the
2048	state board chair, including teachers, business representatives, faculty of higher education
2049	institutions in Utah, and others as determined by the state board chair;
2050	(b) five parents [or guardians] of public education students appointed by the speaker of
2051	the House of Representatives; and
2052	(c) five parents [or guardians] of public education students appointed by the president
2053	of the Senate.
2054	$[\frac{7}{6}]$ (6) The state board shall provide staff support to the standards review committee.
2055	[(8)] (7) A member of the standards review committee may not receive compensation
2056	or benefits for the member's service on the committee.
2057	[(9)] (8) Among the criteria a standards review committee shall consider when
2058	reviewing the core standards for Utah public schools is giving students an adequate foundation
2059	to successfully pursue college, technical education, a career, or other life pursuits.
2060	[(10)] (9) A standards review committee shall submit, to the state board, comments and
2061	recommendations for revision of the core standards for Utah public schools.
2062	[(11)] (10) The state board shall take into consideration the comments and
2063	recommendations of a standards review committee in adopting the core standards for Utah
2064	public schools.
2065	$[\frac{(12)}{(11)}]$ (a) Nothing in this section prohibits the <u>state</u> board from amending or
2066	adding individual core standards for Utah public schools as the need arises in the state board's
2067	ongoing responsibilities.
2068	(b) If the <u>state</u> board makes changes as described in Subsection [(12)] (11)(a), the <u>state</u>
2069	board shall include the changes in the annual report the <u>state</u> board submits to the Education
2070	Interim Committee under Section 53E-4-202.
2071	Section 47. Section <b>53E-4-204</b> is amended to read:
2072	53E-4-204. Standards and graduation requirements.
2073	(1) The [State Board of Education] state board shall establish rigorous core standards

2074 for Utah public schools and graduation requirements under Section 53E-3-501 for grades 9 2075 through 12 that: 2076 (a) are consistent with state law and federal regulations; and 2077 (b) beginning no later than with the graduating class of 2008: 2078 (i) use competency-based standards and assessments; 2079 (ii) include instruction that stresses general financial literacy from basic budgeting to 2080 financial investments, including bankruptcy education and a general financial literacy test-out 2081 option; and 2082 (iii) increase graduation requirements in language arts, mathematics, and science to 2083 exceed the existing credit requirements of 3.0 units in language arts, 2.0 units in mathematics, 2084 and 2.0 units in science. (2) The [State Board of Education] state board shall also establish competency-based 2085 2086 standards and assessments for elective courses. (3) On or before July 1, 2014, the [State Board of Education] state board shall adopt 2087 revised course standards and objectives for the course of instruction in general financial 2088 2089 literacy described in Subsection (1)(b) that address: (a) the costs of going to college, student loans, scholarships, and the Free Application 2090 2091 for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA); and 2092 (b) technology that relates to banking, savings, and financial products. 2093 (4) The [State Board of Education] state board shall administer the course of 2094 instruction in general financial literacy described in Subsection (1)(b) in the same manner as 2095 other core standards for Utah public schools courses for grades 9 through 12 are administered. 2096 Section 48. Section **53E-4-205** is amended to read: 2097 53E-4-205. American civics education initiative. 2098 (1) As used in this section: 2099 (a) "Adult education program" means an organized educational program below the 2100 postsecondary level, other than a regular full-time K-12 secondary education program,

provided by an LEA or nonprofit organization that provides the opportunity for an adult to

2102	further the adult's high school level education.
2103	(b) "Basic civics test" means a test that includes 50 of the 100 questions on the civics
2104	test form used by the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services:
2105	(i) to determine that an individual applying for United States citizenship meets the
2106	basic citizenship skills specified in 8 U.S.C. Sec. 1423; and
2107	(ii) in accordance with 8 C.F.R. Sec. 312.2.
2108	[(c) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
2109	[ <del>(d) "LEA" means:</del> ]
2110	[(i) a school district;]
2111	[(ii) a charter school; or]
2112	[(iii) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.]
2113	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the <u>state</u> board shall require:
2114	(i) a public school student who graduates on or after January 1, 2016, to pass a basic
2115	civics test as a condition for receiving a high school diploma; and
2116	(ii) a student enrolled in an adult education program to pass a basic civics test as a
2117	condition for receiving an adult education secondary diploma.
2118	(b) The <u>state</u> board may require a public school student to pass an alternate assessment
2119	instead of a basic civics test if the student qualifies for an alternate assessment, as defined in
2120	state board rule.
2121	(3) An individual who correctly answers a minimum of 35 out of the 50 questions on a
2122	basic civics test passes the test and an individual who correctly answers fewer than 35 out of 50
2123	questions on a basic civics test does not pass the test.
2124	[(4) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
2125	the]
2126	(4) The state board shall make rules that:
2127	(a) require an LEA that serves secondary students to administer a basic civics test or
2128	alternate assessment to a public school student enrolled in the LEA;

(b) require an adult education program provider to administer a basic civics test to an

2130	individual who intends to receive an adult education secondary diploma;
2131	(c) allow an individual to take a basic civics test as many times as needed in order to
2132	pass the test; and
2133	(d) for the alternate assessment described in Subsection (2)(b), describe:
2134	(i) the content of an alternate assessment;
2135	(ii) how a public school student qualifies for an alternate assessment; and
2136	(iii) how an LEA determines if a student passes an alternate assessment.
2137	Section 49. Section <b>53E-4-206</b> is amended to read:
2138	53E-4-206. Career and college readiness mathematics competency standards.
2139	(1) As used in this section, "qualifying score" means a score established as described in
2140	Subsection (4), that, if met by a student, qualifies the student to receive college credit for a
2141	mathematics course that satisfies the state system of higher education quantitative literacy
2142	requirement.
2143	[(2) The State Board of Education shall, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2144	Administrative Rulemaking Act,]
2145	(2) The state board shall make rules that:
2146	(a) (i) establish the mathematics competency standards described in Subsection (3) as a
2147	graduation requirement beginning with the 2016-17 school year; and
2148	(ii) include the qualifying scores described in Subsection (4); and
2149	(b) establish systematic reporting of college and career ready mathematics
2150	achievement.
2151	(3) In addition to other graduation requirements established by the [State Board of
2152	Education] state board, a student shall fulfill one of the following requirements to demonstrate
2153	mathematics competency that supports the student's future college and career goals as outlined
2154	in the student's college and career plan:
2155	(a) for a student pursuing a college degree after graduation:
2156	(i) receive a score that at least meets the qualifying score for:
2157	(A) an Advanced Placement calculus or statistics exam;

2158	(B) an International Baccalaureate higher level mathematics exam;
2159	(C) a college-level math placement test described in Subsection (5);
2160	(D) a College Level Examination Program precalculus or calculus exam; or
2161	(E) the ACT Mathematics Test; or
2162	(ii) receive at least a "C" grade in a concurrent enrollment mathematics course that
2163	satisfies the state system of higher education quantitative literacy requirement;
2164	(b) for a non college degree-seeking student, the student shall complete appropriate
2165	math competencies for the student's career goals as described in the student's college and career
2166	plan;
2167	(c) for a student with an individualized education program prepared in accordance with
2168	the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq., the student shall
2169	meet the mathematics standards described in the student's individualized education program; or
2170	(d) for a senior student with special circumstances as described in [State Board of
2171	Education] state board rule, the student shall fulfill a requirement associated with the student's
2172	special circumstances, as established in [State Board of Education] state board rule.
2173	(4) The State Board of Regents shall, in consultation with the [State Board of
2174	Education] state board, determine qualifying scores for the tests and exams described in
2175	Subsection (3)(a)(i).
2176	(5) The State Board of Regents, established in Section 53B-1-103, shall make a policy
2177	to select at least two tests for college-level math placement.
2178	(6) The State Board of Regents shall, in consultation with the [State Board of
2179	Education] state board, make policies to:
2180	(a) develop mechanisms for a student who completes a math competency requirement
2181	described in Subsection (3)(a) to:
2182	(i) receive college credit; and
2183	(ii) satisfy the state system of higher education quantitative literacy requirement;
2184	(b) allow a student, upon completion of required high school mathematics courses with
2185	at least a "C" grade, entry into a mathematics concurrent enrollment course;

2186	(c) increase access to a range of mathematics concurrent enrollment courses;
2187	(d) establish a consistent concurrent enrollment course approval process; and
2188	(e) establish a consistent process to qualify high school teachers with an upper level
2189	mathematics endorsement to teach entry level mathematics concurrent enrollment courses.
2190	Section 50. Section <b>53E-4-301</b> is amended to read:
2191	53E-4-301. Definitions.
2192	As used in this part:
2193	[(1) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
2194	$[\frac{2}{2}]$ (1) "Core standards for Utah public schools" means the standards established by
2195	the <u>state</u> board as described in Section 53E-4-202.
2196	[(3) "Individualized education program" or "IEP" means a written statement for a
2197	student with a disability that is developed, reviewed, and revised in accordance with the
2198	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.]
2199	[(4)] (2) "Statewide assessment" means one or more of the following, as applicable:
2200	(a) a standards assessment described in Section 53E-4-303;
2201	(b) a high school assessment described in Section 53E-4-304;
2202	(c) a college readiness assessment described in Section 53E-4-305; or
2203	(d) an assessment of students in grade 3 to measure reading grade level described in
2204	Section 53E-4-307.
2205	Section 51. Section <b>53E-4-301.5</b> is amended to read:
2206	53E-4-301.5. Legislative intent.
2207	(1) In enacting this part, the Legislature intends to determine the effectiveness of
2208	school districts and schools in assisting students to master the fundamental educational skills
2209	toward which instruction is directed.
2210	(2) The <u>state</u> board shall ensure that a statewide assessment provides the public, the
2211	Legislature, the state board, school districts, public schools, and school teachers with:
2212	(a) evaluative information regarding the various levels of proficiency achieved by

students, so that they may have an additional tool to plan, measure, and evaluate the

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2214	effectiveness of programs in the public schools; and
2215	(b) information to recognize excellence and to identify the need for additional resources
2216	or to reallocate educational resources in a manner to ensure educational opportunities for all
2217	students and to improve existing programs.
2218	Section 52. Section <b>53E-4-302</b> is amended to read:
2219	53E-4-302. Statewide assessments Duties of the state board.
2220	(1) The <u>state</u> board shall:
2221	(a) require the state superintendent [of public instruction] to:
2222	(i) submit and recommend statewide assessments to the state board for adoption by the
2223	state board; and
2224	(ii) distribute the statewide assessments adopted by the state board to a school district
2225	or charter school;
2226	(b) provide for the state to participate in the National Assessment of Educational
2227	Progress state-by-state comparison testing program; and
2228	(c) require a school district or charter school to administer statewide assessments.
2229	[(2) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
2230	the]
2231	(2) The state board shall make rules for the administration of statewide assessments.
2232	(3) The <u>state</u> board shall ensure that statewide assessments are administered in
2233	compliance with the requirements of Chapter 9, Student Privacy and Data Protection.
2234	Section 53. Section <b>53E-4-303</b> is amended to read:
2235	53E-4-303. Utah standards assessments Administration Review committee.
2236	(1) As used in this section, "computer adaptive assessment" means an assessment that
2237	measures the range of a student's ability by adapting to the student's responses, selecting more

difficult or less difficult questions based on the student's responses.

(2) The <u>state</u> board shall:

(a) adopt a standards assessment that:

(i) measures a student's proficiency in:

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2242	(A) mathematics for students in each of grades 3 through 8;
2243	(B) English language arts for students in each of grades 3 through 8;
2244	(C) science for students in each of grades 4 through 8; and
2245	(D) writing for students in at least grades 5 and 8; and
2246	(ii) except for the writing measurement described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(D), is a
2247	computer adaptive assessment; and
2248	(b) ensure that an assessment described in Subsection (2)(a) is:
2249	(i) a criterion referenced assessment;
2250	(ii) administered online;
2251	(iii) aligned with the core standards for Utah public schools; and
2252	(iv) adaptable to competency-based education as defined in Section 53F-5-501.
2253	(3) A school district or charter school shall annually administer the standards
2254	assessment adopted by the state board under Subsection (2) to all students in the subjects and
2255	grade levels described in Subsection (2).
2256	(4) A student's score on the standards assessment adopted under Subsection (2) may
2257	not be considered in determining:
2258	(a) the student's academic grade for a course; or
2259	(b) whether the student may advance to the next grade level.
2260	(5) (a) The state board shall establish a committee consisting of 15 parents of Utah
2261	public education students to review all standards assessment questions.
2262	(b) The committee established in Subsection (5)(a) shall include the following parent
2263	members:
2264	(i) five members appointed by the chair of the state board;
2265	(ii) five members appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives or the
2266	speaker's designee; and
2267	(iii) five members appointed by the president of the Senate or the president's designee.
2268	(c) The <u>state</u> board shall provide staff support to the parent committee.
2269	(d) The term of office of each member appointed in Subsection (5)(b) is four years.

2270	(e) The chair of the <u>state</u> board, the speaker of the House of Representatives, and the
2271	president of the Senate shall adjust the length of terms to stagger the terms of committee
2272	members so that approximately half of the committee members are appointed every two years.
2273	(f) No member may receive compensation or benefits for the member's service on the
2274	committee.
2275	Section 54. Section 53E-4-304 is amended to read:
2276	53E-4-304. High school assessments.
2277	(1) The <u>state</u> board shall adopt a high school assessment that:
2278	(a) is predictive of a student's college readiness as measured by the college readiness
2279	assessment described in Section 53E-4-305; and
2280	(b) provides a growth score for a student from grade 9 to 10.
2281	(2) A school district or charter school shall annually administer the high school
2282	assessment adopted by the <u>state</u> board under Subsection (1) to all students in grades 9 and 10.
2283	Section 55. Section 53E-4-305 is amended to read:
2284	53E-4-305. College readiness assessments.
2285	(1) The Legislature recognizes the need for the <u>state</u> board to develop and implement
2286	standards and assessment processes to ensure that student progress is measured and that
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2207	[school] LEA governing boards and school personnel are accountable.
2288	[school] LEA governing boards and school personnel are accountable.  (2) The state board shall adopt a college readiness assessment for secondary students
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2288	(2) The <u>state</u> board shall adopt a college readiness assessment for secondary students
2288 2289	(2) The <u>state</u> board shall adopt a college readiness assessment for secondary students that:
2288 2289 2290	<ul><li>(2) The <u>state</u> board shall adopt a college readiness assessment for secondary students that:</li><li>(a) is the college readiness assessment most commonly submitted to local universities;</li></ul>
2288 2289 2290 2291	(2) The <u>state</u> board shall adopt a college readiness assessment for secondary students that:  (a) is the college readiness assessment most commonly submitted to local universities; and
2288 2289 2290 2291 2292	<ul> <li>(2) The <u>state</u> board shall adopt a college readiness assessment for secondary students that:</li> <li>(a) is the college readiness assessment most commonly submitted to local universities;</li> <li>and</li> <li>(b) may include:</li> </ul>
2288 2289 2290 2291 2292 2293	(2) The <u>state</u> board shall adopt a college readiness assessment for secondary students that:  (a) is the college readiness assessment most commonly submitted to local universities; and  (b) may include:  (i) the Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery; or
2288 2289 2290 2291 2292 2293 2294	(2) The state board shall adopt a college readiness assessment for secondary students that:  (a) is the college readiness assessment most commonly submitted to local universities; and  (b) may include:  (i) the Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery; or  (ii) a battery of assessments that are predictive of success in higher education.

2298	(b) A student with an IEP may take an appropriate college readiness assessment other
2299	than the assessment adopted by the state board under Subsection (2), as determined by the
2300	student's IEP.
2301	(4) In accordance with Section 53F-4-202, the state board shall contract with a provider
2302	to provide an online college readiness diagnostic tool.
2303	Section 56. Section <b>53E-4-306</b> is amended to read:
2304	53E-4-306. State reading goal Reading achievement plan.
2305	(1) As used in this section:
2306	(a) "Competency" means a demonstrable acquisition of a specified knowledge, skill, or
2307	ability that has been organized into a hierarchical arrangement leading to higher levels of
2308	knowledge, skill, or ability.
2309	(b) "Five domains of reading" include phonological awareness, phonics, fluency,
2310	comprehension, and vocabulary.
2311	(2) (a) The Legislature recognizes that:
2312	(i) reading is the most fundamental skill, the gateway to knowledge and lifelong
2313	learning;
2314	(ii) there is an ever increasing demand for literacy in the highly technological society
2315	we live in;
2316	(iii) students who do not learn to read will be economically and socially disadvantaged;
2317	(iv) reading problems exist in almost every classroom;
2318	(v) almost all reading failure is preventable if reading difficulties are diagnosed and
2319	treated early; and
2320	(vi) early identification and treatment of reading difficulties can result in students
2321	learning to read by the end of [the third] grade $\underline{3}$ .
2322	(b) It is therefore the goal of the state to have every student in the state's public
2323	education system reading on or above grade level by the end of [the third] grade $\underline{3}$ .
2324	(3) (a) Each public school containing kindergarten, grade [one] 1, grade [two] 2, or
2325	grade [three] 3, including charter schools, shall develop, as a component of the school

2326	improvement plan described in Section 53G-7-1204, a reading achievement plan for its
2327	students in kindergarten through grade [three] 3 to reach the reading goal set in Subsection
2328	(2)(b).
2329	(b) The reading achievement plan shall be:
2330	(i) created under the direction of:
2331	(A) the school community council or a subcommittee or task force created by the
2332	school community council, in the case of a school district school; or
2333	(B) the charter school governing board or a subcommittee or task force created by the
2334	charter school governing board, in the case of a charter school; and
2335	(ii) implemented by the school's principal, teachers, and other appropriate school staff.
2336	(c) The school principal shall take primary responsibility to provide leadership and
2337	allocate resources and support for teachers and students, most particularly for those who are
2338	reading below grade level, to achieve the reading goal.
2339	(d) Each reading achievement plan shall include:
2340	(i) an assessment component that:
2341	(A) focuses on ongoing formative assessment to measure the five domains of reading,
2342	as appropriate, and inform individualized instructional decisions; and
2343	(B) includes a benchmark assessment of reading approved by the <u>state</u> board pursuant
2344	to Section 53E-4-307;
2345	(ii) an intervention component:
2346	(A) that provides adequate and appropriate interventions focused on each student
2347	attaining competency in reading skills;
2348	(B) based on best practices identified through proven researched-based methods;
2349	(C) that provides intensive intervention, such as focused instruction in small groups
2350	and individualized data driven instruction, implemented at the earliest possible time for
2351	students having difficulty in reading;
2352	(D) that provides an opportunity for parents to receive materials and guidance so that
2353	they will be able to assist their children in attaining competency in reading skills; and

2354	(E) that, as resources allow, may involve a reading specialist; and
2355	(iii) a reporting component that includes reporting to parents:
2356	(A) at the beginning, in the middle, and at the end of grade [one] 1, grade [two] 2, and
2357	grade [three] 3, their child's benchmark assessment results as required by Section 53E-4-307;
2358	and
2359	(B) at the end of [third] grade $\underline{3}$ , their child's reading level.
2360	(e) In creating or reviewing a reading achievement plan as required by this section, a
2361	school community council, charter school governing board, or a subcommittee or task force of
2362	a school community council or charter school governing board may not have access to data that
2363	reveal the identity of students.
2364	(4) (a) The school district shall approve each plan developed by schools within the
2365	district prior to its implementation and review each plan annually.
2366	(b) The charter school governing board shall approve each plan developed by schools
2367	under its control and review each plan annually.
2368	(c) A school district and charter school governing board shall:
2369	(i) monitor the learning gains of a school's students as reported by the benchmark
2370	assessments administered pursuant to Section 53E-4-307; and
2371	(ii) require a reading achievement plan to be revised, if the school district or charter
2372	school governing board determines a school's students are not making adequate learning gains.
2373	Section 57. Section 53E-4-307 is amended to read:
2374	53E-4-307. Benchmark assessments in reading Report to parent.
2375	(1) As used in this section, "competency" means a demonstrable acquisition of a
2376	specified knowledge, skill, or ability that has been organized into a hierarchical arrangement
2377	leading to higher levels of knowledge, skill, or ability.
2378	(2) The <u>state</u> board shall approve a benchmark assessment for use statewide by school
2379	districts and charter schools to assess the reading competency of students in grades [one, two,
2380	and three] 1, 2, and 3 as provided by this section.

(3) A school district or charter school shall:

2382	(a) administer benchmark assessments to students in grades [one, two, and three] 1, 2,
2383	and 3 at the beginning, middle, and end of the school year using the benchmark assessment
2384	approved by the state board; and
2385	(b) after administering a benchmark assessment, report the results to a student's parent
2386	[ <del>or guardian</del> ].
2387	(4) If a benchmark assessment or supplemental reading assessment indicates a student
2388	lacks competency in a reading skill, or is lagging behind other students in the student's grade in
2389	acquiring a reading skill, the school district or charter school shall:
2390	(a) provide focused individualized intervention to develop the reading skill;
2391	(b) administer formative assessments to measure the success of the focused
2392	intervention;
2393	(c) inform the student's parent [or guardian] of activities that the parent [or guardian]
2394	may engage in with the student to assist the student in improving reading proficiency; and
2395	(d) provide information to the parent [or guardian] regarding appropriate interventions
2396	available to the student outside of the regular school day that may include tutoring, before and
2397	after school programs, or summer school.
2398	(5) In accordance with Section 53F-4-201, the <u>state</u> board shall contract with one or
2399	more educational technology providers for a diagnostic assessment system for reading for
2400	students in kindergarten through grade 3.
2401	Section 58. Section 53E-4-308 is amended to read:
2402	53E-4-308. Unique student identifier Coordination of higher education and
2403	public education information technology systems.
2404	(1) As used in this section, "unique student identifier" means an alphanumeric code
2405	assigned to each public education student for identification purposes, which:
2406	(a) is not assigned to any former or current student; and
2407	(b) does not incorporate personal information, including a birth date or Social Security
2408	number.
2409	(2) The <u>state</u> board, through the <u>state</u> superintendent [of public instruction], shall

assign each public education student a unique student identifier, which shall be used to track individual student performance on achievement tests administered under this part.

- (3) The <u>state</u> board and the State Board of Regents shall coordinate public education and higher education information technology systems to allow individual student academic achievement to be tracked through both education systems in accordance with this section and Section 53B-1-109.
- (4) The <u>state</u> board and the State Board of Regents shall coordinate access to the unique student identifier of a public education student who later attends an institution within the state system of higher education.
  - Section 59. Section 53E-4-309 is amended to read:

## 53E-4-309. Grade level specification change.

- (1) The <u>state</u> board may change a grade level specification for the administration of specific assessments under this part to a different grade level specification or a competency-based specification if the specification is more consistent with patterns of school organization.
- (2) (a) If the <u>state</u> board changes a grade level specification described in Subsection (1), the <u>state</u> board shall submit a report to the Legislature explaining the reasons for changing the grade level specification.
- 2428 (b) The <u>state</u> board shall submit the report at least six months before the anticipated 2429 change.
- Section 60. Section **53E-4-310** is amended to read:

## 2431 53E-4-310. Scoring -- Reports of results.

- (1) For a statewide assessment that requires the use of a student answer sheet, a local school board or charter school governing board shall submit all answer sheets on a per-school and per-class basis to the state superintendent [of public instruction] for scoring unless the assessment requires scoring by a national testing service.
- (2) The district, school, and class results of the statewide assessments, but not the score or relative position of individual students, shall be reported to each local school board or

2438	charter school governing board annually at a regularly scheduled meeting.
2439	(3) A local school board or charter school governing board:
2440	(a) shall make copies of the report available to the general public upon request; and
2441	(b) may charge a fee for the cost of copying the report.
2442	(4) (a) The state board shall annually provide to school districts and charter schools a
2443	comprehensive report for each of the school district's and charter school's students showing the
2444	student's statewide assessment results for each year that the student took a statewide
2445	assessment.
2446	(b) A school district or charter school shall give a copy of the comprehensive report to
2447	the student's parents and make the report available to school staff, as appropriate.
2448	Section 61. Section 53E-4-311 is amended to read:
2449	53E-4-311. Analysis of results Staff professional development.
2450	(1) The <u>state</u> board, through the state superintendent [of public instruction], shall
2451	develop an online data reporting tool to analyze the results of statewide assessments.
2452	(2) The online data reporting tool shall include components designed to:
2453	(a) assist school districts and individual schools to use the results of the analysis in
2454	planning, evaluating, and enhancing programs;
2455	(b) identify schools not achieving state-established acceptable levels of student
2456	performance in order to assist those schools in improving student performance levels; and
2457	(c) provide:
2458	(i) for statistical reporting of statewide assessment results at state, school district,
2459	school, and grade or course levels; and
2460	(ii) actual levels of performance on statewide assessments.
2461	(3) A local school board or charter school governing board shall provide for:
2462	(a) evaluation of the statewide assessment results and use of the evaluations in setting
2463	goals and establishing programs; and
2464	(b) a professional development program that provides teachers, principals, and other
2465	professional staff with the training required to successfully establish and maintain statewide

2466	assessments.
2467	Section 62. Section <b>53E-4-312</b> is amended to read:
2468	53E-4-312. Preparation for tests.
2469	(1) School district employees may not conduct any specific instruction or preparation
2470	of students that would be a breach of testing ethics, such as the teaching of specific test
2471	questions.
2472	(2) School district employees who administer the test shall follow the standardization
2473	procedures in the test administration manual for an assessment and any additional specific
2474	instructions developed by the state board.
2475	(3) The state board may revoke the certification of an individual who violates this
2476	section.
2477	Section 63. Section 53E-4-314 is amended to read:
2478	53E-4-314. School readiness assessment.
2479	(1) As used in this section:
2480	(a) "School readiness assessment" means the preschool entry assessment described in
2481	this section.
2482	(b) "School readiness program" means a preschool program:
2483	(i) in which a student participates in the year before the student is expected to enroll in
2484	kindergarten; and
2485	(ii) that receives funding under:
2486	(A) Title 53F, Chapter 5, Part 3, High Quality School Readiness Program; or
2487	(B) Title 53F, Chapter 6, Part 3, School Readiness Initiative.
2488	(2) The [State Board of Education] state board shall develop a school readiness
2489	assessment that aligns with the kindergarten entry and exit assessment described in Section
2490	53F-4-205.
2491	(3) A school readiness program shall:
2492	(a) except as provided in Subsection (4), administer to each student who participates in
2493	the school readiness program:

2494	(i) the school readiness assessment at the beginning of the student's participation in the
2495	school readiness program; and
2496	(ii) the kindergarten entry assessment described in Section 53F-4-205 at the end of the
2497	student's participation in the school readiness program; and
2498	(b) report the results of the assessments described in Subsection (3)(a) or (4) to:
2499	(i) the [State Board of Education] state board; and
2500	(ii) the Department of Workforce Services.
2501	(4) In place of the assessments described in Subsection (3)(a), a school readiness
2502	program that is offered through home-based technology may administer to each student who
2503	participates in the school readiness program:
2504	(a) a validated computer adaptive pre-assessment at the beginning of the student's
2505	participation in the school readiness program; and
2506	(b) a validated computer adaptive post-assessment at the end of the student's
2507	participation in the school readiness program.
2508	Section 64. Section 53E-4-402 is amended to read:
2509	53E-4-402. Creation of commission Powers Payment of expenses.
2510	(1) The [State Board of Education] state board shall appoint a State Instructional
2511	Materials Commission consisting of:
2512	(a) the state superintendent [of public instruction] or the state superintendent's
2513	designee;
2514	(b) a school district superintendent;
2515	(c) a secondary school principal;
2516	(d) an elementary school principal;
2517	(e) a secondary school teacher;
2518	(f) an elementary school teacher;
2519	(g) five persons not employed in public education; and
2520	(h) a dean of a school of education of a state college or university.
2521	(2) The commission shall evaluate instructional materials for recommendation by the

**Enrolled Copy** H.B. 27 2522 state board. 2523 (3) Members shall serve without compensation, but their actual and necessary expenses 2524 incurred in the performance of their official duties shall be paid out of money appropriated to 2525 the state board. 2526 Section 65. Section **53E-4-403** is amended to read: 53E-4-403. Commission's evaluation of instructional materials --2527 Recommendation by the state board. 2528 2529 (1) Semi-annually after reviewing the evaluations of the commission, the state board 2530 shall recommend instructional materials for use in the public schools. (2) The standard period of time instructional materials shall remain on the list of 2531 2532 recommended instructional materials shall be five years. 2533 (3) Unsatisfactory instructional materials may be removed from the list of 2534 recommended instructional materials at any time within the period applicable to the 2535 instructional materials. (4) Except as provided in Section 53G-10-402, each school shall have discretion to 2536 select instructional materials for use by the school. A school may select: 2537 (a) instructional materials recommended by the state board as provided in this section; 2538 2539 or 2540 (b) other instructional materials the school considers appropriate to teach the core 2541 standards for Utah public schools. Section 66. Section 53E-4-404 is amended to read: 2542 2543 53E-4-404. Meetings -- Notice. 2544 (1) The commission shall meet at the call of the state superintendent [of public 2545 instruction or the state superintendent's designee. (2) Notice of a meeting shall be given as required under Section 52-4-202. 2546

Section 67. Section **53E-4-406** is amended to read:

53E-4-406. Awarding instructional materials contracts.

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(1) The state board shall award contracts for furnishing instructional materials.

2550	(2) If a satisfactory proposal to furnish instructional materials is not received, a new
2551	request for proposals may be issued.
2552	Section 68. Section <b>53E-4-407</b> is amended to read:
2553	53E-4-407. Illegal acts Misdemeanor.
2554	It is a class B misdemeanor for a member of the commission or the state board to
2555	receive money or other remuneration as an inducement for the recommendation or introduction
2556	of instructional materials into the schools.
2557	Section 69. Section 53E-4-408 is amended to read:
2558	53E-4-408. Instructional materials alignment with core standards for Utah public
2559	schools.
2560	(1) For a school year beginning with or after the 2012-13 school year, a school district
2561	may not purchase primary instructional materials unless the primary instructional materials
2562	provider:
2563	(a) contracts with an independent party to evaluate and map the alignment of the
2564	primary instructional materials with the core standards for Utah public schools adopted under
2565	Section 53E-3-501;
2566	(b) provides a detailed summary of the evaluation under Subsection (1)(a) on a public
2567	website at no charge, for use by teachers and the general public; and
2568	(c) pays the costs related to the requirements of this Subsection (1).
2569	(2) The requirements under Subsection (1) may not be performed by:
2570	(a) the [State Board of Education] state board;
2571	(b) the <u>state</u> superintendent [of public instruction] or employees of the [State Board of
2572	Education] state board;
2573	(c) the State Instructional Materials Commission appointed pursuant to Section
2574	53E-4-402;
2575	(d) a local school board or a school district; or
2576	(e) the instructional materials creator or publisher.
2577	[(3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,

2578	the State Board of Education]
2579	(3) The state board shall make rules that establish:
2580	(a) the qualifications of the independent parties who may evaluate and map the
2581	alignment of the primary instructional materials in accordance with the provisions of
2582	Subsection (1)(a); and
2583	(b) requirements for the detailed summary of the evaluation and its placement on a
2584	public website in accordance with the provisions of Subsection (1)(b).
2585	Section 70. Section <b>53E-5-201</b> is amended to read:
2586	53E-5-201. Definitions.
2587	As used in this part:
2588	[(1) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
2589	[(2) "Individualized education program" means a written statement for a student with a
2590	disability that is developed, reviewed, and revised in accordance with the Individuals with
2591	Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.]
2592	[(3)] (1) "Lowest performing 25% of students" means the proportion of a school's
2593	students who scored in the lowest 25% of students in the school on a statewide assessment
2594	based on the prior school year's scores.
2595	[(4)] (2) "Statewide assessment" means one or more of the following, as applicable:
2596	(a) a standards assessment described in Section 53E-4-303;
2597	(b) a high school assessment described in Section 53E-4-304;
2598	(c) a college readiness assessment described in Section 53E-4-305; or
2599	(d) an alternate assessment administered to a student with a disability.
2600	Section 71. Section <b>53E-5-202</b> is amended to read:
2601	53E-5-202. Statewide school accountability system State board rulemaking.
2602	(1) There is established a statewide school accountability system.
2603	[(2) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
2604	the]
2605	(2) The state board shall make rules to implement the school accountability system in

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accordance with this part.

2607	Section 72. Section <b>53E-5-203</b> is amended to read:
2608	53E-5-203. Schools included in school accountability system Other indicators
2609	and point distribution for a school that serves a special student population.
2610	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the <u>state</u> board shall include all public
2611	schools in the state in the school accountability system established under this part.
2612	(2) The <u>state</u> board shall exempt from the school accountability system:
2613	(a) a school in which the number of students tested on a statewide assessment is lower
2614	than the minimum sample size necessary, based on acceptable professional practice for
2615	statistical reliability, or when release of the information would violate 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232h,
2616	the prevention of the unlawful release of personally identifiable student data;
2617	(b) a school in the school's first year of operations if the school's local school board or
2618	charter school governing board requests the exemption; or
2619	(c) a high school in the school's second year of operations if the school's local school
2620	board or charter school governing board requests the exemption.
2621	(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of this part, the <u>state</u> board may use, to
2622	appropriately assess the educational impact of a school that serves a special student population:
2623	(a) other indicators in addition to the indicators described in Section 53E-5-205 or
2624	53E-5-206; or
2625	(b) different point distribution than the point distribution described in Section
2626	53E-5-207.
2627	Section 73. Section <b>53E-5-204</b> is amended to read:
2628	53E-5-204. Rating schools.
2629	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), and in accordance with this part, the state
2630	board shall annually assign to each school an overall rating using an A through F letter grading
2631	scale where, based on the school's performance level on the indicators described in Subsection
2632	(2):
2633	(a) an A grade represents an exemplary school;

2634	(b) a B grade represents a commendable school;
2635	(c) a C grade represents a typical school;
2636	(d) a D grade represents a developing school; and
2637	(e) an F grade represents a critical needs school.
2638	(2) A school's overall rating described in Subsection (1) shall be based on the school's
2639	performance on the indicators described in:
2640	(a) Section 53E-5-205, for an elementary school or a middle school; or
2641	(b) Section 53E-5-206, for a high school.
2642	(3) (a) For a school year in which the <u>state</u> board determines it is necessary to establish,
2643	due to a transition to a new assessment, a new baseline to determine student growth described
2644	in Section 53E-5-210, the state board is not required to assign an overall rating described in
2645	Subsection (1) to a school to which the new baseline applies.
2646	(b) For the 2017-2018 school year, the <u>state</u> board:
2647	(i) shall evaluate a school based on the school's performance level on the indicators
2648	described in Subsection (2) and in accordance with this part; and
2649	(ii) is not required to assign a school an overall rating described in Subsection (1).
2650	Section 74. Section 53E-5-205 is amended to read:
2651	53E-5-205. Indicators for elementary and middle schools.
2652	For an elementary school or a middle school, the state board shall assign the school's
2653	overall rating, in accordance with Section 53E-5-207, based on the school's performance on the
2654	following indicators:
2655	(1) academic achievement as measured by performance on a statewide assessment of
2656	English language arts, mathematics, and science;
2657	(2) academic growth as measured by progress from year to year on a statewide
2658	assessment of English language arts, mathematics, and science; and
2659	(3) equitable educational opportunity as measured by:
2660	(a) academic growth of the lowest performing 25% of students as measured by
2661	progress of the lowest performing 25% of students on a statewide assessment of English

2662	language arts, mathematics, and science; and
2663	(b) except as provided in Section 53E-5-209, English learner progress as measured by
2664	performance on an English learner assessment established by the state board.
2665	Section 75. Section <b>53E-5-206</b> is amended to read:
2666	53E-5-206. Indicators for high schools.
2667	For a high school, in accordance with Section 53E-5-207, the state board shall assign
2668	the school's overall rating based on the school's performance on the following indicators:
2669	(1) academic achievement as measured by performance on a statewide assessment of
2670	English language arts, mathematics, and science;
2671	(2) academic growth as measured by progress from year to year on a statewide
2672	assessment of English language arts, mathematics, and science;
2673	(3) equitable educational opportunity as measured by:
2674	(a) academic growth of the lowest performing 25% of students as measured by
2675	progress of the lowest performing 25% of students on a statewide assessment of English
2676	language arts, mathematics, and science; and
2677	(b) except as provided in Section 53E-5-209, English learner progress as measured by
2678	performance on an English learner assessment established by the state board; and
2679	(4) postsecondary readiness as measured by:
2680	(a) the school's graduation rate, as described in Section 53E-5-207;
2681	(b) student performance, as described in Section 53E-5-207, on a college readiness
2682	assessment described in Section 53E-4-305; and
2683	(c) student achievement in advanced course work, as described in Section 53E-5-207.
2684	Section 76. Section <b>53E-5-207</b> is amended to read:
2685	53E-5-207. Calculation of points.
2686	(1) (a) The state board shall award to a school points for academic achievement
2687	described in Subsection 53E-5-205(1) or 53E-5-206(1) as follows:
2688	(i) the state board shall award a school points proportional to the percentage of the
2689	school's students who, out of all the school's students who take a statewide assessment of

2690 English language arts, score at or above the proficient level on the assessment;

- (ii) the <u>state</u> board shall award a school points proportional to the percentage of the school's students who, out of all the school's students who take a statewide assessment of mathematics, score at or above the proficient level on the assessment; and
- (iii) the <u>state</u> board shall award a school points proportional to the percentage of the school's students who, out of all the school's students who take a statewide assessment of science, score at or above the proficient level on the assessment.
- (b) (i) The maximum number of total points possible for academic achievement described in Subsection (1)(a) is 56 points.
- (ii) The maximum number of points possible for a component listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is one-third of the number of points described in Subsection (1)(b)(i).
- (2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), the <u>state</u> board shall award to a school points for academic growth described in Subsection 53E-5-205(2) or 53E-5-206(2) as follows:
- (i) the <u>state</u> board shall award a school points for growth of the school's students on a statewide assessment of English language arts;
- (ii) the <u>state</u> board shall award a school points for growth of the school's students on a statewide assessment of mathematics; and
- (iii) the <u>state</u> board shall award a school points for growth of the school's students on a statewide assessment of science.
- (b) The <u>state</u> board shall determine points for growth awarded under Subsection (2)(a) by indexing the points based on:
- (i) whether a student's performance on a statewide assessment is equal to or exceeds the student's academic growth target; and
- (ii) the amount of a student's growth on a statewide assessment compared to other students with similar prior assessment scores.
- (c) (i) The maximum number of total points possible for academic growth described in Subsection (2)(a) is 56 points.
  - (ii) The maximum number of points possible for a component listed in Subsection

(2)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is one-third of the number of points described in Subsection	(2)(c)(i).	
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- (3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), the <u>state</u> board shall award to a school points for equitable educational opportunity described in Subsection 53E-5-205(3) or 53E-5-206(3) as follows:
  - (i) the <u>state</u> board shall award a school points for growth of the school's lowest performing 25% of students on a statewide assessment of English language arts;
  - (ii) the <u>state</u> board shall award a school points for growth of the school's lowest performing 25% of students on a statewide assessment of mathematics;
- (iii) the <u>state</u> board shall award a school points for growth of the school's lowest performing 25% of students on a statewide assessment of science; and
- (iv) except as provided in Section 53E-5-209, the <u>state</u> board shall award to a school points proportional to the percentage of English learners who achieve adequate progress as determined by the <u>state</u> board on an English learner assessment established by the <u>state</u> board.
- (b) The <u>state</u> board shall determine points for academic growth awarded under Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) by indexing the points based on the amount of a student's growth on a statewide assessment compared to other students with similar prior assessment scores.
- (c) (i) The maximum number of total points possible for equitable educational opportunity described in Subsection (3)(a) is 38 points.
  - (ii) The maximum number of points possible for the components listed in Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), and (iii), combined, is 25 points.
- (iii) The maximum number of points possible for a component listed in Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is one-third of the number of the combined points described in Subsection (3)(c)(ii).
- 2742 (iv) The maximum number of points possible for the component listed in Subsection 2743 (3)(a)(iv) is 13 points.
- 2744 (4) (a) The <u>state</u> board shall award to a high school points for postsecondary readiness 2745 described in Subsection 53E-5-206(4) as follows:

2746	(i) the state board shall award to a high school points proportional to the percentage of
2747	the school's students who, out of all the school's students who take a college readiness
2748	assessment described in Section 53E-4-305, receive a composite score of at least 18 on the
2749	assessment;
2750	(ii) the state board shall award to a high school points proportional to the percentage of
2751	the school's students who achieve at least one of the following:
2752	(A) a C grade or better in an Advanced Placement course;
2753	(B) a C grade or better in a concurrent enrollment course;
2754	(C) a C grade or better in an International Baccalaureate course; or
2755	(D) completion of a career and technical education pathway, as defined by the state
2756	board; and
2757	(iii) in accordance with Subsection (4)(c), the state board shall award to a high school
2758	points proportional to the percentage of the school's students who graduate from the school.
2759	(b) (i) The maximum number of total points possible for postsecondary readiness
2760	described in Subsection (4)(a) is 75 points.
2761	(ii) The maximum number of points possible for a component listed in Subsection
2762	(4)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is one-third of the number of points described in Subsection (4)(b)(i).
2763	(c) (i) In calculating the percentage of students who graduate described in Subsection
2764	(4)(a)(iii), except as provided in Subsection (4)(c)(ii), the state board shall award to a high
2765	school points proportional to the percentage of the school's students who graduate from the
2766	school within four years.
2767	(ii) The state board may award up to 10% of the points allocated for high school
2768	graduation described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii) to a school for students who graduate from the
2769	school within five years.
2770	Section 77. Section <b>53E-5-208</b> is amended to read:
2771	53E-5-208. Calculation of total points awarded Maximum number of total
2772	points possible.

(1) Except as provided in Section 53E-5-209, the state board shall calculate the number

2774	of total points awarded to a school by totaling the number of points the state board awards to
2775	the school in accordance with Section 53E-5-207.
2776	(2) The maximum number of total points possible under Subsection (1) is:
2777	(a) for an elementary school or a middle school, 150 points; or
2778	(b) for a high school, 225 points.
2779	Section 78. Section 53E-5-209 is amended to read:
2780	53E-5-209. Exclusion of English learner progress Calculation of total points
2781	awarded for a school with fewer than 10 English learners.
2782	(1) For a school that has fewer than 10 English learners, the <u>state</u> board shall:
2783	(a) exclude the use of English learner progress in determining the school's overall
2784	rating by:
2785	(i) awarding no points to the school for English learner progress described in
2786	Subsection 53E-5-207(3)(a)(iv); and
2787	(ii) excluding the points described in Subsection 53E-5-207(3)(c)(iv) from the school's
2788	maximum points possible; and
2789	(b) calculate the number of total points awarded to the school by totaling the number of
2790	points the state board awards to the school in accordance with Section 53E-5-207 subject to the
2791	exclusion described in Subsection (1)(a).
2792	(2) The maximum number of total points possible under Subsection (1) is:
2793	(a) for an elementary school or a middle school, 137 points; or
2794	(b) for a high school, 212 points.
2795	Section 79. Section <b>53E-5-210</b> is amended to read:
2796	53E-5-210. State board duties Proficient level Student growth English
2797	learner adequate progress.
2798	(1) (a) For the purpose of determining whether a student scores at or above the
2799	proficient level on a statewide assessment, the state board shall determine, through a process
2800	that evaluates student performance based on specific criteria, the minimum level that
2801	demonstrates proficiency for each statewide assessment.

(b) If the state board adjusts the minimum level that demonstrates proficiency described in Subsection (1)(a), the state board shall report the adjustment and the reason for the adjustment to the Education Interim Committee no later than 30 days after the day on which the state board makes the adjustment. (2) (a) For the purpose of determining whether a student's performance on a statewide assessment is equal to or exceeds the student's academic growth target, the state board shall calculate, for each individual student, the amount of growth necessary to achieve or maintain proficiency by a future school year determined by the state board. (b) For the purpose of determining the amount of a student's growth on a statewide assessment compared to other students with similar prior assessment scores, the state board shall calculate growth as a percentile for a student using appropriate statistical methods. (3) For the purpose of determining whether an English learner achieves adequate progress on an English learner assessment established by the state board, the state board shall determine the minimum progress that demonstrates adequate progress. Section 80. Section **53E-5-211** is amended to read: **53E-5-211.** Reporting. (1) The state board shall annually publish on the state board's website a report card that includes for each school: (a) the school's overall rating described in Subsection 53E-5-204(1); (b) the school's performance on each indicator described in: (i) Section 53E-5-205, for an elementary school or a middle school; or (ii) Section 53E-5-206, for a high school: (c) information comparing the school's performance on each indicator described in

2826 (i) the average school performance; and

Subsection (1)(b) with:

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- 2827 (ii) the school's performance in all previous years for which data is available;
  - (d) the percentage of students who participated in statewide assessments;
- (e) for an elementary school, the percentage of students who read on grade level in

2830	grades 1 through 5; and
2831	(f) for a high school, performance on Advanced Placement exams.
2832	(2) A school may include in the school's report card described in Subsection (1) up to
2833	two self-reported school quality indicators that:
2834	(a) are approved by the <u>state</u> board for inclusion; and
2835	(b) may include process or input indicators.
2836	(3) (a) The state board shall develop an individualized student achievement report that
2837	includes:
2838	(i) information on the student's level of proficiency as measured by a statewide
2839	assessment; and
2840	(ii) a comparison of the student's academic growth target and actual academic growth
2841	as measured by a statewide assessment.
2842	(b) The state board shall, subject to the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20
2843	U.S.C. Sec. 1232g, make the individualized student achievement report described in
2844	Subsection (3)(a) available for a school district or charter school to access electronically.
2845	(c) A school district or charter school shall distribute an individualized student
2846	achievement report to the parent [or guardian] of the student to whom the report applies.
2847	Section 81. Section <b>53E-5-301</b> is amended to read:
2848	53E-5-301. Definitions.
2849	As used in this part:
2850	[(1) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
2851	[(2)] (1) "Charter school authorizer" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2852	53G-5-102.
2853	[(3) "Charter school governing board" means the governing board, as defined in
2854	Section 53G-5-102, that governs a charter.]
2855	[(4) "District school" means a public school under the control of a local school board
2856	elected under Title 20A, Chapter 14, Nomination and Election of State and Local School
2857	Boards.]

2858	[(5)] (2) "Educator" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53E-6-102.
2859	[(6)] (3) "Final remedial year" means the second school year following the initial
2860	remedial year.
2861	$\left[\frac{7}{2}\right]$ "Independent school turnaround expert" or "turnaround expert" means a
2862	person identified by the <u>state</u> board under Section 53E-5-305.
2863	[(8)] (5) "Initial remedial year" means the school year a district school or charter school
2864	is designated as a low performing school under Section 53E-5-302.
2865	[(9)] (6) "[Local education] LEA governing board" means a local school board or
2866	charter school governing board.
2867	[(10) "Local school board" means a board elected under Title 20A, Chapter 14, Part 2,
2868	Election of Members of Local Boards of Education.]
2869	[(11)] (7) "Low performing school" means a district school or charter school that has
2870	been designated a low performing school by the state board because the school is:
2871	(a) for two consecutive school years in the lowest performing 3% of schools statewide
2872	according to the percentage of possible points earned under the school accountability system;
2873	and
2874	(b) a low performing school according to other outcome-based measures as may be
2875	defined in rules made by the state board [in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2876	Administrative Rulemaking Act].
2877	[(12)] (8) "School accountability system" means the school accountability system
2878	established in Part 2, School Accountability System.
2879	[(13)] (9) "School grade" or "grade" means the letter grade assigned to a school as the
2880	school's overall rating under the school accountability system.
2881	$[\frac{(14)}{(10)}]$ "School turnaround committee" means a committee established under:
2882	(a) for a district school, Section 53E-5-303; or
2883	(b) for a charter school, Section 53E-5-304.
2884	$[\frac{(15)}{(11)}]$ "School turnaround plan" means a plan described in:
2885	(a) for a district school, Section 53E-5-303; or

2886	(b) for a charter school, Section 53E-5-304.
2887	Section 82. Section <b>53E-5-302</b> is amended to read:
2888	53E-5-302. State board to designate low performing schools Needs assessment.
2889	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (4), the <u>state</u> board shall:
2890	(a) annually designate a school as a low performing school; and
2891	(b) conduct a needs assessment for a low performing school by thoroughly analyzing
2892	the root causes of the low performing school's low performance.
2893	(2) The state board may use up to 5% of the appropriation provided under this part to
2894	hire or contract with one or more individuals to conduct a needs assessment described in
2895	Subsection (1)(b).
2896	(3) A school that was designated as a low performing school based on 2015-2016
2897	school year performance that is not in the lowest performing 3% of schools statewide following
2898	the 2016-2017 school year is exempt from the provisions of this part.
2899	(4) The <u>state</u> board is not required to designate as a low performing school a school for
2900	which the state board is not required to assign an overall rating in accordance with Section
2901	53E-5-204.
2902	Section 83. Section 53E-5-303 is amended to read:
2903	53E-5-303. Required action to turn around a low performing district school.
2904	(1) In accordance with deadlines established by the <u>state</u> board, a local school board of
2905	a low performing school shall:
2906	(a) establish a school turnaround committee composed of the following members:
2907	(i) the local school board member who represents the voting district where the low
2908	performing school is located;
2909	(ii) the school principal;
2910	(iii) three parents of students enrolled in the low performing school appointed by the
2911	chair of the school community council;
2912	(iv) one teacher at the low performing school appointed by the principal;
2913	(v) one teacher at the low performing school appointed by the school district

2914	superintendent; and
2915	(vi) one school district administrator;
2916	(b) solicit proposals from a turnaround expert identified by the state board under
2917	Section 53E-5-305;
2918	(c) partner with the school turnaround committee to select a proposal;
2919	(d) submit the proposal described in Subsection (1)(b) to the state board for review and
2920	approval; and
2921	(e) subject to Subsections (3) and (4), contract with a turnaround expert.
2922	(2) A proposal described in Subsection (1)(b) shall include a:
2923	(a) strategy to address the root causes of the low performing school's low performance
2924	identified through the needs assessment described in Section 53E-5-302; and
2925	(b) scope of work to facilitate implementation of the strategy that includes at least the
2926	activities described in Subsection (4)(b).
2927	(3) A local school board may not select a turnaround expert that is:
2928	(a) the school district; or
2929	(b) an employee of the school district.
2930	(4) A contract between a local school board and a turnaround expert:
2931	(a) shall be based on an explicit stipulation of desired outcomes and consequences for
2932	not meeting goals, including cancellation of the contract;
2933	(b) shall include a scope of work that requires the turnaround expert to at a minimum:
2934	(i) develop and implement, in partnership with the school turnaround committee, a
2935	school turnaround plan that meets the criteria described in Subsection (5);
2936	(ii) monitor the effectiveness of a school turnaround plan through reliable means of
2937	evaluation, including on-site visits, observations, surveys, analysis of student achievement data,
2938	and interviews;
2939	(iii) provide ongoing implementation support and project management for a school
2940	turnaround plan;
2941	(iv) provide high-quality professional development personalized for school staff that is

2942	designed to build:
2943	(A) the leadership capacity of the school principal;
2944	(B) the instructional capacity of school staff;
2945	(C) educators' capacity with data-driven strategies by providing actionable, embedded
2946	data practices; and
2947	(v) leverage support from community partners to coordinate an efficient delivery of
2948	supports to students inside and outside the classroom;
2949	(c) may include a scope of work that requires the turnaround expert to:
2950	(i) develop sustainable school district and school capacities to effectively respond to
2951	the academic and behavioral needs of students in high poverty communities; or
2952	(ii) other services that respond to the needs assessment conducted under Section
2953	53E-5-302;
2954	(d) shall include travel costs and payment milestones; and
2955	(e) may include pay for performance provisions.
2956	(5) A school turnaround committee shall partner with the turnaround expert selected
2957	under Subsection (1) to develop and implement a school turnaround plan that:
2958	(a) addresses the root causes of the low performing school's low performance identified
2959	through the needs assessment described in Section 53E-5-302;
2960	(b) includes recommendations regarding changes to the low performing school's
2961	personnel, culture, curriculum, assessments, instructional practices, governance, leadership,
2962	finances, policies, or other areas that may be necessary to implement the school turnaround
2963	plan;
2964	(c) includes measurable student achievement goals and objectives and benchmarks by
2965	which to measure progress;
2966	(d) includes a professional development plan that identifies a strategy to address
2967	problems of instructional practice;
2968	(e) includes a detailed budget specifying how the school turnaround plan will be

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funded;

2970	(f) includes a plan to assess and monitor progress;
2971	(g) includes a plan to communicate and report data on progress to stakeholders; and
2972	(h) includes a timeline for implementation.
2973	(6) A local school board of a low performing school shall:
2974	(a) prioritize school district funding and resources to the low performing school;
2975	(b) grant the low performing school streamlined authority over staff, schedule, policies
2976	budget, and academic programs to implement the school turnaround plan; and
2977	(c) assist the turnaround expert and the low performing school with:
2978	(i) addressing the root cause of the low performing school's low performance; and
2979	(ii) the development or implementation of a school turnaround plan.
2980	(7) (a) On or before June 1 of an initial remedial year, a school turnaround committee
2981	shall submit the school turnaround plan to the local school board for approval.
2982	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), on or before July 1 of an initial remedial
2983	year, a local school board of a low performing school shall submit the school turnaround plan
2984	to the state board for approval.
2985	(c) If the local school board does not approve the school turnaround plan submitted
2986	under Subsection (7)(a), the school turnaround committee may appeal the disapproval in
2987	accordance with rules made by the <u>state</u> board as described in Subsection 53E-5-305(6).
2988	(8) A local school board, or a local school board's designee, shall annually report to the
2989	state board progress toward the goals, benchmarks, and timetable in a low performing school's
2990	turnaround plan.
2991	Section 84. Section 53E-5-304 is amended to read:
2992	53E-5-304. Required action to terminate or turn around a low performing
2993	charter school.
2994	(1) In accordance with deadlines established by the state board, a charter school
2995	authorizer of a low performing school shall initiate a review to determine whether the charter
2996	school is in compliance with the school's charter agreement described in Section 53G-5-303,
2997	including the school's established minimum standards for student achievement.

2998	(2) If a low performing school is found to be out of compliance with the school's
2999	charter agreement, the charter school authorizer may terminate the school's charter agreement
3000	in accordance with Section 53G-5-503.
3001	(3) A charter school authorizer shall make a determination on the status of a low
3002	performing school's charter agreement under Subsection (2) on or before a date specified by the
3003	state board in an initial remedial year.
3004	(4) In accordance with deadlines established by the <u>state</u> board, if a charter school
3005	authorizer does not terminate a low performing school's charter agreement under Subsection
3006	(2), a charter school governing board of a low performing school shall:
3007	(a) establish a school turnaround committee composed of the following members:
3008	(i) a member of the charter school governing board, appointed by the chair of the
3009	charter school governing board;
3010	(ii) the school principal;
3011	(iii) three parents of students enrolled in the low performing school, appointed by the
3012	chair of the charter school governing board; and
3013	(iv) two teachers at the low performing school, appointed by the school principal;
3014	(b) solicit proposals from a turnaround expert identified by the state board under
3015	Section 53E-5-305;
3016	(c) partner with the school turnaround committee to select a proposal;
3017	(d) submit the proposal described in Subsection (4)(b) to the state board for review and
3018	approval; and
3019	(e) subject to Subsections (6) and (7), contract with a turnaround expert.
3020	(5) A proposal described in Subsection (4)(b) shall include a:
3021	(a) strategy to address the root causes of the low performing school's low performance
3022	identified through the needs assessment described in Section 53E-5-302; and
3023	(b) scope of work to facilitate implementation of the strategy that includes at least the
3024	activities described in Subsection 53E-5-303(4)(b).

(6) A charter school governing board may not select a turnaround expert that:

3026	(a) is a member of the charter school governing board;	
3027	(b) is an employee of the charter school; or	
3028	(c) has a contract to operate the charter school.	
3029	(7) A contract entered into between a charter school governing board and a turnaround	
3030	expert shall include and reflect the requirements described in Subsection 53E-5-303(4).	
3031	(8) (a) A school turnaround committee shall partner with the independent school	
3032	turnaround expert selected under Subsection (4) to develop and implement a school turnaround	
3033	plan that includes the elements described in Subsection 53E-5-303(5).	
3034	(b) A charter school governing board shall assist a turnaround expert and a low	
3035	performing charter school with:	
3036	(i) addressing the root cause of the low performing school's low performance; and	
3037	(ii) the development or implementation of a school turnaround plan.	
3038	(9) (a) On or before June 1 of an initial remedial year, a school turnaround committee	
3039	shall submit the school turnaround plan to the charter school governing board for approval.	
3040	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(c), on or before July 1 of an initial remedial	
3041	year, a charter school governing board of a low performing school shall submit the school	
3042	turnaround plan to the state board for approval.	
3043	(c) If the charter school governing board does not approve the school turnaround plan	
3044	submitted under Subsection (9)(a), the school turnaround committee may appeal the	
3045	disapproval in accordance with rules made by the state board as described in Subsection	
3046	53E-5-305(6).	
3047	(10) The provisions of this part do not modify or limit a charter school authorizer's	
3048	authority at any time to terminate a charter school's charter agreement in accordance with	
3049	Section 53G-5-503.	
3050	(11) A charter school governing board or a charter school governing board's designee	
3051	shall annually report to the <u>state</u> board progress toward the goals, benchmarks, and timetable in	
3052	a low performing school's turnaround plan.	

Section 85. Section **53E-5-305** is amended to read:

3054	53E-5-305. State board to identify independent school turnaround experts
3055	Review and approval of school turnaround plans Appeals process.
3056	(1) The <u>state</u> board shall identify two or more approved independent school turnaround
3057	experts, through a standard procurement process, that a low performing school may contract
3058	with to:
3059	(a) respond to the needs assessment conducted under Section 53E-5-302; and
3060	(b) provide the services described in Section 53E-5-303 or 53E-5-304, as applicable.
3061	(2) In identifying independent school turnaround experts under Subsection (1), the state
3062	board shall identify experts that:
3063	(a) have a credible track record of improving student academic achievement in public
3064	schools with various demographic characteristics, as measured by statewide assessments
3065	described in Section 53E-4-301;
3066	(b) have experience designing, implementing, and evaluating data-driven instructional
3067	systems in public schools;
3068	(c) have experience coaching public school administrators and teachers on designing
3069	data-driven school improvement plans;
3070	(d) have experience working with the various education entities that govern public
3071	schools;
3072	(e) have experience delivering high-quality professional development in instructional
3073	effectiveness to public school administrators and teachers; and
3074	(f) are willing to partner with any low performing school in the state, regardless of
3075	location.
3076	(3) (a) The state board shall:
3077	(i) review a proposal submitted for approval under Section 53E-5-303 or 53E-5-304 no
3078	later than 30 days after the day on which the proposal is submitted;
3079	(ii) review a school turnaround plan submitted for approval under Subsection
3080	53E-5-303(7)(b) or under Subsection 53E-5-304(9)(b) within 30 days of submission; and
3081	(iii) approve a school turnaround plan that:

3082	(A) is timely;	
3083	(B) is well-developed; and	
3084	(C) meets the criteria described in Subsection 53E-5-303(5).	
3085	(b) The state board may not approve a school turnaround plan that is not aligned with	
3086	the needs assessment conducted under Section 53E-5-302.	
3087	(4) (a) Subject to legislative appropriations, when a school turnaround plan is approved	
3088	by the <u>state</u> board, the <u>state</u> board shall distribute funds to each [ <del>local education</del> ] <u>LEA</u>	
3089	governing board with a low performing school to carry out the provisions of Sections	
3090	53E-5-303 and 53E-5-304.	
3091	[(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,	
3092	the]	
3093	(b) The state board shall make rules establishing a distribution method and allowable	
3094	uses of the funds described in Subsection (4)(a).	
3095	(5) The <u>state</u> board shall:	
3096	(a) monitor and assess progress toward the goals, benchmarks and timetable in each	
3097	school turnaround plan; and	
3098	(b) act as a liaison between a local school board, low performing school, and	
3099	turnaround expert.	
3100	[(6) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,	
3101	the]	
3102	(6) (a) The state board shall make rules to establish an appeals process for:	
3103	(i) a low performing district school that is not granted approval from the district	
3104	school's local school board under Subsection 53E-5-303(7)(b);	
3105	(ii) a low performing charter school that is not granted approval from the charter	
3106	school's charter school governing board under Subsection 53E-5-304(9)(b); and	
3107	(iii) a local school board or charter school governing board that is not granted approval	
3108	from the state board under Subsection (3)(a) or (b).	
3109	(b) The state board shall ensure that rules made under Subsection (6)(a) require an	

3110	appeals process described in:	
3111	(i) Subsections (6)(a)(i) and (ii) to be resolved on or before July 1 of the initial	
3112	remedial year; and	
3113	(ii) Subsection (6)(a)(iii) to be resolved on or before August 15 of the initial remedial	
3114	year.	
3115	(7) The <u>state</u> board may use up to 4% of the funds appropriated by the Legislature to	
3116	carry out the provisions of this part for administration if the amount for administration is	
3117	approved by the state board in an open meeting.	
3118	Section 86. Section 53E-5-306 is amended to read:	
3119	53E-5-306. Implications for failing to improve school performance.	
3120	(1) As used in this section, "high performing charter school" means a charter school	
3121	that:	
3122	(a) satisfies all requirements of state law and state board rules;	
3123	(b) meets or exceeds standards for student achievement established by the charter	
3124	school's charter school authorizer; and	
3125	(c) has received at least a B grade under the school accountability system in the	
3126	previous two school years.	
3127	[(2) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Acc	
3128	the]	
3129	(2) (a) The state board shall make rules establishing:	
3130	(i) exit criteria for a low performing school;	
3131	(ii) criteria for granting a school an extension as described in Subsection (3); and	
3132	(iii) implications for a low performing school that does not meet exit criteria after the	
3133	school's final remedial year or the last school year of the extension period described in	
3134	Subsection (3).	
3135	(b) In establishing exit criteria for a low performing school the <u>state</u> board shall:	
3136	(i) determine for each low performing school the number of points awarded under the	
3137	school accountability system in the final remedial year that represent a substantive and	

0130	statistically significant improvement over the number of points awarded under the school	
3139	accountability system in the school year immediately preceding the initial remedial year;	
3140	(ii) establish a method to estimate the exit criteria after a low performing school's first	
3141	remedial year to provide a target for each low performing school; and	
3142	(iii) use generally accepted statistical practices.	
3143	(c) The state board shall through a competitively awarded contract engage a third party	
3144	with expertise in school accountability and assessments to verify the criteria adopted under the	
3145	Subsection (2).	
3146	(3) (a) A low performing school may petition the state board for an extension to	
3147	continue school improvement efforts for up to two years if the low performing school does not	
3148	meet the exit criteria established by the state board as described in Subsection (2).	
3149	(b) A school that has been granted an extension under this Subsection (3) is eligible	
3150	for:	
3151	(i) continued funding under Section 53E-5-305; and	
3152	(ii) (A) the school teacher recruitment and retention incentive under Section	
3153	53E-5-308; or	
3154	(B) the School Recognition and Reward Program under Section 53E-5-307.	
3155	(4) If a low performing school does not meet exit criteria after the school's final	
3156	remedial year or the last school year of the extension period, the <u>state</u> board may intervene by:	
3157	(a) restructuring a district school, which may include:	
3158	(i) contract management;	
3159	(ii) conversion to a charter school; or	
3160	(iii) state takeover;	
3161	(b) restructuring a charter school by:	
3162	(i) terminating a school's charter <u>agreement</u> ;	
3163	(ii) closing a charter school; or	
3164	(iii) transferring operation and control of the charter school to:	
3165	(A) a high performing charter school; or	

3166	(B) the school district in which the charter school is located; or	
3167	(c) other appropriate action as determined by the <u>state</u> board.	
3168	Section 87. Section 53E-5-307 is amended to read:	
3169	53E-5-307. School Recognition and Reward Program.	
3170	(1) As used in this section, "eligible school" means a low performing school that:	
3171	(a) was designated as a low performing school based on 2014-2015 school year	
3172	performance; and	
3173	(b) (i) improves the school's grade by at least one letter grade, as determined by	
3174	comparing the school's letter grade for the school year prior to the initial remedial year to the	
3175	school's letter grade for the final remedial year; or	
3176	(ii) (A) has been granted an extension under Subsection 53E-5-306(3); and	
3177	(B) improves the school's grade by at least one letter grade, as determined by	
3178	comparing the school's letter grade for the school year prior to the initial remedial year to th	
3179	school's letter grade for the last school year of the extension period.	
3180	(2) The School Recognition and Reward Program is created to provide incentives to	
3181	schools and educators to improve the school grade of a low performing school.	
3182	(3) Subject to appropriations by the Legislature, upon the release of school grades by	
3183	the state board, the state board shall distribute a reward equal to:	
3184	(a) for an eligible school that improves the eligible school's grade one letter grade:	
3185	(i) \$100 per tested student; and	
3186	(ii) \$1,000 per educator;	
3187	(b) for an eligible school that improves the eligible school's grade two letter grades:	
3188	(i) \$200 per tested student; and	
3189	(ii) \$2,000 per educator;	
3190	(c) for an eligible school that improves the eligible school's grade three letter grades:	
3191	(i) \$300 per tested student; and	
3192	(ii) \$3,000 per educator; and	
3193	(d) for an eligible school that improves the eligible school's grade four letter grades:	

**Enrolled Copy** H.B. 27 3194 (i) \$500 per tested student; and 3195 (ii) \$5,000 per educator. 3196 (4) The principal of an eligible school that receives a reward under Subsection (3), in 3197 consultation with the educators at the eligible school, may determine how to use the money in 3198 the best interest of the school, including providing bonuses to educators. 3199 (5) If the number of qualifying eligible schools exceeds available funds, the state board 3200 may reduce the amounts specified in Subsection (3). (6) A local school board of an eligible school, in coordination with the eligible school's 3201 3202 turnaround committee, may elect to receive a reward under this section or receive funds 3203 described in Section 53E-5-308 but not both. 3204 Section 88. Section **53E-5-308** is amended to read: 3205 53E-5-308. Turnaround school teacher recruitment and retention. (1) As used in this section, "plan" means a teacher recruitment and retention plan. 3206 (2) On a date specified by the state board, [a local education] an LEA governing board 3207 3208 of a low performing school shall submit to the state board for review and approval a plan to 3209 address teacher recruitment and retention in a low performing school. 3210 (3) The state board shall: (a) review a plan submitted under Subsection (2); 3211 (b) approve a plan if the plan meets criteria established by the state board in rules 3212 [made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act]; and 3213 (c) subject to legislative appropriations, provide funding to [a local education] an LEA 3214 3215 governing board for teacher recruitment and retention efforts identified in an approved plan if 3216 the [local education] LEA governing board provides matching funds in an amount equal to at

least the funding the low performing school would receive from the state board.

recruitment and retention efforts identified in an approved plan.

