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## SENATE BILL 6347

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2020 Regular Session

By Senators Wagoner, Lovelett, Hobbs, Holy, and Muzzall

- AN ACT Relating to extending the expiration date for a concealed pistol license; and reenacting and amending RCW 9.41.070.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- **Sec. 1.** RCW 9.41.070 and 2019 c 249 s 1, 2019 c 135 s 1, and 2019 c 46 s 5004 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
  - (1) The chief of police of a municipality or the sheriff of a county shall, within thirty days after the filing of an application of any person, issue a license to such person to carry a pistol concealed on his or her person within this state for five years from the date of issue, or for seven years from the date of issue if the requirements in subsection (16) of this section are met, for the purposes of protection or while engaged in business, sport, or while traveling. However, if the applicant does not have a valid permanent Washington driver's license or Washington state identification card or has not been a resident of the state for the previous consecutive ninety days, the issuing authority shall have up to sixty days after the filing of the application to issue a license. The issuing authority shall not refuse to accept completed applications for concealed pistol licenses during regular business hours.
- The applicant's constitutional right to bear arms shall not be denied, unless:

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1 (a) ((He or she)) <u>The applicant</u> is ineligible to possess a 2 firearm under the provisions of RCW 9.41.040 or 9.41.045, or is 3 prohibited from possessing a firearm under federal law;

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- (b) The applicant's concealed pistol license is in a revoked status;
  - (c) ((He or she)) The applicant is under twenty-one years of age;
- 7 (d) ((He or she)) The applicant is subject to a court order or 8 injunction regarding firearms pursuant to chapter 7.90, 7.92, or 7.94 9 RCW, or RCW 9A.46.080, 10.14.080, 10.99.040, 10.99.045, 26.09.050, 26.09.060, 26.10.040, 26.10.115, 26.26B.020, 26.50.060, 26.50.070, or 26.26A.470;
- (e) ((He or she)) <u>The applicant</u> is free on bond or personal recognizance pending trial, appeal, or sentencing for a felony offense;
  - (f) ((He or she)) The applicant has an outstanding warrant for his or her arrest from any court of competent jurisdiction for a felony or misdemeanor; or
- 18 (g) ((He or she)) The applicant has been ordered to forfeit a 19 firearm under RCW 9.41.098(1)(e) within one year before filing an 20 application to carry a pistol concealed on his or her person.
  - No person convicted of a felony may have his or her right to possess firearms restored or his or her privilege to carry a concealed pistol restored, unless the person has been granted relief from disabilities by the attorney general under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 925(c), or RCW 9.41.040 (3) or (4) applies.
  - (2) (a) The issuing authority shall conduct a check through the national instant criminal background check system, the Washington state patrol electronic database, the health care authority electronic database, and with other agencies or resources as appropriate  $((\tau))$  to determine whether the applicant is ineligible under RCW 9.41.040 or 9.41.045 to possess a firearm, or is prohibited from possessing a firearm under federal law, and therefore ineligible for a concealed pistol license.
  - (b) The issuing authority shall deny a permit to anyone who is found to be prohibited from possessing a firearm under federal or state law.
- 37 (c) (a) and (b) of this subsection apply whether the applicant is 38 applying for a new concealed pistol license or ((to renew)) renewing 39 a concealed pistol license.

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(d) A background check for an original license must be conducted through the Washington state patrol criminal identification section and shall include a national check from the federal bureau of investigation through the submission of fingerprints. The results will be returned to the issuing authority. The applicant may request and receive a copy of the results of the background check from the issuing authority. If the applicant seeks to amend or correct ((their)) his or her record, the applicant must contact the Washington state patrol for a Washington state record or the federal bureau of investigation for records from other jurisdictions.

- (3) Any person whose firearms rights have been restricted and who has been granted relief from disabilities by the attorney general under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 925(c) or who is exempt under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 921(a)(20)(A) shall have his or her right to acquire, receive, transfer, ship, transport, carry, and possess firearms in accordance with Washington state law restored except as otherwise prohibited by this chapter.
- (4) The license application shall bear the full name, residential address, telephone number at the option of the applicant, email address at the option of the applicant, date and place of birth, race, gender, description, a complete set of fingerprints, ((and)) signature of the licensee, and the licensee's driver's license number or state identification card number if used for identification in applying for the license. A signed application for a concealed pistol license shall constitute a waiver of confidentiality and written request that the health care authority, mental health institutions, and other health care facilities release information relevant to the applicant's eligibility for a concealed pistol license to an inquiring court or law enforcement agency.