Section 89. Section **53E-5-309** is amended to read: **53E-5-309. School Leadership Development Program.** 

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(4) The money distributed under this section may only be expended to fund teacher

3222	(1) As used in this section, "school leader" means a school principal or assistant	
3223	principal.	
3224	(2) There is created the School Leadership Development Program to increase the	
3225	number of highly effective school leaders capable of:	
3226	(a) initiating, achieving, and sustaining school improvement efforts; and	
3227	(b) forming and sustaining community partnerships as described in Section 53F-5-402.	
3228	(3) The state board shall identify one or more providers, through a request for	
3229	proposals process, to develop or provide leadership development training for school leaders	
3230	that:	
3231	(a) may provide in-depth training in proven strategies to turn around low performing	
3232	schools;	
3233	(b) may emphasize hands-on and job-embedded learning;	
3234	(c) aligns with the state's leadership standards established by state board rule;	
3235	(d) reflects the needs of a school district or charter school where a school leader serves;	
3236	(e) may include training on using student achievement data to drive decisions;	
3237	(f) may develop skills in implementing and evaluating evidence-based instructional	
3238	practices;	
3239	(g) may develop skills in leading collaborative school improvement structures,	
3240	including professional learning communities; and	
3241	(h) includes instruction on forming and sustaining community partnerships as	
3242	described in Section 53F-5-402.	
3243	(4) Subject to legislative appropriations, the [State Board of Education] state board	
3244	shall provide incentive pay to a school leader who:	
3245	(a) completes leadership development training under this section; and	
3246	(b) agrees to work, for at least five years, in a school that received an F grade or D	
3247	grade under the school accountability system in the school year previous to the first year the	
3248	school leader:	
3249	(i) completes leadership development training; and	

3250	(ii) begins to work, or continues to work, in a school described in this Subsection	
3251	(4)(b).	
3252	[(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,	
3253	the]	
3254	(5) The state board shall make rules specifying:	
3255	(a) eligibility criteria for a school leader to participate in the School Leadership	
3256	Development Program;	
3257	(b) application procedures for the School Leadership Development Program;	
3258	(c) criteria for selecting school leaders from the application pool; and	
3259	(d) procedures for awarding incentive pay under Subsection (4).	
3260	Section 90. Section <b>53E-5-310</b> is amended to read:	
3261	53E-5-310. Reporting requirement.	
3262	On or before November 30 of each year, the state board shall report to the Education	
3263	Interim Committee on the provisions of this part.	
3264	Section 91. Section <b>53E-6-102</b> is amended to read:	
3265	53E-6-102. Definitions.	
3266	As used in this chapter:	
3267	[(1) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]	
3268	[(2)] (1) "Certificate" means a license issued by a governmental jurisdiction outside the	
3269	state.	
3270	$\left[\frac{(3)}{2}\right]$ "Educator" means:	
3271	(a) a person who holds a license;	
3272	(b) a teacher, counselor, administrator, librarian, or other person required, under rules	
3273	of the state board, to hold a license; or	
3274	(c) a person who is the subject of an allegation which has been received by the state	
3275	board or UPPAC and was, at the time noted in the allegation, a license holder or a person	
3276	employed in a position requiring licensure.	
3277	$\left[\frac{4}{2}\right]$ (3) "License" means an authorization issued by the state board that permits the	

32/8	nother to serve in a professional capacity in the public schools.	
3279	[(5)] (4) "National Board certification" means a current certificate issued by the	
3280	National Board for Professional Teaching Standards.	
3281	[(6) "Rule" means an administrative rule adopted by the board under Title 63G,	
3282	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.]	
3283	$[\frac{7}{2}]$ "School" means a public or private entity that provides educational services to	
3284	a minor child.	
3285	[(8)] (6) "UPPAC" means the Utah Professional Practices Advisory Commission.	
3286	Section 92. Section <b>53E-6-103</b> is amended to read:	
3287	53E-6-103. Legislative findings on teacher quality Declaration of education as	
3288	a profession.	
3289	(1) (a) The Legislature acknowledges that education is perhaps the most important	
3290	function of state and local governments, recognizing that the future success of our state and	
3291	nation depend in large part upon the existence of a responsible and educated citizenry.	
3292	(b) The Legislature further acknowledges that the primary responsibility for the	
3293	education of children within the state resides with their parents [or guardians] and that the role	
3294	of state and local governments is to support and assist parents in fulfilling that responsibility.	
3295	(2) (a) The Legislature finds that:	
3296	(i) quality teaching is the basic building block of successful schools and, outside of	
3297	home and family circumstances, the essential component of student achievement;	
3298	(ii) the high quality of teachers is absolutely essential to enhance student achievement	
3299	and to assure educational excellence in each classroom in the state's public schools; and	
3300	(iii) the implementation of a comprehensive continuum of data-driven strategies	
3301	regarding recruitment, preservice, licensure, induction, professional development, and	
3302	evaluation is essential if the state and its citizens expect every classroom to be staffed by a	
3303	skilled, caring, and effective teacher.	
3304	(b) In providing for the safe and effective performance of the function of educating	
3305	Utah's children, the Legislature further finds it to be of critical importance that education,	

including instruction, administrative, and supervisory services, be recognized as a profession, and that those who are licensed or seek to become licensed and to serve as educators:

- (i) meet high standards both as to qualifications and fitness for service as educators through quality recruitment and preservice programs before assuming their responsibilities in the schools;
- (ii) maintain those standards in the performance of their duties while holding licenses, in large part through participating in induction and ongoing professional development programs focused on instructional improvement;
- (iii) receive fair, systematic evaluations of their performance at school for the purpose of enhancing the quality of public education and student achievement; and
- (iv) have access to a process for fair examination and review of allegations made against them and for the administration of appropriate sanctions against those found, in accordance with due process, to have failed to conduct themselves in a manner commensurate with their authority and responsibility to provide appropriate professional services to the children of the state.
- Section 93. Section **53E-6-201** is amended to read:
- 53E-6-201. State board licensure.

- (1) To be fully implemented by July 1, 2020, and, if technology and funds are available, the <u>state</u> board shall establish in rule a system for educator licensing that includes:
- (a) an associate educator license that permits an individual to provide educational services in a public school while working to meet the requirements of a professional educator license;
- (b) a professional educator license that permits an individual to provide educational services in a public school after demonstrating that the individual meets licensure requirements established in <a href="state">state</a> board rule; and
- (c) an LEA-specific educator license issued by the <u>state</u> board at the request of an LEA's governing body that is valid for an individual to provide educational services in the requesting LEA's schools.

3334	(2) An individual employed in a position that requires licensure by the <u>state</u> board shall
3335	hold the license that is appropriate to the position.
3336	(3) (a) The state board may by rule rank, endorse, or otherwise classify licenses and
3337	establish the criteria for obtaining, retaining, and reinstating licenses.
3338	(b) An educator who is enrolling in a course of study at an institution within the state
3339	system of higher education to satisfy the state board requirements for retaining a license is
3340	exempt from tuition, except for a semester registration fee established by the State Board of
3341	Regents, if:
3342	(i) the educator is enrolled on the basis of surplus space in the class after regularly
3343	enrolled students have been assigned and admitted to the class in accordance with regular
3344	procedures, normal teaching loads, and the institution's approved budget; and
3345	(ii) enrollments are determined by each institution under rules and guidelines
3346	established by the State Board of Regents in accordance with findings of fact that space is
3347	available for the educator's enrollment.
3348	Section 94. Section <b>53E-6-204</b> is amended to read:
3349	53E-6-204. Exemptions from licensure.
3350	Except as otherwise provided by statute or rule, a spouse of an individual serving in the
3351	armed forces of the United States while the individual is stationed within this state may work
3352	as an educator without being licensed under this title if:
3353	(1) the spouse holds a valid educator license issued by any other state or jurisdiction
3354	recognized by the state board; and
3355	(2) the license is current and the spouse is in good standing in the state or jurisdiction
3356	of licensure.
3357	Section 95. Section <b>53E-6-301</b> is amended to read:
3358	53E-6-301. Qualifications of applicants for licenses Changes in qualifications.
3359	(1) The <u>state</u> board shall establish by rule the scholarship, training, and experience
3360	required of license applicants.
3361	(2) (a) The state hoard shall announce any increase in the requirements when made

3362	(b) An increase in requirements shall become effective not less than one year from the	
3363	date of the announcement.	
3364	(3) The <u>state</u> board may determine by examination or otherwise the qualifications of	
3365	license applicants.	
3366	Section 96. Section <b>53E-6-302</b> is amended to read:	
3367	53E-6-302. Teacher preparation programs.	
3368	[(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,	
3369	the]	
3370	(1) The state board shall make rules that establish standards for approval of a	
3371	preparation program.	
3372	(2) The <u>state</u> board shall ensure that standards adopted under Subsection (1) meet or	
3373	exceed generally recognized national standards for preparation of educators.	
3374	(3) The <u>state</u> board shall designate an employee of the <u>state</u> board's staff to:	
3375	(a) work with education deans of state institutions of higher education to coordinate	
3376	on-site monitoring of teacher preparation programs that may include:	
3377	(i) monitoring courses for teacher preparation programs;	
3378	(ii) working with course instructors for teacher preparation programs; and	
3379	(iii) interviewing students admitted to teacher preparation programs;	
3380	(b) act as a liaison between:	
3381	(i) the state board;	
3382	(ii) local school boards or charter school governing boards; and	
3383	(iii) representatives of teacher preparation programs; and	
3384	(c) report the employee's findings and recommendations for the improvement of	
3385	teacher preparation programs to:	
3386	(i) the state board; and	
3387	(ii) education deans of state institutions of higher education.	
3388	(4) The <u>state</u> board shall:	
3389	(a) in good faith, consider the findings and recommendations described in Subsection	

H.B. 27 **Enrolled Copy** 3390 (3)(c); and 3391 (b) [in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,] 3392 make rules, as the state board determines is necessary, to implement recommendations 3393 described in Subsection (3)(c). 3394 Section 97. Section **53E-6-303** is amended to read: 3395 53E-6-303. Prohibition on use of degrees or credit from unapproved institutions. 3396 (1) An individual may not use a postsecondary degree or credit awarded by a 3397 postsecondary institution or program to gain a license, employment, or any other benefit within 3398 the public school system unless the institution or program was, at the time the degree or credit 3399 was awarded: 3400 (a) approved for the granting of the degree or credit by the state board; or (b) accredited by an accrediting organization recognized by the state board. 3401 (2) The state board may grant an exemption from Subsection (1) to an individual who 3402 shows good cause for the granting of the exemption. 3403 3404 Section 98. Section **53E-6-307** is amended to read: 53E-6-307. Certification in other jurisdictions -- Impact on licensing in Utah. 3405 3406 (1) An applicant for a license, renewal of a license, or reinstatement of a license shall 3407 provide the administrator of teacher licensing with an affidavit, stating under oath the current status of any certificate, license, or other authorization required for a professional position in 3408 3409 education, which the applicant holds or has held in any other jurisdiction. 3410 (2) An applicant for a license who has held a teacher's license in any other jurisdiction

- (2) An applicant for a license who has held a teacher's license in any other jurisdiction or who graduated from an institution of higher education in another state shall also provide the administrator of teacher licensing with:
- (a) a complete listing of the higher education institutions attended by the applicant, whether the applicant's enrollment or eligibility for completion of a program was terminated by the institution, and, if so, the reasons for termination;
  - (b) a complete list of prior school employers; and

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(c) a release on a form provided by the administrator permitting the state board to

obtain records from other jurisdictions and from institutions of higher education attended by the applicant, including expunged or otherwise protected records, relating to any offense described substantially in the same language as in Section 53G-11-405.

- (3) If the applicant's certificate, license, or authorization as an educator in any other jurisdiction is under investigation, has expired or been surrendered, suspended or revoked, or is currently not valid for any other reason, the <u>state</u> board may not grant the requested license, renewal, or reinstatement until it has received confirmation from the administrator of professional certification in that jurisdiction that the applicant would be eligible for certification or licensure in that jurisdiction.
- (4) The <u>state</u> board may not withhold a license for the sole reason that the applicant would be ineligible for certification, licensure, or authorization in the jurisdiction referred to in Subsection (3) because of failure to meet current requirements in that jurisdiction relating to education, time in service, or residence.
  - Section 99. Section 53E-6-401 is amended to read:
- **53E-6-401.** Background checks.

- In accordance with Section 53G-11-403, the [State Board of Education] state board shall require a license applicant to submit to a criminal background check and ongoing monitoring as a condition for licensing.
- Section 100. Section **53E-6-402** is amended to read:
  - 53E-6-402. State board-required licensing or employment recommendations -- Local public school-required licensing recommendations -- Notice requirements for affected parties -- Exemption from liability.
  - (1) (a) The <u>state</u> board shall provide the appropriate administrator of a public or private school or of an agency outside the state that is responsible for licensing or certifying educational personnel with a recommendation or other information possessed by the <u>state</u> board that has significance in evaluating the employment or license of:
    - (i) a current or prospective school employee;
- 3445 (ii) an educator or education license holder; or

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(iii) a license applicant.	

3446	(iii) a license applicant.
3447	(b) Information supplied under Subsection (1)(a) shall include:
3448	(i) the complete record of a hearing; and
3449	(ii) the investigative report for matters that:
3450	(A) the educator has had an opportunity to contest; and
3451	(B) did not proceed to a hearing.
3452	(2) At the request of the <u>state</u> board, an administrator of a public school or school
3453	district shall, and an administrator of a private school may, provide the state board with a
3454	recommendation or other information possessed by the school or school district that has
3455	significance in evaluating the:
3456	(a) license of an educator or education license holder; or
3457	(b) potential licensure of a license applicant.
3458	(3) If the <u>state</u> board decides to deny licensure or to take action against an educator's
3459	license based upon information provided under this section, the state board shall:
3460	(a) give notice of the information to the educator or license applicant; and
3461	(b) afford the educator or license applicant an opportunity to respond to the
3462	information.
3463	(4) A person who, in good faith, provides a recommendation or discloses or receives
3464	information under this section is exempt from civil and criminal liability relating to that
3465	recommendation, receipt, or disclosure.
3466	Section 101. Section <b>53E-6-403</b> is amended to read:
3467	53E-6-403. Tie-in with the Criminal Investigations and Technical Services
3468	Division.
3469	(1) The <u>state</u> board shall:
3470	(a) designate employees to act, with state board supervision, as an online terminal
3471	agency with the Department of Public Safety's Criminal Investigations and Technical Services
3472	Division under Section 53-10-108; and

(b) provide relevant information concerning current or prospective employees or

**Enrolled Copy** H.B. 27 3474 volunteers upon request to other school officials as provided in Section 53E-6-402. 3475 (2) The cost of the online service shall be borne by the entity making the inquiry. 3476 Section 102. Section **53E-6-501** is amended to read: 53E-6-501. Utah Professional Practices Advisory Commission established. 3477 3478 The Utah Professional Practices Advisory Commission, UPPAC, is established to assist 3479 and advise the state board in matters relating to the professional practices of educators. 3480 Section 103. Section **53E-6-502** is amended to read: 3481 53E-6-502. UPPAC members -- Executive secretary. (1) UPPAC shall consist of a nonvoting executive secretary and 11 voting members. 3482 nine of whom shall be licensed educators in good standing, and two of whom shall be members 3483 3484 nominated by the education organization within the state that has the largest membership of parents of students and teachers. 3485 3486 (2) Six of the voting members shall be persons whose primary responsibility is 3487 teaching. 3488 (3) (a) The state superintendent [of public instruction] shall appoint an employee to 3489 serve as executive secretary. 3490 (b) Voting members are appointed by the state superintendent as provided under 3491 Section 53E-6-503. 3492 (4) [Board] State board employees shall staff UPPAC activities. 3493 Section 104. Section **53E-6-503** is amended to read: 3494 53E-6-503. Nominations -- Appointment of commission members --Reappointments.

3495 **Reappointme**3496 (1) (a)

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- (1) (a) The <u>state</u> board shall adopt rules establishing procedures for nominating and appointing individuals to voting membership on UPPAC.
- (b) Nomination petitions must be filed with the state superintendent prior to June 16 of the year of appointment.
- 3500 (c) A nominee for appointment as a member of UPPAC as an educator must have been 3501 employed in the representative class in the Utah public school system or a private school

3502	accredited by the state board during the three years immediately preceding the date of	
3503	appointment.	
3504	(2) The state superintendent [of public instruction] shall appoint the members of the	
3505	commission.	
3506	(3) Appointments begin July 1 and are for terms of three years and until a successor is	
3507	appointed.	
3508	(4) Terms of office are staggered so that approximately 1/3 of UPPAC members are	
3509	appointed annually.	
3510	(5) A member may not serve more than two terms.	
3511	Section 105. Section 53E-6-504 is amended to read:	
3512	53E-6-504. Filling of vacancies.	
3513	(1) A UPPAC vacancy occurs if a member resigns, fails to attend three or more	
3514	meetings during a calendar year, or no longer meets the requirements for nomination and	
3515	appointment.	
3516	(2) If a vacancy occurs, the state superintendent shall appoint a successor to fill the	
3517	unexpired term.	
3518	(3) If the <u>state</u> superintendent does not fill the vacancy within 60 days, the <u>state</u> board	
3519	shall make the appointment.	
3520	(4) Nominations to fill vacancies are submitted to the state superintendent in	
3521	accordance with procedures established under rules of the state board.	
3522	Section 106. Section 53E-6-505 is amended to read:	
3523	53E-6-505. Meetings and expenses of UPPAC members.	
3524	(1) UPPAC shall meet at least quarterly and at the call of the chair or of a majority of	
3525	the members.	
3526	(2) Members of UPPAC serve without compensation but are allowed reimbursement	
3527	for actual and necessary expenses under the rules of the Division of Finance.	
3528	(3) The <u>state</u> board shall pay reimbursement to UPPAC members out of the Education	
3529	Fund.	

3530	Section 107. Section <b>53E-6-506</b> is amended to read:	
3531	53E-6-506. UPPAC duties and procedures.	
3532	(1) The state board may direct UPPAC to review a complaint about an educator and	
3533	recommend that the state board:	
3534	(a) dismiss the complaint; or	
3535	(b) investigate the complaint in accordance with this section.	
3536	(2) (a) The <u>state</u> board may direct UPPAC to:	
3537	(i) in accordance with this section, investigate a complaint's allegation or decision; or	
3538	(ii) hold a hearing.	
3539	(b) UPPAC may initiate a hearing as part of an investigation.	
3540	(c) Upon completion of an investigation or hearing, UPPAC shall:	
3541	(i) provide findings to the state board; and	
3542	(ii) make a recommendation for <u>state</u> board action.	
3543	(d) UPPAC may not make a recommendation described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii) to	
3544	adversely affect an educator's license unless UPPAC gives the educator an opportunity for a	
3545	hearing.	
3546	(3) (a) The state board may:	
3547	(i) select an independent investigator to conduct a UPPAC investigation with UPPAC	
3548	oversight; or	
3549	(ii) authorize UPPAC to select and oversee an independent investigator to conduct an	
3550	investigation.	
3551	(b) In conducting an investigation, UPPAC or an independent investigator shall	
3552	conduct the investigation independent of and separate from a related criminal investigation.	
3553	(c) In conducting an investigation, UPPAC or an independent investigator may:	
3554	(i) in accordance with Section 53E-6-606 administer oaths and issue subpoenas; or	
3555	(ii) receive evidence related to an alleged offense, including sealed or expunged	
3556	records released to the <u>state</u> board under Section 77-40-109.	
3557	(d) If UPPAC finds that reasonable cause exists during an investigation, UPPAC may	

3558	recommend that the state board initiate a background check on an educator as described in	
3559	Section 53G-11-403.	
3560	(e) UPPAC has a rebuttable presumption that an educator committed a sexual offense	
3561	against a minor child if the educator voluntarily surrendered a license or certificate or allowed	
3562	license or certificate to lapse in the face of a charge of having committed a sexual offense	
3563	against a minor child.	
3564	(4) The <u>state</u> board may direct UPPAC to:	
3565	(a) recommend to the <u>state</u> board procedures for:	
3566	(i) receiving and processing complaints;	
3567	(ii) investigating a complaint's allegation or decision;	
3568	(iii) conducting hearings; or	
3569	(iv) reporting findings and making recommendations to the state board for state board	
3570	action;	
3571	(b) recommend to the <u>state</u> board or a professional organization of educators:	
3572	(i) standards of professional performance, competence, and ethical conduct for	
3573	educators; or	
3574	(ii) suggestions for improvement of the education profession; or	
3575	(c) fulfill other duties the state board finds appropriate.	
3576	(5) UPPAC may not participate as a party in a dispute relating to negotiations between:	
3577	(a) a school district and the school district's educators; or	
3578	(b) a charter school and the charter school's educators.	
3579	(6) The <u>state</u> board shall make rules establishing UPPAC duties and procedures.	
3580	Section 108. Section 53E-6-602 is amended to read:	
3581	53E-6-602. Licensing power of the state board Licensing final action Appeal	
3582	rights.	
3583	(1) The <u>state</u> board holds the power to license educators.	
3584	(2) (a) The <u>state</u> board shall take final action with regard to an educator license.	
3585	(b) An entity other than the state board may not take final action with regard to an	

3586	educator license.
3587	(3) (a) In accordance with Subsection (3)(b), a license applicant or an educator may
3588	seek judicial review of a final action made by the state board under this chapter.
3589	(b) A license applicant or educator may file a petition for judicial review of the state
3590	board's final action if the license applicant or educator files a petition within 30 days after the
3591	day on which the license applicant or educator received notice of the final action.
3592	Section 109. Section 53E-6-603 is amended to read:
3593	53E-6-603. Ineligibility for educator license.
3594	(1) The <u>state</u> board may refuse to issue a license to a license applicant if the <u>state</u> board
3595	finds good cause for the refusal, including behavior of the applicant:
3596	(a) found pursuant to a criminal, civil, or administrative matter after reasonable
3597	opportunity for the applicant to contest the allegation; and
3598	(b) considered, as behavior of an educator, to be:
3599	(i) immoral, unprofessional, or incompetent behavior; or
3600	(ii) a violation of standards of ethical conduct, performance, or professional
3601	competence.
3602	(2) The <u>state</u> board may not issue, renew, or reinstate an educator license if the license
3603	applicant or educator:
3604	(a) was convicted of a felony of a sexual nature;
3605	(b) pled guilty to a felony of a sexual nature;
3606	(c) entered a plea of no contest to a felony of a sexual nature;
3607	(d) entered a plea in abeyance to a felony of a sexual nature;
3608	(e) was convicted of a sexual offense under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual
3609	Offenses, against a minor child;
3610	(f) engaged in sexually explicit conduct, as defined in Section 76-5b-103, with a
3611	student who is a minor;

(g) engaged in sexually explicit conduct, as defined in Section 76-5b-103, with a

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student who is:

3614	(1) not a minor; and	
3615	(ii) enrolled in a school where the license applicant or educator is or was employed; or	
3616	(h) admits to the state board or UPPAC that the license applicant or educator	
3617	committed conduct that amounts to:	
3618	(i) a felony of a sexual nature; or	
3619	(ii) a sexual offense or sexually explicit conduct described in Subsection (2)(e), (f), or	
3620	(g).	
3621	(3) If an individual is ineligible for licensure under Subsection (1) or (2), a public	
3622	school may not:	
3623	(a) employ the person in the public school; or	
3624	(b) allow the person to volunteer in the public school.	
3625	(4) (a) If the <u>state</u> board denies licensure under this section, the <u>state</u> board shall	
3626	immediately notify the applicant of:	
3627	(i) the denial; and	
3628	(ii) the applicant's right to request a hearing before UPPAC.	
3629	(b) Upon receipt of a notice described in Subsection (4)(a), an applicant may, within 30	
3630	days after the day on which the applicant received the notice, request a hearing before UPPAC	
3631	for the applicant to review and respond to all evidence upon which the state board based the	
3632	denial.	
3633	(c) If the <u>state</u> board receives a request for a hearing described in Subsection (4)(b), the	
3634	state board shall direct UPPAC to hold a hearing.	
3635	Section 110. Section <b>53E-6-604</b> is amended to read:	
3636	53E-6-604. State board disciplinary action against an educator.	
3637	(1) (a) The state board shall direct UPPAC to investigate an allegation, administrative	
3638	decision, or judicial decision that evidences an educator is unfit for duty because the educator	
3639	exhibited behavior that:	
3640	(i) is immoral, unprofessional, or incompetent; or	
3641	(ii) violates standards of ethical conduct performance or professional competence	

3642	(b) If the <u>state</u> board determines an allegation or decision described in Subsection	
3643	(1)(a) does not evidence an educator's unfitness for duty, the state board may dismiss the	
3644	allegation or decision without an investigation or hearing.	
3645	(2) The state board shall direct UPPAC to investigate and allow an educator to respond	
3646	in a UPPAC hearing if the <u>state</u> board receives an allegation that the educator:	
3647	(a) was charged with a felony of a sexual nature;	
3648	(b) was convicted of a felony of a sexual nature;	
3649	(c) pled guilty to a felony of a sexual nature;	
3650	(d) entered a plea of no contest to a felony of a sexual nature;	
3651	(e) entered a plea in abeyance to a felony of a sexual nature;	
3652	(f) was convicted of a sexual offense under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual	
3653	Offenses, against a minor child;	
3654	(g) engaged in sexually explicit conduct, as defined in Section 76-5b-103, with a	
3655	student who is a minor; or	
3656	(h) engaged in sexually explicit conduct, as defined in Section 76-5b-103, with a	
3657	student who is:	
3658	(i) not a minor; and	
3659	(ii) enrolled in a school where the educator is or was employed.	
3660	(3) Upon notice that an educator allegedly violated Section 53E-6-701, the <u>state</u> board	
3661	shall direct UPPAC to:	
3662	(a) investigate the alleged violation; and	
3663	(b) hold a hearing to allow the educator to respond to the allegation.	
3664	(4) Upon completion of an investigation or hearing described in this section, UPPAC	
3665	shall:	
3666	(a) provide findings to the state board; and	
3667	(b) make a recommendation for <u>state</u> board action.	
3668	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), upon review of UPPAC's findings and	
3669	recommendation, the state board may:	

3670	(i) revoke the educator's license;	
3671	(ii) suspend the educator's license;	
3672	(iii) restrict or prohibit the educator from renewing the educator's license;	
3673	(iv) warn or reprimand the educator;	
3674	(v) enter into a written agreement with the educator that requires the educator to	
3675	comply with certain conditions;	
3676	(vi) direct UPPAC to further investigate or gather information; or	
3677	(vii) take other action the state board finds to be appropriate for and consistent with the	
3678	educator's behavior.	
3679	(b) Upon review of UPPAC's findings and recommendation, the state board shall	
3680	revoke the license of an educator who:	
3681	(i) was convicted of a felony of a sexual nature;	
3682	(ii) pled guilty to a felony of a sexual nature;	
3683	(iii) entered a plea of no contest to a felony of a sexual nature;	
3684	(iv) entered a plea in abeyance to a felony of a sexual nature;	
3685	(v) was convicted of a sexual offense under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual	
3686	Offenses, against a minor child;	
3687	(vi) engaged in sexually explicit conduct, as defined in Section 76-5b-103, with a	
3688	student who is a minor;	
3689	(vii) engaged in sexually explicit conduct, as defined in Section 76-5b-103, with a	
3690	student who is:	
3691	(A) not a minor; and	
3692	(B) enrolled in a school where the educator is or was employed; or	
3693	(viii) admits to the state board or UPPAC that the applicant committed conduct that	
3694	amounts to:	
3695	(A) a felony of a sexual nature; or	
3696	(B) a sexual offense or sexually explicit conduct described in Subsection (5)(b)(v), (vi)	
3697	or (vii).	

3698	(c) The <u>state</u> board may not reinstate a revoked license.
3699	(d) Before the state board takes adverse action against an educator under this section,
3700	the state board shall ensure that the educator had an opportunity for a UPPAC hearing.
3701	Section 111. Section <b>53E-6-605</b> is amended to read:
3702	53E-6-605. Designation of hearing officer or panel Review of findings.
3703	(1) UPPAC or a state or local school board charged with responsibility for conducting
3704	a hearing may conduct the hearing itself or appoint a hearing officer or panel to conduct the
3705	hearing and make recommendations concerning findings.
3706	(2) UPPAC or the <u>local</u> school board shall review the record of the hearing and the
3707	recommendations, and may obtain and review, in the presence of the parties or their
3708	representatives, additional relevant information, prior to issuing official findings.
3709	(3) UPPAC shall provide a panel of its members to serve as fact finders in a hearing at
3710	the request of the educator who is the subject of the hearing.
3711	Section 112. Section <b>53E-6-607</b> is amended to read:
3712	53E-6-607. Policies for conducting hearings Standard of proof.
3712 3713	<ul><li>53E-6-607. Policies for conducting hearings Standard of proof.</li><li>(1) The <u>state</u> board and each local school board shall adopt [rules] <u>policies</u> for the</li></ul>
3713	(1) The <u>state</u> board and each local school board shall adopt [rules] <u>policies</u> for the
3713 3714	(1) The <u>state</u> board and each local school board shall adopt [ <u>rules</u> ] <u>policies</u> for the conduct of hearings to ensure that requirements of due process are met.
3713 3714 3715	<ul> <li>(1) The <u>state</u> board and each local school board shall adopt [<u>rules</u>] <u>policies</u> for the conduct of hearings to ensure that requirements of due process are met.</li> <li>(2) An accused party shall be provided not less than 15 days before a hearing with:</li> </ul>
3713 3714 3715 3716	<ul> <li>(1) The <u>state</u> board and each local school board shall adopt [<u>rules</u>] <u>policies</u> for the conduct of hearings to ensure that requirements of due process are met.</li> <li>(2) An accused party shall be provided not less than 15 days before a hearing with:</li> <li>(a) notice of the hearing;</li> </ul>
3713 3714 3715 3716 3717	<ul> <li>(1) The <u>state</u> board and each local school board shall adopt [<u>rules</u>] <u>policies</u> for the conduct of hearings to ensure that requirements of due process are met.</li> <li>(2) An accused party shall be provided not less than 15 days before a hearing with:</li> <li>(a) notice of the hearing;</li> <li>(b) the law, rule, or policy alleged to have been violated;</li> </ul>
3713 3714 3715 3716 3717 3718	<ul> <li>(1) The <u>state</u> board and each local school board shall adopt [<u>rules</u>] <u>policies</u> for the conduct of hearings to ensure that requirements of due process are met.</li> <li>(2) An accused party shall be provided not less than 15 days before a hearing with:</li> <li>(a) notice of the hearing;</li> <li>(b) the law, rule, or policy alleged to have been violated;</li> <li>(c) sufficient information about the allegations and the evidence to be presented in</li> </ul>
3713 3714 3715 3716 3717 3718 3719	<ul> <li>(1) The state board and each local school board shall adopt [rules] policies for the conduct of hearings to ensure that requirements of due process are met.</li> <li>(2) An accused party shall be provided not less than 15 days before a hearing with: <ul> <li>(a) notice of the hearing;</li> <li>(b) the law, rule, or policy alleged to have been violated;</li> <li>(c) sufficient information about the allegations and the evidence to be presented in support of the allegations to permit the accused party to prepare a meaningful defense; and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
3713 3714 3715 3716 3717 3718 3719 3720	<ul> <li>(1) The state board and each local school board shall adopt [rules] policies for the conduct of hearings to ensure that requirements of due process are met.</li> <li>(2) An accused party shall be provided not less than 15 days before a hearing with: <ul> <li>(a) notice of the hearing;</li> <li>(b) the law, rule, or policy alleged to have been violated;</li> <li>(c) sufficient information about the allegations and the evidence to be presented in support of the allegations to permit the accused party to prepare a meaningful defense; and</li> <li>(d) a copy of the [rules] policies under which the hearing will be conducted.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
3713 3714 3715 3716 3717 3718 3719 3720 3721	(1) The <u>state</u> board and each local school board shall adopt [ <u>rules</u> ] <u>policies</u> for the conduct of hearings to ensure that requirements of due process are met.  (2) An accused party shall be provided not less than 15 days before a hearing with:  (a) notice of the hearing;  (b) the law, rule, or policy alleged to have been violated;  (c) sufficient information about the allegations and the evidence to be presented in support of the allegations to permit the accused party to prepare a meaningful defense; and  (d) a copy of the [ <u>rules</u> ] <u>policies</u> under which the hearing will be conducted.  (3) If an accused party fails to request a hearing within 30 days after written notice is
3713 3714 3715 3716 3717 3718 3719 3720 3721 3722	<ul> <li>(1) The state board and each local school board shall adopt [rules] policies for the conduct of hearings to ensure that requirements of due process are met.</li> <li>(2) An accused party shall be provided not less than 15 days before a hearing with: <ul> <li>(a) notice of the hearing;</li> <li>(b) the law, rule, or policy alleged to have been violated;</li> <li>(c) sufficient information about the allegations and the evidence to be presented in support of the allegations to permit the accused party to prepare a meaningful defense; and</li> <li>(d) a copy of the [rules] policies under which the hearing will be conducted.</li> <li>(3) If an accused party fails to request a hearing within 30 days after written notice is sent to the party's address as shown on the records of the local school board, for actions taken</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

3726 (4) Hearing fact finders shall use the preponderance of evidence standard in deciding 3727 all questions unless a higher standard is required by law. (5) Unless otherwise provided in this public education code, the decisions of state and 3728 3729 local school boards are final determinations under this section, appealable to the appropriate 3730 court for review. 3731 Section 113. Section **53E-6-701** is amended to read: 3732 53E-6-701. Mandatory reporting of physical or sexual abuse of students. (1) For purposes of this section, "educator" means, in addition to a person included 3733 under Section 53E-6-102, a person, including a volunteer or temporary employee, who at the 3734 3735 time of an alleged offense was performing a function in a private school for which a license would be required in a public school. 3736 (2) In addition to any duty to report suspected cases of child abuse or neglect under 3737 Section 62A-4a-403, an educator who has reasonable cause to believe that a student may have 3738 3739 been physically or sexually abused by a school employee shall immediately report the belief and all other relevant information to the school principal, to the superintendent, or to the state 3740 3741 board. 3742 (3) A school administrator who has received a report under Subsection (2) or who otherwise has reasonable cause to believe that a student may have been physically or sexually 3743 abused by an educator shall immediately report that information to the state board. 3744 (4) Upon notice that an educator allegedly violated Subsection (2) or (3), the state 3745 board shall direct UPPAC to investigate the educator's alleged violation as described in Section 3746 3747 53E-6-604. 3748 (5) A person who makes a report under this section in good faith shall be immune from civil or criminal liability that might otherwise arise by reason of that report. 3749 3750 Section 114. Section **53E-6-702** is amended to read: 3751 53E-6-702. Reimbursement of legal fees and costs to educators.

(a) "Action" means any action, except those referred to in Section 52-6-201, brought

(1) As used in this section:

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against an educator by an individual or entity other than:

- (i) the entity who licenses the educator; and
- 3756 (ii) the LEA that employs the educator or employed the educator at the time of the 3757 alleged act or omission.
  - (b) "Educator" means an individual who holds or is required to hold a license as defined by the state board and is employed by an LEA located within the state.
  - [(c) "LEA" means a school district, charter school, or the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.]
  - (2) Except as otherwise provided in Section 52-6-201, an educator is entitled to recover reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred in the educator's defense against an individual or entity who initiates an action against the educator if:
  - (a) the action is brought for any act or omission of the educator during the performance of the educator's duties within the scope of the educator's employment; and
    - (b) it is dismissed or results in findings favorable to the educator.
  - (3) An educator who recovers under this section is also entitled to recover reasonable attorneys' fees and costs necessarily incurred by the educator in recovering the attorneys' fees and costs allowed under Subsection (2).
    - Section 115. Section **53E-6-703** is amended to read:
  - 53E-6-703. Professional competence or performance -- Administrative hearing by local school board -- Action on complaint.
  - (1) (a) No civil action by or on behalf of a student relating to the professional competence or performance of a licensed employee of a school district, or to the discipline of students by a licensed employee, application of in loco parentis, or a violation of ethical conduct by an employee of a school district, may be brought in a court until at least 60 days after the filing of a written complaint with the local <u>school</u> board [of education] of the district, or until findings have been issued by the local <u>school</u> board after a hearing on the complaint, whichever is sooner.
- 3781 (b) As used in Subsection (1)(a), "in loco parentis" means the power of professional

school personnel to exercise the rights, duties, and responsibilities of a reasonable, responsible parent in dealing with students in school-related matters.

- (c) A parent of a student has standing to file a civil action against an employee who provides services to a school attended by the student.
- (2) Within 15 days of receiving a complaint under Subsection (1), a local school board may elect to refer the complaint to the [State Board of Education] state board.
- (3) If a complaint is referred to the <u>state</u> board, no civil action may be brought in a court on matters relating to the complaint until the <u>state</u> board has provided a hearing and issued its findings or until 90 days after the filing of the complaint with the local school board, whichever is sooner.
  - Section 116. Section **53E-6-801** is amended to read:

## 53E-6-801. Mediation of contract negotiations.

- (1) The president of a professional local organization which represents a majority of the licensed employees of a school district or the chairman or president of a local school board may, after negotiating for 90 days, declare an impasse by written notification to the other party and to the [State Board of Education] state board.
- (2) The party declaring the impasse may request the state superintendent [of public instruction] to appoint a mediator for the purpose of helping to resolve the impasse if the parties to the dispute have not been able to agree on a third party mediator.
- (3) Within five working days after receipt of the written request, the state superintendent shall appoint a mediator who is mutually acceptable to the local school board and the professional organization representing a majority of the licensed employees.
- (4) The mediator shall meet with the parties, either jointly or separately, and attempt to settle the impasse.
- (5) The mediator may not, without the consent of both parties, make findings of fact or recommend terms for settlement.
  - (6) Both parties shall equally share the costs of mediation.
- (7) Nothing in this section prevents the parties from adopting a written mediation

procedure other than that provided in this section.

- 3811 (8) If the parties have a mediation procedure, they shall follow that procedure.
- Section 117. Section **53E-6-802** is amended to read:
- 3813 53E-6-802. Appointment of hearing officer -- Hearing process.
  - (1) If a mediator appointed under Section 53E-6-801 is unable to effect settlement of the controversy within 15 working days after his appointment, either party to the mediation may by written notification to the other party and to the state superintendent [of public instruction] request that their dispute be submitted to a hearing officer who shall make findings of fact and recommend terms of settlement.
  - (2) Within five working days after receipt of the request, the state superintendent [of public instruction] shall appoint a hearing officer who is mutually acceptable to the local school board and the professional organization representing a majority of the certificated employees.
  - (3) The hearing officer may not, without consent of both parties, be the same person who served as mediator.
  - (4) The hearing officer shall meet with the parties, either jointly or separately, may make inquiries and investigations, and may issue subpoenas for the production of persons or documents relevant to all issues in dispute.
  - (5) The [State Board of Education] state board and departments, divisions, authorities, bureaus, agencies, and officers of the state, local school boards, and the professional organization shall furnish the hearing officer, on request, all relevant records, documents, and information in their possession.
  - (6) If the final positions of the parties are not resolved before the hearing ends, the hearing officer shall prepare a written report containing the agreements of the parties with respect to all resolved negotiated contract issues and the positions that the hearing officer considers appropriate on all unresolved final positions of the parties.
  - (7) The hearing officer shall submit the report to the parties privately within 10 working days after the conclusion of the hearing or within the date established for the

3838	submission of posthearing briefs, but not later than 20 working days after the hearing officer's	
3839	appointment.	
3840	(8) Either the hearing officer, the professional organization, or the local school board	
3841	may make the report public if the dispute is not settled within 10 working days after its receipt	
3842	from the hearing officer.	
3843	(9) (a) The state superintendent [of public instruction] may determine the majority	
3844	status of any professional organization which requests assistance under this section.	
3845	(b) The decision of the <u>state</u> superintendent is final unless it is clearly inconsistent with	
3846	the evidence.	
3847	Section 118. Section 53E-6-902 is amended to read:	
3848	53E-6-902. Teacher leaders.	
3849	(1) As used in this section, "teacher" means an educator who has an assignment to	
3850	teach in a classroom.	
3851	(2) There is created the role of a teacher leader to:	
3852	(a) work with a student teacher and a teacher who supervises a student teacher;	
3853	(b) assist with the training of a recently hired teacher; and	
3854	(c) support school-based professional learning.	
3855	[(3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,	
3856	the]	
3857	(3) The state board shall make rules that:	
3858	(a) define the role of a teacher leader, including the functions described in Subsection	
3859	(2); and	
3860	(b) establish the minimum criteria for a teacher to qualify as a teacher leader.	
3861	(4) The <u>state</u> board shall solicit recommendations from school districts and educators	
3862	regarding:	
3863	(a) appropriate resources to provide a teacher leader; and	
3864	(b) appropriate ways to compensate a teacher leader.	
3865	Section 110 Section 53F-7-202 is amended to read:	

3866	53E-7-202. Education programs for students with disabilities Supervision by	
3867	the state board Enforcement.	
3868	(1) (a) All students with disabilities, who are 3 years old or older but younger than 22	
3869	years old and have not graduated from high school with a regular diploma, are entitled to a free	
3870	appropriate public education.	
3871	(b) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), if a student with a disability turns 22 during the	
3872	school year, the entitlement extends to the end of the school year.	
3873	[(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the	
3874	State Board of Education]	
3875	(c) The state board shall adopt rules consistent with applicable state and federal law to	
3876	implement this part.	
3877	(2) The rules adopted by the [State Board of Education] state board shall include the	
3878	following:	
3879	(a) appropriate and timely identification of students with disabilities;	
3880	(b) diagnosis, evaluation, and classification by qualified personnel;	
3881	(c) standards for classes and services;	
3882	(d) provision for multidistrict programs;	
3883	(e) provision for delivery of service responsibilities;	
3884	(f) certification and qualifications for instructional staff; and	
3885	(g) services for dual enrollment students attending public school on a part-time basis	
3886	under Section 53G-6-702.	
3887	(3) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board shall have general control and	
3888	supervision over all educational programs for students within the state who have disabilities.	
3889	(b) Those programs must comply with rules adopted by the [State Board of Education]	
3890	state board under this section.	
3891	(4) The state superintendent [of public instruction] shall enforce this part.	
3892	Section 120. Section 53E-7-204 is amended to read:	
3893	53E-7-204. School district responsibility Reimbursement of costs Other	

3894	programs

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(1) (a) Each school district shall provide, either singly or in cooperation with other school districts or public institutions, a free, appropriate education program for all students with disabilities who are residents of the district.

- (b) The program shall include necessary special facilities, instruction, and education-related services.
- (c) The costs of a district's program, or a district's share of a joint program, shall be paid from district funds.
- (2) School districts that provide special education services under this part in accordance with applicable rules of the [State Board of Education] state board shall receive reimbursement from the state board under Title 53F, Chapter 2, State Funding -- Minimum School Program, and other applicable laws.
- (3) (a) A school district may, singly or in cooperation with other public entities, provide education and training for persons with disabilities who are:
  - (i) younger than 3 years old; or
  - (ii) older than 22 years old as described in Subsection 53E-7-202(1).
- 3910 (b) The cost of such a program may be paid from fees, contributions, and other funds 3911 received by the district for support of the program, but may not be paid from public education 3912 funds.
- 3913 Section 121. Section **53E-7-208** is amended to read:
  - 53E-7-208. Resolution of disputes in special education -- Hearing request -- Timelines -- Levels -- Appeal process -- Recovery of costs.
  - (1) The Legislature finds that it is in the best interest of students with disabilities to provide for a prompt and fair final resolution of disputes which may arise over educational programs and rights and responsibilities of students with disabilities, their parents, and the public schools.
  - (2) Therefore, the [State Board of Education] state board shall adopt rules meeting the requirements of 20 U.S.C. Section 1415 governing the establishment and maintenance of

procedural safeguards for students with disabilities and their parents [or guardians] as to the provision of free, appropriate public education to those students.

- (3) The timelines established by the <u>state</u> board shall provide adequate time to address and resolve disputes without unnecessarily disrupting or delaying the provision of free, appropriate public education for students with disabilities.
- (4) Prior to seeking a hearing or other formal proceedings, the parties to a dispute under this section shall make a good faith effort to resolve the dispute informally at the school building level.
- 3930 (5) (a) If the dispute is not resolved under Subsection (4), a party may request a due process hearing.
  - (b) The hearing shall be conducted under rules adopted by the <u>state</u> board in accordance with 20 U.S.C. Section 1415.
  - (6) (a) A party to the hearing may appeal the decision issued under Subsection (5) to a court of competent jurisdiction under 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(i).
    - (b) The party must file the judicial appeal within 30 days after issuance of the due process hearing decision.
    - (7) If the parties fail to reach agreement on payment of attorney fees, then a party seeking recovery of attorney fees under 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(i) for a special education administrative action shall file a court action within 30 days after issuance of a decision under Subsection (5).
- Section 122. Section **53E-7-301** is amended to read:
- 3943 **53E-7-301. Definitions.**
- 3944 As used in this part:

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- 3945 (1) "Blind student" means an individual, who is 3 years old or older but younger than 22 years old and eligible for special education services, who:
- 3947 (a) has a visual acuity of 20/200 or less in the better eye with correcting lenses or has a limited field of vision such that the widest diameter subtends an angular distance no greater than 20 degrees;

3950	(b) has a medically indicated expectation of visual deterioration; or
3951	(c) has functional blindness.
3952	(2) "Braille" means the system of reading and writing through touch, commonly known
3953	as English Braille.
3954	(3) "Functional blindness" means a visual impairment that renders a student unable to
3955	read or write print at a level commensurate with the student's cognitive abilities.
3956	[(4) "Individualized education program" or "IEP" means a written statement developed
3957	for a student eligible for special education services pursuant to the Individuals with Disabilities
3958	Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Section 1414(d).
3959	Section 123. Section 53E-7-304 is amended to read:
3960	53E-7-304. Braille versions of textbooks.
3961	(1) As a condition of the annual contract for instructional materials process and as a
3962	condition of textbook acceptance, the [State Board of Education] state board shall require
3963	publishers of textbooks recommended by the state board to furnish, on request, their textbooks
3964	and related instructional materials in an electronic file set, in conformance with the National
3965	Instructional Materials Accessibility Standard, from which Braille versions of all or part of the
3966	textbook and related instructional materials can be produced.
3967	(2) When Braille translation software for specialty code translation becomes available,
3968	publishers shall furnish, on request, electronic file sets, in conformance with the National
3969	Instructional Materials Accessibility Standard, for nonliterary subjects such as mathematics and
3970	science.
3971	Section 124. Section <b>53E-8-102</b> is amended to read:
3972	53E-8-102. Definitions.
3973	As used in this chapter:
3974	(1) "Advisory council" means the Advisory Council for the Utah Schools for the Deaf
3975	and the Blind.
3976	(2) "Alternate format" includes braille, audio, or digital text, or large print.

(3) "Associate superintendent" means:

3978	(a) the associate superintendent of the Utah School for the Deaf; or
3979	(b) the associate superintendent of the Utah School for the Blind.
3980	(4) "Blind" means:
3981	(a) if the person is three years of age or older but younger than 22 years of age, having
3982	a visual impairment that, even with correction, adversely affects educational performance or
3983	substantially limits one or more major life activities; and
3984	(b) if the person is younger than three years of age, having a visual impairment.
3985	(5) "Blindness" means an impairment in vision in which central visual acuity:
3986	(a) does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with correcting lenses; or
3987	(b) is accompanied by a limit to the field of vision in the better eye to such a degree
3988	that its widest diameter subtends an angle of no greater than 20 degrees.
3989	[(6) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
3990	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> "Cortical visual impairment" means a neurological visual disorder:
3991	(a) that:
3992	(i) affects the visual cortex or visual tracts of the brain;
3993	(ii) is caused by damage to the visual pathways to the brain;
3994	(iii) affects a person's visual discrimination, acuity, processing, and interpretation; and
3995	(iv) is often present in conjunction with other disabilities or eye conditions that cause
3996	visual impairment; and
3997	(b) in which the eyes and optic nerves of the affected person appear normal and the
3998	person's pupil responses are normal.
3999	[ <del>(8)</del> ] <u>(7)</u> "Deaf" means:
4000	(a) if the person is three years of age or older but younger than 22 years of age, having
4001	hearing loss, whether permanent or fluctuating, that, even with amplification, adversely affects
4002	educational performance or substantially limits one or more major life activities; and
4003	(b) if the person is younger than three years of age, having hearing loss.
4004	[ <del>(9)</del> ] <u>(8)</u> "Deafblind" means:
4005	(a) if the person is three years of age or older but younger than 22 years of age:

4006	(i) deaf;
4007	(ii) blind; and
4008	(iii) having hearing loss and visual impairments that cause such severe communication
4009	and other developmental and educational needs that the person cannot be accommodated in
4010	special education programs solely for students who are deaf or blind; or
4011	(b) if the person is younger than three years of age, having both hearing loss and vision
4012	impairments that are diagnosed as provided in Section 53E-8-401.
4013	[(10)] (9) "Deafness" means a hearing loss so severe that the person is impaired in
4014	processing linguistic information through hearing, with or without amplification.
4015	[(11)] (10) "Educator" means a person who holds:
4016	(a) (i) a license issued under Chapter 6, Education Professional Licensure; and
4017	(ii) a position as:
4018	(A) a teacher;
4019	(B) a speech pathologist;
4020	(C) a librarian or media specialist;
4021	(D) a preschool teacher;
4022	(E) a guidance counselor;
4023	(F) a school psychologist;
4024	(G) an audiologist; or
4025	(H) an orientation and mobility specialist; or
4026	(b) (i) a bachelor's degree or higher;
4027	(ii) credentials from the governing body of the professional's area of practice; and
4028	(iii) a position as:
4029	(A) a Parent Infant Program consultant;
4030	(B) a deafblind consultant;
4031	(C) a school nurse;
4032	(D) a physical therapist;
4033	(E) an occupational therapist;

4034	(F) a social worker; or
4035	(G) a low vision specialist.
4036	[(12)] (11) "Functional blindness" means a disorder in which the physical structures of
4037	the eye may be functioning, but the person does not attend to, examine, utilize, or accurately
4038	process visual information.
4039	[(13)] (12) "Functional hearing loss" means a central nervous system impairment that
4040	results in abnormal auditory perception, including an auditory processing disorder or auditory
4041	neuropathy/dys-synchrony, in which parts of the auditory system may be functioning, but the
4042	person does not attend to, respond to, localize, utilize, or accurately process auditory
4043	information.
4044	[(14)] (13) "Hard of hearing" means having a hearing loss, excluding deafness.
4045	[(15)] (14) "Individualized education program" or "IEP" means:
4046	(a) a written statement for a student with a disability that is developed, reviewed, and
4047	revised in accordance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec.
4048	1400 et seq.; or
4049	(b) an individualized family service plan developed:
4050	(i) for a child with a disability who is younger than three years of age; and
4051	(ii) in accordance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec.
4052	1400 et seq.
4053	[(16)] (15) "LEA" means a local education agency that has administrative control and
4054	direction for public education.
4055	[(17)] (16) "LEA of record" means the school district of residence of a student as
4056	determined under Section 53G-6-302.
4057	$[\frac{(18)}{(17)}]$ "Low vision" means an impairment in vision in which:
4058	(a) visual acuity is at 20/70 or worse; or
4059	(b) the visual field is reduced to less than 20 degrees.
4060	[(19)] (18) "Parent Infant Program" means a program at the Utah Schools for the Deaf
4061	and the Blind that provides services:

4062	(a) through an interagency agreement with the Department of Health to children
4063	younger than three years of age who are deaf, blind, or deafblind; and
4064	(b) to children younger than three years of age who are deafblind through Deafblind
4065	Services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
4066	[ <del>(20)</del> ] (19) "Section 504" means Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973.
4067	[(21) "Section 504 accommodation plan" means a plan developed pursuant to Section
4068	504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, to provide appropriate accommodations to
4069	an individual with a disability to ensure access to major life activities.]
4070	[(22)] (20) "Superintendent" means the superintendent of the Utah Schools for the Deaf
4071	and the Blind.
4072	[(23)] (21) "Visual impairment" includes partial sightedness, low vision, blindness,
4073	cortical visual impairment, functional blindness, and degenerative conditions that lead to
4074	blindness or severe loss of vision.
4075	Section 125. Section 53E-8-201 is amended to read:
4076	53E-8-201. Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind created Designated LEA
4076 4077	53E-8-201. Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind created Designated LEA Services statewide.
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4077	Services statewide.
4077 4078	Services statewide.  (1) The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind is created as a single public school
4077 4078 4079	Services statewide.  (1) The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind is created as a single public school agency that includes:
4077 4078 4079 4080	Services statewide.  (1) The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind is created as a single public school agency that includes:  (a) the Utah School for the Deaf;
4077 4078 4079 4080 4081	Services statewide.  (1) The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind is created as a single public school agency that includes:  (a) the Utah School for the Deaf;  (b) the Utah School for the Blind;
4077 4078 4079 4080 4081 4082	Services statewide.  (1) The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind is created as a single public school agency that includes:  (a) the Utah School for the Deaf;  (b) the Utah School for the Blind;  (c) programs for students who are deafblind; and
4077 4078 4079 4080 4081 4082 4083	Services statewide.  (1) The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind is created as a single public school agency that includes:  (a) the Utah School for the Deaf;  (b) the Utah School for the Blind;  (c) programs for students who are deafblind; and  (d) the Parent Infant Program.
4077 4078 4079 4080 4081 4082 4083 4084	Services statewide.  (1) The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind is created as a single public school agency that includes:  (a) the Utah School for the Deaf;  (b) the Utah School for the Blind;  (c) programs for students who are deafblind; and  (d) the Parent Infant Program.  (2) Under the general control and supervision of the state board, consistent with the
4077 4078 4079 4080 4081 4082 4083 4084 4085	Services statewide.  (1) The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind is created as a single public school agency that includes:  (a) the Utah School for the Deaf; (b) the Utah School for the Blind; (c) programs for students who are deafblind; and (d) the Parent Infant Program.  (2) Under the general control and supervision of the state board, consistent with the state board's constitutional authority, the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind:
4077 4078 4079 4080 4081 4082 4083 4084 4085 4086	Services statewide.  (1) The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind is created as a single public school agency that includes:  (a) the Utah School for the Deaf; (b) the Utah School for the Blind; (c) programs for students who are deafblind; and (d) the Parent Infant Program.  (2) Under the general control and supervision of the state board, consistent with the state board's constitutional authority, the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind: (a) may provide services to students statewide:

4090	(b) shall serve as the designated LEA for a student and assume the responsibilities of
4091	providing services as prescribed through the student's IEP or Section 504 accommodation plan
4092	when the student's LEA of record, parent [or legal guardian], and the Utah Schools for the Deaf
4093	and the Blind determine that the student be placed at the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the
1094	Blind.
4095	(3) When the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind becomes a student's designated
4096	LEA, the LEA of record and the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind shall ensure that all
1097	rights and requirements regarding individual student assessment, eligibility, services,
4098	placement, and procedural safeguards provided through the Individuals with Disabilities
1099	Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq. and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973,
4100	as amended, remain in force.
4101	(4) Nothing in this section diminishes the responsibility of a student's LEA of record
4102	for the education of the student as provided in Chapter 7, Part 2, Special Education Program.
4103	Section 126. Section <b>53E-8-204</b> is amended to read:
4104	53E-8-204. Authority of the state board Rulemaking Superintendent
4105	Advisory council.
4106	(1) The [State Board of Education] state board is the governing board of the Utah
4107	Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
4108	(2) (a) The state board shall appoint a superintendent for the Utah Schools for the Deaf
4109	and the Blind.
4110	(b) The state board shall make rules [in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
4111	Administrative Rulemaking Act,] regarding the qualifications, terms of employment, and duties
4112	of the superintendent for the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
4113	(3) The superintendent shall:
4114	(a) subject to the approval of the <u>state</u> board, appoint an associate superintendent to
4115	administer the Utah School for the Deaf based on:
4116	(i) demonstrated competency as an expert educator of deaf persons; and

(ii) knowledge of school management and the instruction of deaf persons;

4118	(b) subject to the approval of the <u>state</u> board, appoint an associate superintendent to
4119	administer the Utah School for the Blind based on:
4120	(i) demonstrated competency as an expert educator of blind persons; and
4121	(ii) knowledge of school management and the instruction of blind persons, including an
4122	understanding of the unique needs and education of deafblind persons.
4123	(4) (a) The <u>state</u> board shall:
4124	(i) establish an [Advisory Council] advisory council for the Utah Schools for the Deaf
4125	and the Blind and appoint no more than 11 members to the advisory council;
4126	(ii) make rules [in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
4127	Rulemaking Act,] regarding the operation of the advisory council; and
4128	(iii) receive and consider the advice and recommendations of the advisory council but
4129	is not obligated to follow the recommendations of the advisory council.
4130	(b) The advisory council described in Subsection (4)(a) shall include at least:
4131	(i) two members who are blind;
4132	(ii) two members who are deaf; and
4133	(iii) two members who are deafblind or parents of a deafblind child.
4134	(5) The state board shall approve the annual budget and expenditures of the Utah
4135	Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
4136	(6) (a) On or before the November interim meeting each year, the state board shall
4137	report to the Education Interim Committee on the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
4138	(b) The <u>state</u> board shall ensure that the report described in Subsection (6)(a) includes:
4139	(i) a financial report;
4140	(ii) a report on the activities of the superintendent and associate superintendents;
4141	(iii) a report on activities to involve parents and constituency and advocacy groups in
4142	the governance of the school; and
4143	(iv) a report on student achievement, including:
4144	(A) longitudinal student achievement data for both current and previous students served
4145	by the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind;

**Enrolled Copy** H.B. 27 4146 (B) graduation rates; and 4147 (C) a description of the educational placement of students exiting the Utah Schools for 4148 the Deaf and the Blind. 4149 Section 127. Section **53E-8-301** is amended to read: 4150 53E-8-301. Educators exempt from Department of Human Resource 4151 Management rules -- Collective bargaining agreement. 4152 (1) Educators employed by the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind are exempt from mandatory compliance with rules of the Department of Human Resource Management. 4153 4154 (2) The state board may enter into a collective bargaining agreement to establish 4155 compensation and other personnel policies with educators employed by the Utah Schools for 4156 the Deaf and the Blind to replace rules of the Department of Human Resource Management. 4157 (3) A collective bargaining agreement made under Subsection (2) is subject to the same requirements that are imposed on local school boards by Section 53G-11-202. 4158 4159 Section 128. Section **53E-8-302** is amended to read: 4160 53E-8-302. Annual salary adjustments for educators. (1) In accordance with Section 53F-7-301, the Legislature shall appropriate money to 4161 4162 the state board for the salary adjustments described in this section. 4163 (2) The state board shall include in its annual budget request for the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind an amount of money sufficient to adjust educators' salaries as described 4164 4165 in Subsection (3) and fund step and lane changes. (3) (a) The state board shall determine the salary adjustment specified in Subsection (2) 4166 by: 4167 4168 (i) calculating a weighted average salary adjustment for nonadministrative licensed staff adopted by the school districts of the state, with the average weighted by the number of 4169 4170 teachers in each school district; and 4171 (ii) increasing the weighted average salary adjustment by 10% in any year in which

teachers of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind are not ranked in the top 10 in 20-year

earnings when compared to earnings of teachers in the school districts of the state.

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4174	(b) In calculating a weighted average salary adjustment for nonadministrative licensed
4175	staff adopted by the school districts of the state under Subsection (3)(a), the state board shall
4176	exclude educator salary adjustments provided pursuant to Section 53F-2-405.
4177	(4) From money appropriated to the <u>state</u> board for salary adjustments, the <u>state</u> board
4178	shall adjust the salary schedule applicable to educators at the school each year.
4179	Section 129. Section <b>53E-8-401</b> is amended to read:
4180	53E-8-401. Eligibility for services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
4181	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (3), (4), and (5), a person is eligible to receive
4182	services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind if the person is:
4183	(a) a resident of Utah;
4184	(b) younger than 22 years of age;
4185	(c) referred to the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind by the person's school
4186	district of residence or a local early intervention program; and
4187	(d) identified as deaf, blind, or deafblind through:
4188	(i) the special education eligibility determination process; or
4189	(ii) the Section 504 eligibility determination process.
4190	(2) (a) In diagnosing a person younger than age three who is deafblind, the following
4191	information may be used:
4192	(i) opthalmological and audiological documentation;
4193	(ii) functional vision or hearing assessments and evaluations; or
4194	(iii) informed clinical opinion conducted by a person with expertise in deafness,
4195	blindness, or deafblindness.
4196	(b) Informed clinical opinion shall be:
4197	(i) included in the determination of eligibility when documentation is incomplete or not
4198	conclusive; and
4199	(ii) based on pertinent records related to the individual's current health status and
4200	medical history, an evaluation and observations of the individual's level of sensory functioning,
4201	and the needs of the family.

4202 (3) (a) A student who qualifies for special education shall have services and placement 4203 determinations made through the IEP process. 4204 (b) A student who qualifies for accommodations under Section 504 shall have services 4205 and placement determinations made through the Section 504 team process. 4206 (c) A parent [or legal guardian] of a child who is deaf, blind, or deafblind shall make 4207 the final decision regarding placement of the child in a Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind 4208 program or in a school district or charter school program subject to special education federal 4209 regulations regarding due process. 4210 (4) (a) A nonresident may receive services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the 4211 Blind in accordance with rules of the state board. (b) The rules shall require the payment of tuition for services provided to a 4212 nonresident. 4213 4214 (5) An individual is eligible to receive services from the Utah Schools for the Deaf and 4215 the Blind under circumstances described in Section 53E-8-408. 4216 [(6) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, 4217 and this chapter, the] 4218 (6) The state board: (a) shall make rules that determine the eligibility of students to be served by the Utah 4219 4220 Schools for the Deaf and the Blind: and 4221 (b) may make rules to allow a resident of Utah who is neither deaf, blind, nor deafblind to receive services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind if the student is younger than 4222 4223 22 years of age. 4224 Section 130. Section **53E-8-402** is amended to read: 53E-8-402. Entrance policies and procedures. 4225 4226 With input from the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind, school districts, parents, 4227 and the advisory council, the state board shall establish entrance policies and procedures that 4228 IEP teams and Section 504 teams are to consider in making placement recommendations at the

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Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.

4230	Section 131. Section 33E-8-400 is amended to read:
4231	53E-8-406. Programs for deafblind individuals State deafblind education
4232	specialist.
4233	(1) The <u>state</u> board shall adopt policies and programs for providing appropriate
4234	educational services to individuals who are deafblind.
4235	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), the state board shall designate an employee
4236	who holds a deafblind certification or equivalent training and expertise to:
4237	(a) act as a resource coordinator for the state board on public education programs
4238	designed for individuals who are deafblind;
4239	(b) facilitate the design and implementation of professional development programs to
4240	assist school districts, charter schools, and the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind in
4241	meeting the educational needs of those who are deafblind; and
4242	(c) facilitate the design of and assist with the implementation of one-on-one
4243	intervention programs in school districts, charter schools, and at the Utah Schools for the Deaf
4244	and the Blind for those who are deafblind, serving as a resource for, or team member of,
4245	individual IEP teams.
4246	(3) The state board may authorize and approve the costs of an employee to obtain a
4247	deafblind certification or equivalent training and expertise to qualify for the position described
4248	in Subsection (2).
4249	(4) The <u>state</u> board may contract with a third party for the services required under
4250	Subsection (2).
4251	Section 132. Section <b>53E-8-407</b> is amended to read:
4252	53E-8-407. Educational Enrichment Program for Deaf, Hard of Hearing, and
4253	Visually Impaired Students Funding for the program.
4254	(1) There is established the Educational Enrichment Program for Deaf, Hard of
4255	Hearing, and Visually Impaired Students.
4256	(2) The purpose of the program is to provide opportunities that will, in a family
4257	friendly environment, enhance the educational services required for deaf, hard of hearing

4258	blind, or deafblind students.
4259	(3) The advisory council shall design and implement the program, subject to the
4260	approval by the state board.
4261	(4) The program shall be funded from the interest and dividends derived from the
4262	permanent funds created for the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind pursuant to Section 12
4263	of the Utah Enabling Act and distributed by the director of the School and Institutional Trust
4264	Lands Administration under Section 53C-3-103.
4265	Section 133. Section <b>53E-8-408</b> is amended to read:
4266	53E-8-408. Educational services for an individual with a hearing loss.
4267	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind shall provide
4268	educational services to an individual:
4269	(a) who seeks to receive the educational services; and
4270	(b) (i) whose results of a test for hearing loss are reported to the Utah Schools for the
4271	Deaf and the Blind in accordance with Section 26-10-6 or 26-10-13; or
4272	(ii) who has been diagnosed with a hearing loss by a physician or an audiologist.
4273	(2) If the individual who will receive the services described in Subsection (1) is a
4274	minor, the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind may not provide the services to the
4275	individual until after receiving permission from the individual's parent [or guardian].
4276	Section 134. Section <b>53E-8-409</b> is amended to read:
4277	53E-8-409. Instructional Materials Access Center State board to make rules.
4278	(1) The <u>state</u> board shall collaborate with the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind,
4279	school districts, and charter schools in establishing the Utah State Instructional Materials
4280	Access Center to provide students with print disabilities access to instructional materials in
4281	alternate formats in a timely manner.
4282	(2) The state board shall make rules[, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
4283	Administrative Rulemaking Act,] to:
4284	(a) establish the Utah State Instructional Materials Access Center;

(b) define how the Educational Resource Center at the Utah Schools for the Deaf and

4286	the Blind shall collaborate in the operation of the Utah State Instructional Materials Access
4287	Center;
4288	(c) specify procedures for the operation of the Utah State Instructional Materials
4289	Access Center, including procedures to:
4290	(i) identify students who qualify for instructional materials in alternate formats; and
4291	(ii) distribute and store instructional materials in alternate formats;
4292	(d) establish the contribution of school districts and charter schools towards the cost of
4293	instructional materials in alternate formats; and
4294	(e) require textbook publishers, as a condition of contract, to provide electronic file sets
4295	in conformance with the National Instructional Materials Accessibility Standard.
4296	Section 135. Section <b>53E-9-202</b> is amended to read:
4297	53E-9-202. Application of state and federal law to the administration and
4298	operation of public schools Local school board and charter school governing board
4299	policies.
4300	(1) As used in this section "education entity" means:
4301	(a) the [State Board of Education] state board;
4302	(b) a local school board or charter school governing board;
4303	(c) a school district;
4304	(d) a public school; or
4305	(e) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
4306	(2) An education entity and an employee, student aide, volunteer, third party
4307	contractor, or other agent of an education entity shall protect the privacy of a student, the
4308	student's parents, and the student's family and support parental involvement in the education of
4309	their children through compliance with the protections provided for family and student privacy
4310	under this part and the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act and related provisions under
4311	20 U.S.C. Secs. 1232g and 1232h, in the administration and operation of all public school
4312	programs, regardless of the source of funding.
4313	(3) A local school board or charter school governing board shall enact policies

4314	governing the protection of family and student privacy as required by this part.
4315	Section 136. Section 53E-9-203 is amended to read:
4316	53E-9-203. Activities prohibited without prior written consent Validity of
4317	consent Qualifications Training on implementation.
4318	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (7), Section 53G-9-604, and Section 53G-9-702,
4319	policies adopted by a school district or charter school under Section 53E-9-202 shall include
4320	prohibitions on the administration to a student of any psychological or psychiatric examination,
4321	test, or treatment, or any survey, analysis, or evaluation without the prior written consent of the
4322	student's parent [or legal guardian], in which the purpose or evident intended effect is to cause
4323	the student to reveal information, whether the information is personally identifiable or not,
4324	concerning the student's or any family member's:
4325	(a) political affiliations or, except as provided under Section 53G-10-202 or rules of
4326	the [State Board of Education] state board, political philosophies;
4327	(b) mental or psychological problems;
4328	(c) sexual behavior, orientation, or attitudes;
4329	(d) illegal, anti-social, self-incriminating, or demeaning behavior;
4330	(e) critical appraisals of individuals with whom the student or family member has close
4331	family relationships;
4332	(f) religious affiliations or beliefs;
4333	(g) legally recognized privileged and analogous relationships, such as those with
4334	lawyers, medical personnel, or ministers; and
4335	(h) income, except as required by law.
4336	(2) Prior written consent under Subsection (1) is required in all grades, kindergarten
4337	through grade 12.
4338	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (7), Section 53G-9-604, and Section 53G-9-702,
4339	the prohibitions under Subsection (1) shall also apply within the curriculum and other school
4340	activities unless prior written consent of the student's parent [or legal guardian] has been
4341	obtained.

4342	(4) (a) Written parental consent is valid only if a parent [or legal guardian] has been
4343	first given written notice, including notice that a copy of the educational or student survey
4344	questions to be asked of the student in obtaining the desired information is made available at
4345	the school, and a reasonable opportunity to obtain written information concerning:
4346	(i) records or information, including information about relationships, that may be
4347	examined or requested;
4348	(ii) the means by which the records or information shall be examined or reviewed;
4349	(iii) the means by which the information is to be obtained;
4350	(iv) the purposes for which the records or information are needed;
4351	(v) the entities or persons, regardless of affiliation, who will have access to the
4352	personally identifiable information; and
4353	(vi) a method by which a parent of a student can grant permission to access or examine
4354	the personally identifiable information.
4355	(b) For a survey described in Subsection (1), written notice described in Subsection
4356	(4)(a) shall include an Internet address where a parent [or legal guardian] can view the exact
4357	survey to be administered to the [parent or legal guardian's] parent's student.
4358	(5) (a) Except in response to a situation which a school employee reasonably believes
4359	to be an emergency, or as authorized under Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Part 4, Child Abuse or
4360	Neglect Reporting Requirements, or by order of a court, disclosure to a parent [or legal
4361	guardian] must be given at least two weeks before information protected under this section is
4362	sought.
4363	(b) Following disclosure, a parent [or guardian] may waive the two week minimum
4364	notification period.
4365	(c) Unless otherwise agreed to by a student's parent [or legal guardian] and the person
4366	requesting written consent, the authorization is valid only for the activity for which it was
4367	granted.

(d) A written withdrawal of authorization submitted to the school principal by the authorizing parent [or guardian] terminates the authorization.

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(e) A general consent used to approve admission to school or involvement in special education, remedial education, or a school activity does not constitute written consent under this section.

- (6) (a) This section does not limit the ability of a student under Section 53G-10-203 to spontaneously express sentiments or opinions otherwise protected against disclosure under this section.
- (b) (i) If a school employee or agent believes that a situation exists which presents a serious threat to the well-being of a student, that employee or agent shall notify the student's parent [or guardian] without delay.
- (ii) If, however, the matter has been reported to the Division of Child and Family Services within the Department of Human Services, it is the responsibility of the division to notify the student's parent [or guardian] of any possible investigation, prior to the student's return home from school.
- (iii) The division may be exempted from the notification requirements described in this Subsection (6)(b)(ii) only if it determines that the student would be endangered by notification of [his] the student's parent [or guardian], or if that notification is otherwise prohibited by state or federal law.
- (7) (a) If a school employee, agent, or school resource officer believes a student is at-risk of attempting suicide, physical self-harm, or harming others, the school employee, agent, or school resource officer may intervene and ask a student questions regarding the student's suicidal thoughts, physically self-harming behavior, or thoughts of harming others for the purposes of:
  - (i) referring the student to appropriate prevention services; and
  - (ii) informing the student's parent [or legal guardian].
- (b) On or before September 1, 2014, a school district or charter school shall develop and adopt a policy regarding intervention measures consistent with Subsection (7)(a) while requiring the minimum degree of intervention to accomplish the goals of this section.
  - (8) Local school boards and charter school governing boards shall provide inservice for

4398	teachers and administrators on the implementation of this section.
4399	(9) The <u>state</u> board shall provide procedures for disciplinary action for violations of
4400	this section.
4401	Section 137. Section <b>53E-9-204</b> is amended to read:
4402	53E-9-204. Access to education records Training requirement Certification.
4403	(1) As used in this section, "education record" means the same as that term is defined
4404	in the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g.
4405	(2) A local school board or charter school governing board shall require each public
4406	school to:
4407	(a) create and maintain a list that includes the name and position of each school
4408	employee who the public school authorizes, in accordance with Subsection (4), to have access
4409	to an education record; and
4410	(b) provide the list described in Subsection (2)(a) to the school's local school board or
4411	charter school governing board.
4412	(3) A local school board or charter school governing board shall:
4413	(a) provide training on student privacy laws; and
4414	(b) require a school employee on the list described in Subsection (2) to:
4415	(i) complete the training described in Subsection (3)(a); and
4416	(ii) provide to the local school board or charter school governing board a certified
4417	statement, signed by the school employee, that certifies that the school employee completed the
4418	training described in Subsection (3)(a) and that the school employee understands student
4419	privacy requirements.
4420	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a local school board, charter school
4421	governing board, public school, or school employee may only share an education record with a
4422	school employee if:
4423	(i) that school employee's name is on the list described in Subsection (2); and
4424	(ii) federal and state privacy laws authorize the education record to be shared with that

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school employee.

4426	(b) A local school board, charter school governing board, public school, or school
4427	employee may share an education record with a school employee if the board, school, or
4428	employee obtains written consent from:
4429	(i) the parent [or legal guardian] of the student to whom the education record relates, if
4430	the student is younger than 18 years old; or
4431	(ii) the student to whom the education record relates, if the student is 18 years old or
4432	older.
4433	Section 138. Section <b>53E-9-301</b> is amended to read:
4434	53E-9-301. Definitions.
4435	As used in this part:
4436	(1) "Adult student" means a student who:
4437	(a) is at least 18 years old;
4438	(b) is an emancipated student; or
4439	(c) qualifies under the McKinney-Vento Homeless Education Assistance
4440	Improvements Act of 2001, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 11431 et seq.
4441	(2) "Aggregate data" means data that:
4442	(a) are totaled and reported at the group, cohort, school, school district, region, or state
4443	level with at least 10 individuals in the level;
4444	(b) do not reveal personally identifiable student data; and
4445	(c) are collected in accordance with <u>state</u> board rule.
4446	(3) (a) "Biometric identifier" means a:
4447	(i) retina or iris scan;
4448	(ii) fingerprint;
4449	(iii) human biological sample used for valid scientific testing or screening; or
4450	(iv) scan of hand or face geometry.
4451	(b) "Biometric identifier" does not include:
4452	(i) a writing sample;
4453	(ii) a written signature;

	H.B. 27 Enrolled Copy
4454	(iii) a voiceprint;
4455	(iv) a photograph;
4456	(v) demographic data; or
4457	(vi) a physical description, such as height, weight, hair color, or eye color.
4458	(4) "Biometric information" means information, regardless of how the information is
4459	collected, converted, stored, or shared:
4460	(a) based on an individual's biometric identifier; and
4461	(b) used to identify the individual.
4462	[(5) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
4463	[(6)] (5) "Data breach" means an unauthorized release of or unauthorized access to
4464	personally identifiable student data that is maintained by an education entity.
4465	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> "Data governance plan" means an education entity's comprehensive plan for
4466	managing education data that:
4467	(a) incorporates reasonable data industry best practices to maintain and protect student
4468	data and other education-related data;
4469	(b) describes the role, responsibility, and authority of an education entity data
4470	governance staff member;
4471	(c) provides for necessary technical assistance, training, support, and auditing;
4472	(d) describes the process for sharing student data between an education entity and
4473	another person;
4474	(e) describes the education entity's data expungement process, including how to

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respond to requests for expungement;

(a) the state board;

(b) a local school board;

[(8)] (7) "Education entity" means:

(c) a charter school governing board;

(f) describes the data breach response process; and

(g) is published annually and available on the education entity's website.

4482	(d) a school district;
4483	(e) a charter school;
4484	(f) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind; or
4485	(g) for purposes of implementing the School Readiness Initiative described in Title
4486	53F, Chapter 6, Part 3, School Readiness Initiative, the School Readiness Board created in
4487	Section 35A-3-209.
4488	[(9)] (8) "Expunge" means to seal or permanently delete data, as described in state
4489	board rule made under Section 53E-9-306.
4490	[(10)] (9) "General audience application" means an Internet website, online service,
4491	online application, mobile application, or software program that:
4492	(a) is not specifically intended for use by an audience member that attends kindergarten
4493	or a grade from 1 to 12, although an audience member may attend kindergarten or a grade from
4494	1 to 12; and
4495	(b) is not subject to a contract between an education entity and a third-party contractor.
4496	[(11)] (10) "Higher education outreach student data" means the following student data
4497	for a student:
4498	(a) name;
4499	(b) parent name;
4500	(c) grade;
4501	(d) school and school district; and
4502	(e) contact information, including:
4503	(i) primary phone number;
4504	(ii) email address; and
4505	(iii) physical address.
4506	[(12) "Individualized education program" or "IEP" means a written statement:]
4507	[(a) for a student with a disability; and]
4508	[(b) that is developed, reviewed, and revised in accordance with the Individuals with
4509	Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.]

4510	[ <del>(13)</del> ] (11) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means:
4511	(a) a school district;
4512	(b) a charter school;
4513	(c) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind; or
4514	(d) for purposes of implementing the School Readiness Initiative described in Title
4515	53F, Chapter 6, Part 3, School Readiness Initiative, the School Readiness Board created in
4516	Section 35A-3-209.
4517	[(14)] (12) "Metadata dictionary" means a record that:
4518	(a) defines and discloses all personally identifiable student data collected and shared by
4519	the education entity;
4520	(b) comprehensively lists all recipients with whom the education entity has shared
4521	personally identifiable student data, including:
4522	(i) the purpose for sharing the data with the recipient;
4523	(ii) the justification for sharing the data, including whether sharing the data was
4524	required by federal law, state law, or a local directive; and
4525	(iii) how sharing the data is permitted under federal or state law; and
4526	(c) without disclosing personally identifiable student data, is displayed on the
4527	education entity's website.
4528	[(15)] (13) "Necessary student data" means data required by state statute or federal law
4529	to conduct the regular activities of an education entity, including:
4530	(a) name;
4531	(b) date of birth;
4532	(c) sex;
4533	(d) parent contact information;
4534	(e) custodial parent information;
4535	(f) contact information;
4536	(g) a student identification number;
4537	(h) local, state, and national assessment results or an exception from taking a local,

4538	state, or national assessment;
4539	(i) courses taken and completed, credits earned, and other transcript information;
4540	(j) course grades and grade point average;
4541	(k) grade level and expected graduation date or graduation cohort;
4542	(l) degree, diploma, credential attainment, and other school exit information;
4543	(m) attendance and mobility;
4544	(n) drop-out data;
4545	(o) immunization record or an exception from an immunization record;
4546	(p) race;
4547	(q) ethnicity;
4548	(r) tribal affiliation;
4549	(s) remediation efforts;
4550	(t) an exception from a vision screening required under Section 53G-9-404 or
4551	information collected from a vision screening required under Section 53G-9-404;
4552	(u) information related to the Utah Registry of Autism and Developmental Disabilities,
4553	described in Section 26-7-4;
4554	(v) student injury information;
4555	(w) a disciplinary record created and maintained as described in Section 53E-9-306;
4556	(x) juvenile delinquency records;
4557	(y) English language learner status; and
4558	(z) child find and special education evaluation data related to initiation of an IEP.
4559	[(16)] $(14)$ $(a)$ "Optional student data" means student data that is not:
4560	(i) necessary student data; or
4561	(ii) student data that an education entity may not collect under Section 53E-9-305.
4562	(b) "Optional student data" includes:
4563	(i) information that is:
4564	(A) related to an IEP or needed to provide special needs services; and
4565	(B) not necessary student data;

4566	(ii) biometric information; and
4567	(iii) information that is not necessary student data and that is required for a student to
4568	participate in a federal or other program.
4569	$[\frac{(17)}{(15)}]$ "Parent" means:
4570	(a) a student's parent;
4571	(b) a student's legal guardian; or
4572	(c) an individual who has written authorization from a student's parent or legal
4573	guardian to act as a parent or legal guardian on behalf of the student.
4574	[(18)] $(16)$ $(a)$ "Personally identifiable student data" means student data that identifies
4575	or is used by the holder to identify a student.
4576	(b) "Personally identifiable student data" includes:
4577	(i) a student's first and last name;
4578	(ii) the first and last name of a student's family member;
4579	(iii) a student's or a student's family's home or physical address;
4580	(iv) a student's email address or other online contact information;
4581	(v) a student's telephone number;
4582	(vi) a student's social security number;
4583	(vii) a student's biometric identifier;
4584	(viii) a student's health or disability data;
4585	(ix) a student's education entity student identification number;
4586	(x) a student's social media user name and password or alias;
4587	(xi) if associated with personally identifiable student data, the student's persistent
4588	identifier, including:
4589	(A) a customer number held in a cookie; or
4590	(B) a processor serial number;
4591	(xii) a combination of a student's last name or photograph with other information that
4592	together permits a person to contact the student online;
4593	(xiii) information about a student or a student's family that a person collects online and

4594	combines with other personally identifiable student data to identify the student; and
4595	(xiv) information that, alone or in combination, is linked or linkable to a specific
4596	student that would allow a reasonable person in the school community, who does not have
4597	personal knowledge of the relevant circumstances, to identify the student with reasonable
4598	certainty.
4599	$[\frac{(19)}{(17)}]$ "School official" means an employee or agent of an education entity, if the
4600	education entity has authorized the employee or agent to request or receive student data on
4601	behalf of the education entity.
4602	[(20)] (18) (a) "Student data" means information about a student at the individual
4603	student level.
4604	(b) "Student data" does not include aggregate or de-identified data.
4605	[(21)] (19) "Student data manager" means:
4606	(a) the state student data officer; or
4607	(b) an individual designated as a student data manager by an education entity under
4608	Section 53E-9-303, who fulfills the duties described in Section 53E-9-308.
4609	[(22)] (20) (a) "Targeted advertising" means presenting advertisements to a student
4610	where the advertisement is selected based on information obtained or inferred over time from
4611	that student's online behavior, usage of applications, or student data.
4612	(b) "Targeted advertising" does not include advertising to a student:
4613	(i) at an online location based upon that student's current visit to that location; or
4614	(ii) in response to that student's request for information or feedback, without retention
4615	of that student's online activities or requests over time for the purpose of targeting subsequent
4616	ads.
4617	$\left[\frac{(23)}{(21)}\right]$ "Third-party contractor" means a person who:
4618	(a) is not an education entity; and
4619	(b) pursuant to a contract with an education entity, collects or receives student data in
4620	order to provide a product or service, as described in the contract, if the product or service is

not related to school photography, yearbooks, graduation announcements, or a similar product

4622	or service.
4623	[(24)] (22) "Written consent" means written authorization to collect or share a student's
4624	student data, from:
4625	(a) the student's parent, if the student is not an adult student; or
4626	(b) the student, if the student is an adult student.
4627	Section 139. Section <b>53E-9-302</b> is amended to read:
4628	53E-9-302. State student data protection governance.
4629	(1) (a) An education entity or a third-party contractor who collects, uses, stores, shares,
4630	or deletes student data shall protect student data as described in this part.
4631	[(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
4632	the]
4633	(b) The state board shall make rules to administer this part, including student data
4634	protection standards for public education employees, student aides, and volunteers.
4635	(2) The <u>state</u> board shall oversee the preparation and maintenance of:
4636	(a) a statewide data governance plan; and
4637	(b) a state-level metadata dictionary.
4638	(3) As described in this Subsection (3), the <u>state</u> board shall establish advisory groups
4639	to oversee student data protection in the state and make recommendations to the state board
4640	regarding student data protection.
4641	(a) The <u>state</u> board shall establish a student data policy advisory group:
4642	(i) composed of members from:
4643	(A) the Legislature;
4644	(B) the <u>state</u> board and <u>state</u> board employees; and
4645	(C) one or more LEAs;
4646	(ii) to discuss and make recommendations to the state board regarding:
4647	(A) enacted or proposed legislation; and
4648	(B) state and local student data protection policies across the state;
4649	(iii) that reviews and monitors the state student data governance plan; and

4650	(iv) that performs other tasks related to student data protection as designated by the
4651	state board.
4652	(b) The <u>state</u> board shall establish a student data governance advisory group:
4653	(i) composed of the state student data officer and other state board employees; and
4654	(ii) that performs duties related to state and local student data protection, including:
4655	(A) overseeing data collection and usage by state board program offices; and
4656	(B) preparing and maintaining the state board's student data governance plan under the
4657	direction of the student data policy advisory group.
4658	(c) The <u>state</u> board shall establish a student data users advisory group:
4659	(i) composed of members who use student data at the local level; and
4660	(ii) that provides feedback and suggestions on the practicality of actions proposed by
4661	the student data policy advisory group and the student data governance advisory group.
4662	(4) (a) The <u>state</u> board shall designate a state student data officer.
4663	(b) The state student data officer shall:
4664	(i) act as the primary point of contact for state student data protection administration in
4665	assisting the state board to administer this part;
4666	(ii) ensure compliance with student privacy laws throughout the public education
4667	system, including:
4668	(A) providing training and support to applicable state board and LEA employees; and
4669	(B) producing resource materials, model plans, and model forms for local student data
4670	protection governance, including a model student data collection notice;
4671	(iii) investigate complaints of alleged violations of this part;
4672	(iv) report violations of this part to:
4673	(A) the <u>state</u> board;
4674	(B) an applicable education entity; and
4675	(C) the student data policy advisory group; and
4676	(v) act as a state level student data manager.
4677	(5) The state board shall designate:

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4678	(a) at least one support manager to assist the state student data officer; and
4679	(b) a student data protection auditor to assist the state student data officer.
4680	(6) The <u>state</u> board shall establish a research review process for a request for data for
4681	the purpose of research or evaluation.
4682	Section 140. Section 53E-9-303 is amended to read:
4683	53E-9-303. Local student data protection governance.
4684	(1) An LEA shall adopt policies to protect student data in accordance with this part and
4685	state board rule, taking into account the specific needs and priorities of the LEA.
4686	(2) (a) An LEA shall designate an individual to act as a student data manager to fulfill
4687	the responsibilities of a student data manager described in Section 53E-9-308.
4688	(b) If possible, an LEA shall designate the LEA's records officer as defined in Section
4689	63G-2-103, as the student data manager.
4690	(3) An LEA shall create and maintain an LEA:
4691	(a) data governance plan; and
4692	(b) metadata dictionary.
4693	(4) An LEA shall establish an external research review process for a request for data
4694	for the purpose of external research or evaluation.
4695	Section 141. Section <b>53E-9-304</b> is amended to read:
4696	53E-9-304. Student data ownership and access Notification in case of
4697	significant data breach.
4698	(1) (a) A student owns the student's personally identifiable student data.
4699	(b) An education entity shall allow the following individuals to access a student's
4700	student data that is maintained by the education entity:
4701	(i) the student's parent;
4702	(ii) the student; and
4703	(iii) in accordance with the education entity's internal policy described in Section
4704	53E-9-303 and in the absence of a parent, an individual acting as a parent to the student.

(2) (a) If a significant data breach occurs at an education entity, the education entity

4/06	shall notify:
4707	(i) the student, if the student is an adult student; or
4708	(ii) the student's parent [or legal guardian], if the student is not an adult student.
4709	[(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
4710	the]
4711	(b) The state board shall make rules to define a significant data breach described in
4712	Subsection (2)(a).
4713	Section 142. Section <b>53E-9-305</b> is amended to read:
4714	53E-9-305. Collecting student data Prohibition Student data collection notice
4715	Written consent.
4716	(1) An education entity may not collect a student's:
4717	(a) social security number; or
4718	(b) except as required in Section 78A-6-112, criminal record.
4719	(2) An education entity that collects student data shall, in accordance with this section,
4720	prepare and distribute, except as provided in Subsection (3), to parents and students a student
4721	data collection notice statement that:
4722	(a) is a prominent, stand-alone document;
4723	(b) is annually updated and published on the education entity's website;
4724	(c) states the student data that the education entity collects;
4725	(d) states that the education entity will not collect the student data described in
4726	Subsection (1);
4727	(e) states the student data described in Section 53E-9-308 that the education entity may
4728	not share without written consent;
4729	(f) includes the following statement:
4730	"The collection, use, and sharing of student data has both benefits and risks. Parents
4731	and students should learn about these benefits and risks and make choices regarding student
4732	data accordingly.";

(g) describes in general terms how the education entity stores and protects student data;

4734	(h) states a student's rights under this part; and
4735	(i) for an education entity that teaches students in grade 9, 10, 11, or 12, requests
4736	written consent to share student data with the State Board of Regents as described in Section
4737	53E-9-308.
4738	(3) The <u>state</u> board may publicly post the <u>state</u> board's collection notice described in
4739	Subsection (2).
4740	(4) An education entity may collect the necessary student data of a student if the
4741	education entity provides a student data collection notice to:
4742	(a) the student, if the student is an adult student; or
4743	(b) the student's parent, if the student is not an adult student.
4744	(5) An education entity may collect optional student data if the education entity:
4745	(a) provides, to an individual described in Subsection (4), a student data collection
4746	notice that includes a description of:
4747	(i) the optional student data to be collected; and
4748	(ii) how the education entity will use the optional student data; and
4749	(b) obtains written consent to collect the optional student data from an individual
4750	described in Subsection (4).
4751	(6) An education entity may collect a student's biometric identifier or biometric
4752	information if the education entity:
4753	(a) provides, to an individual described in Subsection (4), a biometric information
4754	collection notice that is separate from a student data collection notice, which states:
4755	(i) the biometric identifier or biometric information to be collected;
4756	(ii) the purpose of collecting the biometric identifier or biometric information; and
4757	(iii) how the education entity will use and store the biometric identifier or biometric
4758	information; and
4759	(b) obtains written consent to collect the biometric identifier or biometric information
4760	from an individual described in Subsection (4).
4761	(7) Except under the circumstances described in Subsection 53G-8-211(2), an

4762	education entity may not refer a student to an alternative evidence-based intervention described
4763	in Subsection 53G-8-211(3) without written consent.
4764	Section 143. Section <b>53E-9-306</b> is amended to read:
4765	53E-9-306. Using and expunging student data Rulemaking Disciplinary
4766	records.
4767	(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
4768	Management Act, [and Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,] the state
4769	board shall make rules regarding using and expunging student data, including:
4770	(a) a categorization of disciplinary records that includes the following levels of
4771	maintenance:
4772	(i) one year;
4773	(ii) three years; and
4774	(iii) in accordance with Subsection (3), as determined by the education entity;
4775	(b) the types of student data that may be expunged, including:
4776	(i) medical records; and
4777	(ii) behavioral test assessments;
4778	(c) the types of student data that may not be expunged, including:
4779	(i) grades;
4780	(ii) transcripts;
4781	(iii) a record of the student's enrollment; and
4782	(iv) assessment information; and
4783	(d) the timeline and process for a prior student or parent of a prior student to request
4784	that an education entity expunge all of the prior student's student data.
4785	(2) In accordance with <u>state</u> board rule, an education entity may create and maintain a
4786	disciplinary record for a student.
4787	(3) (a) As recognized in Section 53E-9-304, and to ensure maximum student data
4788	privacy, an education entity shall, in accordance with state board rule, expunge a student's
4789	student data that is stored by the education entity.

4790	(b) An education entity shall retain and dispose of records in accordance with Section
4791	63G-2-604 and state board rule.
4792	Section 144. Section 53E-9-307 is amended to read:
4793	53E-9-307. Securing and cataloguing student data.
4794	[In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the]
4795	The state board shall make rules that:
4796	(1) using reasonable data industry best practices, prescribe the maintenance and
4797	protection of stored student data by:
4798	(a) an education entity;
4799	(b) the Utah Registry of Autism and Developmental Disabilities, described in Section
4800	26-7-4, for student data obtained under Section 53E-9-308; and
4801	(c) a third-party contractor; and
4802	(2) state requirements for an education entity's metadata dictionary.
4803	Section 145. Section 53E-9-308 is amended to read:
4804	53E-9-308. Sharing student data Prohibition Requirements for student data
	manager Authorized student data sharing.
4805	•
4804 4805 4806 4807	manager Authorized student data sharing.
4805 4806	manager Authorized student data sharing.  (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), an education entity, including a student
4805 4806 4807 4808	manager Authorized student data sharing.  (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), an education entity, including a student data manager, may not share personally identifiable student data without written consent.
4805 4806 4807	manager Authorized student data sharing.  (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), an education entity, including a student data manager, may not share personally identifiable student data without written consent.  (b) An education entity, including a student data manager, may share personally
4805 4806 4807 4808 4809	manager Authorized student data sharing.  (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), an education entity, including a student data manager, may not share personally identifiable student data without written consent.  (b) An education entity, including a student data manager, may share personally identifiable student data:
4805 4806 4807 4808 4809 4810 4811	manager Authorized student data sharing.  (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), an education entity, including a student data manager, may not share personally identifiable student data without written consent.  (b) An education entity, including a student data manager, may share personally identifiable student data:  (i) in accordance with the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act and related
4805 4806 4807 4808 4809 4810	manager Authorized student data sharing.  (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), an education entity, including a student data manager, may not share personally identifiable student data without written consent.  (b) An education entity, including a student data manager, may share personally identifiable student data:  (i) in accordance with the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act and related provisions under 20 U.S.C. Secs. 1232g and 1232h;
4805 4806 4807 4808 4809 4810 4811 4812	manager Authorized student data sharing.  (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), an education entity, including a student data manager, may not share personally identifiable student data without written consent.  (b) An education entity, including a student data manager, may share personally identifiable student data:  (i) in accordance with the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act and related provisions under 20 U.S.C. Secs. 1232g and 1232h;  (ii) as required by federal law; and
4805 4806 4807 4808 4809 4810 4811 4812 4813	manager Authorized student data sharing.  (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), an education entity, including a student data manager, may not share personally identifiable student data without written consent.  (b) An education entity, including a student data manager, may share personally identifiable student data:  (i) in accordance with the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act and related provisions under 20 U.S.C. Secs. 1232g and 1232h;  (ii) as required by federal law; and  (iii) as described in Subsections (3), (5), and (6).
4805 4806 4807 4808 4809 4810 4811 4812 4813	manager Authorized student data sharing.  (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), an education entity, including a student data manager, may not share personally identifiable student data without written consent.  (b) An education entity, including a student data manager, may share personally identifiable student data:  (i) in accordance with the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act and related provisions under 20 U.S.C. Secs. 1232g and 1232h;  (ii) as required by federal law; and  (iii) as described in Subsections (3), (5), and (6).  (2) A student data manager shall:

4818	(b) act as the primary local point of contact for the state student data officer described
4819	in Section 53E-9-302; and
4820	(c) fulfill other responsibilities described in the data governance plan of the student
4821	data manager's education entity.
4822	(3) A student data manager may share a student's personally identifiable student data
4823	with a caseworker or representative of the Department of Human Services if:
4824	(a) the Department of Human Services is:
4825	(i) legally responsible for the care and protection of the student, including the
4826	responsibility to investigate a report of educational neglect, as provided in Subsection
4827	62A-4a-409(5); or
4828	(ii) providing services to the student;
4829	(b) the student's personally identifiable student data is not shared with a person who is
4830	not authorized:
4831	(i) to address the student's education needs; or
4832	(ii) by the Department of Human Services to receive the student's personally
4833	identifiable student data; and
4834	(c) the Department of Human Services maintains and protects the student's personally
4835	identifiable student data.
4836	(4) The Department of Human Services, a school official, or the Utah Juvenile Court
4837	may share personally identifiable student data to improve education outcomes for youth:
4838	(a) in the custody of, or under the guardianship of, the Department of Human Services;
4839	(b) receiving services from the Division of Juvenile Justice Services;
4840	(c) in the custody of the Division of Child and Family Services;
4841	(d) receiving services from the Division of Services for People with Disabilities; or
4842	(e) under the jurisdiction of the Utah Juvenile Court.
4843	(5) (a) A student data manager may share personally identifiable student data in
4844	response to a subpoena issued by a court.
4845	(b) A person who receives personally identifiable student data under Subsection (5)(a)

4846	may not use the personally identifiable student data outside of the use described in the
4847	subpoena.
4848	(6) (a) A student data manager may share student data, including personally
4849	identifiable student data, in response to a request to share student data for the purpose of
4850	research or evaluation, if the student data manager:
4851	(i) verifies that the request meets the requirements of 34 C.F.R. Sec. 99.31(a)(6);
4852	(ii) submits the request to the education entity's research review process; and
4853	(iii) fulfills the instructions that result from the review process.
4854	(b) (i) In accordance with state and federal law, the state board shall share student data,
4855	including personally identifiable student data, as requested by the Utah Registry of Autism and
4856	Developmental Disabilities described in Section 26-7-4.
4857	(ii) A person who receives student data under Subsection (6)(b)(i):
4858	(A) shall maintain and protect the student data in accordance with state board rule
4859	described in Section 53E-9-307;
4860	(B) may not use the student data for a purpose not described in Section 26-7-4; and
4861	(C) is subject to audit by the state student data officer described in Section 53E-9-302.
4862	(c) The state board shall enter into an agreement with the State Board of Regents,
4863	established in Section 53B-1-103, to share higher education outreach student data, for students
4864	in grades 9 through 12 who have obtained written consent under Subsection 53E-9-305(2)(i), to
4865	be used strictly for the purpose of:
4866	(i) providing information and resources to students in grades 9 through 12 about higher
4867	education; and
4868	(ii) helping students in grades 9 through 12 enter the higher education system and
4869	remain until graduation.
4870	Section 146. Section <b>53E-9-309</b> is amended to read:
4871	53E-9-309. Third-party contractors.
4872	(1) A third-party contractor shall use personally identifiable student data received
4873	under a contract with an education entity strictly for the purpose of providing the contracted

product or service within the negotiated contract terms.

(2) When contracting with a third-party contractor, an education entity shall require the following provisions in the contract:

- (a) requirements and restrictions related to the collection, use, storage, or sharing of student data by the third-party contractor that are necessary for the education entity to ensure compliance with the provisions of this part and state board rule;
- (b) a description of a person, or type of person, including an affiliate of the third-party contractor, with whom the third-party contractor may share student data;
- (c) provisions that, at the request of the education entity, govern the deletion of the student data received by the third-party contractor;
- (d) except as provided in Subsection (4) and if required by the education entity, provisions that prohibit the secondary use of personally identifiable student data by the third-party contractor; and
- (e) an agreement by the third-party contractor that, at the request of the education entity that is a party to the contract, the education entity or the education entity's designee may audit the third-party contractor to verify compliance with the contract.
- (3) As authorized by law or court order, a third-party contractor shall share student data as requested by law enforcement.
  - (4) A third-party contractor may:
  - (a) use student data for adaptive learning or customized student learning purposes;
- (b) market an educational application or product to a parent of a student if the third-party contractor did not use student data, shared by or collected on behalf of an education entity, to market the educational application or product;
  - (c) use a recommendation engine to recommend to a student:
- (i) content that relates to learning or employment, within the third-party contractor's application, if the recommendation is not motivated by payment or other consideration from another party; or
  - (ii) services that relate to learning or employment, within the third-party contractor's

4902 application, if the recommendation is not motivated by payment or other consideration from 4903 another party; 4904 (d) respond to a student request for information or feedback, if the content of the 4905 response is not motivated by payment or other consideration from another party; (e) use student data to allow or improve operability and functionality of the third-party 4906 4907 contractor's application; or 4908 (f) identify for a student nonprofit institutions of higher education or scholarship 4909 providers that are seeking students who meet specific criteria: 4910 (i) regardless of whether the identified nonprofit institutions of higher education or 4911 scholarship providers provide payment or other consideration to the third-party contractor; and 4912 (ii) only if the third-party contractor obtains authorization in writing from: 4913 (A) a student's parent through the student's school or LEA; or 4914 (B) for an adult student, the student. 4915 (5) At the completion of a contract with an education entity, if the contract has not 4916 been renewed, a third-party contractor shall return or delete upon the education entity's request 4917 all personally identifiable student data under the control of the education entity unless a student or the student's parent consents to the maintenance of the personally identifiable student data. 4918 4919 (6) (a) A third-party contractor may not: 4920 (i) except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), sell student data: 4921 (ii) collect, use, or share student data, if the collection, use, or sharing of the student data is inconsistent with the third-party contractor's contract with the education entity; or 4922 4923 (iii) use student data for targeted advertising. 4924 (b) A person may obtain student data through the purchase of, merger with, or 4925 otherwise acquiring a third-party contractor if the third-party contractor remains in compliance 4926 with this section.

(7) The provisions of this section do not:

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4928 (a) apply to the use of a general audience application, including the access of a general audience application with login credentials created by a third-party contractor's application;

4930	(b) apply to the providing of Internet service; or
4931	(c) impose a duty on a provider of an interactive computer service, as defined in 47
4932	U.S.C. Sec. 230, to review or enforce compliance with this section.
4933	(8) A provision of this section that relates to a student's student data does not apply to a
4934	third-party contractor if the third-party contractor obtains authorization from the following
4935	individual, in writing, to waive that provision:
4936	(a) the student's parent, if the student is not an adult student; or
4937	(b) the student, if the student is an adult student.
4938	Section 147. Section 53E-9-310 is amended to read:
4939	53E-9-310. Penalties.
4940	(1) (a) A third-party contractor that knowingly or recklessly permits unauthorized
4941	collecting, sharing, or use of student data under this part:
4942	(i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), may not enter into a future contract with an
4943	education entity;
4944	(ii) may be required by the state board to pay a civil penalty of up to \$25,000; and
4945	(iii) may be required to pay:
4946	(A) the education entity's cost of notifying parents and students of the unauthorized
4947	sharing or use of student data; and
4948	(B) expenses incurred by the education entity as a result of the unauthorized sharing or
4949	use of student data.
4950	(b) An education entity may enter into a contract with a third-party contractor that
4951	knowingly or recklessly permitted unauthorized collecting, sharing, or use of student data if:
4952	(i) the state board or education entity determines that the third-party contractor has
4953	corrected the errors that caused the unauthorized collecting, sharing, or use of student data; and
4954	(ii) the third-party contractor demonstrates:
4955	(A) if the third-party contractor is under contract with an education entity, current
4956	compliance with this part; or
4957	(B) an ability to comply with the requirements of this part.

4958	(c) The <u>state</u> board may assess the civil penalty described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii) in
4959	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
4960	(d) The state board may bring an action in the district court of the county in which the
4961	office of the state board is located, if necessary, to enforce payment of the civil penalty
4962	described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii).
4963	(e) An individual who knowingly or intentionally permits unauthorized collecting,
4964	sharing, or use of student data may be found guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
4965	(2) (a) A parent or adult student may bring an action in a court of competent
4966	jurisdiction for damages caused by a knowing or reckless violation of Section 53E-9-309 by a
4967	third-party contractor.
4968	(b) If the court finds that a third-party contractor has violated Section 53E-9-309, the
4969	court may award to the parent or student:
4970	(i) damages; and
4971	(ii) costs.
4972	Section 148. Section 53E-10-202 is amended to read:
4973	53E-10-202. State board to supervise.
4974	(1) The general control and supervision, but not the direct management, of adult
4975	education is vested in the [State Board of Education] state board.
4976	(2) The <u>state</u> board has the following powers:
4977	(a) makes and enforces rules to organize, conduct, and supervise adult education;
4978	(b) appoints state staff for the adult education program, establishes their duties, and
4979	fixes their compensation;
4980	(c) determines the qualifications of, and issues teaching certificates to, persons
4981	employed to give adult education instruction; and
4982	(d) determines the basis of apportionment and distributes funds made available for
4983	adult education.
4984	(3) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board shall make rules providing for the
4985	establishment of fees which shall be imposed by local school boards for participation in adult

**Enrolled Copy** H.B. 27 4986 education programs. 4987 (b) A fee structure for adult education shall take into account the ability of a Utah 4988 resident who participates in adult education to pay the fees. 4989 (c) Sections 53G-7-504 and 53G-7-505 pertaining to fees and fee waivers in secondary 4990 schools do not apply to adult education. 4991 Section 149. Section 53E-10-203 is amended to read: 4992 53E-10-203. Director of adult education. 4993 (1) Upon recommendation of the state superintendent, the [State Board of Education] 4994 state board may appoint a full-time director for adult education to work under the supervision 4995 of the state board. 4996 (2) The director may coordinate the adult education program authorized under Sections 4997 53E-10-202 through 53E-10-206 with other adult education programs. 4998 Section 150. Section 53E-10-206 is amended to read: 4999 53E-10-206. Salaries -- Costs. 5000 (1) Salaries and other necessary expenses of the state adult education staff shall be paid 5001 from funds appropriated for adult education. 5002 (2) The [State Board of Education] state board shall determine the terms and 5003 conditions of payment. 5004 (3) A local school board shall pay all costs incident to the local administration and 5005 operation of its adult education program. 5006 (4) The local school board shall submit reports required by the [State Board of 5007 Education | state board for the administration of adult education. 5008 Section 151. Section **53E-10-302** is amended to read: 5009 53E-10-302. Concurrent enrollment program. 5010 (1) The [State Board of Education] state board and the State Board of Regents shall

establish and maintain a concurrent enrollment program that:

eligible student to earn credit concurrently:

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(a) provides an eligible student the opportunity to enroll in a course that allows the

5014	(i) toward high school graduation; and
5015	(ii) at an institution of higher education;
5016	(b) includes only a course that:
5017	(i) leads to a degree or certificate offered by an institution of higher education; and
5018	(ii) is one of the following:
5019	(A) a general education course;
5020	(B) a career and technical education course;
5021	(C) a pre-major college level course; or
5022	(D) a foreign language concurrent enrollment course described in Section 53E-10-307;
5023	(c) requires that the instructor of a concurrent enrollment course is an eligible
5024	instructor; and
5025	(d) is designed and implemented to take full advantage of the most current available
5026	education technology.
5027	(2) The [State Board of Education] state board and the State Board of Regents shall
5028	coordinate to:
5029	(a) establish a concurrent enrollment course approval process that ensures:
5030	(i) credit awarded for concurrent enrollment is consistent and transferable to all
5031	institutions of higher education; and
5032	(ii) learning outcomes for a concurrent enrollment course align with:
5033	(A) core standards for Utah public schools adopted by the [State Board of Education]
5034	state board; and
5035	(B) except for a foreign language concurrent enrollment course described in Section
5036	53E-10-307, an institution of higher education lower division course numbered at or above the
5037	1000 level; and
5038	(b) provide advising to an eligible student, including information on:
5039	(i) general education requirements at institutions of higher education; and
5040	(ii) how to choose concurrent enrollment courses to avoid duplication or excess credit
5041	hours

5042	(3) After consultation with institution of higher education concurrent enrollment
5043	directors, the State Board of Regents shall:
5044	(a) provide guidelines to an institution of higher education for establishing qualifying
5045	academic criteria for an eligible student to enroll in a concurrent enrollment course; and
5046	(b) on or before January 1, 2019, establish a policy that:
5047	(i) describes the qualifications for an LEA employee to be an eligible instructor; and
5048	(ii) ensures that the qualifications described in Subsection (3)(b)(i):
5049	(A) maximize concurrent enrollment opportunities for eligible students while
5050	maintaining quality; and
5051	(B) allow for an individual who teaches a concurrent enrollment course in the 2017-18
5052	or 2018-19 school year to continue to teach the concurrent enrollment course in subsequent
5053	years.
5054	(4) To qualify for funds under Section 53F-2-409, an LEA and an institution of higher
5055	education shall:
5056	(a) enter into a contract, in accordance with Section 53E-10-303, to provide one or
5057	more concurrent enrollment courses that are approved under the course approval process
5058	described in Subsection (2);
5059	(b) ensure that an instructor who teaches a concurrent enrollment course is an eligible
5060	instructor;
5061	(c) establish qualifying academic criteria for an eligible student to enroll in a
5062	concurrent enrollment course, in accordance with the guidelines described in Subsection (3)(a);
5063	(d) ensure that a student who enrolls in a concurrent enrollment course is an eligible
5064	student; and
5065	(e) coordinate advising to eligible students.
5066	(5) (a) An institution of higher education faculty member is an eligible instructor.
5067	(b) An LEA employee is an eligible instructor if the LEA employee:
5068	(i) is licensed under Chapter 6, Education Professional Licensure;
5069	(ii) is supervised by an institution of higher education; and

5070	(iii) (A) meets the qualifications described in the policy established under Subsection
5071	(3)(b); or
5072	(B) has an upper level mathematics credential issued by the [State Board of Education]
5073	state board.
5074	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(b)(iii), an LEA employee is an eligible instructor
5075	if:
5076	(i) the State Board of Regents has not established the policy described in Subsection
5077	(3)(b); and
5078	(ii) the LEA employee:
5079	(A) meets the requirements described in Subsections (5)(b)(i) and (ii); and
5080	(B) is approved as adjunct faculty by an institution of higher education.
5081	(6) An LEA and an institution of higher education may qualify a grade 9 or grade 10
5082	student to enroll in a current enrollment course by exception, including a student who
5083	otherwise qualifies to take a foreign language concurrent enrollment course described in
5084	Section 53E-10-307.
5085	(7) An institution of higher education shall accept credits earned by a student who
5086	completes a concurrent enrollment course on the same basis as credits earned by a full-time or
5087	part-time student enrolled at the institution of higher education.
5088	Section 152. Section 53E-10-304 is amended to read:
5089	53E-10-304. Concurrent enrollment participation form Parental permission.
5090	(1) The State Board of Regents shall create a higher education concurrent enrollment
5091	participation form that includes a parental permission form.
5092	(2) Before allowing an eligible student to participate in concurrent enrollment, an LEA
5093	and an institution of higher education shall ensure that the eligible student has, for the current
5094	school year:
5095	(a) submitted the participation form described in Subsection (1);
5096	(b) signed an acknowledgment of program participation requirements; and
5097	(c) obtained parental permission as indicated by the signature of a student's parent [or

5098	legal guardian on the parental permission form.
5099	Section 153. Section 53E-10-308 is amended to read:
5100	53E-10-308. Reporting.
5101	The [State Board of Education] state board and the State Board of Regents shall submit
5102	an annual written report to the Higher Education Appropriations Subcommittee and the Public
5103	Education Appropriations Subcommittee on student participation in the concurrent enrollment
5104	program, including:
5105	(1) data on the higher education tuition not charged due to the hours of higher
5106	education credit granted through concurrent enrollment;
5107	(2) tuition or fees charged under Section 53E-10-305;
5108	(3) an accounting of the money appropriated for concurrent enrollment; and
5109	(4) a justification of the distribution method described in Subsections 53F-2-409(3)(d)
5110	and (e).
5111	Section 154. Section 53E-10-401 is amended to read:
5112	53E-10-401. Definitions.
5113	As used in this part:
5114	(1) "Commission" means the American Indian-Alaskan Native Education Commission
5115	created in Section 53E-10-403.
5116	(2) "Liaison" means the individual appointed under Section 53E-10-402.
5117	(3) "Native American Legislative Liaison Committee" means the committee created in
5118	Section 36-22-1.
5119	(4) "State plan" means the state plan adopted under Section 53E-10-405.
5120	[(5) "Superintendent" means the superintendent of public instruction appointed under
5121	<del>Section 53E-3-301.</del> ]
5122	Section 155. Section 53E-10-402 is amended to read:
5123	53E-10-402. American Indian-Alaskan Native Public Education Liaison.
5124	(1) Subject to budget constraints, the state superintendent shall appoint an individual as
5125	the American Indian-Alaskan Native Public Education Liaison.

5126	(2) The liaison shall work under the direction of the state superintendent in the
5127	development and implementation of the state plan.
5128	(3) The liaison shall annually report to the Native American Legislative Liaison
5129	Committee about:
5130	(a) the liaison's activities; and
5131	(b) the activities related to the education of American Indians and Alaskan Natives in
5132	the state's public school system and efforts to close the achievement gap.
5133	Section 156. Section 53E-10-403 is amended to read:
5134	53E-10-403. Commission created.
5135	(1) There is created a commission known as the "American Indian-Alaskan Native
5136	Education Commission." The commission shall consist of 16 members as follows:
5137	(a) the state superintendent;
5138	(b) the liaison;
5139	(c) two individuals appointed by the [State Board of Education] state board that are
5140	coordinators funded in whole or in part under Title VII, Elementary and Secondary Education
5141	Act;
5142	(d) three members of the Native American Legislative Liaison Committee appointed by
5143	the chairs of the Native American Legislative Liaison Committee;
5144	(e) a representative of the Navajo Nation who resides in Utah selected by the Navajo
5145	Utah Commission;
5146	(f) a representative of the Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah and Ouray Reservation who
5147	resides in Utah selected by the Uintah and Ouray Tribal Business Committee;
5148	(g) a representative of the Paiute Indian Tribe of Utah who resides in Utah selected by
5149	the Paiute Indian Tribe of Utah Tribal Council;
5150	(h) a representative of the Northwestern Band of the Shoshone Nation who resides in
5151	Utah selected by the Northwestern Band of the Shoshone Nation Tribal Council;
5152	(i) a representative of the Confederated Tribes of the Goshute who resides in Utah
5153	selected by the Confederated Tribes of the Goshute Reservation Tribal Council;

5154	(j) a representative of the Skull Valley Band of Goshute Indians who resides in Utah
5155	selected by the Skull Valley Band of Goshute Indian Tribal Executive Committee;
5156	(k) a representative of the Ute Mountain Ute Tribe who resides in Utah selected by the
5157	Ute Mountain Ute Tribal Council;
5158	(l) a representative of the San Juan Southern Paiute Tribe who resides in Utah selected
5159	by the San Juan Southern Paiute Tribal Council; and
5160	(m) an appointee from the governor.
5161	(2) Unless otherwise determined by the [State Board of Education] state board, the
5162	state superintendent shall chair the commission.
5163	(3) (a) The <u>state</u> superintendent shall call meetings of the commission.
5164	(b) Eight members of the commission constitute a quorum of the commission.
5165	(c) The action of a majority of the commission at a meeting when a quorum is present
5166	constitutes action of the commission.
5167	(4) If a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
5168	appointed in the same manner of the original appointment for the vacant position.
5169	(5) The commission may adopt procedures or requirements for:
5170	(a) voting, when there is a tie of the commission members; and
5171	(b) the frequency of meetings.
5172	(6) (a) A member of the commission may not receive compensation or benefits for the
5173	member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
5174	(i) Section 63A-3-106;
5175	(ii) Section 63A-3-107; and
5176	(iii) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
5177	63A-3-107.
5178	(b) Compensation and expenses of a participant who is a legislator are governed by
5179	Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Legislative Compensation and Expenses.
5180	(7) The staff of the [State Board of Education] state board shall staff the commission.

(8) The commission shall be dissolved on December 31, 2015.

5182	Section 157. Section 53E-10-405 is amended to read:
5183	53E-10-405. Adoption of state plan.
5184	(1) After receipt of the proposed state plan from the commission in accordance with
5185	Section 53E-10-404, the Native American Legislative Liaison Committee may review the
5186	proposed state plan and make changes to the proposed state plan that the Native American
5187	Legislative Liaison Committee considers beneficial to addressing the educational achievement
5188	gap of the state's American Indian and Alaskan Native students.
5189	(2) (a) The Native American Legislative Liaison Committee shall submit the proposed
5190	state plan as modified by the Native American Legislative Liaison Committee to the Utah
5191	[State Board of Education] state board.
5192	(b) The Utah [State Board of Education] state board shall, by majority vote, within 60
5193	days after receipt of the state plan under Subsection (2)(a), adopt, modify, or reject the state
5194	plan. If the Utah [State Board of Education] state board does not act within 60 days after
5195	receipt of the state plan, the state plan is considered adopted by the Utah [State Board of
5196	Education] state board.
5197	(3) The Native American Legislative Liaison Committee may prepare legislation to
5198	implement the state plan adopted under this section.
5199	Section 158. Section 53E-10-406 is amended to read:
5200	53E-10-406. Changes to state plan.
5201	(1) The Native American Legislative Liaison Committee may recommend to the [Utah
5202	State Board of Education] state board changes to the state plan adopted under Section
5203	53E-10-405 to ensure that the state plan continues to meet the academic needs of the state's
5204	American Indian and Alaskan Native students.
5205	(2) The Native American Legislative Liaison Committee may recommend to the <u>state</u>
5206	superintendent that the commission be reconstituted for an 18-month period if the Native
5207	American Legislative Liaison Committee determines that a substantial review of the state plan
5208	is necessary. If reconstituted under this Subsection (2), the commission shall comply with the

requirements of Sections 53E-10-402 through 53E-10-404.

5210	Section 159. Section <b>53E-10-503</b> is amended to read:
5211	53E-10-503. School Safety and Crisis Line Commission established Members.
5212	(1) There is created the School Safety and Crisis Line Commission composed of the
5213	following members:
5214	(a) one member who represents the Office of the Attorney General, appointed by the
5215	attorney general;
5216	(b) one member who represents the Utah Public Education System, appointed by the
5217	[State Board of Education] state board;
5218	(c) one member who represents the Utah System of Higher Education, appointed by the
5219	State Board of Regents;
5220	(d) one member who represents the Utah Department of Health, appointed by the
5221	executive director of the Department of Health;
5222	(e) one member of the House of Representatives, appointed by the speaker of the
5223	House of Representatives;
5224	(f) one member of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate;
5225	(g) one member who represents the University Neuropsychiatric Institute, appointed by
5226	the chair of the commission;
5227	(h) one member who represents law enforcement who has extensive experience in
5228	emergency response, appointed by the chair of the commission;
5229	(i) one member who represents the Utah Department of Human Services who has
5230	experience in youth services or treatment services, appointed by the executive director of the
5231	Department of Human Services; and
5232	(j) two members of the public, appointed by the chair of the commission.
5233	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), members of the commission shall be
5234	appointed to four-year terms.
5235	(b) The length of the terms of the members shall be staggered so that approximately
5236	half of the committee is appointed every two years.
5237	(c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership of the commission, the replacement

5238	shall be appointed for the unexpired term.
5239	(3) (a) The attorney general's designee shall serve as chair of the commission.
5240	(b) The chair shall set the agenda for commission meetings.
5241	(4) Attendance of a simple majority of the members constitutes a quorum for the
5242	transaction of official commission business.
5243	(5) Formal action by the commission requires a majority vote of a quorum.
5244	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a member may not receive
5245	compensation, benefits, per diem, or travel expenses for the member's service.
5246	(b) Compensation and expenses of a member who is a legislator are governed by
5247	Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Legislative Compensation and Expenses.
5248	(7) The Office of the Attorney General shall provide staff support to the commission.
5249	Section 160. Section <b>53E-10-504</b> is amended to read:
5250	53E-10-504. School Safety and Crisis Line Commission duties.
5251	The commission shall coordinate:
5252	(1) statewide efforts related to the School Safety and Crisis Line; and
5253	(2) with the [State Board of Education] state board and the State Board of Regents to
5254	promote awareness of the services available through the School Safety and Crisis Line.
5255	Section 161. Section <b>53E-10-505</b> is amended to read:
5256	53E-10-505. State board and local boards of education to update policies and
5257	promote awareness.
5258	(1) The [State Board of Education] state board shall:
5259	(a) revise the conduct and discipline policy models, described in Section 53G-8-202, to
5260	include procedures for responding to reports received under Subsection 53E-10-502(3); and
5261	(b) revise the curriculum developed by the [State Board of Education] state board for
5262	the parent seminar, described in Section 53G-9-703, to include information about the School
5263	Safety and Crisis Line.
5264	(2) A local school board or charter school governing board shall:
5265	(a) revise the conduct and discipline policies, described in Section 53G-8-203, to

5266	include procedures for responding to reports received under Subsection 53E-10-502(3); and
5267	(b) inform students, parents, and school personnel about the School Safety and Crisis
5268	Line.
5269	Section 162. Section <b>53E-10-601</b> is amended to read:
5270	53E-10-601. Definitions.
5271	As used in this part:
5272	[(1) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
5273	[(2)] (1) "Electronic High School" means a rigorous program offering grade 9 - 12
5274	level online courses and coordinated by the state board.
5275	[(3)] (2) "Home-schooled student" means a student:
5276	(a) attends a home school;
5277	(b) is exempt from school attendance pursuant to Section 53G-6-204; and
5278	(c) attends no more than two regularly scheduled classes or courses in a public school
5279	per semester.
5280	[ <del>(4)</del> ] <u>(3)</u> "Open-entry, open-exit" means:
5281	(a) a method of instructional delivery that allows for flexible scheduling in response to
5282	individual student needs or requirements and demonstrated competency when knowledge and
5283	skills have been mastered; and
5284	(b) students have the flexibility to begin or end study at any time, progress through
5285	course material at their own pace, and demonstrate competency when knowledge and skills
5286	have been mastered.
5287	Section 163. Section <b>53E-10-603</b> is amended to read:
5288	53E-10-603. Courses and credit.
5289	(1) The Electronic High School may only offer courses required for high school
5290	graduation or that fulfill course requirements established by the [State Board of Education]
5291	state board.
5292	(2) The Electronic High School shall:
5203	(a) offer courses in an open entry open exit format; and

5294	(b) offer courses that are in conformance with the core standards for Utah public
5295	schools established by the <u>state</u> board.
5296	(3) Public schools shall:
5297	(a) accept all credits awarded to students by the Electronic High School; and
5298	(b) apply credits awarded for a course described in Subsection (2)(b) toward the
5299	fulfillment of course requirements.
5300	Section 164. Section <b>53E-10-606</b> is amended to read:
5301	53E-10-606. Payment for an Electronic High School course.
5302	(1) Electronic High School courses are provided to students who are Utah residents, as
5303	defined in Section 53G-6-302, free of charge.
5304	(2) Nonresident students may enroll in Electronic High School courses for a fee set by
5305	the state board, provided that the course can accommodate additional students.
5306	Section 165. Section 53E-10-607 is amended to read:
5307	53E-10-607. Electronic High School diploma.
5308	The Electronic High School may award a diploma to a student that meets any of the
5309	following criteria upon the student's completion of high school graduation requirements set by
5310	the state board:
5311	(1) a home-schooled student;
5312	(2) a student who has dropped out of school and whose original high school class has
5313	graduated; or
5314	(3) a student who is identified by the student's resident school district as ineligible for
5315	graduation from a traditional high school program for specific reasons.
5316	Section 166. Section <b>53E-10-609</b> is amended to read:
5317	53E-10-609. State contribution for the Electronic High School.
5318	Money appropriated to the [State Board of Education] state board for the Electronic
5319	High School shall be distributed to the school according to rules established by the state board
5320	[in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act].
5321	Section 167 Section 53F-10-701 is amended to read:

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5322	53E-10-701. Definitions.
5323	As used in this part:
5324	[(1) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
5325	[(2)] (1) "Director" means the director of ULEAD appointed under this part.
5326	[(3)] (2) "Director Selection Committee" or "selection committee" means the
5327	committee created in Section [53E-10-703] 53E-10-704 that appoints the director.
5328	[(4)] (3) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means a public:
5329	(a) school district;
5330	(b) school; or
5331	(c) charter school.
5332	[(5)] (4) "Participating institution" means a public or private research institution that
5333	enters into an arrangement with the director to provide research and other services described in
5334	this part.
5335	[(6)] (5) "Research clearinghouse" means a collection of information maintained and
5336	distributed by ULEAD in accordance with Section [53E-10-705] 53E-10-706.
5337	[(7)] (6) "Steering committee" means the committee that advises the director and is
5338	created in Section [ <del>53E-10-706</del> ] <u>53E-10-707</u> .
5339	[(8)] (7) "ULEAD" means Utah Leading through Effective, Actionable, and Dynamic
5340	Education through the efforts of the director, participating institutions, and the steering
5341	committee as described in this part.
5342	Section 168. Section 53E-10-703 is amended to read:
5343	53E-10-703. ULEAD director Qualification and employment Duties
5344	Reporting Annual conference.