The application for an original license shall include a complete set of fingerprints to be forwarded to the Washington state patrol.

The license and application shall contain a warning substantially as follows:

CAUTION: Although state and local laws do not differ, federal law and state law on the possession of firearms differ. If you are prohibited by federal law from possessing a firearm, you may be prosecuted in federal court. A state license is not a defense to a federal prosecution.

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The license shall contain a description of the major differences between state and federal law and an explanation of the fact that local laws and ordinances on firearms are preempted by state law and must be consistent with state law.

The application shall contain questions about the applicant's eligibility under RCW 9.41.040 and federal law to possess a pistol, the applicant's place of birth, and whether the applicant is a United States citizen. If the applicant is not a United States citizen, the applicant must provide the applicant's country of citizenship, United States\_issued alien number or admission number, and the basis on which the applicant claims to be exempt from federal prohibitions on firearm possession by aliens. The applicant shall not be required to produce a birth certificate or other evidence of citizenship. A person who is not a citizen of the United States shall, if applicable, meet the additional requirements of RCW 9.41.173 and produce proof of compliance with RCW 9.41.173 upon application. The license may be in triplicate or in a form to be prescribed by the department of licensing.

A photograph of the applicant may be required as part of the application and printed on the face of the license.

The original thereof shall be delivered to the licensee, the duplicate shall, within seven days, be sent to the director of licensing, and the triplicate shall be preserved for six years( $(\tau)$ ) by the authority issuing the license.

The department of licensing shall make available to law enforcement and corrections agencies, in an online format, all information received under this subsection.

(5) The nonrefundable fee, paid upon application, for the original five-year and seven-year license ((shall be)) is thirty-six dollars plus additional charges imposed by the federal bureau of investigation that are passed on to the applicant. No other state or local branch or unit of government may impose any additional charges on the applicant for the issuance of the license.

The fee shall be distributed as follows:

- (a) Fifteen dollars shall be paid to the state general fund;
- 36 (b) Four dollars shall be paid to the agency taking the 37 fingerprints of the person licensed;
- 38 (c) Fourteen dollars shall be paid to the issuing authority for 39 the purpose of enforcing this chapter;

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- 1 (d) Two dollars and sixteen cents to the firearms range account 2 in the general fund; and
- 3 (e) Eighty-four cents to the concealed pistol license renewal 4 notification account created in RCW 43.79.540.
- 5 (6) The nonrefundable fee for the renewal of such license shall 6 be thirty-two dollars. No other branch or unit of government may 7 impose any additional charges on the applicant for the renewal of the 8 license.

The renewal fee shall be distributed as follows:

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- (a) Fifteen dollars shall be paid to the state general fund;
- (b) Fourteen dollars shall be paid to the issuing authority for the purpose of enforcing this chapter;
- 13 (c) Two dollars and sixteen cents to the firearms range account 14 in the general fund; and
- 15 (d) Eighty-four cents to the concealed pistol license renewal 16 notification account created in RCW 43.79.540.
  - (7) The nonrefundable fee for replacement of lost or damaged licenses is ten dollars to be paid to the issuing authority.
  - (8) Payment shall be by cash, check, or money order at the option of the applicant. Additional methods of payment may be allowed at the option of the issuing authority.
  - (9) (a) A licensee may renew a license if the licensee applies for renewal within ninety days before or after the expiration date of the license. A license so renewed shall take effect on the expiration date of the prior license. A licensee renewing after the expiration date of the license must pay a late renewal penalty of ten dollars in addition to the renewal fee specified in subsection (6) of this section. The fee shall be distributed as follows:
  - (i) Three dollars shall be deposited in the state wildlife account and used exclusively first for the printing and distribution of a pamphlet on the legal limits of the use of firearms, firearms safety, and the preemptive nature of state law, and subsequently the support of volunteer instructors in the basic firearms safety training program conducted by the department of fish and wildlife. The pamphlet shall be given to each applicant for a license; and
- 36 (ii) Seven dollars shall be paid to the issuing authority for the 37 purpose of enforcing this chapter.
  - (b) Beginning with concealed pistol licenses that expire on or after August 1, 2018, the department of licensing shall mail a renewal notice approximately ninety days before the license

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expiration date to the licensee at the address listed on the concealed pistol license application, or to the licensee's new address if the licensee has notified the department of licensing of a change of address. Alternatively, if the licensee provides an email address at the time of license application, the department of licensing may send the renewal notice to the licensee's email address. The notice must contain the date the concealed pistol license will expire, the amount of renewal fee, the penalty for late renewal, and instructions on how to renew the license. 