(1) The ULEAD director shall:

(b) (i) be a full-time employee; and

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education; and

(a) (i) hold a doctorate degree in education or an equivalent degree; and

(ii) have demonstrated experience in research and dissemination of best practices in

5350	(ii) report to the state superintendent [of public instruction].
5351	(2) The state superintendent shall:
5352	(a) evaluate the director's performance annually;
5353	(b) report on the director's performance to the selection committee; and
5354	(c) provide space for the director and the director's staff.
5355	(3) The director may hire staff, using only money specifically appropriated to ULEAD.
5356	(4) The director shall perform the following duties and functions:
5357	(a) gather current research on innovative and effective practices in K-12 education for
5358	use by policymakers and practitioners;
5359	(b) facilitate collaboration between LEAs, higher education researchers, and
5360	practitioners by:
5361	(i) sharing innovative and effective practices shown to improve student learning;
5362	(ii) identifying experts in specific areas of practice; and
5363	(iii) maintaining a research clearinghouse and directory of researchers; and
5364	(c) analyze barriers to replication or adaption of innovative and successful practices
5365	studied by ULEAD or contributed to the ULEAD research clearinghouse.
5366	(5) The director shall:
5367	(a) prioritize reports and other research based on recommendations of the steering
5368	committee in accordance with Subsection 53E-10-707(5), and after consulting with individuals
5369	described in Subsection 53E-10-707(6);
5370	(b) identify Utah LEAs, or schools outside the public school system, that are:
5371	(i) innovative in specific areas of practice; and
5372	(ii) more effective or efficient than comparable LEAs in improving student learning;
5373	(c) establish criteria for innovative practice reports to be performed by participating
5374	institutions and included in the research clearinghouse, including report templates;
5375	(d) arrange with participating institutions to generate innovative practice reports on
5376	effective and innovative K-12 education practices; and
5377	(e) (i) disseminate each innovative practice report to LEAs; and

53/8	(11) publish innovative practice reports on the ULEAD website.
5379	(6) In an innovative practice report, a participating institution shall:
5380	(a) include or reference a review of research regarding the practice in which the subject
5381	LEA has demonstrated success;
5382	(b) identify through academically acceptable, evidence-based research methods the
5383	causes of the LEA's successful practice;
5384	(c) identify opportunities for LEAs to adopt or customize innovative or best practices;
5385	(d) address limitations to successful replication or adaptation of the successful practice
5386	by other LEAs, which may include barriers arising from federal or state law, state or LEA
5387	policy, socioeconomic conditions, or funding limitations;
5388	(e) include practical templates for successful replication and adaptation of successful
5389	practices, following criteria established by the director;
5390	(f) identify experts in the successful practice that is the subject of the innovative
5391	practice report, including teachers or administrators at the subject LEA; and
5392	(g) include:
5393	(i) an executive summary describing the innovative practice report; and
5394	(ii) a video component or other elements designed to ensure that an innovative practice
5395	report is readily understandable by practitioners.
5396	(7) The director may, if requested by an LEA leader or policymaker, conduct an
5397	evidence-based review of a possible innovation in an area of practice.
5398	(8) The director may also accept innovative practice reports from trained practitioners
5399	that meet the criteria set by the director.
5400	(9) The director or a participating institution, to enable successful replication or
5401	adaption of successful practices, may recommend to:
5402	(a) the Legislature, amendments to state law; or
5403	(b) the <u>state</u> board, revisions to <u>state</u> board rule or policy.
5404	(10) The director shall:
5405	(a) report on the activities of LILEAD annually to the state board; and

5406	(b) provide reports or other information to the <u>state</u> board upon <u>state</u> board request.
5407	(11) The director shall:
5408	(a) prepare an annual report on ULEAD research and other activities;
5409	(b) on or before September 30, submit the annual report:
5410	(i) to the Education Interim Committee and the Public Education Appropriations
5411	Subcommittee; and
5412	(ii) in accordance with Section 68-3-14;
5413	(c) publish the annual report on the ULEAD website; and
5414	(d) disseminate the report to LEAs through electronic channels.
5415	(12) The director shall facilitate and conduct an annual conference on successful and
5416	innovative K-12 education practices, featuring:
5417	(a) Utah education leaders; and
5418	(b) practitioners and researchers, chosen by the director, to discuss the subjects of LEA
5419	and other ULEAD activities, or other innovative and successful education practices.
5420	Section 169. Section <b>53E-10-704</b> is amended to read:
5421	53E-10-704. Director Selection Committee Membership Powers and duties
5422	Compensation.
5423	(1) There is created the Director Selection Committee to appoint the director.
5424	(2) The selection committee shall consist of the following nine members each
5425	appointed for two-year staggered terms, with the initial terms of the members described in
5426	Subsections (2)(a), (b), and (c) to be three years:
5427	(a) one member of the office of the governor, who is the chair of the selection
5428	committee and appointed by the governor;
5429	(b) one member of the House of Representatives, appointed by the speaker of the
5430	House of Representatives;
5431	(c) one member of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate;
5432	(d) one member of the <u>state</u> board, appointed by the chair of the <u>state</u> board;
5433	(e) one member of the Board of Regents, appointed by the chair of the Board of

5434	Regents;
5435	(f) one member appointed by the state superintendent [of public instruction];
5436	(g) one member of the State Charter School Board, appointed by the chair of the State
5437	Charter School Board;
5438	(h) one member of the Utah School Boards Association recognized in Section
5439	53G-4-502, appointed by the association executive director; and
5440	(i) one member of a state association that represents school superintendents, appointed
5441	by the association executive director.
5442	(3) (a) A member of the selection committee may be appointed for more than one term
5443	(b) If a midterm vacancy occurs on the selection committee, the appointing individual,
5444	as described in Subsection (2), for the vacant position shall appoint an individual for the
5445	remainder of the term.
5446	(4) A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of selection
5447	committee business.
5448	(5) (a) The selection committee shall select and appoint a director for a four-year term.
5449	(b) The director may be appointed for more than one term.
5450	(6) (a) In a year in which the director is appointed, the selection committee shall:
5451	(i) solicit applications for the director position to be submitted no later than June 1;
5452	(ii) hold at least two meetings to discuss candidates for the open director position; and
5453	(iii) select and appoint by majority vote a candidate to fill the director position to begin
5454	employment no later than August 1.
5455	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a), if a midterm vacancy in the director position
5456	occurs, the selection committee shall:
5457	(i) no later than 25 business days after the day on which the position is vacated, solicit
5458	applications for the director position;
5459	(ii) hold at least two meetings to discuss candidates for the vacant position; and
5460	(iii) no later than 60 business days after the day on which the position is vacated, select
5461	a candidate to fill the director position for the remainder of the term.

5462	(/) (a) The selection committee:
5463	(i) may remove a director before the completion of the director's term only by a
5464	majority vote of the selection committee; and
5465	(ii) is the only person empowered to remove the director.
5466	(b) The chair shall hold a meeting to consider removing the director upon request of
5467	two or more selection committee members.
5468	(8) A member of the selection committee may not receive compensation except a
5469	member who is a legislator shall receive compensation for travel and other expense
5470	reimbursements in accordance with Section 36-2-2.
5471	(9) The selection committee shall:
5472	(a) establish criteria for evaluation of the ULEAD program, including the degree of
5473	participation by participating institutions and practitioners; and
5474	(b) evaluate the effectiveness of ULEAD every four years for purposes of continuing
5475	the program.
5476	(10) The selection committee shall hold a meeting described in this section in
5477	accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act.
5478	Section 170. Section <b>53E-10-705</b> is amended to read:
5479	53E-10-705. Participating institutions.
5480	(1) The director may arrange or collaborate with a participating institution:
5481	(a) to conduct an innovative practice report or provide other research services,
5482	including research regarding barriers to adoption of practices studied by ULEAD;
5483	(b) to assist an LEA to:
5484	(i) facilitate communities of practice for replication or adaptation of best practices
5485	identified by ULEAD; and
5486	(ii) advise teachers and school leaders on conducting their own research to improve
5487	education practices;
5488	(c) to assist an LEA with an application to the <u>state</u> board for waiver from a <u>state</u> board
5489	rule in accordance with Section 53G-7-202 to allow replication or adaptation of best practices;

5490	or
5491	(d) for any other purpose that is consistent with and advances the director's duties and
5492	functions.
5493	(2) An agreement entered into by a participating institution with the state board or an
5494	LEA to perform ULEAD work shall:
5495	(a) include provisions allowing and governing external research data sharing; and
5496	(b) comply with state and federal law.
5497	(3) The director shall support federal and private research funding requests by a
5498	participating institution for research that is in support of the director's duties and functions.
5499	Section 171. Section <b>53E-10-706</b> is amended to read:
5500	53E-10-706. Electronic resources Research clearinghouse.
5501	(1) The <u>state</u> board shall publish a ULEAD website containing information provided by
5502	the director as described in this part.
5503	(2) The director shall within two years of appointment:
5504	(a) develop and maintain a research clearinghouse publicly available through the
5505	website described in Subsection (1); and
5506	(b) include in the research clearinghouse:
5507	(i) research on K-12 education, including peer-reviewed research;
5508	(ii) information on K-12 education innovation and best practices;
5509	(iii) an index and explanation of academic, state, federal, or other K-12 education
5510	research repositories;
5511	(iv) K-12 education research and policy briefs generated by Utah public and private
5512	institutions of higher education, including participating institutions, categorized and searchable
5513	by topic;
5514	(v) access points to and explanation of currently available K-12 education data,
5515	including data managed by the Utah Data Research Center created in Section 35A-14-201 and
5516	data maintained by the state board;
5517	(vi) other K-12 education information as determined by the director, including

5518	information regarding efforts by institutions or other individuals to promote innovative and
5519	effective education practices in Utah; and
5520	(vii) each innovative practice report prepared by ULEAD, categorized and searchable
5521	by topic, location of the studied LEA, and socioeconomic and demographic profile.
5522	(3) The director shall publish:
5523	(a) an electronic directory of K-12 education experts identified in ULEAD research and
5524	reports; and
5525	(b) a monthly report to LEAs, via electronic channels provided by the state board,
5526	highlighting ULEAD activities and soliciting proposals from education practitioners for
5527	ULEAD research and reports.
5528	(4) The director may provide electronic seminars or forums for professional learning
5529	regarding subjects of ULEAD research and reports to K-12 practitioners.
5530	Section 172. Section <b>53E-10-707</b> is amended to read:
5531	53E-10-707. ULEAD Steering Committee.
5532	(1) (a) There is created the ULEAD Steering Committee.
5533	(b) The director is the chair of the steering committee.
5534	(2) The steering committee shall consist of the following members each appointed for a
5535	term of one year:
5536	(a) the director;
5537	(b) one member appointed by the chair of the state board;
5538	(c) the state superintendent [of public instruction] or the state superintendent's
5539	designee;
5540	(d) the staff director of the State Charter School Board or the director's designee;
5541	(e) one member appointed by the office of the governor;
5542	(f) one member, appointed by the director, who is a superintendent of a school district;
5543	(g) one member, appointed by the director, of a local school board;
5544	(h) two principals or other public school leaders of public schools that are not charter
5545	schools appointed by the director

5546	(i) two principals or other public school leaders of charter schools, appointed by the
5547	director;
5548	(j) two educators who hold a current license under Chapter 6, Education Professional
5549	Licensure, nominated by LEA leaders and appointed by the director; and
5550	(k) two members representing citizens or business, nominated by the members of the
5551	public and appointed by the director.
5552	(3) (a) A member of the steering committee may be appointed for more than one term.
5553	(b) If a midterm vacancy occurs on the steering committee, the appointing individual,
5554	as described in Subsection (2), for the vacant position shall appoint an individual for the
5555	remainder of the term.
5556	(4) (a) The steering committee shall hold a meeting at least semi annually in January
5557	and July or on dates otherwise chosen by the director.
5558	(b) The <u>state</u> board shall provide space for the steering committee to meet.
5559	(5) The steering committee shall:
5560	(a) discuss prospective and current ULEAD projects and findings;
5561	(b) consult with and make recommendations to the director to prioritize ULEAD
5562	reports and areas of focused research;
5563	(c) facilitate connections between the director and Utah's political, business, education
5564	technology, and academic communities; and
5565	(d) make recommendations to improve gathering, retaining, and disseminating
5566	education data and research and evaluation findings for use by participating institutions and
5567	other education policy researchers, including data managed by the Utah Data Research Center
5568	created in Section 35A-14-201.
5569	(6) In order to determine research priorities for ULEAD, the director shall consult with:
5570	(a) members of the Legislature responsible for public education;
5571	(b) members of Utah professional education associations, including principals and
5572	[school boards] LEA governing board members; and
5573	(c) policy-research centers based in Utah.

5574	(7) The <u>state</u> board or state superintendent [of public instruction] may request that the
5575	director arrange with a participating institution to prepare a report on a specific LEA or area of
5576	practice meeting the criteria established in this part.
5577	(8) A member of the steering committee may not receive compensation except a
5578	member who is a legislator shall receive compensation for travel and other expense
5579	reimbursements in accordance with Section 36-2-2.
5580	(9) The steering committee shall hold a meeting described in this section in accordance
5581	with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act.
5582	Section 173. Section <b>53F-2-102</b> is amended to read:
5583	53F-2-102. Definitions.
5584	As used in this chapter:
5585	(1) "Basic state-supported school program," "basic program," or "basic school
5586	program" means public education programs for kindergarten, elementary, and secondary school
5587	students that are operated and maintained for the amount derived by multiplying the number of
5588	weighted pupil units for each school district or charter school by the value established each
5589	year in the enacted public education budget, except as otherwise provided in this chapter.
5590	[(2) "Charter school governing board" means the governing board, as defined in
5591	Section 53G-5-102, that governs a charter school.]
5592	[(3) "Local education] (2) "LEA governing board" means a local school board or
5593	charter school governing board.
5594	[(4) "Local school board" means a board elected under Title 20A, Chapter 14, Part 2,
5595	Election of Members of Local Boards of Education.]
5596	[(5)] (3) "Pupil in average daily membership (ADM)" means a full-day equivalent
5597	pupil.
5598	[(6) (a) "State-supported minimum school program" or]
5599	(4) (a) "Minimum School Program" means the state-supported public school programs
5600	for kindergarten, elementary, and secondary schools as described in this Subsection [ $(6)$ ] $(4)$ .
5601	(b) The Minimum School Program established in school districts and charter schools

shall include the equivalent of a school term of nine months as determined by the [State Board of Education] state board.

- (c) (i) The <u>state</u> board shall establish the number of days or equivalent instructional hours that school is held for an academic school year.
- (ii) Education, enhanced by utilization of technologically enriched delivery systems, when approved by [a local education] an LEA governing board, shall receive full support by the [State Board of Education] state board as it pertains to fulfilling the attendance requirements, excluding time spent viewing commercial advertising.
- (d) (i) [A local education] An LEA governing board may reallocate up to 32 instructional hours or four school days established under Subsection [(6)] (4)(c) for teacher preparation time or teacher professional development.
- (ii) A reallocation of instructional hours or school days under Subsection [(6)] (4)(d)(i) is subject to the approval of two-thirds of the members of [a local education] an LEA governing board voting in a regularly scheduled meeting:
  - (A) at which a quorum of the [local education] LEA governing board is present; and
  - (B) held in compliance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act.
- (iii) If [a local education] an LEA governing board reallocates instructional hours or school days as provided by this Subsection [(6)] (4)(d), the school district or charter school shall notify students' parents [and guardians] of the school calendar at least 90 days before the beginning of the school year.
- (iv) Instructional hours or school days reallocated for teacher preparation time or teacher professional development pursuant to this Subsection [ $\frac{(6)}{(4)}$ ]  $\frac{(4)}{(d)}$  is considered part of a school term referred to in Subsection [ $\frac{(6)}{(4)}$ ]  $\frac{(4)}{(b)}$ .
- (e) The Minimum School Program includes a program or allocation funded by a line item appropriation or other appropriation designated as follows:
  - (i) Basic School Program;

- (ii) Related to Basic Programs;
- 5629 (iii) Voted and Board Levy Programs; or

H.B. 27 **Enrolled Copy** 5630 (iv) Minimum School Program. 5631 [<del>(7)</del>] (5) "Weighted pupil unit or units or WPU or WPUs" means the unit of measure of factors that is computed in accordance with this chapter for the purpose of determining the 5632 5633 costs of a program on a uniform basis for each school district or charter school. 5634 Section 174. Section **53F-2-202** is amended to read: 5635 53F-2-202. Contribution of state to cost of Minimum School Program --Determination of amounts -- Levy on taxable property -- Disbursal -- Deficiency. 5636 The state's contribution to the total cost of the [minimum school program] Minimum 5637 School Program is determined and distributed as follows: 5638 (1) The State Tax Commission shall levy an amount determined by the Legislature on 5639 5640 all taxable property of the state. 5641 (a) This amount, together with other funds provided by law, is the state's contribution to the [minimum school program] Minimum School Program. 5642 5643 (b) The statewide levy is set at zero until changed by the Legislature. (2) During the first week in November, the State Tax Commission shall certify to the 5644 [State Board of Education] state board the amounts designated as state aid for each school 5645 district under Section 59-2-902. 5646 5647 (3) (a) The actual amounts computed under Section 59-2-902 are the state's contribution to the [minimum school program] Minimum School Program of each school 5648 5649 district. (b) The [State Board of Education] state board shall provide each [local education] 5650 LEA governing board with a statement of the amount of state aid. 5651 (4) Before the first day of each month, the state treasurer and the Division of Finance, 5652 5653 with the approval of the [State Board of Education] state board, shall disburse 1/12 of the

(a) The [State Board of Education] state board may not make a disbursement to a school district or charter school whose payments have been interrupted under Subsection

each school district and each charter school.

state's contribution to the cost of the [minimum school program] Minimum School Program to

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5658	(4)(d).

(b) Discrepancies between the monthly disbursements and the actual cost of the program shall be adjusted in the final settlement under Subsection (5).

- (c) If the monthly distributions overdraw the money in the Uniform School Fund, the Division of Finance is authorized to run this fund in a deficit position.
- (d) The [State Board of Education] state board may interrupt disbursements to a school district or charter school if, in the judgment of the [State Board of Education] state board, the school district or charter school is failing to comply with the [minimum school program]

  Minimum School Program, is operating programs that are not approved by the [State Board of Education] state board, or has not submitted reports required by law or the [State Board of Education] state board.
- (i) Disbursements shall be resumed upon request of the [State Board of Education] state board.
- (ii) Back disbursements shall be included in the next regular disbursement, and the amount disbursed certified to the State Division of Finance and state treasurer by the [State Board of Education] state board.
- (e) The [State Board of Education] state board may authorize exceptions to the 1/12 per month disbursement formula for grant funds if the [State Board of Education] state board determines that a different disbursement formula would better serve the purposes of the grant.
- (5) (a) If money in the Uniform School Fund is insufficient to meet the state's contribution to the [minimum school program] Minimum School Program as appropriated, the amount of the deficiency thus created shall be carried as a deficiency in the Uniform School Fund until the next session of the Legislature, at which time the Legislature shall appropriate funds to cover the deficiency.
- (b) If there is an operating deficit in public education Uniform School Fund appropriations, the Legislature shall eliminate the deficit by:
  - (i) budget transfers or other legal means;
- 5685 (ii) appropriating money from the Education Budget Reserve Account;

5686	(iii) appropriating up to 25% of the balance in the General Fund Budget Reserve
5687	Account; or
5688	(iv) some combination of Subsections (5)(b)(i), (ii), and (iii).
5689	(c) Nothing in Subsection (5)(b) precludes the Legislature from appropriating more
5690	than 25% of the balance in the General Fund Budget Reserve Account to fund operating
5691	deficits in public education appropriations.
5692	Section 175. Section 53F-2-203 is amended to read:
5693	53F-2-203. Reduction of LEA governing board allocation based on insufficient
5694	revenues.
5695	(1) As used in this section, "Minimum School Program funds" means the total of state
5696	and local funds appropriated for the Minimum School Program, excluding:
5697	(a) an appropriation for a state guaranteed local levy increment as described in Section
5698	53F-2-601; and
5699	(b) the appropriation to charter schools to replace local property tax revenues pursuant
5700	to Section 53F-2-704.
5701	(2) If the Legislature reduces appropriations made to support public schools under this
5702	chapter because an Education Fund budget deficit, as defined in Section 63J-1-312, exists, the
5703	[State Board of Education] state board, after consultation with each [local education] LEA
5704	governing board, shall allocate the reduction among school districts and charter schools in
5705	proportion to each school district's or charter school's percentage share of Minimum School
5706	Program funds.
5707	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (5) and subject to the requirements of Subsection
5708	(7), [a local education] an LEA governing board shall determine which programs are affected
5709	by a reduction pursuant to Subsection (2) and the amount each program is reduced.
5710	(4) Except as provided in Subsections (5) and (6), the requirement to spend a specified
5711	amount in any particular program is waived if reductions are made pursuant to Subsection (2).
5712	(5) [A local education] An LEA governing board may not reduce or reallocate
5713	spending of funds distributed to the school district or charter school for the following

5714	programs:
5715	(a) educator salary adjustments provided in Section 53F-2-405;
5716	(b) the Teacher Salary Supplement Program provided in Section 53F-2-504;
5717	(c) the extended year for special educators provided in Section 53F-2-310;
5718	(d) USTAR centers provided in Section 53F-2-505;
5719	(e) the School LAND Trust Program described in Sections 53F-2-404 and 53F-7-1206
5720	or
5721	(f) a special education program within the basic school program.
5722	(6) [A local education] An LEA governing board may not reallocate spending of funds
5723	distributed to the school district or charter school to a reserve account.
5724	(7) [A local education] An LEA governing board that reduces or reallocates funds in
5725	accordance with this section shall report all transfers into, or out of, Minimum School Program
5726	programs to the [State Board of Education] state board as part of the school district or charter
5727	school's Annual Financial and Program report.
5728	Section 176. Section 53F-2-204 is amended to read:
5729	53F-2-204. Use of funds for approved programs Assessment of funded
5730	programs.
5731	(1) Funds appropriated under this chapter shall only be used for programs approved by
5732	the [State Board of Education] state board.
5733	(2) The [State Board of Education] state board shall assess the progress and degree of
5734	effectiveness of all programs funded under this chapter.
5735	Section 177. Section 53F-2-205 is amended to read:
5736	53F-2-205. Powers and duties of state board to adjust Minimum School Program
5737	allocations Use of remaining funds at the end of a fiscal year.
5738	(1) As used in this section:
5739	[(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
5740	[(b)] (a) "ESEA" means the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, 20
5741	U.S.C. Sec. 6301 et seq.

5742	[(c)] (b) "Program" means a program or allocation funded by a line item appropriation
5743	or other appropriation designated as:
5744	(i) Basic Program;
5745	(ii) Related to Basic Programs;
5746	(iii) Voted and Board Levy Programs; or
5747	(iv) Minimum School Program.
5748	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3) or (5), if the number of weighted pupil units
5749	in a program is underestimated, the state board shall reduce the value of the weighted pupil unit
5750	in that program so that the total amount paid for the program does not exceed the amount
5751	appropriated for the program.
5752	(3) If the number of weighted pupil units in a program is overestimated, the <u>state</u> board
5753	shall spend excess money appropriated for the following purposes giving priority to the
5754	purpose described in Subsection (3)(a):
5755	(a) to support the value of the weighted pupil unit in a program within the basic
5756	state-supported school program in which the number of weighted pupil units is underestimated;
5757	(b) to support the state guaranteed local levy increments as defined in Section
5758	53F-2-601, if:
5759	(i) local contributions to the voted local levy program or board local levy program are
5760	overestimated; or
5761	(ii) the number of weighted pupil units within school districts qualifying for a
5762	guarantee is underestimated;
5763	(c) to support the state supplement to local property taxes allocated to charter schools,
5764	if the state supplement is less than the amount prescribed by Section 53F-2-704; or
5765	(d) to support a school district with a loss in student enrollment as provided in Section
5766	53F-2-207.
5767	(4) If local contributions from the minimum basic tax rate imposed under Section
5768	53F-2-301 or 53F-2-301.5, as applicable, are overestimated, the state board shall reduce the

value of the weighted pupil unit for all programs within the basic state-supported school

5770 program so the total state contribution to the basic state-supported school program does not 5771 exceed the amount of state funds appropriated.

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- (5) If local contributions from the minimum basic tax rate imposed under Section 53F-2-301 or 53F-2-301.5, as applicable, are underestimated, the <u>state</u> board shall:
- (a) spend the excess local contributions for the purposes specified in Subsection (3), giving priority to supporting the value of the weighted pupil unit in programs within the basic state-supported school program in which the number of weighted pupil units is underestimated; and
- (b) reduce the state contribution to the basic state-supported school program so the total cost of the basic state-supported school program does not exceed the total state and local funds appropriated to the basic state-supported school program plus the local contributions necessary to support the value of the weighted pupil unit in programs within the basic state-supported school program in which the number of weighted pupil units is underestimated.
- (6) Except as provided in Subsection (3) or (5), the <u>state</u> board shall reduce the state guarantee per weighted pupil unit provided under the local levy state guarantee program described in Section 53F-2-601, if:
- (a) local contributions to the voted local levy program or board local levy program are overestimated; or
- (b) the number of weighted pupil units within school districts qualifying for a guarantee is underestimated.
  - (7) Money appropriated to the <u>state</u> board is nonlapsing.
- (8) The <u>state</u> board shall report actions taken by the <u>state</u> board under this section to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and the Governor's Office of Management and Budget.
  - Section 178. Section 53F-2-206 is amended to read:
- 5794 53F-2-206. Flexibility in the use of certain related to basic program funds.
- 5795 (1) As used in this section, "qualifying program" means:
- 5796 (a) the Enhancement for At-Risk Students Program created in Section 53F-2-410;
- (b) the Enhancement for Accelerated Students Program created in Section 53F-2-408;

5798	and
5799	(c) the concurrent enrollment program established in Section 53E-10-302.
5800	(2) If a school district or charter school receives an allocation of state funds for a
5801	qualifying program that is less than \$10,000, the [local education] <u>LEA governing</u> board of the
5802	receiving school district or charter school may:
5803	(a) (i) combine the funds with one or more qualifying program fund allocations each of
5804	which is less than \$10,000; and
5805	(ii) use the combined funds in accordance with the program requirements for any of the
5806	qualifying programs that are combined; or
5807	(b) (i) transfer the funds to a qualifying program for which the school district or charter
5808	school received an allocation of funds that is greater than or equal to \$10,000; and
5809	(ii) use the combined funds in accordance with the program requirements for the
5810	qualifying program to which the funds are transferred.
5811	Section 179. Section <b>53F-2-207</b> is amended to read:
5812	53F-2-207. Loss in student enrollment Board action.
5813	To avoid penalizing a school district financially for an excessive loss in student
5814	enrollment due to factors beyond its control, the [State Board of Education] state board may
5815	allow a percentage increase in units otherwise allowable during any year when a school
5816	district's average daily membership drops more than 4% below the average for the highest two
5817	of the preceding three years in the school district.
5818	Section 180. Section 53F-2-302 is amended to read:
5819	53F-2-302. Determination of weighted pupil units.
5820	The number of weighted pupil units in the [minimum school program] Minimum
5821	School Program for each year is the total of the units for each school district and, subject to
5822	Subsection (4), charter school, determined as follows:
5823	(1) The number of units is computed by adding the average daily membership of all

pupils of the school district or charter school attending schools, other than kindergarten and

self-contained classes for children with a disability.

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(2) The number of units is computed by adding the average daily membership of all pupils of the school district or charter school enrolled in kindergarten and multiplying the total by .55.

- (a) In those school districts or charter schools that do not hold kindergarten for a full nine-month term, the local school board or charter school governing board may approve a shorter term of nine weeks' duration.
- (b) Upon [local education] <u>LEA governing</u> board approval, the number of pupils in average daily membership at the short-term kindergarten shall be counted for the purpose of determining the number of units allowed in the same ratio as the number of days the short-term kindergarten is held, not exceeding nine weeks, compared to the total number of days schools are held in that school district or charter school in the regular school year.
- (3) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board shall use prior year plus growth to determine average daily membership in distributing money under the [minimum school program] Minimum School Program where the distribution is based on kindergarten through grade 12 ADMs or weighted pupil units.
- (b) Under prior year plus growth, kindergarten through grade 12 average daily membership for the current year is based on the actual kindergarten through grade 12 average daily membership for the previous year plus an estimated percentage growth factor.
- (c) The growth factor is the percentage increase in total average daily membership on the first school day of October in the current year as compared to the total average daily membership on the first school day of October of the previous year.
- (4) In distributing funds to charter schools under this section, charter school pupils shall be weighted, where applicable, as follows:
  - (a) .55 for kindergarten pupils;
  - (b) .9 for pupils in grades 1 through 6;
  - (c) .99 for pupils in grades 7 through 8; and
- 5852 (d) 1.2 for pupils in grades 9 through 12.

Section 181. Section **53F-2-303** is amended to read:

5854	53F-2-303. Foreign exchange student weighted pupil units.
5855	(1) A school district or charter school may include foreign exchange students in the
5856	district's or school's membership and attendance count for the purpose of apportionment of
5857	state money, except as provided in Subsections (2) through (4).
5858	(2) (a) Notwithstanding Section 53F-2-302, foreign exchange students may not be
5859	included in average daily membership for the purpose of determining the number of weighted
5860	pupil units in the grades 1-12 basic program.
5861	(b) Subject to the limitation in Subsection (3), the number of weighted pupil units in
5862	the grades 1-12 basic program attributed to foreign exchange students shall be equal to the
5863	number of foreign exchange students who were:
5864	(i) enrolled in a school district or charter school on October 1 of the previous fiscal
5865	year; and
5866	(ii) sponsored by an agency approved by the district's local school board or charter
5867	school's governing board.
5868	(3) (a) The total number of foreign exchange students in the state that may be counted
5869	for the purpose of apportioning state money under Subsection (2) shall be the lesser of:
5870	(i) the number of foreign exchange students enrolled in public schools in the state on
5871	October 1 of the previous fiscal year; or
5872	(ii) 328 foreign exchange students.
5873	(b) The [State Board of Education] state board shall make rules [in accordance with
5874	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,] to administer the cap on the
5875	number of foreign exchange students that may be counted for the purpose of apportioning state
5876	money under Subsection (2).
5877	(4) Notwithstanding Section 53F-2-601, weighted pupil units in the grades 1-12 basic
5878	program for foreign exchange students, as determined by Subsections (2) and (3), may not be
5879	included for the purposes of determining a school district's state guarantee money under

Section 182. Section **53F-2-304** is amended to read:

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Section 53F-2-601.

5882	53F-2-304. Necessarily existent small schools Computing additional weighted
5883	pupil units Consolidation of small schools.
5884	(1) As used in this section[: (a) "Board" means the State Board of Education. (b)
5885	"Necessarily], "necessarily existent small schools funding balance" means the difference
5886	between:
5887	[(i)] (a) the amount appropriated for the necessarily existent small schools program in a
5888	fiscal year; and
5889	[(ii)] (b) the amount distributed to school districts for the necessarily existent small
5890	schools program in the same fiscal year.
5891	(2) (a) Upon application by a local school board, the state board shall, in consultation
5892	with the local school board, classify schools in the school district as necessarily existent small
5893	schools, in accordance with this section and <u>state</u> board rules adopted under Subsection (3).
5894	(b) An application must be submitted to the <u>state</u> board before April 2, and the <u>state</u>
5895	board must report a decision to a local school board before June 2.
5896	(3) The <u>state</u> board shall adopt standards and make rules[ <del>, in accordance with Title</del>
5897	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,] to:
5898	(a) govern the approval of necessarily existent small schools consistent with principles
5899	of efficiency and economy that serve the purpose of eliminating schools where consolidation is
5900	feasible by participation in special school units; and
5901	(b) ensure that school districts are not building secondary schools in close proximity to
5902	one another where economy and efficiency would be better served by one school meeting the
5903	needs of secondary students in a designated geographical area.
5904	(4) A one or two-year secondary school that has received necessarily existent small
5905	school money under this section prior to July 1, 2000, may continue to receive such money in
5906	subsequent years.
5907	(5) The state board shall prepare and publish objective standards and guidelines for
5908	determining which small schools are necessarily existent after consultation with local school
5909	boards.

(6) (a) Additional weighted pupil units for schools classified as necessarily existent small schools shall be computed using regression formulas adopted by the <u>state</u> board.

- (b) The regression formulas establish the following maximum sizes for funding under the necessarily existent small school program:
- 5914 (i) an elementary school 160
  5915 (ii) a one or two-year secondary school 300
  5916 (iii) a three-year secondary school 450
  5917 (iv) a four-year secondary school 500

- 5918 (v) a six-year secondary school 600
  - (c) Schools with fewer than 10 students shall receive the same add-on weighted pupil units as schools with 10 students.
  - (d) The <u>state</u> board shall prepare and distribute an allocation table based on the regression formula to each school district.
  - (7) (a) To avoid penalizing a school district financially for consolidating the school district's small schools, additional weighted pupil units may be allowed a school district each year, not to exceed two years.
  - (b) The additional weighted pupil units may not exceed the difference between what the school district receives for a consolidated school and what the school district would have received for the small schools had the small schools not been consolidated.
  - (8) Subject to legislative appropriation, the <u>state</u> board shall give first priority from an appropriation made under this section to funding an expense approved by the <u>state</u> board as described in Subsection 53G-6-305(3)(a).
  - (9) (a) Subject to Subsection (9)(b) and after a distribution made under Subsection (8), the <u>state</u> board may distribute a portion of necessarily existent small schools funding in accordance with a formula adopted by the <u>state</u> board that considers the tax effort of a local school board.
  - (b) The amount distributed in accordance with Subsection (9)(a) may not exceed the necessarily existent small schools fund in balance of the prior fiscal year.

(10) A local school board may use the money allocated under this section for maintenance and operation of school programs or for other school purposes as approved by the state board.

Section 183. Section **53F-2-305** is amended to read:

## 53F-2-305. Professional staff weighted pupil units.

(1) Professional staff weighted pupil units are computed and distributed in accordance with the following schedule:

(a) Professional Staff Cost Formula

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5946					Master's	
	Years of	Bachelor's	Bachelor's	Master's	Degree	
	Experience	Degree	+30 Qt. Hr.	Degree	+45 Qt. Hr.	Doctorate
5947	1	1.00	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20
5948	2	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25
5949	3	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30
5950	4	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35
5951	5	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40
5952	6	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45
5953	7	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50
5954	8	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.55
5955	9			1.50	1.55	1.60
5956	10				1.60	1.65
5957	11					1.70

- (b) Multiply the number of full-time or equivalent professional personnel in each applicable experience category in Subsection (1)(a) by the applicable weighting factor.
- (c) Divide the total of Subsection (1)(b) by the number of professional personnel included in Subsection (1)(b) and reduce the quotient by 1.00.
  - (d) Multiply the result of Subsection (1)(c) by 1/4 of the weighted pupil units computed

in accordance with Sections 53F-2-302 and 53F-2-304.

(2) The [State Board of Education] state board shall enact rules [in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,] that require a certain percentage of a school district's or charter school's professional staff to be certified in the area in which the staff teaches in order for the school district or charter school to receive full funding under the schedule.

(3) If an individual's teaching experience is a factor in negotiating a contract of employment to teach in the state's public schools, then the [local education] LEA governing board is encouraged to accept as credited experience all of the years the individual has taught in the state's public schools.

Section 184. Section 53F-2-306 is amended to read:

## 53F-2-306. Weighted pupil units for small school district administrative costs -- Appropriation for charter school administrative costs.

(1) Administrative costs weighted pupil units are computed for a small school district and distributed to the small school district in accordance with the following schedule:

5978	Administrative Costs Schedule	
5979	School District Enrollment as of October 1	Weighted Pupil Units
5980	1 - 500 students	95
5981	501 - 1,000 students	80
5982	1,001 - 2,000 students	70
5983	2,001 - 5,000 students	60

- (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), money appropriated to the [State Board of Education] state board for charter school administrative costs shall be distributed to charter schools in the amount of \$100 for each charter school student in enrollment.
- (b) (i) If money appropriated for charter school administrative costs is insufficient to provide the amount per student prescribed in Subsection (2)(a), the appropriation shall be allocated among charter schools in proportion to each charter school's enrollment as a

5990 percentage of the total enrollment in charter schools.

- (ii) If the [State Board of Education] state board makes adjustments to Minimum School Program allocations under Section 53F-2-205, the allocation provided in Subsection (2)(b)(i) shall be determined after adjustments are made under Section 53F-2-205.
- (c) Charter school governing boards are encouraged to identify and use cost-effective methods of performing administrative functions, including contracting for administrative services with the State Charter School Board as provided in Section 53G-5-202.
- 5997 (3) Charter schools are not eligible for funds for administrative costs under Subsection 5998 (1).
  - Section 185. Section 53F-2-307 is amended to read:

## 53F-2-307. Weighted pupil units for programs for students with disabilities -- Local school board allocation.

- (1) The number of weighted pupil units for students with disabilities shall reflect the direct cost of programs for those students conducted in accordance with rules established by the [State Board of Education in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act] state board.
- (2) Disability program money allocated to school districts or charter schools is restricted and shall be spent for the education of students with disabilities but may include expenditures for approved programs of services conducted for certified instructional personnel who have students with disabilities in their classes.
- (3) The [State Board of Education] state board shall establish and strictly interpret definitions and provide standards for determining which students have disabilities and shall assist school districts and charter schools in determining the services that should be provided to students with disabilities.
- (4) Each year the [State Board of Education] state board shall evaluate the standards and guidelines that establish the identifying criteria for disability classifications to assure strict compliance with those standards by the school districts and charter schools.
  - (5) (a) Money appropriated to the [State Board of Education] state board for add-on

WPUs for students with disabilities enrolled in regular programs shall be allocated to school districts and charter schools as provided in this Subsection (5).

- (b) The [State Board of Education] state board shall use a school district's or charter school's average number of special education add-on weighted pupil units determined by the previous five year's average daily membership data as a foundation for the special education add-on appropriation.
- (c) A school district's or charter school's special education add-on WPUs for the current year may not be less than the foundation special education add-on WPUs.
- (d) Growth WPUs shall be added to the prior year special education add-on WPUs, and growth WPUs shall be determined as follows:
- (i) The special education student growth factor is calculated by comparing S-3 total special education ADM of two years previous to the current year to the S-3 total special education ADM three years previous to the current year, not to exceed the official October total school district growth factor from the prior year.
- (ii) When calculating and applying the growth factor, a school district's S-3 total special education ADM for a given year is limited to 12.18% of the school district's S-3 total student ADM for the same year.
- (iii) Growth ADMs are calculated by applying the growth factor to the S-3 total special education ADM of two years previous to the current year.
- (iv) Growth ADMs for each school district or each charter school are multiplied by 1.53 weighted pupil units and added to the prior year special education add-on WPU to determine each school district's or each charter school's total allocation.
- (6) If money appropriated under this chapter for programs for students with disabilities does not meet the costs of school districts and charter schools for those programs, each school district and each charter school shall first receive the amount generated for each student with a disability under the basic program.
  - Section 186. Section **53F-2-308** is amended to read:
- 53F-2-308. Preschool special education appropriation -- Extended year program

appropriation -- Appropriation for special education programs in state institutions -- Appropriations for stipends for special educators.

- (1) (a) Money appropriated to the [State Board of Education] state board for the preschool special education program shall be allocated to school districts to provide a free, appropriate public education to preschool students with a disability, ages three through five.
- (b) The money shall be distributed on the basis of the school district's count of preschool children with a disability for December 1 of the previous year, as mandated by federal law.
- (2) Money appropriated for the extended school year program for children with a severe disability shall be limited to students with severe disabilities with education program goals identifying significant regression and recoupment disability as approved by the [State Board of Education] state board.
- (3) (a) Money appropriated for self-contained regular special education programs may not be used to supplement other school programs.
- (b) Money in any of the other restricted line item appropriations may not be reduced more than 2% to be used for purposes other than those specified by the appropriation, unless otherwise provided by law.
- (4) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board shall compute preschool funding by a factor of 1.47 times the current December 1 child count of eligible preschool aged three, four, and five-year-olds times the WPU value, limited to 8% growth over the prior year December 1 count.
- (b) The [State Board of Education] state board shall develop guidelines to implement the funding formula for preschool special education, and establish prevalence limits for distribution of the money.
- (5) Of the money appropriated for Special Education State Programming, the [State Board of Education] state board shall distribute the revenue generated from 909 WPUs to school districts, charter schools, and the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind for stipends to special educators for additional days of work pursuant to the requirements of Section

6074	53F-2-310.
6075	Section 187. Section 53F-2-309 is amended to read:
6076	53F-2-309. Appropriation for intensive special education costs.
6077	[(1) As used in this section:]
6078	[(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
6079	[(b) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means:]
6080	[(i) a school district;]
6081	[(ii) a charter school; or]
6082	[(iii) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.]
6083	[(2)] (1) (a) On or before February 1, 2017, the state board shall[, in accordance with
6084	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,] make rules establishing a
6085	distribution formula to allocate money appropriated to the <u>state</u> board for Special Education
6086	Intensive Services that allocate to an LEA:
6087	(i) 50% of the appropriation based on the highest cost students with disabilities; and
6088	(ii) 50% of the appropriation based on the highest impact to an LEA due to high cost
6089	students with disabilities.
6090	(b) Beginning with the 2017-18 school year, the <u>state</u> board shall allocate money
6091	appropriated to the <u>state</u> board for Special Education Intensive Services in accordance with
6092	rules described in Subsection $[(2)]$ (1)(a).
6093	[(3)] (2) Before initiating the rulemaking process under Subsection $[(2)]$ (1)(a), the
6094	state board shall present the proposed rule to the Public Education Appropriations
6095	Subcommittee or Education Interim Committee.
6096	Section 188. Section 53F-2-310 is amended to read:
6097	53F-2-310. Stipends for special educators for additional days of work.
6098	(1) As used in this section:
6099	[(a) "IEP" means an individualized education program developed pursuant to the
6100	Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, as amended.]

[(b)] (a) "Special education teacher" means a teacher whose primary assignment is the

6102	instruction of students with disabilities who are eligible for special education services.
6103	[(e)] (b) "Special educator" means a person employed by a school district, charter
6104	school, or the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind who holds:
6105	(i) a license issued by the [State Board of Education] state board; and
6106	(ii) a position as a:
6107	(A) special education teacher;
6108	(B) speech-language pathologist; or
6109	(C) teacher of the deaf or hard of hearing;
6110	(2) The Legislature shall annually appropriate money for stipends to special educators
6111	for additional days of work:
6112	(a) in recognition of the added duties and responsibilities assumed by special educators
6113	to comply with federal law regulating the education of students with disabilities and the need to
6114	attract and retain qualified special educators; and
6115	(b) subject to future budget constraints.
6116	(3) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board shall distribute money appropriated
6117	under this section to school districts, charter schools, and the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the
6118	Blind for stipends for special educators in the amount of \$200 per day for up to 10 additional
6119	working days.
6120	(b) Money distributed under this section shall include, in addition to the \$200 per day
6121	stipend, money for the following employer-paid benefits:
6122	(i) retirement;
6123	(ii) workers' compensation;
6124	(iii) Social Security; and
6125	(iv) Medicare.
6126	(4) A special educator receiving a stipend shall:
6127	(a) work an additional day beyond the number of days contracted with the special
6128	educator's school district or school for each daily stipend;
6129	(b) schedule the additional days of work before or after the school year: and

6130	(c) use the additional days of work to perform duties related to the IEP process,
6131	including:
6132	(i) administering student assessments;
6133	(ii) conducting IEP meetings;
6134	(iii) writing IEPs;
6135	(iv) conferring with parents; and
6136	(v) maintaining records and preparing reports.
6137	(5) A special educator may:
6138	(a) elect to receive a stipend for one to 10 days of additional work; or
6139	(b) elect to not receive a stipend.
6140	(6) A person who does not hold a full-time position as a special educator is eligible for
6141	a partial stipend equal to the percentage of a full-time special educator position the person
6142	assumes.
6143	Section 189. Section 53F-2-311 is amended to read:
6144	53F-2-311. Weighted pupil units for career and technical education programs
6145	Funding of approved programs Performance measures Qualifying criteria.
6146	(1) (a) Money appropriated to the [State Board of Education] state board for approved
6147	career and technical education programs and the comprehensive guidance program:
6148	(i) shall be allocated to eligible recipients as provided in Subsections (2), (3), and (4);
6149	and
6150	(ii) may not be used to fund programs below grade 9.
6151	(b) Subsection (1)(a)(ii) does not apply to the following programs:
6152	(i) comprehensive guidance;
6153	(ii) Technology-Life-Careers; and
6154	(iii) work-based learning programs.
6155	(2) (a) Weighted pupil units are computed for pupils in approved programs.
6156	(b) (i) The [State Board of Education] state board shall fund approved programs based
6157	upon hours of membership of grades 9 through 12 students.

(ii) Subsection (2)(b)(i) does not apply to the following programs:

(A) comprehensive guidance;

- (B) Technology-Life-Careers; and
- (C) work-based learning programs.
- (c) The [State Board of Education] state board shall use an amount not to exceed 20% of the total appropriation under this section to fund approved programs based on performance measures such as placement and competency attainment defined in standards set by the [State Board of Education] state board.
- (d) Leadership organization funds shall constitute an amount not to exceed 1% of the total appropriation under this section, and shall be distributed to each school district or each charter school sponsoring career and technical education student leadership organizations based on the agency's share of the state's total membership in those organizations.
- (e) The [State Board of Education] state board shall make the necessary calculations for distribution of the appropriation to a school district and charter school and may revise and recommend changes necessary for achieving equity and ease of administration.
- (3) (a) Twenty weighted pupil units shall be computed for career and technical education administrative costs for each school district, except 25 weighted pupil units may be computed for each school district that consolidates career and technical education administrative services with one or more other school districts.
- (b) Between 10 and 25 weighted pupil units shall be computed for each high school conducting approved career and technical education programs in a school district according to standards established by the [State Board of Education] state board.
- (c) Forty weighted pupil units shall be computed for each school district that operates an approved career and technical education center.
- (d) Between five and seven weighted pupil units shall be computed for each summer career and technical education agriculture program according to standards established by the [State Board of Education] state board.
  - (e) The [State Board of Education] state board shall, by rule, establish qualifying

criteria for a school district or charter school to receive weighted pupil units under this
Subsection (3).

(4) (a) Money remaining after the allocations made under Subsections (2) and (

- (4) (a) Money remaining after the allocations made under Subsections (2) and (3) shall be allocated using average daily membership in approved programs for the previous year.
- (b) A school district or charter school that has experienced student growth in grades 9 through 12 for the previous year shall have the growth factor applied to the previous year's weighted pupil units when calculating the allocation of money under this Subsection (4).
- (5) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board shall establish rules for upgrading high school career and technical education programs.
- (b) The rules shall reflect career and technical training and actual marketable job skills in society.
- (c) The rules shall include procedures to assist school districts and charter schools to convert existing programs that are not preparing students for the job market into programs that will accomplish that purpose.
- (6) Programs that do not meet [State Board of Education] state board standards may not be funded under this section.
  - Section 190. Section **53F-2-312** is amended to read:

## 6203 53F-2-312. Appropriation for class size reduction.

- (1) Money appropriated to the [State Board of Education] state board for class size reduction shall be used to reduce the average class size in kindergarten through grade 8 in the state's public schools.
- (2) A school district or charter school shall receive an allocation for class size reduction based on the school district or charter school's prior year average daily membership plus growth in kindergarten through grade 8 as determined under Subsection 53F-2-302(3) compared to the total prior year average daily membership plus growth in kindergarten through grade 8 statewide.
- (3) (a) [A local education] An LEA governing board may use an allocation to reduce class size in any one or all of the grades referred to under this section, except as otherwise

6214	provided	in	Subsection	(3)	)(b`	)
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(b) (i) [A local education] An LEA governing board shall use 50% of an allocation to reduce class size in any one or all of grades kindergarten through grade 2, with an emphasis on improving student reading skills.

- (ii) If a school district's or charter school's average class size is below 18 students in kindergarten through grade 2, [a local education] an LEA governing board may petition the [State Board of Education] state board for, and the [State Board of Education] state board may grant, a waiver of the requirement described in Subsection (3)(b)(i).
- (4) A school may use nontraditional innovative and creative methods to reduce class sizes with this appropriation and may use part of an allocation to focus on class size reduction for specific groups, such as at risk students, or for specific blocks of time during the school day.
- (5) (a) [A local education] An LEA governing board may use up to 20% of an allocation under this section for capital facilities projects if such projects would help to reduce class size.
- (b) If a school district's or charter school's student population increases by at least 5% or at least 700 students from the previous school year, the [local education] LEA governing board may use up to 50% of an allocation received by the school district or charter school under this section for classroom construction.
- (6) This appropriation is to supplement any other appropriation made for class size reduction.
- (7) The Legislature shall provide for an annual adjustment in the appropriation authorized under this section in proportion to the increase in the number of students in the state in kindergarten through grade 8.
- Section 191. Section 53F-2-313 is amended to read:
- 53F-2-313. Weighted pupil units for career and technical education set-aside programs.
- (1) Each school district and charter school shall receive a guaranteed minimum

allocation from the money appropriated to the [State Board of Education] state board for a career and technical education set-aside program.

- (2) The set-aside funds remaining after the initial minimum payment allocation are distributed by a request for proposals process to help pay for equipment costs necessary to initiate new programs and for high priority programs as determined by labor market information.
  - Section 192. Section 53F-2-401 is amended to read:

## 53F-2-401. Appropriation for adult education programs.

- (1) Money appropriated to the [State Board of Education] state board for adult education shall be allocated to school districts for adult high school completion and adult basic skills programs.
- (2) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board and the Department of Corrections, subject to legislative appropriation, are responsible for providing the programs described in Subsection (1) to individuals in the custody of the Department of Corrections.
- (b) To fulfill the responsibility described in Subsection (2)(a), the [State Board of Education] state board and the Department of Corrections shall, where feasible, contract with appropriate private or public agencies to provide educational and related administrative services.
- (c) The [State Board of Education] state board shall allocate at least 15% of the money appropriated to the [State Board of Education] state board for adult education to support the programs for which the [State Board of Education] state board and the Department of Corrections are responsible under this Subsection (2).
- (3) (a) For money that is not allocated under Subsection (2)(c), each school district shall receive a pro rata share of the appropriation for adult high school completion programs based on the number of people in the school district listed in the latest official census who are over 18 years of age and who do not have a high school diploma and prior year participation or as approved by [State Board of Education] state board rule.
  - (b) On February 1 of each school year, the [State Board of Education] state board shall

recapture money not used for an adult high school completion program described in Subsection (3)(a) for reallocation to school districts that have implemented programs based on need and effort as determined by the [State Board of Education] state board.

- (4) To the extent of money available, school districts shall provide program services to adults who do not have a diploma and who intend to graduate from high school, with particular emphasis on homeless individuals who are seeking literacy and life skills.
- (5) Overruns in adult education in any school district may not reduce the value of the weighted pupil unit for this program in another school district.
- (6) School districts shall spend money on adult basic skills programs according to standards established by the [State Board of Education] state board.
  - Section 193. Section **53F-2-402** is amended to read:

## 53F-2-402. State support of pupil transportation.

- (1) Money appropriated to the [State Board of Education] state board for state-supported transportation of public school students shall be apportioned and distributed in accordance with Section 53F-2-403, except as otherwise provided in this section.
- (2) (a) The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind shall use an allocation of pupil transportation money to pay for transportation of students based on current valid contractual arrangements and best transportation options and methods as determined by the schools.
- (b) All student transportation costs of the schools shall be paid from the allocation of pupil transportation money specified in statute.
- (3) (a) A local school board may only claim eligible transportation costs as legally reported on the prior year's annual financial report submitted under Section 53G-4-404.
- (b) The state shall contribute 85% of approved transportation costs, subject to budget constraints.
- (c) If in a fiscal year the total transportation allowance for all school districts exceeds the amount appropriated for that purpose, all allowances shall be reduced pro rata to equal not more than the amount appropriated.
- Section 194. Section **53F-2-403** is amended to read:

6298	53F-2-403. Eligibility for state-supported transportation Approved bus routes.
6299	(1) A student eligible for state-supported transportation means:
6300	(a) a student enrolled in kindergarten through grade [ $six$ ] $\underline{6}$ who lives at least 1-1/2
6301	miles from school;
6302	(b) a student enrolled in grades [seven] 7 through 12 who lives at least two miles from
6303	school; and
6304	(c) a student enrolled in a special program offered by a school district and approved by
6305	the [State Board of Education] state board for trainable, motor, multiple-disability, or other
6306	students with severe disabilities who are incapable of walking to school or where it is unsafe
6307	for students to walk because of their disabling condition, without reference to distance from
6308	school.
6309	(2) If a school district implements double sessions as an alternative to new building
6310	construction, with the approval of the [State Board of Education] state board, those affected
6311	elementary school students residing less than 1-1/2 miles from school may be transported one
6312	way to or from school because of safety factors relating to darkness or other hazardous
6313	conditions as determined by the local school board.
6314	(3) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board shall distribute transportation money
6315	to school districts based on:
6316	(i) an allowance per mile for approved bus routes;
6317	(ii) an allowance per hour for approved bus routes; and
6318	(iii) a minimum allocation for each school district eligible for transportation funding.
6319	(b) The [State Board of Education] state board shall distribute appropriated
6320	transportation funds based on the prior year's eligible transportation costs as legally reported
6321	under Subsection 53F-2-402(3).
6322	(c) The [State Board of Education] state board shall annually review the allowance per
6323	mile and the allowance per hour and adjust the allowances to reflect current economic
6324	conditions.

(4) (a) Approved bus routes for funding purposes shall be determined on fall data

6326	collected by	October 1

(b) Approved route funding shall be determined on the basis of the most efficient and economic routes.

- (5) A Transportation Advisory Committee with representation from school district superintendents, business officials, school district transportation supervisors, and [State Board of Education] state board employees shall serve as a review committee for addressing school transportation needs, including recommended approved bus routes.
- (6) A local school board may provide for the transportation of students regardless of the distance from school, from general funds of the school district.
- (7) (a) (i) If a local school board expends an amount of revenue equal to at least .0002 per dollar of taxable value of the school district's board local levy imposed under Section 53F-8-302 to pay for transporting students and for the replacement of school buses, the state may contribute an amount not to exceed 85% of the state average cost per mile, contingent upon the Legislature appropriating funds for a state contribution.
- (ii) The [State Board of Education's] state board's employees shall distribute the state contribution according to rules enacted by the [State Board of Education] state board.
- (b) (i) The amount of state guarantee money that a school district would otherwise be entitled to receive under Subsection (7)(a) may not be reduced for the sole reason that the school district's levy is reduced as a consequence of changes in the certified tax rate under Section 59-2-924 due to changes in property valuation.
- (ii) Subsection (7)(b)(i) applies for a period of two years following the change in the certified tax rate.
- Section 195. Section **53F-2-404** is amended to read:
- 6349 53F-2-404. School LAND Trust Program distribution of funds.
- 6350 (1) (a) The School LAND Trust Program, established in Section 53G-7-1206, shall be funded each fiscal year:
  - (i) from the Trust Distribution Account created in Section 53F-9-201; and
- (ii) in the amount of the sum of the following:

6354	(A) on or about July 15 each year, out of the distributions from the investment of
6355	money in the permanent State School Fund deposited to the Trust Distribution Account; and
6356	(B) interest accrued on the Trust Distribution Account in the immediately preceding
6357	fiscal year.
6358	(b) The program shall be funded as provided in Subsection (1)(a) up to an amount
6359	equal to 3% of the funds provided for the Minimum School Program, pursuant to this chapter,
6360	each fiscal year.
6361	(c) The Legislature shall annually allocate, through an appropriation to the [State Board
6362	of Education] state board, a portion of the Trust Distribution Account created in Section
6363	53F-9-201 to be used for the administration of the School LAND Trust Program.
6364	(d) Any unused balance remaining from an amount appropriated under Subsection
6365	(1)(c) shall be deposited in the Trust Distribution Account for distribution to schools in the
6366	School LAND Trust Program.
6367	(2) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board shall allocate the money referred to
6368	in Subsection (1) annually as follows:
6369	(i) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind shall receive funding equal to the
6370	product of:
6371	(A) enrollment on October 1 in the prior year at the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the
6372	Blind divided by enrollment on October 1 in the prior year in public schools statewide; and
6373	(B) the total amount available for distribution under Subsection (1);
6374	(ii) charter schools shall receive funding equal to the product of:
6375	(A) charter school enrollment on October 1 in the prior year, divided by enrollment on
6376	October 1 in the prior year in public schools statewide; and
6377	(B) the total amount available for distribution under Subsection (1); and
6378	(iii) of the funds available for distribution under Subsection (1) after the allocation of
6379	funds for the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind and charter schools:
6380	(A) school districts shall receive 10% of the funds on an equal basis; and
6381	(B) the remaining 90% of the funds shall be distributed to school districts on a per

6382	student basis.
6383	[(b) (i) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
6384	the State Board of Education]
6385	(b) (i) The state board shall make rules specifying a formula to distribute the amount
6386	allocated under Subsection (2)(a)(ii) to charter schools.
6387	(ii) In making rules under Subsection (2)(b)(i), the [State Board of Education] state
6388	board shall:
6389	(A) consult with the State Charter School Board; and
6390	(B) ensure that the rules include a provision that allows a charter school in the charter
6391	school's first year of operations to receive funding based on projected enrollment, to be
6392	adjusted in future years based on actual enrollment.
6393	(c) A school district shall distribute its allocation under Subsection (2)(a)(iii) to each
6394	school within the school district on an equal per student basis.
6395	[(d) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
6396	the State Board of Education]
6397	(d) The state board may make rules regarding the time and manner in which the student
6398	count shall be made for allocation of the money under Subsection (2)(a)(iii).
6399	(3) If the amount of money prescribed for funding the School LAND Trust Program
6400	under this section is less than or greater than the money appropriated for the School LAND
6401	Trust Program, the appropriation shall be equal to the amount of money prescribed for funding
6402	the School LAND Trust Program in this section, up to a maximum of an amount equal to 3%
6403	of the funds provided for the Minimum School Program.
6404	(4) The [State Board of Education] state board shall distribute the money appropriated
6405	in Subsection (3) in accordance with this section and rules established by the <u>state</u> board [in
6406	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act].
6407	Section 196. Section 53F-2-405 is amended to read:
6408	53F-2-405. Educator salary adjustments.

(1) As used in this section, "educator" means a person employed by a school district,

0410	charter school, or the Otan Schools for the Dear and the Billiu who holds:
6411	(a) a license issued by the [State Board of Education] state board; and
6412	(b) a position as a:
6413	(i) classroom teacher;
6414	(ii) speech pathologist;
6415	(iii) librarian or media specialist;
6416	(iv) preschool teacher;
6417	(v) mentor teacher;
6418	(vi) teacher specialist or teacher leader;
6419	(vii) guidance counselor;
6420	(viii) audiologist;
6421	(ix) psychologist; or
6422	(x) social worker.
6423	(2) In recognition of the need to attract and retain highly skilled and dedicated
6424	educators, the Legislature shall annually appropriate money for educator salary adjustments,
6425	subject to future budget constraints.
6426	(3) Money appropriated to the [State Board of Education] state board for educator
6427	salary adjustments shall be distributed to school districts, charter schools, and the Utah Schools
6428	for the Deaf and the Blind in proportion to the number of full-time-equivalent educator
6429	positions in a school district, a charter school, or the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind as
6430	compared to the total number of full-time-equivalent educator positions in school districts,
6431	charter schools, and the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
6432	(4) A school district, a charter school, or the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind
6433	shall award bonuses to educators as follows:
6434	(a) the amount of the salary adjustment shall be the same for each full-time-equivalent
6435	educator position in the school district, charter school, or the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the
6436	Blind;
6437	(b) an individual who is not a full-time educator shall receive a partial salary adjustment

6438	based on the number of hours the individual works as an educator; and
6439	(c) a salary adjustment may be awarded only to an educator who has received a
6440	satisfactory rating or above on the educator's most recent evaluation.
6441	(5) The [State Board of Education] state board may make rules as necessary to
6442	administer this section[, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
6443	Rulemaking Act].
6444	(6) (a) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall appropriate sufficient
6445	money each year to:
6446	(i) maintain educator salary adjustments provided in prior years; and
6447	(ii) provide educator salary adjustments to new employees.
6448	(b) Money appropriated for educator salary adjustments shall include money for the
6449	following employer-paid benefits:
6450	(i) retirement;
6451	(ii) worker's compensation;
6452	(iii) social security; and
6453	(iv) Medicare.
6454	(7) (a) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall:
6455	(i) maintain the salary adjustments provided to school administrators in the 2007-08
6456	school year; and
6457	(ii) provide salary adjustments for new school administrators in the same amount as
6458	provided for existing school administrators.
6459	(b) The appropriation provided for educator salary adjustments shall include salary
6460	adjustments for school administrators as specified in Subsection (7)(a).
6461	(c) In distributing and awarding salary adjustments for school administrators, the [State
6462	Board of Education] state board, a school district, a charter school, or the Utah Schools for the
6463	Deaf and the Blind shall comply with the requirements for the distribution and award of
6464	educator salary adjustments as provided in Subsections (3) and (4).
6465	Section 197. Section 53F-2-407 is amended to read:

6466	53F-2-407. Appropriation for library books and electronic resources.
6467	(1) The [State Board of Education] state board shall distribute money appropriated for
6468	library books and electronic resources as follows:
6469	(a) 25% shall be divided equally among all public schools; and
6470	(b) 75% shall be divided among public schools based on each school's average daily
6471	membership as compared to the total average daily membership.
6472	(2) A school district or charter school may not use money distributed under Subsection
6473	(1) to supplant other money used to purchase library books or electronic resources.
6474	Section 198. Section 53F-2-408 is amended to read:
6475	53F-2-408. Enhancement for Accelerated Students Program.
6476	(1) As used in this section, "eligible low-income student" means a student who:
6477	(a) takes an Advanced Placement test;
6478	(b) has applied for an Advanced Placement test fee reduction; and
6479	(c) qualifies for a free lunch or a lunch provided at reduced cost.
6480	(2) The [State Board of Education] state board shall distribute money appropriated for
6481	the Enhancement for Accelerated Students Program to school districts and charter schools
6482	according to a formula adopted by the [State Board of Education] state board, after consultation
6483	with [local education] LEA governing boards.
6484	(3) A distribution formula adopted under Subsection (2) may include an allocation of
6485	money for:
6486	(a) Advanced Placement courses;
6487	(b) Advanced Placement test fees of eligible low-income students;
6488	(c) gifted and talented programs, including professional development for teachers of
6489	high ability students; and
6490	(d) International Baccalaureate programs.
6491	(4) The greater of 1.5% or \$100,000 of the appropriation for the Enhancement for
6492	Accelerated Students Program may be allowed for International Baccalaureate programs.
6493	(5) A school district or charter school shall use money distributed under this section to

6494	enhance the academic growth of students whose academic achievement is accelerated.
6495	(6) The [State Board of Education] state board shall develop performance criteria to
6496	measure the effectiveness of the Enhancement for Accelerated Students Program.
6497	(7) If a school district or charter school receives an allocation of less than \$10,000
6498	under this section, the school district or charter school may use the allocation as described in
6499	Section 53F-2-206.
6500	Section 199. Section <b>53F-2-409</b> is amended to read:
6501	53F-2-409. Concurrent enrollment funding.
6502	(1) The terms defined in Section [53F-10-301] 53E-10-301 apply to this section.
6503	(2) The [State Board of Education] state board shall allocate money appropriated for
6504	concurrent enrollment in accordance with this section.
6505	(3) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board shall allocate money appropriated
6506	for concurrent enrollment in proportion to the number of credit hours earned for courses taken
6507	where:
6508	(i) an LEA primarily bears the cost of instruction; and
6509	(ii) an institution of higher education primarily bears the cost of instruction.
6510	(b) From the money allocated under Subsection (3)(a)(i), the [State Board of
6511	Education] state board shall distribute:
6512	(i) 60% of the money to LEAs; and
6513	(ii) 40% of the money to the State Board of Regents.
6514	(c) From the money allocated under Subsection (3)(a)(ii), the [State Board of
6515	Education] state board shall distribute:
6516	(i) 40% of the money to LEAs; and
6517	(ii) 60% of the money to the State Board of Regents.
6518	(d) The [State Board of Education] state board shall make rules[, in accordance with
6519	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,] providing for the distribution of

the money to LEAs under Subsections (3)(b)(i) and (3)(c)(i).

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(e) The State Board of Regents shall make rules[, in accordance with Title 63G,

5522	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, providing for the distribution of the money
6523	allocated to institutions of higher education under Subsections (3)(b)(ii) and (3)(c)(ii).
6524	(4) Subject to budget constraints, the Legislature shall annually increase the money
5525	appropriated for concurrent enrollment in proportion to the percentage increase over the
6526	previous school year in:
6527	(a) kindergarten through grade 12 student enrollment; and
6528	(b) the value of the weighted pupil unit.
6529	(5) If an LEA receives an allocation of less than \$10,000 under this section, the LEA
6530	may use the allocation as described in Section 53F-2-206.
6531	Section 200. Section 53F-2-410 is amended to read:
6532	53F-2-410. Enhancement for At-Risk Students Program.
6533	(1) (a) Subject to Subsection (1)(b), the [State Board of Education] state board shall
6534	distribute money appropriated for the Enhancement for At-Risk Students Program to school
6535	districts and charter schools according to a formula adopted by the [State Board of Education]
6536	state board, after consultation with [local education] LEA governing boards.
6537	(b) (i) The [State Board of Education] state board shall appropriate \$1,500,000 from
6538	the appropriation for Enhancement for At-Risk Students Program for a gang prevention and
5539	intervention program designed to help students at risk for gang involvement stay in school.
6540	(ii) Money for the gang prevention and intervention program shall be distributed to
5541	school districts and charter schools through a request for proposals process.
5542	(2) In establishing a distribution formula under Subsection (1)(a), the [State Board of
6543	Education] state board shall:
5544	(a) use the following criteria:
5545	(i) low performance on statewide assessments described in Section 53E-4-301;
6546	(ii) poverty;
6547	(iii) mobility;
6548	(iv) limited English proficiency;
5549	(v) chronic absenteeism; and

6550	(vi) homelessness;
6551	(b) ensure that the distribution formula distributes money on a per student and per
6552	criterion basis; and
6553	(c) ensure that the distribution formula provides funding for each criterion that a
6554	student meets such that a student who meets:
6555	(i) one criterion is counted once; and
6556	(ii) more than one criterion is counted for each criterion the student meets up to three
6557	criteria.
6558	(3) Subject to future budget constraints, the amount appropriated for the Enhancement
6559	for At-Risk Students Program shall increase annually with growth in the at-risk student
6560	population and changes to the value of the weighted pupil unit as defined in Section
6561	[ <del>53F-9-305</del> ] <u>53F-4-301</u> .
6562	(4) [A local education] An LEA governing board shall use money distributed under
6563	this section to improve the academic achievement of students who are at risk of academic
6564	failure including addressing truancy.
6565	(5) The [State Board of Education] state board shall develop performance criteria to
6566	measure the effectiveness of the Enhancement for At-Risk Students Program.
6567	(6) If a school district or charter school receives an allocation of less than \$10,000
6568	under this section, the school district or charter school may use the allocation as described in
6569	Section 53F-2-206.
6570	(7) During the fiscal year that begins July 1, 2022, the Public Education Appropriations
6571	Subcommittee shall evaluate:
6572	(a) the impact of funding provided in this section to determine whether the funding has
6573	improved educational outcomes for students who are at-risk for academic failure; and
6574	(b) whether the funding should continue as established, be amended, or be consolidated
6575	in the value of the weighted pupil unit.
6576	Section 201. Section 53F-2-411 is amended to read:
6577	53F-2-411. Appropriation for Title I Schools in Improvement Paraeducators

6578	Program.
6579	(1) As used in this section:
6580	(a) "Eligible school" means a Title I school that has not achieved adequate yearly
6581	progress, as defined in the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 6301 et seq. in
6582	the same subject area for two consecutive years.
6583	(b) "Paraeducator" means a school employee who:
6584	(i) delivers instruction under the direct supervision of a teacher; and
6585	(ii) meets the requirements under Subsection (3).
6586	(c) "Program" means the Title I Schools in Improvement Paraeducators Program
6587	created in this section.
6588	(2) The program is created to provide funding for eligible schools to hire paraeducators
6589	to provide additional instructional aid in the classroom to assist students in achieving academic
6590	success and assist the school in exiting Title I school improvement status.
6591	(3) A paraeducator who is funded under this section shall have:
6592	(a) earned a secondary school diploma or a recognized equivalent;
6593	(b) (i) completed at least two years with a minimum of 48 semester hours at an
6594	accredited higher education institution;
6595	(ii) obtained an associates or higher degree from an accredited higher education
6596	institution; or
6597	(iii) satisfied a rigorous state or local assessment about the individual's knowledge of,
6598	and ability to assist in instructing students in, reading, writing, and mathematics; and
6599	(c) received large group-, small group-, and individual-level professional development
6600	that is intensive and focused and covers curriculum, instruction, assessment, classroom and
6601	behavior management, and teaming.
6602	(4) The [State Board of Education] state board shall distribute money appropriated for
6603	the program to eligible schools, in accordance with rules adopted by the state board.

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used for paraeducators at eligible schools.

(5) Funds appropriated under the program may not be used to supplant other money

Section 202. Section 53F-2-413 is amended to read:

## 53F-2-413. Alternative programs.

- (1) Since the [State Board of Education] state board has adopted a policy that requires school districts and charter schools to grant credit for proficiency through alternative programs, school districts and charter schools are encouraged to continue and expand school district and charter school cooperation with accredited institutions through performance contracts for educational services, particularly where it is beneficial to students whose progress could be better served through alternative programs.
- (2) School districts and charter schools are encouraged to participate in programs that focus on increasing the number of ethnic minority and female students in the secondary schools who will go on to study mathematics, engineering, or related sciences at an institution of higher education.
  - Section 203. Section **53F-2-501** is amended to read:
- 53F-2-501. Early graduation incentives -- Incentive to school district -- Partial tuition scholarship for student -- Payments.
- (1) A secondary public school student who has completed all required courses or demonstrated mastery of required skills and competencies may graduate at any time with the approval of:
  - (a) the student;
    - (b) the student's parent [or guardian]; and
- (c) a local school official who is authorized by the school's principal or director to approve early graduation.
- (2) The [State Board of Education] state board shall make a payment to a public high school in an amount equal to 1/2 of the scholarship awarded to each student under this section who graduates from the school at or before the conclusion of grade 11, or a proportionately lesser amount for a student who graduates after the conclusion of grade 11 but before the conclusion of grade 12.
  - (3) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board shall award to each student who

6634	graduates from high school at or before the conclusion of grade 11 a centennial scholarship in
6635	the amount of the greater of 30% of the previous year's value of the weighted pupil unit or
6636	\$1,000, subject to this Subsection (3) through Subsection (6).
6637	(b) A student who is awarded a centennial scholarship may use the scholarship for full
6638	time enrollment at:
6639	(i) a Utah public college, university, or community college;
6640	(ii) a technical college described in Section 53B-2a-105; or
6641	(iii) any other institution in the state of Utah that:
6642	(A) is accredited by an accrediting organization recognized by the State Board of
6643	Regents; and
6644	(B) offers postsecondary courses of the student's choice.
6645	(c) Before making a payment of a centennial scholarship, the [State Board of
6646	Education] state board shall verify that the student has registered at an institution described in
6647	Subsection (3)(b):
6648	(i) during the fiscal year following the student's graduation from high school; or
6649	(ii) at the end of the student's deferral period, in accordance with Subsection (4).
6650	(d) If a student graduates after the conclusion of grade 11 but before the conclusion of
6651	grade 12, the [State Board of Education] state board shall award the student a centennial
6652	scholarship of a proportionately lesser amount than the scholarship amount described in
6653	Subsection (3)(a).
6654	(4) (a) A student who is eligible for a centennial scholarship under Subsection (3) may
6655	make a request to the [State Board of Education] state board that the [State Board of
6656	Education] state board defer consideration of the student for the scholarship for a set period of
6657	time.
6658	(b) A student who makes a request under Subsection (4)(a) shall state in the request the
6659	reason for which the student wishes not to be considered for the scholarship until the end of the
6660	deferral period, which may include:

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(i) health reasons;

6662	(ii) religious reasons;
6663	(iii) military service; or
6664	(iv) humanitarian service.
6665	(c) If a student makes a request under Subsection (4)(a), the [State Board of Education]
6666	state board shall:
6667	(i) (A) review the student's request; and
6668	(B) approve or reject the student's request; and
6669	(ii) if the [State Board of Education] state board approves the student's request, in
6670	consultation with the student, set the length of the deferral period, ensuring that the deferral
6671	period is sufficient to meet the student's needs under Subsection (4)(b).
6672	(d) At the end of the deferral period, and upon request of the student, the [State Board
6673	of Education] state board shall:
6674	(i) determine a student to be eligible for the scholarship if the student was eligible at
6675	the time of the student's request for deferral; and
6676	(ii) if found eligible, make a payment to the student in an amount equal to the amount
6677	described in Subsection (4)(e).
6678	(e) The amount of a student's deferred scholarship payment shall be determined by the
6679	[State Board of Education] state board based on the amount of the scholarship the student
6680	would have been entitled to as described in Subsection (3) and based on the fiscal year prior to
6681	the student's request for deferral.
6682	(5) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the [State Board of Education] state board:
6683	(a) shall make the payments authorized in Subsections (2) and (3)(a) during the fiscal
6684	year that follows the student's graduation; and
6685	(b) may make the payments authorized in Subsection (3)(b) during the fiscal year:
6686	(i) in which the student graduates; or
6687	(ii) following the student's graduation.
6688	(6) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall adjust the appropriation
6689	for the Centennial Scholarship Program based on:

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6690	(a) the anticipated increase of students awarded a ce	entennial scholarship; and
6691	(b) the percent increase of the prior year's weighted	pupil unit value, as provided in

- Section 204. Section **53F-2-502** is amended to read:
- 53F-2-502. Dual language immersion.
- 6695 (1) As used in this section:

Subsection (3).

- [(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
- [(b)] (a) "Dual language immersion" means an instructional setting in which a student receives a portion of instruction in English and a portion of instruction exclusively in a partner language.
- [(c)] (b) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means a school district or a charter school.
- 6701 [(d)] (c) "Participating LEA" means an LEA selected by the <u>state</u> board to receive a grant described in this section.
- [(e)] (d) "Partner language" means a language other than English in which instruction is provided in dual language immersion.
- 6705 (2) The state board shall:
- 6706 (a) establish a dual language immersion program;
- 6707 (b) [in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,]
  6708 make rules that establish:
- (i) a grant program for an LEA to receive funding for dual language immersion;
- (ii) the required qualifications for an LEA to be a participating LEA;
- (iii) subject to this section, requirements of a participating LEA;
- (iv) a proficiency assessment for each partner language; and
- 6713 (v) a progression of how a school in a participating LEA adds grade levels in which the 6714 school offers dual language immersion;
- (c) subject to legislative appropriations:
- 6716 (i) select participating LEAs; and
- (ii) award to a participating LEA a grant to support dual language immersion in the

6/18	LEA; and
6719	(d) report to a legislative committee on the results of a proficiency assessment
6720	described in Subsection (2)(b)(iv) upon request.
6721	(3) A participating LEA shall:
6722	(a) establish in a school a full-day dual language immersion instructional model that
6723	provides at least 50% of instruction exclusively in a partner language;
6724	(b) in accordance with the <u>state</u> board rules described in Subsection (2)(b), add grades
6725	in which dual language immersion is provided in a school; and
6726	(c) annually administer to each student in grades 3 through 8 who participates in dual
6727	language immersion an assessment described in Subsection (2)(b)(iv).
6728	(4) The <u>state</u> board shall:
6729	(a) provide support to a participating LEA, including by:
6730	(i) offering professional learning for dual language immersion educators;
6731	(ii) developing curriculum related to dual language immersion; or
6732	(iii) providing instructional support for a partner language;
6733	(b) conduct a program evaluation of the dual language immersion program established
6734	under Subsection (2)(a); and
6735	(c) on or before November 1, 2019, report to the Education Interim Committee and the
6736	Public Education Appropriations Subcommittee on the results of the program evaluation
6737	described in Subsection (4)(b).
6738	(5) The state board may, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement
6739	Code, contract with a third party to conduct the program evaluation described in Subsection
6740	(4)(b).
6741	Section 205. Section 53F-2-503 is amended to read:
6742	53F-2-503. Early Literacy Program Literacy proficiency plan.
6743	(1) As used in this section:
6744	[(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
6745	[(b)] (a) "Program" means the Early Literacy Program.

6/46	[ <del>(c)</del> ] <u>(b)</u> "Program money" means:
6747	(i) school district revenue allocated to the program from other money available to the
6748	school district, except money provided by the state, for the purpose of receiving state funds
6749	under this section; and
6750	(ii) money appropriated by the Legislature to the program.
6751	(2) The Early Literacy Program consists of program money and is created to
6752	supplement other school resources for early literacy.
6753	(3) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature may annually appropriate
6754	money to the Early Literacy Program.
6755	(4) (a) [A local education] An LEA governing board of a school district or a charter
6756	school that serves students in any of grades kindergarten through grade 3 shall submit a plan to
6757	the state board for literacy proficiency improvement that incorporates the following
6758	components:
6759	(i) core instruction in:
6760	(A) phonological awareness;
6761	(B) phonics;
6762	(C) fluency;
6763	(D) comprehension;
6764	(E) vocabulary;
6765	(F) oral language; and
6766	(G) writing;
6767	(ii) intervention strategies that are aligned to student needs;
6768	(iii) professional development for classroom teachers, literacy coaches, and
6769	interventionists in kindergarten through grade 3;
6770	(iv) assessments that support adjustments to core and intervention instruction;
6771	(v) a growth goal for the school district or charter school that:
6772	(A) is based upon student learning gains as measured by benchmark assessments
6773	administered pursuant to Section 53E-4-307; and

6774	(B) includes a target of at least 60% of all students in grades 1 through 3 meeting the
6775	growth goal;
6776	(vi) at least two goals that are specific to the school district or charter school that:
6777	(A) are measurable;
6778	(B) address current performance gaps in student literacy based on data; and
6779	(C) include specific strategies for improving outcomes; and
6780	(vii) if a school uses interactive literacy software, the use of interactive literacy
6781	software, including early interactive reading software described in Section 53F-4-203.
6782	(b) [A local education] An LEA governing board shall approve a plan described in
6783	Subsection (4)(a) in a public meeting before submitting the plan to the <u>state</u> board.
6784	(c) The <u>state</u> board shall provide model plans that [a local education] an LEA
6785	governing board may use, or [a local education] an LEA governing board may develop the
6786	[local education] LEA governing board's own plan.
6787	(d) A plan developed by [a local education] an LEA governing board shall be approved
6788	by the <u>state</u> board.
6789	(e) The <u>state</u> board shall develop uniform standards for acceptable growth goals that [a
6790	local education] an LEA governing board adopts for a school district or charter school as
6791	described in this Subsection (4).
6792	(5) (a) There are created within the Early Literacy Program three funding programs:
6793	(i) the Base Level Program;
6794	(ii) the Guarantee Program; and
6795	(iii) the Low Income Students Program.
6796	(b) The state board may use up to \$7,500,000 from an appropriation described in
6797	Subsection (3) for computer-assisted instructional learning and assessment programs.
6798	(6) Money appropriated to the <u>state</u> board for the Early Literacy Program and not used
6799	by the <u>state</u> board for computer-assisted instructional learning and assessments described in
6800	Subsection (5)(b) shall be allocated to the three funding programs as follows:
6801	(a) 8% to the Base Level Program:

6802	(b) 46% to the Guarantee Program; and
6803	(c) 46% to the Low Income Students Program.
6804	(7) (a) For a school district or charter school to participate in the Base Level Program,
6805	the [local education] LEA governing board shall submit a plan described in Subsection (4) and
6806	shall receive approval of the plan from the state board.
6807	(b) (i) The local school board of a school district qualifying for Base Level Program
6808	funds and the charter school governing boards of qualifying elementary charter schools
6809	combined shall receive a base amount.
6810	(ii) The base amount for the qualifying elementary charter schools combined shall be
6811	allocated among each charter school in an amount proportionate to:
6812	(A) each existing charter school's prior year fall enrollment in grades kindergarten
6813	through grade 3; and
6814	(B) each new charter school's estimated fall enrollment in grades kindergarten through
6815	grade 3.
6816	(8) (a) A local school board that applies for program money in excess of the Base Level
6817	Program funds may choose to first participate in the Guarantee Program or the Low Income
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6818	Students Program.
6818 6819	Students Program.  (b) A school district shall fully participate in either the Guarantee Program or the Low
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6819 6820	(b) A school district shall fully participate in either the Guarantee Program or the Low
6819 6820 6821	(b) A school district shall fully participate in either the Guarantee Program or the Low Income Students Program before the local school board may elect for the school district to
	(b) A school district shall fully participate in either the Guarantee Program or the Low Income Students Program before the local school board may elect for the school district to either fully or partially participate in the other program.
6819 6820 6821 6822	<ul> <li>(b) A school district shall fully participate in either the Guarantee Program or the Low Income Students Program before the local school board may elect for the school district to either fully or partially participate in the other program.</li> <li>(c) For a school district to fully participate in the Guarantee Program, the local school</li> </ul>
6819 6820 6821 6822 6823	<ul> <li>(b) A school district shall fully participate in either the Guarantee Program or the Low Income Students Program before the local school board may elect for the school district to either fully or partially participate in the other program.</li> <li>(c) For a school district to fully participate in the Guarantee Program, the local school board shall allocate to the program money available to the school district, except money</li> </ul>
6819 6820 6821 6822 6823 6824	<ul> <li>(b) A school district shall fully participate in either the Guarantee Program or the Low Income Students Program before the local school board may elect for the school district to either fully or partially participate in the other program.</li> <li>(c) For a school district to fully participate in the Guarantee Program, the local school board shall allocate to the program money available to the school district, except money provided by the state, equal to the amount of revenue that would be generated by a tax rate of</li> </ul>

money provided by the state, equal to the amount of revenue that would be generated by a tax

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rate of .000065.

6830 (e) (i) The state board shall verify that a local school board allocates the money 6831 required in accordance with Subsections (8)(c) and (d) before the state board distributes funds 6832 in accordance with this section. 6833 (ii) The State Tax Commission shall provide the state board the information the state 6834 board needs in order to comply with Subsection (8)(e)(i). 6835 (9) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(c), the local school board of a school 6836 district that fully participates in the Guarantee Program shall receive state funds in an amount 6837 that is: 6838 (i) equal to the difference between \$21 multiplied by the school district's total WPUs 6839 and the revenue the local school board is required to allocate under Subsection (8)(c) for the school district to fully participate in the Guarantee Program; and 6840 6841 (ii) not less than \$0. 6842 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(c), an elementary charter school shall receive 6843 under the Guarantee Program an amount equal to \$21 times the elementary charter school's 6844 total WPUs. 6845 (c) The state board may adjust the \$21 guarantee amount described in Subsections (9)(a) and (b) to account for actual appropriations and money used by the state board for 6846 6847 computer-assisted instructional learning and assessments. 6848 (10) The state board shall distribute Low Income Students Program funds in an amount proportionate to the number of students in each school district or charter school who qualify for 6849 6850 free or reduced price school lunch multiplied by two. 6851 (11) A school district that partially participates in the Guarantee Program or Low 6852 Income Students Program shall receive program funds based on the amount of school district 6853 revenue allocated to the program as a percentage of the amount of revenue that could have been

significantly increase the percentage of students who are proficient in literacy, including:

early literacy interventions and supports in kindergarten through grade 3 that have proven to

allocated if the school district had fully participated in the program.

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(12) (a) [A local education] An LEA governing board shall use program money for

0030	(1) evidence-based intervention curriculum;
6859	(ii) literacy assessments that identify student learning needs and monitor learning
6860	progress; or
6861	(iii) focused literacy interventions that may include:
6862	(A) the use of reading specialists or paraprofessionals;
6863	(B) tutoring;
6864	(C) before or after school programs;
6865	(D) summer school programs; or
6866	(E) the use of interactive computer software programs for literacy instruction and
6867	assessments for students.
6868	(b) [A local education] An LEA governing board may use program money for portable
6869	technology devices used to administer literacy assessments.
6870	(c) Program money may not be used to supplant funds for existing programs, but may
6871	be used to augment existing programs.
6872	(13) (a) [A local education] An LEA governing board shall annually submit a report to
6873	the <u>state</u> board accounting for the expenditure of program money in accordance with the [ <del>local</del>
6874	education] LEA governing board's plan described in Subsection (4).
6875	(b) If [a local education] an LEA governing board uses program money in a manner
6876	that is inconsistent with Subsection (12), the school district or charter school is liable for
6877	reimbursing the state board for the amount of program money improperly used, up to the
6878	amount of program money received from the state board.
6879	[(14) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
6880	Act, the]
6881	(14) (a) The state board shall make rules to implement the program.
6882	(b) (i) The rules under Subsection (14)(a) shall require each [local education] <u>LEA</u>
6883	governing board to annually report progress in meeting goals described in Subsections (4)(a)(v)
6884	and (vi), including the strategies the school district or charter school uses to address the goals.
6885	(ii) If a school district or charter school does not meet or exceed the school district's or

6886 charter school's goals described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi), the [local education] LEA 6887 governing board shall prepare a new plan that corrects deficiencies. 6888 (iii) The new plan described in Subsection (14)(b)(ii) shall be approved by the state 6889 board before the [local education] LEA governing board receives an allocation for the next 6890 year. 6891 (15) (a) The state board shall: 6892 (i) develop strategies to provide support for a school district or charter school that fails 6893 to meet a goal described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi); and 6894 (ii) provide increasing levels of support to a school district or charter school that fails 6895 to meet a goal described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi) for two consecutive years. (b) (i) The state board shall use a digital reporting platform to provide information to 6896 6897 school districts and charter schools about interventions that increase proficiency in literacy. 6898 (ii) The digital reporting platform shall include performance information for a school 6899 district or charter school on the goals described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) and (vi). 6900 (16) The state board may use up to 3% of the funds appropriated by the Legislature to 6901 carry out the provisions of this section for administration of the program. (17) The state board shall make an annual report to the Public Education 6902 6903 Appropriations Subcommittee that: 6904 (a) includes information on: 6905 (i) student learning gains in early literacy for the past school year and the five-year trend; 6906 6907 (ii) the percentage of grade 3 students who are proficient in English language arts in the 6908 past school year and the five-year trend; 6909 (iii) the progress of school districts and charter schools in meeting goals described in a 6910 plan described in Subsection (4)(a); and

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(iv) the specific strategies or interventions used by school districts or charter schools

(b) may include recommendations on how to increase the percentage of grade 3

that have significantly improved early grade literacy proficiency; and

6914	students who are proficient in English language arts, including how to use a strategy or
6915	intervention described in Subsection (17)(a)(iv) to improve literacy proficiency for additional
6916	students.
6917	(18) The report described in Subsection (17) shall include information provided
6918	through the digital reporting platform described in Subsection (15)(b).
6919	Section 206. Section 53F-2-504 is amended to read:
6920	53F-2-504. Teacher Salary Supplement Program Appeal process.
6921	(1) As used in this section:
6922	[(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
6923	[(b)] (a) "Certificate teacher" means a teacher who holds a National Board certification.
6924	[(c)] (b) "Eligible teacher" means a teacher who:
6925	(i) has an assignment to teach:
6926	(A) a secondary school level mathematics course;
6927	(B) integrated science in grade 7 or 8;
6928	(C) chemistry;
6929	(D) physics;
6930	(E) computer science; or
6931	(F) special education;
6932	(ii) holds the appropriate endorsement for the assigned course;
6933	(iii) has qualifying educational background; and
6934	(iv) (A) is a new employee; or
6935	(B) received a satisfactory rating or above on the teacher's most recent evaluation.
6936	[(d)] (c) "Field of computer science" means:
6937	(i) computer science; or
6938	(ii) computer information technology.
6939	[(e)] (d) "Field of science" means:
6940	(i) integrated science;
6941	(ii) chemistry;

6942	(iii) physics;
6943	(iv) physical science; or
6944	(v) general science.
6945	[ <del>(f)</del> ] <u>(e)</u> "License" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53E-6-102.
6946	$[\frac{g}{g}]$ (f) "National Board certification" means the same as that term is defined in
6947	Section 53E-6-102.
6948	[(h)] (g) "Qualifying educational background" means:
6949	(i) for a teacher who is assigned a secondary school level mathematics course:
6950	(A) a bachelor's degree major, master's degree, or doctoral degree in mathematics; or
6951	(B) a bachelor's degree major, master's degree, or doctoral degree that has course
6952	requirements that are substantially equivalent to the course requirements for a bachelor's degree
6953	major, master's degree, or doctoral degree in mathematics;
6954	(ii) for a teacher who is assigned a grade 7 or 8 integrated science course, chemistry
6955	course, or physics course:
6956	(A) a bachelor's degree major, master's degree, or doctoral degree in a field of science;
6957	or
6958	(B) a bachelor's degree major, master's degree, or doctoral degree that has course
6959	requirements that are substantially equivalent to the course requirements of those required for a
6960	degree described in Subsection (1)[(h)](g)(ii)(A);
6961	(iii) for a teacher who is assigned a computer science course:
6962	(A) a bachelor's degree major, master's degree, or doctoral degree in a field of
6963	computer science; or
6964	(B) a bachelor's degree major, master's degree, or doctoral degree that has course
6965	requirements that are substantially equivalent to the course requirements of those required for a
6966	degree described in Subsection (1)[(h)](g)(iii)(A); or
6967	(iv) for a teacher who is assigned to teach special education, a bachelor's degree major,
6968	master's degree, or doctoral degree in special education.
6969	[(i)] (h) "Title I school" means a school that receives funds under the Elementary and

6970	Secondary Education Act of 1965, Title I, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 6301 et seq.
6971	[ <del>(j)</del> ] <u>(i)</u> "Title I school certificate teacher" means a certificate teacher who is assigned to
6972	teach at a Title I school.
6973	(2) (a) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall:
6974	(i) annually appropriate money to the Teacher Salary Supplement Program to maintain
6975	annual salary supplements provided in previous years; and
6976	(ii) provide salary supplements to new recipients.
6977	(b) Money appropriated for the Teacher Salary Supplement Program shall include
6978	money for the following employer-paid benefits:
6979	(i) retirement;
6980	(ii) workers' compensation;
6981	(iii) Social Security; and
6982	(iv) Medicare.
6983	(3) (a) (i) The annual salary supplement for an eligible teacher who is assigned full
6984	time to teach one or more courses listed in Subsections (1)[(c)](b)(i)(A) through (F) is \$4,100
6985	and funded through an appropriation described in Subsection (2).
6986	(ii) An eligible teacher who has a part-time assignment to teach one or more courses
6987	listed in Subsections $(1)[\underline{(c)}]\underline{(b)}(i)(A)$ through $(F)$ shall receive a partial salary supplement
6988	based on the number of hours worked in the course assignment.
6989	(b) The annual salary supplement for a certificate teacher is \$750.
6990	(c) (i) The annual salary supplement for a Title I school certificate teacher is \$1,500.
6991	(ii) A certificate teacher who qualifies for a salary supplement under Subsections (3)(b)
6992	and (c) may only receive the salary supplement that is greater in value.
6993	(4) The <u>state</u> board shall:
6994	(a) create an online application system for a teacher to apply to receive a salary
6995	supplement through the Teacher Salary Supplement Program;
6996	(b) determine if a teacher:
6997	(i) (A) is an eligible teacher; and

(B) has a course assignment as listed in Subsections (1)[(e)](b)(i)(A) through (F); 6998 6999 (ii) is a certificate teacher; or 7000 (iii) is a Title I school certificate teacher; 7001 (c) verify, as needed, the determinations made under Subsection (4)(b) with school 7002 district and school administrators; and (d) certify a list of eligible teachers, certificate teachers, and Title I school certificate 7003 7004 teachers. 7005 (5) (a) An eligible teacher, a certificate teacher, or a Title I school certificate teacher 7006 shall apply with the state board before the conclusion of a school year to receive the salary 7007 supplement authorized in this section. 7008 (b) An eligible teacher, a certificate teacher, or a Title I school certificate teacher may 7009 apply with the state board, after verification that the requirements under this section have been 7010 satisfied, to receive a salary supplement after the completion of: 7011 (i) the school year as an annual award; or 7012 (ii) a semester or trimester as a partial award based on the portion of the school year 7013 that has been completed. 7014 (6) (a) The state board shall establish and administer an appeal process for a teacher to 7015 follow if the teacher applies for a salary supplement and does not receive a salary supplement 7016 under Subsection (8). 7017 (b) (i) The appeal process established in Subsection (6)(a) shall allow a teacher to appeal eligibility as an eligible teacher on the basis that the teacher has a degree or degree 7018 7019 major with course requirements that are substantially equivalent to the course requirements for 7020 a degree described in: 7021 (A) Subsection  $(1)[\frac{h}{g}](g)(i)(A)$ ; 7022 (B) Subsection  $(1)[\frac{h}{g}](g)(ii)(A)$ ; 7023 (C) Subsection  $(1)[\frac{h}{g}](g)(iii)(A)$ ; or

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(D) Subsection  $(1)[\frac{h}{g}](g)(iv)$ .

(ii) A teacher shall provide transcripts and other documentation to the state board in

7026 order for the state board to determine if the teacher has a degree or degree major with course 7027 requirements that are substantially equivalent to the course requirements for a degree listed in: 7028 (A) Subsection  $(1)[\frac{h}{g}](g)(i)(A)$ ; 7029 (B) Subsection  $(1)[\frac{h}{g}](g)(ii)(A)$ ; 7030 (C) Subsection  $(1)[\frac{h}{g}](g)(iii)(A)$ ; or 7031 (D) Subsection  $(1)[\frac{h}{g}](g)(iv)$ . 7032 (c) (i) The appeal process established under Subsection (6)(a) shall allow a teacher to 7033 appeal eligibility as a certificate teacher on the basis that the teacher holds a current certificate. 7034 (ii) A teacher shall provide to the state board a certificate or other related 7035 documentation in order for the state board to determine if the teacher holds a current certificate. (d) (i) The appeal process established under Subsection (6)(a) shall allow a teacher to 7036 7037 appeal eligibility as a Title I school certificate teacher on the basis that the teacher: 7038 (A) holds a current certificate: and 7039 (B) is assigned to teach at a Title I school. 7040 (ii) A teacher shall provide to the state board: 7041 (A) information described in Subsection (6)(c)(ii); and 7042 (B) verification that the teacher is assigned to teach at a Title I school. 7043 (7) (a) The state board shall distribute money appropriated to the Teacher Salary 7044 Supplement Program to school districts and charter schools for the Teacher Salary Supplement 7045 Program in accordance with the provisions of this section. (b) The state board shall include the employer-paid benefits described under 7046 7047 Subsection (2)(b) in the amount of each salary supplement. 7048 (c) The employer-paid benefits described under Subsection (2)(b) are an addition to the 7049 salary supplement limits described under Subsection (3). 7050 (8) (a) Money received from the Teacher Salary Supplement Program shall be used by a school district or charter school to provide a salary supplement equal to the amount specified 7051 in Subsection (3) for each eligible teacher, certificate teacher, or Title I school certificate 7052 7053 teacher.

7054	(b) The salary supplement is part of the teacher's base pay, subject to the teacher's
7055	qualification as an eligible teacher, a certificate teacher, or a Title I school certificate teacher
7056	every year, semester, or trimester.
7057	(9) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, if the appropriation for the program
7058	is insufficient to cover the costs associated with salary supplements, the state board shall
7059	distribute the funds in the Teacher Salary Supplement Program on a pro rata basis.
7060	Section 207. Section <b>53F-2-505</b> is amended to read:
7061	53F-2-505. Utah Science Technology and Research Initiative Centers Program.
7062	(1) (a) The Utah Science Technology and Research Initiative (USTAR) Centers
7063	Program is created to provide a financial incentive for [local education] <u>LEA governing</u> boards
7064	to adopt programs in respective charter schools and school districts that result in a more
7065	efficient use of human resources and capital facilities.
7066	(b) The potential benefits of the program include:
7067	(i) increased compensation for math and science teachers by providing opportunities
7068	for an expanded contract year which will enhance school districts' and charter schools' ability to
7069	attract and retain talented and highly qualified math and science teachers;
7070	(ii) increased capacity of school buildings by using buildings more hours of the day or
7071	more days of the year, resulting in reduced capital facilities costs;
7072	(iii) decreased class sizes created by expanding the number of instructional
7073	opportunities in a year;
7074	(iv) opportunities for earlier high school graduation;
7075	(v) improved student college preparation;
7076	(vi) increased opportunities to offer additional remedial and advanced courses in math
7077	and science;
7078	(vii) opportunities to coordinate high school and post-secondary math and science
7079	education; and
7080	(viii) the creation or improvement of science, technology, engineering, and math
7081	centers (STEM Centers).

7082	(2) From money appropriated for the USTAR Centers Program, the [State Board of
7083	Education] state board shall award grants to charter schools and school districts to pay for costs
7084	related to the adoption and implementation of the program.
7085	(3) The [State Board of Education] state board shall:
7086	(a) solicit proposals from the State Charter School Board and local school boards for
7087	the use of grant money to facilitate the adoption and implementation of the program; and
7088	(b) award grants on a competitive basis.
7089	(4) The State Charter School Board shall:
7090	(a) solicit proposals from charter school governing boards that may be interested in
7091	participating in the USTAR Centers Program;
7092	(b) prioritize and consolidate the proposals into the equivalent of a single school
7093	district request; and
7094	(c) submit the consolidated request to the [State Board of Education] state board.
7095	(5) In selecting a grant recipient, the [State Board of Education] state board shall
7096	consider:
7097	(a) the degree to which a charter school or school district's proposed adoption and
7098	implementation of an extended year for math and science teachers achieves the benefits
7099	described in Subsection (1);
7100	(b) the unique circumstances of different urban, rural, large, small, growing, and
7101	declining charter schools and school districts; and
7102	(c) providing pilot programs in as many different school districts and charter schools as
7103	possible.
7104	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a school district or charter school may
7105	only use grant money to provide full year teacher contracts, part-time teacher contract
7106	extensions, or combinations of both, for math and science teachers.
7107	(b) Up to 5% of the grant money may be used to fund math and science field trips,
7108	textbooks, and supplies.

(7) Participation in the USTAR Centers Program shall be:

7110	(a) voluntary for an individual teacher; and
7111	(b) voluntary for a charter school or school district.
7112	Section 208. Section 53F-2-506 is amended to read:
7113	53F-2-506. Beverley Taylor Sorenson Elementary Arts Learning Program.
7114	(1) As used in this section:
7115	(a) "Endowed chair" means a person who holds an endowed position or administrator
7116	of an endowed program for the purpose of arts and integrated arts instruction at an endowed
7117	university.
7118	(b) "Endowed university" means an institution of higher education in the state that:
7119	(i) awards elementary education degrees in arts instruction;
7120	(ii) has received a major philanthropic donation for the purpose of arts and integrated
7121	arts instruction; and
7122	(iii) has created an endowed position as a result of a donation described in Subsection
7123	(1)(b)(ii).
7124	(c) "Integrated arts advocate" means a person who:
7125	(i) advocates for arts and integrated arts instruction in the state; and
7126	(ii) coordinates with an endowed chair pursuant to the agreement creating the endowed
7127	chair.
7128	[(d) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means:]
7129	[(i) a school district;]
7130	[(ii) a charter school; or]
7131	[(iii) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.]
7132	(2) The Legislature finds that a strategic placement of arts in elementary education can
7133	impact the critical thinking of students in other core subject areas, including mathematics,
7134	reading, and science.
7135	(3) The Beverley Taylor Sorenson Elementary Arts Learning Program is created to
7136	enhance the social, emotional, academic, and arts learning of students in kindergarten through
7137	grade [six] 6 by integrating arts teaching and learning into core subject areas and providing

7138 professional development for positions that support elementary arts and integrated arts 7139 education. 7140 (4) From money appropriated for the Beverley Taylor Sorenson Elementary Arts 7141 Learning Program, and subject to Subsection (5), the [State Board of Education] state board 7142 shall, after consulting with endowed chairs and the integrated arts advocate and receiving their 7143 recommendations, administer a grant program to enable LEAs to: 7144 (a) hire highly qualified arts specialists, art coordinators, and other positions that 7145 support arts education and arts integration; 7146 (b) provide up to \$10,000 in one-time funds for each new school arts specialist 7147 described under Subsection (4)(a) to purchase supplies and equipment; and 7148 (c) engage in other activities that improve the quantity and quality of integrated arts education. 7149 7150 (5) (a) An LEA that receives a grant under Subsection (4) shall provide matching funds 7151 of no less than 20% of the grant amount, including no less than 20% of the grant amount for 7152 actual salary and benefit costs per full-time equivalent position funded under Subsection (4)(a). 7153 (b) An LEA may not: (i) include administrative, facility, or capital costs to provide the matching funds 7154 7155 required under Subsection (5)(a); or 7156 (ii) use funds from the Beverley Taylor Sorenson Elementary Arts Learning Program to 7157 supplant funds for existing programs. 7158 (6) An LEA that receives a grant under this section shall partner with an endowed chair to provide professional development in integrated elementary arts education. 7159 7160 (7) From money appropriated for the Beverley Taylor Sorenson Elementary Arts

Learning Program, the [State Board of Education] state board shall administer a grant program to fund activities within arts and the integrated arts programs at an endowed university in the college where the endowed chair resides to:

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(a) provide high quality professional development in elementary integrated arts education in accordance with the professional learning standards in Section 53G-11-303 to

7166	LEAs that receive a grant under Subsection (4);
7167	(b) design and conduct research on:
7168	(i) elementary integrated arts education and instruction;
7169	(ii) implementation and evaluation of the Beverley Taylor Sorenson Elementary Arts
7170	Learning Program; and
7171	(iii) effectiveness of the professional development under Subsection (7)(a); and
7172	(c) provide the public with integrated elementary arts education resources.
7173	(8) The [State Board of Education] state board shall make rules [in accordance with
7174	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,] to administer the Beverley Taylor
7175	Sorenson Elementary Arts Learning Program.
7176	Section 209. Section <b>53F-2-507</b> is amended to read:
7177	53F-2-507. Enhanced kindergarten early intervention program.
7178	(1) The [State Board of Education] state board shall, as described in Subsection (4),
7179	distribute funds appropriated under this section for an enhanced kindergarten program
7180	described in Subsection (2), to school districts and charter schools that apply for the funds.
7181	(2) [A local education] An LEA governing board shall use funds appropriated in this
7182	section for a school district or charter school to offer an early intervention program, delivered
7183	through an enhanced kindergarten program that:
7184	(a) is an academic program focused on building age-appropriate literacy and numeracy
7185	skills;
7186	(b) uses an evidence-based early intervention model;
7187	(c) is targeted to at-risk students; and
7188	(d) is delivered through additional hours or other means.
7189	(3) [A local education] An LEA governing board may not require a student to
7190	participate in an enhanced kindergarten program described in Subsection (2).
7191	(4) The [State Board of Education] state board shall distribute funds appropriated
7192	under this section for an enhanced kindergarten program described in Subsection (2) as
7193	follows:

/194	(a) (1) the total allocation for charter schools shall be calculated by:
7195	(A) dividing the number of charter school students by the total number of students in
7196	the public education system in the prior school year; and
7197	(B) multiplying the resulting percentage by the total amount of available funds; and
7198	(ii) the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(a) shall be distributed to charter
7199	schools with the greatest need for an enhanced kindergarten program, as determined by the
7200	[State Board of Education] state board in consultation with the State Charter School Board;
7201	(b) each school district shall receive the amount calculated by:
7202	(i) multiplying the value of the weighted pupil unit by 0.45; and
7203	(ii) multiplying the result by 20; and
7204	(c) the remaining funds, after the allocations described in Subsections (4)(a) and (4)(b)
7205	are made, shall be distributed to applicant school districts by:
7206	(i) determining the number of students eligible to receive free lunch in the prior school
7207	year for each school district; and
7208	(ii) prorating the remaining funds based on the number of students eligible to receive
7209	free lunch in each school district.
7210	Section 210. Section 53F-2-508 is amended to read:
7211	53F-2-508. Student Leadership Skills Development Program.
7212	(1) For purposes of this section[: (a) "Board" means the State Board of Education . (b)
7213	"Program"], "program" means the Student Leadership Skills Development Program created in
7214	Subsection (2).
7215	(2) There is created the Student Leadership Skills Development Program to develop
7216	student behaviors and skills that enhance a school's learning environment and are vital for
7217	success in a career, including:
7218	(a) communication skills;
7219	(b) teamwork skills;
7220	(c) interpersonal skills;
7221	(d) initiative and self-motivation;

(e) goal setting skills;
(f) problem solving skills; and
(g) creativity.
(3) (a) The state board shall administer the program and award grants to elementary
schools that apply for a grant on a competitive basis.
(b) The state board may award a grant of:
(i) up to \$10,000 per school for the first year a school participates in the program; and
(ii) up to \$20,000 per school for subsequent years a school participates in the program.
(c) (i) After awarding a grant to a school for a particular year, the state board may not
change the grant amount awarded to the school for that year.
(ii) The state board may award a school a different amount in subsequent years.
(4) An elementary school may participate in the program established under this section
in accordance with [State Board of Education rules, made in accordance with Title 63G,
Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act] state board rules.
(5) In selecting elementary schools to participate in the program, the <u>state</u> board shall:
(a) require a school in the first year the school participates in the program to provide
matching funds or an in-kind contribution of goods or services in an amount equal to the grant
the school receives from the state board;
(b) require a school to participate in the program for two years; and
(c) give preference to Title I schools or schools in need of academic improvement.
(6) The <u>state</u> board shall make the following information related to the grants described
in Subsection (3) publicly available on the <u>state</u> board's website:
(a) reimbursement procedures that clearly define how a school may spend grant money
and how the state board will reimburse the school;
(b) the period of time a school is permitted to spend grant money;
(c) criteria for selecting a school to receive a grant; and
(d) a list of schools that receive a grant and the amount of each school's grant.

(7) A school that receives a grant described in Subsection (3) shall:

7250	(a) (i) set school-wide goals for the school's student leadership skills development
7251	program; and
7252	(ii) require each student to set personal goals; and
7253	(b) provide the following to the state board after the first school year of implementation
7254	of the program:
7255	(i) evidence that the grant money was used for the purpose of purchasing or developing
7256	the school's own student leadership skills development program; and
7257	(ii) a report on the effectiveness and impact of the school's student leadership skills
7258	development program on student behavior and academic results as measured by:
7259	(A) a reduction in truancy;
7260	(B) assessments of academic achievement;
7261	(C) a reduction in incidents of student misconduct or disciplinary actions; and
7262	(D) the achievement of school-wide goals and students' personal goals.
7263	(8) After participating in the program for two years, a school may not receive
7264	additional grant money in subsequent years if the school fails to demonstrate an improvement
7265	in student behavior and academic achievement as measured by the data reported under
7266	Subsection (7)(b).
7267	(9) (a) The state board shall make a report on the program to the Education Interim
7268	Committee by the committee's October 2016 meeting.
7269	(b) The report shall include an evaluation of the program's success in enhancing a
7270	school's learning environment and improving academic achievement.
7271	Section 211. Section 53F-2-509 is amended to read:
7272	53F-2-509. Grants for field trips to the State Capitol.
7273	(1) The [State Board of Education] state board may award grants to school districts and
7274	charter schools to take students on field trips to the State Capitol.
7275	(2) Grant money may be used to pay for transportation expenses related to a field trip
7276	to the State Capitol.
7277	(3) The [State Board of Education] state board shall make rules:

/2/8	(a) establishing procedures for applying for and awarding grants; and
7279	(b) specifying how grant money shall be allocated among school districts and charter
7280	schools.
7281	Section 212. Section <b>53F-2-510</b> is amended to read:
7282	53F-2-510. Digital Teaching and Learning Grant Program.
7283	(1) As used in this section:
7284	(a) "Advisory committee" means the committee established by the state board under
7285	Subsection (9)(b).
7286	[(b) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
7287	[(c)] (b) "Digital readiness assessment" means an assessment provided by the state
7288	board that:
7289	(i) is completed by an LEA analyzing an LEA's readiness to incorporate comprehensive
7290	digital teaching and learning; and
7291	(ii) informs the preparation of an LEA's plan for incorporating comprehensive digital
7292	teaching and learning.
7293	[(d)] (c) "High quality professional learning" means the professional learning standards
7294	described in Section 53G-11-303.
7295	[(e)] (d) "Implementation assessment" means an assessment that analyzes an LEA's
7296	implementation of an LEA plan, including identifying areas for improvement, obstacles to
7297	implementation, progress toward the achievement of stated goals, and recommendations going
7298	forward.
7299	[(f)] (e) "LEA plan" means an LEA's plan to implement a digital teaching and learning
7300	program that meets the requirements of this section and requirements set forth by the state
7301	board and the advisory committee.
7302	[(g) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means:]
7303	[(i) a school district;]
7304	[(ii) a charter school; or]
7305	[(iii) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.]

7306	[(h)] (f) "Program" means the Digital Teaching and Learning Grant Program created
7307	and described in Subsections (8) through (13).
7308	[(i)] (g) "Utah Education and Telehealth Network" or "UETN" means the Utah
7309	Education and Telehealth Network created in Section 53B-17-105.
7310	(2) (a) The state board shall establish a digital teaching and learning task force to
7311	develop a funding proposal to present to the Legislature for digital teaching and learning in
7312	elementary and secondary schools.
7313	(b) The digital teaching and learning task force shall include representatives of:
7314	(i) the state board;
7315	(ii) UETN;
7316	(iii) LEAs; and
7317	(iv) the Governor's Education Excellence Commission.
7318	(3) (a) The state board, in consultation with the digital teaching and learning task force
7319	created in Subsection (2), shall create a funding proposal for a statewide digital teaching and
7320	learning program designed to:
7321	(i) improve student outcomes through the use of digital teaching and learning
7322	technology; and
7323	(ii) provide high quality professional learning for educators to improve student
7324	outcomes through the use of digital teaching and learning technology.
7325	(b) The <u>state</u> board shall:
7326	(i) identify outcome based metrics to measure student achievement related to a digital
7327	teaching and learning program; and
7328	(ii) develop minimum benchmark standards for student achievement and school level
7329	outcomes to measure successful implementation of a digital teaching and learning program.
7330	(4) As funding allows, the state board shall develop a master plan for a statewide
7331	digital teaching and learning program, including the following:
7332	(a) a statement of purpose that describes the objectives or goals the state board will
7333	accomplish by implementing a digital teaching and learning program:

7334	(b) a forecast for fundamental components needed to implement a digital teaching and
7335	learning program, including a forecast for:
7336	(i) student and teacher devices;
7337	(ii) Wi-Fi and wireless compatible technology;
7338	(iii) curriculum software;
7339	(iv) assessment solutions;
7340	(v) technical support;
7341	(vi) change management of LEAs;
7342	(vii) high quality professional learning;
7343	(viii) Internet delivery and capacity; and
7344	(ix) security and privacy of users;
7345	(c) a determination of the requirements for:
7346	(i) statewide technology infrastructure; and
7347	(ii) local LEA technology infrastructure;
7348	(d) standards for high quality professional learning related to implementing and
7349	maintaining a digital teaching and learning program;
7350	(e) a statewide technical support plan that will guide the implementation and
7351	maintenance of a digital teaching and learning program, including standards and competency
7352	requirements for technical support personnel;
7353	(f) (i) a grant program for LEAs; or
7354	(ii) a distribution formula to fund LEA digital teaching and learning programs;
7355	(g) in consultation with UETN, an inventory of the state public education system's
7356	current technology resources and other items and a plan to integrate those resources into a
7357	digital teaching and learning program;
7358	(h) an ongoing evaluation process that is overseen by the state board;
7359	(i) proposed rules that incorporate the principles of the master plan into the state's
7360	public education system as a whole; and
7361	(j) a plan to ensure long-term sustainability that:

7362	(i) accounts for the financial impacts of a digital teaching and learning program; and
7363	(ii) facilitates the redirection of LEA savings that arise from implementing a digital
7364	teaching and learning program.
7365	(5) UETN shall:
7366	(a) in consultation with the <u>state</u> board, conduct an inventory of the state public
7367	education system's current technology resources and other items as determined by UETN,
7368	including software;
7369	(b) perform an engineering study to determine the technology infrastructure needs of
7370	the public education system to implement a digital teaching and learning program, including
7371	the infrastructure needed for the state board, UETN, and LEAs; and
7372	(c) as funding allows, provide infrastructure and technology support for school districts
7373	and charter schools.
7374	(6) On or before December 1, 2015, the state board and UETN shall present the
7375	funding proposal for a statewide digital teaching and learning program described in Subsection
7376	(3) to the Education Interim Committee and the Executive Appropriations Committee,
7377	including:
7378	(a) the state board's progress on the development of a master plan described in
7379	Subsection (4); and
7380	(b) the progress of UETN on the inventory and study described in Subsection (5).
7381	(7) Beginning July 1, 2016, and ending July 1, 2021, each LEA, including each school
7382	within an LEA, shall annually complete a digital readiness assessment.
7383	(8) There is created the Digital Teaching and Learning Grant Program to improve
7384	educational outcomes in public schools by effectively incorporating comprehensive digital
7385	teaching and learning technology.
7386	(9) The <u>state</u> board shall:
7387	(a) [in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,]
7388	adopt rules for the administration of the program, including rules requiring:

(i) an LEA plan to include measures to ensure that the LEA monitors and implements

7390	technology with best practices, including the recommended use for effectiveness;
7391	(ii) an LEA plan to include robust goals for learning outcomes and appropriate
7392	measurements of goal achievement;
7393	(iii) an LEA to demonstrate that the LEA plan can be fully funded by grant funds or a
7394	combination of grant and local funds; and
7395	(iv) an LEA to report on funds from expenses previous to the implementation of the
7396	LEA plan that the LEA has redirected after implementation;
7397	(b) establish an advisory committee to make recommendations on the program and
7398	LEA plan requirements and report to the state board; and
7399	(c) in accordance with this section, approve LEA plans and award grants.
7400	(10) (a) The state board shall, subject to legislative appropriations, award a grant to an
7401	LEA:
7402	(i) that submits an LEA plan that meets the requirements described in Subsection (11);
7403	and
7404	(ii) for which the LEA's leadership and management members have completed a digital
7405	teaching and learning leadership and implementation training as provided in Subsection
7406	(10)(b).
7407	(b) The <u>state</u> board or its designee shall provide the training described in Subsection
7408	(10)(a)(ii).
7409	(11) The <u>state</u> board shall establish requirements of an LEA plan that shall include:
7410	(a) the results of the LEA's digital readiness assessment and a proposal to remedy an
7411	obstacle to implementation or other issues identified in the assessment;
7412	(b) a proposal to provide high quality professional learning for educators in the use of
7413	digital teaching and learning technology;
7414	(c) a proposal for leadership training and management restructuring, if necessary, for
7415	successful implementation;
7416	(d) clearly identified targets for improved student achievement, student learning, and

college readiness through digital teaching and learning; and

7418	(e) any other requirement established by the state board in rule [in accordance with
7419	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act], including an application process
7420	and metrics to analyze the quality of a proposed LEA plan.
7421	(12) The <u>state</u> board or the <u>state</u> board's designee shall establish an interactive
7422	dashboard available to each LEA that is awarded a grant for the LEA to track and report the
7423	LEA's long-term, intermediate, and direct outcomes in realtime and for the LEA to use to
7424	create customized reports.
7425	(13) (a) There is no federal funding, federal requirement, federal education agreement,
7426	or national program included or related to this state adopted program.
7427	(b) Any inclusion of federal funding, federal requirement, federal education agreement,
7428	or national program shall require separate express approval as provided in Title 53E, Chapter 3,
7429	Part 8, Implementing Federal or National Education Programs.
7430	(14) (a) An LEA that receives a grant as part of the program shall:
7431	(i) subject to Subsection (14)(b), complete an implementation assessment for each year
7432	that the LEA is expending grant money; and
7433	(ii) (A) report the findings of the implementation assessment to the state board; and
7434	(B) submit to the <u>state</u> board a plan to resolve issues raised in the implementation
7435	assessment.
7436	(b) Each school within the LEA shall:
7437	(i) complete an implementation assessment; and
7438	(ii) submit a compilation report that meets the requirements described in Subsections
7439	(14)(a)(ii)(A) and (B).
7440	(15) The <u>state</u> board or the <u>state</u> board's designee shall review an implementation
7441	assessment and review each participating LEA's progress from the previous year, as applicable.
7442	(16) The <u>state</u> board shall establish interventions for an LEA that does not make
7443	progress on implementation of the LEA's implementation plan, including:
7444	(a) nonrenewal of, or time period extensions for, the LEA's grant;
7445	(b) reduction of funds; or

7446	(c) other interventions to assist the LEA.
7447	(17) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, the state board
7448	shall contract with an independent evaluator to:
7449	(a) annually evaluate statewide direct and intermediate outcomes beginning the first
7450	year that grants are awarded, including baseline data collection for long-term outcomes;
7451	(b) in the fourth year after a grant is awarded, and each year thereafter, evaluate
7452	statewide long-term outcomes; and
7453	(c) report on the information described in Subsections (17)(a) and (b) to the state
7454	board.
7455	(18) (a) To implement an LEA plan, a contract, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
7456	6a, Utah Procurement Code, or other agreement with one or more providers of technology
7457	powered learning solutions and one or more providers of wireless networking solutions may be
7458	entered into by:
7459	(i) UETN, in cooperation with or on behalf of, as applicable, the <u>state</u> board, the <u>state</u>
7460	board's designee, or an LEA; or
7461	(ii) an LEA.
7462	(b) A contract or agreement entered into under Subsection (18)(a) may be a contract or
7463	agreement that:
7464	(i) UETN enters into with a provider and payment for services is directly appropriated
7465	by the Legislature, as funds are available, to UETN;
7466	(ii) UETN enters into with a provider and pays for the provider's services and is
7467	reimbursed for payments by an LEA that benefits from the services;
7468	(iii) UETN negotiates the terms of on behalf of an LEA that enters into the contract or
7469	agreement directly with the provider and the LEA pays directly for the provider's services; or
7470	(iv) an LEA enters into directly, pays a provider, and receives preapproved
7471	reimbursement from a UETN fund established for this purpose.

(c) If an LEA does not reimburse UETN in a reasonable time for services received

under a contract or agreement described in Subsection (18)(b), the state board shall pay the

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7474	balance due to UETN from the LEA's funds received under Title 53F, Chapter 2, State Funding
7475	Minimum School Program.
7476	(d) If UETN negotiates or enters into an agreement as described in Subsection
7477	(18)(b)(ii) or (18)(b)(iii), and UETN enters into an additional agreement with an LEA that is
7478	associated with the agreement described in Subsection (18)(b)(ii) or (18)(b)(iii), the associated
7479	agreement may be treated by UETN and the LEA as a cooperative procurement, as that term is
7480	defined in Section 63G-6a-103, regardless of whether the associated agreement satisfies the
7481	requirements of Section 63G-6a-2105.
7482	Section 213. Section <b>53F-2-511</b> is amended to read:
7483	53F-2-511. Reimbursement Program for Early Graduation From
7484	Competency-Based Education.
7485	(1) As used in this section:
7486	[(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
7487	[(b)] (a) "Cohort" means a group of students, defined by the year in which the group
7488	enters grade 9.
7489	[(c)] (b) "Eligible LEA" means an LEA that has demonstrated to the state board that
7490	the LEA or, for a school district, a school within the LEA, provides and facilitates
7491	competency-based education that:
7492	(i) is based on the core principles described in Section 53F-5-502; and
7493	(ii) meets other criteria established by the state board in rule.
7494	[(d)] (c) "Eligible student" means an individual who:
7495	(i) attended an eligible LEA and graduated by completing graduation requirements, as
7496	described in Section 53E-4-204, earlier than that individual's cohort completed graduation
7497	requirements because of the individual's participation in the eligible LEA's competency-based
7498	education;
7499	(ii) no longer attends the eligible LEA; and
7500	(iii) is not included in the LEA's average daily membership under this chapter.
7501	[(e) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means:]

7502	[(i) a school district;]
7503	[(ii) a charter school; or]
7504	[(iii) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.]
7505	[(f)] (d) "Partial pupil" means if an eligible student attends less than a full year of
7506	membership, the number of days the student was in membership compared to a full
7507	membership year.
7508	[(g)] (e) "Program" means the Reimbursement Program for Early Graduation From
7509	Competency-Based Education established in this section.
7510	(2) (a) There is established the Reimbursement Program for Early Graduation From
7511	Competency-Based Education.
7512	(b) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature may annually appropriate
7513	money to the Reimbursement Program for Early Graduation From Competency-Based
7514	Education.
7515	(3) An LEA may apply to the state board to receive a reimbursement, as described in
7516	Subsection (5), for an eligible student.
7517	(4) The <u>state</u> board shall approve a reimbursement to an LEA after the LEA
7518	demonstrates:
7519	(a) that the LEA is an eligible LEA; and
7520	(b) that the individual for whom the eligible LEA requests reimbursement is an eligible
7521	student.
7522	(5) (a) For each eligible student, the <u>state</u> board shall only reimburse an eligible LEA:
7523	(i) if the eligible student attended the eligible LEA for less than a full school year
7524	before the eligible student's cohort graduated, up to the value of one weighted pupil unit pro
7525	rated based on the difference between:
7526	(A) the number of days of partial pupil in average daily membership earned by the
7527	eligible LEA while the eligible student was still in attendance; and
7528	(B) a full pupil in average daily membership; and
7529	(ii) the value of one weighted pupil unit for each full school year the eligible student

7530	graduated ahead of the eligible student's cohort.
7531	(b) The <u>state</u> board shall:
7532	(i) use data from the prior year average daily membership to determine the number of
7533	eligible students; and
7534	(ii) reimburse the eligible LEA in the current school year.
7535	(6) The state board shall [in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
7536	Administrative Rulemaking Act, adopt rules to administer the provisions of this section.
7537	Section 214. Section 53F-2-512 is amended to read:
7538	53F-2-512. Appropriation for accommodation plans for students with Section 504
7539	accommodations.
7540	[(1) As used in this section:]
7541	[(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
7542	[(b) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means:]
7543	[(i) a school district;]
7544	[(ii) a charter school; or]
7545	[(iii) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.]
7546	[(c) "Section 504 accommodation plan" means an accommodation plan under Section
7547	504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 701 et seq.]
7548	[(2)] (1) (a) The state board shall make rules[, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
7549	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,] that establish a reimbursement program that:
7550	(i) distributes any money appropriated to the <u>state</u> board for Special Education
7551	Section 504 Accommodations;
7552	(ii) allows an LEA to apply for reimbursement of the costs of services that:
7553	(A) an LEA renders to a student with a Section 504 accommodation plan; and
7554	(B) exceed 150% of the average cost of a general education student; and
7555	(iii) provides for a pro-rated reimbursement based on the amount of reimbursement
7556	applications received during a given fiscal year and the amount of money appropriated to the
7557	state board that fiscal year.

7558	(b) Beginning with the 2018-19 school year, the state board shall allocate money
7559	appropriated to the state board for Special Education Section 504 Accommodations in
7560	accordance with the rules described in Subsection $[(2)]$ (1)(a).
7561	[(3)] (2) On or before January 30, 2018, the state board shall report to the Public
7562	Education Appropriations Subcommittee:
7563	(a) information collected regarding the number of students who qualify for a Section
7564	504 accommodation plan; and
7565	(b) if available, the estimated financial impact of providing Section 504
7566	accommodation services to the number of students described in Subsection [ $\frac{(3)}{(2)}$ ] $\frac{(2)}{(a)}$ .
7567	Section 215. Section 53F-2-513 is amended to read:
7568	53F-2-513. Effective Teachers in High Poverty Schools Incentive Program
7569	Salary bonus Evaluation.
7570	(1) As used in this section:
7571	[(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
7572	[(b)] (a) "Cohort" means a group of students, defined by the year in which the group
7573	enters grade 1.
7574	[ <del>(c)</del> ] <u>(b)</u> "Eligible teacher" means a teacher who:
7575	(i) is employed as a teacher in a high poverty school at the time the teacher is
7576	considered by the state board for a salary bonus; and
7577	(ii) achieves a median growth percentile of 70 or higher:
7578	(A) a full school year before the school year the eligible teacher is being considered by
7579	the state board for a salary bonus under this section, regardless of whether the teacher was
7580	employed the previous school year by a high poverty school or a different public school; and
7581	(B) while teaching at any public school in the state a course for which a standards
7582	assessment is administered as described in Section 53E-4-303.
7583	[(d)] (c) "High poverty school" means a public school:
7584	(i) in which:
7585	(A) more than 20% of the enrolled students are classified as children affected by

7586	intergenerational poverty; or
7587	(B) 70% or more of the enrolled students qualify for free or reduced lunch; or
7588	(ii) (A) that has previously met the criteria described in Subsection (1)[(d)](c)(i)(A)
7589	and for each school year since meeting that criteria at least 15% of the enrolled students at the
7590	public school have been classified as children affected by intergenerational poverty; or
7591	(B) that has previously met the criteria described in Subsection $(1)[\frac{d}{d}](c)(i)(B)$ and for
7592	each school year since meeting that criteria at least 60% of the enrolled students at the public
7593	school have qualified for free or reduced lunch.
7594	[(e)] (d) "Intergenerational poverty" means the same as that term is defined in Section
7595	35A-9-102.
7596	[(f)] (e) "Median growth percentile" means a number that describes the comparative
7597	effectiveness of a teacher in helping the teacher's students achieve growth in a year by
7598	identifying the median student growth percentile of all the students a teacher instructs.
7599	[(g)] (f) "Program" means the Effective Teachers in High Poverty Schools Incentive
7600	Program created in Subsection (2).
7601	[(h)] (g) "Student growth percentile" is a number that describes where a student ranks
7602	in comparison to the student's cohort.
7603	(2) (a) The Effective Teachers in High Poverty Schools Incentive Program is created to
7604	provide an annual salary bonus for an eligible teacher.
7605	(b) The state board shall[, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
7606	Administrative Rulemaking Act,] make rules for:
7607	(i) the administration of the program;
7608	(ii) payment of a salary bonus; and
7609	(iii) application requirements.
7610	(c) The state board shall make an annual salary bonus payment in a fiscal year that
7611	begins on July 1, 2017, and each fiscal year thereafter in which money is appropriated for the
7612	program.
7613	(3) (a) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall annually appropriate

- money to fund the program.

  (b) Money appropriated for the program shall include money for the following employer-paid benefits:
  - (i) social security; and
- 7618 (ii) Medicare.

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- 7619 (4) (a) (i) A charter school or school district school shall annually apply to the <u>state</u>
  7620 board on behalf of an eligible teacher for an eligible teacher to receive an annual salary bonus
  7621 each year that the teacher is an eligible teacher.
- 7622 (ii) A teacher need not be an eligible teacher in consecutive years to receive the 7623 increased annual salary bonus described in Subsection (4)(b).
  - (b) The annual salary bonus for an eligible teacher is \$5,000.
  - (c) A public school that applies on behalf of an eligible teacher under Subsection (4)(a)(i) shall pay half of the salary bonus described in Subsection (4)(b) each year the eligible teacher is awarded the salary bonus.
  - (d) The <u>state</u> board shall award a salary bonus to an eligible teacher based on the order that an application from a public school on behalf of the eligible teacher is received.
- 7630 (5) The state board shall:
  - (a) determine if a teacher is an eligible teacher; and
- 7632 (b) verify, as needed, the determinations made under Subsection (5)(a) with the school district and school district administrators.
  - (6) The state board shall:
    - (a) distribute money from the program to school districts and charter schools in accordance with this section and state board rule; and
  - (b) include the employer-paid benefits described in Subsection (3)(b) in addition to the salary bonus amount described in Subsection (4)(b).
  - (7) Money received from the program shall be used by a school district or charter school to provide an annual salary bonus equal to the amount specified in Subsection (4)(b) for each eligible teacher and to pay affiliated employer-paid benefits described in Subsection

H.B. 27 **Enrolled Copy** 7642 (3)(b). 7643 (8) (a) After the third year salary bonus payments are made, and each succeeding year, 7644 the state board shall evaluate the extent to which a salary bonus described in this section 7645 improves recruitment and retention of effective teachers in high poverty schools by at least: 7646 (i) surveying teachers who receive the salary bonus; and 7647 (ii) examining turnover rates of teachers who receive the salary bonus compared to 7648 teachers who do not receive the salary bonus. 7649 (b) Each year that the state board conducts an evaluation described in Subsection 7650 (8)(a), the state board shall, in accordance with Section 68-3-14, submit a report on the results 7651 of the evaluation to the Education Interim Committee on or before November 30. 7652 (9) A public school shall annually notify a teacher: 7653 (a) of the teacher's median growth percentile; and 7654 (b) how the teacher's median growth percentile is calculated. (10) Notwithstanding this section, if the appropriation for the program is insufficient to 7655 cover the costs associated with salary bonuses, the state board may limit or reduce a salary 7656 7657 bonus. 7658 Section 216. Section 53F-2-514 is amended to read: 7659 53F-2-514. Job enhancements for mathematics, science, technology, and special 7660 education training. 7661 (1) As used in this section, "special education teacher" includes occupational therapist. (2) The Public Education Job Enhancement Program is established to attract, train, and 7662 retain highly qualified: 7663 (a) secondary teachers with expertise in mathematics, physics, chemistry, physical

- 7664 7665 science, learning technology, or information technology;
  - (b) special education teachers; and

- 7667 (c) teachers in grades [four] 4 through [six] 6 with mathematics endorsements.
- 7668 (3) The program shall provide for the following:
- 7669 (a) application by a school district superintendent or the principal of a school on behalf

7670	of a	qua	lified	teacher;

(b) an award of up to \$20,000 or a scholarship to cover the tuition costs for a master's degree, an endorsement, or graduate education in the areas identified in Subsection (2) to be given to selected public school teachers on a competitive basis:

- (i) whose applications are approved; and
- (ii) who teach in the state's public education system for four years in the areas identified in Subsection (2);
- (c) (i) as to the cash awards under Subsection (3)(b), payment of the award in two installments, with an initial payment of up to \$10,000 at the beginning of the term and up to \$10,000 at the conclusion of the term;
- (ii) repayment of a portion of the initial payment by the teacher if the teacher fails to complete two years of the four-year teaching term in the areas identified in Subsection (2) as provided by rule of the [State Board of Education in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act] state board, unless waived for good cause by the [State Board of Education] state board; and
- (iii) nonpayment of the second installment if the teacher fails to complete the four-year teaching term; and
- (d) (i) as to the scholarships awarded under Subsection (3)(b), provision for the providing institution to certify adequate performance in obtaining the master's degree, endorsement, or graduate education in order for the teacher to maintain the scholarship; and
- (ii) repayment by the teacher of a prorated portion of the scholarship, if the teacher fails to complete the authorized classes or program or to teach in the state system of public education in the areas identified in Subsection (2) for four years after obtaining the master's degree, the endorsement, or graduate education.
- (4) An individual teaching in the public schools under a letter of authorization may participate in the cash award program if:
- 7696 (a) the individual has taught under the letter of authorization for at least one year in the 7697 areas referred to in Subsection (2); and

(b) the application made under Subsection (3)(a) is based in large part upon the individual receiving a superior evaluation as a classroom teacher.