- (10) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsections (1) through (9) of this section, the chief of police of the municipality or the sheriff of the county of the applicant's residence may issue a temporary emergency license for good cause pending review under subsection (1) of this section. However, a temporary emergency license issued under this subsection shall not exempt the holder of the license from any records check requirement. Temporary emergency licenses shall be easily distinguishable from regular licenses.
- (11) A political subdivision of the state shall not modify the requirements of this section or chapter, nor may a political subdivision ask the applicant to voluntarily submit any information not required by this section.
- (12) A person who knowingly makes a false statement regarding citizenship or identity on an application for a concealed pistol license is guilty of false swearing under RCW 9A.72.040. In addition to any other penalty provided for by law, the concealed pistol license of a person who knowingly makes a false statement shall be revoked, and the person shall be permanently ineligible for a concealed pistol license.
  - (13) A person may apply for a concealed pistol license:
- 30 (a) To the municipality or to the county in which the applicant 31 resides if the applicant resides in a municipality;
  - (b) To the county in which the applicant resides if the applicant resides in an unincorporated area; or
    - (c) Anywhere in the state if the applicant is a nonresident.
  - (14) Any person who, as a member of the armed forces, including the national guard and armed forces reserves, is unable to renew his or her license under subsections (6) and (9) of this section because of the person's assignment, reassignment, or deployment for out-of-state military service may renew his or her license within ninety days after the person returns to this state from out-of-state

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1 military service, if the person provides the following to the issuing authority no later than ninety days after the person's date of 2 3 discharge or assignment, reassignment, or deployment back to this state: (a) A copy of the person's original order designating the 4 specific period of assignment, reassignment, or deployment for out-5 6 of-state military service, and (b) if appropriate, a copy of the person's discharge or amended or subsequent assignment, reassignment, 7 or deployment order back to this state. A license so renewed under 8 this subsection  $((\frac{14}{14}))$  shall take effect on the expiration date of 9 the prior license. A licensee renewing after the expiration date of 10 11 the license under this subsection  $((\frac{14}{14}))$  shall pay only the renewal 12 fee specified in subsection (6) of this section and shall not be required to pay a late renewal penalty in addition to the renewal 13 14 fee.

(15)(a) By October 1, 2019, law enforcement agencies that issue concealed pistol licenses shall develop and implement a procedure for the renewal of concealed pistol licenses through a mail application process, and may develop an online renewal application process(( $\tau$ )) for any person who, as a member of the armed forces, including the national guard and armed forces reserves, is unable to renew his or her license under subsections (6) and (9) of this section because of the person's assignment, reassignment, or deployment for out-of-state military service.

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- 24 (b) A person applying for a license renewal under this subsection 25 shall:
  - (i) Provide a copy of the person's original order designating the specific period of assignment, reassignment, or deployment for out-of-state military service;
- 29 (ii) Apply for renewal within ninety days before or after the 30 expiration date of the license; and
- 31 (iii) Pay the renewal licensing fee under subsection (6) of this 32 section, and, if applicable, the late renewal penalty under 33 subsection (9) of this section.
- 34 (c) A license renewed under this subsection takes effect on the 35 expiration date of the prior license and is valid for a period of one 36 year.
- 37 (16) (a) A license issued under this section is valid for seven 38 years if the applicant provides proof that the applicant has 39 completed a recognized firearm safety training program within the 40 last five years that, at a minimum, includes instruction on:

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1	(i) Basic firearms safety rules;
2	(ii) Firearms and children, including secure gun storage and
3	talking to children about gun safety;
4	(iii) Firearms and suicide prevention;
5	(iv) Secure gun storage to prevent unauthorized access and use;
6	(v) Safe handling of firearms; and
7	(vi) State and federal firearms laws, including prohibited
8	firearms transfers.
9	(b) The training must be sponsored by a federal, state, county,
10	or municipal law enforcement agency, a college or university, a
11	nationally recognized organization that customarily offers firearms
12	training, or a firearms training school with instructors certified by
13	a nationally recognized organization that customarily offers firearms
14	training. The proof of training shall be in the form of a
15	certification that states under the penalty of perjury the training
16	included the minimum requirements.

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