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- (5) (a) The program may provide for the expenditure of up to \$1,000,000 of available money, if at least an equal amount of matching money becomes available, to provide professional development training to superintendents, administrators, and principals in the effective use of technology in public schools.
- (b) An award granted under this Subsection (5) shall be made in accordance with criteria developed and adopted by the [State Board of Education and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act] state board in rule.
- (c) An amount up to \$120,000 of the \$1,000,000 authorized in Subsection (5)(a) may be expended, regardless of the matching money being available.
  - Section 217. Section 53F-2-517 is amended to read:

## 53F-2-517. Quality Teaching Block Grant Program -- State contributions.

- (1) The [State Board of Education] state board shall distribute money appropriated for the Quality Teaching Block Grant Program to school districts and charter schools according to a formula adopted by the [State Board of Education] state board, after consultation with [local education] LEA governing boards, that allocates the funding in a fair and equitable manner.
- (2) [Local education] LEA governing boards shall use Quality Teaching Block Grant money to implement professional learning that meets the standards specified in Section 53G-11-303.
- 7718 Section 218. Section **53F-2-518** is amended to read:
- 7719 53F-2-518. Appropriation for retirement and social security.
- 7720 (1) The employee's retirement contribution shall be 1% for employees who are under the state's contributory retirement program.
  - (2) The employer's contribution under the state's contributory retirement program is determined under Section 49-12-301, subject to the 1% contribution under Subsection (1).
- 7724 (3) (a) The employer-employee contribution rate for employees who are under the state's noncontributory retirement program is determined under Section 49-13-301.

(b) The same contribution rate used under Subsection (3)(a) shall be used to calculate the appropriation for charter schools described under Subsection (5).

- (4) (a) Money appropriated to the [State Board of Education] state board for retirement and social security money shall be allocated to school districts and charter schools based on a school district's or charter school's total weighted pupil units compared to the total weighted pupil units for all school districts and charter schools in the state.
- (b) Subject to budget constraints, money needed to support retirement and social security shall be determined by taking a school district's or charter school's prior year allocation and adjusting it for:
  - (i) student growth;

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- (ii) the percentage increase in the value of the weighted pupil unit; and
- (iii) the effect of any change in the rates for retirement, social security, or both.
- (5) A charter school governing board that makes an election of nonparticipation in the Utah State Retirement Systems in accordance with Section 53G-5-407 and Title 49, Utah State Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act, shall use the funds described under this section for retirement to provide the charter school's own compensation, benefit, and retirement programs.
- Section 219. Section **53F-2-519** is amended to read:
- 7743 **53F-2-519.** Appropriation for school nurses.
  - (1) The [State Board of Education] state board shall distribute money appropriated for school nurses to award grants to school districts and charter schools that:
    - (a) provide an equal amount of matching funds; and
  - (b) do not supplant other money used for school nurses.
    - (2) (a) A school district or charter school that is awarded a grant under this section shall require each school nurse employed by the school district or charter school to complete two hours of continuing nurse education on the emotional and mental health of students.
- 7751 (b) The continuing nurse education described in Subsection (2)(a) shall include training 7752 on:
- (i) the awareness of, screening for, and triaging to appropriate treatment for mental

//54	health problems;
7755	(ii) trauma-informed care;
7756	(iii) signs of mental illness;
7757	(iv) alcohol and substance abuse;
7758	(v) response to acute mental health crises; and
7759	(vi) suicide prevention, including information about the 24-hour availability of the
7760	School Safety and Crisis Line established under Section 53E-10-502.
7761	Section 220. Section 53F-2-601 is amended to read:
7762	53F-2-601. State guaranteed local levy increments Appropriation to increase
7763	number of guaranteed local levy increments No effect of change of minimum basic tax
7764	rate Voted and board local levy funding balance Use of guaranteed local levy
7765	increment funds.
7766	(1) As used in this section:
7767	(a) "Board local levy" means a local levy described in Section 53F-8-302.
7768	(b) "Guaranteed local levy increment" means a local levy increment guaranteed by the
7769	state:
7770	(i) for the board local levy, described in Subsections (2)(a)(ii)(A) and (2)(b)(ii)(B); or
7771	(ii) for the voted local levy, described in Subsections (2)(a)(ii)(B) and (2)(b)(ii)(A).
7772	(c) "Local levy increment" means .0001 per dollar of taxable value.
7773	(d) (i) "Voted and board local levy funding balance" means the difference between:
7774	(A) the amount appropriated for the guaranteed local levy increments in a fiscal year;
7775	and
7776	(B) the amount necessary to fund in the same fiscal year the guaranteed local levy
7777	increments as determined under this section.
7778	(ii) "Voted and board local levy funding balance" does not include appropriations
7779	described in Subsection (2)(b)(i).
7780	(e) "Voted local levy" means a local levy described in Section 53F-8-301.

(2) (a) (i) In addition to the revenue collected from the imposition of a voted local levy

or a board local levy, the state shall guarantee that a school district receives, subject to Subsections (2)(b)(ii)(C) and (3)(a), for each guaranteed local levy increment, an amount sufficient to guarantee for a fiscal year that begins on July 1, 2018, \$43.10 per weighted pupil unit.

- (ii) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii), the number of local levy increments that are subject to the guarantee amount described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) are:
- (A) for a board local levy, the first four local levy increments a local school board imposes under the board local levy; and
- (B) for a voted local levy, the first 16 local levy increments a local school board imposes under the voted local levy.
- (b) (i) Subject to future budget constraints and Subsection (2)(c), the Legislature shall annually appropriate money from the Local Levy Growth Account established in Section 53F-9-305 for purposes described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii).
- (ii) The [State Board of Education] state board shall, for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2018, and subject to Subsection (2)(c), allocate funds appropriated under Subsection (2)(b)(i) in the following order of priority by increasing:
- (A) by up to four increments the number of voted local levy guaranteed local levy increments above 16:
- (B) by up to 16 increments the number of board local levy guaranteed local levy increments above four; and
  - (C) the guaranteed amount described in Subsection (2)(a)(i).
- (c) The number of guaranteed local levy increments under this Subsection (2) for a school district may not exceed 20 guaranteed local levy increments, regardless of whether the guaranteed local levy increments are from the imposition of a voted local levy, a board local levy, or a combination of the two.
- 7807 (3) (a) The guarantee described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) is indexed each year to the value of the weighted pupil unit by making the value of the guarantee equal to .011962 times the value of the prior year's weighted pupil unit.

(b) The guarantee shall increase by .0005 times the value of the prior year's weighted pupil unit for each year subject to the Legislature appropriating funds for an increase in the guarantee.

(4) (a) The amount of state guarantee money that a school district would otherwise be

- (4) (a) The amount of state guarantee money that a school district would otherwise be entitled to receive under this section may not be reduced for the sole reason that the school district's board local levy or voted local levy is reduced as a consequence of changes in the certified tax rate under Section 59-2-924 pursuant to changes in property valuation.
- (b) Subsection (4)(a) applies for a period of five years following a change in the certified tax rate as described in Subsection (4)(a).
- (5) The guarantee provided under this section does not apply to the portion of a voted local levy rate that exceeds the voted local levy rate that was in effect for the previous fiscal year, unless an increase in the voted local levy rate was authorized in an election conducted on or after July 1 of the previous fiscal year and before December 2 of the previous fiscal year.
- (6) (a) If a voted and board local levy funding balance exists for the prior fiscal year, the [State Board of Education] state board shall:
- (i) use the voted and board local levy funding balance to increase the value of the state guarantee per weighted pupil unit described in Subsection (3)(a) in the current fiscal year; and
- (ii) distribute guaranteed local levy increment funds to school districts based on the increased value of the state guarantee per weighted pupil unit described in Subsection (6)(a)(i).
- (b) The [State Board of Education] state board shall report action taken under Subsection (6)(a) to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and the Governor's Office of Management and Budget.
- (7) A local school board of a school district that receives funds described in this section shall budget and expend the funds for public education purposes.
- 7834 Section 221. Section **53F-2-702** is amended to read:
- **53F-2-702.** Funding for charter schools.

7836 (1) Except as described in Section 53F-2-302, a charter school shall receive state funds, as applicable, on the same basis as a school district receives funds.

7838 (2) (a) As described in Section 53F-2-703, the [State Board of Education] state board shall distribute charter school levy per pupil revenues to charter schools.

- (b) As described in Section 53F-2-704, and subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall provide an appropriation for charter schools for each charter school student enrolled on October 1 to supplement the allocation of charter school levy per pupil revenues described in Subsection (2)(a).
- (3) Charter schools are eligible to receive federal funds if they meet all applicable federal requirements and comply with relevant federal regulations.
- (4) The [State Board of Education] state board shall distribute funds for charter school students directly to the charter school.
- (5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), a charter school is not eligible to receive state transportation funding.
- (b) The <u>state</u> board shall also adopt rules relating to the transportation of students to and from charter schools, taking into account Sections 53F-2-403 and 53G-6-405.
- (c) [The] A charter school governing board [of the charter school] may provide transportation through an agreement or contract with the local school board, a private provider, or parents.
- (6) (a) (i) In accordance with Section 53F-2-705, the State Charter School Board may allocate grants for start-up costs to charter schools from money appropriated for charter school start-up costs.
- (ii) The <u>charter school</u> governing board of a charter school that receives money from a grant under Section 53F-2-705 shall use the grant for expenses for planning and implementation of the charter school.
- (b) The [State Board of Education] state board shall coordinate the distribution of federal money appropriated to help fund costs for establishing and maintaining charter schools within the state.
- 7864 (7) (a) A charter school may receive, hold, manage and use any devise, bequest, grant, 7865 endowment, gift, or donation of any property made to the school for any of the purposes of

7866	Title 53G, Chapter 5, Charter Schools, or related provisions.
7867	(b) It is unlawful for any person affiliated with a charter school to demand or request
7868	any gift, donation, or contribution from a parent, teacher, employee, or other person affiliated
7869	with the charter school as a condition for employment or enrollment at the school or continued
7870	attendance at the school.
7871	Section 222. Section 53F-2-703 is amended to read:
7872	53F-2-703. Charter school levy.
7873	(1) As used in this section:
7874	[(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
7875	[(b)] (a) "Charter School Levy Account" means the Charter School Levy Account
7876	created in Section 53F-9-301.
7877	[(c)] (b) "Charter school levy per district revenues" means the product of:
7878	(i) a school district's district per pupil local revenues; and
7879	(ii) the number of charter school students in the school district who are resident
7880	students.
7881	[(d)] (c) "Charter school levy per pupil revenues" means an amount equal to the
7882	following:
7883	(i) charter school levy total local revenues for a given fiscal year, adjusted if necessary
7884	as described in Subsection (4); divided by
7885	(ii) the number of students enrolled in a charter school on October 1 of the prior school
7886	year.
7887	[(e)] (d) "Charter school levy revenues" means the charter school levy revenues
7888	generated by a charter school levy rate described in Subsection (2)(b)(i).
7889	$\left[\begin{array}{c} \hline{\text{(f)}} \end{array}\right]$ "Charter school levy total local revenues" means the sum of charter school levy
7890	per district revenues for every school district in the state for the same given fiscal year.
7891	[ <del>(g)</del> ] <u>(f)</u> "District per pupil local revenues" means the same as that term is defined in

 $[\frac{h}{g}]$  "Resident student" means the same as that term is defined in Section

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Section 53F-2-704.

7894 53F-2-704.

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- 7895 (2) (a) Beginning with the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2017, the state shall annually impose a charter school levy as described in this Subsection (2).
  - (b) (i) For each school district, before June 22, the State Tax Commission shall certify a rate for the charter school levy described in Subsection (2)(a) to generate an amount of revenue within a school district equal to 25% of the charter school levy per district revenues excluding the amount of revenues:
- 7901 (A) described in Subsection 53F-2-704(1)(c)(iv); and
  - (B) expended by the school district for recreational facilities and activities authorized under Title 11, Chapter 2, Playgrounds.
  - (ii) To calculate a charter school levy rate for a school district, the State Tax Commission shall use the calculation method described in Subsection 59-2-924(4).
    - (c) The charter school levy shall be separately stated on a tax notice.
  - (3) (a) A county treasurer shall collect the charter school levy revenues for all school districts located within the county treasurer's county and remit the money monthly to the state treasurer.
  - (b) The state treasurer shall deposit the charter school levy revenues received from a county treasurer into the Charter School Levy Account.
  - (4) (a) For each charter school student, the <u>state</u> board shall distribute the charter school per pupil levy revenues from the Charter School Levy Account to the student's charter school in accordance with this Subsection (4).
  - (b) For a given fiscal year, if the actual charter school levy total local revenues are more than the estimated charter school levy total local revenues the <u>state</u> board shall:
  - (i) deduct the amount of revenue that exceeds the estimated charter school levy total local revenues from the actual charter school levy total local revenues; and
    - (ii) use the remaining amount to calculate the charter school per pupil levy revenues.
- 7920 (c) For a given fiscal year, if the actual charter school total local revenues are less than 7921 the estimated charter school levy total local revenues, the state board shall:

7922	(i) if sufficient funds are available in the Charter School Levy Account, add an amount
7923	of funds from the Charter School Levy Account to the charter school levy total local revenues
7924	to equal the estimated charter school levy total local revenues; and
7925	(ii) if sufficient funds are not available in the Charter School Levy Account, calculate
7926	the charter school per pupil levy revenues using the actual amount of the charter school levy
7927	total local revenues.
7928	Section 223. Section <b>53F-2-704</b> is amended to read:
7929	53F-2-704. Charter school levy state guarantee.
7930	(1) As used in this section:
7931	(a) "Charter school levy per pupil revenues" means the same as that term is defined in
7932	Section 53F-2-703.
7933	(b) "Charter school students' average local revenues" means the amount determined as
7934	follows:
7935	(i) for each student enrolled in a charter school on the previous October 1, calculate the
7936	district per pupil local revenues of the school district in which the student resides;
7937	(ii) sum the district per pupil local revenues for each student enrolled in a charter
7938	school on the previous October 1; and
7939	(iii) divide the sum calculated under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) by the number of students
7940	enrolled in charter schools on the previous October 1.
7941	(c) "District local property tax revenues" means the sum of a school district's revenue
7942	received from the following:
7943	(i) a voted local levy imposed under Section 53F-8-301;
7944	(ii) a board local levy imposed under Section 53F-8-302, excluding revenues expended
7945	for:
7946	(A) pupil transportation, up to the amount of revenue generated by a .0003 per dollar of
7947	taxable value of the school district's board local levy; and
7948	(B) the Early Literacy Program described in Section 53F-2-503, up to the amount of
7949	revenue generated by a .000121 per dollar of taxable value of the school district's board local

7950	levy;
7951	(iii) a capital local levy imposed under Section 53F-8-303; and
7952	(iv) a guarantee described in Section 53F-2-601, 53F-3-202, or 53F-3-203.
7953	(d) "District per pupil local revenues" means, using data from the most recently
7954	published school district annual financial reports and state superintendent's annual report, an
7955	amount equal to district local property tax revenues divided by the sum of:
7956	(i) a school district's average daily membership; and
7957	(ii) the average daily membership of a school district's resident students who attend
7958	charter schools.
7959	(e) "Resident student" means a student who is considered a resident of the school
7960	district under Title 53G, Chapter 6, Part 3, School District Residency.
7961	(f) "Statewide average debt service revenues" means the amount determined as
7962	follows, using data from the most recently published state superintendent's annual report:
7963	(i) sum the revenues of each school district from the debt service levy imposed under
7964	Section 11-14-310; and
7965	(ii) divide the sum calculated under Subsection (1)(f)(i) by statewide school district
7966	average daily membership.
7967	(2) (a) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall provide an
7968	appropriation for charter schools for each charter school student enrolled on October 1 to
7969	supplement the allocation of charter school levy per pupil revenues described in Subsection
7970	53F-2-702(2)(a).
7971	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), the amount of money provided by the state
7972	for a charter school student shall be the sum of:
7973	(i) charter school students' average local revenues minus the charter school levy per
7974	pupil revenues; and

- 7975 (ii) statewide average debt service revenues.
- 7976 (c) If the total of charter school levy per pupil revenues distributed by the [State Board of Education] state board and the amount provided by the state under Subsection (2)(b) is less

than \$1,427, the state shall provide an additional supplement so that a charter school receives at least \$1,427 per student under Subsection 53F-2-702(2).

- (d) (i) If the legislative appropriation described in Subsection (2)(a) is insufficient to provide an amount described in Subsection (2)(b) for each charter school student, the [State Board of Education] state board shall make an adjustment to Minimum School Program allocations as described in Section 53F-2-205.
- (ii) Following an adjustment described in Subsection (2)(d)(i), if legislative appropriations remain insufficient to provide an amount described in Subsection (2)(b) for each student enrolled in a charter school, the [State Board of Education] state board shall:
- (A) distribute to a charter school an amount described in Subsection (2)(b) for each student enrolled in the charter school under or equal to the maximum number of students the charter school serves, as described in the charter school's charter school agreement described in Section 53G-5-303; and
- (B) distribute money remaining after the distributions described in Subsection (2)(d)(ii)(A) to a charter school based on the charter school's share of all students enrolled in charter schools who exceed the number of maximum students served by charter schools, as described in charter school agreements entered into under Section 53G-5-303.
- (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), of the money provided to a charter school under Subsection 53F-2-702(2), 10% shall be expended for funding school facilities only.
  - (b) Subsection (3)(a) does not apply to an online charter school.
- 7999 Section 224. Section **53F-2-705** is amended to read:

- 53F-2-705. Grants for charter school start-up costs.
  - (1) (a) The State Charter School Board shall use money appropriated for charter school start-up costs to provide grants to charter schools to pay for expenses for the planning and implementation of a charter school.
    - (b) The State Charter School Board:
- 8005 (i) may use up to 8% of the money appropriated for charter school start-up costs for

8006	financial monitoring of new charter schools and to provide professional development or
8007	technical assistance for charter school governing board members and staff of new charter
8008	schools; and
8009	(ii) in accordance with rules adopted by the [State Board of Education] state board,
8010	may use up to \$200,000 of the money appropriated for charter school start-up costs for a
8011	mentoring program for new and existing charter schools.
8012	(2) The amount of a grant for charter school start-up costs shall be based on the
8013	authorized enrollment of the charter school.
8014	(3) The [State Board of Education] state board shall make rules consistent with this
8015	section specifying:
8016	(a) procedures for applying for and awarding grants for charter school start-up costs;
8017	(b) permitted uses of grant money; and
8018	(c) requirements for a charter school to submit the following to the State Charter
8019	School Board:
8020	(i) a budget for the grant money; and
8021	(ii) a final report on the expenditure of the grant money.
8022	(4) The [State Board of Education] state board shall make rules establishing a
8023	mentoring program for new and existing charter schools.
8024	Section 225. Section 53F-3-202 is amended to read:
8025	53F-3-202. Capital Outlay Foundation Program created Distribution formulas
8026	Allocations.
8027	(1) As used in this section:
8028	(a) "Foundation guarantee level per ADM" means a minimum revenue amount per
8029	ADM generated by the base tax effort rate, including the following:
8030	(i) the revenue generated locally from a school district's combined capital levy rate; and
8031	(ii) the revenue allocated to a school district by the [State Board of Education] state
8032	board in accordance with Section 53F-3-202.
8033	(b) "Qualifying school district" means a school district with a property tax yield per

8034 ADM less than the foundation guarantee level per ADM. 8035 (c) "Small school district" means a school district that has fewer than 1,000 pupils in 8036 average daily membership. 8037 (2) There is created the Capital Outlay Foundation Program to provide capital outlay funding to a school district based on a district's local property tax effort and property tax yield 8038 8039 per student compared to a foundation guarantee funding level. 8040 (3) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board shall determine the foundation 8041 guarantee level per ADM that fully allocates the funds appropriated to the [State Board of 8042 Education | state board for distribution under this section. 8043 (b) In determining the foundation guarantee level per ADM and a school district's 8044 allocation of funds under this section, the [State Board of Education] state board shall use data 8045 from the fiscal year that is two years prior to the fiscal year the school district receives the 8046 allocation, including the: (i) number of pupils in average daily membership; 8047 8048 (ii) tax rates; and 8049 (iii) derived net taxable value. 8050 (4) By June 1, a county treasurer shall report to the [State Board of Education] state 8051 board the actual collections of property taxes in the school districts located within the county 8052 treasurer's county for the period beginning April 1 through the following March 31 8053 immediately preceding that June 1. 8054 (5) If a qualifying school district imposes a combined capital levy rate that is greater 8055 than or equal to the base tax effort rate, the [State Board of Education] state board shall allocate 8056 to the qualifying school district an amount equal to the product of the following: 8057 (a) the qualifying school district's ADM; and 8058 (b) an amount equal to the difference between the following:

(ii) the qualifying school district's property tax yield per ADM.

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Subsection (3); and

(i) the foundation guarantee level per ADM, as determined in accordance with

8062	(6) If a qualifying school district imposes a combined capital levy rate less than the
8063	base tax effort rate, the [State Board of Education] state board shall allocate to the qualifying
8064	school district an amount equal to the product of the following:
8065	(a) the qualifying school district's ADM;
8066	(b) an amount equal to the difference between the following:
8067	(i) the foundation guarantee level per ADM; and
8068	(ii) the qualifying school district's property tax yield per ADM; and
8069	(c) a percentage equal to:
8070	(i) the qualifying school district's combined capital levy rate; divided by
8071	(ii) the base tax effort rate.
8072	(7) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board shall allocate:
8073	(i) a minimum of \$200,000 to each small school district with a property tax base per
8074	ADM less than or equal to the statewide average property tax base per ADM;
8075	(ii) a minimum of \$100,000 to each small school district with a property tax base per
8076	ADM that is:
8077	(A) greater than the statewide average property tax base per ADM; and
8078	(B) less than or equal to two times the statewide average property tax base per ADM;
8079	and
8080	(iii) a minimum of \$50,000 to each small school district with a property tax base per
8081	ADM that is:
8082	(A) greater than two times the statewide average property tax base per ADM; and
8083	(B) less than or equal to five times the statewide average property tax base per ADM.
8084	(b) The [State Board of Education] state board shall incorporate the minimum
8085	allocations described in Subsection (7)(a) in its calculation of the foundation guarantee level
8086	per ADM determined in accordance with Subsection (3).
8087	Section 226. Section <b>53F-3-203</b> is amended to read:
8088	53F-3-203. Capital Outlay Enrollment Growth Program created Distribution
8089	formulas Allocations.

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8090	(1) As used in this section:
8091	(a) "Average annual net enrollment increase" means the quotient of:
8092	(i) (A) enrollment in the prior fiscal year, based on October 1 enrollment counts; minus
8093	(B) enrollment in the year four years prior, based on October 1 enrollment counts;
8094	divided by
8095	(ii) three.
8096	(b) "Eligible district" or "eligible school district" means a school district that:
8097	(i) has an average annual net enrollment increase; and
8098	(ii) has a property tax base per ADM in the year two years prior that is less than two
8099	times the statewide average property tax base per ADM in the year two years prior.
8100	(2) There is created the Capital Outlay Enrollment Growth Program to provide capital
8101	outlay funding to school districts experiencing net enrollment increases.
8102	(3) For fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2008, the [State Board of Education]
8103	state board shall annually allocate appropriated funds to eligible school districts in accordance
8104	with Subsection (4).
8105	(4) The [State Board of Education] state board shall allocate to an eligible school
8106	district an amount equal to the product of:
8107	(a) the quotient of:
8108	(i) the eligible school district's average annual net enrollment increase; divided by
8109	(ii) the sum of the average annual net enrollment increase in all eligible school
8110	districts; and
8111	(b) the total amount appropriated for the Capital Outlay Enrollment Growth Program in
8112	that fiscal year.
8113	Section 227. Section 53F-4-201 is amended to read:
8114	53F-4-201. State board required to contract for a diagnostic assessment system
8115	for reading.
8116	(1) (a) As described in Section 53E-4-307, the [State Board of Education] state board

shall approve a benchmark assessment for use statewide by school districts and charter schools.

8118	(b) The [State Board of Education] state board shall contract with one or more
8119	educational technology providers, selected through a request for proposals process, for a
8120	diagnostic assessment system for reading for students in kindergarten through grade [three] 3
8121	that meets the requirements of this section.
8122	(2) Subject to legislative appropriations, a diagnostic assessment system for reading
8123	shall be made available to school districts and charter schools that apply to use a diagnostic
8124	assessment for reading beginning in the 2011-12 school year.
8125	(3) A diagnostic assessment system for reading for students in kindergarten through
8126	grade [three] 3 shall:
8127	(a) be in a digital format;
8128	(b) include benchmark assessments of reading proficiency to be administered at the
8129	beginning, in the middle, and at the end of kindergarten, grade [one] 1, grade [two] 2, and
8130	grade [three] 3;
8131	(c) include formative assessments to be administered every two to four weeks for
8132	students who are at high risk of not attaining proficiency in reading;
8133	(d) align with the language arts core standards for Utah public schools adopted by the
8134	[State Board of Education] state board; and
8135	(e) include a data analysis component hosted by the provider that:
8136	(i) has the capacity to generate electronic information immediately and produce
8137	individualized student progress reports, class summaries, and class groupings for instruction;
8138	(ii) may have the capability of identifying lesson plans that may be used to develop
8139	reading skills;
8140	(iii) enables teachers, administrators, and designated supervisors to access reports
8141	through a secured password system;
8142	(iv) produces electronic printable reports for parents and administrators; and
8143	(v) has the capability for principals to monitor usage by teachers.
8144	Section 228. Section <b>53F-4-202</b> is amended to read:
8145	53F-4-202. College readiness diagnostic tool.

8146	(1) The <u>state</u> board shall contract with a provider, selected through a request for
8147	proposals process, to provide an online college readiness diagnostic tool that is aligned with the
8148	college readiness assessment described in Section 53E-4-305.
8149	(2) An online test preparation program described in Subsection (1):
8150	(a) (i) shall allow a student to independently access online materials and learn at the
8151	student's own pace; and
8152	(ii) may be used to provide classroom and teacher-assisted instruction;
8153	(b) shall provide online study materials, diagnostic exams, drills, and practice tests in
8154	an approach that is engaging to high school students;
8155	(c) shall enable electronic reporting of student progress to administrators, teachers,
8156	parents, and other facilitators;
8157	(d) shall record a student's progress in an online dashboard that provides diagnostic
8158	assessment of the content areas tested and identifies mastery of corresponding skill sets; and
8159	(e) shall provide training and professional development to personnel in school districts
8160	and charter schools on how to utilize the online test preparation program and provide
8161	teacher-assisted instruction to students.
8162	(3) The state board, school districts, and charter schools shall make the online test
8163	preparation program available to a student:
8164	(a) beginning in the 2013-14 school year; and
8165	(b) for at least one full year.
8166	Section 229. Section 53F-4-203 is amended to read:
8167	53F-4-203. Early interactive reading software Independent evaluator.
8168	(1) (a) Subject to legislative appropriations, the [State Board of Education] state board
8169	shall select and contract with one or more technology providers, through a request for
8170	proposals process, to provide early interactive reading software for literacy instruction and
8171	assessments for students in kindergarten through grade 3.
8172	(b) By August 1 of each year, the [State Board of Education] state board shall
8173	distribute licenses for early interactive reading software described in Subsection (1)(a) to the

school districts and charter schools of [local education] <u>LEA governing</u> boards that apply for the licenses.

- (c) Except as provided in <u>state</u> board rule, a school district or charter school that received a license described in Subsection (1)(b) during the prior year shall be given first priority to receive an equivalent license during the current year.
- (d) Licenses distributed to school districts and charter schools in addition to the licenses described in Subsection (1)(c) shall be distributed through a competitive process.
- (2) A public school that receives a license described in Subsection (1)(b) shall use the license:
  - (a) for a student in kindergarten or grade 1:

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- (i) for intervention for the student if the student is reading below grade level; or
- 8185 (ii) for advancement beyond grade level for the student if the student is reading at or 8186 above grade level; and
  - (b) for a student in grade 2 or 3, for intervention for the student if the student is reading below grade level.
  - (3) (a) On or before August 1 of each year, the [State Board of Education] state board shall select and contract with an independent evaluator, through a request for proposals process, to act as an independent contractor to evaluate early interactive reading software provided under this section.
  - (b) The [State Board of Education] state board shall ensure that a contract with an independent evaluator requires the independent evaluator to:
  - (i) evaluate a student's learning gains as a result of using early interactive reading software provided under Subsection (1);
  - (ii) for the evaluation under Subsection (3)(b)(i), use an assessment that is not developed by a provider of early interactive reading software; and
  - (iii) determine the extent to which a public school uses the early interactive reading software.
- 8201 (c) The [State Board of Education] state board and the independent evaluator selected

8202	under Subsection (3)(a) shall report annually on the results of the evaluation to the Education
8203	Interim Committee and the governor.
8204	(4) The [State Board of Education] state board may use up to 4% of the appropriation
8205	provided under Subsection (1)(a) to:
8206	(a) acquire an analytical software program that:
8207	(i) monitors, for an individual school, early intervention interactive reading software
8208	use and the associated impact on student performance; and
8209	(ii) analyzes the information gathered under Subsection (4)(a)(i) to prescribe individual
8210	school usage time to maximize the beneficial impact on student performance; or
8211	(b) contract with an independent evaluator selected under Subsection (3)(a).
8212	Section 230. Section 53F-4-204 is amended to read:
8213	53F-4-204. Student intervention early warning pilot program.
8214	(1) As used in this section:
8215	[(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
8216	[(b)] (a) "Digital program" means a program that provides information for student early
8217	intervention as described in this section.
8218	[(c) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means:]
8219	[(i) a district school;]
8220	[(ii) a charter school; or]
8221	[(iii) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.]
8222	[(d)] (b) "Online data reporting tool" means a system described in Section 53E-4-311.
8223	(2) (a) The state board shall, subject to legislative appropriations:
8224	(i) enhance the online data reporting tool and provide additional formative actionable
8225	data on student outcomes subject to Subsection (2)(c); and
8226	(ii) select through a competitive contract process a provider to provide to an LEA a
8227	digital program as described in this section.
8228	(b) The contract described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii) shall be for a two-year pilot
8229	program.

8230	(c) Information collected or used by the <u>state</u> board for purposes of enhancing the
8231	online data reporting tool in accordance with this section may not identify a student
8232	individually.
8233	(3) The enhancement to the online data reporting tool and the digital program shall:
8234	(a) be designed with a user-appropriate interface for use by teachers, school
8235	administrators, and parents;
8236	(b) provide reports on a student's results at the student level on:
8237	(i) a national assessment;
8238	(ii) a local assessment; and
8239	(iii) a standards assessment described in Section 53E-4-303;
8240	(c) have the ability to provide data from aggregate student reports based on a student's:
8241	(i) teacher;
8242	(ii) school;
8243	(iii) school district, if applicable; or
8244	(iv) ethnicity;
8245	(d) provide a viewer with the ability to view the data described in Subsection (2)(c) on
8246	a single computer screen;
8247	(e) have the ability to compare the performance of students, for each teacher, based on
8248	a student's:
8249	(i) gender;
8250	(ii) special needs, including primary exceptionality;
8251	(iii) English proficiency;
8252	(iv) economic status;
8253	(v) migrant status;
8254	(vi) ethnicity;
8255	(vii) response to tiered intervention;
8256	(viii) response to tiered-intervention enrollment date;
8257	(ix) absence rate:

8258	(x) feeder school;
8259	(xi) type of school, including primary or secondary, public or private, Title I, or other
8260	general school-type category;
8261	(xii) course failures; and
8262	(xiii) other criteria, as determined by the state board; and
8263	(f) have the ability to load data from a local, national, or other assessment in the data's
8264	original format within a reasonable time.
8265	(4) Subject to legislative appropriations, the online data reporting tool and digital
8266	program shall:
8267	(a) integrate criteria for early warning indicators, including the following criteria:
8268	(i) discipline;
8269	(ii) attendance;
8270	(iii) behavior;
8271	(iv) course failures; and
8272	(v) other criteria as determined by a local school board or charter school governing
8273	board; and
8274	(b) provide a teacher or administrator the ability to view the early warning indicators
8275	described in Subsection (4)(a) with a student's assessment results described in Subsection
8276	(3)(b).
8277	(5) Subject to legislative appropriations, the online data reporting tool and the digital
8278	program shall:
8279	(a) provide data on response to intervention using existing assessments or measures
8280	that are manually added, including assessment and nonacademic measures;
8281	(b) provide a user the ability to share interventions within a reporting environment and
8282	add comments to inform other teachers, administrators, and parents [or guardians];
8283	(c) save and share reports among different teachers and school administrators, subject
8284	to the student population information a teacher or administrator has the rights to access;

(d) automatically flag a student profile when early warning thresholds are met so that a

teacher can easily identify a student who may be in need of intervention;

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- (e) incorporate a variety of algorithms to support student learning outcomes and provide student growth reporting by teacher;
- (f) integrate response to intervention tiers and activities as filters for the reporting of individual student data and aggregated data, including by ethnicity, school, or teacher;
- (g) have the ability to generate student parent [or guardian] communication to alert the parent [or guardian] of academic plans or interventions; and
- (h) configure alerts based upon student academic results, including a student's performance on the previous year standards assessment described in Section 53E-4-303.
- (6) (a) The <u>state</u> board shall, subject to legislative appropriations, select an LEA to receive access to a digital program through a provider described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
- (b) An LEA that receives access to a digital program shall pay for 50% of the cost of the digital program.
- (c) An LEA that receives access to a digital program shall no later than one school year after accessing a digital program report to the <u>state</u> board in a format required by the <u>state</u> board on the effectiveness of the digital program, positive and negative attributes of the digital program, recommendations for improving the online data reporting tool, and any other information regarding a digital program requested by the <u>state</u> board.
- (d) The <u>state</u> board shall consider recommendations from an LEA for changes to the online data reporting tool.
- (7) Information described in this section shall be used in accordance with and provided subject to:
  - (a) Title 53E, Chapter 9, Student Privacy and Data Protection; and
- (b) Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g.
- Section 231. Section **53F-4-205** is amended to read:
- 53F-4-205. Kindergarten supplemental enrichment program.
- 8312 (1) As used in this section:
- 8313 [(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]

8314	[(b)] (a) "Eligible school" means a charter or school district school in which:
8315	(i) at least 10% of the students experience intergenerational poverty; or
8316	(ii) 50% of students were eligible to receive free or reduced lunch in the previous
8317	school year.
8318	[(e)] (b) "Intergenerational poverty" means the same as that term is defined in Section
8319	35A-9-102.
8320	[(d)] (c) "Kindergarten supplemental enrichment program" means a program to
8321	improve the academic competency of kindergarten students that:
8322	(i) meets the criteria described in Subsection (4);
8323	(ii) receives funding from a grant program described in Subsection (3); and
8324	(iii) is administered by an eligible school.
8325	(2) (a) In accordance with this section, the state board shall distribute funds
8326	appropriated under this section to support kindergarten supplemental enrichment programs,
8327	giving priority first to awarding funds to an eligible school with at least 10% of the students
8328	experiencing intergenerational poverty and second priority to an eligible school in which 50%
8329	of students were eligible to receive free or reduced lunch in the previous school year.
8330	(b) The <u>state</u> board shall develop kindergarten entry and exit assessments for use by a
8331	kindergarten supplemental enrichment program.
8332	(3) (a) The state board shall administer a qualifying grant program as described in this
8333	Subsection (3) to distribute funds described in Subsection (2)(a) to an eligible school:
8334	(i) that applies for a grant;
8335	(ii) that offers a kindergarten supplemental enrichment program that meets the
8336	requirements described in Subsection (4);
8337	(iii) that has an overall need for a kindergarten supplemental enrichment program,
8338	based on the results of the eligible school's kindergarten entry and exit assessments described
8339	in Subsection (4)(b)(ii);
8340	(iv) if the eligible school has previously established a kindergarten supplemental
8341	enrichment program under this section, that shows success of the eligible school's kindergarten

8342 supplemental enrichment program, based on the results of the eligible school's kindergarten 8343 entry and exit assessments described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii); and 8344 (v) that proposes a kindergarten supplemental enrichment program that addresses the 8345 particular needs of students at risk of experiencing intergenerational poverty. (b) An eligible school shall include in a grant application a letter from the principal of 8346 8347 the eligible school certifying that the eligible school's proposed kindergarten supplemental 8348 enrichment program will meet the needs of either children in intergenerational poverty or 8349 children who are eligible to receive free or reduced lunch as appropriate for the eligible school. 8350 (4) An eligible school that receives a grant as described in Subsection (3) shall: 8351 (a) use the grant money to offer a kindergarten supplemental enrichment program to: 8352 (i) target kindergarten students at risk for not meeting grade 3 core standards for Utah 8353 public schools, established by the state board under Section 53E-4-202, by the end of each 8354 student's grade 3 year; (ii) use an evidence-based early intervention model; 8355 (iii) focus on academically improving age-appropriate literacy and numeracy skills; 8356 8357 (iv) emphasize the use of live instruction; (v) administer the kindergarten entry and exit assessments described in Subsection 8358 (2)(b); and 8359 8360 (vi) deliver the kindergarten supplemental enrichment program through additional hours or other means: and 8361 8362 (b) report to the state board annually regarding: 8363 (i) how the eligible school used grant money received under Subsection (3): 8364 (ii) the results of the eligible school's kindergarten entry and exit assessments for the 8365 prior year; 8366 (iii) with assistance from state board employees, the number of students served, including the number of students who are eligible for free or reduced lunch; and 8367

(iv) with assistance from state board employees, student performance outcomes

achieved by the eligible school's kindergarten supplemental enrichment program, disaggregated

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8370	by economic and ethnic subgroups.
8371	(5) An eligible school that receives a grant as described in Subsection (3) may not
8372	receive funds appropriated under Section 53F-2-507.
8373	(6) A parent [or legal guardian] may decline participation of the [parent or legal
8374	guardian's] parent's kindergarten student in an eligible school's kindergarten supplemental
8375	enrichment program.
8376	[ <del>(7)</del> In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
8377	the]
8378	(7) The state board shall make rules to establish reporting procedures and administer
8379	this section.
8380	Section 232. Section <b>53F-4-206</b> is amended to read:
8381	53F-4-206. Computer program for students with autism and other special needs.
8382	[(1) As used in this section, "board" means the State Board of Education.]
8383	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(1)}\right]$ To improve social skills and student achievement for students with autism and
8384	other special needs in pre-school through grade 2, the state board shall contract with a provider,
8385	selected through a request for proposals process, to provide computer software programs and
8386	activity manuals.
8387	$[\frac{(3)}{2}]$ In evaluating proposals submitted under Subsection $[\frac{(2)}{2}]$ (1), the <u>state</u> board
8388	shall:
8389	(a) ensure that the <u>state</u> board's evaluation criteria weighs heavily the proposer's ability
8390	and experience to provide computer software programs and activity manuals to improve social
8391	skills and student achievement for students with autism and other special needs in pre-school
8392	through grade 2;
8393	(b) consider, in evaluating the proposer's ability and experience, any quantitative and
8394	evaluative results from field testing, state tests, and other standardized achievement tests;
8395	(c) ensure that the <u>state</u> board's evaluation criteria weighs heavily the proposer's ability
8396	to:

(i) collect data from each computer using the computer software, regardless of where

8398	the computer is located;
8399	(ii) provide students access to the proposer's program from any computer with internet
8400	access;
8401	(iii) enable reporting of student progress to administrators, teachers, parents, and other
8402	facilitators; and
8403	(iv) record a student's progress in the computer software; and
8404	(d) consider the extent to which the computer software program uses engaging
8405	animation to teach students.
8406	[(4)] (3) The state board shall provide the computer software programs and activity
8407	manuals procured under this section to school districts and charter schools that demonstrate a
8408	commitment by the school principal and staff to implement the computer software programs
8409	and activity manuals as prescribed by the provider.
8410	Section 233. Section 53F-4-301 is amended to read:
8411	53F-4-301. Definitions.
8412	As used in this part:
8413	(1) "Assessment team" means a team consisting of:
8414	(a) the student's parent [or guardian];
8415	(b) the student's private school classroom teacher;
8416	(c) special education personnel from the student's school district; and
8417	(d) if available, special education personnel from the private school at which the
8418	student is enrolled.
8419	[(2) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
8420	[3] (2) "Eligible private school" means a private school that meets the requirements
8421	of Section 53F-4-303.
8422	[(4) "Individualized Education Program" or "IEP" means a written statement for a
8423	student with a disability that is developed, reviewed, and revised in accordance with the
8424	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.]
8425	[(5)] (3) "Local Education Agency" or "LEA" means:

8426	(a) a school district; or
8427	(b) a charter school.
8428	[6] [4] "Preschool" means an education program for a student who:
8429	(a) is age three, four, or five; and
8430	(b) has not entered kindergarten.
8431	$[\frac{7}{2}]$ (5) "Scholarship student" means a student who receives a scholarship under this
8432	part.
8433	[(8)] (6) "Value of the weighted pupil unit" means the amount established each year in
8434	statute that is multiplied by the number of weighted pupil units to yield the funding level for
8435	the basic state-supported school program.
8436	Section 234. Section 53F-4-302 is amended to read:
8437	53F-4-302. Scholarship program created Qualifications.
8438	(1) The Carson Smith Scholarship Program is created to award scholarships to students
8439	with disabilities to attend a private school.
8440	(2) To qualify for a scholarship:
8441	(a) the student's custodial parent [or legal guardian] shall reside within Utah;
8442	(b) the student shall have one or more of the following disabilities:
8443	(i) an intellectual disability;
8444	(ii) deafness or being hard of hearing;
8445	(iii) a speech or language impairment;
8446	(iv) a visual impairment;
8447	(v) a serious emotional disturbance;
8448	(vi) an orthopedic impairment;
8449	(vii) autism;
8450	(viii) traumatic brain injury;
8451	(ix) other health impairment;
8452	(x) specific learning disabilities;
8453	(xi) deafblindness; or

(xii) a developmental delay, provided the student is at least three years of age, pursuant to Subsection (2)(c), and is younger than eight years of age;

- (c) the student shall be at least three years of age before September 2 of the year in which admission to a private school is sought and under 19 years of age on the last day of the school year as determined by the private school, or, if the individual has not graduated from high school, will be under 22 years of age on the last day of the school year as determined by the private school; and
  - (d) except as provided in Subsection (3), the student shall:
- (i) be enrolled in a Utah public school in the school year prior to the school year the student will be enrolled in a private school;
  - (ii) have an IEP; and

- (iii) have obtained acceptance for admission to an eligible private school.
- (3) The requirements of Subsection (2)(d) do not apply in the following circumstances:
- (a) the student is enrolled or has obtained acceptance for admission to an eligible private school that has previously served students with disabilities; and
  - (b) an assessment team is able to readily determine with reasonable certainty:
- (i) that the student has a disability listed in Subsection (2)(b) and would qualify for special education services, if enrolled in a public school; and
- (ii) for the purpose of establishing the scholarship amount, the appropriate level of special education services which should be provided to the student.
- (4) (a) To receive a full-year scholarship under this part, a parent of a student shall submit to the LEA where the student is enrolled an application on or before the August 15 immediately preceding the first day of the school year for which the student would receive the scholarship.
- (b) The <u>state</u> board may waive the full-year scholarship deadline described in Subsection (4)(a).
- (c) An application for a scholarship shall contain an acknowledgment by the parent that the selected school is qualified and capable of providing the level of special education services

8482	required for the student.
8483	(5) (a) The scholarship application form shall contain the following statement:
8484	"I acknowledge that:
8485	(1) A private school may not provide the same level of special education services that
8486	are provided in a public school;
8487	(2) I will assume full financial responsibility for the education of my scholarship
8488	student if I accept this scholarship;
8489	(3) Acceptance of this scholarship has the same effect as a parental refusal to consent
8490	to services pursuant to Section 614(a)(1) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20
8491	U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.; and
8492	(4) My child may return to a public school at any time."
8493	(b) Upon acceptance of the scholarship, the parent assumes full financial responsibility
8494	for the education of the scholarship student.
8495	(c) Acceptance of a scholarship has the same effect as a parental refusal to consent to
8496	services pursuant to Section 614(a)(1) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20
8497	U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.
8498	(d) The creation of the scholarship program or granting of a scholarship does not:
8499	(i) imply that a public school did not provide a free and appropriate public education
8500	for a student; or
8501	(ii) constitute a waiver or admission by the state.
8502	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a scholarship shall remain in force for
8503	the lesser of:
8504	(i) three years; or
8505	(ii) until the student is determined ineligible for special education services.
8506	(b) If a student is determined ineligible for special education services as described in
8507	Subsection (6)(a)(ii) before the end of a school year, the student may remain enrolled at the
8508	private school and qualifies for the scholarship until the end of the school year.
8509	(c) A scholarship shall be extended for an additional three years, if:

8510	(i) the student is evaluated by an assessment team; and
8511	(ii) the assessment team determines that the student would qualify for special education
8512	services, if enrolled in a public school.
8513	(d) The assessment team shall determine the appropriate level of special education
8514	services which should be provided to the student for the purpose of setting the scholarship
8515	amount.
8516	(e) A scholarship shall be extended for successive three-year periods as provided in
8517	Subsections (6)(a) and (c):
8518	(i) until the student graduates from high school; or
8519	(ii) if the student does not graduate from high school, until the student is age 22.
8520	(7) A student's parent, at any time, may remove the student from a private school and
8521	place the student in another eligible private school and retain the scholarship.
8522	(8) A scholarship student:
8523	(a) may participate in the Statewide Online Education Program described in Part 5,
8524	Statewide Online Education Program; and
8525	(b) may not participate in a dual enrollment program pursuant to Section 53G-6-702.
8526	(9) The parents [or guardians] of a scholarship student have the authority to choose the
8527	private school that will best serve the interests and educational needs of that student, which
8528	may be a sectarian or nonsectarian school, and to direct the scholarship resources available for
8529	that student solely as a result of their genuine and independent private choices.
8530	(10) (a) An LEA shall notify in writing the parents [or guardians] of students enrolled
8531	in the LEA who have an IEP of the availability of a scholarship to attend a private school
8532	through the Carson Smith Scholarship Program.
8533	(b) The notice described under Subsection (10)(a) shall:
8534	(i) be provided no later than 30 days after the student initially qualifies for an IEP;
8535	(ii) be provided annually no later than February 1 to all students who have an IEP; and
8536	(iii) include the address of the Internet website maintained by the state board that
8537	provides prospective applicants with detailed program information and application forms for

8538	the Carson Smith Scholarship Program.
8539	(c) An LEA or school within an LEA that has an enrolled student who has an IEP shall
8540	post the address of the Internet website maintained by the <u>state</u> board that provides prospective
8541	applicants with detailed program information and application forms for the Carson Smith
8542	Scholarship Program on the LEA's or school's website, if the LEA or school has one.
8543	Section 235. Section 53F-4-303 is amended to read:
8544	53F-4-303. Eligible private schools.
8545	(1) To be eligible to enroll a scholarship student, a private school shall:
8546	(a) have a physical location in Utah where the scholarship students attend classes and
8547	have direct contact with the school's teachers;
8548	(b) (i) (A) obtain an audit and report from a licensed independent certified public
8549	accountant that conforms with the following requirements:
8550	(I) the audit shall be performed in accordance with generally accepted auditing
8551	standards;
8552	(II) the financial statements shall be presented in accordance with generally accepted
8553	accounting principles; and
8554	(III) the audited financial statements shall be as of a period within the last 12 months;
8555	or
8556	(B) contract with an independent licensed certified public accountant to conduct an
8557	Agreed Upon Procedures engagement, as adopted by the state board; and
8558	(ii) submit the audit report or report of the agreed upon procedure to the state board
8559	when the private school applies to accept scholarship students;
8560	(c) comply with the antidiscrimination provisions of 42 U.S.C. Sec. 2000d;
8561	(d) meet state and local health and safety laws and codes;
8562	(e) provide a written disclosure to the parent of each prospective student, before the
8563	student is enrolled of:
8564	(i) the special education services that will be provided to the student, including the cost

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of those services;

8566	(ii) tuition costs;
8567	(iii) additional fees a parent will be required to pay during the school year; and
8568	(iv) the skill or grade level of the curriculum that the student will be participating in;
8569	(f) (i) administer an annual assessment of each scholarship student's academic
8570	progress;
8571	(ii) report the results of the assessment described in Subsection (1)(f)(i) to the student's
8572	parent; and
8573	(iii) make the results available to the assessment team evaluating the student pursuant
8574	to Subsection 53F-4-302(6);
8575	(g) employ or contract with teachers who:
8576	(i) hold baccalaureate or higher degrees;
8577	(ii) have at least three years of teaching experience in public or private schools; or
8578	(iii) have the necessary special skills, knowledge, or expertise that qualifies them to
8579	provide instruction:
8580	(A) in the subjects taught; and
8581	(B) to the special needs students taught;
8582	(h) maintain documentation demonstrating that teachers at the private school meet the
8583	qualifications described in Subsection (1)(g);
8584	(i) require the following individuals to submit to a nationwide, fingerprint-based
8585	criminal background check and ongoing monitoring, in accordance with Section 53G-11-402,
8586	as a condition for employment or appointment, as authorized by the Adam Walsh Child
8587	Protection and Safety Act of 2006, Pub. L. No. 109-248:
8588	(i) an employee who does not hold a current Utah educator license issued by the state
8589	board under Title 53E, Chapter 6, Education Professional Licensure;
8590	(ii) a contract employee; and
8591	(iii) a volunteer who is given significant unsupervised access to a student in connection
8592	with the volunteer's assignment; and
8593	(j) provide to parents the relevant credentials of the teachers who will be teaching their

8594	students.
8595	(2) A private school is not eligible to enroll scholarship students if:
8596	(a) the private school requires a student to sign a contract waiving the student's rights
8597	to transfer to another eligible private school during the school year;
8598	(b) the audit report submitted under Subsection (1)(b) contains a going concern
8599	explanatory paragraph; or
8600	(c) the report of the agreed upon procedure submitted under Subsection (1)(b) shows
8601	that the private school does not have adequate working capital to maintain operations for the
8602	first full year, as determined under Subsection (1)(b).
8603	(3) A home school is not eligible to enroll scholarship students.
8604	(4) Residential treatment facilities licensed by the state are not eligible to enroll
8605	scholarship students.
8606	(5) A private school intending to enroll scholarship students shall submit an application
8607	to the state board by May 1 of the school year preceding the school year in which it intends to
8608	enroll scholarship students.
8609	(6) The <u>state</u> board shall:
8610	(a) approve a private school's application to enroll scholarship students, if the private
8611	school meets the eligibility requirements of this section; and
8612	(b) make available to the public a list of the eligible private schools.
8613	(7) An approved eligible private school that changes ownership shall submit a new
8614	application to the state board and demonstrate that it continues to meet the eligibility
8615	requirements of this section.
8616	Section 236. Section 53F-4-304 is amended to read:
8617	53F-4-304. Scholarship payments.
8618	(1) (a) The state board shall award scholarships subject to the availability of money
8619	appropriated by the Legislature for that purpose.

(b) The Legislature shall annually appropriate money to the <u>state</u> board from the General Fund to make scholarship payments.

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8622	(c) The Legislature shall annually increase the amount of money appropriated under
8623	Subsection (1)(b) by an amount equal to the product of:
8624	(i) the average scholarship amount awarded as of December 1 in the previous year; and
8625	(ii) the product of:
8626	(A) the number of students in preschool through grade 12 in public schools statewide
8627	who have an IEP on December 1 of the previous year; and
8628	(B) 0.0007.
8629	(d) If the number of scholarship students as of December 1 in any school year equals or
8630	exceeds 7% of the number of students in preschool through grade 12 in public schools
8631	statewide who have an IEP as of December 1 in the same school year, the Public Education
8632	Appropriations Subcommittee shall study the requirement to increase appropriations for
8633	scholarship payments as provided in this section.
8634	(e) (i) If money is not available to pay for all scholarships requested, the state board
8635	shall allocate scholarships on a random basis except that the state board shall give preference to
8636	students who received scholarships in the previous school year.
8637	(ii) If money is insufficient in a school year to pay for all the continuing scholarships,
8638	the <u>state</u> board may not award new scholarships during that school year and the <u>state</u> board
8639	shall prorate money available for scholarships among the eligible students who received
8640	scholarships in the previous year.
8641	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), the state board shall award full-year
8642	scholarships in the following amounts:
8643	(a) for a student who received an average of 180 minutes per day or more of special
8644	education services in a public school before transferring to a private school, an amount not to
8645	exceed the lesser of:
8646	(i) the value of the weighted pupil unit multiplied by 2.5; or
8647	(ii) the private school tuition and fees; and
8648	(b) for a student who received an average of less than 180 minutes per day of special

education services in a public school before transferring to a private school, an amount not to

8650	exceed the lesser of:
8651	(i) the value of the weighted pupil unit multiplied by 1.5; or
8652	(ii) the private school tuition and fees.
8653	(3) The scholarship amount for a student enrolled in a half-day kindergarten or part-day
8654	preschool program shall be the amount specified in Subsection (2)(a) or (b) multiplied by .55.
8655	(4) If a student leaves a private school before the end of a fiscal quarter:
8656	(a) the private school is only entitled to the amount of scholarship equivalent to the
8657	number of days that the student attended the private school; and
8658	(b) the private school shall remit a prorated amount of the scholarship to the state board
8659	in accordance with the procedures described in rules adopted by the <u>state</u> board [in accordance
8660	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act].
8661	(5) For the amount of funds remitted under Subsection (4)(b), the <u>state</u> board shall:
8662	(a) make the amount available to the student to enroll immediately in another
8663	qualifying private school; or
8664	(b) refund the amount back to the Carson Smith Scholarship Program account to be
8665	available to support the costs of another scholarship.
8666	(6) (a) The state board shall make an additional allocation on a random basis before
8667	June 30 each year only:
8668	(i) if there are sufficient remaining funds in the program; and
8669	(ii) for scholarships for students enrolled in a full-day preschool program.
8670	(b) If the state board awards a scholarship under Subsection (6)(a), the scholarship
8671	amount or supplement may not exceed the lesser of:
8672	(i) the value of the weighted pupil unit multiplied by 1.0; or
8673	(ii) the private school tuition and fees.
8674	(c) The state board shall, when preparing annual growth projection numbers for the
8675	Legislature, include the annual number of applications for additional allocations described in
8676	Subsection (6)(a).
8677	(7) (a) The scholarship amount for a student who receives a waiver under Subsection

53F-4-302(3) shall be based upon the assessment team's determination of the appropriate level of special education services to be provided to the student.

- (b) (i) If the student requires an average of 180 minutes per day or more of special education services, a full-year scholarship shall be equal to the amount specified in Subsection (2)(a).
- (ii) If the student requires less than an average of 180 minutes per day of special education services, a full-year scholarship shall be equal to the amount specified in Subsection (2)(b).
- (iii) If the student is enrolled in a half-day kindergarten or part-day preschool program, a full-year scholarship is equal to the amount specified in Subsection (3).
- (8) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(b), upon review and receipt of documentation that verifies a student's admission to, or continuing enrollment and attendance at, a private school, the <u>state</u> board shall make scholarship payments quarterly in four equal amounts in each school year in which a scholarship is in force.
- (b) In accordance with <u>state</u> board rule, the <u>state</u> board may make a scholarship payment before the first quarterly payment of the school year, if a private school requires partial payment of tuition before the start of the school year to reserve space for a student admitted to the school.
- (9) A parent of a scholarship student shall notify the <u>state</u> board if the student does not have continuing enrollment and attendance at an eligible private school.
- (10) Before scholarship payments are made, the <u>state</u> board shall cross-check enrollment lists of scholarship students, LEAs, and youth in custody to ensure that scholarship payments are not erroneously made.
- Section 237. Section 53F-4-305 is amended to read:
- 8702 53F-4-305. State board to make rules.

- [In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the]

  The state board shall make rules consistent with this part establishing:
- 8705 (1) the eligibility of students to participate in the scholarship program:

8706	(2) the application process for the scholarship program; and
8707	(3) payment procedures to eligible private schools.
8708	Section 238. Section 53F-4-306 is amended to read:
8709	53F-4-306. Enforcement and penalties.
8710	(1) (a) The state board shall require a private school to submit a signed affidavit
8711	assuring the private school will comply with the requirements of this part.
8712	(b) If a school fails to submit a signed affidavit within 30 days of receiving notification
8713	that the school is an approved private school to receive the Carson Smith Scholarship, the state
8714	board may:
8715	(i) deny the private school permission to enroll scholarship students; and
8716	(ii) interrupt disbursement of or withhold scholarship payments.
8717	(2) The state board may investigate complaints and convene administrative hearings for
8718	an alleged violation of this part.
8719	(3) Upon a finding that this part was violated, the <u>state</u> board may:
8720	(a) deny a private school permission to enroll scholarship students;
8721	(b) interrupt disbursement of or withhold scholarship payments; or
8722	(c) issue an order for repayment of scholarship payments fraudulently obtained.
8723	Section 239. Section 53F-4-401 is amended to read:
8724	53F-4-401. Definitions.
8725	As used in this part:
8726	(1) "Contractor" means the educational technology provider selected by the [State
8727	Board of Education] state board under Section 53F-4-402.
8728	(2) "Low income" means an income below 185% of the federal poverty guideline.
8729	(3) "Preschool children" means children who are:
8730	(a) age four or five; and
8731	(b) have not entered kindergarten.
8732	(4) "UPSTART" means the project established by Section 53F-4-402 that uses a
8733	home-based educational technology program to develop school readiness skills of preschool

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- Section 240. Section **53F-4-402** is amended to read:
- 53F-4-402. UPSTART program to develop school readiness skills of preschool children.
  - (1) UPSTART, a project that uses a home-based educational technology program to develop school readiness skills of preschool children, is established within the public education system.
- 8741 (2) UPSTART is created to:
  - (a) evaluate the effectiveness of giving preschool children access, at home, to interactive individualized instruction delivered by computers and the Internet to prepare them academically for success in school; and
  - (b) test the feasibility of scaling a home-based curriculum in reading, math, and science delivered by computers and the Internet to all preschool children in Utah.
  - (3) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board shall contract with an educational technology provider, selected through a request for proposals process, for the delivery of a home-based educational technology program for preschool children that meets the requirements of Subsection (4).
  - (b) (i) The [State Board of Education] state board may, on or before July 1, 2019, issue a request for proposals for two-year pilot proposals from, and enter into a contract with, one or more educational technology providers that do not have an existing contract under this part with the state for the delivery of a home-based educational technology program for preschool children that meets the requirements of Subsection (4).
  - (ii) If the [State Board of Education] state board enters into a contract for a two-year pilot as described in Subsection (3)(b)(i), the [State Board of Education] state board may enter into a contract with one or more educational technology providers that have participated in a Utah pilot.
- 8760 (c) Every five years after July 1, 2021, the [State Board of Education] state board may
  8761 issue a new request for proposals described in this section.

8762	(4) A home-based educational technology program for preschool children shall meet
8763	the following standards:
8764	(a) the contractor shall provide computer-assisted instruction for preschool children on
8765	a home computer connected by the Internet to a centralized file storage facility;
8766	(b) the contractor shall:
8767	(i) provide technical support to families for the installation and operation of the
8768	instructional software; and
8769	(ii) provide for the installation of computer and Internet access in homes of low income
8770	families that cannot afford the equipment and service;
8771	(c) the contractor shall have the capability of doing the following through the Internet:
8772	(i) communicating with parents;
8773	(ii) updating the instructional software;
8774	(iii) validating user access;
8775	(iv) collecting usage data;
8776	(v) storing research data; and
8777	(vi) producing reports for parents, schools, and the Legislature;
8778	(d) the program shall include the following components:
8779	(i) computer-assisted, individualized instruction in reading, mathematics, and science;
8780	(ii) a multisensory reading tutoring program; and
8781	(iii) a validated computer adaptive reading test that does not require the presence of
8782	trained adults to administer and is an accurate indicator of reading readiness of children who
8783	cannot read;
8784	(e) the contractor shall have the capability to quickly and efficiently modify, improve,
8785	and support the product;
8786	(f) the contractor shall work in cooperation with school district personnel who will
8787	provide administrative and technical support of the program as provided in Section 53F-4-403;
8788	(g) the contractor shall solicit families to participate in the program as provided in

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Section 53F-4-404; and

8790	(h) in implementing the home-based educational technology program, the contractor
8791	shall seek the advise and expertise of early childhood education professionals within the Utah
8792	System of Higher Education on issues such as:
8793	(i) soliciting families to participate in the program;
8794	(ii) providing training to families; and
8795	(iii) motivating families to regularly use the instructional software.
8796	(5) (a) The contract shall provide funding for a home-based educational technology
8797	program for preschool children, subject to the appropriation of money by the Legislature for
8798	UPSTART.
8799	(b) An appropriation for a request for proposals described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) shall
8800	be separate from an appropriation described in Subsection (5)(a).
8801	(6) The [State Board of Education] state board shall evaluate a proposal based on:
8802	(a) whether the home-based educational technology program meets the standards
8803	specified in Subsection (4);
8804	(b) the results of an independent evaluation of the home-based educational technology
8805	program;
8806	(c) the experience of the home-based educational technology program provider; and
8807	(d) the per pupil cost of the home-based educational technology program.
8808	Section 241. Section 53F-4-404 is amended to read:
8809	53F-4-404. Family participation in UPSTART Low income family verification.
8810	(1) The contractor shall:
8811	(a) solicit families to participate in UPSTART through a public information campaign
8812	and referrals from participating school districts; and
8813	(b) work with the Department of Workforce Services and the [State Board of
8814	Education state board to solicit participation from families of children experiencing
8815	intergenerational poverty, as defined in Section 35A-9-102, to participate in UPSTART.
8816	(2) (a) Preschool children who participate in UPSTART shall:
8817	(i) be from families with diverse socioeconomic and ethnic backgrounds;

	•
8818	(ii) reside in different regions of the state in both urban and rural areas; and
8819	(iii) be given preference to participate if the preschool child's family resides in a rural
8820	area with limited prekindergarten services.
8821	(b) (i) If the number of families who would like to participate in UPSTART exceeds
8822	the number of participants funded by the legislative appropriation, the contractor shall give
8823	priority to preschool children from low income families and preschool children who are
8824	English language learners.
8825	(ii) At least 30% of the preschool children who participate in UPSTART shall be from
8826	low income families.
8827	(3) A low income family that cannot afford a computer and Internet service to operate
8828	the instructional software may obtain a computer and peripheral equipment on loan and receive
8829	free Internet service for the duration of the family's participation in UPSTART.
8830	(4) (a) The contractor shall make the home-based educational technology program
8831	available to families at a cost agreed upon by the [State Board of Education] state board and the
8832	contractor if the number of families who would like to participate in UPSTART exceeds the
8833	number of participants funded by the legislative appropriation.
8834	(b) The [State Board of Education] state board and the contractor shall annually post or
8835	their websites information on purchasing a home-based educational technology program as
8836	provided in Subsection (4)(a).
8837	(5) (a) The contractor shall:
8838	(i) determine if a family is a low income family for purposes of this part; and
8839	(ii) use the same application form as described in Section 35A-9-401 or create an
8840	application form that requires an individual to provide and certify the information necessary for
8841	the contractor to make the determination described in Subsection (5)(a)(i).
8842	(b) The contractor may:
8843	(i) require an individual to submit supporting documentation; and

(ii) create a deadline for an individual to submit an application, if necessary.

Section 242. Section **53F-4-405** is amended to read:

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8846	53F-4-405. Purchase of equipment and service through cooperative purchasing			
8847	contracts.			
8848	The [State Board of Education] state board or a school district may purchase computer			
8849	peripheral equipment, and Internet service for low income families who cannot afford them			
8850	through cooperative purchasing contracts administered by the state Division of Purchasing and			
8851	General Services.			
8852	Section 243. Section <b>53F-4-406</b> is amended to read:			
8853	53F-4-406. Audit and evaluation.			
8854	(1) The state auditor shall:			
8855	(a) conduct an annual audit of the contractor's use of funds for UPSTART; or			
8856	(b) contract with an independent certified public accountant to conduct an annual audit.			
8857	(2) The [State Board of Education] state board shall:			
8858	(a) require by contract that the contractor will open its books and records relating to its			
8859	expenditure of funds pursuant to the contract to the state auditor or the state auditor's designee;			
8860	(b) reimburse the state auditor for the actual and necessary costs of the audit; and			
8861	(c) contract with an independent, qualified evaluator, selected through a request for			
8862	proposals process, to evaluate the home-based educational technology program for preschool			
8863	children.			
8864	(3) Of the money appropriated by the Legislature for UPSTART, excluding funds used			
8865	to provide computers, peripheral equipment, and Internet service to families, no more than			
8866	7.5% may be used for the evaluation of the program.			
8867	Section 244. Section <b>53F-4-407</b> is amended to read:			
8868	53F-4-407. Annual report.			
8869	(1) The [State Board of Education] state board shall make a report on UPSTART to the			
8870	Education Interim Committee by November 30 each year.			
8871	(2) The report shall:			
8872	(a) address the extent to which UPSTART is accomplishing the purposes for which it			
8873	was established as specified in Section 53F-4-402; and			

8874	(b) include the following information:	
8875	(i) the number of families:	
8876	(A) volunteering to participate in the program;	
8877	(B) selected to participate in the program;	
8878	(C) requesting computers; and	
8879	(D) furnished computers;	
8880	(ii) the frequency of use of the instructional software;	
8881	(iii) obstacles encountered with software usage, hardware, or providing technical	
8882	assistance to families;	
8883	(iv) student performance on pre-kindergarten and post-kindergarten assessments	
8884	conducted by school districts and charter schools for students who participated in the	
8885	home-based educational technology program and those who did not participate in the program	
8886	and	
8887	(v) as available, the evaluation of the program conducted pursuant to Section	
8888	53F-4-406.	
8889	Section 245. Section <b>53F-4-501</b> is amended to read:	
8890	53F-4-501. Definitions.	
8891	As used in this part:	
8892	[(1) "District school" means a public school under the control of a local school board	
8893	elected pursuant to Title 20A, Chapter 14, Nomination and Election of State and Local School	
8894	Boards.]	
8895	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(1)}\right]$ "Eligible student" means:	
8896	(a) a student enrolled in a district school or charter school in Utah; or	
8897	(b) beginning on July 1, 2013, a student:	
8898	(i) who attends a private school or home school; and	
8899	(ii) whose custodial parent [or legal guardian] is a resident of Utah.	
8900	[(3) "LEA" means a local education agency in Utah that has administrative control and	
8901	direction for public education.]	

8902	[(4)] (2) "Online course" means a course of instruction offered by the Statewide Online		
8903	Education Program through the use of digital technology.		
8904	[(5)] (3) "Plan for college and career readiness" means the same as that term is defined		
8905	in Section 53E-2-304.		
8906	[(6)] (4) "Primary LEA of enrollment" means the LEA in which an eligible student is		
8907	enrolled for courses other than online courses offered through the Statewide Online Education		
8908	Program.		
8909	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(5)</u> "Released-time" means a period of time during the regular school day a		
8910	student is excused from school at the request of the student's parent [or guardian] pursuant to		
8911	rules of the [State Board of Education] state board.		
8912	Section 246. Section 53F-4-503 is amended to read:		
8913	53F-4-503. Option to enroll in online courses offered through the Statewide		
8914	Online Education Program.		
8915	(1) Subject to the course limitations provided in Subsection (2), an eligible student may		
8916	enroll in an online course offered through the Statewide Online Education Program if:		
8917	(a) the student meets the course prerequisites;		
8918	(b) the course is open for enrollment;		
8919	(c) the online course is aligned with the student's plan for college and career readiness;		
8920	(d) the online course is consistent with the student's [individual education plan (IEP)]		
8921	<u>IEP</u> , if the student has an IEP; and		
8922	(e) the online course is consistent with the student's international baccalaureate		
8923	program, if the student is participating in an international baccalaureate program.		
8924	(2) An eligible student may enroll in online courses for no more than the following		
8925	number of credits:		
8926	(a) in the 2011-12 and 2012-13 school years, two credits;		
8927	(b) in the 2013-14 school year, three credits;		
8928	(c) in the 2014-15 school year, four credits;		
8929	(d) in the 2015-16 school year, five credits; and		

8930	(e) beginning with the 2016-17 school year, six credits.			
8931	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2):			
8932	(a) a student's primary LEA of enrollment may allow an eligible student to enroll in			
8933	online courses for more than the number of credits specified in Subsection (2); or			
8934	(b) upon the request of an eligible student, the [State Board of Education] state board			
8935	may allow the student to enroll in online courses for more than the number of credits specifie			
8936	in Subsection (2), if the online courses better meet the academic goals of the student.			
8937	(4) An eligible student's primary LEA of enrollment:			
8938	(a) in conjunction with the student and the student's parent [or legal guardian], is			
8939	responsible for preparing and implementing a plan for college and career readiness for the			
8940	eligible student, as provided in Section [ <del>53F-2-304</del> ] <u>53E-2-304</u> ; and			
8941	(b) shall assist an eligible student in scheduling courses in accordance with the			
8942	student's plan for college and career readiness, graduation requirements, and the student's			
8943	post-secondary plans.			
8944	(5) An eligible student's primary LEA of enrollment may not:			
8945	(a) impose restrictions on a student's selection of an online course that fulfills			
8946	graduation requirements and is consistent with the student's plan for college and career			
8947	readiness or post-secondary plans; or			
8948	(b) give preference to an online course or online course provider.			
8949	(6) The [State Board of Education] state board, including an employee of the [State			
8950	Board of Education] state board, may not give preference to an online course or online course			
8951	provider.			
8952	(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), a person may not provide an			
8953	inducement or incentive to a public school student to participate in the Statewide Online			
8954	Education Program.			
8955	(b) For purposes of Subsection (7)(a):			
8956	(i) "Inducement or incentive" does not mean:			
8957	(A) instructional materials or software necessary to take an online course; or			

8958	(B) access to a computer or digital learning device for the purpose of taking an online		
8959	course.		
8960	(ii) "Person" does not include a relative of the public school student.		
8961	Section 247. Section <b>53F-4-504</b> is amended to read:		
8962	53F-4-504. Authorized online course providers.		
8963	The following entities may offer online courses to eligible students through the		
8964	Statewide Online Education Program:		
8965	(1) a charter school or district school created exclusively for the purpose of serving		
8966	students online;		
8967	(2) an LEA program, approved by the [ <del>LEA's</del> ] <u>LEA</u> governing board, that is created		
8968	8 exclusively for the purpose of serving students online; and		
8969	(3) a program of an institution of higher education listed in Section 53B-2-101 that:		
8970	(a) offers secondary school level courses; and		
8971	(b) is created exclusively for the purpose of serving students online.		
8972	Section 248. Section 53F-4-507 is amended to read:		
8973	53F-4-507. State board to deduct funds and make payments Plan for the		
8974	payment of online courses taken by private and home school students.		
8975	(1) For a fiscal year that begins on or after July 1, 2018, and subject to future budget		
8976	constraints, the Legislature shall adjust the appropriation for the Statewide Online Education		
8977	Program based on:		
8978	(a) the anticipated increase of eligible home school and private school students		
8979	enrolled in the Statewide Online Education Program; and		
8980	(b) the value of the weighted pupil unit.		
8981	(2) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board shall deduct money from funds		
8982	allocated to the student's primary LEA of enrollment under Chapter 2, State Funding		
8983	Minimum School Program, to pay for online course fees.		
8984	(b) Money shall be deducted under Subsection (2) in the amount and at the time an		
8985	online course provider qualifies to receive payment for an online course as provided in		

8986	Subsection 53F-4-505(4).			
8987	(3) From money deducted under Subsection (2), the [State Board of Education] state			
8988	board shall make payments to the student's online course provider as provided in Section			
8989	53F-4-505.			
8990	(4) The Legislature shall establish a plan, which shall take effect beginning on July 1,			
8991	2013, for the payment of online courses taken by a private school or home school student.			
8992	Section 249. Section 53F-4-508 is amended to read:			
8993	53F-4-508. Course credit acknowledgment.			
8994	(1) A student's primary LEA of enrollment and the student's online course provider			
8995	shall enter into a course credit acknowledgment in which the primary LEA of enrollment and			
8996	the online course provider acknowledge that the online course provider is responsible for the			
8997	instruction of the student in a specified online course.			
8998	(2) The terms of the course credit acknowledgment shall provide that:			
8999	(a) the online course provider shall receive a payment in the amount provided under			
9000	Section 53F-4-505; and			
9001	(b) the student's primary LEA of enrollment acknowledges that the [State Board of			
9002	Education] state board will deduct funds allocated to the LEA under Chapter 2, State Funding			
9003	Minimum School Program, in the amount and at the time the online course provider qualifies			
9004	to receive payment for the online course as provided in Subsection 53F-4-505(4).			
9005	(3) (a) A course credit acknowledgment may originate with either an online course			
9006	provider or primary LEA of enrollment.			
9007	(b) The originating entity shall submit the course credit acknowledgment to the [State			
9008	Board of Education] state board who shall forward it to the primary LEA of enrollment for			
9009	course selection verification or the online course provider for acceptance.			
9010	(c) (i) A primary LEA of enrollment may only reject a course credit acknowledgment			
9011	if:			

(A) the online course is not aligned with the student's plan for college and career

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readiness;

9014 (B) the online course is not consistent with the student's IEP, if the student has an IEP; 9015 (C) the online course is not consistent with the student's international baccalaureate 9016 program, if the student participates in an international baccalaureate program; or 9017 (D) the number of online course credits exceeds the maximum allowed for the year as provided in Section 53F-4-503. 9018 9019 (ii) Verification of alignment of an online course with a student's plan for college and 9020 career readiness does not require a meeting with the student. 9021 (d) An online course provider may only reject a course credit acknowledgment if: 9022 (i) the student does not meet course prerequisites; or 9023 (ii) the course is not open for enrollment. (e) A primary LEA of enrollment or online course provider shall submit an acceptance 9024 9025 or rejection of a course credit acknowledgment to the [State Board of Education] state board 9026 within 72 business hours of the receipt of a course credit acknowledgment from the [State 9027 Board of Education | state board pursuant to Subsection (3)(b). (f) If an online course provider accepts a course credit acknowledgment, the online 9028 9029 course provider shall forward to the primary LEA of enrollment the online course start date as established under Section 53F-4-506. 9030 9031 (g) If an online course provider rejects a course credit acknowledgment, the online 9032 course provider shall include an explanation which the [State Board of Education] state board shall forward to the primary LEA of enrollment for the purpose of assisting a student with 9033 9034 future online course selection. 9035 (h) If a primary LEA of enrollment does not submit an acceptance or rejection of a

consider the course credit acknowledgment accepted.

(i) (i) Upon acceptance of a course credit acknowledgment, the primary LEA of enrollment shall notify the student of the acceptance and the start date for the online course as

course credit acknowledgment to the [State Board of Education] state board within 72 business

hours of the receipt of a course credit acknowledgment from the [State Board of Education]

state board pursuant to Subsection (3)(b), the [State Board of Education] state board shall

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H.B. 27	Enrolled Cop

9042 established under Section 53F-4-506.

- (ii) Upon rejection of a course credit acknowledgment, the primary LEA of enrollment shall notify the student of the rejection and provide an explanation of the rejection.
- (j) If the online course student has an individual education plan (IEP) or 504 accommodations, the primary LEA of enrollment shall forward the IEP or description of 504 accommodations to the online course provider within 72 business hours after the primary LEA of enrollment receives notice that the online course provider accepted the course credit acknowledgment.
- (4) (a) A primary LEA of enrollment may not reject a course credit acknowledgment, because the LEA is negotiating, or intends to negotiate, an online course fee with the online course provider pursuant to Subsection 53F-4-505(6).
- (b) If a primary LEA of enrollment negotiates an online course fee with an online course provider before the start date of an online course, a course credit acknowledgment may be amended to reflect the negotiated online course fee.
- Section 250. Section **53F-4-510** is amended to read:
- 53F-4-510. Administration of statewide assessments to students enrolled in online courses.
  - (1) A student enrolled in an online course that is a course for which a statewide assessment is administered under Title 53E, Chapter 4, Part 3, Assessments, shall take the statewide assessment.
  - (2) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board shall make rules providing for the administration of a statewide assessment to a student enrolled in an online course.
    - (b) Rules made under Subsection (2)(a) shall:
  - (i) provide for the administration of a statewide assessment upon a student completing an online course; and
  - (ii) require an online course provider to proctor the statewide assessment.
- 9068 Section 251. Section 53F-4-511 is amended to read:
- 9069 53F-4-511. Report on performance of online course providers.

9070	(1) The [State Board of Education] state board, in collaboration with online course
9071	providers, shall develop a report on the performance of online course providers, which may be
9072	used to evaluate the Statewide Online Education Program and assess the quality of an online
9073	course provider.
9074	(2) A report on the performance of an online course provider shall include:
9075	(a) scores aggregated by test on statewide assessments administered under Title 53E,
9076	Chapter 4, Part 3, Assessments, taken by students at the end of an online course offered
9077	through the Statewide Online Education Program;
9078	(b) the percentage of the online course provider's students who complete online courses
9079	within the applicable time period specified in Subsection 53F-4-505(4)(c);
9080	(c) the percentage of the online course provider's students who complete online courses
9081	after the applicable time period specified in Subsection 53F-4-505(4)(c) and before the student
9082	graduates from high school; and
9083	(d) the pupil-teacher ratio for the combined online courses of the online course
9084	provider.
9085	(3) The [State Board of Education] state board shall post a report on the performance
9086	of an online course provider on the Statewide Online Education Program's website.
9087	Section 252. Section 53F-4-512 is amended to read:
9088	53F-4-512. Dissemination of information on the Statewide Online Education
9089	Program.
9090	(1) The [State Board of Education] state board shall develop a website for the
9091	Statewide Online Education Program which shall include:
9092	(a) a description of the Statewide Online Education Program, including its purposes;
9093	(b) information on who is eligible to enroll, and how an eligible student may enroll, in
9094	an online course;
9095	(c) a directory of online course providers;
9096	(d) a link to a course catalog for each online course provider; and
9097	(e) a report on the performance of online course providers as required by Section

9098	53F-4-511.
9099	(2) An online course provider shall provide the following information on the online
9100	course provider's website:
9101	(a) a description of the Statewide Online Education Program, including its purposes;
9102	(b) information on who is eligible to enroll, and how an eligible student may enroll, in
9103	an online course;
9104	(c) a course catalog;
9105	(d) scores aggregated by test on statewide assessments administered under Title 53E,
9106	Chapter 4, Part 3, Assessments, taken by students at the end of an online course offered
9107	through the Statewide Online Education Program;
9108	(e) the percentage of an online course provider's students who complete online courses
9109	within the applicable time period specified in Subsection 53F-4-505(4)(c);
9110	(f) the percentage of an online course provider's students who complete online courses
9111	after the applicable time period specified in Subsection 53F-4-505(4)(c) and before the student
9112	graduates from high school; and
9113	(g) the online learning provider's pupil-teacher ratio for the online courses combined.
9114	Section 253. Section 53F-4-514 is amended to read:
9115	53F-4-514. State board Rulemaking.
9116	The [State Board of Education] state board shall make rules in accordance with this part
9117	[and Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,] that:
9118	(1) establish a course credit acknowledgement form and procedures for completing and
9119	submitting to the [State Board of Education] state board a course credit acknowledgement; and
9120	(2) establish procedures for the administration of a statewide assessment to a student
9121	enrolled in an online course.
9122	Section 254. Section 53F-4-516 is amended to read:
9123	53F-4-516. Report of noncompliance Action to ensure compliance.
9124	(1) The state superintendent shall report to the [State Board of Education] state board
9125	any report of noncompliance of this part made to a member of the staff of the [State Board of

9126	Education] state board.
9127	(2) The [State Board of Education] state board shall take appropriate action to ensure
9128	compliance with this part.
9129	Section 255. Section 53F-5-201 is amended to read:
9130	53F-5-201. Grants for online delivery of statewide assessments.
9131	(1) As used in this section:
9132	(a) "Adaptive tests" means tests administered during the school year using an online
9133	adaptive test system.
9134	(b) "Core standards for Utah public schools" means the standards established by the
9135	[State Board of Education] state board as described in Section 53E-4-202.
9136	(c) "Statewide assessment" means the same as that term is defined in Section
9137	53E-4-301.
9138	(d) "Summative tests" means tests administered near the end of a course to assess
9139	overall achievement of course goals.
9140	(e) "Uniform online summative test system" means a single system for the online
9141	delivery of summative tests required as statewide assessments that:
9142	(i) is coordinated by the [State Board of Education] state board;
9143	(ii) ensures the reliability and security of statewide assessments; and
9144	(iii) is selected through collaboration between the [State Board of Education] state
9145	board and school district representatives with expertise in technology, assessment, and
9146	administration.
9147	(2) The [State Board of Education] state board may award grants to school districts and
9148	charter schools to implement:
9149	(a) a uniform online summative test system to enable school staff and parents of
9150	students to review statewide assessment scores by the end of the school year; or
9151	(b) an online adaptive test system to enable parents of students and school staff to
9152	measure and monitor a student's academic progress during a school year.
9153	(3) (a) Grant money may be used to pay for any of the following, provided it is directly

9154	related to implementing a uniform online summative test system, an online adaptive test
9155	system, or both:
9156	(i) computer equipment and peripherals, including electronic data capture devices
9157	designed for electronic test administration and scoring;
9158	(ii) software;
9159	(iii) networking equipment;
9160	(iv) upgrades of existing equipment or software;
9161	(v) upgrades of existing physical plant facilities;
9162	(vi) personnel to provide technical support or coordination and management; and
9163	(vii) teacher professional development.
9164	(b) Equipment purchased in compliance with Subsection (3)(a), when not in use for the
9165	online delivery of summative tests or adaptive tests required as statewide assessments, may be
9166	used for other purposes.
9167	[(4) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
9168	State Board of Education]
9169	(4) The state board shall make rules:
9170	(a) establishing procedures for applying for and awarding grants;
9171	(b) specifying how grant money is allocated among school districts and charter schools;
9172	(c) requiring reporting of grant money expenditures and evidence showing that the
9173	grant money has been used to implement a uniform online summative test system, an online
9174	adaptive test system, or both;
9175	(d) establishing technology standards for an online adaptive testing system;
9176	(e) requiring a school district or charter school that receives a grant under this section
9177	to implement, in compliance with Title 53E, Chapter 9, Student Privacy and Data Protection,
9178	an online adaptive test system by the 2014-15 school year that:
9179	(i) meets the technology standards established under Subsection (4)(d); and
9180	(ii) is aligned with the core standards for Utah public schools;
9181	(f) requiring a school district or charter school to provide matching funds to implement

9182 a uniform online summative test system, an online adaptive test system, or both in an amount 9183 that is greater than or equal to the amount of a grant received under this section; and 9184 (g) ensuring that student identifiable data is not released to any person, except as 9185 provided by Title 53E, Chapter 9, Student Privacy and Data Protection, and rules of the [State Board of Education state board adopted under the authority of those parts. 9186 9187 (5) If a school district or charter school uses grant money for purposes other than those 9188 stated in Subsection (3), the school district or charter school is liable for reimbursing the [State 9189 Board of Education state board in the amount of the grant money improperly used. 9190 (6) A school district or charter school may not use federal funds to provide the 9191 matching funds required to receive a grant under this section. (7) A school district may not impose a tax rate above the certified tax rate for the 9192 9193 purpose of generating revenue to provide matching funds for a grant under this section. 9194 Section 256. Section **53F-5-202** is amended to read: 9195 53F-5-202. National Board certification reimbursement. 9196 (1) (a) The terms defined in Section 53E-6-102 apply to this section. 9197 (b) As used in this section[:(i) "Eligible], "eligible educator" means an educator who: 9198 [(A)] (i) holds a current National Board certification; and 9199 [(B)] (ii) is employed as an educator by an LEA. [(ii) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means:] 9200 9201 (A) a school district; 9202 [(B) a charter school; or] 9203 [(C) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.] 9204 (2) (a) Subject to legislative appropriations and Subsection (2)(b), the state board shall reimburse an eligible educator for the cost to attain or renew a National Board certification. 9205 (b) The state board may only issue a reimbursement under Subsection (2)(a) for a 9206

certification attained or renewed after July 1, 2016.

come, first served basis.

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(3) The state board shall reimburse an eligible educator under this section on a first

9210	(4) The <u>state</u> board shall make rules[ <del>, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah</del>
9211	Administrative Rulemaking Act,] specifying procedures and timelines for reimbursing costs
9212	under Subsection (2).
9213	Section 257. Section 53F-5-203 is amended to read:
9214	53F-5-203. Interventions for Reading Difficulties Pilot Program.
9215	(1) As used in this section:
9216	[(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
9217	[(b)] (a) "Dyslexia" means a specific learning disability that is neurological in origin
9218	and characterized by difficulties with accurate or fluent word recognition and by poor spelling
9219	and decoding abilities that typically result from a deficit in the phonological component of
9220	language that is often unexpected in relation to other cognitive abilities and the provision of
9221	effective classroom instruction.
9222	[(c) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means:]
9223	[(i) a school district;]
9224	[(ii) a charter school; or]
9225	[(iii) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.]
9226	[(d)] (b) "Multi-Tier System of Supports" or "MTSS" means a framework integrating
9227	assessment and intervention that:
9228	(i) provides increasingly intensive interventions for students at risk for or experiencing
9229	reading difficulties, including:
9230	(A) tier II interventions that, in addition to standard classroom reading, provide
9231	supplemental and targeted small group instruction in reading using evidence-based curricula;
9232	and
9233	(B) tier III interventions that address the specific needs of students who are the most at
9234	risk or who have not responded to tier II interventions by providing frequent, intensive, and
9235	targeted small group instruction using evidence-based curricula; and
9236	(ii) is developed to:
9237	(A) maximize student achievement;

9238	(B) reduce behavior problems; and
9239	(C) increase long-term success.
9240	[(e)] (c) "Program" means the Interventions for Reading Difficulties Pilot Program.
9241	[(f)] (d) "Reading difficulty" means an impairment, including dyslexia, that negatively
9242	affects a student's ability to learn to read.
9243	(2) There is created the Interventions for Reading Difficulties Pilot Program to provide:
9244	(a) specific evidence-based literacy interventions using an MTSS for students in
9245	kindergarten through grade 5 who are at risk for or experiencing a reading difficulty, including
9246	dyslexia; and
9247	(b) professional development to educators who provide the literacy interventions
9248	described in Subsection (2)(a).
9249	(3) (a) An LEA may submit a proposal to the <u>state</u> board to participate in the program.
9250	(b) An LEA proposal described in Subsection (3)(a) shall:
9251	(i) specify:
9252	(A) a range of current benchmark assessment in reading scores described in Section
9253	53E-4-307 that the LEA will use to determine whether a student is at risk for a reading
9254	difficulty; and
9255	(B) other reading difficulty risk factors that the LEA will use to determine whether a
9256	student is at risk for a reading difficulty;
9257	(ii) describe the LEA's existing reading program;
9258	(iii) describe the LEA's MTSS approach; and
9259	(iv) include any other information requested by the <u>state</u> board.
9260	(c) The <u>state</u> board may:
9261	(i) specify the format for an LEA proposal; and
9262	(ii) set a deadline for an LEA to submit a proposal.
9263	(4) The <u>state</u> board shall:
9264	(a) define criteria for selecting an LEA to participate in the program;
9265	(b) during fiscal year 2016, select five LEAs to participate in the program:

9266	(i) on a competitive basis; and
9267	(ii) using criteria described in Subsection (4)(a); and
9268	(c) provide each LEA, selected as described in Subsection (4)(b), up to \$30,000 per
9269	school within the LEA.
9270	(5) During fiscal years 2017, 2018, and 2019, if funding allows, the state board may
9271	select additional LEAs to participate in the program.
9272	(6) An LEA that participates in the program:
9273	(a) shall, beginning with the 2016-17 school year, provide the interventions described
9274	in Subsection (7)(c) from the time the LEA is selected until the end of the 2018-19 school year
9275	and
9276	(b) may provide the professional development described in Subsections (8)(a) and (b)
9277	beginning in fiscal year 2016.
9278	(7) An LEA that participates in the program shall:
9279	(a) select at least one school in the LEA to participate in the program;
9280	(b) identify students in kindergarten through grade 5 for participation in the program
9281	by:
9282	(i) using current benchmark assessment in reading scores as described in Section
9283	53E-4-307; and
9284	(ii) considering other reading difficulty risk factors identified by the LEA;
9285	(c) provide interventions for each student participating in the program using an MTSS
9286	implemented by an educator trained in evidence-based interventions;
9287	(d) include the LEA's proposal submitted under Subsection (3)(b) in the reading
9288	achievement plan described in Section 53E-4-306 for each school in the LEA that participates
9289	in the program; and
9290	(e) report annually to the <u>state</u> board on:
9291	(i) individual student outcomes in changes in reading ability;
9292	(ii) school level outcomes; and
9293	(iii) any other information requested by the state board.

9294	(8) Subject to funding for the program, an LEA may use the funds described in
9295	Subsection (4)(c) for the following purposes:
9296	(a) to provide for ongoing professional development in evidence-based literacy
9297	interventions;
9298	(b) to support educators in earning a reading interventionist credential that prepares
9299	teachers to provide a student who is at risk for or experiencing reading difficulty, including
9300	dyslexia, with reading intervention that is:
9301	(i) explicit;
9302	(ii) systematic; and
9303	(iii) targeted to a student's specific reading difficulty; and
9304	(c) to implement the program.
9305	(9) The state board shall contract with an independent evaluator to evaluate the
9306	program on:
9307	(a) whether the program improves reading outcomes for a student who receives the
9308	interventions described in Subsection (7)(c);
9309	(b) whether the program may reduce future special education costs; and
9310	(c) any other student or school achievement outcomes requested by the <u>state</u> board.
9311	(10) (a) The state board shall make a final report on the program to the Education
9312	Interim Committee on or before November 1, 2018.
9313	(b) In the final report described in Subsection (10)(a), the state board shall include the
9314	results of the evaluation described in Subsection (9).
9315	Section 258. Section 53F-5-204 is amended to read:
9316	53F-5-204. Initiative to strengthen college and career readiness.
9317	(1) As used in this section:
9318	(a) "College and career counseling" means:
9319	(i) nurturing college and career aspirations;
9320	(ii) assisting students in planning an academic program that connects to college and
9321	career goals;

9322	(iii) providing early and ongoing exposure to information necessary to make informed
9323	decisions when selecting a college and career;
9324	(iv) promoting participation in college and career assessments;
9325	(v) providing financial aid information; and
9326	(vi) increasing understanding about college admission processes.
9327	(b) "LEA" or "local education agency" means a school district or charter school.
9328	(2) There is created the Strengthening College and Career Readiness Program, a grant
9329	program for LEAs, to improve students' college and career readiness through enhancing the
9330	skill level of school counselors to provide college and career counseling.
9331	(3) The [State Board of Education] state board shall:
9332	(a) on or before August 1, 2015, collaborate with the State Board of Regents, and
9333	business, community, and education stakeholders to develop a certificate for school counselors
9334	that:
9335	(i) certifies that a school counselor is highly skilled at providing college and career
9336	counseling; and
9337	(ii) is aligned with the Utah Comprehensive Counseling and Guidance Program as
9338	defined in rules established by the [State Board of Education] state board;
9339	(b) subject to legislative appropriations, award grants to LEAs, on a competitive basis,
9340	for payment of course fees for courses required to earn the certificate developed by the [State
9341	Board of Education] state board under Subsection (3)(a); and
9342	(c) [in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,]
9343	make rules specifying:
9344	(i) procedures for applying for and awarding grants under this section;
9345	(ii) criteria for awarding grants; and
9346	(iii) reporting requirements for grantees.
9347	(4) An LEA that receives a grant under this section shall use the grant for payment of
9348	course fees for courses required to attain the certificate as determined by the [State Board of
9349	Education] state board under Subsection (3)(a).

9350	(5) The [State Board of Education] state board shall report to the Education Interim
9351	Committee on the status of the Strengthening College and Career Readiness Program on or
9352	before:
9353	(a) November 1, 2016; and
9354	(b) November 1, 2017.
9355	Section 259. Section <b>53F-5-205</b> is amended to read:
9356	53F-5-205. Paraeducator to Teacher Scholarship Program Grants for math
9357	teacher training programs.
9358	(1) (a) The terms defined in Section 53E-6-102 apply to this section.
9359	(b) As used in this section, "paraeducator" means a school employee who:
9360	(i) delivers instruction under the direct supervision of a teacher; and
9361	(ii) works in an area where there is a shortage of qualified teachers, such as special
9362	education, Title I, ESL, reading remediation, math, or science.
9363	(2) The Paraeducator to Teacher Scholarship Program is created to award scholarships
9364	to paraeducators for education and training to become licensed teachers.
9365	(3) The [State Board of Education] state board shall use money appropriated for the
9366	Paraeducator to Teacher Scholarship Program to award scholarships of up to \$5,000 to
9367	paraeducators employed by school districts and charter schools who are pursuing an associate's
9368	degree or bachelor's degree program to become a licensed teacher.
9369	(4) A paraeducator is eligible to receive a scholarship if:
9370	(a) the paraeducator is employed by a school district or charter school;
9371	(b) is admitted to, or has made an application to, an associate's degree program or
9372	bachelor's degree program that will prepare the paraeducator for teacher licensure; and
9373	(c) the principal at the school where the paraeducator is employed has nominated the
9374	paraeducator for a scholarship.
9375	(5) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board shall establish a committee to select
9376	scholarship recipients from nominations submitted by school principals.
9377	(b) The committee shall include representatives of the [State Board of Education] state

9378	<u>board</u> , State Board of Regents, and the general public, excluding school district and charter
9379	school employees.
9380	(c) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
9381	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
9382	(i) Section 63A-3-106;
9383	(ii) Section 63A-3-107; and
9384	(iii) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
9385	63A-3-107.
9386	(d) The committee shall select scholarship recipients based on the following criteria:
9387	(i) test scores, grades, or other evidence demonstrating the applicant's ability to
9388	successfully complete a teacher education program; and
9389	(ii) the applicant's record of success as a paraeducator.
9390	(6) The maximum scholarship amount is \$5,000.
9391	(7) Scholarship money may only be used to pay for tuition costs:
9392	(a) of:
9393	(i) an associate's degree program that fulfills credit requirements for the first two years
9394	of a bachelor's degree program leading to teacher licensure; or
9395	(ii) the first two years of a bachelor's degree program leading to teacher licensure; and
9396	(b) at a higher education institution:
9397	(i) located in Utah; and
9398	(ii) accredited by the Northwest Commission on Colleges and Universities.
9399	(8) A scholarship recipient must be continuously employed as a paraeducator by a
9400	school district or charter school while pursuing a degree using scholarship money.
9401	(9) The [State Board of Education] state board shall make rules in accordance with this
9402	section [and Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,] to administer the
9403	Paraeducator to Teacher Scholarship Program, including rules establishing:
9404	(a) scholarship application procedures;

(b) the number of, and qualifications for, committee members who select scholarship

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9406	recipients; and
9407	(c) procedures for distributing scholarship money.
9408	(10) If the state obtains matching funds of equal sums from private contributors, the
9409	state board may award grants to institutions of higher education or nonprofit educational
9410	organizations for programs that provide:
9411	(a) mentoring and training leading to a secondary education license with a certificate in
9412	mathematics for an individual who:
9413	(i) is not a teacher in a public or private school;
9414	(ii) does not have a teaching license;
9415	(iii) has a bachelor's degree or higher; and
9416	(iv) demonstrates a high level of mathematics competency by:
9417	(A) successfully completing substantial course work in mathematics; and
9418	(B) passing a mathematics content exam; or
9419	(b) a stipend, professional development, and leadership opportunities to an experienced
9420	mathematics teacher who demonstrates high content knowledge and exemplary teaching and
9421	leadership skills to assist the teacher in becoming a teacher leader.
9422	(11) (a) The state board shall make rules [in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
9423	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,] that establish criteria for awarding grants under this
9424	section.
9425	(b) In awarding grants, the state board shall consider the amount or percent of matching
9426	funds provided by the grant recipient.
9427	Section 260. Section 53F-5-207 is amended to read:
9428	53F-5-207. Intergenerational Poverty Interventions Grant Program
9429	Definitions Grant requirements Reporting requirements.
9430	(1) As used in this section:
9431	[(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
9432	[(b)] (a) "Eligible student" means a student who is classified as a child affected by
9433	intergenerational poverty.

H.B. 27 **Enrolled Copy** 9434 [<del>(c)</del>] (b) "Intergenerational poverty" has the same meaning as in Section 35A-9-102. 9435 (c) "LEA governing board" means a local school board or a charter school governing 9436 board. 9437 (d) "Local [Education Agency] education agency" or "LEA" means a school district or 9438 charter school. 9439 (e) "Program" means the Intergenerational Poverty Interventions Grant Program 9440 created in Subsection (2). 9441 (2) The Intergenerational Poverty Interventions Grant Program is created to provide 9442 grants to eligible LEAs to fund additional educational opportunities at eligible LEAs, for 9443 eligible students, outside of the regular school day offerings. 9444 (3) Subject to future budget constraints, the state board shall distribute to LEAs money 9445 appropriated for the program in accordance with this section. 9446 (4) The state board shall: 9447 (a) solicit proposals from [local education] LEA governing boards to receive money 9448 under the program; and 9449 (b) award grants to [a local education] an LEA governing board on behalf of an LEA 9450 based on criteria described in Subsection (5). 9451 (5) In awarding a grant under Subsection (4), the state board shall consider: 9452 (a) the percentage of an LEA's students that are classified as children affected by 9453 intergenerational poverty: 9454 (b) the level of administrative support and leadership at an eligible LEA to effectively 9455 implement, monitor, and evaluate the program; and 9456 (c) an LEA's commitment and ability to work with the Department of Workforce 9457 Services, the Department of Health, the Department of Human Services, and the juvenile courts

LEA governing board shall submit a proposal to the state board detailing: (a) the LEA's strategy to implement the program, including the LEA's strategy to

(6) To receive a grant under the program on behalf of an LEA, [a local education] an

to provide services to the LEA's eligible students.

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9462	improve the academic achievement of children affected by intergenerational poverty;
9463	(b) the LEA's strategy for coordinating with and engaging the Department of
9464	Workforce Services to provide services for the LEA's eligible students;
9465	(c) the number of students the LEA plans to serve, categorized by age and
9466	intergenerational poverty status;
9467	(d) the number of students, eligible students, and schools the LEA plans to fund with
9468	the grant money; and
9469	(e) the estimated cost per student.
9470	(7) (a) The state board shall annually report to the Utah Intergenerational Welfare
9471	Reform Commission, created in Section 35A-9-301, by November 30 of each year, on:
9472	(i) the progress of LEA programs using grant money;
9473	(ii) the progress of LEA programs in improving the academic achievement of children
9474	affected by intergenerational poverty; and
9475	(iii) the LEA's coordination efforts with the Department of Workforce Services, the
9476	Department of Health, the Department of Human Services, and the juvenile courts.
9477	(b) The <u>state</u> board shall provide the report described in Subsection (7)(a) to the
9478	Education Interim Committee upon request.
9479	(c) An LEA that receives grant money pursuant to this section shall provide to the <u>state</u>
9480	board information that is necessary for the <u>state</u> board's report described in Subsection (7)(a).
9481	Section 261. Section 53F-5-208 is amended to read:
9482	53F-5-208. Reading Performance Improvement Scholarship Program.
9483	(1) There is established a Reading Performance Improvement Scholarship Program to
9484	assist selected elementary teachers in obtaining a reading endorsement so that they may help
9485	improve the reading performance of students in their classes.
9486	(2) The [State Board of Education] state board shall award scholarships of up to \$500
9487	to each recipient under the program.
9488	(3) The <u>state</u> board shall give weighted consideration to scholarship applicants who:
9489	(a) teach in grades kindergarten through [three] 3;

9490	(b) are designated by their schools as, or are seeking the designation of, reading
9491	specialist; and
9492	(c) teach in a rural area of the state.
9493	[(4) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
9494	the]
9495	(4) The state board shall provide by rule for:
9496	(a) the application procedure for the scholarship; and
9497	(b) what constitutes a reading specialist at the elementary school level.
9498	Section 262. Section <b>53F-5-209</b> is amended to read:
9499	53F-5-209. Grants for school-based mental health supports.
9500	(1) As used in this section:
9501	[(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
9502	[(b)] (a) "Elementary school" means a school that includes any one or all of grades
9503	kindergarten through grade 6.
9504	[(c)] (b) "Intergenerational poverty" means the same as that term is defined in Section
9505	35A-9-102.
9506	[(d) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means a school district, charter school, or
9507	Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.]
9508	[(e)] (c) "Qualifying personnel" means a school counselor or school social worker who
9509	(i) is licensed by the <u>state</u> board; and
9510	(ii) collaborates with educators and a student's family or guardian on:
9511	(A) early identification and intervention of a student's academic and mental health
9512	needs; and
9513	(B) removing barriers to learning and developing skills and behaviors critical for a
9514	student's academic achievement.
9515	(2) Subject to legislative appropriations and Subsection (3), the <u>state</u> board shall award
9516	a grant to an LEA to provide targeted school-based mental health support in an elementary
9517	school including trauma-informed care, through employment of qualifying personnel

9518	(3) In awarding a grant under this section, the <u>state</u> board shall give:
9519	(a) first priority to an LEA that proposes to target funds to one or more elementary
9520	schools with a high percentage of students exhibiting risk factors for childhood trauma; and
9521	(b) second priority to an LEA that proposes to target funds to one or more elementary
9522	schools with a high percentage of students experiencing intergenerational poverty.
9523	(4) To qualify for a grant, an LEA shall:
9524	(a) submit an application to the <u>state</u> board that includes:
9525	(i) measurable goals on improving student safety, student engagement, school culture,
9526	and academic achievement; and
9527	(ii) how the LEA intends to meet goals submitted under Subsection (4)(a)(i) through
9528	the use of the grant funds; and
9529	(b) provide local funds to match grant funds received under this section in an amount
9530	equal to one-half of the amount of the grant funds.
9531	(5) An LEA may not replace federal, state, or local funds previously allocated to
9532	employ qualified personnel with funds distributed under this section.
9533	[(6) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
9534	the]
9535	(6) The state board shall make rules specifying:
9536	(a) procedures for applying for and awarding grants under this section, including:
9537	(i) a definition of risk factors for childhood trauma;
9538	(ii) the duration of a grant; and
9539	(iii) a schedule for submission of matching grant funds; and
9540	(b) annual reporting requirements for grantees in accordance with Subsection (7).
9541	(7) An LEA that receives a grant under this section shall submit an annual report to the
9542	state board, including:
9543	(a) progress toward achieving the goals submitted under Subsection (4)(a)(i); and
9544	(b) if the LEA decides to discontinue the qualifying personnel position, the LEA's
9545	reason for discontinuing the position.

9546	(8) Beginning on or before July 1, 2019, the <u>state</u> board shall provide training that
9547	instructs educators on the impact of trauma on student learning, including information advising
9548	educators against practicing medicine, giving a diagnosis, or providing treatment.
9549	Section 263. Section 53F-5-210 is amended to read:
9550	53F-5-210. Educational Improvement Opportunities Outside of the Regular
9551	School Day Grant Program.
9552	(1) As used in this section:
9553	(a) "Applicant" means an LEA, private provider, nonprofit provider, or municipality
9554	that provides an existing program and applies for a grant under the provisions of this section.
9555	[(b) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
9556	[(c)] (b) "Existing program" means a currently funded and operating program, as
9557	described in Subsections 53E-3-508(1)(a) and (b).
9558	[(d)] (c) "Grant program" means the Educational Improvement Opportunities Outside
9559	of the Regular School Day Grant Program created in Subsection (2).
9560	[ <del>(e)</del> ] (d) "Grantor" means:
9561	(i) for an LEA that receives a grant under this section, the state board; or
9562	(ii) for a private provider, nonprofit provider, or municipality that receives a grant
9563	under this section, the Department of Workforce Services.
9564	[(f)] (e) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means a school district or charter school.
9565	(2) There is created the Educational Improvement Opportunities Outside of the Regular
9566	School Day Grant Program to provide grant funds for an existing program to improve and
9567	develop the existing program in accordance with the high quality standards described in
9568	Section 53E-3-508.
9569	(3) Subject to legislative appropriation and in accordance with Subsection (7):
9570	(a) the <u>state</u> board shall:
9571	(i) solicit LEA applications to receive a grant under this section; and
9572	(ii) award a grant based on the criteria described in Subsection (5); and
9573	(b) the Department of Workforce Services shall:

9574	(i) solicit private provider, nonprofit provider, or municipality applications to receive a
9575	grant under this section; and
9576	(ii) award a grant based on the criteria described in Subsection (5).
9577	(4) To receive a grant under this section, an applicant shall submit a proposal to the
9578	grantor describing:
9579	(a) how the applicant proposes to develop and improve the existing program to meet
9580	the standards described in Section 53E-3-508;
9581	(b) information necessary for the <u>state</u> board to determine the impact of the applicant's
9582	program on the academic performance of participating students;
9583	(c) the total number of students the applicant proposes to serve through the existing
9584	program;
9585	(d) the estimated percentage of the students described in Subsection (4)(c) who qualify
9586	for free or reduced lunch; and
9587	(e) the estimated cost of the applicant's existing program, per student.
9588	(5) In awarding a grant under Subsection (3), the grantor shall consider:
9589	(a) how an applicant's existing program proposes to meet the standards described in
9590	Section 53E-3-508; and
9591	(b) the percentage of students in that program who qualify for free and reduced lunch.
9592	(6) An applicant that receives a grant under this section shall:
9593	(a) use the grant to improve an existing program in accordance with the standards
9594	described in Section 53E-3-508; and
9595	(b) annually report to the grantor:
9596	(i) the number of students served by the existing program;
9597	(ii) the academic outcomes that the program is expected to have on participating
9598	students;
9599	(iii) program attendance rates of participating students; and
9600	(iv) other information required by the grantor.
9601	(7) (a) To receive a distribution of grant money under this section, an applicant shall

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9602	identify and certify the availability of private matching funds in the amount of the grant to be
9603	distributed to the applicant.
9604	(b) Neither the state board nor the Department of Workforce Services shall be expected
9605	to seek private matching funds for this grant program.
9606	[(8) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
9607	the]
9608	(8) The state board shall make rules to administer this section that include:
9609	(a) specific criteria to determine academic performance;
9610	(b) application and reporting procedures; and
9611	(c) criteria for an existing program to qualify for a grant under this section.
9612	[(9) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
9613	the]
9614	(9) The Department of Workforce Services shall make rules to administer the grant
9615	program as described in Subsection (3)(b).
9616	(10) In accordance with 34 C.F.R. Sec. 99.35, the state board shall designate the
9617	Department of Workforce Services as an authorized representative for the purpose of sharing
9618	student data and evaluating and reporting the impact and effectiveness of the grant program.
9619	(11) The <u>state</u> board and the Department of Workforce Services may utilize up to 10%
9620	of the funds appropriated for administrative costs associated with the grant program and the
9621	report described in Subsection (12).
9622	(12) The <u>state</u> board shall report to the Education Interim Committee before November
9623	30, 2019, regarding:
9624	(a) the grant program's effect on the quality of existing programs that participate in the
9625	grant program; and
9626	(b) the impact of the existing programs on the academic performance of participating

53F-5-211. Rural school transportation reimbursement.

Section 264. Section **53F-5-211** is amended to read:

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students.

9630	(1) As used in this section:
9631	(a) "Eligible school" means a district school or a charter school:
9632	(i) that is located in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, as defined in Section
9633	17-50-501;
9634	(ii) in which at least 65% of the students enrolled in the school qualify for free or
9635	reduced price lunch; and
9636	(iii) that has provided transportation to and from the school for a regular school day for
9637	students for at least five years.
9638	(b) ["Local] "LEA governing board" means:
9639	(i) for a school district, the local school board; or
9640	(ii) for a charter school, the charter school governing board.
9641	(2) [A local] An LEA governing board may annually submit a request to the [State
9642	Board of Education] state board to receive reimbursement for an expense that:
9643	(a) the [local] <u>LEA governing</u> board incurs transporting a student to or from an eligible
9644	school for the regular school day; and
9645	(b) the [local] LEA governing board does not pay using state funding for pupil
9646	transportation described in Section 53F-2-402 or 53F-2-403.
9647	(3) (a) Subject to legislative appropriations, and except as provided in Subsection
9648	(3)(b), the [State Board of Education] state board shall reimburse a local school board for an
9649	expense included in a request described in Subsection (2).
9650	(b) If the legislative appropriation for this section is insufficient to fund an expense in a
9651	request received under Subsection (2), the [State Board of Education] state board may reduce a
9652	local school board's reimbursement in accordance with the rules described in Subsection (4).
9653	[(4) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
9654	the State Board of Education]
9655	(4) The state board shall make rules that establish:
9656	(a) requirements for information a local school board shall include in a reimbursement
9657	request described in Subsection (2);

9658	(b) a deadline by which a local school board shall submit a request described in
9659	Subsection (2); and
9660	(c) a formula for reducing a local school board's allocation under Subsection (3).
9661	(5) Nothing in this section affects a school district's allocation for pupil transportation
9662	under Sections 53F-2-402 and 53F-2-403.
9663	Section 265. Section <b>53F-5-301</b> is amended to read:
9664	53F-5-301. Definitions.
9665	As used in this part:
9666	[(1) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
9667	[(2)] (1) "Child Development Associate Credential" means a credential in early
9668	childhood education that is:
9669	(a) based on a core set of competency standards; and
9670	(b) nationally recognized.
9671	[(3)] (2) "Department" means the Department of Workforce Services.
9672	[(4)] (3) "Economically disadvantaged child" means a child who:
9673	(a) is in a family that is eligible for assistance through TANF; or
9674	(b) is eligible for free or reduced lunch.
9675	[(5)] (4) "Eligible home-based technology provider" means a provider that offers a
9676	home-based educational technology program to develop the school readiness skills of an
9677	eligible student.
9678	[6] [5] "Eligible private provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section
9679	53F-6-301.
9680	[(7)] (6) "Eligible student" means an individual who:
9681	(a) will be four years of age on or before September 2 of the school year in which the
9682	individual intends to participate in a school readiness program;
9683	(b) has not entered kindergarten; and
9684	(c) (i) is experiencing intergenerational poverty, as determined by the department; or
9685	(ii) (A) is an economically disadvantaged child; and

9686	(B) is at risk for not meeting grade 3 core standards for Utah public schools,
9687	established by the [State Board of Education] state board under Section 53E-4-202, by the end
9688	of the individual's grade 3 year, as determined by an assessment.
9689	[(8)] (7) "High quality school readiness program" means a school readiness program
9690	that:
9691	(a) is provided by an LEA, eligible private provider, or eligible home-based technology
9692	provider; and
9693	(b) meets the elements of a high quality school readiness program described in Section
9694	53F-6-304 as determined by the state board or the department under Section 53F-5-303,
9695	53F-5-304, or 53F-5-305.
9696	[(9)] (8) "Intergenerational poverty" means the same as that term is defined in Section
9697	35A-9-102.
9698	[(10)] (9) "Intergenerational poverty scholarship" or "IGP scholarship" means a
9699	scholarship to attend a high quality school readiness program for an eligible student who is
9700	experiencing intergenerational poverty.
9701	[(11)] (10) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means a:
9702	(a) school district; or
9703	(b) charter school.
9704	[(12)] (11) "TANF" means Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, described in 42
9705	U.S.C. Sec. 601 et seq.
9706	Section 266. Section 53F-5-302 is amended to read:
9707	53F-5-302. Administration of programs.
9708	(1) The [State Board of Education] state board, in collaboration with the department,
9709	shall:
9710	(a) administer the grant program described in Section 53F-5-303 for LEAs;
9711	(b) administer the grant program for eligible home-based technology providers
9712	described in Section 53F-5-304; and
9713	(c) oversee the evaluation described in Section 53F-5-307.

9/14	(2) The department, in collaboration with the state board, shall administer:
9715	(a) the grant program described in Section 53F-5-303 for eligible private providers;
9716	(b) the Intergenerational Poverty School Readiness Scholarship Program described in
9717	Section 53F-5-305; and
9718	(c) early childhood teacher training described in Section 53F-5-306.
9719	Section 267. Section 53F-5-303 is amended to read:
9720	53F-5-303. Student Access to High Quality School Readiness Programs Grant
9721	Program Determination of high quality school readiness program Reporting
9722	requirement Fees.
9723	(1) There is created the Student Access to High Quality School Readiness Programs
9724	Grant Program to expand access to high quality school readiness programs for eligible students
9725	through:
9726	(a) grants for LEAs administered by the state board; and
9727	(b) grants for eligible private providers administered by the department.
9728	(2) The state board, in coordination with the department, shall develop a tool to
9729	determine whether a school readiness program is a high quality school readiness program.
9730	(3) (a) The state board shall solicit proposals from LEAs to fund increases in the
9731	number of eligible students high quality school readiness programs can serve.
9732	(b) The department shall solicit proposals from eligible private providers to fund
9733	increases in the number of eligible students high quality school readiness programs can serve.
9734	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), a respondent shall submit a proposal
9735	that includes the information described in Subsection (4)(b):
9736	(i) to the state board, for a respondent that is an LEA; or
9737	(ii) to the department, for a respondent that is an eligible private provider.
9738	(b) A respondent's proposal for the grant solicitation described in Subsection (3) shall
9739	include:
9740	(i) the respondent's existing and proposed school readiness program, including:
9741	(A) the number of students served by the respondent's school readiness program;

9742	(B) the respondent's policies and procedures for admitting students into the school
9743	readiness program;
9744	(C) the estimated cost per student; and
9745	(D) any fees the respondent charges to a parent [or legal guardian] for the school
9746	readiness program;
9747	(ii) the respondent's plan to use funding sources, in addition to a grant described in this
9748	section, including:
9749	(A) federal funding; or
9750	(B) private grants or donations;
9751	(iii) existing or planned partnerships between the respondent and an LEA, eligible
9752	private provider, or eligible home-based technology provider to increase access to high quality
9753	school readiness programs for eligible students;
9754	(iv) how the respondent would use a grant to:
9755	(A) expand the number of eligible students served by the respondent's school readiness
9756	program; and
9757	(B) target the funding toward the highest risk students, including addressing the
9758	particular needs of children at risk of experiencing intergenerational poverty;
9759	(v) how the respondent's school readiness program is a high quality school readiness
9760	program; and
9761	(vi) the results of any evaluations of the respondent's school readiness program.
9762	(c) In addition to the requirements described in Subsection (4)(b), a respondent that is
9763	an LEA shall describe in the respondent's proposal the percentage of the respondent's
9764	kindergarten through grade 12 students who are economically disadvantaged children.
9765	(5) (a) For each LEA proposal received in response to the solicitation described in
9766	Subsection (3)(a), the state board shall determine if the LEA school readiness program is a high
9767	quality school readiness program by:
9768	(i) applying the tool described in Subsection (2); and
9769	(ii) conducting at least one site visit to the program.

9770	(b) For each eligible private provider proposal received in response to the solicitation
9771	described in Subsection (3)(b), the department shall determine if the school readiness program
9772	is a high quality school readiness program by:
9773	(i) applying the tool described in Subsection (2); and
9774	(ii) conducting at least one site visit to the program.
9775	(6) (a) Subject to legislative appropriations and Subsection (6)(b), the <u>state</u> board shall
9776	award grants, on a competitive basis, to respondents that are LEAs.
9777	(b) The state board may only award a grant to an LEA if:
9778	(i) the LEA submits a proposal that includes the information required under Subsection
9779	(4);
9780	(ii) the state board determines that the LEA's program is a high quality school readiness
9781	program as described in Subsection (5); and
9782	(iii) the LEA agrees to the evaluation requirements described in Section 53F-5-307.
9783	(7) (a) Subject to legislative appropriations and Subsection (7)(b), the department shall
9784	award grants, on a competitive basis, to respondents that are eligible private providers.
9785	(b) The department may only award a grant to a respondent if:
9786	(i) the respondent submits a proposal that includes the information required under
9787	Subsection (4);
9788	(ii) the department determines that the respondent's school readiness program is a high
9789	quality school readiness program as described in Subsection (5); and
9790	(iii) the respondent agrees to the evaluation requirements described in Section
9791	53F-5-307.
9792	(8) In evaluating a proposal received in response to the solicitation described in
9793	Subsection (3), the state board and the department shall consider:
9794	(a) the number and percent of students in the respondent's high quality school readiness
9795	program that are eligible students at the highest risk;
9796	(b) geographic diversity, including whether the respondent is urban or rural;

(c) the extent to which the respondent intends to participate in a partnership with an

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9798 LEA, eligible private provider, or eligible home-based technology provider; and 9799 (d) the respondent's level of administrative support and leadership to effectively 9800 implement, monitor, and evaluate the program. 9801 (9) (a) The state board shall ensure that an LEA that receives a grant under this section 9802 funded by TANF funds uses the grant to provide a high quality school readiness program for 9803 eligible students who are eligible to receive assistance through TANF. 9804 (b) The department shall ensure that a private provider that receives a grant under this section funded by TANF funds uses the grant to provide a high quality school readiness 9805 9806 program for eligible students who are eligible to receive assistance through TANF. 9807 (10) A respondent that receives a grant under this section shall: (a) use the grant to expand access for eligible students to high quality school readiness 9808 9809 programs by enrolling eligible students in a high quality school readiness program; 9810 (b) report to the state board annually regarding: 9811 (i) how the respondent used the grant awarded under Subsection (6) or (7): 9812 (ii) participation in any partnerships between an LEA, eligible private provider, or 9813 eligible home-based technology provider; and 9814 (iii) the results of any evaluations; 9815 (c) allow classroom or other visits by an independent evaluator selected by the state 9816 board under Section 53F-5-307; and 9817 (d) for a respondent that is an LEA, notify a parent [or legal guardian] who expresses 9818 interest in enrolling the [parent or legal guardian's] parent's child in the LEA's high quality school readiness program of each state-funded high quality school readiness program operating 9819 9820 within the LEA's geographic boundaries. (11) An LEA that receives a grant under this section may charge a student fee to 9821 9822 participate in an LEA's school readiness program if: (a) the LEA's local school board or charter school governing board approves the fee; 9823

(b) the fee for a student does not exceed the actual cost of providing the high quality

school readiness program to the student; and

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9826	(c) the fee structure for the program is designed on a sliding scale, based on household
9827	income.
9828	(12) (a) The state board shall establish interventions for a grantee that is an LEA that
9829	fails to comply with the requirements described in this section.
9830	(b) The department shall establish interventions for a grantee that is an eligible private
9831	provider that fails to comply with the requirements described in this section.
9832	(c) An intervention under this Subsection (12) may include discontinuing or reducing
9833	funding.
9834	(13) Subject to legislative appropriations, the <u>state</u> board and the department shall give
9835	first priority in awarding grants to a respondent that has previously received a grant under this
9836	section if the respondent:
9837	(a) makes the annual report described in Subsection [ <del>(9)</del> ] <u>(10)</u> (b);
9838	(b) participates in the annual evaluation described in Section 53F-5-307; and
9839	(c) continues to offer a high quality school readiness program as determined during an
9840	annual site visit by:
9841	(i) the state board, for an LEA; or
9842	(ii) the department, for an eligible private provider.
9843	[(14) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act:
9844	(a) the]
9845	(14) (a) The state board shall make rules to:
9846	(i) implement the tool described in Subsection (2); and
9847	(ii) administer the grant program for LEAs described in this section[; and].
9848	(b) [the] The department shall make rules to administer the grant program for eligible
9849	private providers described in this section.
9850	Section 268. Section 53F-5-304 is amended to read:
9851	53F-5-304. Home-based technology high quality school readiness program.
9852	(1) (a) The state board shall offer a home-based technology high quality school
9853	readiness program to eligible students by awarding contracts to one or more home-based

9854	technology p	providers,	as described	in	this	section.
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- (b) The <u>state</u> board shall solicit proposals from eligible home-based technology providers to provide high quality school readiness programs for eligible students to participate in:
- 9858 (i) at home;

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- (ii) as part of a school readiness program offered by an LEA or private provider; or
- 9860 (iii) in any other setting where Internet access is available, such as a library.
- 9861 (c) The home-based technology high quality school readiness program described in this section is established in the public education system.
  - (2) An eligible home-based technology provider that responds to the solicitation described in Subsection (1) shall submit a proposal describing:
  - (a) how the home-based technology provider's school readiness program meets the elements of a high quality school readiness program described in [Subsection] Section 53F-6-304[(2)];
    - (b) how the home-based technology provider intends to target the home-based technology provider's school readiness program to eligible students who are at the highest risk, as determined by the state board;
      - (c) the cost of the program per student;
- 9872 (d) the cost of a statewide license;
  - (e) existing or planned partnerships between the home-based technology provider and an LEA or eligible private provider; and
- 9875 (f) the results of all evaluations of the home-based technology provider's school readiness program.
  - (3) For each proposal received under Subsection (2), the state board shall:
- 9878 (a) determine if the program is a high quality school readiness program using the tool described in Subsection 53F-5-303(2); and
  - (b) receive a demonstration of the home-based technology.
- 9881 (4) (a) Subject to legislative appropriations, and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter

9882	6a, Utah Procurement Code, the <u>state</u> board shall award contracts to one or more home-based
9883	technology providers to provide home-based school readiness programs.
9884	(b) The state board may only award a contract to a home-based technology provider if
9885	the home-based technology provider:
9886	(i) submits a proposal that includes the information described in Subsection (2);
9887	(ii) offers a high quality school readiness program; and
9888	(iii) agrees to the evaluation requirements described in Section 53F-5-307.
9889	(5) In evaluating a proposal received under Subsection (2), the <u>state</u> board shall
9890	consider:
9891	(a) the number and percent of eligible students that the respondent intends to serve;
9892	(b) the extent to which the respondent intends to participate in a partnership with an
9893	LEA or eligible private provider;
9894	(c) the extent to which the respondent is able to reach students who do not have access
9895	to other high quality school readiness programs; and
9896	(d) the cost per student.
9897	(6) A home-based technology provider that receives a contract under this section:
9898	(a) shall use the funding to provide a high quality school readiness program to eligible
9899	students; and
9900	(b) may use the funding for the installation of computer or Internet access in homes of
9901	eligible students whose families cannot afford the equipment or services.
9902	(7) The state board shall ensure that a home-based technology provider that receives a
9903	grant under this section funded by TANF funds uses the grant to provide a home-based high
9904	quality school readiness program to eligible students who are eligible to receive TANF funded
9905	assistance.
9906	[(8) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
9907	the]
9908	(8) The state board shall make rules to implement this section.
9909	Section 269. Section <b>53F-5-305</b> is amended to read:

9910	53F-5-305. Intergenerational Poverty School Readiness Scholarship Program.
9911	(1) There is created the Intergenerational Poverty School Readiness Scholarship
9912	Program to provide an eligible student experiencing intergenerational poverty access to a high
9913	quality school readiness program.
9914	(2) The department shall, in accordance with Section 35A-9-401:
9915	(a) determine if an individual is eligible for an IGP scholarship; and
9916	(b) award an IGP scholarship.
9917	(3) (a) (i) An LEA or home-based technology provider may apply to the state board to
9918	receive a designation as a high quality school readiness program.
9919	(ii) The state board shall determine if an LEA or home-based technology provider
9920	offers a high quality school readiness program using the tool described in Subsection
9921	53F-5-303(2).
9922	(b) (i) An eligible private provider may apply to the department to receive a
9923	designation as a high quality school readiness program.
9924	(ii) The department shall determine if an eligible private provider offers a high quality
9925	school readiness program using the tool described in Subsection 53F-5-303(2).
9926	(4) (a) The department and the <u>state</u> board shall coordinate to assist a parent [or legal
9927	guardian] of a recipient of an IGP scholarship to enroll the IGP scholarship recipient in a high
9928	quality school readiness program:
9929	(i) offered by an LEA, eligible private provider, or eligible home-based technology
9930	provider; and
9931	(ii) of the [parent or legal guardian's] parent's choice.
9932	(b) The department shall pay the scholarship amount directly to a high quality school
9933	readiness program in which an IGP scholarship recipient enrolls.
9934	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), the department may not provide an
9935	individual's IGP scholarship to an LEA, eligible private provider, or eligible home-based
9936	technology provider unless the LEA, eligible private provider, or eligible home-based
9937	technology provider offers a high quality school readiness program, as determined by the state

9938	board or the department under Subsection (3).
9939	(b) An LEA, eligible private provider, or eligible home-based technology provider that
9940	receives a determination as a high quality school readiness program under Section 53F-5-303
9941	or 53F-5-305 may enroll an IGP scholarship recipient.
9942	Section 270. Section <b>53F-5-307</b> is amended to read:
9943	53F-5-307. Evaluation Reporting requirements.
9944	(1) In accordance with this section, the state board, in coordination with the
9945	department, shall oversee the ongoing review and evaluation by an independent evaluator for
9946	each school year of:
9947	(a) the Student Access to High Quality School Readiness Programs Grant Program
9948	described in Section 53F-5-303;
9949	(b) the home-based technology high quality school readiness program described in
9950	Section 53F-5-304;
9951	(c) the Intergenerational Poverty School Readiness Scholarship Program described in
9952	Section 53F-5-305; and
9953	(d) early childhood teacher training described in Section 53F-5-306.
9954	(2) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, the state
9955	board shall enter into a contract with an independent evaluator to assist the state board in the
9956	evaluation process.
9957	(b) In selecting an independent evaluator, the <u>state</u> board shall select an evaluator that:
9958	(i) has the capacity to meet the requirements described in Subsection (3);
9959	(ii) has a background in designing and conducting rigorous evaluations;
9960	(iii) has a demonstrated ability to monitor and evaluate a program over an extended
9961	period of time;
9962	(iv) is independent from agencies or providers implementing high quality school
9963	readiness programs funded under this part; and
9964	(v) has experience in early childhood education or early childhood education

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evaluation.

9966 (c) The state board may not enter into a contract with an independent evaluator without 9967 obtaining approval from the department. 9968 (3) Under the direction of the state board, with input from the department, the 9969 independent evaluator selected under Subsection (2) shall: 9970 (a) design an evaluation methodology that: 9971 (i) assesses the effects of a high quality school readiness program on an eligible 9972 student's: 9973 (A) readiness for kindergarten, using a uniform assessment methodology that includes 9974 a pre- and post-test chosen in coordination with the state board; 9975 (B) ability, as determined by following the student longitudinally, to meet grade 3 core 9976 standards for Utah public schools, established by the state board under Section 53E-4-202, by 9977 the end of the student's grade 3 year; and 9978 (C) attainment of a high school diploma or other completion certificate, as determined 9979 by following the student longitudinally; and 9980 (ii) allows for comparisons between students with similar demographic characteristics 9981 who complete a high quality school readiness program and students who do not; and 9982 (b) conduct an annual evaluation of the programs described in Subsection (1). 9983 (4) To assist the independent evaluator selected under Subsection (2) in completing the 9984 evaluation required under Subsection (3): 9985 (a) an LEA that receives a grant under Section 53F-5-303, or enrolls an IGP 9986 scholarship recipient under Section 53F-5-305, shall assign a statewide unique student 9987 identifier to each student who participates in the LEA's school readiness program: 9988 (b) an eligible private provider that receives a grant described in Section 53F-5-303 or 9989

an eligible home-based technology provider that receives a contract described in Section 53F-5-304 shall work in conjunction with the state board to assign a statewide unique student identifier to each student who is enrolled in the provider's school readiness program in the student's last year before kindergarten; and

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(c) an eligible private provider or eligible home-based technology provider that

9994	receives an IGP scholarship under Section 53F-5-305 shall work in conjunction with the <u>state</u>
9995	board to assign a statewide unique student identifier to each student who is funded by an IGP
9996	scholarship.
9997	(5) The <u>state</u> board and the department shall report annually, on or before November 1
9998	to the Education Interim Committee on the results of an evaluation conducted under this
9999	section.
10000	Section 271. Section <b>53F-5-401</b> is amended to read:
10001	53F-5-401. Definitions.
10002	As used in this part:
10003	[(1) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
10004	[(2)] (1) "Eligible elementary school" or "eligible junior high school" means a district
10005	school or charter school that has at least 50% of the school's students with a family income at
10006	or below 185% of the federal poverty level.
10007	$[\frac{(3)}{2}]$ "Eligible partnership" means a partnership that:
10008	(a) includes at least:
10009	(i) a local education agency that has designated an eligible school feeder pattern;
10010	(ii) a local nonprofit organization;
10011	(iii) a private business;
10012	(iv) a municipality or county in which the eligible school feeder pattern is located;
10013	(v) an institution of higher education within the state;
10014	(vi) a state or local government agency that provides services to students attending
10015	schools within the eligible school feeder pattern;
10016	(vii) a local philanthropic organization; and
10017	(viii) a local health care organization; and
10018	(b) has designated a local education agency or local nonprofit organization to act as
10019	lead applicant for a grant described in this part.
10020	[(4)] (3) "Eligible school feeder pattern" means the succession of schools that a studen
10021	enrolls in as the student progresses from kindergarten through grade 12 that includes, as

10022	designated by a local education agency:
10023	(a) a high school;
10024	(b) an eligible junior high school that:
10025	(i) is a district school within the geographic boundary of the high school described in
10026	Subsection $\left[\frac{(4)}{(3)}\right]$ (3)(a); or
10027	(ii) is a charter school that sends at least 50% of the charter school's students to the
10028	high school described in Subsection $[(4)]$ $(3)$ (a); and
10029	(c) an eligible elementary school that:
10030	(i) is a district school within the geographic boundary of the high school described in
10031	Subsection $[(4)]$ $(3)$ (a); or
10032	(ii) is a charter school that sends at least 50% of the charter school's students to the
10033	junior high school described in Subsection [(4)] (3)(b).
10034	$[\frac{5}{2}]$ "Local education agency" means a school district or charter school.
10035	Section 272. Section 53F-5-402 is amended to read:
10036	53F-5-402. Partnerships for Student Success Grant Program established.
10030	331-3-402. Tartherships for Student Success Grant Frogram established.
10037	(1) There is created the Partnerships for Student Success Grant Program to improve
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10037	(1) There is created the Partnerships for Student Success Grant Program to improve
10037 10038	(1) There is created the Partnerships for Student Success Grant Program to improve educational outcomes for low income students through the formation of cross sector
10037 10038 10039	(1) There is created the Partnerships for Student Success Grant Program to improve educational outcomes for low income students through the formation of cross sector partnerships that use data to align and improve efforts focused on student success.
10037 10038 10039 10040	<ul> <li>(1) There is created the Partnerships for Student Success Grant Program to improve educational outcomes for low income students through the formation of cross sector partnerships that use data to align and improve efforts focused on student success.</li> <li>(2) Subject to legislative appropriations, the <u>state</u> board shall award grants to eligible</li> </ul>
10037 10038 10039 10040 10041	<ul> <li>(1) There is created the Partnerships for Student Success Grant Program to improve educational outcomes for low income students through the formation of cross sector partnerships that use data to align and improve efforts focused on student success.</li> <li>(2) Subject to legislative appropriations, the <u>state</u> board shall award grants to eligible partnerships that enter into a memorandum of understanding between the members of the</li> </ul>
10037 10038 10039 10040 10041 10042	(1) There is created the Partnerships for Student Success Grant Program to improve educational outcomes for low income students through the formation of cross sector partnerships that use data to align and improve efforts focused on student success.  (2) Subject to legislative appropriations, the <u>state</u> board shall award grants to eligible partnerships that enter into a memorandum of understanding between the members of the eligible partnership to plan or implement a partnership that:
10037 10038 10039 10040 10041 10042 10043	(1) There is created the Partnerships for Student Success Grant Program to improve educational outcomes for low income students through the formation of cross sector partnerships that use data to align and improve efforts focused on student success.  (2) Subject to legislative appropriations, the <u>state</u> board shall award grants to eligible partnerships that enter into a memorandum of understanding between the members of the eligible partnership to plan or implement a partnership that:  (a) establishes shared goals, outcomes, and measurement practices based on unique
10037 10038 10039 10040 10041 10042 10043 10044	(1) There is created the Partnerships for Student Success Grant Program to improve educational outcomes for low income students through the formation of cross sector partnerships that use data to align and improve efforts focused on student success.  (2) Subject to legislative appropriations, the <u>state</u> board shall award grants to eligible partnerships that enter into a memorandum of understanding between the members of the eligible partnership to plan or implement a partnership that:  (a) establishes shared goals, outcomes, and measurement practices based on unique community needs and interests that:
10037 10038 10039 10040 10041 10042 10043 10044 10045	(1) There is created the Partnerships for Student Success Grant Program to improve educational outcomes for low income students through the formation of cross sector partnerships that use data to align and improve efforts focused on student success.  (2) Subject to legislative appropriations, the <u>state</u> board shall award grants to eligible partnerships that enter into a memorandum of understanding between the members of the eligible partnership to plan or implement a partnership that:  (a) establishes shared goals, outcomes, and measurement practices based on unique community needs and interests that:  (i) are aligned with the recommendations of the five- and ten-year plan to address
10037 10038 10039 10040 10041 10042 10043 10044 10045 10046	(1) There is created the Partnerships for Student Success Grant Program to improve educational outcomes for low income students through the formation of cross sector partnerships that use data to align and improve efforts focused on student success.  (2) Subject to legislative appropriations, the <u>state</u> board shall award grants to eligible partnerships that enter into a memorandum of understanding between the members of the eligible partnership to plan or implement a partnership that:  (a) establishes shared goals, outcomes, and measurement practices based on unique community needs and interests that:  (i) are aligned with the recommendations of the five- and ten-year plan to address intergenerational poverty described in Section 35A-9-303; and

10050	(C) grade 8 mathematics and reading proficiency;
10051	(D) high school graduation;
10052	(E) postsecondary education attainment;
10053	(F) physical and mental health; and
10054	(G) development of career skills and readiness;
10055	(b) coordinates and aligns services to:
10056	(i) students attending schools within an eligible school feeder pattern; and
10057	(ii) the families and communities of the students within an eligible school feeder
10058	pattern;
10059	(c) implements a system for:
10060	(i) sharing data to monitor and evaluate shared goals and outcomes, in accordance with
10061	state and federal law; and
10062	(ii) accountability for shared goals and outcomes; and
10063	(d) commits to providing matching funds as described in Section 53F-5-403.
10064	(3) In making grant award determinations, the state board shall prioritize funding for an
10065	eligible partnership that:
10066	(a) includes a low performing school as determined by the state board; or
10067	(b) addresses parent and community engagement.
10068	(4) In awarding grants under this part, the <u>state</u> board:
10069	(a) shall distribute funds to the lead applicant designated by the eligible partnership as
10070	described in Section 53F-5-401; and
10071	(b) may not award more than \$500,000 per fiscal year to an eligible partnership.
10072	Section 273. Section 53F-5-403 is amended to read:
10073	53F-5-403. Matching funds Grantee requirements.
10074	(1) (a) The state board may not award a grant to an eligible partnership unless the
10075	eligible partnership provides matching funds equal to two times the amount of the grant.
10076	(b) The <u>state</u> board shall ensure that at least half of the matching funds provided under
10077	Subsection (1)(a) are provided by a local education agency.

10078	(c) Matching funds may include cash or an in-kind contribution.
10079	(2) A partnership that receives a grant under this part shall:
10080	(a) select and contract with a technical assistance provider identified by the <u>state</u> board
10081	as described in Section 53F-5-404;
10082	(b) continually assess progress toward reaching shared goals and outcomes;
10083	(c) publish results of the continual assessment described in Subsection (2)(b) on an
10084	annual basis;
10085	(d) regularly report to the <u>state</u> board in accordance with rules established by the <u>state</u>
10086	board under Section 53F-5-406; and
10087	(e) as requested, share information and data with the third party evaluator described in
10088	Section 53F-5-405, in accordance with state and federal law.
10089	(3) A partnership that receives a grant under this part may use grant funds only for the
10090	following purposes:
10091	(a) to contract with a technical assistance provider identified by the state board as
10092	described in Section 53F-5-404; and
10093	(b) to plan or implement a partnership, including:
10094	(i) for project management;
10095	(ii) for planning and adaptation of services and strategies;
10096	(iii) to coordinate services;
10097	(iv) to establish and implement shared measurement practices;
10098	(v) to produce communication materials and conduct outreach activities to build public
10099	support;
10100	(vi) to establish data privacy and sharing agreements, in accordance with state and
10101	federal law;
10102	(vii) to purchase infrastructure, hardware, and software to collect and store data; or
10103	(viii) to analyze data.
10104	(4) (a) The <u>state</u> board shall establish interventions for a partnership that:
10105	(i) fails to comply with the requirements described in this section; or

10106	(ii) is not making progress toward reaching the shared goals and outcomes established
10107	by the partnership as described in Section 53F-5-402.
10108	(b) An intervention under Subsection (4)(a) may include discontinuing or reducing
10109	funding.
10110	Section 274. Section 53F-5-404 is amended to read:
10111	53F-5-404. Technical assistance.
10112	(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, the state board
10113	shall identify two or more technical assistance providers that a partnership may select from to
10114	assist the partnership in:
10115	(a) establishing shared goals, outcomes, and measurement practices;
10116	(b) creating the capabilities to achieve shared goals and outcomes that may include
10117	providing leadership development training to members of the partnership; and
10118	(c) using data to align and improve efforts focused on student success.
10119	(2) In identifying technical assistance providers under this section the <u>state</u> board shall
10120	identify providers that have a credible track record of providing technical assistance as
10121	described in Subsection (1).
10122	Section 275. Section 53F-5-405 is amended to read:
10123	53F-5-405. Independent evaluation Reporting.
10124	(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, the state board
10125	shall contract with an independent evaluator to annually evaluate a partnership that receives a
10126	grant under this part.
10127	(2) The evaluation described in Subsection (1) shall:
10128	(a) assess implementation of a partnership, including the extent to which members of a
10129	partnership:
10130	(i) share data to align and improve efforts focused on student success; and
10131	(ii) meet regularly and communicate authentically; and
10132	(b) assess the impact of a partnership on student outcomes using appropriate statistical
10133	evaluation methods.

10134	(3) In identifying an independent evaluator under Subsection (1), the state board shall
10135	identify an evaluator that:
10136	(a) has a credible track record of conducting evaluations as described in Subsection (2);
10137	and
10138	(b) is independent of any member of the partnership and does not otherwise have a
10139	vested interest in the outcome of the evaluation.
10140	(4) Beginning in the 2017-18 school year, the state board shall ensure that the
10141	independent evaluator:
10142	(a) prepares an annual written report of an evaluation conducted under this section; and
10143	(b) annually submits the report to the Education Interim Committee.
10144	Section 276. Section 53F-5-406 is amended to read:
10145	53F-5-406. Rules.
10146	[In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the]
10147	The state board shall make rules to administer the Partnerships for Student Success Grant
10148	Program in accordance with this part.
10149	Section 277. Section 53F-5-501 is amended to read:
10150	53F-5-501. Definitions.
10151	As used in this part:
10152	(1) "Blended learning" means a formal education program in which a student learns:
10153	(a) at least in part, through online learning with some element of student control over
10154	time, place, path, and pace;
10155	(b) at least in part, in a supervised brick-and-mortar location away from home; and
10156	(c) in a program in which the modalities along each student's learning path within a
10157	course or subject are connected to provide an integrated learning experience.
10158	[(2) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
10159	$[\frac{3}{2}]$ "Competency-Based education" means a system where a student advances to
10160	higher levels of learning when the student demonstrates competency of concepts and skills
10161	regardless of time, place, or pace.

10162	[(4)] (3) "Extended learning" means learning opportunities outside of a traditional
10163	school structure, including:
10164	(a) online learning available anywhere, anytime;
10165	(b) career-based experiences, including internships and job shadowing;
10166	(c) community-based projects; and
10167	(d) off-site postsecondary learning.
10168	[(5)] (4) "Grant program" means the Competency-Based Education Grants Program
10169	created in this part.
10170	[6] [5] "Institution of higher education" means an institution listed in Section
10171	53B-1-102.
10172	[ <del>(7) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means:</del> ]
10173	[(a) a school district;]
10174	[(b) a charter school; or]
10175	[(c) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.]
10176	[(8)] (6) "Review committee" means the committee established under Section
10177	53F-5-502.
10178	[9] (7) "STEM" means science, technology, engineering, and mathematics.
10179	Section 278. Section 53F-5-502 is amended to read:
10180	53F-5-502. Competency-Based Education Grants Program State board duties
10181	Review committee Technical assistance training.
10182	(1) There is created the Competency-Based Education Grants Program consisting of
10183	the grants created in this part to improve educational outcomes in public schools by advancing
10184	student mastery of concepts and skills through the following core principles:
10185	(a) student advancement upon mastery of a concept or skill;
10186	(b) competencies that include explicit, measurable, and transferable learning objectives
10187	that empower a student;
10188	(c) assessment that is meaningful and provides a positive learning experience for a
10189	student;

10190	(d) timely, differentiated support based on a student's individual learning needs; and
10191	(e) learning outcomes that emphasize competencies that include application and
10192	creation of knowledge along with the development of important skills and dispositions.
10193	(2) The grant program shall incentivize an LEA to establish competency-based
10194	education within the LEA through the use of:
10195	(a) personalized learning;
10196	(b) blended learning;
10197	(c) extended learning;
10198	(d) educator professional learning in competency-based education; or
10199	(e) any other method that emphasizes the core principles described in Subsection (1).
10200	(3) The <u>state</u> board shall:
10201	[(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,]
10202	(a) adopt rules:
10203	(i) for the administration of the grant program and awarding of grants; and
10204	(ii) to define outcome-based measures appropriate to the type of grant for an LEA that
10205	is awarded a grant under this part to use to measure the performance of the LEA's plan or
10206	program;
10207	(b) establish a grant application process;
10208	(c) in accordance with Subsection (4), establish a review committee to make
10209	recommendations to the <u>state</u> board for:
10210	(i) metrics to analyze the quality of a grant application; and
10211	(ii) approval of a grant application; and
10212	(d) with input from the review committee, adopt metrics to analyze the quality of a
10213	grant application.
10214	(4) (a) The review committee shall consist of STEM and blended learning experts,
10215	current and former school administrators, current and former teachers, and at least one former
10216	school district superintendent, in addition to other staff designated by the <u>state</u> board.
10217	(b) The review committee shall:

10218	(i) review a grant application submitted by an LEA;
10219	(ii) make recommendations to the LEA to modify the application, if necessary; and
10220	(iii) make recommendations to the state board regarding the final disposition of an
10221	application.
10222	(5) (a) The state board shall provide technical assistance training to assist an LEA with
10223	a grant application under this part.
10224	(b) An LEA may not apply for a grant under this part unless:
10225	(i) a representative of the LEA attends the technical assistance training before the LEA
10226	submits a grant application; and
10227	(ii) the representative is a superintendent, principal, or a person in a leadership position
10228	within the LEA.
10229	(c) The technical assistance training shall include:
10230	(i) instructions on completing a grant application, including grant application
10231	requirements;
10232	(ii) information on the scoring metrics used to review a grant application; and
10233	(iii) information on competency-based education.
10234	(6) The <u>state</u> board may use up to 5% of an appropriation provided to fund this part for
10235	administration of the grant program.
10236	Section 279. Section 53F-5-503 is amended to read:
10237	53F-5-503. Planning grants Requirements.
10238	(1) (a) The state board shall, subject to legislative appropriations, award a planning
10239	grant to an LEA:
10240	(i) that submits a planning grant application that meets the requirements established by
10241	the state board, subject to Subsection (2);
10242	(ii) if an LEA designee has attended the technical assistance training described in
10243	Section 53F-5-502; and
10244	(iii) if the LEA planning grant application has been recommended by the review
10245	committee.

10246	(b) An LEA that receives a grant under Subsection (1)(a) shall expend the grant funds
10247	no later than one calendar year after receiving the funds.
10248	(2) (a) A planning grant application shall include evidence that the LEA:
10249	(i) can provide a general description of the program the LEA would like to plan;
10250	(ii) is intending to plan for:
10251	(A) schoolwide implementation; or
10252	(B) if the LEA intends to implement initially with a population smaller than
10253	schoolwide, phasing the plan in schoolwide or districtwide over a specified period of time;
10254	(iii) can describe the types of partners that will help with the plan and, eventually,
10255	implement the program;
10256	(iv) planning activities and program will focus on:
10257	(A) implementation of the core principles described in Section 53F-5-502;
10258	(B) use of the methods, as applicable, described in Section 53F-5-502; and
10259	(C) the outcome-based measures adopted by the <u>state</u> board under Section 53F-5-502;
10260	(v) has:
10261	(A) the capacity, qualifications, local governing body support, and time to successfully
10262	plan the program; and
10263	(B) an intentional and feasible planning process;
10264	(vi) will align the LEA's budget as necessary with the planning process; and
10265	(vii) will communicate and promote the plan with parents, teachers, and members of
10266	the community.
10267	(b) The state board may adopt other requirements in addition to the requirements in
10268	Subsection (2)(a).
10269	Section 280. Section <b>53F-5-504</b> is amended to read:
10270	53F-5-504. Implementation grants Requirements.
10271	(1) (a) The state board shall, subject to legislative appropriations, award an
10272	implementation grant to, subject to Subsection (1)(c), an LEA:
10273	(i) that submits an implementation grant application that meets the requirements

10274	established by the <u>state</u> board, subject to Subsection (2);
10275	(ii) if an LEA designee has attended the technical assistance training described in
10276	Section 53F-5-502; and
10277	(iii) if the LEA implementation grant application has been recommended by the review
10278	committee.
10279	(b) An LEA that receives a grant under Subsection (1)(a) shall expend the grant funds
10280	no later than two calendar years after receiving the funds.
10281	(c) An LEA is not eligible to receive an implementation grant under this section unless
10282	the <u>state</u> board has previously awarded the LEA a planning grant under Section 53F-5-503.
10283	(2) (a) An implementation grant application shall include evidence that the LEA:
10284	(i) can logically articulate the proposed program's mission, theory of change, and the
10285	program's intended goals and outcomes;
10286	(ii) (A) program will have schoolwide implementation; or
10287	(B) if the LEA intends to implement initially with a population smaller than
10288	schoolwide, program includes steps to phase the program in schoolwide or districtwide over a
10289	specified period of time;
10290	(iii) has an understanding of similar programs and can use this knowledge to strengthen
10291	the LEA's program implementation;
10292	(iv) program will focus on:
10293	(A) direct alignment with the core principles described in Section 53F-5-502;
10294	(B) use of the methods, as applicable, described in Section 53F-5-502; and
10295	(C) the outcome based measures adopted by the <u>state</u> board under Section 53F-5-502;
10296	(v) program will address a need, determined by data, in the LEA or community;
10297	(vi) has a strong evaluation plan that will clearly measure the success of the LEA's
10298	program against the stated goals and objectives;
10299	(vii) has a list of signatures of key stakeholders and partners who are committed to
10300	implementing the program;
10301	(viii) has the capacity, qualifications, local governing body support, and time to

10302	successfully implement this program;
10303	(ix) has an intentional and feasible scope of work to implement the program;
10304	(x) will align the LEA's budget as necessary with the planning process; and
10305	(xi) will communicate and promote the plan with parents, teachers, and members of the
10306	community.
10307	(b) The state board may adopt other requirements in addition to the requirements in
10308	Subsection (2)(a).
10309	(3) A program under this section may include:
10310	(a) a waiver, subject to Section 53F-5-506, of required school hours attended or
10311	traditional school calendar scheduling; and
10312	(b) an adjustment of educator compensation to reflect the implementation of a waiver
10313	under Subsection (3)(a).
10314	Section 281. Section <b>53F-5-505</b> is amended to read:
10315	53F-5-505. Expansion grants Requirements.
10316	(1) (a) The state board shall, subject to legislative appropriations and to expand an
10317	existing LEA program schoolwide or districtwide, award a grant to, subject to Subsection
10318	(1)(c), an LEA:
10319	(i) that submits an expansion grant application that meets the requirements established
10320	by the state board, subject to Subsection (2);
10321	(ii) if an LEA designee has attended the technical assistance training described in
10322	Section 53F-5-502; and
10323	(iii) if the LEA expansion grant application has been recommended by the review
10324	committee.
10325	(b) An LEA that receives a grant under Subsection (1)(a) shall expend the grant funds
10326	no later than two calendar years after receiving the funds.
10327	(c) An LEA is not eligible to receive an expansion grant under this section unless the
10328	state board has previously awarded the LEA an implementation grant under Section 53F-5-504.

(2) (a) An expansion grant application shall include evidence that the LEA:

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10330	(i) has an established program that:
10331	(A) has successfully met previous goals;
10332	(B) has shown outcomes that are in alignment with the core principles described in
10333	Section 53F-5-502 and used methods, as applicable, described in Section 53F-5-502;
10334	(C) is supported by LEA management and leadership;
10335	(D) is suitable for expansion schoolwide or districtwide; and
10336	(E) is the program, with any necessary modifications, that the LEA plans to expand if
10337	awarded the expansion grant;
10338	(ii) can logically articulate the LEA's program mission, theory of change, and the
10339	program's intended goals and outcomes;
10340	(iii) program as proposed for expansion is focused on:
10341	(A) direct alignment with the core principles identified in Section 53F-5-502;
10342	(B) use of the methods, as applicable, described in Section 53F-5-502; and
10343	(C) the outcome based measures adopted by the <u>state</u> board under Section 53F-5-502;
10344	(iv) that the program will directly address a need, determined by data, in the LEA or
10345	community;
10346	(v) has clearly articulated core components that ensure, when expanded, the program
10347	will yield positive outcomes;
10348	(vi) has a strong evaluation plan that will clearly measure the success of the LEA's
10349	program against the stated goals and objectives;
10350	(vii) has a list of signatures of key stakeholders and partners who are committed to
10351	expanding the program;
10352	(viii) has the capacity, qualifications, local governing body support, and time to
10353	successfully expand the program;
10354	(ix) has an intentional and feasible scope of work to expand the program;
10355	(x) has a strategic budget that is aligned with the LEA's scope of work; and
10356	(xi) will communicate and promote the plan with parents, teachers, and members of the
10357	community.

10358	(b) The <u>state</u> board may adopt other requirements in addition to the requirements in
10359	Subsection (2)(a).
10360	(3) A program under this section may include:
10361	(a) a waiver, subject to Section 53F-5-506, of required school hours attended or
10362	traditional school calendar scheduling; and
10363	(b) an adjustment of educator compensation to reflect the implementation of a waiver
10364	under Subsection (3)(a).
10365	Section 282. Section <b>53F-5-506</b> is amended to read:
10366	53F-5-506. Waiver from state board rule State board recommended statutory
10367	changes.
10368	(1) An LEA may apply to the <u>state</u> board in a grant application submitted under this
10369	part for a waiver of a state board rule that inhibits or hinders the LEA from accomplishing its
10370	goals set out in its grant application.
10371	(2) The <u>state</u> board may grant the waiver, unless:
10372	(a) the waiver would cause the LEA to be in violation of state or federal law; or
10373	(b) the waiver would threaten the health, safety, or welfare of students in the LEA.
10374	(3) If the <u>state</u> board denies the waiver, the <u>state</u> board shall provide in writing the
10375	reason for the denial to the waiver applicant.
10376	(4) (a) The state board shall request from each LEA that receives a grant under this part
10377	for each year the LEA receives funds:
10378	(i) information on a state statute that hinders an LEA from fully implementing the
10379	LEA's program; and
10380	(ii) suggested changes to the statute.
10381	(b) The <u>state</u> board shall, in a written report, provide any information received from an
10382	LEA under Subsection (4)(a) and the <u>state</u> board's recommendations to the Legislature no later
10383	than November 30 of each year.
10384	Section 283. Section 53F-5-601 is amended to read:
10385	53F-5-601. Definitions.

10386	(1) The terms defined in Section 53E-10-401 apply to this [section] part.
10387	(2) As used in this part:
10388	(a) "American Indian and Alaskan Native concentrated school" means a school where
10389	at least 29% of its students are American Indian or Alaskan Native.
10390	[(b) "Board" means the State Board of Education.]
10391	[(c)] (b) "Teacher" means an individual employed by a school district or charter school
10392	who is required to hold an educator license issued by the state board and who has an
10393	assignment to teach in a classroom.
10394	Section 284. Section 53F-5-602 is amended to read:
10395	53F-5-602. Pilot programs created.
10396	(1) (a) In addition to the state plan described in Title 53E, Chapter 10, Part 4, American
10397	Indian-Alaskan Native Education State Plan, beginning with fiscal year 2016-2017, there is
10398	created a five-year pilot program administered by the state board to provide grants targeted to
10399	address the needs of American Indian and Alaskan Native students.
10400	(b) The pilot program shall consist of a grant program to school districts and charter
10401	schools to be used to fund stipends, recruitment, retention, and professional development of
10402	teachers who teach in American Indian and Alaskan Native concentrated schools.
10403	(2) (a) Beginning with fiscal year 2017-2018, there is created a four-year pilot program
10404	administered by the state board to provide grants targeted to address the needs of American
10405	Indian and Alaskan Native students.
10406	(b) The pilot program shall consist of a grant program to school districts and charter
10407	schools to be used to fund stipends, recruitment, retention, and professional development of
10408	teachers who teach in American Indian and Alaskan Native concentrated schools.
10409	(c) In determining grant recipients under this Subsection (2), the state board shall give
10410	priority to American Indian and Alaskan Native concentrated schools located in a county of the
10411	fourth, fifth, or sixth class with significant populations of American Indians and Alaskan
10412	Natives.

(3) Up to 3% of the money appropriated to a grant program under this part may be used

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10414	by the state board for costs in implementing the phot program.
10415	Section 285. Section 53F-5-603 is amended to read:
10416	53F-5-603. Grant program to school districts and charter schools.
10417	(1) From money appropriated to the grant program, the state board shall distribute
10418	grant money on a competitive basis to a school district or charter school that applies for a grant
10419	and:
10420	(a) (i) has within the school district one or more American Indian and Alaskan Native
10421	concentrated schools; or
10422	(ii) is an American Indian and Alaskan Native concentrated school; and
10423	(b) has a program to fund stipends, recruitment, retention, and professional
10424	development of teachers who teach at American Indian and Alaskan Native concentrated
10425	schools.
10426	(2) The grant money distributed under this section may only be expended to fund a
10427	program described in Subsection (1)(b).
10428	(3) (a) If a school district or charter school obtains a grant under this section, by no
10429	later than two years from the date the school district or charter school obtains the grant, the
10430	state board shall review the implementation of the program described in Subsection (1)(b) to
10431	determine whether:
10432	(i) the program is effective in addressing the need to retain teachers at American Indian
10433	and Alaskan Native concentrated schools; and
10434	(ii) the money is being spent for a purpose not covered by the program described in
10435	Subsection (1)(b).
10436	(b) If the <u>state</u> board determines that the program is not effective or that the money is
10437	being spent for a purpose not covered by the program described in Subsection (1)(b), the state
10438	board may terminate the grant money being distributed to the school district or charter school.
10439	[(4) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
10440	the]
10441	(4) The state board may make rules providing:

H.B. 27 **Enrolled Copy** 10442 (a) criteria for evaluating grant applications; and 10443 (b) procedures for: 10444 (i) a school district to apply to the state board to receive grant money under this 10445 section: and 10446 (ii) the review of the use of grant money described in Subsection (3). 10447 (5) The grant money is intended to supplement and not replace existing money 10448 supporting American Indian and Alaskan Native concentrated schools. Section 286. Section **53F-6-201** is amended to read: 10449 10450 53F-6-201. Firearm Safety and Violence Prevention Pilot Program. 10451 (1) As used in this section: 10452 [(a) "District school" means a public school under the control of a local school board elected under Title 20A, Chapter 14, Nomination and Election of State and Local School 10453 10454 Boards. 10455 [(b)] (a) "Firearm" means a pistol, revolver, shotgun, short barreled shotgun, rifle, or short barreled rifle, or a device that could be used as a dangerous weapon from which is 10456 10457 expelled a projectile by action of an explosive. [(e)] (b) "Pilot program" means the Firearm Safety and Violence Prevention Pilot 10458 10459 Program created under Subsection (2). 10460 (2) There is created a Firearm Safety and Violence Prevention Pilot Program to provide instruction that a public school may offer to a student in any of grades 5 through 12 on: 10461 (a) firearm safety, including: 10462 10463 (i) developing the knowledge, habits, skills, and attitudes necessary for the safe 10464 handling of firearms; and

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should:

(A) not touch the firearm;

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(ii) teaching a student that to avoid injury when the student finds a firearm the student

(C) share the information described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A) and (B) with any other

(B) tell an adult about finding the firearm and the location of the firearm; and

10470	minors who are with the student when the student finds the firearm; and
10471	(b) what to do if the student becomes aware of a threat against the school.
10472	(3) The instruction described in Subsection (2):
10473	(a) may be delivered:
10474	(i) in a public school using live instruction or a video or online materials; or
10475	(ii) at home using a video or online materials; and
10476	(b) shall be neutral of political statements on guns.
10477	(4) The Office of the Attorney General, in collaboration with the [State Board of
10478	Education] state board, shall select one or more providers, through the standard procurement
10479	process or an exception to the standard procurement process as described in Title 63G, Chapter
10480	6a, Utah Procurement Code, to supply materials and curriculum for the pilot program.
10481	(5) (a) A district school or charter school may participate in the pilot program, subject
10482	to approval by the district school's local school board or charter school's charter school
10483	governing board.
10484	(b) A district school or charter school that chooses to participate in the pilot program:
10485	(i) shall use the materials and curriculum supplied by the provider selected under
10486	Subsection (4);
10487	(ii) may permit the following to provide instruction on a voluntary basis:
10488	(A) the Division of Wildlife Resources;
10489	(B) a local law enforcement agency;
10490	(C) a peace officer, as defined in Section 53-13-102; or
10491	(D) another certified firearms safety instructor, as defined in rules made by the [State
10492	Board of Education in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
10493	Act] state board; and
10494	(iii) shall ensure that a firearm is not used in providing the instruction.
10495	(c) A student may not be given the instruction described in Subsection (2) unless the
10496	student's parent [or legal guardian] has given prior written consent.
10497	(6) The Office of the Attorney General, in collaboration with the [State Board of

10498	Education] state board, shall evaluate the pilot program and report to the Law Enforcement and
10499	Criminal Justice Interim Committee on or before December 1, 2018.
10500	Section 287. Section <b>53F-6-202</b> is amended to read:
10501	53F-6-202. Smart School Technology Program.
10502	(1) As used in this section, "program" means the Smart School Technology Program.
10503	(2) The Smart School Technology Program is created to encourage the deployment of
10504	whole-school one-to-one mobile device technology in public schools.
10505	(3) The Board of Business and Economic Development with input from an
10506	independent evaluating committee, shall issue a request for proposals for the development and
10507	implementation of a whole-school one-to-one mobile device technology deployment plan for
10508	schools.
10509	(4) From recommendations submitted by an independent evaluating committee, the
10510	Board of Business and Economic Development shall select a single education technology
10511	provider with integrated whole-school technology deployment experience through the request
10512	for proposals process.
10513	(5) (a) An independent evaluating committee shall be established to:
10514	(i) advise the Board of Business and Economic Development in issuing a request for
10515	proposals under Subsection (3);
10516	(ii) evaluate proposals submitted through a request for proposals issued under
10517	Subsection (3); and
10518	(iii) advise the [State Board of Education] state board on selecting schools to
10519	participate in the program.
10520	(b) The membership of the independent evaluating committee shall include:
10521	(i) three members of the [State Board of Education] state board appointed by the chair
10522	of the [State Board of Education] state board;
10523	(ii) the state chief information officer;
10524	(iii) two members appointed by the executive director of the Governor's Office of
10525	Economic Development; and

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	(c) The independent evaluating committee shall evaluate a proposal on:
10528	(i) a provider's experience with integrated whole-school technology deployment; and
10529	(ii) the components of a whole-school technology deployment plan.
10530	(6) An educational technology provider selected under Subsection (4) shall develop a
10531	customized whole-school one-to-one mobile device technology deployment plan for each
10532 s	school participating in the program.
10533	(7) The whole-school technology deployment plan shall be based on submitted
10534 p	proposals to the committee and may include the following components:
10535	(a) a personal mobile learning device for each student;
10536	(b) desktop or laptop computers for each classroom;
10537	(c) peripherals and networking equipment, including a wireless network that is not
10538 s	self-interfering;
10539	(d) wireless audio equipment in each classroom;
10540	(e) digital projectors or televisions with wireless device mirroring technology;
10541	(f) on and off campus Internet filtering;
10542	(g) operating software for the technology system, including software that connects
10543 p	personal mobile learning devices among students and a teacher to facilitate classroom
10544 i	nteraction;
10545	(h) curriculum and instructional software purchase credits per device to be used toward
10546 i	mproving student outcomes with respect to the core standards for Utah public schools and
10547 s	skill building on the use of technology;
10548	(i) device repair and replacement criteria;
10549	(j) professional development for educators and technology specialists on:
10550	(i) the operation and use of the technology equipment; and
10551	(ii) accessing and using online content; and
10552	(k) ongoing technical support.
10553	(8) (a) A school within a school district, with the approval of the local school board, or

10554	a charter school, may submit an application to the [State Board of Education] state board to
10555	participate in the program.
10556	(b) With input from the independent evaluating committee established under
10557	Subsection (5), the [State Board of Education] state board shall select schools to participate in
10558	the program.
10559	(c) In selecting schools, the [State Board of Education] state board shall seek to include
10560	in the program schools:
10561	(i) from different regions of the state;
10562	(ii) from urban and rural areas;
10563	(iii) with a variety of economic and demographic characteristics; and
10564	(iv) with documented technology implementation plans, including a plan for the use of
10565	(A) instructional software that improves student outcomes with respect to the core
10566	standards for Utah public schools; and
10567	(B) software that provides students with skill building on the use of technology.
10568	(d) The [State Board of Education] state board shall make rules:
10569	(i) specifying procedures and criteria to be used for selecting schools that may
10570	participate in the program; and
10571	(ii) requiring selected schools to provide matching funds to participate in the program.
10572	(9) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board, in collaboration with the education
10573	technology provider and the schools participating in the program, shall evaluate the program
10574	and submit a report on the evaluation to the Governor's Office of Economic Development and
10575	the Education Interim Committee by the committee's October meetings in 2013 and 2014.
10576	(b) The [State Board of Education] state board may contract with an independent
10577	evaluator to conduct the evaluation required in Subsection (9)(a).
10578	(c) The evaluation shall be based on the following criteria:
10579	(i) technology system functionality;
10580	(ii) school level outcomes;
10581	(iii) teacher instruction and outcomes; and

10582	(iv) student engagement and outcomes.
10583	Section 288. Section <b>53F-6-301</b> is amended to read:
10584	53F-6-301. Definitions.
10585	As used in this part:
10586	(1) "Board" means the School Readiness Board, created in Section 35A-3-209.
10587	(2) "Economically disadvantaged" means to be eligible to receive free or reduced price
10588	lunch.
10589	(3) "Eligible home-based educational technology provider" means a provider that
10590	intends to offer a home-based educational technology program.
10591	(4) "Eligible LEA" means an LEA that has a data system capacity to collect
10592	longitudinal academic outcome data, including special education use by student, by identifying
10593	each student with a statewide unique student identifier.
10594	(5) (a) "Eligible private provider" means a child care program that:
10595	(i) (A) except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), is licensed under Title 26, Chapter 39,
10596	Utah Child Care Licensing Act; or
10597	(B) is exempt from licensure under Section 26-39-403; and
10598	(ii) meets other criteria as established by the board, consistent with Utah Constitution,
10599	Article X, Section 1.
10600	(b) "Eligible private provider" does not include residential child care, as defined in
10601	Section 26-39-102.
10602	(6) "Eligible student" means a student:
10603	(a) who is economically disadvantaged; and
10604	(b) whose parent [or legal guardian] reports that the student has experienced at least
10605	one risk factor.
10606	(7) "Evaluator" means an independent evaluator selected in accordance with Section
10607	53F-3-309.
10608	(8) "High quality school readiness program" means a preschool program that:
10609	(a) is provided by an eligible LEA, eligible private provider, or eligible home-based

10610 educational technology provider; and 10611 (b) meets the elements of a high quality school readiness program described in Section 10612 53F-6-304. 10613 (9) "Investor" means a person that enters into a results-based contract to provide 10614 funding to a high quality school readiness program on the condition that the person will receive 10615 payment in accordance with Section 53F-6-309 if the high quality school readiness program 10616 meets the performance outcome measures included in the results-based contract. 10617 (10) "Local Education Agency" or "LEA" means a school district or charter school. 10618 (11) "Pay for success program" means a program funded through a model in which the 10619 program is initially funded through private funding and the entity providing the private funding 10620 receives repayment through public funding if the program achieves certain outcomes. 10621 (12) "Performance outcome measure" means a cost avoidance in special education use 10622 for a student at-risk for later special education placement in kindergarten through grade 12 who 10623 receives preschool education funded pursuant to a results-based contract. (13) "Program intermediary" means an entity selected by the board under Section 10624 10625 35A-3-209 to coordinate with the Department of Workforce Services to provide program 10626 support to the board. 10627 (14) "Results-based contract" means a contract that: 10628 (a) is entered into in accordance with Section 53F-3-309: (b) includes a performance outcome measure; and 10629 (c) is between: 10630 10631 (i) the board, a provider of a high quality school readiness program, and an investor; or 10632 (ii) the board and a provider of a high quality school readiness program.

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(15) "Risk factor" means:

(a) having a mother who was 18 years old or younger when the child was born;

(b) a member of a child's household is incarcerated;

(c) living in a neighborhood with high violence or crime;

(d) having one or both parents with a low reading ability;

10638	(e) moving at least once in the past year;
10639	(f) having ever been in foster care;
10640	(g) living with multiple families in the same household;
10641	(h) having exposure in a child's home to:
10642	(i) physical abuse or domestic violence;
10643	(ii) substance abuse;
10644	(iii) the death or chronic illness of a parent or sibling; or
10645	(iv) mental illness;
10646	(i) the primary language spoken in a child's home is a language other than English; or
10647	(j) having at least one parent who has not completed high school.
10648	(16) "Student at-risk for later special education placement" means an eligible student
10649	who, at preschool entry, scores at least two standard deviations below the mean on the
10650	assessment selected by the board under Section 53F-6-309.
10651	Section 289. Section <b>53F-6-304</b> is amended to read:
10652	53F-6-304. Elements of a high quality school readiness program.
10653	(1) A high quality school readiness program run by an eligible LEA or eligible private
10653	(1) A high quality school readiness program run by an eligible LEA or eligible private
10653 10654	(1) A high quality school readiness program run by an eligible LEA or eligible private provider shall include the following components:
10653 10654 10655	<ul><li>(1) A high quality school readiness program run by an eligible LEA or eligible private provider shall include the following components:</li><li>(a) an evidence-based curriculum that is aligned with all of the developmental domains</li></ul>
10653 10654 10655 10656	<ul> <li>(1) A high quality school readiness program run by an eligible LEA or eligible private provider shall include the following components:</li> <li>(a) an evidence-based curriculum that is aligned with all of the developmental domains and academic content areas defined in the Utah Early Childhood Standards adopted by the</li> </ul>
10653 10654 10655 10656 10657	(1) A high quality school readiness program run by an eligible LEA or eligible private provider shall include the following components:  (a) an evidence-based curriculum that is aligned with all of the developmental domains and academic content areas defined in the Utah Early Childhood Standards adopted by the [State Board of Education] state board, and incorporates intentional and differentiated
10653 10654 10655 10656 10657 10658	(1) A high quality school readiness program run by an eligible LEA or eligible private provider shall include the following components:  (a) an evidence-based curriculum that is aligned with all of the developmental domains and academic content areas defined in the Utah Early Childhood Standards adopted by the [State Board of Education] state board, and incorporates intentional and differentiated instruction in whole group, small group, and child-directed learning, including the following
10653 10654 10655 10656 10657 10658 10659	(1) A high quality school readiness program run by an eligible LEA or eligible private provider shall include the following components:  (a) an evidence-based curriculum that is aligned with all of the developmental domains and academic content areas defined in the Utah Early Childhood Standards adopted by the [State Board of Education] state board, and incorporates intentional and differentiated instruction in whole group, small group, and child-directed learning, including the following academic content areas:
10653 10654 10655 10656 10657 10658 10659 10660	(1) A high quality school readiness program run by an eligible LEA or eligible private provider shall include the following components:  (a) an evidence-based curriculum that is aligned with all of the developmental domains and academic content areas defined in the Utah Early Childhood Standards adopted by the [State Board of Education] state board, and incorporates intentional and differentiated instruction in whole group, small group, and child-directed learning, including the following academic content areas:  (i) oral language and listening comprehension;
10653 10654 10655 10656 10657 10658 10659 10660 10661	(1) A high quality school readiness program run by an eligible LEA or eligible private provider shall include the following components:  (a) an evidence-based curriculum that is aligned with all of the developmental domains and academic content areas defined in the Utah Early Childhood Standards adopted by the [State Board of Education] state board, and incorporates intentional and differentiated instruction in whole group, small group, and child-directed learning, including the following academic content areas:  (i) oral language and listening comprehension;  (ii) phonological awareness and prereading;
10653 10654 10655 10656 10657 10658 10659 10660 10661 10662	(1) A high quality school readiness program run by an eligible LEA or eligible private provider shall include the following components:  (a) an evidence-based curriculum that is aligned with all of the developmental domains and academic content areas defined in the Utah Early Childhood Standards adopted by the [State Board of Education] state board, and incorporates intentional and differentiated instruction in whole group, small group, and child-directed learning, including the following academic content areas:  (i) oral language and listening comprehension;  (ii) phonological awareness and prereading;  (iii) alphabet and word knowledge;

10666	(vii) creative arts;
10667	(viii) science and technology; and
10668	(ix) social studies, health, and safety;
10669	(b) ongoing, focused, and intensive professional development for staff of the school
10670	readiness program;
10671	(c) ongoing assessment of a student's educational growth and developmental progress
10672	to inform instruction;
10673	(d) a pre- and post-assessment of each student whose parent [or legal guardian]
10674	consents to the assessment that, for a school readiness program receiving funding under this
10675	part, is selected by the board in accordance with Section 53F-6-309;
10676	(e) for a preschool program run by an eligible LEA, a class size that does not exceed 20
10677	students, with one adult for every 10 students in the class;
10678	(f) ongoing program evaluation and data collection to monitor program goal
10679	achievement and implementation of required program components;
10680	(g) family engagement, including ongoing communication between home and school,
10681	and parent education opportunities based on each family's circumstances;
10682	(h) for a preschool program run by an eligible LEA, each teacher having at least
10683	obtained:
10684	(i) the minimum standard of a child development associate certification; or
10685	(ii) an associate or bachelor's degree in an early childhood education related field; and
10686	(i) for a preschool program run by an eligible private provider, by a teacher's second
10687	year, each teacher having at least obtained:
10688	(i) the minimum standard of a child development associate certification; or
10689	(ii) an associate or bachelor's degree in an early childhood education related field.
10690	(2) A high quality school readiness program run by a home-based educational
10691	technology provider shall:
10692	(a) be an evidence-based and age appropriate individualized interactive instruction
10693	assessment and feedback technology program that teaches eligible students early learning skills

needed to be successful upon entry into kindergarten;

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- (b) require regular parental engagement with the student in the student's use of the home-based educational technology program;
  - (c) be aligned with the Utah early childhood core standards;
- (d) require the administration of a pre- and post-assessment of each student whose parent [or legal guardian] consents to the assessment that, for a home-based technology program that receives funding under this part, is designated by the board in accordance with Section 53F-6-309; and
- 10702 (e) require technology providers to ensure successful implementation and utilization of the technology program.

Section 290. Section **53F-6-309** is amended to read:

## 53F-6-309. Results-based contracts -- Assessment selection -- Independent evaluators.

- (1) The board may enter into a results-based contract to fund participation of eligible students in a high quality school readiness program in accordance with Section 35A-3-209 and this part.
- (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the board shall include an investor as a party to a results-based contract.
- (b) The board may provide for a repayment to an investor to include a return of investment and an additional return on investment, dependent on achievement of the performance outcome measures set in the results-based contract.
- (c) The additional return on investment described in Subsection (2)(b) may not exceed 5% above the current Municipal Market Data General Obligation Bond AAA scale for a 10 year maturity at the time of the issuance of the results-based contract.
- (d) Funding obtained for an early education program through a results-based contract that includes an investor is not a procurement item under Section 63G-6a-103.
  - (e) A results-based contract that includes an investor shall include:
- (i) a requirement that the repayment to the investor be conditioned on achieving the

10722	performance outcome measures set in the results-based contract;
10723	(ii) a requirement for an evaluator to determine whether the performance outcome
10724	measures have been achieved;
10725	(iii) a provision that repayment to the investor is:
10726	(A) based upon available money in the School Readiness Restricted Account described
10727	in Section 35A-3-210; and
10728	(B) subject to legislative appropriations; and
10729	(iv) a provision that the investor is not eligible to receive or view personally
10730	identifiable student data of students funded through the results-based contract.
10731	(f) The board may not issue a results-based contract that includes an investor as a party
10732	to the contract if the total outstanding obligations of results-based contracts that include an
10733	investor as a party to the contract would exceed \$15,000,000 at any one time.
10734	(3) (a) The board may enter into a results-based contract to directly fund a high quality
10735	school readiness program that has at least four years of data for at least one cohort of students
10736	showing that the high quality school readiness program has met a performance outcome
10737	measure.
10738	(b) A results-based contract described in Subsection (3)(a):
10739	(i) does not require an investor; and
10740	(ii) shall include a provision that:
10741	(A) requires that in order to continue receiving funding, the high quality school
10742	readiness program continue to meet a performance outcome measure; and
10743	(B) provides an improvement time frame during which the high quality school
10744	readiness program may continue to receive funding if the high quality school readiness
10745	program fails to continue to meet the performance outcome measure.
10746	(4) The board shall select a uniform assessment of age-appropriate cognitive or
10747	language skills that:
10748	(a) is nationally norm-referenced;
10749	(b) has established reliability;

10750	(c) has established validity with other similar measures and with later school outcomes;
10751	and
10752	(d) has strong psychometric characteristics.
10753	(5) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, the board
10754	shall select at least three independent evaluators with experience in:
10755	(i) evaluating school readiness programs; and
10756	(ii) administering the assessment selected under Subsection (4).
10757	(b) An eligible LEA, eligible private provider, or eligible home-based educational
10758	technology provider that has a results-based contract shall select one of the evaluators
10759	described in Subsection (5)(a) to conduct an evaluation described in Section 53F-6-306.
10760	(c) The board shall select one of the evaluators described in Subsection (5)(a) to
10761	conduct an evaluation described in Section 53F-6-305.
10762	(6) (a) At the end of each year of a results-based contract after a student funded through
10763	a results-based contract completes kindergarten, the independent evaluator described in
10764	Subsection (5)(b) shall determine whether the performance outcome measures set in the
10765	results-based contract have been met.
10766	(b) The board may not pay an investor unless the evaluation described in Subsection
10767	(6)(a) determines that the performance outcome measures in the results-based contract have
10768	been met.
10769	(7) (a) The board shall ensure that a parent [or guardian] of an eligible student
10770	participating in a program funded through a results-based contract has given permission and
10771	signed an acknowledgment that the student's data may be shared with an independent evaluator
10772	for research and evaluation purposes, subject to federal law.
10773	(b) The board shall maintain documentation of parental permission required in
10774	Subsection (7)(a).
10775	Section 291. Section <b>53F-7-201</b> is amended to read:
10776	53F-7-201. Appropriations from Automobile Driver Education Tax Account.
10777	There is appropriated to the [State Board of Education] state board from the

10778	Automobile Driver Education Tax Account, annually, all money in the account, in excess of
10779	the expense of administering the collection of the tax, for use and distribution in the
10780	administration and maintenance of driver education classes and programs with respect to
10781	classes offered in the school district and the establishment of experimental programs, including
10782	the purchasing of equipment, by the state board.
10783	Section 292. Section 53F-7-301 is amended to read:
10784	53F-7-301. Annual salary adjustments for Utah Schools for the Deaf and the
10785	Blind educators Legislative appropriation.
10786	Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall annually appropriate money to
10787	the state board for the salary adjustments described in Section 53E-8-302, including step and
10788	lane changes.
10789	Section 293. Section 53F-8-201 is amended to read:
10790	53F-8-201. Annual certification of tax rate proposed by local school board
10791	Inclusion of school district budget Modified filing date.
10792	(1) Prior to June 22 of each year, each local school board shall certify to the county
10793	legislative body in which the district is located, on forms prescribed by the State Tax
10794	Commission, the proposed tax rate approved by the local school board.
10795	(2) A copy of the district's budget, including items under Section 53G-7-302, and a
10796	certified copy of the local school board's resolution which approved the budget and set the tax
10797	rate for the subsequent school year beginning July 1 shall accompany the tax rate.
10798	(3) If the tax rate approved by the <u>local school</u> board is in excess of the certified tax
10799	rate, as defined in Section 59-2-924, the date for filing the tax rate and budget adopted by the
10800	<u>local school</u> board shall be that established under Section 59-2-919.
10801	Section 294. Section <b>53F-8-402</b> is amended to read:
10802	53F-8-402. Special tax to buy school building sites, build and furnish
10803	schoolhouses, or improve school property.
10804	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6), a local school board may, by following
10805	the process for special elections established in Sections 20A-1-203 and 20A-1-204, call a

special election to determine whether a special property tax should be levied for one or more years to buy building sites, build and furnish schoolhouses, or improve the school property under its control.

- (b) The tax may not exceed .2% of the taxable value of all taxable property in the district in any one year.
- (2) The <u>local school</u> board shall give reasonable notice of the election and follow the same procedure used in elections for the issuance of bonds.
- (3) If a majority of those voting on the proposition vote in favor of the tax, it is computed on the valuation of the county assessment roll for that year.
- (4) (a) Within 20 days after the election, the <u>local school</u> board shall certify the amount of the approved tax to the governing body of the county in which the school district is located.
- (b) The governing body shall acknowledge receipt of the certification and levy and collect the special tax.
- (c) It shall then distribute the collected taxes to the business administrator of the school district at the end of each calendar month.
- (5) The special tax becomes due and delinquent and attaches to and becomes a lien on real and personal property at the same time as state and county taxes.
- (6) Notwithstanding Subsections (3) and (4), beginning January 1, 2012, a local school board may not levy a tax in accordance with this section.
- Section 295. Section **53F-8-403** is amended to read:

## 53F-8-403. School transportation levy.

- (1) Except as provided in Subsection (5), a local school board may provide for the transportation of students regardless of the distance from school, from a tax rate not to exceed .0003 per dollar of taxable value levied by the local school board.
- (2) A local school board may use revenue from the tax described in Subsection (1) to pay for transporting students and for the replacement of school buses.
- 10832 (3) (a) If a local school board levies a tax under Subsection (1) of at least .0002, the state may contribute an amount not to exceed 85% of the state average cost per mile,

10834	contingent upon the Legislature appropriating funds for a state contribution.
10835	(b) The [State Board of Education] state board's employees shall distribute the state
10836	contribution according to rules enacted by the [State Board of Education] state board.
10837	(4) (a) The amount of state guarantee money that a school district would otherwise be
10838	entitled to receive under Subsection (3) may not be reduced for the sole reason that the school
10839	district's levy is reduced as a consequence of changes in the certified tax rate under Section
10840	59-2-924 due to changes in property valuation.
10841	(b) Subsection (4)(a) applies for a period of two years following the change in the
10842	certified tax rate.
10843	(5) Beginning January 1, 2012, a local school board may not impose a tax in
10844	accordance with this section.
10845	(6) The terms defined in Section 53F-2-102 apply to this section.
10846	Section 296. Section 53F-9-202 is amended to read:
10847	53F-9-202. Duty of Division of Finance Apportionment of fund by state board
10848	Certification of apportionments.
10849	(1) The Division of Finance shall give the state superintendent, upon request, a written
10850	accounting of the current balance in the Uniform School Fund.
10851	(2) The [State Board of Education] state board shall apportion the fund among the
10852	several school districts.
10853	(3) The state superintendent shall certify the apportionments to the Division of Finance
10854	and draws warrants on the state treasurer in favor of the school districts.
10855	Section 297. Section 53F-9-203 is amended to read:
10856	53F-9-203. Charter School Revolving Account.
10857	(1) (a) The terms defined in Section 53G-5-102 apply to this section.
10858	(b) As used in this section, "account" means the Charter School Revolving Account.
10859	(2) (a) There is created within the Uniform School Fund a restricted account known as

the "Charter School Revolving Account" to provide assistance to charter schools to:

(i) meet school building construction and renovation needs; and

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10862	(ii) pay for expenses related to the start up of a new charter school or the expansion of
10863	an existing charter school.
10864	(b) The [State Board of Education] state board, in consultation with the State Charter
10865	School Board, shall administer the Charter School Revolving Account in accordance with rules
10866	adopted by the [State Board of Education] state board.
10867	(3) The Charter School Revolving Account shall consist of:
10868	(a) money appropriated to the account by the Legislature;
10869	(b) money received from the repayment of loans made from the account; and
10870	(c) interest earned on money in the account.
10871	(4) The state superintendent [of public instruction] shall make loans to charter schools
10872	from the account to pay for the costs of:
10873	(a) planning expenses;
10874	(b) constructing or renovating charter school buildings;
10875	(c) equipment and supplies; or
10876	(d) other start-up or expansion expenses.
10877	(5) Loans to new charter schools or charter schools with urgent facility needs may be
10878	given priority.
10879	(6) (a) The [State Board of Education] state board shall establish a committee to:
10880	(i) review requests by charter schools for loans under this section; and
10881	(ii) make recommendations regarding approval or disapproval of the loan applications
10882	to the State Charter School Board and the [State Board of Education] state board.
10883	(b) (i) A committee established under Subsection (6)(a) shall include individuals who
10884	have expertise or experience in finance, real estate, or charter school administration.
10885	(ii) Of the members appointed to a committee established under Subsection (6)(a):
10886	(A) one member shall be nominated by the governor; and
10887	(B) the remaining members shall be selected from a list of nominees submitted by the
10888	State Charter School Board.
10889	(c) If the committee recommends approval of a loan application under Subsection

10890	(o)(a)(ii), the committee's recommendation shall include:
10891	(i) the recommended amount of the loan;
10892	(ii) the payback schedule; and
10893	(iii) the interest rate to be charged.
10894	(d) A committee member may not:
10895	(i) be a relative, as defined in Section 53G-5-409, of a loan applicant; or
10896	(ii) have a pecuniary interest, directly or indirectly, with a loan applicant or any person
10897	or entity that contracts with a loan applicant.
10898	(7) A loan under this section may not be made unless the [State Board of Education]
10899	state board, in consultation with the State Charter School Board, approves the loan.
10900	(8) The term of a loan to a charter school under this section may not exceed five years.
10901	(9) The [State Board of Education] state board may not approve loans to charter
10902	schools under this section that exceed a total of \$2,000,000 in any fiscal year.
10903	(10) (a) On March 16, 2011, the assets of the Charter School Building Subaccount
10904	administered by the [State Board of Education] state board shall be deposited into the Charter
10905	School Revolving Account.
10906	(b) Beginning on March 16, 2011, loan payments for loans made from the Charter
10907	School Building Subaccount shall be deposited into the Charter School Revolving Account.
10908	Section 298. Section <b>53F-9-206</b> is amended to read:
10909	53F-9-206. School Building Revolving Account Access to the account.
10910	(1) (a) There is created within the Uniform School Fund a restricted account known as
10911	the "School Building Revolving Account" to provide short-term help to school districts to meet
10912	district needs for school building construction and renovation.
10913	(b) The state superintendent [of public instruction] shall administer the School Building
10914	Revolving Account in accordance with Chapter 3, State Funding Capital Outlay Programs,
10915	and rules adopted by the [State Board of Education] state board.
10916	(2) The [State Board of Education] state board may not allocate funds from the School
10917	Building Revolving Account that exceed a school district's bonding limit minus its outstanding

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bonds.

10919	(3) In order to receive money from the School Building Revolving Account, a school
10920	district shall:
10921	(a) levy a combined capital levy rate of at least .0024;
10922	(b) contract with the state superintendent [of public instruction] to repay the money,
10923	with interest at a rate established by the state superintendent, within five years of receipt, using
10924	future state capital outlay allocations, local revenues, or both;
10925	(c) levy sufficient ad valorem taxes under Section 11-14-310 to guarantee annual loan
10926	repayments, unless the state superintendent [of public instruction] alters the payment schedule
10927	to improve a hardship situation; and
10928	(d) meet any other condition established by the [State Board of Education] state board
10929	pertinent to the loan.
10930	(4) (a) The state superintendent shall establish a committee, including representatives
10931	from state and local education entities, to:
10932	(i) review requests by school districts for loans under this section; and
10933	(ii) make recommendations regarding approval or disapproval of the loan applications
10934	to the state superintendent.
10935	(b) If the committee recommends approval of a loan application under Subsection
10936	(4)(a)(ii), the committee's recommendation shall include:
10937	(i) the recommended amount of the loan;
10938	(ii) the payback schedule; and
10939	(iii) the interest rate to be charged.
10940	Section 299. Section 53F-9-301 is amended to read:
10941	53F-9-301. Charter School Levy Account.
10942	(1) (a) The terms defined in Section 53G-5-102 apply to this section.
10943	(b) As used in this section, "account" means the Charter School Levy Account created
10944	in this section.
10945	(2) There is created within the Education Fund a restricted account known as the

10946	"Charter School Levy Account."
10947	(3) The account shall be funded by amounts deposited into the account in accordance
10948	with Section 53F-2-703.
10949	(4) Upon appropriation from the Legislature, the [State Board of Education] state board
10950	shall distribute funds from the account as described in Section 53F-2-703.
10951	(5) The account shall earn interest.
10952	(6) Interest earned on the account shall be deposited into the account.
10953	(7) Funds in the account are nonlapsing.
10954	Section 300. Section <b>53F-9-302</b> is amended to read:
10955	53F-9-302. Minimum Basic Growth Account.
10956	(1) As used in this section, "account" means the Minimum Basic Growth Account
10957	created in this section.
10958	(2) There is created within the Education Fund a restricted account known as the
10959	"Minimum Basic Growth Account."
10960	(3) The account shall be funded by amounts deposited into the account in accordance
10961	with Section 53F-2-301 or 53F-2-301.5, as applicable.
10962	(4) The account shall earn interest.
10963	(5) Interest earned on the account shall be deposited into the account.
10964	(6) Upon appropriation by the Legislature:
10965	(a) 75% of the money from the account shall be used to fund the state's contribution to
10966	the voted local levy guarantee described in Section 53F-2-601;
10967	(b) 20% of the money from the account shall be used to fund the Capital Outlay
10968	Foundation Program as provided in Section [ <del>53F-3-203</del> ] <u>53F-3-202</u> ; and
10969	(c) 5% of the money from the account shall be used to fund the Capital Outlay
10970	Enrollment Growth Program as provided in Section 53F-3-203.
10971	Section 301. Section <b>53F-9-304</b> is amended to read:
10972	53F-9-304. Underage Drinking Prevention Program Restricted Account.
10973	(1) As used in this section, "account" means the Underage Drinking Prevention

- 10974 Program Restricted Account created in this section.
- 10975 (2) There is created within the Education Fund a restricted account known as the "Underage Drinking Prevention Program Restricted Account."
- (3) (a) Before the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control deposits any portion of the markup collected under Section 32B-2-304 into the Liquor Control Fund in accordance with Section 32B-2-301, the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control shall deposit into the account:
- (i) for the fiscal year that begins July 1, 2017, \$1,750,000; or
- (ii) for each fiscal year that begins on or after July 1, 2018, an amount equal to the amount that the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control deposited into the account during the preceding fiscal year increased or decreased by a percentage equal to the percentage difference between the Consumer Price Index for the second preceding calendar year and the Consumer Price Index for the preceding calendar year.
- 10987 (b) For purposes of this Subsection (3), the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control shall calculate the Consumer Price Index in accordance with 26 U.S.C. Secs. 1(f)(4) and 10989 1(f)(5).
- 10990 (4) The account shall be funded:
- (a) in accordance with Subsection (3);
- (b) by appropriations made to the account by the Legislature; and
- (c) by interest earned on money in the account.
- 10994 (5) The [State Board of Education] state board shall use money in the account for the Underage Drinking Prevention Program described in Section 53G-10-406.
- Section 302. Section **53F-9-305** is amended to read:
- 10997 53F-9-305. Local Levy Growth Account.
- 10998 (1) As used in this section, "account" means the Local Levy Growth Account created in this section.
- 11000 (2) There is created within the Education Fund a restricted account known as the 11001 "Local Levy Growth Account."

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11002	(3) The account shall be funded by:
11003	(a) amounts deposited into the account in accordance with Section 53F-2-301 or
11004	53F-2-301.5, as applicable; and
11005	(b) other legislative appropriations.
11006	(4) The account shall earn interest.
11007	(5) Interest earned on the account shall be deposited into the account.
11008	(6) The Legislature shall appropriate money in the account to the [State Board of
11009	Education] state board.
11010	Section 303. Section <b>53F-9-306</b> is amended to read:
11011	53F-9-306. Teacher and Student Success Account.
11012	(1) As used in this section, "account" means the Teacher and Student Success Account
11013	created in this section.
11014	(2) There is created within the Education Fund a restricted account known as the
11015	"Teacher and Student Success Account."
11016	(3) The account shall be funded by:
11017	(a) amounts deposited into the account in accordance with Section 53F-2-301 or
11018	53F-2-301.5, as applicable; and
11019	(b) other legislative appropriations.
11020	(4) The account shall earn interest.
11021	(5) Interest earned on the account shall be deposited into the account.
11022	(6) The Legislature shall appropriate money in the account to the [State Board of
11023	Education] state board.
11024	Section 304. Section <b>53F-9-401</b> is amended to read:
11025	53F-9-401. Autism Awareness Restricted Account.
11026	(1) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Autism
11027	Awareness Restricted Account."
11028	(2) The account shall be funded by:
11029	(a) contributions deposited into the account in accordance with Section 41-1a-422;

11030	(b) private contributions; and
11031	(c) donations or grants from public or private entities.
11032	(3) Upon appropriation by the Legislature, the <u>state</u> superintendent shall:
11033	(a) (i) ensure the inventory of Autism Awareness Support special group license plate
11034	decals are in stock; and
11035	(ii) transfer money to the Tax Commission to pay for the group license plate as needed;
11036	(b) distribute funds in the account to one or more charitable organizations that:
11037	(i) qualify as being tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code;
11038	(ii) has as the organization's sole mission to promote access to resources and
11039	responsible information for individuals of all ages who have, or are affected by, autism or
11040	autism spectrum related conditions;
11041	(iii) is an independent organization that has representation from state agencies and
11042	private providers serving individuals with autism spectrum disorder and their families in the
11043	state;
11044	(iv) includes representation of:
11045	(A) national and local autism advocacy groups, as available; and
11046	(B) interested parents and professionals; and
11047	(v) does not endorse any specific treatment, therapy, or intervention used for autism.
11048	(4) (a) An organization described in Subsection (3) may apply to the state
11049	superintendent to receive a distribution in accordance with Subsection (3).
11050	(b) An organization that receives a distribution from the state superintendent in
11051	accordance with Subsection (3) shall expend the distribution only to:
11052	(i) pay for autism education and public awareness of programs and related services in
11053	the state;
11054	(ii) enhance programs designed to serve individuals with autism;
11055	(iii) provide support to caregivers providing services for individuals with autism;
11056	(iv) pay administrative costs of the organization; and
11057	(v) pay for academic scholarships and research efforts in the area of autism spectrum

11058	disorder.
11059	[(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
11060	the State Board of Education]
11061	(c) The state board may make rules providing procedures for an organization to apply
11062	to the <u>state</u> superintendent to receive a distribution under Subsection (3).
11063	Section 305. Section <b>53F-9-501</b> is amended to read:
11064	53F-9-501. Hospitality and Tourism Management Education Account Uses
11065	Costs.
11066	(1) There is created an expendable special revenue fund known as the "Hospitality and
11067	Tourism Management Education Account," which the [State Board of Education] state board
11068	shall use to fund the Hospitality and Tourism Management Career and Technical Education
11069	Pilot Program created in Section 53E-3-515.
11070	(2) The account consists of:
11071	(a) distributions to the account under Section 59-28-103;
11072	(b) interest earned on the account;
11073	(c) appropriations made by the Legislature; and
11074	(d) private donations, grants, gifts, bequests, or money made available from any other
11075	source to implement Section 53E-3-507 or 53E-3-515.
11076	(3) The [State Board of Education] state board shall administer the account.
11077	(4) The cost of administering the account shall be paid from money in the account.
11078	(5) Interest accrued from investment of money in the account shall remain in the
11079	account.
11080	Section 306. Revisor instructions.
11081	The Legislature intends that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel, in
11082	preparing the Utah Code database for publication, not enroll this bill if H.B. 28, Public

Education Definitions Coordination, does not pass.

11083